24 PAGES

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

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MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

TERRIFIC STORM SWEEPS OVER THE GREAT LAKES, BRINGING DEATH AND DESTRUCTION

ROOSEVELT SAYS CORPORATE ACTIVITY SHOULD BE SUPERVISED BUT NOT LIMITED

Need of Regulation By the Government For Public Good.

Development of Insular Possessions Stayed By Too Stringent Laws.

President Delivers Characteristic Address To People of Atlanta, Ga.

Atlanta, Ga., Oct. 20.—The day broke clear, but soon after sunrise heavy clouds overcast the sky, presaging rain, and causing much anxiety that the events of the day might be spoiled. The thousands of residents of Atlanta were multiplied by throngs of sightseers from the surrounding country and neighboring states, who arrived early. Everywhere along the line of the parade, from the terminal station to Piedmont park, where the Georgia State Fair association is holding its annual exhibition, decorations were plentiful. The national colors floated from every building along the way, from business houses to the homes of Atlanta's citizens, lining Peach Tree street. Pictures of the president were seen on every side, many bearing mottoes of praise and commendation to the city's distinguished guest. The route of the parade was about three miles.

The president arrived at Piedmont park at 11:10 o'clock. The steam whistles of the state fair blew an enthusiastic welcome and the thousands assembled shouted themselves hoarse as the president entered the grounds. A review of the military escort was held, headed by the Seventeenth infantry, which returned a few weeks ago from the Philippines. From a stand erected facing the grandstand of the race course the president delivered his address. Dudley Hughes, president of the fair association, at whose invitation the president was present, introduced Governor Terrell, who in turn presented Mayor Woodward to the president, and he was followed by Senator Clay, who introduced the president.

As the president arose to speak he was greeted by the immense throng rising and cheering. The president spoke as follows:

Here in this great industrial center, in this city which is a typical Southern city, and therefore a typical American city, it is natural to consider certain phases of the many-sided industrial problem which this generation has to solve. In this world of ours it is practically impossible to get success of any kind on a large scale without paying something for it. The exceptions to the rule are too few to warrant our paying heed to them; and as a rule it may be said that something must be paid as an offset for everything we get and for everything we accomplish. This is notably true of our industrial life. The problems which we of America have to face today are very serious, but we will do well to remember that after all they are only part of the price which we have to pay for the triumphs we have won, for the high position to which we have attained. If we were a backward and stationary country we would not have to face these problems at all; but I think that most of us are agreed that to be backward and stationary would be altogether too heavy a price to pay for the avoidance of the problems in question. There are no labor troubles where there is no work to be done by labor. There are no troubles about corporations where the poverty of the community is such that it is not worth while to form corporations. There is no difficulty in regulating railroads where the resources of a region are so few that it does not pay to build railroads.

> There are many excellent people who shake their heads over the difficulties that as a nation we now have to face; but their melancholy is not warranted save in a very partial degree, for most of the things of which they complain are the inevitable accompaniments of the growth and greatness of which we are proud.

Now, I do not wish to be misunderstood. I do not for one moment mean to say that there are not many and serious evils with which we have to grapple, or that there are not unhealthy signs in the body social and politic; but I do mean to say that while we must not show a foolish optimism we must no less beware of a mere blind pessimism. There is every reason why we should be vigilant in searching out what is wrong and unflinchingly resolute in striving to remedy it. But at the same time we must not blind ourselves to what has been ac-

(Continued on page 4, first column.)

HORSE ENDS LIFE.

Washington, Oct. 20.—Tom, the big brown horse of No. 15 Engine company, committed suicide. He had been suffering from a stomach trouble and the veterinary surgeon had been unable to relieve him. While the members of the company looked helplessly on, the horse deliberately dashed his head repeatedly against the stall until life was extinct.

ARRESTED FOR BIGAMY.

Marshalltown, Iowa, Oct. 20.—W. H. McDonald, employed on the Great Western railroad, has been arrested here charged with bigamy. It is claimed by the wife with whom he has been living that McDonald has a wife who is now in the county house and from whom he has never been divorced. McDonald states that he was married to the first wife, who is known as Mrs. Kate Waldo, but that at the time of his second marriage he supposed his first wife was dead. He is in jail, being unble to furnish bonds. He is 57 years of age.

PRESIDENT VISITS THE FORMER HOME OF MOTHER IN TOWN OF ROSWELL, GA.

Sees Old Homestead Where She Spent Her Childhood and Left a Happy Bride.

Delivers a Touching Speech To Large Crowd Including Friends of Mother.

Roswell, Ga., Oct. 20.—President Roosevelt today carried out his long-cherished plan of visiting the home of his mother—Roswell, Ga. One of his reasons for coming South was that he might see the old homestead where his mother spent her girlhood and which she left a happy bride. That the visit was fraught with many tender recollections was evident, and as his carriage drove away from the old Bulloch mansion, where his mother lived and married, the president murmured to Mrs. Roosevelt: "I can hardly bear to leave here."

The president reached Roswell at 7:30 o'clock this morning and was joined here by Senator and Mrs. Clay, who were his guests at breakfast. He then entered a carriage and was driven to the mansion. This fine old homestead is now the property of J. D. Wing, a lumber merchant of this section, who lives in it with his sister, Mrs. Wood, the postmaster of Roswell.

Here he was greeted by two old servants who lived on the place during his mother's young womanhood. One of these is "Aunt Grace," who acted as maid to Miss Martha Bulloch, who afterwards became Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt, and the other is William Jackson, who decorated the mansion on the occasion of the marriage of its young mistress. The president was deeply touched as he shook the hands of these old servitors. In company with Mrs. Roosevelt, he then inspected the house, calling the attention of the company to many incidents connected with his mother's childhood. Before leaving the mansion he posed with Mrs. Roosevelt for a picture, which included "Aunt Grace" and "Daddy William." From the homestead the president was driven to the town park, where a stand had been erected, from which he delivered an address. He was welcomed to Roswell by Charles M. Reed, a student of Mercer university, who, in course of a well chosen address, said the only reason he could see for the selection of himself to deliver this welcome, was because of the president's well-known fondness for having young men identified with public affairs. Senator A. S. Clay introduced the president, who was enthusiastically greeted as he arose to speak. He said:

"Senator, and you, my friends, whom it is hard for me not call my neighbors, for I feel as if you were:

"You can have no idea of how much it means to me to come back to Roswell, to the home of my mother and my mother's people, and to see the spot which I already knew so well from what my mother and my aunts told me. It has been exactly as if I were revisiting some old place of my childhood. It has meant very much to me to be introduced by Senator Clay. Senator Clay has been altogether too kind in what he said about me. Now I am going to say nothing whatever but the bare facts about Senator Clay, and those facts amount to this:

"It the average man I had to deal with in public life possessed Senator Clay's firm devotion to what he deems right, my task would be so easy that it would not be worth mentioning. I have gone to Senator Clay for advice and counsel and help ever since I have been in Washington, just as I went to Senator Cockrell of Missouri while he was in the senate, with the certainty that all I had to do was to convince him that what I wanted done was right—I would not always be able to convince him—but if I did convince him, that was the end of it.

"Oh, my friends, I hardly like to say how deeply my heart is moved by coming back here among you. Among the earliest recollections I have as a child is hearing from my mother and my aunt, Miss Annie Bulloch, as she was then, about Roswell; of how the Pratts and Kings and Dunwoodys, and Bullochs came here first to settle; about the old homestead, the house on the hill; about the Chattahoochee; about all kinds and sorts of incidents that would not interest you, but interested me a great deal when I was a child. I wish I could spend hours here to look all through and see the different places about which I have heard all kinds of incidents. All these anecdotes, looking back now, I can see, taught me an enormous amount, perhaps all the more, because they were not intended to teach anything. I think perhaps we are very apt to learn most when neither we nor the people talking to us, intend to teach us anything. If anybody starts in to teach us something we are a little apt to resent it, and assume a rather repellant attitude. All those stories of the life of those days taught me what a real home life, a real neighbor life was and should be. Looking back now at what I have learned through the stories of the childhood of my mother, my aunts, my uncles, I can understand why the boys and girls of Roswell at that time grew to be women and men, who were good servants of the community, who were good husbands, good fathers, good wives and good mothers; how it was that they learned to do their duty aright in peace and in war also.

"It has been my very good fortune to have the right to claim that my blood is half Southern and half Northern, and I would deny the right of any man here to feel a greater pride in the deeds of every Southerner than I feel. Of the children, the brothers and sisters of my mother, who were born and brought up in that house on the hill there, my two uncles afterwards entered the Confederate service and served in the Confederate navy. One, the young man, served on the Alabama, as the youngest officer aboard her. He was captain of one of the broadside 32 pounders in her final fight and when at the very end the Alabama was sinking and the Kearsarge passed her stern and came up along the side that had not been engaged hitherto, my uncle, Irving Bulloch, shifted his gun from one side to the other and fired the two last shots fired from the Alabama. James Dunwoody Bulloch was an admiral in the Confederate service. Of all the people of whom I have ever met, he was the one that came nearest to that beautiful creation of Thackeray—"Colonel Newcome." Men and women, don't you think that I have the ancestral right to claim a proud kinship with those who showed their devotion to duty as they saw that duty, whether they were the gray or whether they were the blue? All Americans who are worthy the name, feel an equal pride in the valor of those who fought on one side or the other, provided only that each did with all his might and soul and mind his duty as it was given him to see his duty."

The president next was driven to the old Presbyterian church in which his grandfather, James Bulloch was once a leading member. Mr. Bulloch dropped dead in this church while teaching a Sunday school class in 1849, and among those present in the church today were three members of that class who were present at that time. The venerable pastor of the church, Rev. Dr. W. E. Baker, offered prayer and the president and Mrs. Roosevelt then shook hands with a number of the townspeople, many of whom had known the president's mother. On the way to the train the president stopped for a moment at the home of J. Baker, where he met the pastor's wife, who was one of his mother's bridesmaids.

In the escort which conducted the president from his train to the different points he visited, was Warren E. Crockett, who was a member of Col. Roosevelt's regiment during the Spanish war.

The reception of the president at the old home of his mother was a cordial affair. The people greeted him both as president and as the son of one of their neighbors. Many were the kind references to his mother from those who knew her and many were the expressions of good will toward her distinguished son. The president's train left for Atlanta shortly before 10 o'clock.

NEW RECORDS OF CIVIL WAR

Dealing With Naval Operations Will Soon Be Published.

Washington, Oct. 20.—Chrales W. Stewart, superintendent of the naval library and naval war records, in his annual report, says Volumes 20 and 21 of the records of the Union and Confederate navies, in the Civil war, dealing with the operations of the west gulf blockading squadron, under Admiral Farragut, from March 15, 1863, to near the end of 1864, are nearing completion. The report also says:

"The operations of the Confederate navy are completely presented here for the first time in history. The records which include the construction, equipment and performances of iron clads, cruisers, torpedo and torpedo boats, stand as a monument to the energy, skill and daring of Confederate officers and sailors.

"The naval warfare carried on in inland waters, bays, inlets and rivers is comparatively new in naval history, and in its relations to shore operations, by landing parties in co-operation with army forces, valuable data are presented concerning the strategy and tactics of inland blockade and the military control of water courses."

The publication has now reached probably the most interesting portion of the war, from a naval point of view, says the librarian. It is recommended that the records of the American navy, in colonial times, during the Revolutionary war and other operations, down to and including the Mexican war, be collected and arranged for publication.

FRIARS GET THEIR MONEY.

Manila, Oct. 20.—The question of the friar lands purchase was practically settled today when the commission paid the Dominican order $3,525,000, which is the last payment.

ASHES OF HENRY IRVING BURIED WITH THE HIGHEST HONORS AT WESTMINSTER

The Famous Actor Laid at Rest With Impressive Ceremonies.

Immense Crowds View the Final Resting Place in the Poets' Corner of Abbey.

London, Oct. 20.—Beside that other great acter, Garrick, and under the shadow of the statue of Shakespeare, as the interpreter of whose plays he won fame, the ashes of Sir Henry Irving were today given burial in Westminster Abbey, thus accorded England's greatest tribute to her dead. The services, which were of an impressive character, were conducted in the presence of a congregation which included many from the highest official life of England, eminent representatives of all the walks of life and all the representatives of that gallery to which Irving was so invariably attentive, who could find standing room in the abbey. King Edward was represented by Gen. Sir Dighton Probyn, keeper of the privy purse, and the Prince of Wales was represented by Lieut.-Col. William H. P. Carrington, comptroller of the prince's household, while the cabinet ministers and ambassadors attended in person. Whitelaw Reid, who is visiting in Scotland, coming to London purposely to testify America's regard for the dead tragedian.

Long before the hour set for the service immense crowds gathered around the abbey and those having cards of admission were in their seats as early as 10 o'clock. Those who were unable to secure admittance remained about the entrances until the conclusion of the ceremony when, in common with thousands of others, they passed through Poet's corner to see the burial place.

RECOVERY OF THE MONEY SPOILS PLANS OF THIEF

Cunliffe Hoped to Arrange For Lenient Treatment By Returning Spoils.

Bridgeport, Conn., Oct. 20.—Edward George Cunliffe, the Adams Express employe who disappeared from Pittsburg, Pa., with $101,000 and was arrested here yesterday, started back to Pittsburg with the detectives this morning, leaving this city at 5:08. Cunliffe seemed more low spirited today than when he was first captured. He explained this by saying that he had hoped to arrange for lenient treatment after reaching Pittsburg by trading on his secret as to the whereabouts of the stolen money, but the fact that the detectives recovered $80,000 of the money in Bristol, Conn., last evening, removed the prisoner's hopes in this respect. After being told by the detectives of the recovery of this money, Cunliffe said that he had burned the rest of the amount stolen, about $20,000, because the bills were all of large denomination and all on the same bank, making it dangerous for him to carry them about.

The discovery of the shipment of money to Bristol came about through a local driver for the Adams Epress company, who, after Cunliffe's arrest, remembered that on Oct. 12 he was called to the Arlington hotel, where Cunliffe had a room, and was given a suit case to be shipped to Bristol, care of the Electric Express company. The driver informed the local manager of the Adams Express company yesterday of this circumstance and detectives were at once sent to Bristol, where they located the suit case at the home of a relative of Cunliffe, JosephW. Boardman. It had not been opened and contained $80,000 in bills, together with some clothing.

Cunliffe, according to his own statement, did not spend more than $150 during the ten days which intervened between his departure from Pittsburg and his arrest. His total expenses were small in this city, the back room he occupied costing him only $2.50 a week. As far as can be learned he mingled very little in the gaiety of that section of the city where he lived and he made no display of his money.

Although the detectives are inclined to accept Cunliffe's story that he destroyed part of the stolen money, one of them still remained here today to complete the investigation of the case. The other detectives, including Supt. Thornhill of the private agency, went to New York with the prisoner.

INTIMATE THAT CLARK WAS A BIG DEFAULTER.

Some Startling Revelations Are Being Made Concerning Allegheny Bank.

Pittsburg, Oct. 20.—There were very few depositors around the Enterprise National bank today. A meeting of the board of directors was to have been held this afternoon, but a statement from National Bank Examiner John B. Cunningham that it would be some time before anything definite could be learned, necessitated a postponement until some time next week. As the investigation proceeds it shows Cashier Clark, who committed suicide, was interested in many corporations and that his associates were prominent men. Startling revelations are being made as to the manner in which the dead cashier managed the moneys of the bank. Some of the directors, on the strength of what has been discovered, intimate that Clark was a defaulter to a large amount.

It is believed that President Frederick Gynner and the wealthier men of the bank's directorate will make some effort to get control of the Santa Fe Central railway and the Pennsylvania Development company, which concerns are so much involved in the bank's affairs. By doing this as individuals the directors may hope to save themselves. If they are compelled to make good to the state any shortage in the funds.

It is further said that the directors will lose nothing. Attorney Trimbell, counsel for the bank and for the estate of Cashier Clark, is working with the receiver at the bank, and strong effort is being made to bring the muddled accounts to some kind of reasonable shape.

Funeral services over the body of the late cashier were held this afternoon at the family residence, Bellevue. Only the immediate relatives were in attendance.

REVOLUTION IN KOREA.

Victoria, B. C., Oct. 20.—A revolution is reported to have broken out in the province of Chiung Chiong, in Northern Korea, and is spreading to Kang You province. The Japanese sent troops to suppress the rebellion after the Korean government had failed to take steps, ahead of the cruisers' estimate. All the timber has to be cut in two years or it will revert to the state.

STEAMER SHELDON LOST; PART OF CREW DROWNED

The Vessel Is Ashore Near Lorain With Several Men Still On Board.

Traffic Suspended at Lime Kiln Crossing Owing to Lowest Water In Years.

Great Damage Done By High Waves at Cities of Menominee and Marinette.

Cleveland, Oct. 20.—During a fierce storm on Lake Erie, early today, the steamer Sarah E. Sheldon went ashore four miles east of Lorain. She carried a crew of thirteen men, a number of whom jumped overboard when the vessel began to go to pieces. It is believed that at least two of the crew were drowned. The Sheldon will be a total wreck.

The steamer Sarah E. Sheldon was loaded with coal for Detroit river, and left here late last evening. She was caught in a heavy gale that set in shortly after she left this port, and it is thought became unmanageable, as a result of a broken rudder. The boat finally struck on the rocks, four miles east of Lorain, and at once began going to pieces. The Sheldon is a wooden vessel, built in 1875, and is owned by the M. A. Bradley estate of this city.

A telephone message from Lorain says that the tug Kunkel Brothers succeeded in getting alongside the steamer Sheldon, which is ashore four miles east of that point, for a moment this morning. Five members of the crew jumped from the deck of the Sheldon to the tug. Before the other men on the steamer could make the leap, the tug was carried away by the gale and tremendous sea. The captain of the tug found it impossible to again get near the steamer, and put back to Lorain and landed the men he had rescued. The tug captain confirmed the report that two members of the crew of the Sheldon had jumped overboard when the steamer struck. They were provided with life preservers, but were swept out to sea and lost. The steamer is now resting on a sandy bottom, and is being pounded terrifically by the huge waves, which wash completely over her. Some five or six of the crew still remain on the boat.

The Cleveland life-saving crew left with a serf boat this morning for the scene of the wreck and it is thought will be able to rescue the men remaining on the vessel.

The schooner Kingfisher, which went ashore just east of the Cleveland breakwater two weeks ago, is today being pounded to pieces on the beach by the heavy sea.

The steamer F. H. Prince, a freight carrier, which left here last midnight, narrowly escaped striking the breakwater as she was leaving this port during the height of the storm. The big vessel was thrown on her beam ends repeatedly. She finally managed to turn and re-enter the harbor.

The steamer Wisconsin while leaving the Lorain harbor late last night ran onto a partially completed breakwater and for a time the vessel was threatened with destruction by the heavy sea. Later she was pulled off and it is now believed the boat has not suffered great damage.

The big passenger steamer City of Erie, which left Buffalo for Cleveland early last evening, arrived here this morning, two hours late. The boat was listed greatly when she rounded the light on the outside breakwater, and as she came inside she signalled for two tugs. Before they reached her and secured a line she had nearly crashed into the light on the life saving pier, and it was with the utmost difficulty that she was kept off.

The boat's figure head was torn off, window panes in the cabins broken, and many other evidences shown of the heavy weather which she had encountered outside.

The officers say that the gale against which they beat all the way from Buffalo was one of the worst experienced in many months.

At the local weather bureau office the wind registered a velocity of 70 miles an hour early today.

Detroit, Oct. 20.—Lower lakes were swept last night by the heaviest storm of the season. Navigation across the Lime Kilns crossing at the mouth of the Detroit river, is entirely suspended today for all but light draft craft, the 46-mile southwest wind last night having lowered the stage of the water at the crossing to 16 feet 10 inches, the lowest in many years. The wind reached 40 miles an hour here last night and today is blowing 20 miles, and slowly increasing in velocity. Lake Huron is being lashed by a 42-mile gale off Alpena, while reports from Lake Erie today are that the wind is blowing 30 miles an hour. Grand Haven reports to the weather bureau here that a 60-mile wind prevailed last night on Lake Michigan. The Buffalo and Cleveland boats arrived safely, two and four hours late respectively.

DAMAGE AT MARINETTE.

Heavy Storm Causes Loss Estimated at About $50,000.

Marinette, Wis., Oct. 20.—The storm last night did $50,000 worth of damage along the north shore of the Menominee river. Docks have been washed away, boathouses torn to pieces and fuel supplies washed into the bay. Many boats, tugs and gasoline launches were destroyed and quantities of logs in the storage booms were washed away. The seas ran right up on the streets of Marinette and Menominee. Fishermen all along the shores of Green Bay lost heavily in nets and boats. The docks of Ramsey & Jones, Leisen & Henes, Menominee River Shingle company and Lyon Bros. were washed away. On two of the docks thousands of tons of coal were swept into the bay. There was no loss of life, as vessels generally, it is believed, heeded the storm warnings.

Menominee, Mich., Oct. 20.—It is estimated that $250,000 damage was caused to docks, lumber, logs and shipping by last night's fierce in-shore wind. Huge volumes of spray dashed forty feet high and wrecked everything along shore fifty feet from the water line.

COURTSMARTIAL IN THE NAVY

Resulted In the Conviction of Twelve Commissioned Men.

Washington, Oct. 20.—In the annual report of Capt. S. W. B. Diehl, judge advocate general of the navy, the record of general court martial for the fiscal year shows that twelve commissioned officers were convicted and three acquitted, while 905 enlisted men were convicted and thirty acquitted. The record of summary court martial shows that 4,157 blue-jackets were convicted and 200 acquitted, and that 1,015 marines (enlisted men) were convicted and 77 acquitted. A total of 422 enlisted men were convicted of desertion, 147 of absence without leave, 25 of desertion and fraudulent enlistment and 83 of fraudulent enlistment.

Capt. Diehl says that Col. A. C. Kelton, United States marine corps, has developed in the naval prison at the Boston navy yard a school of discipline of the highest order for offenders against naval laws and regulations. The large number of prisoners received from the Asiatic station has resulted in an overcrowding of the Mare island prison to such an extent, the report states, that it became necessary to fit up two prison ships to relieve the situation until permanent extensions to the present shore institution can be provided by legislation. The Manila at Mare Island and the Nipsic at Bremerton, Wash., are being prepared for the overflow of prisoners.

MISSIONARY SOCIETY

Of the Methodist Episcopal Church To Meet Oct. 26-Nov. 3.

New York, Oct. 20.—The general executive committee of the Woman's Foreign Missionary society of the Methodist Episcopal church will hold its annual meeting in St. Paul's church, this city, Oct. 26 to Nov. 3. This committee has charge of the affairs of the society at home and abroad and is composed of three delegates from each of the eleven branches in the United States, to which will be added a delegate from Germany and Scandinavia, and the literature committee of three. About two hundred persons, including missionaries at home on furlough and those about to sail to foreign fields are also expected to be present. The society has a membership in the United States of over 260,000 and it spent last year nearly $500,000 supporting 290 missionaries in the field, twenty-five of whom were doctors.

FORMER BANKER INDICTED.

Louisville, Ky., Oct. 20.—W. B. Smith, former president of the Western National bank of this city, was indicted yesterday by the federal grand jury on ten counts, charging him with embezzlement, making false entries, and the misappropriation of funds of the bank. The total defalcation charged in the indictments is $198,013.

SPANISH STEAMER BURNS.

Manchester, Eng., Oct. 20—The cargo of the Spanish steamer Ramon De Larrinaga, Capt. Ondeatza, which arrived here Oct. 18, from Pensacola, Fla., (Aug. 28), is on fire. The fire was finally extinguished, but not before great damage had been done to the cargo, both by fire and water. The Ramon De Larringa is loaded with cotton.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

DULUTH WEATHER REPORT—Fair tonight and Saturday. Freezing temperature tonight. Warmer Saturday afternoon. Fresh westerly winds.

The Store for Fashionable Overcoats.

Oak Hall Clothing Co.

331-335 West Superior St.

DULUTH, MINN.

Benjamin's Correct Clothes For Men.

EXTRA TOMORROW---SALE OF

SWELL SUITS AND OVERCOATS

Men's Suits.



$10
$12
$15
$18
$20

Finer grades in Suits up to $35.

It's all in the way the collar fits.

More style, More quality. Price no more than elsewhere.

Men's Overcoats.



$10
$12
$15
$18
$20

Finer grades in Overcoats up to $60.

Alfred Benjamin & Co.'s Hand Made Suits and Overcoats, The Correct Clothes for Men.

Fashionable garments that are absolutely correct as to detail. The perfect fit of the collar, shoulder and lapel distinguish them from the ordinary clothing so generally sold about Duluth.

Boys' Suits and Overcoats—Winter Underwear—Gloves and Mittens—Hats and Caps—Hosiery and Shoes—the best kinds at prices that please.

ALDERMEN REVIEW THE BUILDING ORDINANCE

Committee Refuses Some Important Changes Asked By Builders.

Reports Against Board of Appeals and Abolition of Fees.

At a conference held yesterday afternoon, the common council committee on ordinances and resolutions, composed of Aldermen Wilson, Harker and Getchell, thoroughly reviewed the amendments to the building ordinance, asked for by the committee from the Duluth Builders' exchange, and as a result of the meeting, twenty-six of the thirty-seven requests will be recommended for refusal and eleven for approval.

One of the proposed amendments which is not approved by the committee is the request for the appointment of a board of appeals to arbitrate all matters of controversy between the building inspector and the contractors. It is claimed that this would practically do away with the building inspector's office, as all matters of controversy would be promptly appealed to the committee, and the building inspector would be shorn of all his powers. The committee did not consider this a wise move, and the request was not approved.

The request that the fees of the building inspetor's office be abolished was also denied. It is claimed by the committee that the fees are merely nominal, and only calculated to pay the expenses of the office.

The request to be allowed to use crushed stone, 2½ inches in size, in concrete, in place of 2-inch rock, was also denied.

The request to reduce the test of concrete from 500 pounds to 450, which is the government standard, was allowed.

The request that plans of buildings, to cost less than $1,500, outside of the fire limits, be not required by the building inspector, was denied, on the ground that the ordinance says they need not be furnished unless called for by the inspector.

Hard brick is allowed in the foundation walls by the committee's recommendation.

The amendment allowing hand mixing of concrete, asked for by the exchange, is denied. The committee claim that the section is not understood by the builders, or they would have no objections to it as it stands.

The request that the sections in regard to plastering be left out entirely is also denied.

The committee also reported against leaving out the section regarding the raising of frame buildings.

A number of requests for amendments in regard to the rules concerning furnaces and heating apparatus are denied by the committee.

The request to change the words "dwellings over two stories" to "apartment buildings and flats" in the section requiring such buildings to have two separate and distinct stairways, is allowed.

The other amendments taken up by the committee were largely technical and of little or no interest to any one but the builders.

The eleven requests reported on favorably by the committee will doubtless be approved by the council, and amendments embracing them made to the ordinance. They have little effect on the general nature of the ordinance, and in one or two cases they are merely corrections of errors in the wording.

On some of the other twenty-six amendments which were denied by the committee, a fight may be made. The ordinance will come up for a hearing Monday evening and the report of the committee will be submitted at that time. Alderman Wilson stated today that any who wish to protest against the committee's report should be present at the meeting Monday evening.

Rummage Sale

116 West First street, Saturday, Oct. 21.

TOGO AT YOKOHAMA.

Yokohama, Oct. 20.—Admiral Togo arrived here today on his flagship, the battleship Shikishima. Forty warships have now assembled here in preparation for the great naval review of Oct. 23.

KILLED BY COUSIN.

New Jersey Boy Did Not Think Gun Was Loaded.

Flemington, N. J., Oct. 20.—Charles Fisher, 18-year-old son of Joseph Fisher of Sergeantville, went to visit his cousin, William Fisher, of the same age, near Grover. When the boys retired William picked up a gun standing in a corner of the room to show Charles. He did not think the gun was loaded, but the weapon was discharged, the load striking Charles above the eye and passing out of the back of his head. He died before morning.

REFUSED LARGE FORTUNE.

William Wilson Died a Pauper, Ignoring Estate Left Him.

Bellingham, Wash., Oct. 20.—Examination of the effects of William Wilson, a stonecutter and marble worker, who died here yesterday in destitute circumstances, disclosed the fact that $300,000 in cash, left from the estate of a brother, J. R. Wilson, who recently died in Peru, and on deposit in New York, was awaiting his claim.

The brother's will further bequathed a third interest in steamships and other property, making the total value of the inheritance nearly $900,000. In addition, $80,000 on cash from the estate of another brother, R. A. Wilson, late editor of the Belfast Morning News, and a prominent writer of Ireland, was awaiting the appearance of William Wilson in New York.

Some time ago Wilson told his employer that he had a millionaire sister in New York and a son who is a prominent lawyer of that city. He steadfastly refused, however, to give their names, saying he had been a scapegoat of the family and did not want them to know of his present condition.

DIVORCE "HANDY BOOK."

Mrs. Willoby Rodman of Los Angeles Coaches Women.

Los Angeles, Oct. 20.—Believing that the women of California should be thoroughly informed as to the best methods for securing divorces and the proper charges to bring, Mrs. Willoughby Rodman, president of the Women's Civic Federation and one of the best-known club women in the state, has compiled a book of divorce laws, which she will distribute at cost. Mrs. Rodman does not advocate promiscuous divorce, but she holds that when women are wronged by their husbands they should know how to proceed. Attorneys and judges of the superior courts express a belief that the book will increase the number of divorces in Los Angeles, which now crowd the court dockets to such an extent that additional facilities for trying the cases have been secured.

CAMPAIGN IS STARTED

First Subscriptions to New Building Are Turned In.

Small Army of Canvassers Is Now at Work.

The first of the subscriptions for the new Y. M. C. A. building were turned into the building fund headquarters in the Board of Trade building this morning, in spite of the fact that the actual canvass has not yet been commenced.

The work of organizing the committees required the greater part of yesterday, and today, and the men will not commence their organized canvass of the city until this afternoon or tomorrow morning.

In spite of this, however, some advance subscriptions were turned into the office this morning, and the campaign to raise $100,000 in three weeks, has finally been launched.

Besides the $50,000 which has been pledged by H. M. Bradley and six other business men, the association has to raise an even $100,000. The $50,000 is not available until the $100,000 has been collected or pledged, and this must be accomplished by November 15.

The campaign therefore, will be a "sudden death affair," as one of the members of the committee described it this morning, and whether it will fail or succeed will be known within a week or ten days.

The young men's committee has undertaken to raise one fifth of the amount, or $20,000, and the boys' department may take a han din the canvass to the extent of two or three thousand dollars.

The remainder will be raised by the business men's committee organized at the banquet last Monday evening.

With these three separate organizations at work, it is not likely that anyone suspected of having any interest in dodging the tax collector will escape attention during the next three weeks, and during that time the committees are determined that the Y. M. C. A. will be the principal topic of conversation in every part of the city, and among all classes of people. The business men will get after the big fish, and the young men are planning to corral the moderate subscriptions of $ and upwards, while the boys will start out on a still hunt for the nickels.

Any citizen who expects to escape a "touch" for the Y. M. C. A. building during the next three weeks had better move out of the city temporarily, and forget to leave his address, for the advice of Watson S. Moore at the banquet Monday evening, to make the "touching" process a complete one, has been faithfully followed out. Two hundred regular canvassers are on the list of the two committees, in addition to the small army of boys belonging to the boys' department, who will be talking and boosting for the new building the next three weeks.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES.

Itching, Blind, Bleeding, Protruding Piles Druggists are authorized to refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

DAISY MILL STILL IDLE

Silence Reigns and Wisconsin Inspectors In Charge.

Silence and the Wisconsin inspectors still reigned supreme at the Daisy mill at Superior, this morning, but the Listman and Commander mills were grinding wheat despite the interference of the Wisconsin commission.

A Duluth board of trade weighman was working at the scales at the Listman mill, and with no interference from the commission, but that body was in complete charge at the Commander mill.

Several cars of grain were inspected at the Listman mill, because that establishment was entirely out of wheat, but the Commander had some on hand and was able to continue without incurring the displeasure of or disturbing the Badger state's watchers at the scales.

LEAVES STANDPATTERS.

Congressman Volstad Sees the Sentiment For Tariff Revision.

Washington, Oct. 20.—Congressman A. J. Volstead can no longer be classed as a "standpat" member of the house. He said yesterday that he believed that, if railroad rate legislation was not destined to engage the attention of congress at the coming session, to the exclusion of all other matters of general public interest, that tariff revision would inevitably come up and that there would be a change in existing schedules.

"There is a growing sentiment for changes," said Mr. Volstead yesterday. "While the sentiment is in some instances governed by selfish interests, as in Masachusetts, where the manufacturers are clamoring for free hides, there is a sort of general feeling that there should be revision. But, if it is attempted at the next session, it would get mixed up with railroad legislation and there would be no telling what the outcome would be in the senate."

IN JAIL FOR DOLLAR.

It Is Life Sentence Unless Tax Is Paid.

Millville, N. J., Oct. 20.—Thomas Baker has been sent to the county jail for nonpayment of his poll tax and Special Collector William Dooling, who issued the warrant, says he will be there for life unless he pays the dollar.

The police have been looking for Baker for several months and found him in jail serving a four-day sentence for drunkenness.

A friend of the Home—A foe of the Trust

Calumet Baking Powder

Moderate in price—Makes purest food.

STOLE FOR HER LOVER

Buffalo Young Woman Makes Confession to the Court.

Says She Has Taken $2,000, Manager Says $8.000.

New York, Oct. 20.—To supply money to a man with whom she was in love, May Golding of Buffalo, cashier of the New York branch of the Larkin company of Buffalo, stated today, in a written confession in court, that she had been stealing from her employers for over two years. Her confession admitted theft to the amount of at least $2,000, but her manager, E. M. May, testified that he believed the amount stolen was about $8,000. When arrested recently, Miss Golding made an oral confession, in which she said that she took the money to help her parents and a sick sister in Buffalo. In the new confession today, which is sworn to, the girl says that she met a man on a street car crossing in 1903, and that she later fell in love with him. She says that several times a week since then she has given the man money in various sums, all stolen from her employers.

STOCKS ARE HELD FIRMLY

Boston Coppers Strong—Black Mountain is Very Active.

Copper stocks were generally strong today and closed firm and with a bullish feeling prevailing. North Butte, although strong during the day, was a little weaker at the close. It sold as high as 56.75, but closed at $55.59 bid and $56 asked.

Bisbee stocks were generally very dull, though there were some trades in Calumet & Pittsburg at 38. Lake Superior & Pittsburg was strong, being at $39 bid at the close and $40 asked. Calumet & Arizona sold at $113.

Black Mountain is the feature of the market at the present time and this morning there was very heavy trading in the stock at $7. At the close all of the offerings at that price had been absorbed and it closed at $7 bid.

SOCIAL LIFE OF CHILDREN

Theme of Morning Session of Federation of Women's Clubs.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

Minneapolis, Oct. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—"Social Life of Children and Youth" was the theme of the morning session of the Minnesota Federation of Women's Clubs, and among the speakers was Mrs. J. L. Washburn of Duluth, whose subject was "The Mother's Point of View of Amusements of Youth." Mrs. Washburn was warmly welcomed.

Miss Isabel Lawrence of St. Cloud presided and other speakers were Mrs. H. L. Birch of Minneapolis, Dr. Merrett B. Charles of Winona, Miss Julia E. Booth of St. Cloud and Mrs. Alice W. Cooley of Minneapolis. With the afternoon session the formal work of the federation closed.

BUFFALO VISITED BY A HEAVY GALE.

Buffalo, Oct. 20.—Buffalo was visited today by a 52-mile gale, which destroyed plate glass windows, uprooted trees and blew down signs. Battered by tremendous seas on Lake Erie, about 200 feet of the government sea wall was reported to have sunk to about level with the normal surface of the lake, early this morning. No serious damage has been done to shipping.

DULUTH MASONS HONORED.

Four Elected to the Court of Honor of Scottish Rite.

Dispatches from Washington, concerning the meeting of thirty-third degree Masons record the election of four Duluthians as members of the court of honor, the first step preparatory to the conferring of the thirty-third degree. These are Judge W. A. Cant of the district court; Albert Abbott Farrington, court stenographer; Jesse Norton, potentate of Aad Tempi, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine; and Frank C. Berry, traveling salesman for the Wright-Clarkson Mercantile company.

The first three are named on nominations from the Duluth contingent, but Mr. Berry while for many years a resident of Duluth is named for the Minneapolis consistory to which he belongs.

FOR RENT.

A convenient suite of rooms in Columbus block, over Gidding's. Suitable for dressmaking parlors. Apply W. M. Prindle & Co., Lonsdale bldg.

QUEER BULLETS.

Filipinos Short of Ammunition, Use English Coins.

Maj. Robert L. Bullard, Twenty-eighth United States infantry, stationed at Fort Snelling, Minn., has a rare collection of war relics gathered in the Philippines, says the Army and Navy Journal. Maj. Bullard was for two years governor of the Lake Lanao district in Mindanao, and his supply of mementos includes Moro cannon, helmets and bells worn by the attendants of a sultan, tom-toms, Moro shields and spears, creeses and daggers.

The cannon are odd and crude specimens of warfare. They are about three feet long, and the bore of the largest would hardly exceed two inches, while the smallest has an aperture not more than one inch in diameter. Two of the five are made of thin sheeting, wound with wire and covered with hardwood, the casing being made of hollowed logs. They are of the style of the old muzzle-loading cannon, with an aperture at the rear through which the charge can be touched off. Only one of them is mounted, the carriage being a stationary wooden frame, roughly put together and so arranged that the muzzle of the weapon can be raised or lowered through an arc of perhaps eight inches.

The larger of the two wood-cased guns was captured from Gen. Miguel Malvar at Santo Tomas. He was the third officer in command of the insurrection, and a fierce fighter. Another of the cannon was captured from Gen. Trias, second in command after Aguinaldo. One of the creeses was taken by Maj. Bullard from a Mahommetan priest, with whom he had had a hand-to-hand fight in a small boat, with which the priest had killed two American soldiers before attacking the major himself.

Shields, hats, helmets and dishes make up a portion of the collection, and each is reminder of some incident which in itself would furnish a lifelong remembrance. Some of the dishes show extremely good workmanship, although rude almost to barbaric. One of the choicest is a silver set used only by the higher classes of society. Some of the curios brought back by Maj. Bullard, including two of his set of lantakas, have been presented to the state, to be placed in the state collection of relics and curios. Speaking of the shot sometimes used by the Filipinos, Maj. Bullard said:

"Almost anything hard could be named as the kind of shot used by the Moros in guns. Stones, slugs, shot when they could get it, scrap iron, glass or anything else were used. In one case they used British coins, issued for circulation in the Islands. They did the coins up into packages similar to those which are made up at the banks, winding them with leaves and grass, and fired the packages at us. Of course the binding broke and the coins whirred as they flew through the air."

One of the most interesting pieces of the collection is a complete Moro armor. It s made of copper and brass, and is fashioned after those worn by the Spaniards when they first invaded the islands 300 years ago. The front and back as well as the helmet, are made of sheets of metal, connected by joints to give greater ease, and the rest of the outfit is formed of brass rings, interlaced in the form of chain mail. It covers the upper three quarters of the body and limbs.

HORRIBLE EXAMPLE.

"I notice by the Associated Press dispatches that Jim Woodward, mayor of Atlanta, has fallen off the water wagon again and has made a holy show of himself at Toledo, Ohio," said an Atlanta man to the New Orleans Times-Democrat. "If there ever was a living temperance lecture it certainly is 'Jim' Woodward. The history of the man is unique and remarkable. Some thirty years ago he came to Atlanta as a printer. He was a hard drinker, who was certain to get on a jag as soon as pay day came, but, notwithstanding this fact, his innate force of character made him a leader of men. It was he who caused the first walk-out of printers on the Atlanta Constitution—a fight which eventuated in the unionization of that office. Twenty-five years ago Woodward swore off from drink, and from that time on he steadily mounted the ladder of popularity and political importance. He was elected to the council, later to the aldermanic board, and finally was made mayor some six years ago. Shortly after his election to the mayoralty the 'Peace Jubilee' following the Spanish-American war took place in Atlanta. Mayor Woodward occupied a seat next to Gen. Shafter—he of the embalmed beef fame. The general had a pretty good capacity for fluids, and the temptation was too much for Woodward. He took a few drinks that night, and it was not long before he was on a long jag, which caused the city untold trouble. To make a long story short, on the last day of his term of office he was arrested and locked up in the station house on the charge of indecent behavior on the streets. Immediately thereafter Woodward again climbed on the cart. He ran for alderman and was elected. While alderman he ran for mayor against the late Evan P. Howell and two other candidates, and was defeated by a small majority. Two years later he again ran for Mayor. He had three opponents, but he defeated them handily. Sober there is not a better official than 'Jim' Woodward; drunk you could not find a more incompetent one. It's a pity to see a man like that go to the bad, but it looks as if this last episode puts a period to his political career."

MAKES VIOLIN WOOD.

Philadelphia Record: The old wood in the Lippincott mansion has been secured by musical instrument makers, who claim that they have found a treasure, in that the wood is not only seasoned, but is of a kind that it is almost impossible to get nowadays.

One of the foremost violin makers of this country made the discovery that the joists in the yellow mansion were of a quality of spruce wood, now extinct, that is of rare quality for the rim and back of violins. He got a monopoly on the old wood, and while the wreckers were tearing down the house he employed detectives to watch his prize. Other violin makers soon learned of the fine quality of the wood and they endeavored to get some of it, only to learn that their alert competitor had purchased it all.

The violin makers say that the joists are unusually thick and that the spruce is of the finest quality that has been found in this country. They claim that nothing to equal it for violin making has been found in America and that with proper skill some high priced instruments will be made of it.

ALWAYS USEFUL.

New York Globe: "Do opera glasses get rusty from lack of use in the summer?" repeated the cynic of Herald Square. "Well, not if there is a woman around. She knows that opera glasses are made to see other things besides the operas. A woman will take a pair of opera glasses and go to a back window and tell you what is going on from one end of the block to the other. She will tell you how many holes are in Mrs. Smith's wash and what Mrs. Brown, half a block away, is cooking for dinner. She will tell you that Mrs. Johnson's kitchen hasn't been scrubbed in two weeks, and that Mrs. Jones has garbage and tin cans scattered all over her back yard.

"She will also note that the woman in the tenth house up does her own washing in the basement, and then gets a girl to bluff the neighbors by hanging it out. Then she will observe that Mr. Brown lost a day from work and is asleep in the back yard, while the woman opposite has her false switch sunning in the window to keep moths out of it.

"Oh, when it comes to 'rubbering,' a woman with a pair of opera glasses can see more sights than all the rubberneck wagons combined."

QUEER LAW PROBLEMS.

Hundreds of years of test cases have not yet elucidated all the possible points of difficulty in the English law, says London Tid-Bits.

Here is a remarkable problem with which the Blackburn lawyers have just been confronted: An English gentleman with twin sons who were born within a few minutes of each other. He made a will that his property in Australia should go to whichever of the two sons arrived at the age of 21 first.

The younger of the two emigrated to Australia, while the other one remained in England, and the former was still in the Antipodes at the time of his coming of age. Now, Australian time is some hours in advance of Greenwich, and, therefore, the young man out there was 21 before his elder brother at home. Which of these two brothers is legally entitled to the property? The question has not yet been decided, and in the meantime readers may exercise their own acumen upon it.

Are eggs eggs, or are only hens' eggs eggs? This may seem a ridiculous question, but nice shades of meaning are involved, and a case which turned upon it went through two or three courts of law. A lady sent an order for a dozen eggs to a dairyman and he sent her ducks' eggs. She sent them back as not being what she ordered, but he refused to take them. She, in turn, declined to keep them, and some time elapsing between their journeys from the house to the shop, the eggs went bad, and eventually the shopkeeper sued the lady for 1s 6d, their value.

The county court judge ordered her to pay, declaring that ducks' eggs were as much eggs as any others; but the lady appealed, and King's bench reversed the decision on the ground that when a party ordered eggs, hens' eggs were meant, and if any other contentions were admitted, any kind of eggs might be sent, such as pigeons', canaries' or even rattlesnakes'. Ducks' eggs, it was decided, were not eggs in the ordinary meaning of the term.

Are the grandchildren of a man also his children? In the legal sense this question is not so absurd as it looks, and some time ago it was most seriously and laboriously contended in the courts that according to act of parliament they were.

The particular act in question, passed in the reign of the late Queen Victoria, laid it down that "the father and the grandfather, the mother and the grandmother, and the children of any poor person, being of sufficient ability, shall relieve and maintain any such poor person."

The argument was that, according to the context, grandchildren were to be reckoned as children for this purpose, just as grandparents were reckoned as parents. On the other side it was argued that if grandchildren were children then great-grandchildren were children also, and that a man might in this way be called upon to support his father and mother, his four grandparents, his eight great-grandparents and as many grandchildren and great-grandchildren as he might be lucky or unlucky enough to possess.

Is skimmed milk milk? A man asked for a glass of milk to drink and was given skimmed milk and the purveyor was fined for it; but in a higher court the decision was reversed, it being contended at the time that skimmed milk was realy much more milk than milk that was not skimmed, since the latter contained something that was not milk at all—that is, cream.

FIRE PURSUED HIM.

Horatio F. Brown, a London writer on Venetian subjects, has had a singular experience with fire, says the Kansas City Journal. The original draft of Brown's first and best known work, "Life on the Lagoons," perished in the blaze which destroyed the offices of its publisher, Kegan Paul, in 1883. The manuscript of his "Study in the Venetian Inquisition" was burned in a mail car in Switzerland two years later and a similar fate overtook both that of his "Calendar of Venetian State Papers" at the fire at Spottiswoode's in 1892 and that of his "Studies in Arhaeology." The latter was consumed in the burning of Cecil Rhodes' house, Roundesbosch, Cape Town in 1895.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

STORE OPEN TOMORROW EVENING UNTIL 10.

Extraordinary selling *of* Coats commences tomorrow!

A Sale of such importance and merit that hundreds of buyers will make it the occasion to purchase everything they'll need in Fall and Winter Wraps.

One month ago we consummated the most important coat deal in our history. Over 600 of the season's most beautiful styles were ours in a moment. Ready cash was what was wanted. Over 30 styles to choose from, and every last one exclusive with us—the newest conceits, with every additional style touch of the season in their construction. The one opportunity for every woman who has not bought their Fall Wrap. Garments that are far superior to anything shown hereabouts at $35.00 and $40.00. The styles are the newest models in every desirable cut—materials are plain broad cloths, in black and colors, new fancy English and Scotch mixtures, beautiful fur lined coats, satin lined wraps for evening wear, etc.



THESE STYLES—$25-00.

See display in our East show window

SALE COMMENCES TOMORROW MORNING AT EIGHT O'CLOCK!

Infants' Wool Dresses at Half Price!

(THIRD FLOOR.)



Tomorrow we place on sale about 50 little dresses in cheviots, serges and cashmere — colors blue, red, brown and dainty mixed effects —well made and just the thing for winter wear—ages 1 to 5 years—Half Price.

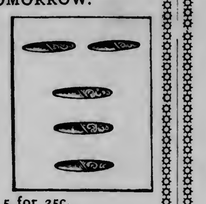
Cuff and Collar Pins.

(Like cut.)

Two for 25c

TOMORROW.

We have just received a large selection of these dainty pins sold everywhere at 2 for 25c—Special tomorrow, 5 for 25c.



New Veilings.

Many new arrivals in automobile veils, new mesh effects, new chiffon veils. Ask to see the new Fleur-de-Lis veilings, one of the latest Paris modes—the fashion of two continents.

Chiffon veils begin as low as $1.00 for what would be asked $1.50 for elsewhere. Novelty effects, Parisian ideas, up to $5.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

THE STORE OF QUALITY.

Special—Flannel Night Gowns.

Our line of these necessary Fall garments is now complete and superior to all previous showings. All our garments are made full and generous in size and from the best material only.

At $1.00—A line of especially good value, in pretty stripes and colors, with and without collar.

At $1.25 and $1.50—A better line, made from the best quality Outing Flannel; all colors, including cream and white.

At $2.00 and $2.50—The best line to be had anywhere, and the most serviceable and desirable garments made.

INTERESTING VALUES IN

CORSET COVERS AND GOWNS.

We are sole agents for Redfern and American Lady Corsets.

Nainsook Covers, trimmed with embroidery and Val. laces; full front; regular 75c values at 50c.

Extra good quality Nainsook Covers; exceptionally good values at $1.25; special price $1.00.

Gowns.

Muslin and Cambric Gowns, made extra full sizes, from 14 to 18; regular $1.25 and $1.50 values at $1.00.

Nainsook and Muslin Gowns; $1.75 and $2.00 values at $1.50.

We are showing a full line of Outing Gowns, in all colors and sizes; prices from $1.00 to $2.50.

Special Millinery Values tomorrow

(THIRD FLOOR.)

A handsome selection of bewitchingly pretty little Street Hats go on sale tomorrow at this price. For those desiring a smart style at small cost these hats will be found most satisfactory.

Dressy Street Hats at $6.00.

A complete showing of Dressy Hats for all occasions, including Plateau effects, Turbans, Toques and new brim styles. A wonderful variety of colors—new greens, plums, garnets, blues, black and white, etc.—$6.00.

$10 and $12 Dress Hats $8.50.

Strikingly beautiful creations, exact reproductions of handsome Parisian models. Nothing shown hereabouts at much higher prices that will compare with them.

Children's Hats $1 up.

We call especial attention to this important line—absolutely the most complete in Duluth.

The Store of Quality — Silberstein & Bondy Company — The Store of Quality

No Better Stock! No Better Values!

THAN CAN BE FOUND AT THIS STORE.

We are showing the largest and finest line of

Cut Glass, Hand Painted China, Solid Silverware, Watches, Diamonds, Etc.,

we have ever carried, and more novelties are arriving daily. Everything to be found in a first-class jewelry store is now on display at prices that are very reasonable.

OUR CUT GLASS ROOM IS ESPECIALLY WORTHY OF A VISIT.

J. GRUESEN,

JEWELER,

31 West Superior Street.

Otter Coats Dyed Like Seal

We have in our employ an expert seal dyer who understands dyeing otter coats to look like seal, and old seal coats like new.

FRANK EAST,

LADIES' TAILOR.

Over Duluth Music Co.

Special for Saturday

At the

TREADWELL SHOE CO.

Ladies' fine hand-sewed Shoes, patent corona colt and patent kid, in button, lace or blucher at---------- **$3.50**

The Three Dollar grade at our store is equal to any $3.50 Shoe at any other store. It is called the

Treadwell $3 Shoe

We carry it in vici, box, calf and mat calf for fall and winter wear, both for ladies and men.

Boys' School Shoes at $1.25 to $4.00.

Girls' School Shoes at 98c to $3.00.

TREADWELL

DULUTH SUPERIOR

Now is the Time

To be very careful with your colds because it may mean life or death to you. Avoid doctor's bills by going to Kassmir's Turkish Bath, 24 and 26 West Superior street. A trial Turkish Bath will satisfy you. Ladies' Baths upstairs. Open all night. Look for the big red sign.

Chrysanthemums

are now fine, and the prices down to the regular Fall rate. Will have a nice lot of them tomorrow. Also a choice line of Roses, Carnations, Lilies, Cosmas, American Beauties, etc.

Time to plant your **BULBS.** We have everything needed for inside or out-door planting. Will plant them for you if you wish.

Have you seen our Gold Fish? They sell at 15c, 20c and 25c each.

Seekins & LeBorious

109 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

FOR THE OLD RESIDENTS

Rev. M. S. Rice Will Hold Special Services Next Wednesday.

Carriages Will Be Sent After the Aged Parishoners.

An innovation in the way of church services will be introduced by Rev. M. S. Rice of the First Methodist church next Wednesday afternoon.

A service for old people has been planned for that date, and all the old people in the city, who have passed the allotted age of three score years and ten, will be invited to attend.

The pastor has secured a list of the names of all the aged residents of the city, which is as nearly complete as he can make it, and special invitations have been mailed to all the people on the list.

Arrangements have been made to send carriages for all those who are unable to walk or come to the gathering on the street cars, and all that is necessary in order to secure a carriage in which to attend the service, is to notify the pastor, Rev. M. S. Rice.

The service will be something in the nature of a reception, and will last from 2 o'clock until 5. Luncheon will be served to the guests at 5 o'clock.

It is believed that this service will give many aged and feeble persons an opportunity to gather together and renew old acquaintances, which they would not otherwise have.

PRESIDENT'S SPEECH MADE AT ATLANTA.

(Continued from page 1.)

complished for good, and above all we must not lose our heads and become either hysterical or rancorous in grappling with what is bad.

Take such a question, for instance, as the question, or rather the group of questions, connected with the growth of corporations in this country. This growth has meant, of course, the growth of individual fortunes. Undoubtedly the growth of wealth in this country has had some very unfortunate accompaniments, but it seems to me that much the worst damage that people of wealth can do the rest of us is not any actual physical harm, but the awakening in our breasts of either the mean vice of worshiping mere wealth, and the man of mere wealth, for the wealth's sake, or the equally mean vice of viewing with rancorous envy and hatred the men of wealth merely because they are men of wealth. Envy is, of course, merely a kind of crooked admiration, and we often see the very man who in public is most intemperate in his denunciation of wealth, in his private life most eager to obtain wealth, in no matter what fashion, and at no matter what moral cost.

Undoubtedly there is need of regulation by the government, in the interest of the public, of these great corporations which in modern life have shown themselves to be the most efficient business implements, and which are, therefore, the implements commonly employed by the owners of large fortunes. The corporation is the creature of the state. It should always be held accountable to some sovereign, and this accountability should be real and not sham.

> Therefore, in my judgment, all corporations doing an interstate business, and this means the great majority of the largest corporations, should be held accountable to the Federal government, because their accountability should be co-extensive with their field of action.

But most certainly we should not strive to prevent or limit corporate activity. We should strive to secure such effective supervision over it, such power of regulation over it, as to enable us to guarantee that its activity will be exercised only in ways beneficial to the public. The unwisdom of any well-meaning but misguided effort to check corporate activity has been shown in striking fashion in recent years by our experience in the Philippines and in Porto Rico. Our national legislators very properly determined that the islands should not be exploited by adventurers without regard to the interests of the people of the islands themselves. But unfortunately, in their zeal to prevent the islands being improperly exploited, they took measures of such severity as to seriously, and in some respects vitally, hamper and retard the development of the islands. There is nothing that the islands need more than to have their great natural resources developed, and these resources can be developed only by the abundant use of capital, which, of course, will not be put into them unless on terms sufficiently advantageous to offer prospects of good remuneration. We have made the terms not merely hard, but often prohibitory, with the result that American capital goes into foreign countries, like Mexico, and is there used with immense advantage to the country in its development, while it can not go into our own possessions or be used to develop the lands under our own flag. The chief sufferers by this state of things are the people of the islands themselves.

It is impossible too strongly to insist upon what ought to be the patent fact that it is not only in the interest of the people of wealth themselves, but in our interest, in the interest of the public as a whole, that they should be treated fairly and justly; that if they show exceptional business ability they should be given exceptional reward for that ability. The fortunes of our industrial fabric are interwoven in such complex fashion that what strengthens or weakens part also strengthens or weakens the whole. If we penalize industry, we will ourselves in the end have to pay a considerable part of the penalty. If we make conditions such that the men of exceptional ability are able to secure marked benefits by the exercise of that ability, then we shall ourselves benefit somewhat. It is our interest no less than our duty to treat them fairly. On the other hand, it is no less their interest to treat us fairly—by "us" I mean the great body of the people, the men of moderate or small fortunes, the farmers, the wage-workers, the smaller business men and professional men.

> The man of great means who achieves fortune by crooked methods does wrong to the whole body politic.

But he not merely does wrong to, he becomes a source of imminent danger to, other men of great means; for his ill-won success tends to arouse a feeling of resentment which, if it becomes inflamed, fails to differentiate between the men of wealth who have done decently and the men of wealth who have not done decently.

The conscience of our people has been deeply shocked by the revelations made of recent years as to the way in which some of the great fortunes have been obtained and used, and there is, I think, in the minds of the people at large a strong feeling that a serious effort must be made to put a stop to the cynical dishonesty and contempt for right which have thus been revealed. I believe that something, and I hope that a good deal, can be done by law to remedy the state of things complained of. But when all that can be, has thus been done, there will yet remain much which the law can not touch, and which must be reached by the force of public opinion. There are men who do not divide actions merely into those that are honest and those that are not, but create a third subdivision—that of law and honesty; of that kind of honesty which consists in keeping clear of the penitentiary. It is hard to reach astute men of this type save by making them feel the weight of an honest public indignation. But this indignation, if it is to be effective, must be intelligent. It is, of course, to the great advantage of dishonest men of wealth if they are denounced, not for being dishonest, but for being wealthy, and if they are denounced in terms so over-strained and hysterical as to invite reaction in their favor. We can not afford in this country to draw the distinction as between rich man and poor man. The distinction upon which we must insist is the vital, deep-lying, unchangeable distinction between the honest man and the dishonest man, between the man who acts decently and fairly by his neighbor and with a quick sense of his obligations, and the man who acknowledges no internal law save that of his own will and appetite. Above all we should treat with a peculiarly contemptuous abhorrence the man who in a spirit of sheer cynicism debauches either our business life or our political life. There are men who use the phrase "practical politics" as merely a euphemism for dirty politics, and it is such men who have brought the word "politician" into disrepute. There are other men who use the noxious phrase "business is business," as an excuse and justification for every kind of mean and crooked work; and these men make honest Americans hang their heads because of some of the things they do. It is the duty of every honest patriot to rebuke in emphatic fashion alike the politician who does not understand that the only kind of "practical politics" which a nation can with safety tolerate is that kind which we know as clean politics, and that we are as severe in our condemnation of the business trickery which succeeds as of the business trickery which fails.

> The scoundrel who fails can never by any possibility be as dangerous to the community as the scoundrel who succeeds; and of all the men in the country, the worst citizens, those who should excite in our minds the most contemptuous abhorrence, are the men who have achieved great wealth, or any other form of success, in any save a clean and straightforward manner.

So much for the general subject of industrialism. Now, just a word in reference to one of the great staples of this country, which is peculiarly a staple of the Southern states. Of course I mean cotton. I am glad to see diversifications of industry in the South, the growth of manufactures as well as the growth of agriculture, and the growing growth of diversification of crops in agriculture. Nevertheless it will always be true that in certain of the Southern states cotton will be the basis of the wealth, the mainstay of prosperity in the future as in the past. The cotton crop is of enormous consequence to the entire country. It was the cotton crop of the South that brought $400,000,000 of foreign gold into the United States last year, turning the balance of trade in our favor. The soil and climate of the South are such that she enjoys a practical monopoly in the production of raw cotton. No other clothing material can be accepted as a substitute for cotton. I welcome the action of the planters in forming a cotton association, and every assistance shall be given them that can be given them by the national government. Moreover, we must not forget that the work of the manufacturers in the South supplements the work of the planter. It is an advantage to manufacture the raw material here and sell to the world the finished goods. Under proper methods of distribution it may well be doubted whether there can be such a thing as overproduction of cotton. Last year's crop was nearly fourteen million bales, and yet the price was sufficiently high to give a handsome profit to the planter. The consumption of cotton increases each year, and new uses are found for it.

This leads me to a matter of our foreign relations, which directly concerns the cotton planter. At present our market for cotton is largely in China. The boycott of our goods in China during the past year was especially injurious to the cotton manufacturers. This government is doing, and will continue to do, all it can to put a stop to the boycott. But there is one measure to be taken toward this end which I should need the assistance of the congress. We must insist firmly on our rights; and China must beware of persisting in a course of conduct to which we can not honorably submit. But we on our turn must recognize our duties exactly as we insist upon our rights. We can not go into the International court of equity unless we go in with clean hands. We can not expect China to do us justice unless we do China justice. The chief cause in bringing about the boycott of our goods in China was undoubtedly our attitude toward the Chinese who come to this country. This attitude of ours does not justify the action of the Chinese in the boycott, and especially some of the forms which that action has taken.

> But the fact remains that in the past we have come short of our duty toward the people of China.

It is our clear duty in the interest of our own wage-workers, to forbid all Chinese of the coolie class—that is, laborers, skilled or unskilled—from coming here. The greatest of all duties is national self-preservation, and the most important step in national self-preservation is to preserve in every way the well-being of the wage-worker. I am convinced that the well-being of our wage-workers demands the exclusion of the Chinese coolies, and it is therefore our duty to exclude them, just as it would be the duty of China to exclude American laboring men if they became in any way a menace to China by entering into her country. The right is reciprocal, and in our last treaty with China it was explicitly recognized as inhering in both nations. But we should not only operate the law with as little harshness as possible, but we should show every courtesy and consideration and every encouragement to all Chinese who are not of the laboring class to come to this country. Every Chinese traveler or student, business man or professional man, should be given the same right of entry to, and the same courteous treatment in, this country as are accorded to the student or traveler, the business man or professional man of any other nation. Our laws and treaties should be so framed as to guarantee to all Chinamen, save of the excepted coolie class, the same right of entry to this country and the same treatment while here as it guaranteed to citizens of any other nation. By executive action I am as rapidly as possible putting a stop to the abuses which have grown up during many years in the administration of this law. I can do a good deal, and will do a good deal, even without the action of the congress; but I can not do all that should be done unless such action is taken, and that action I most earnestly hope will be taken. It is needed in our own interest and especially in the interest of the Pacific slope and of the South Atlantic and Gulf states; for it is short-sighted indeed for us to permit foreign competitors to drive us from the markets of China. Moreover, the action I ask is demanded by considerations that are higher than mere interest, for I ask it in the name of what is just and right. America should take the lead in establishing international relations on the same basis of honest and upright dealing which we regard as essential as between man and man.

Rummage Sale

116 West First street, Saturday, Oct. 21.

Right Will Win.

To the Editor of The Herald:

I want to state that I am well satisfied with the manner in which The Herald deals with public problems in these days of our nation's advance toward a higher sphere, and a better and purer life, both politically and socially. Let the work progress. Stand firm and solid for an honest and conscientious government, regardless of politics or party. We shall win; small doubt about that. The time is near when the people will understand that honesty is the paying policy. It is a great country and wonderfully exciting times we live in. Let us not delude ourselves. Danger is lurking in every corner. But if we keep awake and look straight ahead on our path of duty, victory is ours; we'll win the day.

DAN GORDON.

Lake Nebagamon, Wis., Oct. 18.

THE GYPSIES.

At this season of the year, scattered here and there near towns and villages, in shady retreats, the whole way from the St. Lawrence river to the Rio Grande, may be found the camps of the Gypsies—that mysterious people whose origin has been a puzzle to the curious and the learned for 500 years, says the Brooklyn Eagle. The Gypsies' "busy season" comes in the fall, after the harvest is over. The farmers then find themselves with a surplus of horses, some of which they are anxious to dispose of at a bargain rather than feed all winter. It is with such as these that the Gypsies expect to do their most profitable business. They are born judges of horseflesh. They will take a superannuated or overworked crowbait that no one else would consider worth its salt, and metamorphose it into a very decent looking driving or draught horse. The gypsey horse trader always has close business relations with a dealer in some large city, upon whom he can depend to take at a price that will leave him a fair profit all the stock he may accumulate by the season's dealings. He is, therefore, always ready to match his wits in purchase, sale or trade with all comers, and the case has not yet been recorded in which he has received the worst end of a deal. Few farmers have ever trader with those shrewd vagabonds without having had cause to repent of their boldness. Nevertheless, if there is anything a farmer is vain of it is his knowledge of horseflesh, and he is always willing to try again.

The Gypsies are known in every country, and everywhere present the same moral and physical peculiarities, preserving their nationality and their racial characteristics with a pertinacity exceeding even that of the Jews. Their continued existence must be regarded as a social phenomenon absolutely without a parallel in human history. Their physical peculiarities and their strange jargon mark them out as distinctly from the mass of the people among whom they sojourn as do their wandering and predatory habits and clannish spirit. It was long believed that the Gypsies originated in the Valley of the Nile, and to this idea they owe their name—a contraction of the word Egyptian. When this theory was found to be no longer tenable, many others were advanced to take its place. Some have contended that they are the surviving remnant of the lots tribes of Israel, and others that they are direct emanations from the evil one. However, scholars are now agreed that they originated in India. Why they ever left the cradle of their race to become pariahs and outcasts has been long a puzzle; but now even that question appears to have been satisfactorily solved. Their progenitors are believed to have been Jats, who lived in reed huts about the delta of the Indus. About the year 1025 they were driven from their homes by Mahmoud. The enmity of both the Mohammedans and the Buddhists—whose religion they refused to adopt—left them no refuge, and they began their wanderings and predatory career as the earth's Ishmaels. Finally they were expelled from the Asiatic continent, during the upheaval of races that accompanied and followed the destroying march of Ghengis Khan. They appear to have found a temporary refuge in Egypt, and then in Turkey, Greece and the state now known as the Balkans; but gradually they were forced westward by the pressure of the dominant and hostile races. About the year 1417 they appeared in Germany, and ere long they had overrun all Europe. Descriptions given of them by the chroniclers of the times might be applied to their modern descendants with hardly the change of a word. Naturally enough, they were not welcomed. The peoples of Europe had troubles enough of their own. In England it was made a felony for any one to consort with them. In France they were proceeded against with fire and sword. They were banished from Spain under severe penalties. In Italy they were forbidden to remain more than two nights in one place, and in Germany they were hunted and shot like wild beasts. However, like weeds, they seemed to flourish the better the more they were trampled upon. Kicked from pillar to post, hated, despised, reviled and persecuted; kept without the pale of the law, and driven from every refuge through 900 years of wandering, it is not strange that they have never developed into good or useful citizens. The manner of life they have led, through choice of or compulsion, is not conducive to the development of civic virtues. The only wonder is that the Gypsies of today are no worse.

It is estimated that there are now living in various parts of the world more than 1,000,000 of the Romany race. In Europe their numbers are declining, and it seems as if they are verging toward final extinction. In America, however, they are increasing with marvelous rapidity. The birth rate is abnormally high, and most of them seem to live beyond the ordinary span of life among Americans. It is a possibility of the future that the Gypsy problem may some day tax the ingenuity of the statesmen for the protection of the rural population against this plague from the East. In the Southern states the family names of the Gypsies prove them to have been mainly of Spanish origin, while those of the North, for the most part, bear good old English and Scotch names that must have been borrowed by their ancestors before their exile from the British Isles. Among the most common Gypsy names in the Northern states are Stanley, Cooper, Lee, Lovell, Canfield, Boswell, Smith, Herron and Hicks. It would be hard indeed to find a clan of genuine Gypsies north of the Mason and Dixon line in which these names do not predominate.

Although the Gypsies are nomads, a considerable number of them own real estate and spend the cold winter months in substantial houses like other people. In Indianapolis, Chicago, Buffalo, Pittsburg, Kansas City, Boston, New York and Brooklyn are colonies, swarming with dogs and children in the summer months. Erie and Braddock in Pennsylvania are headquarters for large and powerful clans. In most large cities in the East and Middle West a majority of the itinerant tinkers, locksmiths, scissors grinders, street hawkers and other of like ilk, are pure-blooded Gypsies. On the road their chief sources of revenue are horse trading, horse and cattle doctoring, breaking colts and stealing. The women, of course, tell fortunes to the credulous and love lorn; and some of them are skilled needleworkers, embroiders and basket makers. Among the Gypsies, however, fortune telling is ridiculed and derided, and it is a source of never-ending wonder to them that people will spend their money so foolishly. However, the Gypsy is less black than he is commonly painted, and possess virtues that many who despise him as a vagabond might profitably imitate. The virtue of gratitude they possess to an uncommon degree, and the slightest favor or kindness is never forgotten. Among most of the clans it is an inflexible rule never to steal from any one unless that person has first refused to sell to them. If they approach a farmer and endeavor to buy chickens, eggs, vegetables, horse feed, or anything else that he has which they want, they count it no sin to steal from him if he refuses to sell, or if he asks an exorbitant price. They are among the most hospitable of peoples, and will turn no one from their camps hungry; nor will they ever refuse shelter for the night to any wayfarer. Nor need any one feel afraid to trust them, while sharing their hospitality.

HIGHER EDUCATION.

The kaleidoscope effect of cram in the school girl brain comes to light in the following from an "historical essay" produced in a certain high school in British India, which, for obvious reasons, must be left without further particularization, says the Pall Mall Gazette:

"King Henry 8 was the greatest widower that ever lived. He was born at Anna Domino in the year 1056. He had 510 wives, besides children. The 1st was beheaded, the 2d was revoked. She never smiled again. But she said the word 'Calais' would be found on her heart after her death.

"The greatest man in this reign was Lord Sir Garrett Wolsey. He was surnamed the Boy Bachelor. He was born at the age of 15 unmarried.

"Henry 8 was succeeded on the throne by his great Grand Mother, the beautiful and accomplished Queen of Scots, sometimes known as the Lady of the Lake, or the Lay of the Last Minstrel."

WONDERFUL DRAWING.

Sir Edwin Landseer, the famous animal painter, was able to use both hands in his work, though he seldom made a practice of doing so, says the Kansas City Journal. On one occasion he was present at a social gathering when some one passed a remark upon the impossibility of doing two things at once. Sir Edwin remarked that such a thing was possible, and upon being furnished with paper and pencils proceeded to execute two pictures at the same time. Without hesitation he sketched the profile of a deer's head with his right hand, while his left was engaged upon the head of a horse, and with such perfection that no one save those who had witnessed the feat could tell which was the product of the right hand and which had been drawn by the left.

> The "swapping instinct" is no longer a peculiarly Yankee one—it has become an American trait of character. You may want to buy many things—you may want to sell a few. Try our columns.

Men's 15c Handkfs 10c.

MEN'S PURE LINEN HEMSTITCHED **10c** Handkerchiefs, ½-inch hems—excellent quality of linen — regular price 15c—Saturday, limit one dozen to a customer, at 10c each.

Freimuth's

Lake Ave., Michigan and Superior Sts., Duluth, Minn.

Women's 20c Handkfs 10c

FINE HEMSTITCHED, EMBROIDERED sheer lawn Handkerchiefs; a choice selection of patterns; regular values to 20c—Saturday only, 10c each. **10c**

Men's Underwear

Come to the Annex
Buy Better—Pay Less!

These splendid illustrations of Freimuth's ability to give you the best of goods for less than you have been trained to pay.

$1.00 Wright's 89c

Wright's famous lambs' wool **89c** health underwear—Jaeger color—all sizes of shirts or drawers—our price 89c.

$1.50 Grade $1.00

Three matchless kinds at a **$1.00** dollar the garment—fine pure wool ribbed underwear in blue or flesh color, and heavy weight three-fourths wool garments in natural or camel's hair color.

$2.00 Gloves $1.50

Our own big importation of men's dress and street gloves—all **$1.50** the new fall shades — would have to sell for $2.00 if we had not imported them direct—equal to any $2.00 gloves in the city—our price $1.50.

Special at 50c.

A big assortment of extra val- **50c** ues in a calfskin lined and unlined work gloves—big values at 50c.

Boys' Gloves 25c.

Boys' skin gloves and mittens—extra good values at 25c.

Men's Shoes

In the Annex

Crosette Shoe $3.50

These famous Crosette shoes for men—blucher or straight lace— **$3.50** vici, shiny patent colt or the swell new gun-metal finish—look and wear like five dollar shoes—our price only $3.50 the pair—all sizes—all lasts.

New Crosette Button Shoes—the swell new swing last—military heel—gun metal finish—our price $4.00 the pair!

$2.00 Work Shoes $1.50

Strongly put up working Shoes **$1.50** of good honest leather — button or lace styles—$2, grades Saturday $1.50.

BOYS' SHOES

Double strength calf and vici shoes—special Saturday.
Sizes 2½ to 5—$1.98 instead of $2.50.
Sizes 13 to 2½, $1.65—instead of $2.25.

FURLINED COATS SAMPLES.

$67.50 Coats, $55.00
$150.00 Coats, $125.00
$50.00 Coats, $37.50

$175.00 Coats, $145.00
$50.00 Coats, $39.50
$45.00 Coats, $35.00

A great opportunity—one just as surprising as a bolt of lightning from a clear sky!

Right now—when everybody is clamoring for fur-lined coats—our New York resident buyer made a great scoop—bought a lot of handsome sample fur-lined coats at prices that enable us to offer remarkable values!

Wide-a-wake folks—who appreciate good things—will be quick to respond—those who come first will fare best—the lot is not large—see that you get here first!

$67.50 Sample Coats at $55.00

A large variety of elegant garments— **$55.00** collars of Fox, Isabella and Sable Mink, Marten and Persian Lamb—fine squirrel linings—shells of extra quality black broadcloth, worth $67.50—choice only $55.00.

$50.00 Sample Coats at $39.50

Ten handsome new sample coats — all blacks — but styles are **$39.50** different — only about two alike in the lot—assorted squirrel linings—natural squirrel collars—values, $50.00—but because they're samples, choice only $39.50.

One Fine Mink Lined Coat, worth $150.00, only $125.00.
One Fine Wild Cat Lined Coat, worth $150.00, only $125.00.
One Superfine Blended Squirred Lined Coat, worth $175, only $145.

Fine $45 Coats at $35.00.

Only five left from a lot of ten fine black **$35.00** broadcloth coats that came Wednesday—Persian Lamb collars and cuffs, blended sable coney lining—sold regularly at $45.00—sizes 34 to 42—Saturday at $35.00.

Splendid $50 Coats at $37.50

Fine black broadcloth coats, with river mink collars and cuffs— **$37.50** choice squirrel linings—not beaten at $50.00—on sale here at $37.50 tomorrow—rich, aristocratic-looking garments—be sure to see them!

Specials—Hosiery and Underwear.

50c Vests 39c.

Heavy cotton and wool fleeced vests — gray and **39c** camel's hair colors—regular 50c garments—Saturday, 39c each.

50c Hose 39c.

Women's cashmere stockings—plain or with **39c** ribbed tops; natural double heels and toes—famous Cameo brand—a beautiful unfading black — special tomorrow, 39c a pair.

$2 Union Suits $1.50.

Women's gray, all-wool open front combination **$1.50** suits, finely finished $2.00 garments — Saturday, $1.50 a suit.

Children's Underwear

White or gray Swiss ribbed cotton and fleece-lined vests or pants—the most popular quality made—specially priced as follows—

18 to 22.....25c
24 to 26.....30c
28 to 32.....35c

You can't match them for the money!

BARGAIN SQUARE SATURDAY.

89c Gowns 69c.

Ladies' flannelette nightgowns—made from heavy plain white and fancy striped colored outing flannels—very daintily trimmed—full length and width—cheap at 89c—price on the bargain square Saturday only for 69c. **69c**

Japanese Baskets With Soap and Perfume 35c and 50c.

Several hundred imported baskets—suitable for handkerchiefs or for lunch or work baskets, entirely new—they would regularly sell in themselves for the prices we name on them filled with dainty perfume and soap.

Small size..... 35c
Large size..... 50c

The soap and perfume and basket are worth twice the price! See them in the show window!

Cashmere Bouquet Soap Free.

With every purchase of Colgate's tooth powder, perfumes, toilet water and toilet articles—we will give you absolutely free a guest-room size of Cashmere Bouquet Soap.

Freimuth Hats.

Special at $5.00.

Tomorrow's hat buyers will be delighted with this opportunity—a remarkably large assortment of fine, fresh styles in **$5** —shirred velvet hats stunning draped hats—and fine English felts—some draped with velvet bands and fancy buckles—some trimmed with wings and feathers—hats that would be good values at $7.00—here on sale at, choice for $5.00.

Children's Hats.

Two special offers in those cunning little Colonial hats so becoming to all girls.

$2.25—worth $3.00.
$3.48—worth $4.00.

The $3.48 lot includes hats of finest English fur felt for girls of 8 to 16 years—they're trimmed with smart rosettes and quills—the girls say they're "just lovely."

20c Hair Pins 10c Doz.

One dozen shell hair pins on a card—cheap at 20c a card—Saturday, special at 10c a card.

Jewelry Departme't

All the latest novelties for less!

75c NECKLACES, 43c.

Bead Necklaces, in all the latest colors—worth 75c—on sale Saturday at each..... **43c**

$1.00 BROOCHES, 39c.

Ladies' gold-filled and plated brooches—great selection of styles and mountings—are actually worth to $1.00—Saturday, choice..... **39c**

See the new Spiral revolving Hat Pins—something different.

ROGERS' $1.25 SPOONS, 95c

Wm. A. Rogers' extra silver-plated tea spoons—many handsome patterns—guaranteed equal to any quality in the market—our regular cut price $1.25—Saturday per set..... **95c**

Dessert spoons to match the above—same quality—regular $2.25—Saturday $1.85 a set.

$1.48 HALL LAMP 98c.



Hall Lamp—like cut—regular price $1.48—all complete special..... **98c**

$1.75 DECORATED 98c.

Decorated table lamps—complete with shade and burner, regular $1.75—special each... **98c**

50c NIGHT LAMPS 29c.

Little red glass night lamps, with globe to match—bought to sell at 50c— special Saturday each..... **29c**

$1.00 GAS LAMPS, 49c.

Gas Lamp, complete, with mantle—shade and chimney, worth $1, special each. **49c**

A beautiful and complete line of electric and gas portables, gas and electric shades and globes just received. Prices the lowest in the city.

School Shoes



Buy where you can get the most reliable and best values.

Boys' and Youths', in satin, calf and vici, prices from 98c to **$3.00**

Ask to see our Boys' Nappa (waterproof) at $2.50 and..... **$3.00**

Misses' and Child's in box calf, velour calf and vici, low heel and spring heel, from 98c to..... **$3.00**

Ladies, you can still buy our bargain lot of $3.00 Shoes Saturday for..... **$1.98**

SUFFEL & CO. 131 W. Superior St.

BIG DISCOUNT.



Your teeth, if white, even and clean, will do more to make you pleasing and popular than the most expensive clothing. Broken, crooked or decayed teeth are unsightly and revolting and cause the breath to have an offensive odor.

We have the largest office in Duluth. We are here to stay. We do as we advertise.

Full set Teeth.....$4 and up Porcelain Crowns...$4 and $5
Gold Crowns.....$5 and $6 Silver Fillings.....75c

Ask those we have worked for about us. Call on us, have you teeth examined and get advice. It costs you nothing and may save you pain and money.

Open Day and Night. (Push night call after 8 p. m.)

LEE & TURLEY, 114-16 W. Superior St. (OVER FOLZ.)

TRUSTEES ENJOINED

Legal Voters In School District No. 20 Object to Site.

Claim Board Acted Arbitrarily In Matter of New Schoolhouse.

A merry row has been started in school district No. 20, which embraces portions of towns of Duluth and Rice Lake, over the attempt of the board of school trustees to build a new school house in a location claimed to be other than the taxpayers and legal voters of the district voted as the most convenient site.

The trouble has now reached district court through the application of Lars Grindereng, Chris Hendrickson, M. O. Connor and C. Miller, all legal voters in the district, for an order enjoining the board of trustees, comprised of Rudolph Miller, Fred Swenson and Martin Martinson from incurring any expense preparatory to erecting a school building and restraining them from issuing any school orders for material that may already have been had, or for labor already furnished.

The application was made to Judge Cant and the court has ordered the trustees to appear at special term, Oct. 21, and show cause why the injunction should not issue. Judge Cant has issued a temporary injunction against the trustees restraining them from performing the acts mentioned, pending the hearing to be held tomorrow.

The taxpayers claim that at the annual school meeting held July 15 last the question of a site for the new schoolhouse was submitted to the voters in the district and, by a vote of 32 to 2, it was decided to erect the building on the south half of the northeast quarter of section 21-51-13, where the highway crosses Lester river. This location is on the Perrault farm on Lester river, and is claimed to be the most convenient for school purposes for the whole community embraced in the district.

Instead of erecting the building on the site alleged to have been chosen, the board of trustees held another meeting at the home of one Olson, Sept. 22, for the purpose of fixing on a site for the rural institution of learning. The proceedings of that meeting state that the board, having considered two different sites petitioned for, one on the Perrault farm and another on the southeast corner of the northeast quarter of section 20-51-13, a location said to be about three-fourths of a mile from the Perrault farm, decided to locate the school house on the last named site, and instructed the clerk to go ahead and hire men to do the work of building at $2.50 per day, and $5 per day for team work.

The clerk is said to have followed out his instructions and work has proceeded on the school house. The taxpayers now seek to enjoin the issuance of school orders, on the ground that the trustees have exceeded their authority in selecting a site contrary to the wishes of the voters. It is also claimed that the board had no legal right to go ahead with building operations without first calling for competitive bids, and that the clerk has no authority, as a district officer, to enter into private contracts of any kind, involving an outlay of the money paid into the district treasury.

The protesting taxpayers and voters are represented by I. Grettum.

It is understood that the school trustees will be represented by M. Douglas.

DECEMBER AND MAY.

Man of Seventy-Two Will Wed Girl of Sixteen.

Windfall, Ind., Oct. 20.—A marriage license has been issued by County Clerk D. H. Kemp at Tipton to Isaac Summers, aged 72 years, and Miss Minnie A. Applegate, aged 16. Both reside in the west end of this county. Mr. Summers is a brother of Golvin Summers of this place, and is the owner of a good farm. He has a large family of children and quite a number of grand children. The intended bride is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Applegate of the same neighborhood. Her father accompanied the intended husband to the clerk's office and gave the necessary consent to issue the license.

Going to Bed Hungry.

It Is all Wrong and Man Is the Only Creature That Does It.

The complete emptiness of the stomach during sleep adds greatly to the amount of emaciation, sleeplessness and general weakness so often met with. There is a perpetual change of tissues in the body, sleeping or waking, and the supply of nourishment ought to be somewhat continuous and food taken just before retiring, adds more tissue than is destroyed, and increased weight and vigor is the result. Dr. W. T. Cathell says: "All animals except man eat before sleep and there is no reason in Nature why men should form the exception to the rule."

If people who are thin, nervous and sleepless would take a light lunch of bread and milk or oatmeal and cream and at the same time take a safe, harmless stomach remedy like Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets in order to aid the stomach in digesting it, the result will be a surprising increase in weight, strength and general vigor. The only drawback has been that thin, nervous, dyspeptic people cannot digest and assimilate wholesome food at night or any other time. For such it is absolutely necessary to use Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, because they will digest the food, no matter how weak the stomach may be, nourishing the body and resting the stomach at the same time.

Dr. Stevenson says: "I depend almost entirely upon Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets in treating indigestion, because it is not a quack nostrum, and I know just what they contain, a combination of vegetable essences, pure pepsin. They cure Dyspepsia and stomach troubles, because they can't help but cure." Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are sold by druggists everywhere at 50 cents per package. They are in lozenge form, pleasant to take, and contain nothing but pure pepsin, vegetable essences and bismuth, scientifically compounded. Your druggist will tell you they give universal satisfaction.

SATURDAY From 8 a. m. to 12 o'clock, noon.

Ladies' slippers

For a quarter of a dollar—250 pairs ladies' or misses boudoir or house slippers, genuine Turkish—beautifully embroidered in gold cord with silk pompoms—they are worth and sell everywhere for 50c. Saturday from 8 to 12 o'clock, noon—per pair **25c**

(Limit 1 pair to a customer.)

SATURDAY From 8 a. m. to 12 o'clock, noon.

Knives

Bread knives, butcher knives, kitchen knives—of every description—1,000 of them on sale from 8 to 12, noon, in our House-furnishing department—worth 25c each—the price.. **5c**

(Limit 3 knives to a customer.)

SATURDAY From 8 a. m. to 12 o'clock, noon.

Domet flannels

One case of 32 pieces—and no more—will be sold. It is half bleached, full width (namely 28 inches) and is a regular 7c quality. The price from 8 a. m. to 12 o'clock, noon, will be—per yard **4c**

(Limit 15 yards to a customer.)

SATURDAY From 8 a. m. to 12 o'clock, noon.

Cups and saucers

Five gross German china cups and saucers—large size cup—handsome carnation decoration, with gold trimming—worth 25c each, or $2.75 per dozen. Saturday from 8 to 12 o'clock, the price is $1.00 per dozen. Each **10c**

(Limit 1 doz. to a customer.)

SATURDAY From 8 a. m. to 12 o'clock, noon.

Iron beds

50 full size or three-quarter iron beds, in white or green enamel. They are worth $2.50 each and we have sold thousands of them in the past three years at $1.98. Our price from 8 a. m. to 12 o'clock, tomorrow, is **$1.19**

(Limit 1 to a customer.)

SATURDAY From 8 a. m. to 12 o'clock, noon.

Dressing sacques

LISTEN TO THIS! We will sell just 25 dozen of ladies' flannelette dressing sacques, nicely trimmed in Persian effects. They are worth 75c anywhere on earth, but we want to see you here tomorrow morning. Will this bring you out? From 8 a. m. to 12 o'clock, each **25c**

(Limit two to a customer.)

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE — WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

The question with us is

How can we take the proper care of our patrons tomorrow, SATURDAY? We have now in full blast our semi-annual notion sale and our advance sale of holiday and standard books. These two sales, combined with our regular big Saturday business, will tax our salespeople, our elevators and our delivery system to their utmost capacity. Our salespeople cannot give you the attention or satisfaction we direct they shall give you, especially in the afternoon and evening, and in order to relieve the congestion in the afternoons we have decided to offer SIX OF THE MOST WONDERFUL BARGAINS we have ever treated our patrons to. Read the bargains over carefully—you will find them at the top of this advertisement. You can get them in the FORENOON ONLY, between the hours of 8 and 12 o'clock.

PLEASE NOTE—Every bargain is a hummer, and while we will have plenty of each article at 8 o'clock, we don't guarantee the quantities will hold out until noon—so be wise and come early. Enough said.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE — WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

Recognized distinctiveness in Glass Block suits, furs, millinery

Qualities acquired only through immense buying from foremost creators, are clearly evidenced in every article in our cloak and suit department. We give you the largest variety, best styles and greatest values—all at honest prices. Our rapidly growing business assures us of the appreciation of our methods and of the values we give.

Ladies' coats $8.50

For Saturday we will have 75 Empire styles and loose-fitting mannish coats of handsome new mixtures in grays, browns and greens that are worth $15.00 each. They're the best styles you can find anywhere, but we have only two and three of a kind, and, at the price they won't last long, so you'd better be early—Saturday's price..... **$8.50**



Fur-lined coats.

We have received many compliments from "women who know" on our line of handsome fur-lined garments—compliments on the style and beauty and compliments on the generous values indicated in our lower prices. We have all varieties from genuine mink-lined to coney-lined—and the prices are one-third less than those asked elsewhere in the city.

New waists.

in Albatross, nun's veiling, etc., will be on sale Saturday at $1.49 to $2.48.

Children's coats.

are shown in greater variety of style and genuine value here, than is possible in any other Duluth store. Saturday we will give you an all wool navy cheviot or nobby mixture coat, lined with fine red flannel and with emblems on the sleeves—(a coat that is selling about town at $7.50)—for a price that makes them big bargains **$5.98**



Our fine furs

are dependable — sold on their merits and for only what they are,—not what they appear to be. All the varieties are here—scarf and muff sets, boas, collarettes, throws, scarfs, four-in-hands, etc., and the prices are honest.

Raincoats Saturday $12.50.

Priestly's Cravenette, made up in the latest approved models of elegance and style and with an eye to superiority in the perfection of detail. These coats are values that can not be duplicated in this city for less than $20. Saturday, as a special inducement to those who need raincoats we make the price..... **$12.50**

Tailored Suits $24.50.

Saturday will offer something special in handsome coat suits in plain black, navy and brown cheviots and fancy mixtures, with 50-inch coats half-lined with Skinner satin, and stylish skirts. Only one and two of a kind but they're worth $35.00—Saturday the price is.... **$24.50**



New separate skirts

We've just received another big shipment of ladies' fine tailored skirts, and they'll be ready for you Saturday. The prices will please you in every case—$5.98 to $24.50.

New fitted coats.

We want to show you the largest and most handsome assortment of fitted 50 and 52-inch coats in this city—broadcloths, kerseys, montagnacs and unfinished worsteds—all Skinner satin lined and better values at equal prices than any other store can show—$29.50 to $45.00.

Finest headwear.

DRESS HATS—One table of 35 models of beautiful dress hats, made of rich velvets, and trimmed with breasts, wings, pompons and ostrich plumes in the most artistic styles,—hats that are considered exceptionally good values in the smaller millinery stores at $5 and $6—our price Saturday is.. **$3.95**



BOYS' AND GIRLS' TAMS—All-wool cloth tam-o'-shanters, trimmed with all silk ribbons—they're full size and the colors are brown, cardinal and navy. They're good 75c values, but for Saturday our price is..... **50c**

TRIMMED SHAPES—One table of trimmed street hats for ladies and misses, in sailor and turban shapes, of mostly this season's styles—(a few from last season)—but worth up to $2.50 each—in two lots for Saturday—don't miss the chance ..... **15c and 25c**

PRESIDENT MUST FIGHT

To Get His Pet Measures Through the Next Congress.

Rate Legislation Especially Opposed By Strong Party Men.

Washington, Oct. 20.—With the return of the president to Washington and the consequent coming of senators and representatives to see him, it has been possible to gain a clearer idea of the prospects for the coming long session of congress.

If things do not come to an open clash between the controlling element in the senate and a large element in the house and the president, some careful manipulation and mutual concessions will have to come about.

This is particularly true on the matter of rate legislation. In the light of developments, it seems extremely doubtful whether the president will be able to force through congress the program he will insist upon.

In his conference with Representative Townsend and others the president made it plain he did not intend to weaken on the rate question, but would speak clearly in his message for the same vigorous legislation he has all along advocated.

On the other hand, there have come from powerful members in house and senate unmistakable notes of opposition to such a program, and it is clear this opposition is going to be strong, well organized, well directed, and that it is not going to be stampeded by fear of the White House.

Such men as Dalzell in the house and such leaders as Foraker and Elkins in the senate are not going to yield on the rate question, and, if a measure proposing to give the interstate commerce commission power to fix rates that shall be effective when ordered substituted for unreasonable rates is fought for by the president, there will result a contest that is likely to sidetrack other legislation.

In the end, a compromise may be forced, but it is doubtful whether it will go to the point of giving the interstate commerce commission power to revise rates. Indeed, from the railroad standpoint, a measure that went so far as that would not be a compromise and in the eyes of the West any measure that stops short of giving the commission such power, will be a defeat.

Herein lies the difficulty of compromise, and a straight-out fight in which one side or the other will be worsted, seems the more probable.

Senators Foraker and Gallagher of New Hampshire, and Representative Dalzell are outspoken against rate legislation of any kind.

The only seeming hope for the president's plans would be in a coalition of the Democrats and the Republican minority in the senate, of which Senator Dolliver would be the natural leader.

But the Democrats are by no means a unit in wanting a radical rate legislation.

As to tariff revision, it is remarkable that there has been scarcely a member of congress in Washington in the last week who has not given his unhesitating belief there will be no revision this winter. A steadily declining deficit is the most potent argument set forth why no attempt at revision should be made.

There has been much confidence in administration circles that the senate would ratify the Santo Domingo treaty without much opposition this winter. Within the last week, however, signs of opposition have developed.

Statehood will furnish another subject for controversy. This, however, will not be an administration and anti-administration contest.

Federal control of insurance is likely to be an attractive subject for congress to discuss. In view of the large constitutional questions involved and state jealousy of such a step, it is regarded by many as doubtful whether there will be any action.

A corrupt practice act, which the president will advocate, will stand an excellent show of passing both houses.

One of the bones of contention will be free trade with the Philippines, which will not arouse the opposition of last winter.

A measure providing for abolition of the tariff wall between this country and the islands will be advanced by the president.

MANY WISH TO WED

Pretty Illinois Waitress Who Has Just Inherited $30,000.

Jacksonville, Ill., Oct. 20.—Cora Barton, a pretty young waitress of Jacksonville, has just fallen heir to an estate valued at between $25,000 and $30,000, located in Colorado. The property comes to Miss Barton through her grandmother on her father's side.

For 14 years Mrs. Vine Barton and the daughter, Cora, have lived in Jacksonville, both working for small weekly wages at the Talbot cafe, never dreaming that a snug little fortune was awaiting the girl.

When the mother of Mrs. Barton's husband died, she left real estate valued at $60,000, and it is this property that is to be given to Miss Barton in part, the other heir being Mrs. Dell H. Robinson of New York.

Mrs. Barton and her husband separated fourteen years before his death. Since then she has been making her own living.

Mrs. Barton and her daughter have gone to Colorado Springs to look after the estate.

Since Miss Barton has given the public the news of her good luck, she has had numerous offers of marriage from strangers, and some from patrons of the restaurant, who had deigned to notice her hitherto. She has completely ignored all these propositions.

RETURNS TO OLD FAITH.

Hindu Woman Renounces Christianity After Work as Missionary.

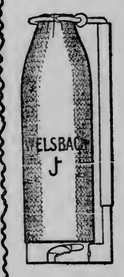
Baltimore, Md., Oct. 20.—Information has just reached this country that Soobooangam Ammal, the high caste Hindu woman who made her home with Miss Grace Stephens and assisted her in her Zanana work in Madras, India, under the auspices of the Woman's Foreign Missionary society of the Methodist Episcopal church, has not, after all, been abducted, as at first believed. Her disappearance from the home of her co-workers in Madras was the occasion of much anxiety.

It now appears that she has returned to her people and her faith after ten years of indefatigable work as a Christian among the women of her race.

The Original "J" Brand Welsbach Mantle Price 30c

This mantle represents the finest product of our factory.

It is the best mantle made



Gives 15% more light, uses 12% less gas than any other mantle.

Strength Unexcelled

It is the cheapest mantle because it saves gas, it gives more light, it lasts longest.

Buy the best and the cheapest: *The "J" Brand Welsbach*

Price, 30 cents.

Imitations are Worthless and Extravagant

Remember all mantles are not Welsbachs. The genuine has this Shield of Quality on the box. Five kinds, 15, 20, 25, 30, 35c. TRADE MARK



For Sale by All Dealers

FREE—Ask your dealer for a Welsbach paper cutter. It's pretty, useful and FREE

FARMER SEEKING A CITY FIANCEE

She Borrowed $300 and He Is Certain She Was Kidnaped.

Philadelphia, Oct. 20.—Notwithstanding the fact that she came to him under rather suspicious circumstances, obtained $200 or $300 from him under conditions which are not exactly according to etiquette, and then went away without saying good-bye, Frank S. Hallowell of Ridgeway, Elk county, Pennsylvania, believes firmly in the honesty of his "fiancee," Miss Agnes Russell.

Miss Russell, a 19-year-old brunette of stylish appearance and a pronounced Southern dialect, formerly boarded in Arch street, near Broad. She inserted the following advertisement in several newspapers:

MATRIMONY—Southern young lady, sunny disposition, seeks life partner; one who will appreciate loving wife; object matrimony.

Hallowell, who is a farmer and 55 years old, answered the advertisement, and invited her to visit him at his farm. He is a widower with three children.

Miss Russell accepted the invitation, stayed a week, got Hallowell desperately in love with her, was introduced to the neighbors as his intended wife, and borrowed $40 to go home. She told him that she was a daughter of Col. Russell of Atlanta, Ga., and that her father left her the old homestead, worth about $15,000, when he died recently.

Not long after that she wrote asking for $25, which was sent. Then she said that, inasmuch as they were to be married Oct. 1, it was about time to be thinking of the trousseau. Hallowell came to town with $125, made the rounds of the stores with her, and pawned his watch to get back to Ridgeway, Elk county.

After that he sent her $40 to go to see her mother, who, she said, was ill in Atlanta. This was the last the farmer heard of her. He came to this city and learned to his surprise that she had not yet left town. He did not see her, but a few minutes after he called at her boarding house she went to Broad street station in a cab with her trunk on top.

Private detectives are looking for Miss Russell, who Hallowell believes has been murdered or kidnaped. The detectives found a memorandum in Miss Russell's waste basket which reads as follows:

"Harlem S. Tinsel, Bellefontaine, Pa., $75; H. A. Barleigh, Rock Haven, Pa., $125; W. J. Shelby, Bedford, Pa., $15; Charles P. Nichols, Newtown, $120; Philip Patton, $25."

Still Hallowell has faith.

INTERCHURCH CONFERENCE

On Federation to Be Held In New York Soon.

New York, Oct. 20.—Less than a month will pass before the five hundred or more delegates will gather here for a week's session of the interchurch conference on federation. At the committee meeting just held the executive committee and its various sub-committees reported that practically everything is in readiness for what is more than likely to prove the most important meeting ever held in this country, at which a large number of religious bodies have official representation.

The delegates to come to New York next month will represent about thirty evangelical denominations, and most of these bodies will be further represented by addresses made by their leading clergymen and laymen. Just what will result from the conference cannot be positively foretold, but it is expected here that the delegates will take action in favor of a permanent organization. This cannot be completely effected at the coming meeting, as the matter will have to be recommended by the several delegations back to the denominational bodies which appointed them. Some of these bodies do not meet in convention for several years, which will defer permanent organization, should it be decided upon. The coming conference can, however, provide for a tentative organization, pending action by the denominational bodies, and this is likely to be done.

An impression prevails that the coming meeting is one of the National Federation of Churches. This is not so, as the relation of that organization to the interchurch conference on federation is merely that, at the request of one of the larger denominations, it issued the call for the conference, asking the evangelical bodies, those held to be in accord on the fundamental basis for Christian work, to name delegates to a conference at which methods in which these bodies might act in concert on lines held by them in common might be considered.

The Original Laxative Cough Syrup is Kennedy's Laxative Honey and Tar. It expels all cold from the system by acting as a cathartic on the bowels. Kennedy's Laxative Honey and Tar is a certain, safe, prompt and harmless cure for colds, croup and whooping cough. Sold by all druggists.

CREDIT

Fall and Winter Clothing

For Men, Women and Children



Be Sensible—Don't put off buying seasonable Clothing any longer. Come in now, select what you want and we will sell it to you on easy payments at cash store prices. $1.00 a week payments.



For Women Suits, Coats, Skirts, Waists, Millinery, Furs, Raincoats and Shoes, on Credit.

For Men and Boys Suits, Topcoats, Overcoats, Raincoats, Hats, and Shoes, on Credit. Cash Store Prices Guaranteed.

53 STORES **MENTER & ROSENBLOOM CO.**

201 WEST SUPERIOR STREET, UPSTAIRS.

D. E. H. Oct. 20, 1905.

JUMPED INTO POPULARITY!

Four months ago this very day "The Columbia" opened shop in Duluth and the final advent of colder weather and the real opening of the fall and winter season reveals the fact that this is today the most popular and the busiest clothing store in the city. Part of this immediate success may be due to the excellent location of our corner, part of it to the large clientele which we inherited from Mr. Burrows, but we are inclined to ascribe most of it to these two cardinal principles which guide every one connected with The Columbia:



Don't hug the old Burrows' idea that you must pay big prices to get good merchandise. We are teaching you that this is the cheapest store in Duluth—not in quality, but in price.

The person who enters this store is not approached with the idea to get as much of his or her money as possible, but to make a friend and a lasting customer. Ponder the difference!

MEN'S SUITS.

MAIN FLOOR.

OUR MAMMOTH SUIT STOCK is now complete. Without any undue egotism we can assert that it stands alone as the one of its kind in Duluth. Not only double in size, but also beyond comparison in quality and exclusiveness. We do not buy our suits from everybody and get the patterns and designs that are hawked about by every two-penny clothing maker. Ours come from the standard makers who are able to control their patterns. Therefore, if you buy a suit here you will not meet a dozen others in the same block like it. But even though they are better they cost no more or not as much as those made for a double profit.

In this connection we want everybody to know that we are catering to the wants of the masses, that we have suits for the rich and for the poor, that our $10 suits are made with the same strength and care which has put our $25 ones above the ordinary tailor sort.

Suit prices, $8.50 to $30.

Three famous makes sold here: Stein-Bloch; Kuh, Nathan & Fischer and Brock's union label suits.

Grand Suit Special for Saturday—

Nearly two hundred $12.50, $15.00 and even some $18.00 suits, of which we have not all sizes, have been placed on one table with a general mark-down, to..... **$9.50**

The lot includes cassimeres, fancy worsteds, black clays and blue serge suits.

OVERCOATS.

SECOND FLOOR.

HALF OF OUR SECOND floor completely filled with overcoats. Those of you who have been on that floor must know what that means. Burrows, in his palmiest days, never carried such a stock—no other store in Duluth ever carried half its size, and its size is not all by any means. The quality of our overcoats is known to everybody, but the prices we have put on them are not. We are new to the Duluth public and from what we have seen and heard we think our methods are. Therefore, our prices are different—different even from those of our predecessor, who carried the same well-known, high-class makes — and different always in that they are lower.

Cloth Overcoats from $8.50 to $45 —and you may rest assured when you buy a $10 coat or a $40 coat, they will both bear the stamp of goodness.

Here you find also the modern Raincoat and the good Gordon Fur Coats, while sheep and wool, duck and corduroy coats are in our basement store.

Three famous makes sold here: Stein-Bloch; Kuh, Nathan & Fischer and Brock's union label Overcoats.

Fur Lined Overcoats of All Sorts—

Fur-lined coats are here at $35 and up to the finest at $200. Two special values in fur-lined coats. Number one a Marmot-lined coat with unplucked otter collar—at **$40**

Number two is a natural rat-lined coat with No. 1 quality nutria collar, at forty-five dollars.



IN THE CHILDREN'S DEPARTMENT

SECOND FLOOR.





We never neglect the boys, and this department is just as complete and full of good things as that for the men. Here we follow out the same policy of buying from the best makers, and while our knee pant suits start at $1.50 they never stop until they get to $12.

We are exclusive agents for the three best makers in the United States—Skotny, Peck and Alsberg-Moritz, and we buy from a dozen others who excel in or make a specialty of one or the other kind of the cheaper grades. The fact that such makers confine their goods to us is proof positive of their confidence in our selling ability.

MANY SPECIALS FOR TOMORROW, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 21.

REEFERS AT $1.98.
For Saturday we offer as special about 75 small sized reefers, in ages 3, 4 and 5, which sold last season at $4, $5 and $6.

BOYS' SHIRTS AT 35c.
A lot of 75c and $1 quality shirts with soft bosoms—only sizes 12 to 13½ left—and only five dozen—they go tomorrow at 35c.

PURITAN STOCKINGS, 18c.
Our famous Puritan boys' stockings at 18 cents, but for Saturday only. Regularly sold here for 25c.

KNEE PANT SUITS AT $2.85.
A lot of about one hundred $4 and $5 knee pant suits, in splendid wearing cheviots and Scotch Mixtures. Ages 8 to 16.

NELSON SWEATERS, 78c.
For one day—Saturday—only, we offer Nelson's $1 sweaters in all colors at 78c. You must call tomorrow.

YOUNG MEN'S SUITS AT $5.48.
About fifty young men's winter weight suits which formerly sold for $10 and $12. Single breasted styles only.

BOYS' UNDERWEAR, 25c.
About 25 dozen heavy tan colored cotton ribbed underwear—a splendid 50 cent garment. We offer it at 25 cents.

HEAVY KNEE PANTS AT 50c.
Fifty dozen heavy black cheviot knee pants, as good as any store in town offers at $1. Piped pockets and guaranteed seams. 50c at all times. Ask for the "Columbia Special."

FIFTY PAIRS OF BOYS' SHOES, DIFFERENT LOTS, SIZES 13 TO 6, WERE $2.50 AND $3.00—SATURDAY SPECIAL, $1.48.

MEN'S HIGH GRADE SHOES.

REAR OF MAIN FLOOR.

Our **COLUMBIA $3.50 SHOE** is famous throughout Northern Wisconsin. It is bound to be famous in Duluth and Northern Minnesota. People know a good thing when they see it, and it is easily seen in our shoes at $3.50. We make a broad statement and a truthful one, when we say that there is better workmanship, better leather, better linings, more style, more wear and more comfort in our Columbia $3.50 Shoe than in any $4 shoe sold in Duluth.

All our plain leather **HANAN SHOES** and all our patent leather Hanan Shoes, not bluchers, we still sell at $5, notwithstanding the fact that they have advanced in cost price from 50c to 75c per pair. We are able to do this because our shoe department is operated at a very small expense and because it is in line with our general policy.

MEN'S FINE FURNISHINGS.

FIRST FLOOR AND BASEMENT STORE.

In this department we make no comparisons short of the Twin Cities. Everything that can be found at the most exclusive Haberdasher can be found here, and at clothing store prices. If there is any department in which we excel it is in the Furnishings. Everything from a collar button to the finest of silk underwear sold on the same percentage of profit. Whenever we buy a snap you will get it with that same percentage added.

FAMOUS MUSSER HOSE, 50c.
Just placed in stock to be retailed at 50 cents. Here is also a full line of the "Shaw Knit."

SPALDING SWEATERS AT $5.
Just received a full line of Spalding's Intercollegiate sweaters, in the different colorings, which we will sell at the uniform price of $5.

SANITARY UNDERWEAR AT 39c.
Heavy (13 pounds to the dozen) wool fleeced sanitary underwear—a much better quality than most stores sell for 50c. Our price 39c.

$2.00 RIBBED UNDERWEAR AT 98c.
Owing to an extra closing out purchase from Wilson Brothers we can offer $2 quality ribbed underwear at 98c

COLUMBIA CLOTHING CO.

THIRD AVENUE WEST AND SUPERIOR STREET. DULUTH, MINN.

AGENTS FOR KNAPP-FELT $6, KNOX $5, STETSON $5 AND $3.50, GORDON, YOUNG AND COLUMBIA $3 HATS.

Jaeger

This celebrated underwear gives more warmth, weight for weight, than any other made. Those who have not yet tried it ought to lose no time before the winter comes on.

Catalogue explains everything. Free, with samples.

For Sale By
A.B. SIEWERT & CO.

RUNAWAY BOY IS RELEASED

Ticket For His Return Home Comes Too Late.

Failing to receive any response to his telegram to the parents of Bennie Blowers, Chief Troyer yesterday afternoon released the runaway boy, who was picked up Wednesday as he left the train from Fargo, and a short time later a ticket for the boy's return to Rice Lake was received.

The boy is only 15 years of age, and for the last two or three months he has been knocking about the country earning his living by odd jobs.

"You won't get any answer to your telegram," the boy said to the chief. "They don't want me back home again. I was always blamed for anything that went wrong at home," he continued, "and my father used to take it out of me whenever anything went wrong.

"I don't like bumming around the country like this. I wish I could get a steady job some place and settle down to work."

"How do you manage to support yourself?" he was asked.

"With this," he replied, pointing to his bootblack's kit. "I shine shoes when I am not looking for something to do."

The boy is a capable looking lad, with a firmly moulded jaw, and a pair of steady eyes. His hands are hardened with work, and his sturdy figure shows plenty of endurance powers.

He disappeared after being released, and is believed to have gone to Eveleth, for which city he was headed when arrested.

HOLD SAILOR TO GRAND JURY

Victim of His Assault Claimed to Be Demented.

After hearing the evidence submitted yesterday at the preliminary hearing of Gus Holmberg, who is charged with assaulting the mate of the steamer Alva, Judge Windom bound the prisoner over to await the action of the grand jury on the charge of second degree assault.

Captain Mulholland stated that he had seen John Young, the victim of the assault, in Chicago recently, and that he appeared to be partially demented as a result of the blow which Holmberg had dealt him with the hatch club last month.

Other witnesses testified that Holmberg had gained the name of "The Terrible Finn" by his quarrelsome tendencies.

CALLS BIBLE BOOK OF LIFE

Rev. John Powell Gives His Second Lecture on the Scriptures.

Rev. John W. Powell gave the second of his course of lectures, at the Endion Methodist church, last evening, and discussed the topic, "The Bible as a Book of Life."

Rev. Mr. Powell said the Bible is filled with human life, its strength and its weakness and it is because mankind seeks to make it out as something strange and artificial that the book is not more commonly read today. He commented on the Bible as the history and literature of the people and said that it has prepared the world for the coming of One whom it has recognized as its most perfect character and greatest spiritual teacher.

The Bible was also characterized as a revelation from God, the key of which is the sense of human life in the scriptures. Mr. Powell closed by saying that the whole book is to be studied; that when this is done people will learn that it grew out of the exigencies, the temptations, the burdens and the sins of human life and came down to us at the hand of living men who had thought and felt deeply and had seen great visions of God; that these men sought to teach these visions to the people.

A charming breakfast dish—

Grape-Nuts,

contains all the necessary food elements in perfect combination—

A CLEAR BRAIN AND STEADY NERVES.

POTATOES ARE HIGHER

Sharp Raise In Price of Tubers Is Reported.

California Fruit Season Over—Apple Season at Its Height.

The raise in the price of potatoes came as predicted this week and they are now selling at 50 cents a bushel.

"We are now looking for potatoes," said one of the commission men yesterday, in speaking of the market conditions. "They are not so easy to get as they were two or three weeks ago, and it is necessary to hunt around for them a little.

"The crop around Duluth has not been a very large one, and the quality has been disappointing. In some other parts of the state, and in other states where the crop was fairly heavy, the potatoes are rotting, and I would not be surprised to see a high price asked for them before the winter is over. They are now quoted at 50 cents here on the street, and are hard to get at that figure. The market certainly has a bullish tone now."

* * *

The entire California fruit season is now practically over, with the exception of the Winter Nellis pears and the Tokay grapes.

The Nellis pears will continue to come in for another month yet, but the season for the Tokay grapes is nearly over. No more will be shipped this year, and as soon as the stock on hand and that in transit is cleaned up, the Tokays will be out of the market. The crop was a very large one this year, and the price was under that usually quoted for California grapes.

As soon as the Tokays cease coming, the Malagas and other varieties packed in barrels will be brought in. They will sell for about $3.50 per barrel.

* * *

The only state shipping grapes at present, is New York.

The heavy rains in Michigan have spoiled the grapes there to such an extent that it is not believed they will be worth shipping after the rains stop. It is the fag end of the season there, and the shipments would be light in any event.

In New York state, great difficulty is being experienced in finding cars in which to ship the fruit. The crop is heavy enough to warrant very reasonable prices, and when a dealer is fortunate enough to secure a car of New York Concords, he can ask and secure a high price for them.

* * *

It is estimated that from twenty to twenty-five car loads of apples per day are being received in Duluth at the present time. There are two or three commission firms along Michigan street, which are averaging four or five cars per day, apiece.

The largest apple dealers in Duluth have buyers and packers in the apple country to keep them supplied with fruit. The entire orchard of a farmer is bought on the trees, and the apples are picked and packed by the men in the employ of the Duluth firms. They are then shipped to one of the Lake Erie ports and come up the lakes by boat. In this way the dealers know exactly what they are buying, and they can furnish whatever quality is desired.

No higher prices are looked for during the next month or two at least. The growers, knowing the crop would be a short one, fixed an arbitrary price at the opening of the season, and if unable to sell at their own figure, placed their apples in cold storage to be sold later at that price.

Baldwins and russets, and some of the later varieties are now on the market, but it is still a little early for them.

There will be no more crab apples received this year, and after the stocks on hand have been cleaned up they will be out of the market.

* * *

It is still very early for the new crop of oranges, but some shipments from Jamaica, and one or two cars from Florida have been received.

Some advance shipments of grape fruit are also being received from Florida, but the season is very early for it yet.

* * *

There has been little or no change in the conditions of the butter, egg and cheese markets during the last week, but an advance in prices is looked for in the near future. The demand for butter is heavy, and with the approach of cold weather, an advance is inevitable. The present price of creamery prints is 23 cents, while the fancy dairies are selling for 19 cents.

Fresh eggs are firm at 20 cents, but no immediate advance is looked for as the receipts are sufficient to supply the demand.

* * *

With the arrival of colder weather, dressed poultry is beginning to replace live poultry in the market, and the receipts are now for the most part dressed.

Already the usual reports about the scarcity of turkeys for Thanksgiving are beginning to be heard. The price of turkeys is now 17 cents, and the dealers say that their agents report the Thanksgiving birds as being very scarce all through the West.

Poultry receipts have been heavy during the week, but prices remain at about the same mark as last week.

* * *

The branch packing houses report a brisk week's business. The colder weather has proved beneficial to their trade, as usual, and all of the branches have about all the business they can attend to. There has been no change in meat prices during the week.

Dyspepsia—bane of human existence. Burdock Blood Bitters cures it, promptly, permanently. Regulates and tones the stomach.

AFRICAN NATIVES

Are Being Civilized By Influence of the Missions.

New York, Oct. 20.—That African natives are being civilized by mission influences is made evident by an account of a native wedding at Baraka, West Africa, sent home by one of the missionaries of the Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions, and just received here. The description of the bride's dress is considered important, naturally. We are told that she wore soft pique, with a train and a veil, contrasting pleasantly with the black, crinkly hair. The groom was in conventional evening dress, as were some of his friends. There were two ceremonies, civil and religious, and then the bride, Ogandaga, and the groom received their friends for an hour. At the end of that time the bride left the room to change her costume, being quite delighted to get rid of her corsets, the first she had ever worn. She came back in a loose dress, such as is commonly worn by the women at the station. Then came the feast, served on two long tables. There were sixty covers, each supplied with knife, fork and plate, and some even had napkins! Two goats had been killed and nicely cooked in several ways. Friends had sent gifts of cooked chicken, fish, rice and plantains. Dancing began during the day and continued till morning. A few days later the newly wedded couple went down the coast, where the groom is engaged in trade. Baraka is on the Gaboon river, near the equator, about ten miles from the Atlantic ocean. It was one of the stations visited this year by the Rev. Dr. A. W. Halsey, one of the secretaries of the Presbyterian foreign board.

This is an opportunity to dress up for the winter at a saving of nearly half.

KENNEY & ANKER
409-411 WEST SUPERIOR ST., DULUTH.

Among the country's most famous makers S. Samuels & Bro. and Henry W. Cane & Co. hold an honored name.

By a Brilliant Stroke of Enterprise, We

CLOSED OUT

At practically our own price—The season's surplus lines of S. Samuels & Bro., 707 Broadway, New York—Henry W. Cane & Co., 739 Broadway, New York—

MEN'S SUITS AND OVERCOATS

BOYS' SUITS AND OVERCOATS

Heavy Fleece-lined Underwear—
50c



Fur and Fur-Lined Coats—
$15 to $150.

This Swell Overcoat **$9.75**

And we shall pass them to the people at less than they cost the manufacturers.

Nowhere have the depressing effects of the backward season been more heavily felt than in the manufacturing centers of the East. Henry Fares, our clothing buyer, discovered in New York a spirit of unrest bordering on a panic among manufacturers, whose stocks are much heavier than usual at this stage of the season. Spot cash works wonders on a panicky market and he took a chance, buying the entire surplus stock of these matchless makers at the greatest price concessions we ever knew. **The goods are here. The sale begins tomorrow morning.** Here is the proposition:

S. Samuels & Bros.'s Men's $10 and $12 Suits and Overcoats	S. Samuels & Bros.'s Men's $15 and $16 Suits and Overcoats	S. Samuel's & Bros.'s Men's $20 and 22 Suits and Overcoats
In the season's popular styles. Perfect Suits and Overcoats designed for dress and business wear. All subject to your choice for—	A broad assortment of beautiful foreign and domestic Suitings and Overcoating weaves, hand tailored. All subject to your choice for—	The finest specimens of the tailor's art. Imported Suitings and Overcoatings. Fashioned to perfection. All subject to your choice
$7.75	**$9.75**	**$14.75**

Come on Boys! It's Your Turn Now!

We were fortunate in securing the season's latest styles in Boys' and Youths' Suits and Overcoats of the famous Crescent make—Henry W. Cane & Co., manufacturers. Mothers will be interested in this sale, enabling them to dress the children for winter at great savings.

Knickerbocker or Knee Trouser Suits.

Ages 3 to 17.

Russian, Norfolk, Sailor and double-breasted jacket 2-piece styles.

Suits that were made by Henry W. Cane & Co. to sell for $4.00 and $4.50—in this sale **$2.95**

Suits that were made by Henry W. Cane & Co. to sell for $5.00 and $6.00—in this sale..... **$3.95**

Suits that were made by Henry W. Cane & Co. to sell for $6.50 and $7.00—in this sale **$4.95**

Youths' Suits, made up in true mannish style, single and double-breasted. Henry W. Cane & Co.'s prices were $10.00 and $12.00—in this sale **$6.45**

Children's Shoes. Children's Gloves and Mittens.

Boys' Overcoats.

(Ages 3 to 8.)

Overcoats that were made by Henry W. Cane & Co. to sell for $4.00 and $4.50—in this sale **$2.95**

Boys' Overcoats.

(Ages 9 to 16.)

Overcoats that were made by Henry W. Cane & Co. to sell for $6.00 and $7.00—in this sale **$4.95**

CHILDREN'S SWEATERS, good all wool...$1.50 and $1.00
CHILDREN'S UNDERWEAR, fleece lined....25c and 50c
CHILDREN'S CAPS, made for Duluth wear....75c and 50c
CHILDREN'S HOSIERY, for school wear.....50c to 15c



Kenney & Anker, Duluth **Kenney & Anker, Duluth**

SOCIALIST LEADERS

In Germany Are Wealthy and Do Not Divide Riches.

Berlin, Oct. 20.—Herr Bebel, leader of the Social Democrats, has inherited another $50,000, under the will of an eccentric man named Kollmann, who, having quarreled with his relatives, made Bebel his heir to spite them, though he had no sympathy with the Socialists.

Herr Bebel had already accumulated a fortune of about $100,000. He has made over $15,000 to the treasury of his party, specifying that one-half of it be used in agitation for political emancipation. Until quite recently Herr Bebel owned a handsome villa on Lake Zurich and all his life has been a hard-working, thrifty man.

But Bebel's wealth is a trifle compared with the fortune of Herr Paul Singer, his colleague in the leadership of the Socialists. Herr Singer is now worth about $6,00,000. His factory is conducted on capitalistic principles, against which Socialist leaders persistently declaim.

Another Socialist leader whose property runs over $200,000 is Dr. Aarons, the writer on economic questions, who inherited most of his fortune. Finally, there is Herr von Voltmann, the proud owner of a romantic castle in the Bavarian Alps, who when at home, assumes with perfect aplomb the manners and ways of a Grand Seigneur.

When these wealthy Socialists are asked why they don't practice what they preach, they reply that there is no use in isolated capitalists beginning the social revolution.

Apitezo
gives strength and rosy health

NEW RECRUITING OFFICER.

Lieut. Oliver Dockery Jr., Of Alaska Will Enlist Soldiers Here.

Lieut. Oliver H. Dockery, Jr., of the Third United States infantry which garrisons Alaska, has arrived in the city to take charge of the local recruiting office. Lieut. Dockery relieves Lieut. Alfred Mason of the artillery corps, whose detail of two years' service here has expired. Lieut. Mason has been ordered to Florida for the next two years.

Lieut. Dockery comes from Fort Egbert, the most northern of army posts in Alaska. It is situated on the Yukon river only a few miles from the Arctic circle. Lieut. Dockery is accompanied by Mrs. Dockery, who will visit at Newark, Ohio, for a few months.

ASPHALT COMPANY WAS LIBERAL TO MATOS.

New York, Oct. 20.—The payment of $130,000 through American asphalt companies to support Gen. Matos' revolution in Venezuela was testified to yesterday by Gen. Avery D. Andrews, vice president of the National Asphalt company. Mr. Andrews gave this testimony before United States Commissioner Gilchrist in the taking of evidence to be used to settle the suit of the Venezuelan government against the New York and Bermudez Asphalt companies for $11,000,000 damages for this company's alleged participation in Gen. Matos' revolution. Early this week Gen. Francis V. Greene, former president of the National Asphalt company, testified to the payment of $100,000 to Gen. Matos. Regarding this statement, Gen. Andrews said that not only was the $100,000 paid, but that Gen. Greene failed to remember an additional payment of $30,000 to the revolutionists. Gen. Greene himself personally authorized and approved this latter payment, the witness said. He added that the $130,000 had been furnished by the Asphalt Company of America, a subsidiary company of the National Asphalt company. Gen. Andrews said that this money was really extorted, that it was paid to protect the property of the company and not in voluntary support of the revolution. He said that Gen. Matos came to New York in the summer of 1901 and upon his representation that the company's property was in danger, they had paid first the $100,000 and then the $30,000.

Gen. Andrews also differed with that part of previous testimony to the effect that the state department in Washington had protected the New York and Bermudez company interest. He said the company had received a letter from Secretary Hay saying he could not interfere in the matter and that the company would have to look to the courts of Venezuela to protect its rights and concessions there.

The witness told of an attempt made by the Castro government to seize the property of the company through the granting of pretended concessions to others in 1900.

Too late to cure a cold after consumption has fastened its deadly grip on the lungs. Take Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup while yet there is time.

JEWELRY WAS HIDDEN BY ONE OF EMPLOYES

New York, Oct. 20.—A girl employing caution in hiding a piece of jewelry over night resulted in an alarm yesterday that a necklace worth several thousand dollars had been stolen. Until the girl herself arrived to reveal the missing jewelry's hiding place, William Scheers manufacturing jewelry establishment at 522 Fifth avenue, was closed to everyone, except detectives and employes, the latter being positively forbidden to leave the place. The girl who works as a polisher appeared at work late and said that not having finished burnishing the jewelry before the safe was closed last night, she had hidden it. Baffled detectives and the force of employes were taken by the girl to the place where she worked the night before. There the jewelry was found concealed.

Your "want" becomes a part of the history of the day when it is printed with the news of the day.

For the Children

To succeed these days you must have plenty of grit, courage, strength. How is it with the children? Are they thin, pale, delicate? Do not forget Ayer's Sarsaparilla. You know it makes the blood pure and rich, and builds up the general health. Sold for sixty years.

We have no secrets! We publish the formulas of all our medicines. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.



"WORLD" BUILDING, NEW YORK.

This great newspaper succeeded because it filled a want no other supplied. So with CORRECT CLOTHES FOR MEN, the best ready-to-wear in the world, labeled

Alfred Benjamin & Co
MAKERS ✻ NEW YORK

The makers' guarantee, and ours, with every garment bearing the above label.
We are exclusive agents here.

Oak Hall Clothing Co.

Cor. Fourth Ave. W. and Sup. St

HEATWOLE IS IN AN INDIANA FEUD

Minnesota Man a Factor In Political Row In Old Home.

Goshen, Ind., Oct. 20.—Into Goshen's postoffice scandal, which grew out of forced contributions to campaign funds by employees, has come a political feud dating back twenty years and more, and has cast its spell over the contending factions and marked out new lines of division. A Minnesota ex-congressman and newspaper man, Joel P. Heatwole of Northfield, has again become a known quantity in the affairs of his old neighbors, protecting his nephew and upholding Heatwole's reputation for giving as well as taking blows.

Years ago there was political strife between Postmaster Sherwin and ex-Mayor Heatwole, brother of the Minnesota politician. Croop is a nephew of Heatwole's. It is claimed that Sherwin, who had been an unsuccessful candidate on the Republican ticket here, still bore resentment for real or fancied disadvantages and sought to punish the nephew, Croop. From that ill feeling started, and little by little Croop, it is alleged, was crowded to the rear.

The Goshen trouble seems to mark out more plainly the lines separating the Beveridge adherents from the Fairbanks supporters, Sherwin being a Fairbanks man and the Baker faction being Beveridge men. It is stated here that by Friday noon the trouble will be terminated and the case disposed of.

Postmaster Sacrwin has been under fine now for eight weeks, and the result of the investigation promises to bring into the scandal some of the best-known and most highly respected men in Indiana.

That the investigation is not for "whitewashing" purposes is shown by the arrival here of Assistant Postmaster General Robb of Washington, D. C., and United States District Attorney Joseph Kealing of Indianapolis. Within an hour after reaching the city, the two officials began holding a secret inquiry. All the clerks employed at the Goshen postoffice were ordered to appear and testify.

Judging from hints dropped by persons who are closely following the case, President Roosevelt does not intend to step with the Goshen inquiry, but will extend the investigation throughout Indiana, especially in the cities over which political storms have been centered. While the names of the cities have not been given out, it is understood that not one of the large cities will escape.

After a hearty meal a dose of Kodol Dyspepsia Cure will prevent an attack of indigestion. Kodol is a thorough digestant and a guaranteed cure for Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Gas on the Stomach, Weak Heart, Sour Risings, Bad Breath and all Stomach troubles. Sold by all druggists.

COUNTY IS BANKRUPT

Because It Cost $300,000 to Repair $3,000 Courthouse.

The Most Extraordinary County Seat Fight In American History.

Charleston, Ill., Oct. 20.—Because it has cost nearly $300,000 to "repair" a $3,000 courthouse, Coles county, one of the richest in the state of Illinois, is practically bankrupt and is now at a point where it is necessary for the county to live by its wits.

There is little, if any, money in the treasury, and the medium of exchange in county matters is warrants which, by recent rulings, may be years in becoming actual money.

Back of the present state of affairs is a county seat fight between Mattoon, in the western part of the county, and Charleston, where the county seat has been since the county was organized.

The Mattoon adherents say the county can go to the demnition bow-wows before they will vote for bonds to pay for a courthouse in Charleston, and the East siders say that they will make property in the West end of the county look like 30 cents an acre before they are through with the fight.

Before the strife is over it is possible the federal courts will be called upon to adjust the difficulties of Coles county, and we will have the spectacle of a rich county in bankruptcy, managed by Uncle Sam as receiver—an absolutely unique condition.

For fifty years previous to 1896, the old courthouse, which had done duty since the county was organized, has been inadequate for the needs of the business of the community. For fifty years the proposition of building a new courthouse has periodically bobbed up and put to a vote, only to be defeated by the West siders, who insisted that, if their money was to be spent for a new building, it would be under the condition that the county seat should be moved to Mattoon.

While the West side had the most votes, it lacked the shrewdness of the eastern contingent which, in 1896, smuggled a resolution through the county board calling for the "repairing" of the old building which had occupied the square so long.

At the September meeting of the county board a rule was made that the county officials must not appropriate the receipts of their offices for salaries, but must take their turn with other warrant holders in getting the real circulating medium for their services. As many of the office holders are West siders, that faction is the sufferer to the extent of paying its adherents.

At that meeting the tax levy for the coming year, which is approximately $50,000, was anticipated to the extent of about 75 per cent and taken by a local bank and an Indiana Trust company.

During the past week judgments have been entered in the circuit court on old claims which aggregate close to $100,000 and it is now up to the board of supervisors to do something or have the county declared bankrupt.

By a recent decision of the supreme court, involving some of the old claims, the debts were declared just and a writ of mandamus was issued directing Sheriff Baird to compel the supervisors to provide the funds necessary to pay the claim or go to jail.

When they were threatened with imprisonment the members of the board simply leaned back in their official chairs and said: "How can we get blood from a turnip? The county has not the money and what can we do?"

The original contract for "repairs" called for an expenditure of $88,900 and all of the building when had been the scene of the famous debates between Lincoln and Douglas back in the 50's that was left in the plans for "repairing" was a steel vault which had been put in a short time before the contract was let.

There was stubborn opposition on the part of the Mattoonites at the time the contract was let, but the shrewdness of the Charlestonites was triumphant and the building was carried to completion. Then about $40,000 was spent on furnishing the building for the requirements for which it was built.

The price at which the original contractor took the job was too low and he was forced into bankruptcy before the contract was completed and the county was compelled to carry out the work.

The court house was finished and it is a good one, substantially built, conveniently arranged and admirably fitted for the purpose.

But not one dollar has been paid for the work done, though ten years have passed.

Time and time again, the validity of the contract to "repair" the building has been attacked in the courts and equally often it has been sustained.

Now, nearly ten years latter, the cost has grown so that what could have been settled originally for $150,000 has increased to a debt of $300,000, which must sometime be paid.

The question of how it shall be paid, however, seems as far from settlement as ever. The West siders will not vote for a bond issue, because they feel they have been deceived, and the East siders, who have the reins of county government, are doing all they can to harass their opponents.

The ability of the county to pay the indebtedness which has accrued from the resources of its citizens is unquestioned.

While not a large county, Coles has land which is as fine as any that lies outdoors. It is the center of the broom-corn belt, one of the most profitable crops that it is possible for a farmer to raise. There is fruit which brings plenty of money into the farmers' pockets. An oil belt extends into the county and recent borings have disclosed fine veins of coal which will soon be developed.

Still, Coles county, with all of its resources, cannot pay the $300 bill which has accrued for lighting its courthouse and the light would be shut off were it not for the fact that the postoffice is in the courthouse building.

Because of the old jealousies and factional feelings regarding the courthouse fight, Coles county is accumulating debts which bear interest at from 5 to 6 per cent which could be wiped out with 4 per cent bonds that could be floated at a good premium if the people could only get together and forget their old animosities.

With all of its heavy indebtedness, the county has not a single dollar of bonds outstanding.

Land is regularly worth from $90 to $100 an acre throughout the county, and there are many tracts which could not be bought for less than $200 an acre.

Any one of these townships in the county could readily assume the entire indebtedness of the county and not be in the slightest way financially embarrassed. Seven Hickory, Humboldt or Lafayette townships could easily furnish enough capital to float the entire debt, if the warring factions could only get together and vote the bonds to pay the old debts which are accumulating so fast that one can almost hear the interest growing on them.

While the county itself has no bonds outstanding, the people cannot say that they are opposed to such a manner of funding their debt on general principles. Mattoon has a bonded debt, issued originally for $100,000, to aid the Clover Leaf road. This is now partially paid off. Charleston has a $75,000 bond issue, which is likewise being paid, and Seven Hickory township has nearly wiped out a bonded debt which was issued in aid of a railroad which was never built, the interest on the Hickory bonds being 10 per cent.

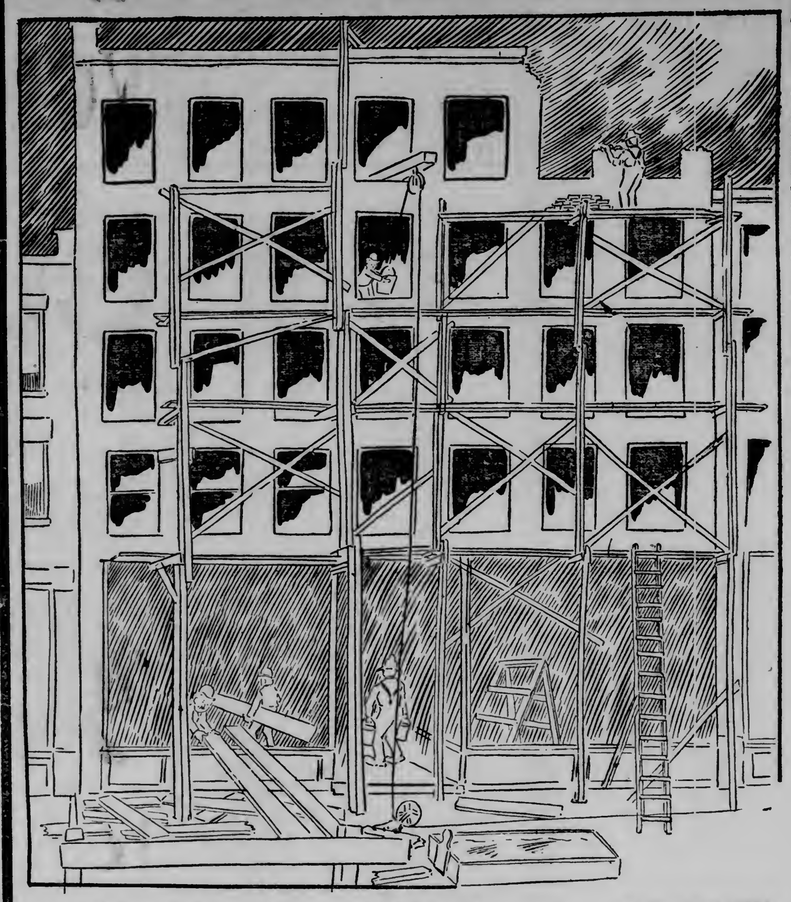
The county cannot consistently plead poverty, for the records show that the equalized value of all Coles county property is $6,775,500. Its total indebtedness, including that which has caused so much discussion, will not exceed $300,000. Sangamon county, with an assessed valuation of $18,630,255, has outstanding obligations of about $1,250,000.

Cole county, with one-third the valuation of Sangamon county, has debts which aggregate less than one-fifth of those of Sagamon.

With tradesmen, who supply the county with the operating necessities, clamoring for their money, and many of them suspending credit, the demand for an adjustment of Cole's finances is louder now than ever. There is more talk now than for a long time of another effort to secure a bond issue at a special election. It is said that many of the rich farmers who have been buying up "scrip" and warrants at a discount for the purpose of turning in as payment for taxes have changed their minds on the bond question since the board has ordered that no warrants of any nature except jury warrants will be accepted for taxes.

The several elections which have been called for the purpose of voting on the bond question have been expensive to the county. Each has cost from $2,000 to $3,000, and many taxpayers have about concluded that it is cheaper to allow the issue and settle the old differences than to have any election with its attendant expenses and animosities come up every year or two.

In the meantime, suits are accumulating, and, at the coming term of the circuit court, there will be many more claims brought up for adjustment. It is thought that upon the result of these decisions will depend the action to be pursued to rid the county of a vast amount of just debts which could easily be paid were it not for the old fight.



OVERCOATS.

Not knowing we would have to vacate, we have equipped our store with the best line of Overcoats ever brought to Duluth—not one in the lot worth less than $10 and as high as $30—all going at these slaughtering tearing down prices that won't let you stay away.

This will make you look.

$10 Overcoats---$3.98
$15 Overcoats---$5.98
$20 Overcoats---$7.98
$25 and $30 Overcoats-----$12.98

CHILDREN'S CLOTHING.

Mothers, this appeals to you. If you want to dress your children and save from one-half to two-thirds. Note these tearing-down prices in two and three-piece suits, Norfolks and Buster Brown.

Reg. $3.00 value at.....$1.19
Reg. $4.00 value at.....$1.98
Reg. $5.00 value at.....$2.24
Reg. $6. to $8 value at..$2.98
Ages from 3 to 15 years.

MEN'S SUITS.

350 Men's all-wool Business Suits—sold the world over for $8 and $10—our tearing-down price.....$3.98

400 Men's Suits, durably made in light and dark effects, good value at $12.50—our tearing-down price.....$5.98

425 Men's Pure Wool Worsted Suits in all the wanted colors for fall and winter, 1905 wear, and conceded to be a strong $15 value—our tearing-down price...$7.98

Charleston has a $75,000 bond issue, which is likewise being paid, and Seven Hickory township has nearly wiped out a bonded debt which was issued in aid of a railroad which was never built, the interest on the Hickory bonds being 10 per cent.

450 Men's Hand-Tailored Suits, union made, self-retaining hair cloth fronts, consisting of imported cheviots, draper cloth, serges, home spuns, tricots, flats, corkscrew, worsteds, 22-oz imported English clays—the season's latest creations, and made for stylish dressers; not a suit in the entire lot worth less than $22.50, and as high as $30—our tearing-down price while they last...$12.98

CHILDREN'S SHOES.

$1.50 values at.....98c
$1.75 and $2.00 values at.....$1.38

BOYS' SWEATERS.

All sizes and colors, and good $1.50 value at.....69c

BOYS' CAPS.

50c values at.....19c
75c values at.....29c

CHILDREN'S KNEE PANTS.

50c values at.....19c
75c values at.....29c
$1.50 and $1.00 values at.....69c
Children's Elastic Webb Suspenders.....6c

WORKINGMEN'S CLOTHING.

We carry a ful line of Working Men's Clothing. Note these tearing down prices:

Men's heavy denim Overalls—75c value at.....39c
Men's Strong Working Shirts 75c value, tearing down price.....39c
Men's Black Drill Overshirts—$1.50 value, for.....69c
Men's heavy Jersey Overshirts—$1.50 value—tearing down price.....89c
Men's heavy Flannel Overshirts, $1.50 value at.....84c

FORCED TO VACATE SALE

The great tearing-down sale is now at its height. Our entire store is one mass of bargains. Everything is now being sold at less than HALF REGULAR PRICE. On account of a six-story building to be erected at his present location, 400 West Superior street, Mr. Cook is compelled to close out his entire stock of high-grade merchandise. This stock consists of Men's, Young Men's and Children's Clothing, made by the foremost clothing makers in America; Furnishings, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Gloves and Mittens—and a full line of Lumbermen's and Workingmen's Supplies. Remember, every dollar's worth of goods must be closed out within a limited time, regardless of the great loss involved.

UNDERWEAR DEPT.

An opportunity of a life-time to buy Underwear at a mere fraction of their cost.

Men's heavyweight underwear—regular price $1 per suit, at per garment.....23c
Men's double-breasted Camel Hair Underwear, regular price $2.50 a suit, at a garment...69c
Men's high-grade Australian Wool Underwear, regular price $5 a suit—per garment...$1.24
Men's pure wool and silk worsted underwear, regular price $4 a suit—at per garment.....89c
Men's Worsted Union Suits, all colors, regular price $4.50—at, per suit.....$1.98

SHOE DEPT.

Men's Working Shoes—$2.00 value, at, per suit..$1.19
Men's viei kid and Satin calf Shoes—regular price $2.00—at.....$1.23
Men's Dress Shoes, $2.50 and $3 value, at, a pair...$1.49
Men's $6, $5 and $4 Shoes, in patent leather, velour calf and patent colt, a pair...$2.98

HOSIERY DEPT.

Prices that will make the Sox move fast—

Regular 10c sox at.....3c
Regular 15c Sox at.....7c
Reg. 25c Wool Cassimere Sox..12½c
Two pairs for 25c
Regular 30c and 35c Fancy Wool Hose.....23c
We have a full line of Children's and Youths' Overcoats on sale at less than the cost of the stock.

LUMBERMEN'S SUPPLIES.

We are headquarters for Lumbermen's supplies. We carry a full line of Mackinaw Coats, Sheep-lined Coats, Heavy Sox—all styles in Lumbermen's heavy Rubbers. Now is the time to supply your wants at less than 50c on the dollar.

SWEATERS.

Men's $1.00 Wool Sweaters....49c
Men's $1.50 Wool Sweaters....69c
Men's $2.00 Wool Sweaters....98c
Men's $3 and $2.50 Sweaters..$1.24

CAPS.

Now is the time to buy your Fall and Winter Caps.

Men's Caps, 50c value.....19c
Men's Caps, 75c value.....39c
Men's Caps, $1.00 value.....69c
Men's Caps, $1.50 value.....98c

Space does not permit us to quote more prices. If you want to save money come to this sale. A dollar here will go as far as two, three and four dollars elsewhere.

Cook's Clothing House, 400 West Sup. St.

"One Price and That Right."

"The Ericson Kind!"

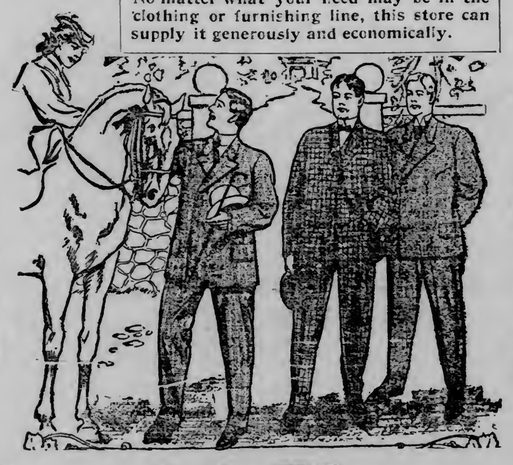
A New Fall Suit or Overcoat purchased at this store assure to the wearer, absolutely correct style, superb workmanship and superior wearing qualities.

No matter what your need may be in the clothing or furnishing line, this store can supply it generously and economically.

Men's Suits

Cut in the new lengths, with deep center or side vests and the new broad lapel as well as the more conservative style.

$12 to $25



Over-coats

No more stylish or handsome garments have ever been shown before in the city. Conservative styles for men of quiet tastes; extreme styles for the younger.

$12 to $30

Clothier, Hatter and Furnisher. 219 West Superior St.

CHAS. W. ERICSON

Clothier, Hatter and Furnisher. 219 West Superior St.

NOVEL PLAN PROPOSED

Business Men of Los Angeles Would Own All Saloons.

License Fee Equal to Total Under Present System.

Los Angeles, Cal., Oct. 20.—Twenty-five prominent business men and capitalists of Los Angeles, advocates of the Gothenburg system of saloon regulation, have decided to incorporate a company, which shall offer to take in charge the entire retail liquor business of Los Angeles.

For the privilege the company will offer to pay into the treasury of the city the present revenue derived from the sale of saloon licenses—$180,000 a year—and will close all but 75 of the 200 saloons.

Here is the proposition of the committee of twenty-five men, who represent almost unlimited capital:

"The company will take the entire 200 saloon licenses issued by the city and pay the present revenue of $180,000 per annum, closing 125 of the saloons and running 75.

"After having paid the license tax to the city the stockholders shall be entitled to a dividend not exceeding 6 per cent on the actual amount of their investment. All the profits above 6 per cent per annum will be paid into the city treasury for the purpose of lessening taxation.

"While the courts have decided that no man has a vested right to sell liquor and that the police commission can revoke licenses without showing cause, we do not favor anything that savors of confiscation and would offer to buy the furniture and fixtures of every saloon now running at their appraised value and would also appraise the good will, paying for the latter in annual installments over a series of years and out of the profits; the payment for good will being regarded as a purely moral and not a legal obligation."

In the company which met in the Mason block to take definite action regarding regulation of the Los Angeles liquor traffic were men prominent in almost every line of business activity. William Mead, one of the firm supporters of the Gotherburg system, was there with J. S. Slauson, Homer Laughlin, Niles Pease, J. Ross Clark, W. M. Garland, Abbot Kinney, F. P. Fay, Robert N. Bulla, Charles M. Stimson and many others.

These men, all of whom are very much in earnest, present the following advantages from the system:

First—The reduction in the number of saloons from 200 to 75.

Second—The closing of all saloons of the disreptable class, and the strict compliance with laws prohibiting the sale of liquor to minors and drunken men.

Third—The sale of only absolutely pure liquors.

Fourth—The sale of non-intoxicating drinks and the preference given such drinks over intoxicating liquors.

Fifth—The discouraging as far as possible of the treating habit.

Sixth—The entire elimination of the private saloonkeeper and his organizations from local politics.

Seventh—The large increase obtained in the revenues of the city resulting from all the profits being paid into the city treasury, causing a very substantial reduction in the rate of taxation, or permitting the improvement of roads and parks and building of school houses to an extent not possible with presen revenues.

In conclusion, the committee says:

"The accomplishment of these purposes is worthy the best efforts of every good citizen. The wage earner, the business and the professional man are alike interested in all that tends to improve our city. We appeal to every citizen who believes these reforms would advance the moral and material interests of Los Angeles to unite with us for their accomplishment."

The twenty-five men who, it is expected, will form the company, represents probably $100,000,000 at a conservative estimate.

Since his return from Europe, several months ago, William Mead has shown a deep interest in the Gothenburg system, which he saw in operation in portions of Norway and Sweden.

He broached the project of acquiring the right to sell liquor at retail in Los Angeles to a number of his friends, and the plan was received with enthusiasm.

"The announcement speaks for itself," said Mr. Mead. "We hope to see the system given a thorough trial in Los Angeles. We are confident of the result if this is done."

Members of the city council say if the proposition is formally submitted a special election will probably be held, and the voters will be given an opportunity to express an opinion on the merits of the system.

TWO MEN ARRESTED

In Ohio For Selling Questions to the Teachers.

Lima, Ohio, Oct. 20.—S. E. Shultz of Kenton and Holmes Williams, treasurer of McDonald township, Hardin county, were arrested by Deputy State School Commissioner J. H. Snyder, charged with having stolen and sold to applicants, at $10 a copy, the list of questions prepared for submission at teachers' examinations all over Ohio.

Williams and Shultz were found at the Lima house with five young men from various counties engaged in copying the official list.

The graft has been going on for months, it is alleged.

Use the Telephone.

Ring up 'phone 324, either Duluth or Zenith, and telephone your want advertisements. Each advertisement will receive prompt and careful attention.

SPECIAL THIS WEEK!
Gold Crowns $5
Porcelain Crowns..$5
Bridge Work $5
Artificial Teeth $5.00 and up.
DULUTH DENTAL PARLORS
DR. BUDD, Mgr. 3 W. Sup. St.

FREE BOOK TO MEN!
MEN—If you are small, weak or undeveloped, have lost strength, our Acme Vacuum Developer will restore you, without drugs or electricity; Urethral Obstruction and Varicocele permanently cured in 1 to 4 weeks. 75,000 in use; not one failure not one returned. Write for free book, sent sealed in plain envelope.
ACME MFG. CO., 509 Barclay Blk., Denver, Colo.

TONIGHT!
Cook's PalmGarden Grand Free Concert by SCHNEIDER'S LADY ORCHESTRA.

Workingmen and Others.
We are prepared to move you cheaper and better than any one else. Covered vans or open drays, same price. Come and be satisfied.
'Phones 402. 210 West Superior St.
DULUTH VAN & STORAGE CO.

IMPORTANT!

The M. Henricksen Jewelry Co. still maintains its popularity, and ranks first among the jewelry houses of the city and Northwest, handling the best goods at popular prices.

Our salespeople will attend to your wants by showing goods in a courteous manner.

These goods represent one hundred cents in value for each dollar in price, and the line is being constantly increased by the addition of new merchandise, which we are sure will merit your inspection and also show a great saving to intending purchasers.

M. Henricksen Jewelry Co.

Gold and Silversmiths.

330 W. Superior St. Cor. Fourth Ave. W., Providence Bldg.

WEST DULUTH

CLASS OF '09 IS FORMED

Irving High School's First Class Organizes With Officers.

Albert Forget Dies After Terrible Suffering From Burns.

The Irving high school is beginning according to the usual way of high school classes—namely, by forming an organization of the class members. The next thing will probably be the adoption of a class pin. If it were not for the festive class society and the spirit thereof represented by the fantastic class pin. American education might be all in vain. But with this class spirit which one hears so much about, an "atmosphere" is furnished which never seems to leave. At any rate this class has been formed this week and will be known as the "Class of '09."

The following officers were elected:

President, Thomas Doyle; vice president, Leland Hendricks; secretary, Miss M. Baudin; treasurer, Miss Gertrude Smith.

The same class has formed into two literary societies and will each endeavor to make the other organization look like a degenerate nickel in the matter of production of gray matter. Each class will give an entertainment every fourth week so that the alternation will bring an entertainment every other week. Some good stuff may be looked for.

No names for the class societies have yet been adopted but in mentioning the officers of them herewith, they will be referred to as Section A and Section B:

Section A—President, Roy Murrnian; vice president, Donald Little; secretary, Grace Hendricks.

Section B—President, Thomas Doyle; vice president, Agnes Harvey; secretary, Charles Wohlan.

Deep interest is being taken in all departments of the high school, and the manual training department is making great progress. It is likely that as soon as the work progresses well, another teacher and more room facilities will be petitioned for.

ALBERT FORGET DEAD.

After Two Weeks' Suffering From Burns From Gasoline.

Albert Forget, aged 50 years, who lived with his family at 121 North Fifty-third avenue west, died at midnight after suffering for two weeks from burns received from a gasoline stove explosion while cooking in North Dakota. Mr. Forget has been a resident of West Duluth for fourteen years and was well known there. He ran a boarding house on main street for a number of years. He was a member of the Catholic Order of Foresters and under the auspices of that order the funeral will be held from St. James church tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock. Interment will be in Calvary cemetery.

Mr. Forget leaves a wife and four daughters, the oldest of whom is Mrs. Perry of West Duluth. Relatives from Ontario and Quebec provinces are expected to arrive tomorrow morning to attend the funeral.

How Do You Like the Weather?

Looks like winter, doesn't it? Come in and let's talk about our Famous "NON-EXCELLED" Butter. MURRAY BROS., Makers.

QUICKSAND IS FOUND.

Bothering Crew on Paving Work of West Superior Street.

In the paving of West Superior street the crew is at work on the block between Twenty-first and Twenty-second avenues west, having skipped the block between Twenty-second and Twenty-third avenues. The reason of this is that quick-sand was struck and as water has been running through it will have dried out and then the deficiency of solid ground will be replaced by gravel, which will be pounded in. Quicksand has proved quite a menace ever since the paving started.

This morning some tar at Twenty-fifth and Superior street caught fire after it had been spread over the paving and for a few minutes the men made excited and somewhat rapid motions. They gave a good imitation of a department at work.

West Duluth Briefs.

A fire broke out yesterday afternoon in the engine room of the dry kiln at the Merrill & Ring mill and did about $1,000 worth of damage, all of which was covered by insurance. The department was there and did good work, doubtless preventing much more destruction.

Kitchi Gammi lodge No. 123, Knights of Pythias, conferred the third degree last evening upon Page Hammond.

Mr. and Mrs. O. Ginridge of Hamilton, Ohio, have arrived in the city to remain. Mr. Ginridge will be weighmaster at the scale house of the blast furnace.

William Spencer, who has been sick with malarial fever is improving.

G. M. Bailey of St. Paul is in town visiting friends.

W. H. Bradley of Kalispel, Mont., is in the city on business.

On Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock the Union Young People's society will have a special meeting at the Swedish Baptist church. Rev. H. Hendrickson of the Bethel Baptist church will deliver a lecture.

Miss T. Brophy has gone to Fargo to visit her sister.

Mrs. McLyman of 612 North Fifty-seventh avenue is ill with la grippe.

William Dwame and Brule Hayden will leave tomorrow for Tower.

Next Thursday Rev. W. J. Lowrie will proceed with the formation of a Bible class at the Westminster Presbyterian church.

J. E. Burton of Winton, formerly of West Duluth, is in town on his way to Alberquerque, where he will work in a mill as sawyer.

J. Ramsey will work in one of the local mills, returning to West Duluth after a residence of some time in Winton.

Household furniture for sale. Mrs. C. O. Applehagen, 5308 Main st., Duluth.

R. J. McLaughlin of Stanwood, Wash., formerly of West Duluth, is here visiting his brother, D. McLaughlin, of 359 North Fifty-ninth avenue west.

Miss Markuson, who has been threatened with appendicitis, is recovering.

Try an electric hair tonic, at Brotherton's.

Try an electric shampoo, at Brotherton's.

Wholesale shoe sale at Lauermann's. Going out of business shoe sale at Lauermann's.

$3.85 buys any $5 Copeland & Ryder shoe at Lauermann's.

$1.85 buys a Progress $2.50 shoe at Lauermann's.

One Dollar

cash and one dollar per week, and one of these handsome stoves is yours.



ROYAL

Stoves and Ranges

we have handled for ten years, and give you an absolute guarantee of satisfaction.

Base Burners — $36, $39 and $42.

Steel Ranges — $25, $30, $35 and $40.

Round Oaks — $6, $8 and $10.

Radiant Home Base Burners—$45, $50 and $55.

Radiant Home Steel Ranges — $35, $40, $45 and $50.

F. H. WADE,

Hardware and Stoves. WEST DULUTH.

NEW MACHINERY FOR FERRY BRIDGE

First Shipment From the Waukesha Factory Is Received.

The first shipment of the new machinery for the aerial ferry bridge was received in the city this morning, and the remainder is expected to arrive early next week.

The shipment this morning consisted of sixteen springs for the new trucks. The trucks themselves will not arrive until next week.

As soon as all the machinery is on the ground, the bridge will be shut down and the new set of trucks installed as rapidly as possible.

The inspection of the bridge by the expert mechanical engineer employed by the city to report on the machinery, will not be made until after the new trucks have been installed.

DARROW PLANNED DEED.

Wrote Letter Telling He Intended to Commit Murder.

Sioux City, Iowa, Oct. 20.—That E. H. Darrow had planned to murder his son's wife, with whom he had been consorting, and to kill himself, is proved by the receipt of a letter by the wife of the elder man. The letter reached here yesterday afternoon in Sioux Falls, and while she will not divulge the entire contents, admits that it refers to the deed which was enacted in Sioux City Sunday night. George Darrow of Omaha, says that his father, several days before the tragedy, gave him a packet of letters, with the injunction not "to open them until you hear from me again." The letters, the son says, were of a private business nature.

W. E. Darow, the husband of the murdered woman, refuses to come to Sioux City, disowning his erring wife in death. The body of the woman was sent from here last night to Russell, Kan., where W. H. Morrison, her uncle, with whom she lived for a number of years, will accord her the burial rites which the betrayed husband denies.

Buy Your Shoes at the Treadwell Shoe Co.

Where Prices are Lowest and Goods the Best.

Be on hand when we advertise Bargains

Treadwell

DULUTH SUPERIOR

Texas

Matinee Lyceum tomorrow.

MUST WORK OR STUDY

Truant Officer Gets After Children Out of School.

Stans Adams Arrested For Allowing Son to Remain Out.

Its a case of "work or go to school" with the children in the city under sixteen years og age, and the order will be enforced through the parents if the children themselves can not be reached by the truant officer.

Stans Adams was brought into the municipal court before Judge Windom this morning, on the charge of failing to send a minor child to school. He pleaded guilty to the charge, and Judge Windom released him under a suspended sentence, after he had promised to comply with the law in future, and keep his son at school until he reached the legal age, or was given permission to work by the truant officer.

It is claimed by the truant officer, that there are a number of parents in the city who are allowing their children to remain out of school, and either run about the streets, or work as messengers, or in stores or factories, without the proper labor certificates.

Recently about forty parents of boys who held labor permits were called before the truant officer, and asked for the reasons why the children should have such permits. It was found that a number of permits were not being used by the holders, except as excuses to remain out of school, and a dozen or more of them were revoked.

The officer is determined that all minor children who are not actually at work, must attend school regularly or give some valid excuse for remaining away, such as sickness. Many of the children have been encouraged to remain out of school by their parents, and in such cases the parents will be prosecuted. Where the children themselves, are to blame and remain out of school against their parentrs' orders, they will be warned, and if the warning proves of no avail, will be brought into the juvenile court.

QUEER FIRE YARNS.

Some Old Incidents Occuring During Progress of Fires.

There are very few firemen who have not stories to tell of strange incidents during their fights with big blazes, says Pearson's Weekly. But perhaps never in the whole history of the fire-fighting did a more extraordinary accident befall than in New York on Sept. 29 last. A great meat-packing factory close to the docks caught fire, and the flames spread so rapidly that 400 firemen were engaged upon it for some sixteen hours.

The flames reached the great freezing chambers, with the result that immense quantities of ammonia gas were liberated, blinding some of the men, who, distracted with the agony, rushed madly against the walls and fell unconscious. Some of them were badly burned; others were nearly frozen to death by the intense cold of the freezing gas.

Fire Chief Croker, leading his men to the rescue, was himself blinded, and while striving to make his way out the floor gave way beneath him and he fell into a large water tank below.

It was half an hour before he was missed, and all this time he was swimming for dear life in the dark and icecold water. He was utterly exhausted and on the point of drowning when finally rescued.

An accident, which of its kind is probably unique, occurred in April, 1903, during a fire at Portland, Me. A railway accident led to the ignition of a huge tank containing 6,000 gallons of crude petroleum.

Fearing that it would explode and scatter fire over a wide area, the naval authorities brought up a one-pounder gun and bombarded the tank in order to let the oil run out.

The first shot fired missed the tank and killed an unfortunate spectator. Subsequent ones, however, effected their purpose, and, riddling the tank, allowed the blazing oil to escape.

For a fire engine to cause a fire seems the very height of irony. Yet such a case actually occurred not long ago near Worcester. The engine in question belonged to an insurance company, and was in process of being converted into a motor for self-propulsion.

The day before the work was finished there was a call from Kempsey village, where a farm was on fire, and the engine, in spite of its incomplete condition, started.

No spark protector having been fixed, sparks escaped, and these set fire to a load of straw which was passed on the road. Next two ricks became involved, and, finally, the water tube of the motor burst, and the unlucky engine came to a complete standstill barely 200 yards from the scene of the original fire!

Another story of a strange chapter of fire accidents comes from Cavanacaw, in Armagh. A dog, running into a farm sitting room, barked at a cat, and puss, terrified, sprang on to a table, upsetting a lighted lamp.

The burning oil saturated the poor beast's fur, and, maddened by pain, she dashed round the room, which was already in a blaze, sprang through the window and rushed into the stackyard.

Rick after rick was fired by this living torch until the whole place was alight and very serious damage was done. The farmer's son, too, was badly burned in his efforts to extinguish the flames.

A London gas works were once the scene of a curious fatal fire accident. A boiler full of molten tar gave way, and, its contents catching fire from the furnace, spread in a tide of flame down the sloping floor of the sulphate room.

One of the workmen, caught between the flames and the wall, seized a ladder, and, raising it to the window, sprang up it. Unhappily, the window had iron bars, and before these could be removed the ladder burnt through, and the poor man fell back into the furnace below.

A CLOSE SHAVE.

Hunter Robbing Bear of Cubs Has Thrilling Adventure.

One September our party went for an annual hunting and fishing trip of three months to an ideal spot on Thunder river, in Northern Michigan, says a writer in the Boston Herald. Near our camp were three beautiful lakes, which furnished numerous trout, bass, grayling, pickerel, pike and other fishes. Deer and bear were numerous; there were wolves as large as St. Bernard dogs, a few wildcats and no end of ruffed grouse.

One frosty November morning I started for a point some miles from camp where I had seen fresh deer sign the day before. I followed a log road some distance and then sat down on the root of a big fallen pine to watch. In front of me was an open spot of ground surrounded by a thick tangle of down timber, oak brush and wild cherry scrubs, making it good cover for any kind of game. I had sat on my perch for half an hour, when I heard a twig snap. I kept perfectly quiet, and looking over the edge of the underbrush I saw two bear cubs slip out into the open, not over thirty paces from me.

As soon as they got into the sunlight they began to play like kittens, jumping, falling and rolling over each other and cutting comical antics. I sat still watching their playful capers, when the idea came to me to try to capture one or both of the little rascals to keep as pets.

I slid carefully down from my perch, set my rifle against a neighboring tree and slipped toward the cubs, which were still having all kinds of fun. Crawling and dodging behind logs and stumps I got behind a big pine snag within five or six paces of the little fellows. Then, watching my chance, I shot out from behind the tree, sprang forward and grabbed one by the throat, at the same time clutching for the other, but it dodged and twisted out of my hand, darted into the brush and was lost to sight in an instant.

I kept a firm grip on the first cub, though he was desperate to get away. Suddenly he gave a sharp yell. The next instant I heard a crashing in the brush, and from a cedar thicket not over twenty paces away the mother bear sprang for me.

I had not time to take a step, no thought of retreat or dodging entered my mind. I dropped the cub and snatched my hunting knife from its sheath. The infuriated mother leaped forward, hindquarters high, shoulders low, head down and askew, snout turned to right, lip turned up like a snarling dog's, teeth chattering and black eyes gleaming with a devilish light. When within reach of me she raised up and aimed a blow at my head with her big paw. I dodged, and her claws caught my coat, ripping it off me in shreds. Still standing upright she again came at me with a growl. I lunged at her throat with my knife, which missed the mark and landed on her face, cutting a gash nearly four inches long. She kept coming, and I gave her a thrust under one foreleg. She turned to grab me, and I struck her in the neck.

Things were considerably mixed about that time, with the bear still forcing me slowly back, while I slashed and jabbed, at the same time dodging and ducking to keep out of her clutches.

Suddenly she changed her tactics. She dropped on all fours and came at me with a rush. She charged, my heel caught on a piece of brush and I fell backward, full length, the bear going clear over me. As she shot past I gave her a jab in the side, and whirling over I sprang to my feet quicker than ever before in my life. She turned for another charge, but one of the cubs, which had been lurking out in the brush, began to whine and howl. The old bear heard, stopped instantly, and threw her head round to listen.

That was my salvation. I sprang toward my rifle, snatched it up and turned round, expecting to see the old bear in hot chase after me, but instead she made two or three jumps to reach the cub, which had by that time come out to meet her. I threw my rifle to my shoulder, drew a bead on her ear as she stood broadside to me and sent a 45-70 bullet through her head, killing her instantly. The cub darted off into the thick underbrush.

After skinning and dressing the bear I went to camp and got my partner to help me take in the meat and hide. Then taking our dog Bob we went back after the cubs, and soon had the little fellows treed in a hollow log. After considerable snarling and scratching on their part we captured them and took them to camp. We now have the playful little cubs for pets.

Overcoat Season Is On!



Don't delay purchasing your Winter Coat until the mercury has dropped below freezing—buy now and be prepared. We show all the new styles in double and single breasted models of various lengths and in a profusion of handsome overcoatings. A style, fabric and price to suit every purse and taste. As examples of overcoat elegance, fashion, fit and remarkable values, come and see ours at

$15 $20 $25 $30

Correct Overcoats for Young Men and Boys at from $5.00 to $20.00

Fall Shoes

See our absolutely wet-proof leather-lined men's shoes at

$3.50

Underwe'r

at 50c, $1.00, $1.50, $2.50, up to $4.00 per garment.

Fall Shirts

Fall Gloves

Fall Neckwe'r

Floan, Leveroos & Co.,

225--227 West Superior Street.

THIS YEAR'S ORDERS FOR RAILWAY EQUIPMENT WILL BREAK RECORD

Chicago, Oct. 20.—Under the caption, "Record-breaking orders for railway equipment," the Railway Age tomorrow will say:

Contracts reported this week show that the high records of 1901 and 1902 for freight equipment and locomotives will easily be surpassed before the close of 1905, although the volume of orders in those years was exceptional, and notwithstanding the high prices and the difficulty in securing prompt deliveries. Orders placed by the Pennsylvania this week for 21,500 cars, in addition to the 16,160 ordered in August, made a new record in contracts placed by a single company, and practically pre-empts all steel car building facilities during the entire year of 1906. It is stated that all car manufacturers are crowded with orders, and that one company alone has unfilled contracts aggregating over 60,000 cars, while no company can promise delivery before the middle of next year, unless the order is for a few wooden cars.

Personally Conducted Tour of the Pacific Coast.

"The North-Western Line" in connection with the Union Pacific system have arranged for personally conducted tour of the Pacific Coast, on the basis of $180 from Duluth. Trip to be of twenty days' duration, and the amount named covers railroad and sleeping car fares, meals en route in dining cars and dining stations, four days at hotel at Los Angeles, and three days at Saint Francis Hotel, San Francisco.

Itinerary, one day at Denver, Colorado Springs to visit Manitou, The Garden of the Gods, and other points of interest, a delightful daylight ride in observation cars through the mountain scenery of the D. & R. G. and Sunday at Salt Lake. From Salt Lake to Los Angeles via the new San Pedro, Los Angeles & Salt Lake railway. Train leaves Omaha oct. 18. For further particulars apply to City Ticket Office, 302 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn.

Minneapolis, St. Paul and Return, $4.80.

For Iowa-Minnesota Football game, Minneapolis, Oct. 21, the Northern Pacific railway will sell tickets to Twin Cities and return for $4.80. Tickets will be on sale, Oct. 20, and for morning train, Oct. 21st, only, good returning Oct. 23rd. For full information and tickets, call at City office, 332 West Superior street.

Buy Where You Get the Best For Your Money!

We will sell you Roger's 12-dwt. Knives and Forks for **$2.75.**

Our own A. L. Norberg brand, 16-dwt, guaranteed for 25 years, for **$4.50.**

Sterling Silver Tea Spoons, set of six for **$3.50, $4.50, $5.00 up to $10.00.**

Best quadruple plate Tea Sets, regular price $18.00, for **$12**—and up to $50.

We have beautiful pieces of wedding silver and of latest designs.

Coffee Urns, Claret Sets, Baking Dishes, Bread Trays, Fruit Bowls, Cake Dishes, Water Sets, etc., and a handsome line of Cut Glass that must be seen to be appreciated.

A. L. NORBERG, No. 5 West Superior St.

FALLS INTO OPEN HATCH

Deckhand on Livingston Has Narrow Escape From Death.

Slips on a Frosty Deck and Tumbles Into the Hold.

Falling headlong into the hold of the steamer Livingston, which was lying at the Duluth, Missabe & Northern ore docks, George Brook, a deckhand employed on the boat, sustained severe injuries this morning.

The boat was loading at the dock shortly after midnight. Brook was employed as a deckhand on the vessel and was assisting in the work of loading, removing the hatches and placing them in position again.

He stepped too close to one of the open hatches and slipped on the frosty deck, falling into the hold.

Fortunately the steamer was partly loaded, and the ore in the hold shortened his fall. Had the hold been empty the man would have been instantly killed by striking the bottom of the boat, but with less than half the distance to fall, he got off with injuries that are not likely to prove fatal.

He was unconscious when picked up, and it was thought at first that his back was broken.

The ambulance was summoned and he was taken to St. Mary's hospital. Reports from there this morning were to the effect that his injuries were not as bad as was at first expected. His back was not broken by the fall, but only badly strained, and unless he has some internal injuries which have not yet developed, he will probably recover without any serious results from his fall.

Little is known concerning Brooks by his companions. He shipped as deckhand at one of the lower lake ports, and is said to be unmarried.

THIEF BURNED LARGE BILLS

Cunliffe Destroys $20,000 For Fear of Detection--- $80,000 Recovered.

Bridgeport, Conn., Oct. 20.—Edward George Cunliffe, who was arrested here yesterday on the charge of stealing $101,000 from the Adams Express company in Pittsburg, Oct. 9, will be taken to New York by detectives. About midnight David C. Thornhill of a New York detective agency, who assisted in the arrest of Cunliffe, had a talk with the prisoner in his cell, and told him that $80,000 had been recovered at the home of his brother-in-law in Bristol, and pressed him to tell where the missing $20,000 was hidden. Cunliffe finally said: "Where you'll never get it, I have destroyed it."

Detective Thornhill at first doubted Cunliffe's story, but the prisoner stuck to it, saying that he burned the money in his room in the hotel where he stopped here. He said that he was afraid that the bills would give him away, as they were of large denomination, and practically marked, as they were notes of the Allegheny National bank in Pittsburg, and that everybody was looking for them. Cunliffe said that rather than carry them around he burned them.

If this statement is true, and the detectives think it is, the total amount of money stolen is accounted for.

Bristol, Conn., Oct. 20.—Nearly $80,000 of the money stolen by George Edward Cunliffe, Oct. 9, from the Adams Express company in Pittsburg, was recovered last night at the home of Joseph W. Boardman, Cunliffe's brother-in-law. For just a week the fortune has lain in an old suit case, unknown to Boardman, who was holding the valise, expecting its owner would call for it any day. The exact sum found was $79,953.55.

As the result of the statement made by Cunliffe in Bridgeport last night, that he had sent $80,000 of the plunder to his brother-in-law, Boardman, in Bristol, a representative of the Associated Press called at the Boardman house. Boardman, who is the agent here for the Electric Express company of Hartford, said that on Oct. 12, a dress suit case came to his house from Bridgeport, and as there was no name on it, he had not opened it. His wife signed for the case and Boardman placed it in a closet, thinking it was sent to him as an agent of an express company to be called for later. Chief Meims and Capt. Belden of the police force were then sent for and in their presence the case was torn open. Huge bundles of money in the shape of bills tumbled out. Superintendent J. C. Curtis of the Adams Express company's New England agency, took the money to Hartford.

SINKING SHIP SUMMONS AID BY WIRELESS MESSAGE.

New York, Oct. 20.—The story of a twenty-nine hours' struggle to keep from sinking at sea, during which time the vessel's hull once disappeared partly under the water, and in which wireless telegraphy finally brought rescue, was reported by the oil tank steamer City of Everett upon her arrival here today. This steamer came from Port Arthur, Texas, with the barge of the Standard Oil company, No. 94, in tow.

On Oct. 9, in a heavy storm, the pounding of the seas broke the steamer's hawser pipe plate, carrying away the turret door and allowing the sea to rush through the opening. The water filled the forepeak, causing the steamer to settle by the head to a depth of five feet. Water covered the entire forward portion of the hull up to the main mast. Oil was pumped hurriedly out of one tank, both to lighten the steamer, thus raising her half-sunken hull, and also to quiet the heavy seas. The steamer, however, became unmanageable.

By wireless telegraph the steamer Capt. A. F. Lucas was informed of the oil steamer's plight and came to her assistance. For twenty-nine hours she stood alongside, making a lee for the disabled craft until the flooded compartment was pumped out and repaired sufficiently to allow the City of Everett to proceed on her voyage.

CONTRACTS WITH PRIVATE CAR LINES

Made By Southeastern Railroads For Handling Perishable Products.

Washington, Oct. 20.—Several traffic managers of Southeastern railroads testified before the interstate commerce commission yesterday in the private car inquiry concerning the manner of handling fruit and perishable products in their territory. Most of them said they have entered into arrangements with private car lines by which the latter engage to take the responsibility for the handling of the fruit, the railroads acting as agents only in the matter of transportation. A. Alis, an ice manufacturer of Augusta, Ga., submitted a contract his company has to supply the Armour car lines with ice and gave many details concerning the arrangement with the private car line.

A. S. Dodge, third vice president of the Frisco line at Chicago, stated that his company had a contract with the Armour car lines for all refrigeration business under which the Armour line cars should be used exclusively on his road.

Mr. Dodge explained that he had persuaded the Armour lines to make a reduction at the time their contract was made on the rate for peaches and berries, and he added that the Armour people had made voluntarily some other reductions from their ordinary rates. He was asked if the meat packers fixed the cost of refrigeration as well as for freight charges, in accordance with previous statements in evidence. He replied that he did not agree with Mr. Stickney and Mr. Ripley that the packers fixed the rates.

"I think we have something to do with fixing these rates," he declared.

"Do you have any opinion as to the reasonableness of refrigeration rates?" inquired Commissioner Prouty.

"No," replied Mr. Dodge, "I cannot say that I have. I leave that matter to experts who have special knowledge of the subject."

Mr. Dodge explained the private car lines were paid one cent a mile for refrigerator and ¾ of a cent a mile for ventilated cars.

Mr. Dodge said there is a profit in the operation of these cars on a mileage basis.

GOVERNOR MAY PARDON SALVATION ARMY GIRL.

Chicago, Oct. 20.—Former Salvation Army Girl Inga Hanson, who was sent to Joliet penitentiary for alleged perjury, in conection with a personal injury suit against the Chicago City railway, will probably be pardoned by Governor Deneen. Two physicians deputized by the governor to examine the woman, declared yesterday that she is the victim of auto-hypnosis and that as long as she is in her present environments she will be helpless. Death will ensue unless she is released. The physicians declare that if she was to say to herself she is well she could rise from her bed and walk. Organically there is nothing wrong with her, but functionally she is all disordered. The physicians did not say that Miss Hanson was not injured by the street car accident which brought about the suit against the street car company. They declare, however, that there is a strong probability that she was at first a sufferer from an injury which caused her temporary illness of the same nature as that from which she is now helpless. The case is referred to as a rare development of traumatic hysteria.

CRUSHED TO DEATH.

Teamster Falls Under Wheels of His Wagon.

Ashland, Oct. 20.—A. Roffers of Depere, Wis., was instantly killed yesterday by falling under the wheels of a heavy wagon he was driving. The team became frightened and plunged forward, throwing him from the seat. He leaves a mother and three brothers at Depere, where the body will be taken for burial.

The county board of Bayfield county met at Washburn and eclared the seat held by T. J. Stevenson vacant and elected C. A. Nye to his place. Stevenson was supervisor from the town of Bell, and will contest his removal.

STATE SENDS DELEGATES.

Nine Will Go From Minnesota to the Chicago Convention.

St. Paul, Oct. 20.—Governor Johnson has named nine delegates to represent Minnesota next week at the interstate commerce law convention in Chicago. The list is as follows:

E. W. Knatvold, Albert Lea; H. J. Miller, Luverne; J. W. Craven, Norwood; S. R. Van Sant and Frank D. Larrabee, Minneapolis; Charles Vasaly, Little Falls; T. T. Hudson, Duluth; A. E. Borgesen, St. Paul; Judge E. Frankberg, Fergus Falls.

Former Governor Van Sant is included in the list because he is on the program for an address at the convention. He and H. J. Miller of Luverne are the only Republicans, but all named are said to be in hearty sympathy with President Roosevelt and his program for rate legislation. Each congressional district is represented except the Seventh, and the Fifth district has two on the delegation—Governor Van Sant and Frank D. Larrabee.

The "swapping instinct" is no longer a peculiarly Yankee one—it has become an American trait of character. You may want to buy many things—you may want to sell a few. Try our columns.

PRINCESS WILL AMAZE

India In Her Regal Gowns, One Scintillating With Diamonds.

Made From English Material By English Tailors and Modistes.

London, Oct. 20.—Many tailor-made gowns have been included in the outfit ordered by the Princess of Wales for her tour in India, and particular interest attaches to them owing to the fact that her royal highness has chosen British-made materials for them and has had them made in London.

One of the most attractive of the costumes is a fawn and white checked cashmere, with a suggestion of red in its composition, made with a bolero bodice, faced with white linen, embroidered in two shades of brown, and outlined with a scalloped strap of fawn silk, a supplementary feature being provided in the shape of tiny silk buttons.

A smart, sight-fitting white serge coat, trimmed with broad white braid, boasts a collar of coarse white canvas embroidered in gold thread, while a grey tweed, with a faint red stripe, is fashioned with a wide collar of cloth, adorned with red spots, embroidered in red and white.

White serge forms the material of a pretty, cool-looking suit, made with a waistcoat and little turned-down collar of white silk and velvet, embroidered in flax thread, the skirt striking a note of originality in the box-pleated front panel, which is ornamented down one side with a row of embroidered silk buttons.

For shooting, the princess of Wales has a neat brown tweed coat and skirt, with a shaded velvet collar and a trimming of fancy braid and cloth, while for tiger shooting in particular, her royal highness' costume is of a greenish brown tweed specially made for the occasion, the color being chosen for its similarity to jungle surroundings. It is lined with shot green and brown silk, and is supplemented with buttons of green amber.

A blue serge suit has likewise been included in the outfit, as well as a couple of useful wraps, a dark grey ulster lined with mink, and a gray cashmere Inverness cap with sable lining.

In striking contrast to the chaste simplicity of the walking and traveling dresses are the elaborate gowns which she will wear for the great ceremonial occasions.

Iridescent and opal embroidery, which throws out a thousand shafts of light with every movement of its wearer, compose a superb toilette de bal.

The princess has forgotten her old predilection for pale blue, and has chosen two very unusual shades of fuchsia and pale rose crepe de chine for another elaborate evening gown. The lace which trims it has been dyed to the exact shade of fuchsia used in the dress. Shaded roses decorate the corsage, and the skirt is trimmed with pale rose paillettes.

One of the most regal toilettes, however, is a cream brocade satin with a handsome Louis XVI. design embroidered on it, and exquisite Alencon lace swelling the corsage.

Equally fascinating are the day gowns to be worn at races and mid-day functions of a state character. The princess style has evidently much attraction for the royal traveler, and several of the day dresses are cut on these lines. A crepe de chine princesse gown has some beautiful guipure introduced on the corsage and a large cluster of variegated roses in the most tender shades of pink.

The charms of Broderie Anglaise have not been lost sight of by her royal highness, who has chosen an exquisite lace gown of this material simply trimmed with touches of chenee ribbons, Irish baby lace and narrow black velvet.

The princess has remained very faithful to her old love for Irish lace, and one of the handsomest gowns in her outfit is made with long quilles of Saxe lace with large pendeloques made of Irish crochet and white point d'esprit. A long sash of black point d'esprit with jet pendeloques is worn round the waist.

Between First and Second Aves. E.

NEW YORK STORE

Between First and Second Aves. E.

109 EAST SUPERIOR STREET.

A COOL SLAUGHTER

of those cold weather things that you need so badly to keep you warm. YOU KNOW THAT WE ARE RELIABLE. Expensively you have learned that there is one place in Duluth WHERE WOMEN BUY THE RIGHT WEARS AT THE RIGHT PRICE. Make up your lost time and break even with your schedule of saving by running your train of economic shopping to the tail end of the street, between First and Second avenues East, reaching the GOAL OF ECONOMY—THE NEW YORK STORE.

Some tell you in enticing words that they have exclusive control and a monopoly on all the good things of this world of women's wear. With high-flown words, they mean to obtain from you high-flown prices for things they do not, nor cannot monopolize.

Others maintain that they are the cheapest buyers because they have the largest store. Do they forget their intricate and ever-increasing expenses that you must pay for? Where, then, is their cheapness of price?

Count our Bargains; they cry out for mercy from our slaughtering. But we are not losing money. Years have taught us what to buy and how to buy. Store economy enables us to pass to you BARGAIN PURCHASES AT BARGAIN PRICES.

The testimony is here with us—you have experienced it; you will experience more of it.

SATURDAY PRICES:

Two big offers in Skirts at $2.98 and $4.44, which challenge the stores of this or any other city. You know what our $4.44 means—a value-giving price for which others must ask $6, $7 and $8.

A $4.44 SKIRT MARKED AT $2.98

In black, blue and brown Panama of the highest quality with two rows of shirring between the waist and hip, and thence falling into the beautiful folds of the latest box pleating. We expect that the sizes are varied enough to fit everyone, but where necessary alterations will be charged..... $2.98

A $6.83 SKIRT MARKED AT $4.44

Our low price of $6.83 means a $9.00 and $10.00 value. You will buy these excellently woven basket cloth skirts in blue and black, made with the perfect dip front and snug hips with the very latest graduating cluster box plait circular flounce, to wear now and through the winter with warmth, comfort and style, at the extraordinarily low price of..... $4.44

COATS— At $6.83

Women's Coats Worth $15 —COATS At $6.83

Ladies' fall and winter coats in two different styles—sold everywhere at their full money-bringing value of $12 to $15. One style in brown, gray and castor, fine wool melton cloaking, three-quarter length, double-breasted front, half-fitting back with full belt, shoulder depth, yoke front and back, coat collar and lapels, box plait front and back, with full sleeve tucked at wrist. The other style is of fine gray, black, and brown cloakings with dot mixture, full figure length, box back, coat collars and lapels, full broad sleeves.

CHILDREN'S FALL AND WINTER COATS—in brown and blue cloakings; and brown and green cloakings, with dotted mixtures; all made with rolling collars, with or without capes, trimmed with braid, buttons and ornaments. These are the $6.50 and $7 sellers—placed for sale at..... $4.44

CHILDREN'S FALL AND WINTER COATS--in brown and blue zibelines, full length—some collarless outlined with velvet, others with collars and capes—trimmed with braid and velvet—there are $3.50 and $4.00 for..... $2.98

WOMEN'S EXCELLENT FUR JACKET, of first quality electric seal, Skinner satin lined—double-breasted front, large turn-up collar and lapels. This $25 coat is now on sale at $15.00

DOUBLE LENGTH ALL-FUR NECK SCARFS—of sable blend, river mink, with silk sliding cord and tassel, silk ornaments; all-fur tabs and plain, single or double tabs with or without silk cord trimming, satin or fur-lined tabs, river mink, sable blend, Australian opossum and other furs in Zaza and other styles of short neck scarfs—These are sold everywhere from $6 to $7—for..... $4.44

ELECTRIC SEAL—long silky hair fur scarfs—with three cluster tails on ends—$1.50 value for..... 67c

SILK AND MOHAIR LADIES' SHIRT WAISTS—worth their selling price of $5.00—with full box-plait or tucked fronts and shoulders—with latest sleeves and stocks—at..... $2.39

LADIES' BELTS—worth upwards to $1.00—in patent leather form fitting and various—styles of all silk shirred taffeta—at..... 25c

PLAIN NATURAL GRAY wool knit clinging short petticoats of 50c selling value for..... 25c

SHORT CLINGING all-wool knit Petticoats in reds and white with contrasting rainbow borders, yarn stitched edges—worth $1.00 and $1.25—for..... 49c

MACHINE AND HAND KNIT short clinging all-wool petticoats in solid reds and blacks—pink and gray longitudinal stripes, with red and white border stripes—yarn edged, worth $1.75 for..... 99c

FASCINATORS, OPERA, SHOULDER AND HEAD SHAWLS—worth upwards of $3 and $2—in all-wool and silk yarns—for..... 93c

GUARANTEED ALL-WOOL BLANKETS—in white, grays and plaids—10-4 and 11-4 sizes—worth up to $6, $7 and $8—at..... $4.44

NEW YORK STORE NEW YORK STORE

WE SAVE YOU MONEY.

Sale--10 Days--Sale

UNION CLOTHING AND SHOE HOUSE

407 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.



We are overstocked with Overcoats. You benefit by our misfortune. For the next 10 days we will place on sale our entire stock of Overcoats at the following greatly reduced prices. We must turn them into money. Every coat in the lot bought for winter of 1905-6.

$30 Coats at $22.50
$25 Coats at $18.50
$20 Coats at $15.00
$18 Coats at $12.00
$15 Coats at $10.00
$10 Coats at $ 7.50

If you are going to need an overcoat don't overlook the above values.

Men's and Young Men's Suits.

Our Assortment is Complete.
Our Goods are the Best.
Our Prices are Right.
Note these prices:

$7.50	$10	$12
$15	$20	$25

When we say $7.50 we mean it is equal to any $10.00 you have ever seen.

When we say $25.00 we mean a suit we want you to compare with any $40 your tailor has ever built.



By examining our line of furnishings you will be convinced you have found a home of the best at prices that save you money.

We have a complete line of Adlers' Gloves and Wilson Bros'. Furnishings. Call and see us. **407 West Superior Street.**

TWO YOUNG MEN CHARGED WITH ROBBING THE DEAD.

Washburn, Wis., Oct. 20.—Since the wreck of the large steamer Sevona, which went to pieces off Sand Island in the early part of September, there has been a persistent search by the officers for the men supposed to have taken money and other valuables from the body of Capt. McDonald, who was drowned during the storm, and whose body was found on the beach by parties from Bayfield, a few days later.

Capt. McDonald was supposed to have had in the neighborhood of $1,000 on his person at the time of the wreck, and also a beautiful diamond ring.

Two young men from Bayfield, Ed Stuffle and Frank Shaw, Jr., have been arrested on complaint of Attorney McLeod of this city, who is representing the Pennsylvania Steamship company of Erie, Pa., who are owners of the boat. The young men, it is alleged, have spent much watersoaked and mutilated money since that time, and it was principally upon this evidence that they have been arrested. When the body of the captain was found his pockets had been rifled.

RUNS INTO LARGE FIGURES.

St. Paul, Oct. 20.—The state auditor figures that the amount the state will realize from the state timber sale held last Tuesday will amount to over $800,000. The 80,000,000 estimated feet of timber, sold at the average price paid, $8, would bring the amount to $650,000, but the actual amount of timber usually runs about 25 per cent

THIRSTY PROVINCE.

Indian Territory Lid Costs One Dollar a Minute.

Ever live in a land where the "lid" is on every day in the week, 365 days in the year? asks a Tulsa, I. T., correspondent of the St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Ever live in a country where the punishment for being under the influence of the products of stills, vineyards, breweries and cider mills is $1 and costs and the punishment from thirty days to six months in a federal prison?

This is the condition in Indian Territory.

Uncle Sam puts the stamp on the products of distilleries, breweries and kindred institutions, but he puts his stamp of disapproval on the sale of these goods in Indian country.

He has no objection to granting a license to sell liquor in Kansas, where the state laws are against it, and the "blind tiger" does a big business.

There are no "blind tigers" in the Indian country, but the federal government, in its suppression of liquor traffic, has to deal with a far more dangerous personage in the "boot-legger," who peddles the worst kind of whiskey to the negro and Indians at big profits.

When the government began to make treaties with the Indians it found that the greatest foe to the country and the natives was to the natural addiction of the red man to whisky. So in the treaties it was written, witnessed and sealed with the great seal of Uncle Sam that so long as he exercised a guardianship over poor Lo, he would prohibit the sale of liquor of any kind or character in what is known as the five civilized nations. For more than a quarter of a century he has been doing it, and today it probably costs the government $1 a minute to live up to that agreement.

To satisfy a thirst for a thing that cannot be had had men who are addicted to the use of alcohol will go to any extreme. Many have lost their lives in trying to quench their thirsts. Some have been shot down by United States marshals, while others have resorted to patent medicines, lemon extract, red ink, extract of ginger, or any compound that had for its base alcohol. Hardly a week passes without some poor man, and occasionally a woman, leaving the world by one of these routes.

In certain sections of the territory permits are given to a dealer to sell a drink that is known under various titles, being a low grade beer. This has made the dealers rich. Patent medicines are good sellers, especially if they are part whiskey. Varnish, where corn alcohol is used, is a favorite drink, especially among the painters, the drink being prepared by the precipitation of the body, which leaves the alcohol standing alone.

Lemon extract, where it is composed largely of corn alcohol, is another favorite. It is prepared by the use of large quantities of water, sugar and fruits. Occasionally, though, the drinker gets hold of an extract on a wood base, and death usually results.

Often some citizen will make a trip to the states. He returns home with his grip heavily laden. If he gets past the force of United States marshals, who usually meet the trains, there "are things doing."

If the marshal suspects him he usually suffers arrest, his liquid refreshments are emptied into the gutter and he is held under bond to appear before the United States commissioner, who binds the prisoner over to the grand jury. Conviction usually means half a year in jail. And the jails are constantly filled.

"Boot-leggers," the "blind tigers" of the territory, work hard to get their money for the liquor they sell. They adopt all sorts of schemes to outwit the officers, but very few of them practice their avocation long. The marshals have keen noses and sharp eyes, and their natural instincts lead them into places where there isn't even a suspicion of liquor apparent.

Not long ago a man was arrested for "introducing." He carried his stock in the iron axle of his wagon. He had fooled the officers for months, but finally was captured. He is now serving a term in prison.

A Choctaw negro carried his stock in the iron handles of a set of garden tools. Each would hold nearly a quart, and he carried them across the territorial line for months before he was suspected. He is in jail.

A woman was suspected of being a "peddler." The officers arrested her one day and found her skirt on the under side was a mass of pockets, each holding a half pint of whisky. She had 121 bottles. She, too, is in jail.

HE SAW BILL.

Washington Star: "Some years ago I was ordered to take a long rest," said the man. "I journeyed as far East as New Brunswick in search of a good place, and being in St. John when an old fisherman friend of mine was getting ready to make a voyage to New York, I took a sudden notion to go with him.

"The weather was bad all the way, and when we entered the sound you couldn't see the companionway from the wheel. I never saw such a fog. I was on deck with the old man when we entered the sound. He was standing by the wheel. Suddenly I saw him lean over and bawl:

"'Schooner a-hoo-oo-y!'

"I didn't hear a thing to indicate the proximity of a sloop or anything else, but those old fishermen from the provinces have a faculty of seeing things in any kind of weather.

"The old man gave his attention to the wheel, and presently I heard a faint cry off in the fog:

"'Schooner a-ho-oo-y!'

"The old man straightened up and bawled:

"'Is tha-at the Lucy Ann?'

"Again the silence for a moment, and then faint and weak came the answer:

"'Aye, aye! Is that th' Mandy Jane?'

"'Aye, aye!' bawled out the skipper, and he twirled the wheel. He never looked my way, and for a time I thought him unconscious of my presence. After fifteen minutes of silence he suddenly turned with an emphatic nod of his head toward that section of the fog from which the answering hail had come, and said:

"'That was me brother Bill. I ain't seen him before for a year.' Then he went on with his steering as if nothing had happened."

NOTHING NEW.

There is a nice old lady, unused to city ways, who has recently come to live with her son and daughter-in-law in a Harlem apartment, says the New York Globe. She says it is "flying in the face of natur' to burrow underground like a meadow mole," and consistently refuses to patronize the subway. She insists on speaking of the janitor of her son's apartment as the "sexton," and thinks the only New York theater she has been inside of is "nicer'n the Palmyry Opery House," but it was this same unsophisticated old lady who refused to show the slightest excitement over the most exciting incident in recent New York life—the airship.

"They have been havin' balloon ascensions, an' with parryshoot drops, too, at the Wayne county fair ever since I was a little girl," she said, 'an' if Noo Yorkers ain't never seen 'em, then all I say is you're behind the times."

Perhaps she was not so far wrong at that.



Every Woman is interested and should know about the wonderful **MARVEL Whirling Spray** The new Vaginal Syringe. *Injection and Suction. Best—Safest—Most Convenient. It Cleanses Instantly.*

Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. MARVEL CO., 44 E. 23d ST., NEW YORK.

FOR SALE BY MAX WIRTH, DRUGGIST.

WOMEN FEMALE BEANO great monthly regulator; strongest, best, safest; contain Ergot, Tansy, Pennyroyal; not a single failure; longest, most obstinate cases relieved in a few days; $2.00 at G. F. BOYCE, Druggist, 335 Superior St. Duluth, Minn

FREE!

Souvenirs given Free to Ladies from 9 a.m. to 11 a. m. Tomorrow.

CHILDREN'S HEAVY WINTER COATS.

In Dress styles—made of good warm heavy weight cloths, in assorted colors—regular $3.50 to $4.00 value. Special for our Opening Sale... **$1.98**

Girls' New Winter Coats—fine garments, in heavy novelty materials, regular price $6.50 to $7.00—at our Opening Sale only..... **$2.48**

Many others at correspondingly Low Prices.

THE BEE HIVE

115 East Superior St. Duluth, Minnesota.

NOTION DEPARTMENT.

The following is a list of articles that you can purchase for 1c:

Kings Thread—per spool.....1c
Damatine Pins—2 papers for...1c
Shoe Laces—per paper.....1c
Hooks and Eyes—per card.....1c
Hair Retainers—each.....1c

Wonderful Values for 2c.

Safety Pins—per doz.....2c
Lisle Thread Elastic, a yd.....2c
Men's White Handkerchiefs, each 2c

Many others at correspondingly Low Prices.

FREE!

Souvenirs given Free to Ladies from 2 to 4 p. m. Tomorrow.

GRAND OPENING SALE

At this opening sale we offer to the purchasing public astounding values—the flood gates will be opened Saturday, October 21, at 9:00 o'clock a. m. sharp and a boundless ocean of values will pour forth. The stocks are enormous, the qualities up to the highest standard. The object of this sale is to establish the reputation of giving the biggest and best values your dollars ever bought, and to merit, win and hold your fullest confidence. Our motto, "Reliable Goods, Quick Sales at a Small Profit." Opportunities at this sale worth taking advantage of. The following offerings have only to be seen to be appreciated. Style and quality go hand in hand, while the prices are absolutely beyond comparison anywhere.

Outing Flannel—6c

2,000 yards of Outing Flannel of the very best qualities, regular 10c and 15c value, at our Opening price—per yard.....

Gingham, Calicos—5½c

1500 yards Gingham and Calicos, regular 10c quality. Opening sale price—per yard.....

Teazledo Staple 7c

1000 yards Teazledo Staple—regular value 15c—opening sale price only.....

Hamilton Remn'ts 6c

1000 yds Hamilton Remnants, regular 12c and 15c value—opening sale price—per yard...

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.

Ladies' and Misses' Black Hose reg. 15c value; opening price **6c**

Ladies' and Misses' all-wool Hose—regular price 35c—Opening sale price..... **19c**

Children's Stockings—10c value—Opening price..... **4c**

Boys' heavy ribbed fleece-lined Stockings, 25c value—Opening sale price..... **12c**

Special—A lot of all-wool Boys' Stockings—35c value—Opening price..... **18c**

Men's Cotton Sox—special..... **3c**

Men's All-wool Hose—worth from 25c to 35c—Opening sale price..... **14c**

BLANKETS, COMFORTS AND BEDSPREADS.

White Australian Blankets—assorted colored borders, size 11-4—sells regular for $5.00—special at our Opening sale only..... **$2.39**

Large size Comforters—elegantly designed and assorted colors—filled with clean white batting, thick, soft and light in weight—a good value at $1.50—special for our Opening sale only..... **98c**

A lot of Bedspreads—regular price $1.50—at our Opening Sale only..... **79c**

$2.00 value—only..... **98c**

Many others at correspondingly Low Prices.

WASH GOODS.

Ladies' White Muslin Skirts—11-inch flounce of three hemstitched tucks—a bargain at 75c—at our Opening sale only..... **39c**

One lot of Skirts—regular value $1.25—at our Opening sale only..... **69c**

Night Gowns—Fine cambric—square neck, with insertion of fine embroidery, regular price $1.25—at our Opening sale only..... **69c**

Night Gowns—fine nainsook—low neck and short sleeves, prettily trimmed, with lace and ribbons—regular price $2.25—at the Grand Opening sale only..... **$1.29**

Corset Covers—of Muslin, high and square neck—at our Opening only..... **9c**

Corset Covers—made of good quality Muslin—a bargain at 39c—our Opening Sale price only..... **14c**

Many others at correspondingly Low Prices.

SWEATERS.

Children's Norfolk and youth's all-wool Sweaters—regular $1.50 value—at our Opening Sale price..... **89c**

Northwestern Knitting Mills' all-wool Sweaters, fancy knitted and assorted colors—$2.50 value—Opening price.. **$1.39**

UNDERWEAR DEPT.

Ladies' and Misses' fleece-lined Underwear, all sizes, regular 35c value—Opening price **19c**

Ladies' and Misses' heavy fleece-lined Underwear—all colors and sizes—75c values—Opening Sale price..... **39c**

Boys' and Girls' fleece-lined Underwear—extra heavy, all sizes—regular 35c garments—Opening price..... **19c**

Men's heavy fleece-lined Underwear—regular value 75c Opening Sale price..... **39c**

Men's Australian Wool Underwear—$1.25 value—Opening price..... **89c**

Eagle Brand Underwear—known to all as the best—regular $3.50 per suit—Opening price per garment..... **$1.39**

Nelson Bros.' Hand-knitted Underwear—Opening sale price..... **$1.39**

LADIES' SUITS.

Ladies' heavy fall suits—neatly made—regular value $10—Opening price... **$4.98**

Ladies' Suits in ultra fashionable mannish mixture cloths, highly tasty and nobby street suits—rich satin lined, regular value $20—special inducement at our Opening..... **$11.98**

A GATHERING OF EXCELLENT FURS.

$2.50 Sable Blend Short Neck Scarf—cluster tails—at our Opening price only..... **98c**

$5.00 Mink Blend Short Neck Scarf—fine quality, cluster tails—Opening price... **$1.98**

$7.50 stylish short Neck Scarf of fine sable blend, satin lined—silk cord, tassels and ornaments—at our Opening sale—only..... **$3.98**

Many others at correspondingly Low Prices.

MULESKIN MITTS.

Muleskin Mitts—50 dozen—regular 25c value—special at our Opening sale only..... **9c**

A lot of Lined Gloves—regular $1.50 value, at this sale only..... **48c**

We have a full line of Men's Working Mitts and Gloves at correspondingly low prices.

CAPS.

A lot of Men's and Boys' fine Caps—in many styles and colors—reg. value up to 75c—at our Opening..... **23c**

Girls' Tassel Caps, Tam O'Shanters—in assorted colors—regular 75c value, Opening price..... **39c**

MEN'S AND BOYS' FURNISHINGS.

Negligee Shirts of good cheviots and percale, best make, felt yoke and full seams—regular 75c value—special at our Opening sale..... **39c**

Men's Strong Working Shirts—heavier winter weight—regular 75c value—special at our Opening Sale only..... **39c**

Men's Strong Jersey Working Shirts—regular $1.00 value at our Opening sale only.... **59c**

Heavy Wool Flannel Shirts—assorted colors—15-ounce, special at our Opening. **$1.19**

Men's Suspenders—reg. 35c—at this sale only..... **14c**

Boys' Suspenders—regular 10c value—at our Opening Sale only..... **4c**

Men's Strong Working Suspenders—the Police and many other good makes, regular 50c value—at our Opening Sale only..... **22c**

CORSETS.

Ladies' Fine Corsets—neatly trimmed, fit and shape guaranteed—worth $1.00—Opening price..... **49c**

The F. P. $1.50 Corsets—at our Opening sale only.. **69c**

Many others at correspondingly Low Prices.

UNDERSKIRTS.

Ladies' Flannel Petticoats—assorted colors—regular value 75c—Opening sale price.. **39c**

Ladies' Black Satin Underskirts—accordion pleat, ruffle flounce, with under triple-tucked and ruffled wide sweeping flounce. Sold everywhere at $1.00—Opening sale price.. **$1.19**

Ladies' heavy black satin Underskirts—regular $1.00 value—Opening sale price..... **69c**

Many others at correspondingly Low Prices.

SKIRTS.

Ladies' Dress and Walking Skirts—made in the best style, all wool and Cheviots—regular value $4—at our opening—only..... **$1.89**

Ladies' heavy Walking Skirts—latest designs, excellent value at $5—at our Opening sale only..... **$2.98**

Ladies' Dress Skirts in Panama and serges, navy blue, black and gray, latest design, good value at $10—Opening sale price only..... **$5.89**

DRY GOODS.

Cameron Plaid—1,200 yards—regular value 15c—Opening Sale price, a yard..... **7c**

Brentford Plaid—1,000 yards—regular 25c value, at our Opening sale, a yard... **12½c**

WAISTS.

Ladies' heavy duck Waists—very latest patterns—regular value $1.25—Opening Sale price..... **59c**

Ladies' Flannel Waists—assorted patterns, regular $2 value—our Opening price..... **98c**

Ladies' Satin Calico Waists—50c and 75c value—Opening price..... **19c**

Ladies' Navy Blue Brilliantee Waists—fine quality, worth from $1.50 to $3.00—Opening Sale price..... **$1.39**

Many others at correspondingly low prices.

SHOE DEPARTMENT.

Infants' Shoes—regular 35c value at our Opening for **23c**

Boys' and Girls' strong school Shoes—regular price $1.50—special at our Opening... **98c**

Ladies' Shoes—regular price $2.50—at our Opening sale only..... **$1.48**

Ladies' Shoes—regular $3.50 value—at our Opening sale only..... **$1.98**

Men's Working Shoes—regular price $2—at our Opening sale only..... **$1.24**

Men's Working Shoes—reg. $2.50 value, only.. **$1.79**

Men's $4.00 Dress Shoes—only..... **$2.19**

Many others at correspondingly Low Prices.

Remember the date, tomorrow, Saturday, October 21, 1905, at 9:00 a. m. sharp.

The Bee Hive, 115 East Superior Street, Duluth, Oppel's Old Stand.

WOMAN IS A POLICEMAN

She Does Not Tote a Gun But She Gets Results.

First Woman "Cop" a Pretty, Practical Newspaper Worker.

Pueblo, Colo., Oct. 20.—Since Colorado extended the suffrage to women eleven years ago, we have had some women legislators, some women state and county officials and, in Kiowa, a cattle ranch county, a woman justice of the peace. But not until a few days ago, when Miss Pauline Christman was sworn in by Chief of Police McCafferty of Pueblo, has any city in Colorado had a woman policeman.

Unfortunately for accuracy, many worthy people, unfamiliar with conditions in Colorado, doubtless imagine a short-haired, strident-voiced "unsexed female"—hopelessly plain and decidedly ancient—as the sort of person who would receive such an appointment, instead of the refined and talented young newspaper writer—clever, cultured, pretty and thoroughly feminine in every way—who was given her commission last week as a recognition for no mean public service in the manufacturing center and the second largest city in Colorado.

Miss Christman has regular duties on the Pueblo Star-Journal, on which evening daily she is easily the most efficient news gatherer and writer. While going about her duties she was annoyed by the filthy condition of the sidewalks, the floors of street cars and other public places which many of Pueblo's citizens persisted in regarding as cuspidors.

The fight against this evell had long been waged before womens' clubs and medical societies, but resolutions and learned speeches were the only result before Miss Christman came here from Denver.

This young woman had been in town but a few days when she went to the policeman, who was swinging his club over an especially well-mottled sidewalk:

"Officer, why don't you arrest the men who persist in spitting on the sidewalks and in other public places?"

"No orders, miss. Can't exceed authority, you know. You'll have to see the chief."

Chief of Police McCafferty listened sympathetically, but explained, there was no adequate ordinance against spitting. He advised Miss Christman to see Mayor West.

The mayor agreed with her in every particular. If she would see the members of the city council he would use his influence to assist in having her suggestion embodied in an ordinance, and pledged himself then to see to it that it was enforced rigidly.

Miss Christman had the ordinance drawn, arranged for newspaper support of her movement, found an alderman to introduce it and then she went to each of the aldermen in turn, and in her charming way told him why she wished him to vote for her bill—how essential it was for the public health, for the appearance of the city as well as for the sake of the women's feelings.

As a result Miss Christman's ideas were made law by unanimous vote.

Now every patrolman in the city, acting under special instructions from the mayor and chief of police, is keenly on the lookout for tobacco-chewers and other promiscuous expectorators.

The chief of police made Miss Christman a special officer with full power to arrest violators of any of the ordinances, and especially of the one which she had been instrumental in having passed. The women's clubs passed resolutions commending the young woman for her activity and the mayor and the chief of police for appointing her a policeman.

So that's how it has come about that Pueblo's sidewalks and public places generally are now cleaner and more sanitary than they were a fortnight ago, and why Miss Christman wears a little gold star on the lapel of her stylish jacket.

Miss Christman is withal very modest about what she has done, and deprecates public mention of her services.

"Anyone could have got the ordinance passed and seen to it that it was enforced if they had set about it in earnest," she smilingly remarked.

"No, I have not yet made any arrests," she told a reporter. "A warning from me and a display of my star and commission have been sufficient so far to command respectful compliance with the terms of the ordinance."

"Chief McCafferty has been good enough to say it will not be necessary for me to use the pistol he presented me with at the time I received my commission. He had kindly said, when I have made an arrest I can call on any other officer to accompany the offender to jail, so that I shall not have to make a spectacle of myself marching some loafer to a patrol box.

"This is not a joke," however, she added quickly, her eyes flashing as the reporter smiled at the thought of the handsome and well-groomed young woman giving the "come along" to some dirty loafer. "I should march him to the station all the way up Main street rather than see the ordinance violated with impunity."

And her friends all know she would not hesitate to "make good."

Is it a burn? Use Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. A cut? Use Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. At your druggist's.

REFUSAL OF PLATE MANUFACTURERS

To Raise Prices Shows the Conservatism In Iron Circles.

Cleveland, Oct. 20.—The Iron Trade Review says: Evidence of the conservatism which is guarding against sudden and radical advances in the prices of iron and steel was furnished in the refusal of the plate manufacturers at a meeting this week to increase quotations $2 per ton. Such an advance was anticipated in view of the enormous present demand and the certainty of its continuance through the unprecedented rush for car equipment, but conservative producers, especially in the East, were willing to run any risk of a runaway market and prevailing prices were continued.

Pig iron quotations continue their advance, especially in the Northern market. Local producers at Chicago and Cleveland have withdrawn from the market and Buffalo has been drawn on, heavy tonnages being carried by boat with a basis of $17.75, Chicago. Valley furnace is now quoted at $16 for early delivery and basic and Bessemer are scarce at $15.50, at the furnace. Cincinnati quotes Southern brands on the basis of $12.50, Birmingham, but sales have been made elsewhere at $13 and certain Southern furnaces, sold out for months ahead, will hold out for $14.

Owing to the increasing car shortage, coke and ore are being obtained with difficulty and coke quotations have advanced materially. Connellsville furnace being quoted as high as $3 for next year's delivery and foundry at $3.50. The car famine in certain places has become so acute as to affect the prompt delivery of iron.

Steel and iron bars are in good demand and an advance in the former is expected at any time, though large consumers are well covered. Bar iron is $1.80 at Chicago and a number of mills are booked through the first half of 1906. Sheets, wire, merchant steel, pipes and tubes continue strong. Ferro-manganese has advanced, $69 and higher being asked for this year's delivery.

S.S.S. OUR RECORD

40 YEARS of CURES

With medicines as with other things, the surest test of worth is the length of time they have the confidence of the people. The efficacy of S. S. S. has been thoroughly proven by experience, and so successful has it been that today it is the best known and most widely used blood remedy in the world. For diseases such as Rheumatism, Catarrh, Scrofula, Skin Diseases, Sores and Ulcers, Contagious Blood Poison, and other troubles due to an impure and poisoned condition of the blood, no remedy acts so promptly and thoroughly as does S. S. S., and thousands throughout the country, cured of such diseases, are daily recommending it to others similarly afflicted. ***ITS FORTY YEARS OF EXISTENCE HAVE BEEN FORTY YEARS OF CURES.*** S. S. S. is a blood purifier of the highest order, containing properties necessary to cure blood troubles of every character, and which make it the greatest of all tonics. It goes into the blood and drives out any and all impurities, and makes this stream of life strong and healthy, and when this is done disease cannot remain. Being made entirely from roots, herbs and barks, chosen for their healing, purifying and building-up properties, it does not injure any of the delicate organs or tissues of the body as do those medicines which contain Potash, Mercury, Arsenic or other harmful minerals, but cures safely as well as permanently. S. S. S. reaches deep-seated and inherited cases on which the ordinary Sarsaparillas and tonics have no effect. It is no experiment to use S. S. S.; it is a remedy with a record; it has proven its worth and ability by its forty years of cures. If you need a blood remedy begin the use of S. S. S.; write us about your case and let our physicians advise you and send book on the blood; no charge for either.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

PRETTY FACE OF INDIAN PRINCESS

Wins a White Father's Consent to His Son's Wedding.

Wichita, Kas., Oct. 20.—The wedding of Miss Anna Newton, the Indian princess of the Alaska tribe, to Ray E. Boone, the athlete and son of a Texas capitalist, will not occur in Russell hall of the Friends university, where both were students, as planned, but the couple will be married privately at the home of Daniel Binford. The death of a near relative of the bridegroom caused the change of arrangements and the delegates to the Friends confrence will not be guests.

When Mr. Boone, Sr., comes here to attend the ceremony, he will see for the first time Princess Wakisten Ka-Ke, whose photograph won his consent to her marriage with his son.

She is not the Indian maiden of legends, although she is slender, walks with the ease of a child of nature. But her skin is fair, almost blond, her hair soft and clinging and she will wear her bridal dress as one to the manor born. Her school training and public appearances as a favorite college vocalist has given her the ease and bearing of other girls.

Princess Wakisten Ka-Ke attracted the attention of the teachers in the Mission school in bleak Alaska and through their influence was sent to the university here. Her engagement to Ray Boone of Higgins, Tex., a fellow student, was favored by his mother, who had met the princess, but opposed by Mr. Boone. Miss Newton was apprised of the facts and sent her most attractive photograph to her fiance's father and her pretty face won his heart. He consented to the wedding and invited the young couple to make their home with Mr. and Mrs. Boone, Sr. They accepted.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

Price 25 Cents. GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE. Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

OWL IN ROLE OF A CHICKEN THIEF

Lucky Shot Brings Down Bird With Trap on Leg.

Steelville, Mo., Oct. 20.—W. J. Underwood shot and instantly killed an early morning thief at his home. He was awakened about 1 o'clock by a noise among his chickens, and grabbing his shotgun, which was near, he proceeded to the chicken yard to learn what the trouble was.

One old hen was out in a lot and seemed to be in great trouble. He located her in an instant and flashed his searchlight in that direction. This frightened the intruder and it rose to fly away. Mr. Underwood fired a shot after the escaping thief. The shot struck and Underwood found the thief lying prone upon the ground not far from where he was standing. The thief proved to be an owl, an enormous one, for it measured four feet from the tip of one wing to the other.

And this was not the first time it had got into trouble from its night prowlings, for it carried on one of its feet a steel trap, that had evidently hung there for a long time, for it was very rusty and showed other indications of long wear by Mr. Owl.

COUPLE STARVING ON HONEYMOON

Polish Emigrants Fleeced of Cash, Saved By the Police.

Philadelphia, Oct. 20.—The honeymoon of Anton Posceiscello and his bride had a sad termination. The couple was found in an exhausted condition from lack of food, on the pavement at Broad and Somerset streets, after having walked from Doylestown.

They are Poles, and three months ago were married in their native land. With but $23 in their possession they landed in New York, bearing letters to Frank Sazlitzky, a fellow-countryman. He was not located and the couple fell into the clutches of a boarding house shark, who fleeced them of their small store of cash.

Failing to find employment, they set out to walk to this city, and after many hardships reached town, utterly worn out and half-starved. Bicycle Policeman Coin noticed their plight and took them to the Twenty-second district police station, where they were given food. Sergt. Nevius entrusted them to a Polish association agent.

JOY PROVED FATAL.

Aged Man Died After Hearing of Good Fortune.

Philadelphia, Oct. 20.—Excessive emotion, caused by joy at securing employment after a month of idleness, brought on an attack of apoplexy, and Henry Gluck, 60 years old, a veteran of the Franco-Prussian war, dropped dead.

For several days the man had been without food. He had no home, and wandered about the streets. At one time he worked for Oswald Baumgratz of 1104 Nevada street, who is foreman of a pretzel factory. The other night he called at the house to ask for work.

"You can go to work tomorrow, Mr. Gluck; there is a place for you."

The old man jumped to his feet and started to speak, but suddenly put his hand to his head and toppled over dead.

New Cure for Cancer.

All surface cancers are now known to be curable, by Bucklen's Arnica Salve. Jas. Walters of Duffield, Va., writes: "I had a cancer on my lip for years, that seemed incurable, till Bucklen's Arnica Salve healed it, and now it is perfectly well." Guaranteed cure for cuts and burns. 25c at all druggists.

BERNHARDT'S DEBTS

May Close Up Her Well Known Theater In Paris.

Paris, Oct. 20.—Unless Sarah Bernhardt brings back from South and North America a very large sum of money it is probable her well-known theater in Paris will never be opened again as the Theater Sarah Bernhardt.

All along her friends have known she was having a hard time with the enterprise, but only last week learned she would be unable to go on. The city fathers treated her with all consideration, allowing the rent to remain unpaid for three years and refraining from the strict levying of the many taxes. This was done because they recognize in Sarah one of the glories of France, contributing largely to educational interests and also contributing towards making Paris pre-eminent in the dramatic field.

The actress is not a good business woman; she spent money where she should not on stage properties; in fact, "L'Aiglon" still remains the greatest if not the only real success since the theater opened six years ago, and her son, Maurice Bernhardt, is not allowed to want for anything, both he and his wife living on as large a scale as ever.

The "swapping instinct" is no longer a peculiarly Yankee one—it has become an American trait of character. You may want to buy many things—you may want to sell a few. Try our columns.

SHOES HIGHER IN ENGLAND.

British Tanners Importing Leather From the United States.

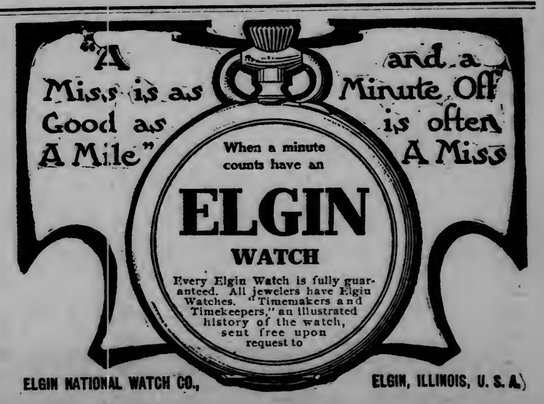
London, Oct. 20.—The British public intent upon buying boots and shoes is confronted with two alternatives. Purchasers must either pay a bigger price for their boots and shoes, or they must be content with inferior articles, in which glucose and other materials predominate over the real leather. This is said to be due to the fact that for many years past the Americans have been buying up English hides, adulterating them and "dumping" them back into this country artificially tanned and weighted.

The "dumping" went so far as to reduce the English tanners to the ranks of mere importers, and Bermondsey, instead of being the center of the English tanning industry, is now a district of importers.

Interviewed upon the subject, Alfred Randall, the editor of the Boot and Shoe Journal, said:

"The English tanning industry has been so reduced by foreign competition that we are largely dependent upon America for leather. So great is this dependence that our market is always influenced by the operations of American tanners.

"Boots and shoes are costing from 15 to 20 per cent more to produce than they did two years ago. The demand is for material 'at a price,' and even today there are few people who have really learned that in boots and shoes the best is the cheapest. Many tanyards have been closed in England during the past twenty years, for capitalists find that they can make more money, and make it more easily, by buying and selling them by manufacturing."



DEFECTIVE PAGE

FREE!

Souvenirs given Free to Ladies from 9 a.m. to 11 a. m. Tomorrow.

CHILDREN'S HEAVY WINTER COATS.

In Dress styles—made of good warm heavy weight cloths, in assorted colors—regular $3.50 to $4.00 value. Special for our Opening Sale... **$1.98**

Girls' New Winter Coats—fine garments, in heavy novelty materials, regular price $6.50 to $7.00—at our Opening Sale only..... **$2.48**

Many others at correspondingly Low Prices.

THE BEE HIVE

115 East Superior St. Duluth, Minnesota.

NOTION DEPARTMENT.

The following is a list of articles that you can purchase for 1c:

Kings Thread—per spool.....1c
Damatine Pins—2 papers for...1c
Shoe Laces—per paper.....1c
Hooks and Eyes—per card.....1c
Hair Retainers—each.....1c

Wonderful Values for 2c.

Safety Pins—per doz.....2c
Lisle Thread Elastic, a yd.....2c
Men's White Handkerchiefs, each 2c

Many others at correspondingly Low Prices.

FREE!

Souvenirs given Free to Ladies from 2 to 4 p. m. Tomorrow.

GRAND OPENING SALE

At this opening sale we offer to the purchasing public astounding values—the flood gates will be opened Saturday, October 21, at 9:00 o'clock a. m. sharp and a boundless ocean of values will pour forth. The stocks are enormous, the qualities up to the highest standard. The object of this sale is to establish the reputation of giving the biggest and best values your dollars ever bought, and to merit, win and hold your fullest confidence. Our motto, "Reliable Goods, Quick Sales at a Small Profit." Opportunities at this sale worth taking advantage of. The following offerings have only to be seen to be appreciated. Style and quality go hand in hand, while the prices are absolutely beyond comparison anywhere.

Outing Flannel—6c

2,000 yards of Outing Flannel of the very best qualities, regular 10c and 15c value, at our Opening price—per yard.....

Gingham, Calicos—5 1/2c

1500 yards Gingham and Calicos, regular 10c quality. Opening sale price—per yard.....

Teazledo Staple 7c

1000 yards Teazledo Staple—regular value 15c—opening sale price only.....

Hamilton Remn'ts 6c

1000 yds Hamilton Remnants, regular 12c and 15c value—opening sale price—per yard..

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.

Ladies' and Misses' Black Hose reg. 15c value; opening price **6c**

Ladies' and Misses' all-wool Hose—regular price 35c—Opening sale price..... **19c**

Children's Stockings—10c value—Opening price..... **4c**

Boys' heavy ribbed fleece-lined Stockings, 25c value—Opening sale price..... **12c**

Special—A lot of all-wool Boys' Stockings—35c value—Opening price..... **18c**

Men's Cotton Sox—special..... **3c**

Men's All-wool Hose—worth from 25c to 35c—Opening sale price..... **14c**

BLANKETS, COMFORTS AND BEDSPREADS.

White Australian Blankets—assorted colored borders, size 11-4—sells regular for $5.00—special at our Opening sale only..... **$2.39**

Large size Comforters—elegantly designed and assorted colors—filled with clean white batting, thick, soft and light in weight—a good value at $1.50—special for our Opening sale only..... **98c**

A lot of Bedspread—regular price $1.50—at our Opening Sale only..... **79c**

$2.00 value—only..... **98c**

Many others at correspondingly Low Prices.

WASH GOODS.

Ladies' White Muslin Skirts—11-inch flounce of three hemstitched tucks—a bargain at 75c—at our Opening sale only..... **39c**

One lot of Skirts—regular value $1.25—at our Opening sale only..... **69c**

Night Gowns—Fine cambric—square neck, with insertion of fine embroidery, regular price $1.25—at our Opening sale only..... **69c**

Night Gowns—fine nainsook—low neck and short sleeves, prettily trimmed, with lace and ribbons—regular price $2.25—at the Grand Opening sale only..... **$1.29**

Corset Covers—of Muslin, high and square neck—at our Opening only..... **9c**

Corset Covers—made of good quality Muslin—a bargain at 39c—our Opening Sale price only..... **14c**

Many others at correspondingly Low Prices.

SWEATERS.

Children's Norfolk and youth's all-wool Sweaters—regular $1.50 value—at our Opening Sale price..... **89c**

Northwestern Knitting Mills' all-wool Sweaters, fancy knitted and assorted colors—$2.50 value—Opening price... **$1.39**

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Ladies' and Misses' heavy fleece-lined Underwear—all colors and sizes—75c values—Opening Sale price..... **39c**

Boys' and Girls' fleece-lined Underwear—extra heavy, all sizes—regular 35c garments—Opening price..... **19c**

Men's heavy fleece-lined Underwear—regular value 75c Opening Sale price..... **39c**

Men's Australian Wool Underwear—$1.25 value—Opening price..... **89c**

Eagle Brand Underwear—known to all as the best—regular $3.50 per suit—Opening price per garment..... **$1.39**

Nelson Bros.' Hand-knitted Underwear—Opening sale price..... **$1.39**

LADIES' SUITS.

Ladies' heavy fall suits—neatly made—regular value $10—Opening price.... **$4.98**

Ladies' Suits in ultra fashionable mannish mixture cloths, highly tasty and nobby street suits—rich satin lined, regular value $20—special inducement at our Opening..... **$11.98**

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$5.00 Mink Blend Short Neck Scarf—fine quality, cluster tails—Opening price... **$1.98**

$7.50 stylish short Neck Scarf of fine sable blend, satin lined—silk cord, tassels and ornaments—at our Opening sale—only..... **$3.98**

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MULESKIN MITTS.

Muleskin Mitts—50 dozen—regular 25c value—special at our Opening sale only..... **9c**

A lot of Lined Gloves—regular $1.50 value, at this sale only..... **48c**

We have a full line of Men's Working Mitts and Gloves at correspondingly low prices.

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A lot of Men's and Boys' fine Caps—in many styles and colors—reg. value up to 75c—at our Opening..... **23c**

Girls' Tassel Caps, Tam O'Shanters—in assorted colors—regular 75c value, Opening price..... **39c**

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Negligee Shirts of good cheviots and percale, best make, felt yoke and full seams—regular 75c value—special at our Opening sale..... **39c**

Men's Strong Working Shirts—heavier winter weight—regular 75c value—special at our Opening Sale only..... **39c**

Men's Strong Jersey Working Shirts—regular $1.00 value at our Opening sale only.... **59c**

Heavy Wool Flannel Shirts—assorted colors—15-ounce, special at our Opening. **$1.19**

Men's Suspenders—reg. 35c—at this sale only..... **14c**

Boys' Suspenders—regular 10c value—at our Opening Sale only..... **4c**

Men's Strong Working Suspenders—the Police and many other good makes, regular 50c value—at our Opening Sale only..... **22c**

CORSETS.

Ladies' Fine Corsets—neatly trimmed, fit and shape guaranteed—worth $1.00—Opening price..... **49c**

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UNDERSKIRTS.

Ladies' Flannel Petticoats—assorted colors—regular value 75c—Opening sale price.. **39c**

Ladies' Black Satin Underskirts—accordion pleat, ruffle flounce, with under triple-tucked and ruffled wide sweeping flounce. Sold everywhere at $1.00—Opening sale price.. **$1.19**

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Ladies' Dress and Walking Skirts—made in the best style, all wool and Cheviots—regular value $4—at our opening—only..... **$1.89**

Ladies' heavy Walking Skirts—latest designs, excellent value at $5—at our Opening sale only..... **$2.98**

Ladies' Dress Skirts in Panama and serges, navy blue, black and gray, latest design, good value at $10—Opening sale price only..... **$5.89**

DRY GOODS.

Cameron Plaid—1,200 yards—regular value 15c—Opening Sale price, a yard..... **7c**

Brentford Plaid—1,000 yards—regular 25c value, at our Opening sale, a yard... **12½c**

WAISTS.

Ladies' heavy duck Waists—very latest patterns—regular value $1.25—Opening Sale price..... **59c**

Ladies' Flannel Waists—assorted patterns, regular $2 value—our Opening price..... **98c**

Ladies' Satin Calico Waists—50c and 75c value—Opening price..... **19c**

Ladies' Navy Blue Brilliantee Waists—fine quality, worth from $1.50 to $3.00—Opening Sale price..... **$1.39**

Many others at correspondingly low prices.

SHOE DEPARTMENT.

Infants' Shoes—regular 35c value at our Opening for **23c**

Boys' and Girls' strong school Shoes—regular price $1.50—special at our Opening... **98c**

Ladies' Shoes—regular price $2.50—at our Opening sale only..... **$1.48**

Ladies' Shoes—regular $3.50 value—at our Opening sale only..... **$1.98**

Men's Working Shoes—regular price $2—at our Opening sale only..... **$1.24**

Men's Working Shoes—reg. $2.50 value, only.. **$1.79**

Men's $4.00 Dress Shoes—only..... **$2.19**

Many others at correspondingly Low Prices.

Remember the date, tomorrow, Saturday, October 21, 1905, at 9:00 a. m. sharp.

The Bee Hive, 115 East Superior Street, Duluth, Oppel's Old Stand.

WOMAN IS A POLICEMAN

She Does Not Tote a Gun But She Gets Results.

First Woman "Cop" a Pretty, Practical Newspaper Worker.

Pueblo, Colo., Oct. 20.—Since Colorado extended the suffrage to women eleven years ago, we have had some women legislators, some women state and county officials and, in Kiowa, a cattle ranch county, a woman justice of the peace. But not until a few days ago, when Miss Pauline Christman was sworn in by Chief of Police McCafferty of Pueblo, has any city in Colorado had a woman policeman.

Unfortunately for accuracy, many worthy people, unfamiliar with conditions in Colorado, doubtless imagine a short-haired, strident-voiced "unsexed female"—hopelessly plain and decidedly ancient—as the sort of person who would receive such an appointment, instead of the refined and talented young newspaper writer—clever, cultured, pretty and thoroughly feminine in every way—who was given her commission last week as a recognition for no mean public service in the manufacturing center and the second largest city in Colorado.

Miss Christman has regular duties on the Pueblo Star-Journal, on which evening daily she is easily the most efficient news gatherer and writer. While going about her duties she was annoyed by the filthy condition of the sidewalks, the floors of street cars and other public places which many of Pueblo's citizens persisted in regarding as cuspidors.

The fight against this evell had long been waged before womens' clubs and medical societies, but resolutions and learned speeches were the only result before Miss Christman came here from Denver.

This young woman had been in town but a few days when she went to the policeman, who was swinging his club over an especially well-mottled sidewalk:

"Officer, why don't you arrest the men who persist in spitting on the sidewalks and in other public places?"

"No orders, miss. Can't exceed authority, you know. You'll have to see the chief."

Chief of Police McCafferty listened sympathetically, but explained, there was no adequate ordinance against spitting. He advised Miss Christman to see Mayor West.

The mayor agreed with her in every particular. If she would see the members of the city council he would use his influence to assist in having her suggestion embodied in an ordinance, and pledged himself then to see to it that it was enforced rigidly.

Miss Christman had the ordinance drawn, arranged for newspaper support of her movement, found an alderman to introduce it and then she went to each of the aldermen in turn, and in her charming way told him why she wished him to vote for her bill—how essential it was for the public health, for the appearance of the city as well as for the sake of the women's feelings.

As a result Miss Christman's ideas were made law by unanimous vote.

Now every patrolman in the city, acting under special instructions from the mayor and chief of police, is keenly on the lookout for tobacco-chewers and other promiscuous expectorators.

The chief of police made Miss Christman a special officer with full power to arrest violators of any of the ordinances, and especially of the one which she had been instrumental in having passed. The women's clubs passed resolutions commending the young woman for her activity and the mayor and the chief of police for appointing her a policeman.

So that's how it has come about that Pueblo's sidewalks and public places generally are now cleaner and more sanitary than they were a fortnight ago, and why Miss Christman wears a little gold star on the lapel of her stylish jacket.

Miss Christman is withal very modest about what she has done, and deprecates public mention of her services.

"Anyone could have got the ordinance passed and seen to it that it was enforced if they had set about it in earnest," she smilingly remarked.

"No, I have not yet made any arrests," she told a reporter. "A warning from me and a display of my star and commission have been sufficient so far to command respectful compliance with the terms of the ordinance."

"Chief McCafferty has been good enough to say it will not be necessary for me to use the pistol he presented me with at the time I received my commission. He had kindly said when I have made an arrest I can call on any other officer to accompany the offender to jail, so that I shall not have to make the spectacle of myself marching some loafer to a patrol box.

"This is not a joke," however, she added quickly, her eyes flashing as the reporter smiled at the thought of the handsome and well-groomed young woman giving the "come along" to some dirty loafer. "I should march him to the station all the way up Main street rather than see the ordinance violated with impunity."

And her friends all know she would not hesitate to "make good."

Is it a burn? Use Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. A cut? Use Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. At your druggist's.

REFUSAL OF PLATE MANUFACTURERS

To Raise Prices Shows the Conservatism In Iron Circles.

Cleveland, Oct. 20.—The Iron Trade Review says: Evidence of the conservatism which is guarding against sudden and radical advances in the prices of iron and steel was furnished in the refusal of the plate manufacturers at a meeting this week to increase quotations $2 per ton. Such an advance was anticipated in view of the enormous present demand and the certainty of its continuance through the unprecedented rush for car equipment, but conservative producers, especially in the East, were willing to run any risk of a runaway market and prevailing prices were continued.

Pig iron quotations continue their advance, especially in the Northern market. Local producers at Chicago and Cleveland have withdrawn from the market and Buffalo has been drawn on, heavy tonnages being carried by boat with a basis of $17.75, Chicago. Valley furnace is now quoted at $16 for early delivery and basic and Bessemer are scarce at $15.50, at the furnace. Cincinnati quotes Southern brands on the basis of $12.50, Birmingham, but sales have been made elsewhere at $13 and certain Southern furnaces, sold out for months ahead, will hold out for $14.

Owing to the increasing car shortage, coke and ore are being obtained with difficulty and coke quotations have advanced materially. Connellsville furnace being quoted as high as $3 for next year's delivery and foundry at $3.50. The car famine in certain places has become so acute as to affect the prompt delivery of iron.

Steel and iron bars are in good demand and an advance in the former is expected at any time, though large consumers are well covered. Bar iron is $1.80 at Chicago and a number of mills are booked through the first half of 1906. Sheets, wire, merchant steel, pipes and tubes continue strong. Ferro-manganese has advanced, $60 and higher being asked for this year's delivery.

PRETTY FACE OF INDIAN PRINCESS

Wins a White Father's Consent to His Son's Wedding.

Wichita, Kas., Oct. 20.—The wedding of Miss Anna Newton, the Indian princess of the Alaska tribe, to Ray E Boone, the athlete and son of a Texas capitalist, will not occur in Russell hall of the Friends university, where both were students, as planned, but the couple will be married privately at the home of Daniel Binford. The death of a near relative of the bridegroom caused the change of arrangements and the delegates to the Friends confrence will not be guests.

When Mr. Boone, Sr., comes here to attend the ceremony, he will see for the first time Princess Wakisten Ka-Ke, whose photograph won his consent to her marriage with his son.

She is not the Indian maiden of legends, although she is slender, walks with the ease of a child of nature. But her skin is fair, almost blond, her hair soft and clinging and she will wear her bridal dress as one to the manor born. Her school training and public appearances as a favorite college vocalist has given her the ease and bearing of other girls.

Princess Wakisten Ka-Ke attracted the attention of the teachers in the Mission school in bleak Alaska and through their influence was sent to the university here. Her engagement to Ray Boone of Higgins, Tex., a fellow student, was favored by his mother, who had met the princess, but opposed by Mr. Boone. Miss Newton was apprised of the facts and sent her most attractive photograph to her fiance's father and her pretty face won his heart. He consented to the wedding and invited the young couple to make their home with Mr. and Mrs. Boone, Sr. They accepted.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

Price 25 Cents | GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE. Purely Vegetable. *Brent Good*

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

OWL IN ROLE OF A CHICKEN THIEF

Lucky Shot Brings Down Bird With Trap on Leg.

Steelville, Mo., Oct. 20.—W. J. Underwood shot and instantly killed an early morning thief at his home. He was awakened about 1 o'clock by a noise among his chickens, and grabbing his shotgun, which was near, he proceeded to the chicken yard to learn what the trouble was.

One old hen was out in a lot and seemed to be in great trouble. He located her in an instant and flashed his searchlight in that direction. This frightened the intruder and it rose to fly away. Mr. Underwood fired a shot after the escaping thief. The shot struck and Underwood found the thief lying prone upon the ground not far from where he was standing. The thief proved to be an owl, an enormous one, for it measured four feet from the tip of one wing to the other.

And this was not the first time it had got into trouble from its night prowlings, for it carried on one of its feet a steel trap, that had evidently hung there for a long time, for it was very rusty and showed other indications of long wear by Mr. Owl.

COUPLE STARVING ON HONEYMOON

Polish Emigrants Fleeced of Cash, Saved By the Police.

Philadelphia, Oct. 20:—The honeymoon of Anton Posceiscello and his bride had a sad termination. The couple was found in an exhausted condition from lack of food, on the pavement at Broad and Somerset streets, after having walked from Doylestown.

They are Poles, and three months ago were married in their native land. With but $23 in their possession they landed in New York, bearing letters to Frank Sazlitzky, a fellow-countryman. He was not located and the couple fell into the clutches of a boarding house shark, who fleeced them of their small store of cash.

Failing to find employment, they set out to walk to this city, and after many hardships reached town, utterly worn out and half-starved. Bicycle Policeman Coin noticed their plight and took them to the Twenty-second district police station, where they were given food. Sergt. Nevins entrusted them to a Polish association agent.

JOY PROVED FATAL.

Aged Man Died After Hearing of Good Fortune.

Philadelphia, Oct. 20.—Excessive emotion, caused by joy at securing employment after a month of idleness, brought on an attack of apoplexy, and Henry Gluck, 60 years old, a veteran of the Franco-Prussian war, dropped dead.

For several days the man had been without food. He had no home, and wandered about the streets. At one time he worked for Oswald Baumgratz of 1104 Nevada street, who is foreman of a pretzel factory. The other night he called at the house to ask for work.

"You can go to work tomorrow, Mr. Gluck; there is a place for you."

The old man jumped to his feet and started to speak, but suddenly put his hand to his head and toppled over dead.

New Cure for Cancer.

All surface cancers are now known to be curable, by Bucklen's Arnica Salve. Jas. Walters of Duffield, Va., writes: "I had a cancer on my lip for years, that seemed incurable, till Bucklen's Arnica Salve healed it, and now it's perfectly well." Guaranteed cure for cuts and burns. 25c at all druggists.

BERNHARDT'S DEBTS

May Close Up Her Well Known Theater In Paris.

Paris, Oct. 20.—Unless Sarah Bernhardt brings back from South and North America a very large sum of money it is probable her well-known theater in Paris will never be opened again as the Theater Sarah Bernhardt.

All along her friends have known she was having a hard time with the enterprise, but only last week learned she would be unable to go on. The city fathers treated her with all consideration, allowing the rent to remain unpaid for three years and refraining from the strict levying of the many taxes. This was done because they recognize in Sarah one of the glories of France, contributing largely to educational interests and also contributing towards making Paris pre-eminent in the dramatic field.

The aertss is not a good business woman; she spent money where she should not on stage properties; in fact, "L'Aiglon" still remains the greatest if not the only real success since the theater opened six years ago, and her son, Maurice Bernhardt, is not allowed to want for anything, both he and his wife living on as large a scale as ever.

The "swapping instinct" is no longer a peculiarly Yankee one—it has become an American trait of character. You may want to buy many things—you may want to sell a few. Try our columns.

SHOES HIGHER IN ENGLAND.

British Tanners Importing Leather From the United States.

London, Oct. 20.—The British public intent upon buying boots and shoes is confronted with two alternatives. Purchasers must either pay a bigger price for their boots and shoes, or they must be content with inferior articles, in which glucose and other materials predominate over the real leather. This is said to be due to the fact that for many years past the Americans have been buying up English hides, adulterating them and "dumping" them back into this country artificially tanned and weighted.

The "dumping" went so far as to reduce the English tanners to the ranks of mere importers, and Bermondsey, instead of being the center of the English tanning industry, is now a district of importers.

Interviewed upon the subject, Alfred Randall, the editor of the Boot and Shoe Journal, said:

"The English tanning industry has been so reduced by foreign competition that we are largely dependent upon America for leather. So great is this dependence that our market is always influenced by the operations of American tanners.

"Boots and shoes are costing from 15 to 20 per cent more to produce than they did two years ago. The demand is for material 'at a price,' and even today there are few people who have really learned that in boots and shoes the best is the cheapest. Many tanyards have been closed in England during the past twenty years, for capitalists find that they can make more money, and make it more easily, by buying and selling them by manufacturing."

S.S.S. OUR RECORD

40 YEARS of CURES

With medicines as with other things, the surest test of worth is the length of time they have the confidence of the people. The efficacy of S. S. S. has been thoroughly proven by experience, and so successful has it been that today it is the best known and most widely used blood remedy in the world. For diseases such as Rheumatism, Catarrh, Scrofula, Skin Diseases, Sores and Ulcers, Contagious Blood Poison, and other troubles due to an impure and poisoned condition of the blood, no remedy acts so promptly and thoroughly as does S. S. S., and thousands throughout the country, cured of such diseases, are daily recommending it to others similarly afflicted. ***ITS FORTY YEARS OF EXISTENCE HAVE BEEN FORTY YEARS OF CURES.*** S. S. S. is a blood purifier of the highest order, containing properties necessary to cure blood troubles of every character, and which make it the greatest of all tonics. It goes into the blood and drives out any and all impurities, and makes this stream of life strong and healthy, and when this is done disease cannot remain. Being made entirely from roots, herbs and barks, chosen for their healing, purifying and building-up properties, it does not injure any of the delicate organs or tissues of the body as do those medicines which contain Potash, Mercury, Arsenic or other harmful minerals, but cures safely as well as permanently. S. S. S. reaches deep-seated and inherited cases on which the ordinary Sarsaparillas and tonics have no effect. It is no experiment to use S. S. S.; it is a remedy with a record; it has proven its worth and ability by its forty years of cures. If you need a blood remedy begin the use of S. S. S.; write us about your case and let our physicians advise you and send book on the blood; no charge for either.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

"A Miss is as Good as A Mile"

and a Minute Off is often A Miss

When a minute counts have an

ELGIN WATCH

Every Elgin Watch is fully guaranteed. All jewelers have Elgin Watches. "Timemakers and Timekeepers," an illustrated history of the watch, sent free upon request to

ELGIN NATIONAL WATCH CO., ELGIN, ILLINOIS, U. S. A.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

RELATIVES ARE AMAZED

By Discovery That Supposed Bachelor Financier Was Married.

Widow Is Former Hotel Waitress—Heirs Fight Her Claim.

West Plains, Mo., Oct. 20.—When Dr. T. I. Pitts, one of the leading financiers of Southern Missouri, died at Portland, Or., last month, while visiting the Lewis and Clark exposition, the fact was brought to light that he was not traveling alone. The telegram announcing his death was signed by Mrs. T. I. Pitts, and created great surprise here, in view of the fact that Dr. Pitts was always believed to be a bachelor. No one here where Dir Pitts had resided for over twenty years, could fathom the mystery surrounding the wife.

When the body of Dr. Pitts reached here there was not standing room on the railroad platform, which is over 300 feet in length. Women elbowed their way towards the coach in which the mysterious wife was thought to be. When a demure little woman appeared on the car platform with crepe on her hat those nearest knew that she was the mysterious Mrs. Pitts.

"It's Tempa Wren," said a man nearest the car step. And the words echoed through the surging crowd.

Tempa Wren came to West Plains eight years ago from Wild Cherry, a hamlet in the Boston mountains of Northern Arkansas. She had an aunt here and to her she came when it became necessary to make her own living. She was unused to the ways of the world and without friends, excepting the aunt, with whom she sought shelter. She secured employment as a domestic with a well-known family, where she remained two years. Afterwards she served in a similar capacity in other households, and later became a waitress in the leading hotel here. There she met Dr. Pitts.

At the time Dr. Pitts was engaged in the drug business here and made his home at the hotel. The handsome bachelor, it seems, won the heart of the Arkansas maiden and ere long she left the hotel, telling her friends that she was soon to be married. She was occasionally heard from in other places, sometimes in Kansas City, then in St. Louis and more recently at Mountain Grove, to which place Dr. Pitts removed last year.

When Dr. Pitts left St. Louis early in September for Portland, Or., he took Tempa Wren with him. He purchased two railroad tickets, the stubs of which are still in the possession of the woman who claims she is his wife. One is made out in the name of Mrs. T. I. Pitts. The other bears the signature of Dr. Pitts. Both signatures are in his handwriting.

At Butte City, Mont., Dr. Pitts was stricken with mountain fever. At Portland he grew worse and was taken to a hospital. Four days later he died.

At Kansas City the body was met by E. J. Green, cashier of the First National bank of Mountain Grove, and for eighteen years a business partner of Dr. Pitts. He had previously arranged with relatives of Dr. Pitts at Fayetteville, Tenn., to ship the body to that place. But he was informed by Tempa Wren as he knew her, that it was the last wish of Dr. Pitts to be interred in the Masonic cemetery at West Plains by his lodge. Mr. Green shipped the body to West Plains and notified the Tennesse relatives. They immediately wired to hold the body until their arrival.

While the watchers were seated about the body the Tennessee relatives arrived. They were J. L. Caughborn, S. P. and W. H. Hamilton and Prof. Ollie Pitts. The former three are brothers-in-law and the latter is a nephew of Dr. Pitts.

After viewing the body the relatives announced they were going to take it to Tennessee on the first train. The undertaker was summoned, but refused to remove the body without the consent of Mrs. T. L. Pitts, who had employed him. The four stalwart Tennesseeans declared that they would not recognize the widow, and that they were going to have the body. A friend saw Mrs. Pitts and she reluctantly consented to burial at the doctor's old home.

Two graves were waiting at that time—one in the Masonic cemetery here—and the funeral had been announced for the following day. The other was in the mountains of East Tennessee, where four heart-broken sisters were waiting to take a last farewell look upon the face of their only brother.

Dr. Pitts' fortune is estimated at $75,000. He had stock in banks at Mountain Grove and West Plains, Mo.; Newport, Ark., and El Reno, Okla., and owned a large business block in this city. Over a year ago, when the First National Bank of Mountain Grove was organized, he removed to that place and became vice president of the bank.

Dr. Pitts was a great traveler. Tempa Wren, or Mrs. Pitts, says that during the last four years she has accompanied him on many of his journeys, and they have visited almost every principal city of the United States. They had planned a trip to Mexico this winter. She says that at the hotels where they stopped they always registered as "T. I. Pitts and wife." They were so known at Portland, both at the hotel and at the hospital.

Several days after the death of Dr. Pitts, in the probate court of Wright county of the Mountain Grove jurisdiction, E. J. Green was appointed administrator of the Pitts estate.

A few days later the probate court of Howell county, in which West Plains is located, granted letters of administration to T. B. Kilpatrick of this city. The letters were issued upon the application of the Tennessee relatives, who claimed that they are the sole heirs and they alone can recommend the appointment of an administrator. They further declare that West Plains is the residence of Dr. Pitts, and not Mountain Grove, hence the probate court of Howell county has jurisdiction.

To substantiate his claim that Mountain Grove is the home of Dr. Pitts, Mr. Green says when application was made to the secretary of the treasury for authority to organize the First National Bank of Mountain Grove, Dr. Pitts gave his residence as Mountain Grove. It also happens that when he moved there Tempa Wren was making her home at that place and continued to reside there for several months.

Administrator Kilpatrick of Howell county says West Plains has always been the home of Dr. Pitts. His trunk was at a hotel here, where he had made his home for twenty years, and as the only real estate he owned is at this place, Howell county should have jurisdiction over the estate. Both administrators are taking inventories of the estate.

For the first time in Southern Missouri two administrators are endeavoring to administer the same estate. The officials of one bank in which Dr. Pitts was interested have refused information to Administrator Kilpatrick of Howell county, who represents the Tennessee heirs.

It is quite likely application will be made to the United States courts to throw the estate into the hands of a receiver, to determine who is the rightful administrator. The property is in several states, which would bring it within the jurisdiction of the federal court.

In the meantime Tempa Wren, or Mrs. Pitts, declines to talk for the public. She claims to have sufficient proof to substantiate her claim as the widow of Dr. Pitts to entitle her to one-third of the estate. She has employed J. N. Burroughs, an attorney, to defend her rights. Former State Senator P. M. Mansfield of Wright county has also been retained.

SMALL BOY HAS "COFFEE HEART"

Child of Eight Is In City Hospital Slowly Regaining Health.

HEART BEATS TOO FAST

Muscle Was Wearing Itself Out—Drank a Dozen Cups a Day.

Excessive coffee drinking City Hospital physicians say, is the cause of little Johnnie Murphy's heart disease. Although only 8 years old, he has one of the worst cases of heart lesion that has ever come to the institution.

When he entered the hospital the child's heart was beating 160 to the minute, just twice the normal rate for a child of his age. For one month he has had no coffee and his heart action has been reduced to 100 beats a minute.

For two years the child has been drinking from nine to twelve cups of strong coffee every day. He began to complain of pains as if needles were sticking in his heart, and for a year has slept scarcely three hours a night, and then only when sitting propped up in a chair beside an open window.

Johnnie did not care for things to eat; coffee was all the food he craved, and except when cake or candy was given him, he took no other nourishment. As he was sick and not expected to recover, he was given all the coffee he desired until a physician saw him and advised that he be sent to City Hospital.

HEART WAS OVERWORKED.

Every beat of the child's heart could be plainly seen. To one inexperienced in medicine, it would seem that the heart extended over two-thirds of the chest region, and the pulsation is of a heavy, prolonged character, quite different from the sharp, quick beat of the normal heart.

The boy is small for his age, and efforts of physicians have been to build up his strength. His treatment has been largely tonics and heart regulating medicines, such as strophantus or digitalis.

As the heart, like other muscles, can stand only a given amount of work, hospital internes estimate that the 60 beats a minute he is now being saved by his abstinence from coffee will prolong his life 10 or 12 years.

The heart of a man who dies at 70 years has beaten 260 million times, and if the normal beat is 72, little Johnnie Murphy was living twice as fast as any normal person. When he first entered the hospital, physicians freely prophesied that he could live only a few weeks. Under the treatment and total abstinence from coffee he has so improved that his chances for a long life are considered good if the heart lesion and degeneration already set up can be healed.

He is a son of John Murphy of 116 South Fourteenth street. Mrs. Murphy told the physicians that none of her other children had showed signs of heart disease nor had they a marked fondness for coffee.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Literally thousands of people suffer more or less from heart weakness caused by coffee, and with some, even one cup a day will bring on heart trouble.

The heart that has been only slightly attacked by coffee will protest and make its weak condition known under slight exertion, and it is plainly a dangerous condition to get into. It is a curious fact that coffee does not always attack the heart, but goes after the stomach, liver and bowels of some and leaves the heart alone.

It is plainly classed as an active toxic and its work shows somewhere on most users. It is easy to rid ones self of the habit by using well-brewed Postum Coffee. The change in symptoms is shown in a day or two as a rule, and that change shows the user to a certainty that coffee was the destroyer.

It is useless to warn some people, even when it is easy to quit and be well again. So they peg along, sick and miserable, charging their ails to "food," "east wind," "heredity," and whatnot, until some day the stroke comes when abused nature reaches the limit. It's easy to be well if one cares for the joy of health. One of the plain, sure, well-built, and well-kept highways, with sign boards on each side, is the Postum route.

There's a reason.

HAPPENINGS IN THE DAKOTAS

Cathay Citizens Will Close Blind Pigs and Gambling Resorts.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Cathay—Citizens in this town intend to close all the blind pigs and gambling resorts and not stop the crusade until the place has had a good cleaning up. This decision was come to some time ago but the fatal shooting on Monday night has aroused the people and the crusade has begun. As Joe Cadotte was about to enter the Kenwood hotel he was approached by Jack Woods, a harvest hand, who attempted to assault him. Before he could do so Cadotte shot him. The bullet penetrated the neck, going through the windpipe, cutting a large artery in two and coming out the other side. The wounded man died in a few minutes from loss of blood. As he was dying he entered the hotel, sat in a chair, then reeled to the floor, which was covered with blood. Cadotte is a Frenchman who has been about town for the last four years, doing odd jobs and at times running a blind pig. He was always of a quiet disposition, except when under the influence of liquor. Woods was one of the many hard characters who come to North Dakota in threshing time and spend their money gambling, carousing and drinking. He had a companion who went by the name of Slim. It appears that a young man, John Holton, had just been paid off and had about $200. Woods and Slim persuaded him to play a poker game and Cadotte, surmised that the two men intended to fleece Holton. As quietly as he could he put Holton on his guard, but by some means Woods and Slim learned of the fact and made threats that they would waylay Cadotte sometime during the day. In the afternoon Woods called at a store to purchase a gun. None shown him seemed to be large enough, as he wanted a big one and "would make Joe Cadotte eat it." On making this assertion the store refused to make a sale. It was nearly 9 o'clock when Cadotte went to the hotel, at the entrance of which he was seized by Woods. The shooting followed. At the same time Slim, who it appears had been laying for Cadotte at the top of the stairs, ran down and threw a lighted lamp at Cadotte, who, had not a bystander interfered, would have shot him also. Cadotte then ran up the street, saying that Woods was after him with a knife and he had to do it. He took the train to Fessenden and there surrendered himself to the authorities. Coroner MacGregor and Sheriff White were summoned at once. An inquest was held during which Dr. C. M. Niles of Cathay made a postmortem examination and several witnesses were examined. The inquest was continued at Fessenden, where other witnesses will be called.

Williston—The entire day was consumed yesterday in Justice Leonhardy's court in hearing testimony against W. H. Denny, charged with receiving stolen horses. After the testimony was given, John Burke, attorney for the defense, made a masterly plea for his client, and Mayor R. R. Purcell made a strong argument for conviction. After hearing the testimony Judge Leonhardy decided that there was insufficient evidence to bind Mr. Denny over to the district court, and he was at once released. The evidence was all purely circumstantial, and the alleged letter which purported to contain so much was evidently a trumped-up affair, as it was written on the Great Northern hotel stationery here in Williston. It was also evident that the Montana authorities did not produce all of the evidence they expected to, as they had caught wind of the fact that they were liable themselves to certain criminal action if they proceeded beyond their own circumstantial evidence. It is reported that the authorities from Montana have dismissed their case against Arthur McGahey, as they have no further evidence than what they have produced in court.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Aberdeen—A special stock train on the Milwaukee road was wrecked near Warner, necessitating trains going south over that road running over the North-Western tracks from Aberdeen to Wolsey. The journal on a car loaded with barley broke, causing five cars to jump the track.

Aberdeen was visited by a 3-inch fall of snow, which is rapidly melting and will put the ground in excellent shape for fall plowing. Previous to the snow the ground has been too dry, and the farmers were delayed in their fall work. The corn exhibit for Brown county, which was to have been given at the courthouse today, has been postponed until Nov. 1, as many farmers were prevented by the storm from preparing their exhibits.

Miller—With tears running down his brown cheeks and a voice choked with emotion, Crow Dog, a Crow Creek brave, hurried into a store here and asked for a shoe box in which to lay his papoose that had just died at the teepee on the creek north of town. The little Indian was taken back to the agency, forty-five miles, and buried deep in the ground with funeral rites.

Milbank—Superintendent of Public Instruction M. M. Ramer has issued a call for a meeting of the city superintendents of the state to meet at Mitchell Nov. 2 and 3, for the purpose of revising the course of study in the common and high schools and discussing other school matters.

SHAMELESS TALK OF "BONESETTER"

Bronght Him Longer Sentence—Got Six Years in Stillwater.

Aikin, Minn., Oct. 20.—W. C. Arons, the notorious "Bonesetter," who operated in Hudson and Superior, who entered a plea of guilty to charges of bigamy and grand larceny before Judge Spooner, late yesterday afternoon was sentenced to six years in Stillwater, five years being the limit on the first count and one year added for the latter.

The court room was well filled with many ladies in the audience. Arons appeared well gromed, with plenty of assurance, but a trifle nervous, and was defended by F. W. Hall, with County Attorney Krelwitz and Attorney Garrity of Minneapolis prosecuting.

When given an opportunity to speak, Arons became so vile that the women left the room. After Arons had made some vicious remarks concerning his legal wife and mother, their Attorney Garrity branded him a liar and defended the women and explained to the court that Arons was a morphine fiend and unreliable beyond his own control. It is evident that Arons drew a longer time from the court as a result of his shameless talk.

POWER OF SPEECH.

Philadelphia Telegraph: "Talk about the power of speech," said Jimmy Sheehan, the funny man of the Republican city organization, who will probably be heard frequently on the stump during the coming local campaign, "how about this story?"

"It was in court," he said. "There was an Irishman in the prisoners' dock charged with stealing a horse. The district attorney had presented his case to the jury, after calling a number of witnesses to prove that he was telling the truth. I tell you it looked bad for the prisoner.

"Then began the prisoner's lawyer. He talked and talked and called more witnesses and examined them as to the prisoner's honesty. Then the jury was instructed by the judge, and after a few minutes' debate they returned with a verdict of 'not guilty.'

"How's that to prove the power of speech?" inquired Jimmy. "But that is not all.

"After the jury had been thanked the judge called the prisoner to the side rail and asked him: 'Patrick, you're acquitted and you really did steal the horse.' When he was again assured that he would not be arrested Patrick said: 'Well, Your Honor, before I heard my lawyer's argument I thought I did steal that horse, but now I know that it must have been some one else.'"

People are looking around now for houses and flats for the winter. A little ad in The Saturday Herald will tell them of the ones you have for rent.

J. M. GIDDING & CO. J. M. GIDDING & CO. J. M. GIDDING & CO. J. M. GIDDING & CO. J. M. GIDDING & CO

NEW FALL CORSETS (Annex.)

Have your form fitted over a new fall model W. B. Uniform—$1.00 to $2.50.

C. B. a La Spirite Corsets—$1.00 to $3.50.

R. & G. Tapering Waist—$1.00 to $2.50.

La Vida—for which we are sole Duluth agents—$5.00 to $15.00.

Expert corset attention will be given you by Madame Bailey, who will fit (and alter if necessary) any corset to suit your particular requirements.

STOCKINGS AND UNDERWEAR (Annex.)

For women and girls—complete lines of all standard grades are to be found here always—"Harvard" hand-finished vests and pants, 50c and upward. Union suits, $1.00 and upwards. "Onyx" Hosiery, 25c and up.

FALL GLOVES—SPECIAL.

One line of silk-lined Mochas — browns, tans, modes and gray; one large clasp; good value at $1.50—today at $1.00.

"PERRIN'S" GLOVES—



Famous the world over—You'll find them here only — the prevailing shades for Fall—$1.50, $1.75, $2.00 and $2.50.

Special lines at $1.00.

Entirely new and effective styles will be shown tomorrow in our Millinery Department.



Girls' Flannel-lined "Swagger" Coats, $7.50—

Full and generous in size—velvet broadcloth storm collar, with swagger strap at back—velvet trimmed—lined throughout with a warm, red flannel—a coat fully $10 in value—all sizes to 14; colors—black, blue and green—$7.50.

School Girls' "Swagger" and Regulation Coats, $6.75—

Of splendid, heavy cheviot, made full and generous in size—deep storm collar, military buttons, with or without belt—to fit girls up to 16; colors are navy, brown and green—$6.75.

School Girls' "Regulation" Coats at $5.00—

Splendid heavy-weight materials, deep storm collar, military buttons, full and generous in size—blue and brown—sizes to 14—$5.00.

School Girls' (check or red) Flannel-lined Coats, $10.75—

Heavy, warm and beautiful Coats, full of style, deep storm collar, military buttons—with or without belt at back—blue, brown and mixtures.

School Girls' Stylish Rain Coats at $5.50 to $16.50—

Over a dozen splendid styles to choose from—trimmed or plain tailored effects—in tans, olives and oxfords—sizes to fit girls up to 16.

Girls' Flannel-lined Vassar Coats $10.50

Everybody knows that "Vassar" stands for everything that is best in Girls' Coats—the materials, linings and workmanship are absolutely the best that money can procure—the styles are such as appeal at once to discriminating women and tasty girls—in mixtures or plain colors—sizes up to 15 at $10.50 to $13.50—sizes 12 to 16; $11.50 to $23.50.

Junior Girls' Coats $8.75; sizes 14 to 18

(Sizes 14 to 18.) Long and full coats of warm materials—in a style that is smart as can be—velvet collar with button to set off the coat—velvet cuffs—three box pleats at back—they are just the kind of a coat a school girl wants—sizes 14 to 18—plain materials, $8.95; handsome mixtures, $11.75.



More Handsomely Tailored Suits at... $25

(For Women and Misses.)

They were bought to retail at $32.50 and $35.00, are marked $25.00 in order to give our trade extraordinary value at this price. They come in all the season's newest and wanted materials and colors, including a wide range of grays that seem to become more in vogue as the season advances, and in plain blacks, blues, etc.; 50 inches long; some with notch collar and cuffs; women's and misses' sizes—all in one range—$25.00.

52-inch Broadcloth Suits $49.50—Taffeta lined throughout.

$25 Women's Fur Trimmed Long Kersey Coats $16.50.

Of fine, heavy-weight materials, finely tailored and with deep storm collar of black or brown coney sable—long, full and generous in size; black, blue, brown and tan; sizes from 32 to 46 bust measure. A coat that would ordinarily sell for $25.00—at $16.50. They were made during the dull season and we pass the saving along to you.

Finely-made Full-length Coats of Excellent heavy weight wool materials $8.75.

If you can match this value in town for $12.50, come back and get your money. Each and every coat is splendidly tailored, has a natty velvet collar which is neatly trimmed, full velvet cuffs—has three box pleats running to the shoe tops—a good, stylish coat in every way—$8.75.

Women's and Misses' Long, Heavy-Weight Kersey Coats, with Bearskin Collar, $10.75.

Extraordinary value you'll say, when you see them—and they are. If we had to place our orders today they'd be nearer $16.50—tomorrow, $10.75. Black and castor.

SPLENDID VALUES IN RAINCOATS—Today we will place on sale a line of these serviceable garments.

AT $9.75—In tan, olive and oxford; value $12.50.

HANDSOME RAINCOATS in tan and olive—$16.50—finely tailored and of later models.

RAINCOATS FOR GIRLS AND MISSES—Several new styles just came to hand—neatly trimmed, splendidly made, full and generous in size—tan or gray; $16.50 value—$12.75.

Another style—tan or oxford—tailored and strapped; $12.50 value—$9.75.

Coats for the Tots.

AGED 2½ TO 6 YEARS—Bearskin—red, white, green, blue, cream and gray — storm collar and belt at back—generous in size; $5.00 value—$3.95.

WITH FULL CAPE, extra good quality — all shades—$5 and up to $10.

$7.50 FLANNEL-LINED COATS, $5.00—warm and comfortable—of splendid cloth and red flannel lined, with emblem on sleeve.



Giddings

Fur Lined Coats.

FINE BROADCLOTH, blue, including nutria, mink and brown and black—lined with Sable Coney—Sable Coney collar—good value at $35—special, $25.

A LINE OF EXTRA FINE BROADCLOTH COATS—squirrel lined—Sable coney collar—all colors—an excellent coat for $50—at $42.50.

ANOTHER LINE SAME QUALITY—Sable coney lining, with Persian lamb, natural and blended squirrel and sable opposum collars—all colors, including tan—at $42.50.

WE HAVE A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF ELEGANT FUR-LINED COATS—including nutria, mink and Siberian gray squirrel linings and all varieties of fine fur collars up to $200.00.

Skirts.

FINELY TAILORED SKIRTS, $7.50—Serge and Panama, plain gored top, full plaited flounce; blue, black and gray—$7.50.

EXCELLENT SKIRTS, $5.75—If we had not planned with the maker during the dull months you couldn't buy them for less than $8.50—all shades—$5.75.

$18.50 VOILE SKIRTS, $12.50—Different styles of plaits, extra full; all colors, including pastel evening shades or reseda, green, gray and bisquet.



THEY HAVE ARRIVED

NETTLETON'S SHOES

FOR GENTLEMEN

$5.00 $6.00 $7.00

PHILLIPS & CO.

218 West Superior Street.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY



Yesterday morning at the Library Wilson G. Crosby lectured interestingly to an appreciative audience on "The French Classic Drama." In his talk he outlined the growth of the French drama giving examples and read big extracts from some of the famous dramas. Mr. Crosby said:

"We are all accustomed to think of famous men as products of their times. We think of the Elizabethan period as a time of unrest, a revival of classic learning, a period for great marine achievement, and of the language still being in a state of flux. We no longer look upon men as miracles even though they may be supreme geniuses. We realize that miracles can only occur under some spiritual influence; there must be some preceding.

"Drama is the flower of literature. Classic drama is the product of conditions. Men, events and dates are eloquent themselves. Louis XIV assumed the reigns of power in 1661 at the death of Mazarin. From that date until 1683 the flower of literature came to its bloom. All the greatness of France is encompassed between these points. The year 1683 ushered in a series of disasters. All the drama of the middle ages was preserved by the clergy and the lawyers. They were the two learned classes and had no rivals though at the present time this fact will not hold good. These classes took pride in that the literature was free from all profanity. Their plays were spiritual, pertaining to the miracles principally. These plays were called 'Mysteries.' They were translated from the French and Spanish for at this time France looked to Spain. One was called, 'Association de la Passion.'

"The lawyers would have nothing to do with the religious plays. They produced farces called 'satires' which were in their rudest form. Then they obtained permission from the crown to give plays called 'Moralities' which were a mixture of the satires and a more serious form of a play which we find are the predecessors of our common melodrama plays of today.

"But there was a long preparation for this. For two hundred years from 1461, the death of Louis XI to the reign of Louis XIV all France had been preparing for a tyranny and an absolutism. Class was struggling against class and wars were renewed constantly. In 1661 all France welcomed a master who showed rule not only in the departments of government but also in the form of literature and dress by his suggestion and criticism. The writers were compelled to go to Louis for criticism and to have his seal put on their work. He was determined to place his influence on all branches of life.

"One can only understand the drama of this period when one understands the influences of the period. In this period of 200 years all of Racine's work but two pieces appear, and all of Moliere's. This was a living France.

"But what of French drama before this time? There were no plays, with happy endings, until this century. Drama was in a rude state. Corneille added little. He produced a large number of plays, but was satisfied merely to have them used and cast aside, though he helped to perfect the drama. The dramas of Corneille, Moliere and Racine are the results of an age; great products from a rude beginning. Voltaire says: 'We call Pierre Corneille great, not only to distinguish him from his brother, Thomas, but from all others.' Corneille left ideas for Racine to work out. His dramas are such that they are still produced. The verse has been acceptable to the French for three centuries. They embodied a good form. Racine worked it out to absolute perfection.

"Corneille was born in 1606, and his first play was published in 1638. It took Paris by storm. It was called the 'Cid.' No play of such great success appeared until Hugo's 'Hemani' was acted. Racine and Corneille left no successors, only imitators. Moliere lives yet in all dramatic productions. The beauty of Racine's drama is the rhythm. There are few characters, and we always find among them one so purely French—the confidante. From this queer character we learn all the emotions of the principal characters.

"What makes drama interesting? Where is the dramatic force? It is in the battling of emotions. In Hugo's 'Hemani' we have the battling of the elements, in the scene at Charlemagne's tomb, but in Racine's drama we have probably a room; the chairs which always remain in fixed positions, and few actors required. Paris rose to these plays.

"Classic drama is that which is capable of giving noble pleasure. Thoughts are not only sufficient, but we must have a conflict of love and duty in the soul. This is true of the 'Cid.' Tragedies of real life are acted in the soul. A great impression is made in you when a soul is dragged before the audience. Your souls respond. This is the great dramatic theory.

"Static drama is that form in which nothing happens outwardly. We are outlining the noisy drama, and are coming to the static. The secret of French tragedy is; first, the perfection of form; secondly, the grandeur of emotion; thirdly, the portrayal of the human soul. These are the reasons why the French dramas have survived. They portrayed before the French minds the ideal of aristocracy. Corneille and Racine brought them out in their noblest form. Aristocracy looks to the past, democracy to the future. In the calm, restrained way of acting we see the influence of the aristocracy.

"France began her descent in 1683, when the queen died, and in 1685 the edict of Nantes drove out the best of her people. The fall soon came, after the Battle of Blenheim.

"Moliere had so much of humanity in him. He knew the failings of human kind, and had that dramatic instinct, of all that could be satirized. But back of all this humor there was a sadness. It is strange that those who seem to produce so much humor often have trials to bear. We shall have to say that Moliere is the King of Comedy. He wrote one romantic comedy only. He ran the whole gauntlet of comedy, from the tragic comedy to the farce."

Mr. Crosby then read from "Les Plaisers Ridicules," by Moliere, and the meeting closed.

FOR LITTLE FOLKS.

"Little Lord Fauntleroy" to Be Read at Children's Matinee.

Children's matinee will be given tomorrow, Saturday, Oct. 21, at 3 o'clock at Elks' hall. Francess Hodgson Burnett's story, "Little Lord Fauntleroy," will be read by Miss Adele McClaren. She will be assisted by Misses Esther Gomberg, pupil of Mrs. D. H. Day; Edith Herrington, pupil of Mr. Fred G. Bradbury, and Hazel Harris, pupil of George L. Tyler. The program is:

CHARACTERS.

The Earl of Dorincourt ....Cedric Errol (Little Lord Fauntleroy)
Mr. Havisham ..... A Lawyer
Mr. Hobbs ..... A Grocer
Dick ..... A Bootblack
Higgins ..... A Farmer
Wilkins ..... A Groom
Thomas ..... A Footman
James ..... A Servant
Mrs. Errol ("dearest")
Mina.
Mary.

Part I.—A small sitting room in a New York home.

Piano solo—
(a) Sailor Boy's Dance .....
(b) If I Were King ..... Weber
Miss Esther Gromberg.
Violin solo ..... Selected
Miss Edith Herrington.

Part II.—Morning room in Dorincourt Castle, England.

Vocal solo ..... Selected
Miss Hazel Harris.

Part III.—
Dorincourt Castle.

The patronesses are:

Mesdames—

H. C. Marshall,	A. E. Prudden.
Alex. MacDougall,	S. E. Catherall,
L. H. Corcoran,	D. H. Day,
L. O. Bean,	Franklin Paine,
A. F. M. Custance,	C. D. Ostergren,
Wm. J. Suffel,	H. L. Paddock,
Geo. L. Tyler,	A. W. Ryan,
B. G. Segog,	Fred Reynolds,
W. J. Krietter,	E. C. Durant,
Z. D. Scott,	J. L. Washburn,
Wylie,	John Christie,
Fred G. Bradbury,	A. H. Smith,
H. J. Kolling,	John Miller,
Waite H. Squier,	Frank Smith,
Emily E. Woodward,	A. H. Viele,
Chas. H. Merritt,	O. F. Matison,
Will Lynch,	J. H. Crowley,
E. A. Forsythe,	L. E. Paddock.

Entertain at Cards.

Last evening at the Thornton home, at 1514 East Third street, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Judd and Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Thornton entertained at six-handed euchre for Miss Grace E. Richards and Ralph J. Davis. The guests of honor were presented with favors, while the prizes were given to Miss Calla Blanchard and Elmer Whyte. Green and white were the prevailing colors for the evening. Carnations and ferns were the flowers used as decoration. The guests were:

Messrs. and Mesdames.—
Charles F. Mac-Donald, James McAuliffe,
Mesdames—
J. W. Richards, John H. La Vaque.
Misses—
Grace Duncan, Grace Richards,
Ruth Markell, Judd,
Cora Letteau, Pauline Smith,
Calla Blanchard, Florence Smith
Irma Richards, of Iowa,
DeHaas of Howes,
St. Paul, Mabel Duncan.
Messrs.—
Frank O'Donnell, Elmer Whyte,
Calvin How, Carroll Graff,
Carlyle Hastings, Arthur Burg,
Gridley, Moore,
Charles McBride, Ralph Davis.
Clinton Markell,

D. A. R. Chapter.

The Greysolon du Lhut chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution held its annual business meeting and banquet at the Spalding yesterday at 3 o'clock. Officers for the coming year were elected and the yearly reports were made. Mrs. John Bell of Minneapolis, the state regent, was expected to attend this meeting but was unexpectedly detained home on account of the sudden illness of her husband. Mrs. N. F. Hugo is the local regent.

The Saturday Club.

The Saturday club will meet tomorrow morning as usual in the club room. The program is as follows:

Current events—Reports from countries.
Subject, "Art"—
"Origin and Style of Russian Art"....
Mrs. H. S. Paddock.
"Perm and Prehisteric Antiquities"..
Mrs. F. H. Barnard.
"Influence of Other Countries on Russian Art" .....
Mrs. R. F. Boyington.
"The Rise of Russian Music".....
Mrs. W. A. Kaake.

Mrs. John Jenswold is leader for the afternoon.

Fine Music Given.

Mrs. Martin Hay of 1308 East Fourth street entertained delightfully on Wednesday afternoon for Mrs. J. M. Hedges of Terre Haute, Ind., who is the guest of Mrs. Frederick Griffith. A beautiful musical program was rendered. The guests included:

Mesdames—

Hay of Winnipeg,	Goodrich,
Stevens,	Gibson,
Henderson,	Frederick Griffith,
	Miss Lillian Giles.

Jolly Ten Meeting.

The Jolly Ten of Duluth Heights met on Wednesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. F. Mahan of Myrtle street. Beautiful autumn leaves were used as the decoration and in the amusements for the afternoon the prizes were taken by Mrs. Brayton and Mrs. T. D. Johnson. The guests were:

Mesdames—

Sewery,	John McLean,
Purcell,	J. H. Tomlin,
Stauber,	Clemens,
William Tennell,	Perrott.
Miss Jean Hendry.	

Events of Interest.

A reception will be given this evening in the parlors of the First Methodist church by the ladies in honor of their pastor and his wife, Mr. and Mrs. M. S. Rice. All members of the church and their friends have been invited. Miss Bradshaw will give a solo and a male quartet will also sing.

* * *

The Delta Sigma Nu fraternity of the high school is planning to give its annual brake ride to the Duluth-Minneapolis game, which is to be played here on Saturday, Oct. 28.

* * *

The senior class of the high school will give a reception at the school in honor of the Minneapolis Central football team on Saturday evening, Oct. 28

* * *

Last evening an enjoyable card social was given at the Cathedral hall, at Second avenue west and Fourth street. Cinch was the game and the ladies' prize was awarded to Mrs. O'Connell, while Thomas McGraw was given the gentlemen's.

* * *

The Young Ladies' club of the First Presbyterian church will hold its first meeting in the church parlors tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock. The speaker for the afternoon will be Miss Margaret McGiffert. The president of this club is Mrs. John A. Stephenson.

* * *

Tonight at the Congregational church Mrs. Wallace Boyer of St. Paul will give two readings on the program which is to be given by the Altrurian club. A fine program has been arranged.

* * *

The Calender circle of the Highland Presbyterian church met at the home of Mrs. W. H. Tolman of Duluth Heights this afternoon.

Personal Mention.

Miss Virginia De Hass of St. Paul is the guest of Miss Grace Richards of Lester Park.

* * *

Miss Hannah Dunlop of Oak Park, Ill., left for her home yesterday. Miss Dunlop has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Davis for the past week.

* * *

George Worth, brother of Max Worth of this city, left yesterday for his home in Munich, Germany. He expects to return with his family shortly to their new home in Winnipeg, Canada.

* * *

Miss Laura Glass of Neillsville, Wisconsin, who has been visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Grochan for the past few weeks will return to her home tomorrow.

Make the Cake Now.

Make the Christmas fruit cake now, advises an exchange. It will be correctly ripe by Dec. 25. An old recipe for the fruit cake calls for ten eggs, two cupfuls of powdered sugar, a pound of butter, two cupfuls of pastry flour, two pounds of stone raisins, two pounds of sultana raisins, two pounds of currants, the juice and grated rind of two medium-sized lemons, four ounces of candied lemon peel, half a pound of citron, a teaspoonful each of cinnamon and all-spice, a grated nutmeg, half a teaspoonful of cloves and a cupful of grape juice. Cream the butter thoroughly and then beat the butter and sugar to a froth. Add the eggs, beaten but not separated, and the fruit, dredging the fruit previously with flour. Bake in a moderate oven for three hours. Old cooks who were famous for the deliciousness of their fruit cake steamed the cake two hours and baked it for an hour, and some of their scions keep up the practice with advantage to the cake. A cake tin that will hold twelve pounds will be wanted for the recipe given.

This cake, to be at its best, should be made several months before it is wanted. A stone jar is the best place to keep it. A couple of apples were always kept in the jar with it in old days. They were removed and fresh ones were put in once a week.



Another Sensation

It is the surprise of the day

A 10c Drug Store Window

You can find a hundred bargains.

Here Are a Few 25c Articles at 10c

MENNEN'S TALCUM.
TOILET GLYCERINE.
CHARCOAL TABLETS.
KUGLER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
BORATED TALCUM.
DE REAQUE'S QUININE HAIR TONIC.
LAVENDER SMELLING SALTS
ELSIE'S FRAGRANT CREAM.
HATCH'S TOOTH POWDER.
BENSOLYPTUS TOOTH PASTE.

HOT CHOCOLATE WITH WHIPPED CREAM.

When you are in need of a good Doctor or Nurse come to us. We can always get one for you.

Bring us your Prescription. We guarantee price and quality.

Old Fashioned Stick Candy 25c
Gillette Safety Razor $5.00

The Leader in the Drug Business in

KUGLER, Your Druggist,

108 West Superior Street.

IN YESTERDAY.

We know before we show them you will fall in love with them—they are such exquisite stocks, lace collars and chemisettes. See them.

Gray-Tallant Co

NEW WHITE FANS

In beautiful designs; hand painted, lace covered or spangle studded; small, large and medium sizes at 65c and up to $4.75.

Important! New Fall Coats



Values up to $20.00— Go on Sale Saturday at $12.50

Styles displayed in the show window and many more.

WE HAVE been fortunate in securing an excellent line of fall coats at much less than their worth—which we offer Saturday at the same proportionate reductions. They're handsome stylish coats—in every way equal to coats that we have sold up to $20.00—in some cases the identical style and grades. They're made of heavy cloth of a splendid quality and all well tailored—to a nicety. We mention among them—

Coats With Fur Collars and cuffs of black coney, astrakhan and river mink. Materials are excellent cheviots and kerseys, cut in loose back styles, with satin lined yoke and sleeves.

Coats of Mixed Materials in a variety of styles, including modifications of the Paddock, the semi-fitted and the full loose back shapes. Very swagger effects and correct.

Coats in Empire Style trimmed with broadcloth—the sleeves terminating in fine plaits and turned back cuffs. Also loose back effects set off with a handsome velvet collar.

Coats of Covert Cloth in the newest lengths—the Empire Paddock and full back styles—some with velvet coat collar. Including coats from our own good stock up to $22.50.

Those Stylish HATS at $1.98

There was nothing but the weather Thursday that saved a part of that special purchase of stylish Turbans for Saturday buyers. We've enough left to warrant another announcement of them. Choose from these pretty fall shapes, worth $3 and $3.50.

50c Worsted SUITINGS for 42½c.

Saturday we will offer 20 pieces of worsted and mohair suitings—plain and neat check effects in all the wanted shades at 42½c. None of which could be bought outside of this store tomorrow for less than 50c a yard. Most all are this season's stuffs.

36-inch Black Taffeta for 95c.

If largely increased sales means anything—our black taffetas are certainly taking the lead. We are getting compliments almost every day for the good wear they give. The reason for it all lies in the fact that we sell you silk, not a combination of silk and chemicals. For Saturday we place on sale our regular $1.12½ silk at 95c a yard. Other stores ask $1.25.

Nickle Alarm Clocks for 69c
Elsewhere 85c.

Grand timekepers—with a long, sleep-disturbing alarm. Standard 30-hour clocks—4-inch dust-proof case. Come Saturday if you want one for 69c.

6 to 9:30 Saturday Night.

2,500 yards C. T. U. best sheer curtain in dots and figures—always sold at 12½c and 15c a yard. We save this big value for shoppers who are unable to come down town before evening. From 6 to 9:30 o'clock tomorrow evening—limit of 20 yards to a customer—the yard **7¾c**



SHOES.

SHOES that have style, snap, service, fit.

WOMEN'S BEST street and dress shoes for fall and winter wear—all styles and leathers—Gray Bros. No reason why they should not sell for $5.00—the worth is there—Pay but **$4**

WINTER SHOES with heavy soles and box calf tops should be put on at once. Ask for the Belmar—tomorrow the pair.. **$3.00**

BOYS' SHOES—In which we clearly lead. Sizes 13½ to 5½. We cannot duplicate these at the price—tomorrow—the pair **$1.25**

MISSES' SHOES — Kid and calf skin—every pair new and priced below their actual value—worth $1.50— special tomorrow **$1.25**

THE BEST MAKES of women's rubbers—fresh and new—Wales Goodyear—Goodyear Glove—Hoods' Old Colony—Rhode Island—at 50c, 60c and 75c.

UNDERWEAR.

WE CLAIM to have the most complete assortment of women's and children's union suits in the city—from the fleeced cotton at 50c and 89c, up throug all weights, colors and qualities to our $3.50 silk and wool suits.

MISSES' UNION SUITS—White wool and cotton mixtures—heavy weight—sizes 5 to 15 years—tomorrow **65c**

CHILDREN'S UNION SUITS—Natural colors—fashioned with drop seat. Mothers have bought them at 50c—tomorrow **39c**

WOMEN'S UNDERWEAR—White silk and wool vests and pants—the famous Forest Mills make—$1.10 garments—tomorrow ... **$1.00**

WOMEN'S UNION SUITS—Silk plaited wool—swiss ribbed—white, black, natural and flesh colors—At least 25c less than elsewhere—tomorrow **$3.25**

SPECIALS.

8c for 15c package of Epsom Salts—in box.

15c for Dr. Graves' Tooth Powder—the 25c size.

25c for 50c Elysian curling fluid—a desirable addition to the toilet list.

Saturday Specials FOR MEN

Men's $1.50 Underwear for.... 98c

Closing out two lines. Gray elastic ribbed underwear with French neck and silk bands. Plush wool underwear—small sizes only. A snap if your fit is here.

Flannelette Night Shirts at 45c

Cut wide and full and carefully made—with side pocket. Best value we know of for 45c.

75c Working Shirts for.... 49c

Made of cheviots, madras and heavy shirtings—strongly reinforced on shoulder and back.

Ribbons, Trimmings and Laces at Little Prices.

30c Ribbons 19c.

Fine taffeta ribbons full 5 inches wide—white, cream, mais, lavender, brown and blue. Don't miss this chance if you have children's hair ribbons to buy—or girdle ribbons.

Dress Trimmings ⅓ Off.

Appliques, bands, galloons, medallions, etc., in white, cream, Arabian and color combinations. Regularly from 25c to $2.25.

75c All-overs 39c.

White allover lace—eight different patterns. Beautiful kinds that you'd willingly pay the 75c for—did we ask it tomorrow.

10c Percales.

32-inch wide dress percales—the best 10c quality—dark and medium colors—good patterns and good variety too—tomorrow **6¾c**

MINNESOTA FEDERATION OF WOMEN'S CLUBS

Mrs. J. L. Washburn, on Informal Ballot, Gets 113 Out of 136 Votes for President — Governor Johnson Tells Women How To Get Suffrage.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

Minneapolis, Oct. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—The expected happened and at the informal ballot for president of the Minnesota Federation of Women's clubs yesterday afternoon, Mrs. J. L. Washburn of Duluth received 113 votes out of 136 cast, indicating that she will probably be unanimously chosen president at the formal ballot which takes place this afternoon. The sentiment among the women of the federation has been for Mrs. Washburn throughout but it was thought that opposition might develop, particularly after the business session this morning. At that time a motion was made by Mrs. W. J. Buchanan of Minneapolis as follows:

"I move that Mrs. Mary B. Lewis be made official parliamentarian of the federation."

The motion was seconded by a Minneapolis woman but when put to vote was defeated. Before the motion was put, however, much discussion was listened to. The friends of Mrs. Lewis who is a Minneapolis woman and a strict parliamentarian and has served for years as chairman of the constitution committee, contended that Mrs. Lewis was the parliamentarian in fact, that she had served the federation well and that the passage of the motion would simply confer honor where honor was due. Objections came that the motion was poorly framed, that it would be exceedingly unwise to saddle any presiding officer with a permanent official of that sort. The women of the convention regretted the seeming ingratitude in their refusal to pass the motion, but as it was entirely without time limit, many could not see the wisdom of thus hampering the presiding officer. Many of the Minneapolis women were extremely desirous of securing the recognition for Mrs. Lewis and it was thought for a time that it might influence their votes for president as the Duluth delegation entirely voted against the motion. As Minneapolis has seventy-six votes and, after the 113 for Mrs. Washburn, the next highest number was 12 for Mrs. MacLean of Minneapolis, the affair could not have affected them but in very slight degree.

Following this business which was long and which consumed much time, the report of the constitution committee was presented by Mrs. Lewis who with a slight tinge of sarcasm first thanked the federation for the action they had just taken as it would relieve her from much responsibility. Slight changes in the constitution were proposed by the committee and the report was accepted

"Forestry" was the subject of a talk by Mrs. Lydia Phillips Williams of Minneapolis and with the aid of immense cartoons, dealing with several phases of the forestry question, silver pine seeds or cones for the members to take home and plant, maps and an immense fund of information in regard to this question, Mrs. Williams spoke for many minutes and presented the subject fully.

One of her committee, Mrs. J. B. Hudson of Lake City, also spoke of the conditions as they were found by her in personal tours of the Cass Lake reservation and northern parts of the state. She urged the women to a greater interest in this question and a greater pride in the wonderful wild beauty, romantic scenery and people of the northern wilds of the state.

The following resolution was recommended by the forestry committee and adopted by the federation:

"Whereas, the resolution of the Minnesota legislature last April, urging congress to open for settlement the Minnesota forestry reserve at Cass Lake was passed without being discussed upon its merits, and without previous notice, and,

"Whereas, the statements in said resolution are both misleading and in certain particulars incorrect; and,

"Whereas the resolution does not represent the voice of the majority of the people of the state or the best interests of the state or the Indians,

"Resolved, that the Minnesota Federation of Women's Clubs, through its membership committee of over 7,000 interested members, hereby petitions congress to refrain from granting the request embodied in said resolution, and respectfully urges congress to oppose said reserve, the act creating it having been a compromise measure."

Miss Margaret J. Evans presided during the reading of the papers and discussion on "Legislative Service and Civil Service." Miss Evans' presence at a federation meeting suggests a benediction and greater honor is extended to no woman of the federation. Her presence upon the platform was marked by prolonged applause and warmer greetings have not been extended to any speaker during the federation meeting. She said in part:

"That greeting tugs at my heartstrings and makes me glad to be among you. The past few years have seen great growth in the federation spirit and we have broadened; unity is marked in our midst and we enjoy a broader tolerance of one another. In our early years we devoted most of our energies to literary work, to the study of Browning or Shakespeare or of history. In our growth we have seen the advisability of also adding a different kind of work and have lost in part our fear of being labeled reformers. We feel a particular interest in that part of public work which is devoted to women and children. In the questions of child labor and child study we see the opportunities for influence in character building. We have seen the need in our state for a home for the little wayward girls, removed entirely from the training school for boys."

Miss Evans spoke earnestly of the need of the separate institution and the interest every woman should take in securing the passage of the law that will make it possible. A detailed account of the work of the committee was presented by Mrs. C. G. Higbee of St. Paul, Hon. C. E. Faulkner and E. D. Sollenberger, both of Minneapolis, men prominent in practical work among the wayward children, spoke briefly of the advisability of having the separation of the boys and girls training schools and congratulated the women on their efforts and advocated still greater work in this cause.

At this juncture a delegate from the National Spiritualist association was received. The lady who brought the greetings was president of the Illinois Spiritualist association, and in an impassioned speech she spoke of the glory of womanhood. "Woman," said she, "is all of beauty, all of faith, all of endurance, all of courage, all of good report. She is God's greatest conception, and as man's eyes are being opened to this great truth the world is becoming better."

Other business brought before the session was the resignation of Mrs. C. S. Wallace of Minneapolis, as corresponding secretary, which was accepted, with appreciation of her service and regret at her inability, through ill

(Continued on page 16, third column.)

DEFECTIVE PAGE

WELCOME WORDS TO WOMEN.

From the view point of the average man housework is very easy. The wife is right at home. She is her own mistress. She can sit down and rest any time. She can even go to bed for a nap if she feels like it. She can order her household affairs just to suit her own convenience. If she doesn't feel equal to doing work to-day, she can do it to-morrow. That's the beautiful *theory* of the average man.

Just suppose the Egyptian task-masters, when they made the required daily tale of bricks tax the uttermost of human strength, had said to the toiling slaves, "Don't hurry, take a rest every now and then—only don't forget that your tale of bricks must be all right at night or else there'll be trouble."

There's the fact. There are the day's duties to be got through, and the women who *can* rest may not. The woman, who, when she married, said, "Now, I'll be my own mistress," finds herself a slave to household cares and duties.

And oh! how much that woman needs rest sometimes. She brushes and scrubs, and rolls pastry, her temples throbbing, her back aching, her nerves quivering under the stress of pain. What she would give if she could just creep upstairs and throw herself on the bed in a darkened room and rest.

Rest would temporarily relieve the strain, doubtless, but it would be the same story over again to-morrow. The real need of weak, nervous women is strength, and that need is fully met and satisfied by Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It makes weak women strong and sick women well. It removes the causes of women's weakness, tranquilizes and invigorates the nerves, encourages the appetite and induces restful sleep. "Favorite Prescription" is a positive cure for the most complicated and obstinate cases of leucorrhea, excessive flowing, painful menstruation, unnatural suppressions and irregularities, prolapsus or falling of the womb, weak back, "female weakness," anteversion, retroversion, bearing-down sensations, chronic congestion, inflammation and ulceration of the womb, inflammation, pain and tenderness of the ovaries, accompanied with "internal heat."

"I am pleased to add my testimony in behalf of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription," writes Miss Earline Agard, Chaplin, Patriotic Daughters of America, of 413½ Michigan Avenue, Lansing, Mich. "I cannot find language to express my gratitude and joy over the fact that I am well once more. Wearing my corsets too tight seemed to have brought on an extra abdominal pressure, weakening the ligaments and pushing the internal organs down. What to do I knew not, as no medicines I took seemed to help me.

"I had heard of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and determined to try it, as a last resort. Before the first bottle was used I began to feel better, but could hardly believe that this was permanent, but my improvement went steadily on, and within four months I was like a new woman. Now I have no more pains, am well and strong, and am extremely grateful to you."

There is nothing to conceal about the make-up of "Favorite Prescription." It is an absolutely pure medicine—made of native roots—Nature's own restoratives, compounded after a formula concerning which there can be no question, by skilled chemists and by thoroughly scientific processes. Doctor Pierce is perfectly willing to let every one know that his "Favorite Prescription" contains Blue Cohosh root, Lady's Slipper root, Unicorn root, Black Cohosh root and Golden Seal root. Every doctor knows that such a prescription is beneficial in the diseases of women and when properly compounded is certain to effect a cure in nearly all cases when given a fair trial. Every bottle of the "Favorite Prescription" which leaves Dr. Pierce's immense laboratories in Buffalo, N. Y., has plainly printed upon its wrapper all the ingredients of which it is composed. Thus Dr. Pierce proves to the world his own confidence in the remedy which for forty years has borne his name and which is known all through the United States and Canada, England, Australia, and in parts of South America, Africa and Asia, as a sovereign cure for those diseases which, unchecked, make our women old before their time.

It will be noticed that there is no alcohol in the "Favorite Prescription." Dr. Pierce never believed in using alcohol in the preparation of his famous household remedies. For it, he substitutes chemically pure glycerine, which has wonderful properties for extracting the medicinal principles of roots and preserving them at their full strength, without any deleterious effect whatever.

In favor of Dr. Pierce's medicines is the frank, confiding, open, honest statement of their full composition, giving every ingredient in plain *English*, without fear of successful criticism and with confidence that the good sense of the afflicted will lead them to appreciate this honorable manner of confiding to them what they are taking into their stomachs when making use of these medicines.

Dr. Pierce feels that he can afford to take the afflicted into his full confidence and lay all the ingredients of his medicines freely before them because these ingredients are such as are endorsed and most strongly praised by scores of the most eminent medical writers of all the several schools of practice as cures for the diseases for which these medicines are recommended.

Your druggists sells the "Favorite Prescription" and also that famous alterative, blood purifier and stomach tonic, the "Golden Medical Discovery." Write to Dr. Pierce about your case. He is an experienced physician and will treat your case as confidential and without charge for correspondence. Address him at the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., of which he is chief consulting physician.

It is as easy to be well as ill—and much more comfortable. Constipation is the cause of many forms of illness. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation. They are tiny, sugar-coated granules. One little "Pellet" is a gentle laxative, two a mild cathartic. All dealers in medicines sell them.

Send 31 one-cent stamps to cover cost of mailing and get a copy of Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, over 1000 pages. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

LARGE JUDICIAL UNDERSTANDING

Indicated By Tucker's Feet and Arizona Approved of Them.

Solomonville, Ariz., Oct. 20.—Friends of Judge Tucker, whose resignation has been demanded by President Roosevelt, says he was justified in trying cases with his feet on the desk in Graham county, which is strongly Mormon. As big feet are a token of qualification for a Mormon bishop, likewise for a Nebraska judge, they indicate large judicial understanding. Tucker's feet conceal the cigar and pipe he loved to enjoy during trials. Betimes he could take a short nap behind the shadows of his feet.

His claim as a descendant of "Old Dan" Tucker was called into question by some Latter Day Saints. His display of feet on the judicial pedestal caused this discussion, as "Old Dan" was superb with his feet. Others claim that his feet indicated a Populistic tendency, because they covered so much territory. It is not true that he ever removed his boots or shoes before displaying them on the judicial desk.

Smoking was his judicial trait. With his feet on his desk it made his attitude more restful, inducing clearer judicial contemplation of profound legal problems fired at him by the young Mormon lawyers and legal lights of the backwoods judicial district.

Tucker was immensely popular with the Mormons on account of his social and genial disposition. The charge alleged against Tucker that he was seen in saloons drinking with a dancing girl on his lap is rationally explained.

Chairs are scarce in that district. Either the judge or the girl would have had to sit on the floor. It would have been undignified for a judge to squat on the floor, and not graceful for the girl. Tucker from Nebraska was too gallant to allow the girl to stand.

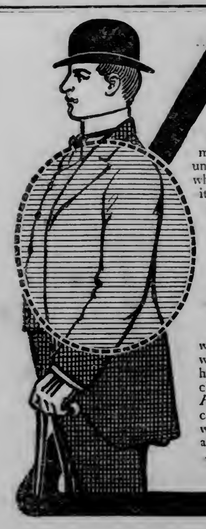
It can be said in Tucker's favor that he is not a microbial pest; he is a whole man, with all of his limbs and two sound lungs. He is not like half the federal appointees—broken down consumptives or cripples—which makes home rule so much in demand. Recent federal appointments have made even joint statehood popular. Anything for home rule is the cry. The more objectionable appointees the more fierce the cry becomes.

Don't Borrow Trouble.

It is a bad habit to borrow anything, but the worst thing you can possibly borrow, is trouble. When sick, sore, heavy, weary and worn-out by the pains and poisons of dyspepsia, biliousness, Bright's disease, and similar internal disorders, don't sit down and brood over your symptoms, but fly for relief to Electric Bitters. Here you will find sure and permanent forgetfulness of all your troubles, and your body will not be burdened by a load of debt disease. At all druggists. Price, 50c. Guaranteed.

KING A GARDENER.

The universal craze for gardening has seized upon the king, says London M. A. P. He was always fond of flowers, as his perpetual buttonhole shows, but it is only since he came to Buckingham palace he has taken a keen interest in the garden. This year he particularly desired to have a large bed completely filled with yellow crocuses; but, as ill-luck would have it, not a single yellow crocus attained perfection, though there were plenty of purple and white ones. Queen Alexandria, too, has transferred the care and pleasure she took in the Sandringham gardens to those of Buckingham palace, where this summer, by her directions, one or two large beds were devoted to lavender and other old-world and fragrant flowers.



The Cold Spot

should be protected in a natural way by natural underwear, never by a "chest protector," which will weaken the health and make one over-sensitive to colds. The one underwear made on the loop-fleece principle which allows the skin to breathe freely and by its porous absorbent nature carries off the perspiration easily and naturally is

WRIGHT'S Health Underwear

This is the underwear which strengthens weak chests and prevents colds, does away with that stuffy, stifled feeling, giving a healthy skin and body—result, no colds or chills. Wright's is not only called but is *Health* underwear, yet it costs no more than common kinds. Ask for it at your dealers and write for free booklet "The Loop of Health and the Fleece of Comfort."

Wright's Health Underwear Co.,
75 Franklin Street, New York.

MUST GIVE DISCRETION

And Power to Officials In Dependencies, Says Professor Jenks.

Conditions There Not Well Understood By Home Legislators.

Lake Mohonk, N. Y., Oct. 20.—Jeremiah W. Jenks, professor of political economy and politics at Cornell university, delivered an address yesterday afternoon at the Lake Mohonk Conference of Friends of the Indian and Other Dependent Peoples. His subject was "Some Difficulties in the Administration of Dependencies." He said in part:

Some four years ago, in speaking with one of the high executive officials in Java regarding some important reforms that were clearly needed there, I asked him why they were not put through. His answer in substance was, "Because most of the officials at home don't know, and the others don't care. We are too far away." I doubt not that our people in the Philippines could properly make a similar charge.

Another complaint in both English and Dutch colonies is that the home government will not give sufficient power to the men on the ground. Superior officers at home are slow to trust men in distant dependencies; and even if they do trust them, they do not wish to surrender power; while, on the other hand, both because of the added prestige which they would have among the people whose affairs they are conducting, and because of the love which every strong man has for exercising power.

In these complaints from both English and Dutch dependencies, together with local conditions of nature and civilization, we find the roots of most of the difficulties which trouble all rulers of remote dependencies.

In all the affairs of life the near and immediate make the vivid impression; the remote appear dim. An accident which takes the life of our next door neighbor is far more shocking than the breaking of a dike of the Yellow river in China, which destroys thousands of homes, drives 1,000,000 of people into destitution, and drowns thousands like rats. Likewise, regarding remote dependencies; a persistent seeker after a pension, or an active committee from a small city, seeking an appropriation for a postoffice, made two years ago, much more trouble for a congressman than the thousands of half starving Filipinos, whose farm cattle had died of the rinderpest, whose crops had been eaten by locusts, and whose huts had been destroyed by hostile insurrectos.

On account of the remoteness and lack of immediate prodding, there is on the part of most of the legislators, as well as on the part of the home people, too great heedlessness regarding the dependencies.

But, besides the lack of immediate interest, the conditions in dependencies are usually not well understood by home legislators. Any one who is at all conversant with the work of any faithful congressman knows that his time is so fully occupied that he cannot get the time to keep himself well informed on any matters outside of those which affect his own committee work.

Moreover, from the natural desire for power which every man has, they feel it desirable not to deprive themselves of the right to meddle continually in even minor affairs of dependencies, by giving large discretion to the local officials. Nevertheless, from the point of view of the local administration, which has to solve difficulties promptly as they arise, and which is thoroughly conversant with the peculiarities of a climate, of an economic situation and of a people, and in consequence of an entire civilization vastly different from the home civilization, this necessity of working under strict rules laid down by the home legislature is a most serious difficulty.

I have spoken heretofore more especially with reference to laws and their administration. Of perhaps more consequence in the long run is the difficulty which arises from the sentiments of people of the home country regarding questions which spring from the difference in civilization of the dependent people. We all recall, for example, how much feeling there has been at times in the United States regarding any action on the part of the Philippine authorities which would seem to recognize even temporarily the institutions of polygamy and of slavery among the Mohammedan Moras of the island of Mindanao. The difficulty arising from such a cause is, of course a real one. We believe that our government stands for the best in civilization and that neither of those institutions can be tolerated by Americans; but the Moros, of course, who have been born and trained under different creeds and customs, naturally believe sincerely in their propriety and beneficial effects. We believe also in religious freedom, and both slavery and polygamy are recognized by the religion of the followers of the prophet. There can be no doubt that if we were to give the Moros self government, both of those institutions would remain. How shall we deal with such problems?

The English in the federated Malay states, to say nothing of the much more complicated situation in India, and the Dutch in Java and the other islands of Netherlands-India meet with similar conditions. In both countries they have recognized the institutions as social evils which are to be rooted out eventually. But in both countries they have believed that it is wiser to secure, so far as possible, the good will of the peoples by tolerating these institutions for a little time. Gradually, however, as the years go by, through their influence with the local rulers whom they have made also practically English and Dutch officials, and through the proper training of the younger heirs to these local sultanates, principalities, magistracies and other official places, they have secured by persuasion the abolition or the worst of the abuses and are continually attaining more. There seems to be little doubt that in the not far distant future, they will succeed in persuading first the rulers to give up some of their dominating power as well as to give up plurality of wives, and then through their influence to persuade and impose similar restrictions upon the peoples. In this ways the ends of the higher civilization have already been in part attained, and ultimately they will be fully attained so far as these two evils are concerned, and that without war, without serious friction, without any abolition of the free institutions of the countries concerned, while at the same time useful lessons have been given to the native peoples in the direction of self-government for wise ends.

I recall with interest also the humorously despondent tone in which some of the officials in Java commented upon the opinions of the "old women of both sexes at home," whose views on various questions of social morality had interfered with certain regulations regarding the management of the troops which the Dutch officers and the Dutch government in Java considered essential for the health and military efficiency of both Dutch and native soldiers.

To the same effect at times are remarks of our officers in the Philippines regarding the attitude of many of the people of the United States concerning the army canteen. No one else has an interest so great as the officers in not merely the military efficiency, but also in the moral character of the soldiers as a necessary condition to high efficiency. And these officers feel that, with the responsibility resting upon them, and with what they believe to be their far greater knowledge of conditions concerning the soldiers, they should be allowed to use their best judgment in settling that question.

There is, also, another side of the embarrassment which comes from the differing types of civilization and differing social ideals in the dependencies. Far more than we are conscious of the fact, all of us are creatures of our environment. Some of us, perhaps, lead what are considered moral, upright lives, largely because of the restraining influence of social custom, though we are scarcely conscious of that fact. In remote dependencies government officials, especially of the lower grades, frequently have this restraining influence removed. There is no society for them, they have the tastes, the weaknesses, the passions of their natures to control, with no public opinion, such as exists at home, to condemn them if they yield to the temptations which surround them, and these in many cases, are looked upon by even the best of their native friends as normally proper, if not even praiseworthy customs. One of our observant consuls in the Far East has recounted various instances of young Americans of good families, good training, and at home of good habits, who, without the restraining influences of American society, and under the influence of new and seductive temptations, not merely ruined their characters, but lost their lives through dissipation. There are a good many similar examples to be found in the Philippines, both in the army and in civil life.

Many good people who are disposed to emphasize the so-called weaknesses of the Philippine administration might very well themselves, if they were put into similar circumstances, make failures fully as great. We need particularly to recognize the difficulties of the position and to use what influence we can toward making the conditions better rather than to find fault with those who are struggling to overcome the difficulties.

Some of the attacks upon the Philippine administration in this direction read as if only our country had such failures, and as if only the government were to be blamed, and the conditions not at all. But these conditions have the effect elsewhere. It is not unusual to hear of particularly the younger men in the more remote and less important positions in India who like our own people elsewhere succumb to the temptations of dissipation and immorality. To be sure the standard of the Indian civil service is very high, but the British government has secured that service largely by paying high salaries, granting long leaves of absence, giving liberal entertainment allowances, and using every effort to make the life attractive and to secure men of capacity and character, who are willing to devote themselves to that service as a career, and yet even they sometimes fail. Some people think the administration of the Philippines extravagant, but the English government has found it cheap to pay much larger salaries than are paid in the Philippines, and to treat their officials in other ways far more liberally than we treat ours.

So far we have been dealing with conditions which affect primarily the official himself in the dependency in connection with either his work there, or with the home government. We need to consider also, however, certain special difficulties of the work which are not so much matters of either personal character or relation to the home government.

In very many dependencies the language of the natives is entirely different from that of the home country. The English and Dutch have considered it advisable to compel their officials to learn the languages in their colonies. In the Philippines, largely because it has seemed desirable in order to fit the people for a united self-government of a popular form, that all the different tribes be enabled readily to communicate one with the other, and that this same uniform language be introduced, we have taken the initial steps toward making English the dominant language, apparently so far with a noteworthy and even an unexpected success.

Although Americans as a rule have dilated much in popular discourses upon the doctrine of equality, it still remains true that the question of race prejudice is a very important one in most social and political relations in all countries. If in any dependency the inhabitants have customs that are decidedly different from those of the dominant country, and especially if the people belong to a different race or color, there is usually the inclination on the part of the rulers to see with great clearness the weakness of the people of the dependency. In many cases, too, especially on the part of the younger officials, there is little sympathy with these weaknesses. In some cases this difference of race results in harsh treatment by the officials; in other cases, while they conscientiously attempt to deal fairly and equally with the subordinate people, there is still a certain contempt for natives, especially again on the part of the lower officials, that is extremely annoying to the natives. This is particularly the case, naturally, where there has been among them a fairly high degree of civilization, or a civilization different in type from that of the ruling people. It is probable that in our own experiences in the Philippines we have met with less of this feeling than either of these other nationalities, because the Filipinos have for centuries been under the influence of the Spaniards; and on account of their Christian religion, crude and superstitious as their beliefs are in many regards, their civilization differs much less widely from ours than do the civilizations of most other Oriental peoples. There can be no doubt, however, that in some cases, owing in part to the excesses of our soldiers, and of the adventurers, who naturally were the first to flock into the Philippines after our army took possession, the Filipinos at first were inclined to look with contempt upon the Americans. Even now many an educated Filipino doubtless feels himself superior to the educated American. That is the natural feeling of race superiority which most people who have had any education feel, and the Malay peoples are certainly not apt, as a rule, to underestimate their own abilities. On the other hand, the customs of the educated Filipinos and of the Americans are not so dissimilar but that there can be, and is, much sympathy among them, and our commissioners and higher officials, as a rule, have associated with the Filipinos on terms of equality to a degree that is very rarely if ever found in the English colonies, except in the case of the very highest native officials. Even in the Philippines, however, the feeling of race prejudice is often very strong, on the part of the less educated and well trained of the Americans, and other consequent actions create serious difficulties for the officials. The different viewpoints of any of the Oriental peoples as regards many questions of morals and of law, must prevent for a long time to come the removal of this race prejudice, if indeed it can ever be removed.

In India the officials, although compelled at times to accept the testimony of natives, believe that the Hindus as a rule have no feeling whatever of the sanctity of an oath, and no moral sense which requires them to speak the truth. It is the opinion of many Americans that the Filipinos have much of this same characteristic. The remedy in the one case as in the other is thought to be the introduction, however, gradually, of Anglo-Saxon ideas and ideals through education in the schools, and through the indirect influence of upright judges, conscientious officials, and truthful citizens.

The difficulties arising from race difference appear also in the attempt to use natives as officials. Their training leads them to acts not permissable under European or American law. The fact that such difficulties are found need not and ought not to discourage any country upon which has been imposed the burden of dealing with the dependent peoples. It is best to recognize frankly the difficulties and to support cordially those who have them to overcome. For us Americans who have in our dependencies many problems that are new and important, it will be the part of wisdom, first, to recognize our own ignorance, and to attempt to overcome it by careful non-partisan investigation, and by a determination not to prejudge actions or conditions on the basis of an experience of our own far different history. We should not permit local private interests here to interfere with the development of an interest of national importance there. We should send to these dependencies as officials, men of the highest ability and character, and be willing to pay enough both in salaries and in other allowance to secure the best men for the positions. We should then give to those officials discretion and power so that they, who are on the ground, who know the conditions, and who must bear the responsibility, may act promptly and wisely. We should endeavor to develop in ourselves a broad-minded tolerance so that we can recognize that in our dependencies acts may be beneficial and in consequence right that, under the differing conditions of our own country, would be injurious and in consequence wrong. At all events, we should recognize that there are difficulties and the greatness of these difficulties, so that while we shall condemn any wrong-doing or selfish or unjust actions on the part of the officials in our dependencies, we shall have sympathy with the work of our conscientious administrators and shall stand ready to give to them our hearty support.

GORDON FURS



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MEDIUM PRICED FUR COATS

MEDIUM priced coats can be made attractive. But care must be exercised in selecting a model for style.

The coat in the picture is the favorite Gordon style for a modestly priced coat.

A fitted coat should be avoided, as it isn't fair to expect in a $30 or $40 wool seal, muskrat or astrachan coat the same work that is put in a $400 London-dyed Alaska seal coat.

Astrachan has come to be the stand-by with people who have had opportunities to make comparison.

Gordon & Ferguson recommend astrachan for these coats. Prices for Gordon Astrachan coats from $27 up.

Ask your dealer for GORDON FURS

BABY'S TERRIBLE SORE

Body Raw With Humor. Caused Untold Agony. Doctor Did No Good. Mother Discouraged.

CUTICURA CURED AT ONCE

"My child was a very delicate baby. A terrible sore and humor broke out on his body, looking like raw flesh, and causing the child untold agony. My physician prescribed various remedies, none of which helped at all. I became discouraged and took the matter into my own hands, and tried Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment with almost immediate success. Before the second week had passed the soreness was gone, not leaving a trace of anything. Mrs. Jeannette H. Block, 281 Rosedale St., Rochester, N. Y."

TIME

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Capacity 100,000 Barrels

There is Never any Question about the Age of "New Brew" Beer.

Bottled and on draught everywhere.

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PAID FOR FUNERAL

Before Her Death to Thwart Purpose of Relatives.

Vincennes, Ind., Oct. 20.—Realizing that she was about to die, Miss Laura J. Thompson, a woman of moderate circumstances, sent for an undertaker and a minister and arranged for her funeral. She wrote out a check for $135, of which $10 was to go to the minister.

A few hours later the woman died, not, however, until after she had notified the undertaker to have the check cashed at once, as her brother-in-law, Robert I. Kingsbury, would attempt to prevent her having so expensive a burial.

The undertaker followed instructions and had no sooner cashed the check than Kingsbury arrived at his establishment and demanded all the money with the exception of $40. The offer was refused and Miss Thompson got a $135 funeral.

The Truth About Stoves

By the Largest Makers of Stoves and Ranges in the World

MANY people have been deceived in believing that stoves were cheap because of a low price, when experience proves them the most expensive.

A small price may be paid for a stove which looks attractive in the catalogue, which has been described as "perfect," but it is liable to prove a very expensive purchase; for ten chances to one, trouble will arise from this stove in a month's time—it may not heat or cook properly, or it may consume fuel like a locomotive. Then the material in the stove itself may wear so poorly that at the end of a year or so it will have to be replaced.

You never get something for nothing in this world, and when you pay a small price for a stove, that price must cover the cost of material and labor, and include a reasonable profit, consequently inferior cast-iron and steel, and the cheapest and most inexperienced labor, must go into this seeming low-priced stove.

Expert Stove Advice Free.

We have opened an "Advice Department," in charge of an expert stoveman, simply to tell the people, *absolutely free of cost*, all about stoves. And this expert will honestly advise *you* just which stove or range will best suit your needs. We also want those who have lost money on the seemingly inexpensive stove, to let us tell them how they can save money by buying a "Garland," even if the first cost is a little more than that of the cheap and unsatisfactory stove.

We want them to let us tell them about the advantages of **"Garland" Stoves and Ranges**, which always prove a good investment.

We make a "Garland" *to fit every stove need*, and have books accurately describing the different kinds. We could not afford to open this "Advice Department" or send out the valuable literature we do, free of charge, if **"Garland" Stoves and Ranges** were not distinctly superior to other makes; if the magnitude of our operations did not make it possible for us to sell them at reasonable prices, and if our reputation and methods of doing business did not insure absolute satisfaction.

If you are considering the purchase of a stove or range, cut out this coupon, check (this way ✓) the kind of stove you are interested in, mail it to us today, and you will promptly receive our Expert Advice as to just which stove is best suited to your needs, and why, and our literature, free of charge.



Receiving our Expert Advice and literature will not put you under any obligation to buy. We simply desire the opportunity to give you the evidence of the *tremendous superiority* of **"Garland" Stoves and Ranges**, and leave the buying decision entirely with you.

* * *

In order that **"Garland" Stoves and Ranges** shall last, we make them of the very best materials and employ the most expert workmen in the world.

"Garland" Stoves and Ranges are durable and handsome in appearance. They are highly nickeled and each **"Garland"** will last a lifetime.

"Garland" Stoves and Ranges will not "burn out," but will heat and cook perfectly, and will *save fuel, save repairs, save worry, save money.*

We have local dealers who handle our stoves exclusively, in nearly every village, town and city in the United States. You can examine **"Garlands"** *before* you buy, instead of after. You can satisfy yourself that **"Garlands"** are exactly as represented. There will be no freight to pay on **"Garlands"** and the dealer will set them up without charge.

If no dealer in your town sells **"Garlands,"** or you decide to buy a stove not in your local dealer's stock, you can enjoy the above advantages. We will make a special arrangement so that the stove you want will be delivered to you and properly set up ready for use in your own home.

The Written Guarantee of **The Michigan Stove Company** accompanies every stove, and protects you by the absolute guarantee that every **"Garland"** is as represented—*The World's Best.*

Send me free of charge your Stove Book on Gas Ranges, Steel Ranges, Heating Stoves. Also your Expert Stove Advice free of charge.

Base Burners, Cast Ranges, Cooking Stoves, Oak Stoves.

Kind of Stove Wanted.....

Kind of Fuel Used.....

My Stove Dealer's Name is.....

.....

My Name is.....

P. O. Address.....

Address Advice Department,
The Michigan Stove Company, Detroit, Mich.
Largest Makers of Stoves and Ranges in the World

Detroit **The Michigan Stove Company** Chicago

Largest Makers of Stoves and Ranges in the World

NEWS OF THE BUSY WEST END



It's A Pleasure

to trade at a store where the guarantee of the firm goes with every article, and a great satisfaction this rainy, cold, fall weather to step to the telephone and tell us what you want, thus saving our customers from going out this bad weather. We send goods on approval Men's, Boys' and Children's Clothing, Overcoats, Raincoats, Underwear, Shoes, Ladies' Shoes and Hosiery, Rubbers, Overshoes, Warm Shoes, House Slippers, Hats, Caps, Trunks, Telescopes, etc. Tell us just what you want. Free delivery.

Special for Saturday, Oct. 21

We have just picked up a few dozen of all-wool, genuine Way Mufflers that every store sells at 75c regular—our special for Saturday at, each **50c**

In three colors—navy, maroon and white—see samples in our window.

Yours for business,

MOIR & WALKER,

Clothiers, Shoers, Furnishers and Grocers.

Both 'Phones. 2017-19 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

"It's Not Luck"--but

High-Grade Goods

that makes our business grow larger each year.

Underwear and Mackinaws

We are offering the best values in the Northwest in these lines, barring none. You'll save dollars by seeing us before buying your fall supplies.

Chas. Mork & Co.,

Clothing, Shoes and Furnishings.

1930 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

DIVORCE GRANTED TO MRS. SHEEHAN

Wife of Former State Senator at St. Paul Given Decree.

St. Paul, Oct. 20.—A heavier air of gloom than usual lowered about the Ramsey divorce court yesterday, when Judge Bunn called for trial the divorce case of Mrs. Adah H. Sheehan against Timothy D. Sheehan for so many years referred to, with a note of pride, as "Senator" Sheehan.

Mrs. Sheehan says she is 36 years old and Mr. Sheehan is 43. The marriage occurred Oct. 3, 1889, at the town of Mitchell, Iowa, and he deserted her in January, 1903. One son is 12 years old and one is 9. He is an attorney she says and earns upwards of $5,000 a year.

She went on the stand to tell her story and corroboration was forthcoming from her sister, Mrs. Pool, the wife of Dr. Daniel Pool, and from Dr. Pool himself.

She had noticed, she said, that Mr. Sheehan had abated something of his customary care and attention to herself and the boys and she sought to discover the cause. She asked him what the trouble might be, thinking it, possibly, ill health or professional cares, but did not at that time discover the truth.

One evening, at about 10 o'clock, after she had gone to bed he came home and she heard him pacing to and fro outside her room. By and by he asked her if he might speak with her and she replied that he might.

Then he asked: "Do you want to know the truth?" and she said she did.

He intimated that the truth might be hard to hear, and she in turn answered that if he told her anything she surely wished to have the truth.

Then Mr. Sheehan told her—told her the hard, the hideous truth, for that is what it was to the faithful wife, the mother of his boys. He told her the story of the other woman, the lawless, larcenous invader of his heart. She heard it and then with heart-breakings and tears besought him to abandon the evil attachment, and Mr. Sheehan replied that he would not break it off.

Mrs. Sheehan fell back, fainting and unconscious, and her sister hastened to restore her.

Mr. Sheehan, frightened at his wife's collapse, hastened to amend his declaration and said he would dismiss the other woman.

In the morning there was another interview at the initiative of Mrs. Sheehan. She wished to reassure herself of the promise of the night before, and Mr. Sheehan denied that he had made such a promise, and, further, declared that he would not break off the lawless association.

There was no defense before Judge Bunn, no appearance by the defendant, although he was about the courthouse.

There was not the scintilla of a doubt of the right of the woman to have a divorce and the court directed findings for her and ordered that the defendant pay her $100 a month for the support of herself and the children, and $100 for the fees of the lawyers.

Full of Tragic Meaning.

Are these lines from J. H. Simmons of Casey, Iowa. Think what might have resulted from his terrible cough if he had not taken the medicine about which he writes: "I had a fearful cough, that disturbed my night's rest. I tried everything, but nothing would relieve it, until I took Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, which completely cured me." Instantly relieves and permanently cures all throat and lung diseases; prevents grip and pneumonia. At all druggists; guaranteed; 50c and $1.00. Trial bottle free.

Yes, examine the Heaters in every Stove Store in the city—but don't buy until you have seen the "Grand Peninsular"—the king of all Heaters.

Sold Exclusively by

C. O. Nelson

The Housefurnisher,

U. S. Block, 19th Avenue West.

WEST END

DISGUST IN WEST END

Residents Would Make More Protests About Paving Delays.

Commercial Club Decides to Defer Complaint For Short Time.

West enders are disgusted with the paving situation, and they plainly showed it at the meeting of the newly-organized West End Commercial club, held at R. R. Forward & Co.'s store last evening.

A motion was made to put the organization on record as protesting against the delays in the fixing up of Superior street, but a number of explanations were made, and it was decided to lay the motion on the table until the next meeting of the club.

President Haven of the city council was present, and told of the difficulties under which Contractor Steele had been working. He declared that the wet weather had caused delays that the contractor could not avoid, and that he was doing his best to put Superior in first-class shape as soon as possible.

One member suggested that men ought to work nights on the paving, but Mr. Haven said that this was impractical, no matter how strong the light provided was.

The board of public works came in for some scathing criticisms, most of the members declaring that the street ought not to have been torn up for such a distance.

"I don't believe we have a board of public works," said S. W. Hill. "It does seem possible, everything is always half done, or not at all, in the West end."

M. A. Fedje suggested the formation of a committee to look after the order of business for the meetings and provide interesting topics for discussion, in order to draw the members out to the meetings. There was a good attendance at the meeting last evening, and many new members were admitted.

The members decided that such a committee could do effective work, and two members will be elected to serve with President J. J. Moe on it. It was also decided to furnish the secretary with some stationery.

The next meeting of the club may be held in rooms in the Sloan block, at Superior street and Twentieth avenue west. The club rooms committee is inclined to favor this location. The club members are planning to make their quarters cozy and comfortable, and are making individual campaigns for new members all the time. They are coming in fast, and the reorganized club seems to be flourishing nicely.

DR. ELMQUIST TALKS.

Former West End Pastor Delivers Address at Church Social.

Rev. Dr. A. F. Elmquist, pastor of St. John's English Lutheran church of Minneapolis, but formerly pastor of Bethany Lutheran church in the West end, delivered a strong address there last evening at a social given under the auspices of the Young Ladies' Aid society.

His topic was "The Seven Pillars of Wisdom." His talk was most scholarly and he treated his subject in an interesting way. He looked upon Faith, Hope, Charity, Love, Patience, Courage and Industry as the seven essentials to wisdom and happiness in this world.

Great interest was taken in Dr. Elmquist and all of his old friends greeted him after his address last evening. The church was filled and the members of the congregation seemed more anxious than ever to have Dr. Elmquist return to them as pastor.

Quite a literary and musical program was given last evening in addition to Dr. Elmquist's address. Lillian Larson and Lydia Johnson gave piano solos; George Nelson and Alice Forsell, vocal solos; Ruth Hanson, a recitation, and eight little girls sang a chorus in the regulation little-girl manner. After the exercises refreshments were served and an hour spent in social enjoyment.

A Gun Fact...

We will discount the prices of any gun store in Duluth on every standard make. A full line of ammunition.

STOVES

You don't know how cheap high-grade stoves can be sold until you have seen

O. B. Johnson & Co.

1918 W. Superior St.

PARTY FOR YOUNGSTERS.

Children Will Be Entertained at the Grace M. E. Church.

The adult members of Grace M. E. church have decided that the best way to increase the membership of their Sunday school is to give the children a party whereat refreshments in plenty may be had, to which all the "kids" in the neighborhood are invited.

Such a function will be held this evening in the parlors of the church and for the reasons set forth. The "kids" are welcoming the party with glee and there is every indication that the church 'dugy"' d f0ydblnwse mfwy fwy fwypy parlors will be crowded with starched, combed and uncomfortable little boys and cleanly be-ribboned little girls.

Of course, refreshments will be served and the Sunday school superintendent and his assistants will be on hand to see that the children have a good time.

Much Interest in School.

Much interest is being taken in the night school, which is being instituted at the Monroe schoolhouse by the Y. M. C. A. The school is for those wishing to perfect themselves in the English language and many young men and women are going to take advantage of it. Although designed for foreigners who desire to learn the English tongue, the school is open to every one. The sessions will be held Tuesday and Friday evenings.

The Scandinavian clergymen in the West end are interesting themselves in the school. It is under the supervision of the uptown Y. M. C. A.

Will Go After Ducks.

A number of West enders are going hunting today and tomorrow. One party, comprising Joe Miller, Iver Lungren, Frank Dardis, Frank Hughes, Gus Hultquist and Andrew Otterson, will leave tomorrow for Saginaw, on the Missabe road. They will look for ducks.

West End Shortrails.

Senator Knute Nelson spent a pleasant evening with his old friend, E. G. Swanstrom in the West end during his stay at the Head of the Lakes. The senator never fails to spend an evening at the Swanstrom home whenever he comes to town.

The bazaar at Columbia hall under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid society of the Norwegian Lutheran church opened last evening. A large crowd attended, admired and bought the pretty things that were displayed.

S. C. McNeven of Hibbing has been the past few days in the West end.

John Hove has been visiting J. J. Moe this week.

Chris Leef of St. Paul has been in the West end this week, visiting his brother, Erick.

Mrs. M. S. Torrison of Highland attended the Samaritan dance Monday evening and remained in the West end during the week as the guest of Mrs. Joseph Twaddle. Mr. Torrison came down Wednesday evening.

Louis Morrison, buyer for Halford & Company, will return tomorrow from Iowa, where he has been spending his vacation.

The Swedish Mission church bazaar opened Tuesday evening and has been a great success. Large crowds have attended every evening and interesting programs have been given. The fair will not close until tomorrow evening.

LAKE CRYSTAL MAN

Gets Into Trouble and Friends Pay His Fine.

Mankato, Minn., Oct. 20.—It cost the friends of Carl Osgood of Lake Crystal $17.15 because he sold one redhead duck that he had shot, to G. C. Towne of this city.

Towne is a game warden, and after eating the duck he proceeded to have young Osgood arrested. Osgood pleaded guilty, but could not pay the fine. Rather than see him go to jail for ten days, for he is a cripple, his friends at Lake Crystal raised the money.

Towne claims that Osgood and others at Lake Crystal make it a practice to sell ducks and quail that they shoot, but Osgood denies this, as far as he is concerned.

James Johnson, a Brookville farmer, filed a petition in voluntary bankruptcy. His liabilities are $1,191, all unsecured, and his assets $620, all exempt.

FOR BREACH OF PROMISE.

Miss Sarah North of Granger, Iowa, Demands $15,000.

Des Moines, Iowa, Oct. 20.—John H. Banning, a wealthy farmer living here for the winter, was served with a notice of a $15,000 suit for breach of promise yesterday. The suit is brought by Sarah Ann North, who owns a farm adjoining one of Banning's, near Granger, Iowa.

Miss North is 40 years of age, and the man she alleges was her ardent woer but would not wed, is three years her senior.

ELEVEN JURORS TRY CASE.

Twelfth Man Summoned to Bedside of a Sick Child.

Mason City, Iowa, Oct. 20.—An unusual thing happened here yesterday in the excuse of George Peck of Clear Lake, a juryman in the case of the State vs. Reynolds.

The jury had been given instructions from the judge and had already spent twelve hours in deliberation, when a message came to Peck announcing the illness of a child at his home. An application was at once made to the court for his release. The attorneys in the case were summoned and they agreed that the case could be settled by the eleven.

Court was then adjourned for one day, out of respect to the memory of the mother of Clerk of the Courts Howland. Mrs. Howland died in Rockwell after an illness of several weeks resulting from a broken limb. She is one of the pioneer residents and came to this county in 1869.

Ely

photographs the babies.

There are people reading our "To Let" columns today who would make desirable tenants for that vacant house of yours. There will be tomorrow, too; and there's time enough for you to get your ad in these columns for tomorrow. It should have been in today.

Johnson & Moe

The West End Big Department Store

Right in the Low Rent District.

Hour Bargains in Handkerchiefs

From 9 to 10 a. m.

100 dozen white lawn Hemstitched Handkerchiefs—regular 5c value. From 9 to 10 a. m. each **2c**

Just the thing for school handkerchiefs, 6 for 10c, limit 2 dz. each

It Will Pay You To Shop Here Tomorrow.

Tremendous bargains in cold weather merchandise for Saturday.

10c Baby Flannel 6¾c.

1 Case Baby Flannel 3 to 10 yard remnants in pink, blue, red, and cream for children's wear, regular 10c kind—Tomorrow special, yard **6¾c**

12½c Outing Flannel 8½c.

1 case fine Oating Flannel in choice, pink and blue stripes and check—Our best 12½c kind—Tomorrow extra special, yard **8½c**

8½c Wrapper Cloth 4¾c.

1 case Fleeced Wrapper Cloth in dark choice style, 8½c kind—Tomorrow only **4¾c**

25c Underwear 19c.

1 case Women's Jersey Ribbed Fleeced Underwear—Our regular 25c kind—Tomorrow, special **19c**

A Great Line of Fall and Winter Coats.



It will absolutely pay you to see our line of Coats for Women and Children before buying elsewhere. We know we can and will save you money on every purchase, if you look elsewhere first, then come here and compare styles and prices, you will be surprised at the saving we can show you.

Women's Stylish Empire effect Coats, 45 inches long—made of plain wool kersey as well as novelty mixtures; tastily trimmed with brains and little touches of velvet to give it the proper "Snap" of a stylish garment, great values.

At $7.50 $10, $12.50 $15, $16.50, $18, $19 and upwards.

Women's Fur Lined Coats.

We are showing a magnificent line of these popular garments made of fine wool Kersey, in several styles, 45 inches long, loose fitting, selected fur linings and shawl collars—it's a most sensible garment and we have made the prices within easy reach of all.

A Sensational Sale of Skirts.



There are about **One Hundred Skirts in the lot**—made of wool melton, heavy cheviot and novelty mixtures. There is only one and two of a kind, but a great variety of styles, including the flared circular skirt as well as plain and pleated gored skirts.

LOT 1—Skirts worth up to $5.98.

Saturday sensational sale price, choice—

$2.98.

LOT 2—Skirts worth up to $8.50.

Saturday sensational sale price, choice—

$3.98.

It's a great chance to secure a runabout Skirt for less than cost of material.

LOST PATIENCE.

The late W. S. Tyler, professor of ancient languages in Amherst college for many years, worked patiently and was long-suffering with his student, says the Boston Herald. But the following incident is related, showing where he lost his patience and his usually perfect control of the English language.

A student with whom the professor had labored especially was translating very poorly, and the professor exclaimed: "Young man, if you have a spark of genius in you, water it."

"THE STORE THAT SAVES YOU MONEY."



COPYRIGHT 1905 BY THE HOUSE OF KUPPENHEIMER

Our OVERCOATS

Viewed from every standpoint---quality, style, fit and appearance---are better values than have ever been offered in Duluth. The prices range from

$10 to $25

We emphatically assert that we are selling the best makes of high grade Suits and Overcoats at much lower prices than the up-town stores ask for similar qualities. Our lower expenses make this possible. Come tomorrow and see.

M. A. Fedje

CLOTHING AND SHOES

THE WORKINGMAN'S TRADING PLACE

The West End Clothier. 2016-2018 West Superior Street.

RAILROADS

WORK ON THE RAILROADS

Contractors Are Getting In Readiness For Winter Season

Men Looking For Work Are Becoming More Plentiful.

Railroad contractors throughout the Northwest are now getting in readiness for the winter season. Work is being rushed on the several jobs that are supposed to be complete before winter sets in, and those contractors who intend to keep crews of men working all winter, where possible, are making the necessary preparations.

Much of the ordinary railroad work cannot be carried on in the winter at all, on account of the snow and cold, but some of it, such as clearing rights-of-ways for new lines, making cuts, station work, etc., can be done in almost any kind of weather. Last winter the Owen & Northern road, the extension of the Lake Superior & Southeastern, south of Ladysmith, Wis., kept a number of laborers employed all through the cold months putting the survey in condition for the summer work. It is understood that the same company will this winter have several crews working along the survey between Duluth and Ladysmith. It is hoped to complete work on the line clear to Duluth before the end of next year.

The range roads are still calling for more men, and practically all the roads in the Northwest are sending in orders for extra gangs. This is the season when the roadbeds are being put in condition for the winter, and it often happens that a good many extra men are needed. A little later most of these extra gangs will be forced to seek other employment, and the section crews will also be cut down. Little work is required of the section men in the winter time.

Men looking for work, or men loafing about the streets, at least, appear to be more plentiful today than they have been for several weeks past. A few of the smaller railroad contracts have already been finished, and the men who have been working on them are now in Duluth seeking other employment, or living on their earnings of the past few months, and waiting for the time when a lack of money will force them to go to work again.

Harvesters are also returning from the West, although in small numbers. It will be a week or two yet before the influx into Duluth of those who have been assisting the Dakota farmers in the fall harvest will be on in earnest. The men coming in now are merely the advance guard. The fact that there is a scarcity of labor in Duluth has been pretty well advertised over the Northwest, and probably the number of men looking for work here this fall will be greater than for many years past. Work is more plentiful than it has been for a long time, and it is expected that there will be positions for all who apply for them. The loggers are clamoring for men, and good wages are being offered for woods' work.

INCREASES BONDED DEBT.

Western Pacific Will Build New Branch Lines in California.

San Francisco, Oct. 20.—The Western Pacific Railroad company, through its stockholders, is arranging to increase its bonded debt $25,000,000, which will make the total amount of authorized bonds $75,000,000 instead of $50,000,000, as at present.

The recent increase in the capital stock of the company from $50,000,000 to $75,000,000 had that object in view, because under the laws of California a corporation's bonds cannot exceed the amount of its stock issue. The money raised by the proposed new bond issue of $25,000,000 is to be used in perfecting terminals and for the building of branch lines in California, especially lines to San Jose and Fresno.

Under the terms of the mortgage securing the original bond issue of $50,000,000, none of the money so raised can be devoted to other purposes than the building of the main line.

Interest on the increased issue of $25,000,000 of bonds, it is announced, will be guaranteed by the Rio Grande Western, just as the original issue of $50,000,000 is guaranteed by that Gould property.

Earnings of Soo in Minnesota.

The Soo road's Minnesota earnings for the year ending June 30 amounted to $1,245,623.23. On that amount it will pay taxes to the state, according to its annual report just filed with the railway and warehouse commission. From its Minnesota passenger business the earnings were $573,564.69; freight, $765,450.31; other sources, $52,211.29. The gross earnings for the entire system were $8,797,885.

Annual Meeting of the Omaha.

The annual meeting of the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha railroad is being held today at Hudson, Wis., which is the official headquarters of the company. Stockholders and directors arrived from Chicago on a special train. It is supposed that the former directors will be re-elected at the stockholders' meeting, and that the present officers will also be re-elected. The annual report of the Omaha has already been published.

LATE DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Assistant Superintendent at Sugar Factory Badly Burned.

Menominee—Ed Weber, assistant superintendent of the Menominee sugar factory, was burned by an unusual accident. The big lime kiln has just been fired for the season, and as usual a thick layer of wood had been laid on the bottom, so as to give the fire a good start. After it had been burning for a time, Weber entered the room to take a look at it. He had just turned to leave when the weight of coke and limestone above the half burned wood caused it to collapse, the closed doors at the bottom of the kiln being forced open by flames and gas that filled the room. Weber was enveloped. His hands were burned, his hair and moustache singed off and his clothes set on fire. He was dazed by the occurrence and later did not know how he got out of the room or who put his clothes out. Two factory foremen were also in the room at the time, but neither was seriously injured.

St. Ignace—Supervisor Thos. Morrison two smaller fingers of his right hand in a mowing machine accident. He had the machine out of gear, and was holding up the cutter bar with his right hand while examining the under part of the shoe with the left. The knife dropped taking the fingers off clean—about half an inch off the little finger, and an inch off the other.

Manistique—There was a little friction between the Soo line railroad and Green Bros., contractors, at Manistique relative to digging a sewer and water trench under the track of the company at the crossing near the M. M. & N depot. A switch engine, whose crew threatened to scald any workmen attempting to dig the trench in question held the fort. Later matters were amicably arranged and the trench in question has been dug.

Clerk Jennings of the Manistique independent militia company, has received a letter from the quartermaster general of Michigan, relative to guns for the organization. The state official stated that in all probability Lee-Remmington rifles could be obtained and a requisition will be made for the number wanted. A bond of $2,000 will be required by the state should the military board decide to let the company have the rifles.

Sheriff Klagstad's salary has been raised to $1,200 per annum to $1,250 per annum by the Schoolcraft board of supervisors. This is an increase of $200. Owing to the distressingly few prisoners that the sheriff has an opportunity of boarding there has been but little money in the office under the salary heretofore paid.

Stephenson—The pickle salting station at Stephenson, Menominee county, has been closed for the season this year, the frost having destroyed all the vines. A total of 11,294 bushels of cucumbers was brought to the station which 8,855 bushels were small size, amounting in value to $4,428 and 2,738 bushels large ones, amounting to $410.75, a total of $4,838.75, which amount was distributed among the farmers in Stephenson and adjoining townships. The average yield was about $100 worth of cucumbers to the acre, although John Phillips' crop, grown on three-quarters of an acre, netted him $165.

LITTLE LORD FAUNTLEROY

Read by Adele McClaran, with musical numbers by local juvenile artists.

ELKS' HALL,

Saturday, Oct. 21, at 3 p. m. Admission, 20 cents.

EASTERNERS INTERESTED

They Comment on Oliver Company's Big Equipment Orders.

The eyes of the Easterners, which are often blind to things which happen outside of their own part of the country, have been rather opened anew to the magnitude of the iron ore developments in Minnesota by the recent orders for new equipment given by the Oliver Iron Mining company.

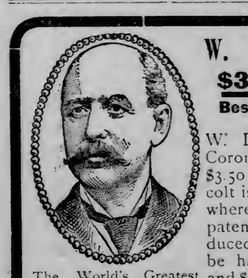
The Oliver company recently ordered twenty-seven ninety-ton steam shovels, to be used in stripping, and fifty-five locomotives, to be used in loading the ore.

The Chicago, New York, Pittsburg and Cleveland papers have been printing comments upon the big order, and all of the iron trade journals have been having mild and polite fits over the announcement.

Of course the trade journal knew about the importance of the Minnesota ore deposits, but at the same time a realization was not brought home to them until they learned of the Oliver company's order. It is not very often that a mining company orders fifty-five locomotives or twenty-seven steam shovels all at one time.

Minnesota-Iowa Football Game.

On account of the Minnesota-Iowa Football Game at Minneapolis, October 21st, the Great Northern railway will sell tickets for one fare, plus 50 cents, for the round trip. Date of sale October 20th. See your local agent for full particulars.



W. L. DOUGLAS
$3.50 SHOE.
Best in the world.
Union Made.

W. L. Douglas uses Corona Coltskin in his $3.50 shoes. Corona colt is conceded everywhere to be the finest patent leather yet produced and is usually to be had only in $6.00 and $7.00 shoes. Douglas $3.50 patent leather shoes are just as good as those that cost you $6.00 or $7.00 The only difference is the price. Let us show you our new Lipton patent leather bloucher bal or button, at the



The World's Greatest Shoemaker

W. L. Douglas $3.50 Shoe Store
316 West Superior Street.
Basement Torrey Building. H. J. Snyder, Mgr.

Orthopedia Last

Smoke Sale!

GATELY'S

8 East Superior Street.

Smoke Sale!

The insurance men have adjusted the loss we sustained in the recent fire and for a few days beginning Saturday, (tomorrow) at 9 o'clock, we will put on sale slightly damaged goods at absurdly low prices.

This is an opportunity to secure unusual bargains in Men, Women and Children's Ready-to-Wear garments. Never was there such a chance to purchase a winter supply of just what you want.

YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD

An exceptional under-pricing in Draperies, Rugs, Carpets, Curtains, Clocks, Albums, Silverware, Beds and Bedding, Furniture, in fact everything in Household supplies. Bring the little ones and fit them out with warm clothes to go to school.

MINNESOTA FEDERATION OF WOMEN'S CLUBS.

(Continued from page 13.)

health and lack of time, to complete her term.

It was moved and adopted that the treasurer of the federation be required to give $1,000 bonds, and the motion making the recording secretary official custodian was also passed.

The afternoon session of the federation was a particularly enjoyable one. "Civil Service" was the subject, and Mrs. E. M. La Penotiere of Minneapolis, chairman of the committee on civil service, presided. Governor John A Johnson and Mayor David P. Jones of Minneapolis addressed the federation, and the encouragement offered the women in this line of their endeavor was of the most enthusiastic kind. Mrs. La Penotiere read an able paper on "The History of Civil Service Reform."

Mayor Jones was the next speaker, and his subject was the "Municipal Conscience." He said:

"My own temerity in appearing before this body and attempting to instruct the mental aristocracy of the state surprise me. Civil service, however, has much to do with women, and women have much to do with civil service. Civil service plus women has much to do with the municipal conscience. A great danger lies in the attempt to differentiate between the responsibilities of men and women in any reform. Out of six college graduates, because of sex, the privilege of voting is given to but one. Women are becoming more competent and better able to realize what makes for good living and well being than the average man is, and woman's education is being used along lines making for civic improvement.

"Civil service is a growth. It is not a thing which can be achieved but with long effort. The extreme partisanship which exists in public life makes the sudden and easy entrance of civil service reform impossible. The lesson must be learned, first, that partisanship has nothing to do with government. Government is business pure and simple. Municipal government is business not politics. Whether a man is Republican or Democrat has nothing to do with clean streets."

Mayor Jones continued with a brief account of his endeavor during his administration of placing the police department under the civil service system. The satisfactory results obtained were spoken of. "Much work must be be done in forming public opinion," he continued. "But the civic spirit has been awakened. The civic spirit, which is called the municipal conscience, has been developed in ways we cannot understand. The spirit of liberty, enlightenment and sturdy independence has a hold on the people. A national awakening is coming, and coming quickly. Such meetings as this are an inspiration and guide by the way, and in this progress of the nation the women have a splendid part."

During Mayor Jones' address, Governor Johnson arrived, and in his speech made himself solid with the women of the federation against the time when they possess the ballot. That they would have it as soon as they worked for it hard enough, the governor earnestly assured them. "The Ethics of Federation Legislative Work as a Man Sees It" was the subject upon which he spoke.

"I'm not sure," said he, "that I ever looked up the meaning of ethics, but in the professions, what is and what is not ethics is easily determined. For a doctor to announce through the newspapers by advertising that the medical profession is the means he has for providing the wherewithal with which he will be clothed, and the other necessities of life, is not ethics; for a lawyer to conceal, by word and cunning, his private opinion of his rival in a suit, is ethics; in the newspaper profession too—but commonly there is no ethics among newspapers. Ethics takes on many colors and sides, and may be almost anything one thinks. If by ethics of federation legislation is meant that it is proper for women to appear before the legislative body or not, it will be hard for me to decide. But if it is a question of right, it is more easily answered. Men do not consider where or not it is ethics to appear before the legislature and ask for things in which they are interested, and commonly they ask in slef-interest and not for the good of humanity at large.

"It is right for woman to go before the representatives of the people and ask for anything she believes is right and for the good of humanity. The constitution guarantees equal rights, and makes no distinction between sexes in the holding of property or paying of taxes. It imposes conditions on the clauses upon who shall vote. The right to go before the legislative body and ask for your rights is yours. The prerogative is yours, and the question arises if you have done all you could do?

"The women of the federation have done some things, and I hope they may get busier. During the legislature of 1899 women came before that body to secure the passage of a bill for the pensioning of school teachers, grown old in the service. The foundation upon which their demand was based was not right, however. There is no right in taking my property and giving it to you, nor in taking yours and giving it to me, although some men in the northern part of the state think it right to take a portion of the public land and give it to themselves.

"The efforts in behalf of forestry of your federation during the past years have been most admirable and if you achieve nothing more than has already been accomplished, your efforts have been worth while. This effort, in addition to your endeavors in behalf of the separate training school at Red Wing, is all I have heard of, of your work What have you done in the interest of pure food laws? Is it not your duty to investigate the questions of poisons in your foods?

"The ballot would solve your difficulties, and it would be yours but you won't work hard enough to get it. Fight for what you want. You fail to see legislators when you call in behalf of some great question in which you have interested yourselves, but ten men from some rural district get in to see their representative because each man represents a vote, and if he did not get in, when he got home his representative would be more than likely to get out. You have not the right of voting because of your lethargy and the great fault is lack of organization. Unite for the abolition of political slavery to which you have submitted. You haven't accomplished as much as you can nor as much as you will. Big reforms begin in small ways. Startling innovations are not put on the statute books.

"In this organization I believe is the nucleus of organization which can do more for the state than any other. But it can have no dullard nor sluggards. In social, political and commercial endeavors, you can accomplish what you set out to do. May God speed you in your undertakings and every agency help you in fulfilling your desires for the advancement of civilization."

Gov. Johnson was given a rising vote of thanks for his address and presented with a bunch of pink roses by the women from St. Peter.

A short talk was given on the benefit of the civil service reform in the dairy and food commission by E. K. Slater, commissioner of Minnesota.

Mrs. Sarah Platt Decker spoke very briefly of civil service reform and its humane and appealing phases, which she had encountered in her life and work.

The incomplete report of the tellers was the last feature of the afternoon and the following ticket is part of that which will be presented for formal ballot tomorrow:

President, Mrs. J. L. Washburn, Duluth; Mrs. W. B. MacLean, Minneapolis; Mrs. E. C. Conant, Wells.

Recording secretary, Mrs. C. E. Conant, Wells; Mrs. W. W. Sykes, Minneapolis; Mrs. E. J. Lewis, Minneapolis.

Historian, Mrs. McKusick, St. Cloud; Mrs. Towne, Mrs. C. E. Conant, Wells.

Auditor, Mrs. C. L. Atwood, St. Cloud; Mrs. Andrews, Mrs. W. B. MacLean, Minneapolis.



THE EVENING STORY

H C Hubert

THE WAYS OF DIPLOMACY

By George Shedd.

(Copyright 1905, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

Marian Loveless was referred to among her acquaintances as the living statue, and with good reason. Beautiful, accomplished, with the figure of a Venus, of perfect health and strength, she had arrived well into her twenties without feeling a tremor of the heart. And it was not that efforts in plenty had not been made to arouse the warmth in her gentle breast, for she had many lovers who had used all their art to inspire the divine passion in her heart.

"I must have been born deficient," she said frankly to one of these in rejecting his suit. "For I certainly do not have any warmer feeling for you, nor any other man than hearty friendship. I admire you. I respect you. I have not a criticism to make of you. But I have no such emotion as you express, nor such as any girl friends tell me of, and of which I read in books. I am lacking somehow. I am sorry, both on your account and on my own. I can not conceive of such a thing as giving up my independence and individuality and merging my life into that of a man. I shall always respect and like you and will be a sister to you."

"Sister!" exclaimed the man, and he went to the Klondike and never saw her again.

And that was the story she was compelled to tell her most ardent wooers. "I like the men first rate," she said. "Indeed their robust way of looking at things and doing things is quite a relief at times from the petty little ways the women have, and they are very handy in dancing and rowing and driving and running automobiles, and that sort of thing, but to go away and live with and become a part of—I simply can not understand it.

This was the state of affairs when Gerald Mann appeared on the scene and was attracted by the beauty and the personality of Miss Loveless. When he went clup up against sexlessness, so to speak, he was dumbfounded, then interested. He was a thorough man of the world, widely traveled and of much experience with women. That a woman in perfect health, with red lips and swelling curves and flashing eyes should be perfectly passionless was incredible, preposterous. Hence he has stimulated to try his powers and in the trying he lost his heart.

For the first time in his life Gerald Mann was in love. It was the real thing, too, and a hard attack of it. He struggled violently and ridiculed himself mercilessly over his pre-slumber cigar, out to no avail. He had had many affairs and indulged in some engagements, but this was different. This woman he must have to complete his life. There was no question about it.

In the meantime her adamant attitude was not even scratched. Mann rather interested her with his well-stored mind and his knowledge of men and places and things, but that was all. He never quickened her pulses—unless when he put an added deash of recklessness into the speed of his automobile.

Finally, after struggling in the meshes until he was sore and tired, he surrendered and poured out his declaration of love to the object of his desires.

"Oh, dear, how dreadful!" she said, calmly. "Just when things were running along so nicely, too, and we were having such jolly times. And now I must lose you."

"Never!" he exclaimed, passionately.

"Yes, I will," she replied in a discouraged tone of voice. "I don't know where you will go or what you will do, but you will go away from me. And you knew it all the time, too—you knew I had no capacity for love. Why did you do it?"

He breathed some fervent words about it being "written by fate," and ordained from the beginning of time, and that sort of thing, and finally received the inevitable promise of sisterhood.

But Mann was older and more experienced than the others had been, and the attack having been deferred so long had been more severe. Any way, he refused to go away, or to accept her as a sister. He simply staid on and announced that he would wait for the arousing of her women's nature which he averred must come some day.

Things were not wholly comfortable or normal, however, and so far as Mann was concerned, certainly not joyous, when he met at his club one day an old friend, an Italian gentleman with whom he had become very well acquainted one summer when he was abroad. The Italian was a musician—a violinist of exceptional ability and high reputation. He had come to tour America with his wonderful violin. After greetings had been duly exchanged, the two sat down and had a long chat, renewing the old acquaintance most happily. Mann could not keep back the great change in his life and the disappointment with which he had met. Signor Valleti was all sympathy, but resolutely skeptical regarding the lady's incapacity to experience the gentle joys of love.

"Et eez eempcssible," he said. "Et eez reedeeculous. All ladeez have ze divine passion. Et eez a part of zeir divine nature."

"Well, I'd like to find a way to arouse it," growled Mann moodily.

"Have you tried ee zeemagination?" asked Valleti. "Zat is zee key to unlock ze most guarded heart."

"I've tried everything," replied Mann. "I've bombarded her with the most potent love stories, I've read her the most passionate poems, have taken her to see th strongest plays, piloted her through the art galleries where hang the most stirring pictures—but to no avail."

"But zee music—zee vera languuge of lof—have you tried zat?" asked the Italian.

"Oh, yes, after a fashion," replied Mann, "but the girl is absolutely devoid of musical qualities. She does not sing a note, and does not even thump on the piano. She is utterly indifferent to music."

"No, no, signor," exclaimed the Italian. "Zat is eempossible. No voman ees indifferent to music."

There was a long pause during which Signor Valleti smoked fiercely. Then he said:

"My friend I—I will arouse zee voman nature in zee lady."

He went on to outline his plan and the hopeless lover grasped is as a drowning man at a straw.

So it happened that Miss Marian was invited by Mr. Mann to hear "a violinist—said to be a remarkable player." A manager friend of Mann had asked him to hear this violinist. It was explained, and give his opinion before a contract was signed. Mann implored Miss Loveless to go with him and aid him with her counsel. Pressing her inefficiency, she yielded to his pleading. It was explained that the new violinist had met with an accident which had temporarily disfigured him and he declined to play before any one unless guarded by a screen. So it had been arranged to hear him in the conservatory of the manager's home, where the player could remain out of sight.

The conservatory was most artfully arranged. The lights were soft and low and the rays of the moon shining through the glass transformed the place into a veritable garden.

They seated themselves on a rustic seat surrounded by flowers and plants, the air sweet with the scent of roses. Presently out of the very stillness and so softly as to be almost a part of it, came the subdued strains of music. They were sweet and restful and seductive. Gradually the music rose in volume and power and took a light vein. It spoke of green meadows and sparkling water and leafy shade. Then with a sudden change it leaped into the realm of passion and told the whole story of love. The unseen artist filled the air with love, longing, despair, pleading, delirious joy. Then with a flash the strains turned to a wooing song irresistably ardent, tender and compelling.

Mann arousing himself from the trance the music had thrown him in, glanced at Marian. Her eyes were downcast, tears were on her flushed cheeks, she was all a-tremble. He slipped his arm about her. She did not resist.

"Marian, sweetheart," he whispered.

"Yes, Gerald—dear," she replied, letting her head sink on his shoulder.

Gerald afterward told her that the unseen artist had secured the engagement.

Which was true.

Knauf Sisters (over Smith's Drug Store). Beautiful hair switches from $2.50 up.

Your "want" becomes a part of the history of the day when it is printed with the news of the day.

WHY ELVIDGE WAS DISMISSED

Walter Wellman Tells of the Minnesotan's Summary Removal.

Chicago, Oct. 20.—In a Washington special to the Record-Herald, Walter Wellman tells why Elvidge, a Minnesota man, was the cause of the president's new order empowering heads of departments to dismiss civil service employes without filing charges. He says:

An admiral of the British navy won fame by using the big, big D. An employe of the government has become notorious by telling a secret service man to go to H. Sunday afternoon the president and Mrs. Roosevelt were enjoying the delightful weather out driving. Their carriage, guarded by secret service men in plain clothes on bicycles, was proceeding along Massachusetts avenue, in the ultra fashionable section. Elvidge, a competent electrician, in charge of the automobile wagon of the bureau of standards, proceeding in the same direction, attempted to pass the carriage. He did not recognize the turnout. He has not been in Washington long enough to be able to distinguish the livery of the president, and the presence of men on bicycles behind the carriage had no meaning to him.

Completely unconscious that the president was near, Elvidge, as required by the police regulations, attempted to go to the left of the carriage. When one of the secret service men saw the bureau of standards machine being steered to the left of the president's carriage, he waved his arm. Elvidge, without the slightest intimation who the man on the bicycle was, concluded that for some reason he desired the automobile to pass to the right, contrary to the rules. He obligingly turned the steering apparatus and made for the right. Now his way was disputed by another man on a bicycle, who waved him back.

Elvidge was confused. He did not lose control of the machine, but could not make out the meaning of the gestures of the bicyclists. The men on the wheels, without disclosing their identity, took him to task for attempting to pass the carriage, and Elvidge, somewhat ruffled over their interference, indiscreetly invited them to go to h——. Then the secret service men told him that he "ought to have better sense than to try to pass the president's carriage," and that he "would be reported." Hence the overthrow of civil service reform in the house of its friends.

* * *

Severel features of the incident are well established. The automobile did not pass the president's carriage. Elvidge did not demonstrate incompetency in handling the machine. He followed the regulations in trying to pass to the left, and did not go to the right until, as he thought, the man on the bicycle waived him in that direction. Elvidge claims that he had no idea the president was in the carriage ahead until after the bicyclists had been told to go to a warmer climate. He says that had he known the men on the wheels were secret service officers, or had they instructed him not to pass the president's carriage, he would have obeyed their instructions without protest.

The charges upon which Secretary Metcalf of the department of commerce and labor dismissed Elvidge were made by the president, but it is not known whether incompetency was included. It is asserted by Secretary Loeb that Elvidge's ramark to the secret service men was heard by the president and Mrs. Roosevelt. Elvidge was suspended Monday and dismissed after the president had consulted with his cabinet and decided to issue the order giving cabinet officers power to remove civil service employes for inefficiency or for misconduct committeed in the presence of the president or of the head of an executive department.

Phillips & Co.

Fall and Winter Styles

Princess Boots

For Ladies

All Leathers

$3.50

The Best School Shoes in Duluth

CHOP DOWN DOORS TO GET CHARGE OF SCALES

The Wisconsin Inspectors Brave Danger to Get Possession.

Lively Time at Listman Mill—McCausland Makes Complaint.

Four Wisconsin grain inspectors, escorted by as many policemen, took charge of the scale house at the Listman flour mill in Superior this morning after breaking down doors and forcibly removing other obstacles which were put in their ways by the employes of the mill.

For a time it looked as if a fierce fight would take place, but no blood was spilled and the Wisconsin men were allowed to accomplish their purpose and secure possession of the scales.

As soon as the Wisconsin men gained entrance to the scale house, the Listman mill shut down and no more flour was ground up to a late hour this afternoon.

E. F. McCausland, attorney for the Duluth-Superior Milling company, notified the mayor, chief of police and city clerk of Superior this afternoon, that the city would be held responsible for the damage done at the Listman mill during what he called the "riot" of this morning.

These notices were not filed until late this afternoon and the recipients and the city attorney have not made any statements yet as to what the city of Superior will do.

The trouble at the mill this morning created considerable excitement; more than have any of the previous disturbances. Inspector Tyler, employed by the Duluth Board of Trade and in no way connected with the Minnesota inspection bureau, was in charge of a party of men who were weighing and unloading grain at the Listman mill.

The men had unloaded two cars and were at work on the third when the Wisconsin officers, looking very formidable with their blue-coated aides-de-camp, appeared on the scene.

The alarm was sounded as soon as they hove in sight and men were called from the mills, the Listman and the Daisy, to throw up more breastworks and to hold out against the unwelcome visitors. But they had received instructions from their employers not to attack or strike the Wisconsin officials or the policemen and that accounts for the victory of the latter in securing possession of the scales.

But so many obstacles had been placed in their way and the doors barred so firmly that the Wisconsin men were put to much trouble in effecting an entrance. Employes of the milling company stood on the inside, too, and held the doors shut until the angry Wisconsin men had hacked them into kindling wood.

Although they could not strike their fellow townsmen, the millers jeered long and loud at them so that, everything considered, the little occurrence was most exciting. All of this took place this morning.

The Daisy mill remained closed all day, also, although had it not been for the trouble this morning, it would probably have reopened today. The Commander mill was running all day with the Wisconsin men in charge.

SCHANDLING CASE AT A STANDSTILL

Pending Decision As to Whether Buffalo Attorney May Testify.

Milwaukee, Oct. 20.—Proceedings in the Schandein will contest case came to a standstill today because of an attempt of Charles Quarles to examine Ernest L. Frisbee of Buffalo, attorney for Mrs. Lizette Schandein, relative to the agreement by which she gave Jacob Heyl, her son-in-law who is charged with having used undue influence upon her, one-half of the increment of the estate and relative to the 1903 will which gives practically all of the $7,000,000 estate to Mrs. Heyl, one of the children, cutting off the other two children, Emil Schandein and Mrs. Louis F. Frank, with the income on property worth $625,000. James G. Flanders and C. F. Fawcett objected on the ground that Mr. Frisbee received his instructions from Mrs. Schandein while acting as her attorney and that in consequence he could not make public the confidential communications. Judge Carpenter ruled that Mr. Frisbee could not testify concerning instructions given by Mrs. Schandein which resulted in the 1904 agreement. This document is supposed to have been based upon an oral agreement made by Mrs. Schandein in 1896 and by which Heyl credited himself with $1,600,000, now in controversy in the circuit court in a restitution suit brought by the Milwaukee Trust company, special administrator. Judge Carpenter was inclined to the belief that Mr. Frisbee could testify concerning instructions given in connection with the will and so ruled after long technical arguments. The question as to whether Mr. Frisbee will be allowed to testify in connection with the codicil issued on Oct. 22, 1894, will be determined late this afternoon.

IS WANTED IN MILWAUKEE

Strike Breaking Printer Arrested—Deserted Wife and Children.

Wanted in Milwaukee for abandonment of his family, and for embezzlement, John M. Bradley, one of the non-union printers employed by J. L. Thwing to aid in breaking the strike of the union printers, was arrested this afternoon by Detective Irvine and Detective Rooney of Milwaukee.

The Milwaukee police heard that Bradley was in Duluth, and Detective Rooney was sent to this city, armed with a warrant for his arrest.

The man was located at Thwing's printing establishment, and Detective Irvine accompanied the Milwaukee officer to make the arrest. The man was easily identified by the fact that two of the fingers of his right hand were missing. When he saw the officers coming he shoved his hand into his pocket, but the officers were sure of their man, and when they placed him under arrest, he went without protest.

Detective Rooney left this afternoon for Milwaukee with his prisoner.

None of the particulars of the crime for which he is wanted are known by the Duluth police, beyond the fact that he is claimed to have deserted his wife and family without making any provision for their support. He is also charged with having embezzled a sum of money from his late employers, one of the Milwaukee daily newspapers.

Texas

Matinee Lyceum tomorrow.

SIMPSON A TRIFLE STRONGER.

Wichita, Kan., Oct. 20.—Ex-Congressman Jerry Simpson awoke today a trifle stronger. Life is being prolonged by the use of opiates. His family physician arrived today from Roswell, N. M.

Saturday Mat.

"Texas" at Lyceum.

Never Before.

Were good watches sold at the low prices quoted by Harris & Esterly, 428 West Superior street, Spalding Hotel.

CITY BRIEFS

The old cross on the spire of the cathedral at the corner of Fourth street and Second avenue west has been regilded and jeweled with twenty-four electric lights. These are of 16-candle power and will be burned on Sunday and other evenings when special affairs are going on in the cathedral.

The quarterly meeting of the C. W. B. M. will be held this evening at 8 o'clock at the Christian church, corner of Fourth street and Fifth avenue west, and afterwards a social will be held to meet the new pastor, Rev. Baxter Waters.

J. M. Gidding & Co. have announced for tomorrow, Saturday, some very important values in women's coats and school girls' coats.

The Burrows house plants and flowers which have always attracted great attention will be offered at sale tomorrow morning between 9 and 10, at 1632 East First street.

Don't forget Zigler at the Kelley Hardware company's place when you want to buy, rent or trade a gun of any kind. They say he gets the worth of it every time.

The Silberstein & Bondy Co. announce an important sale of coats for tomorrow. See details on page 3.

PERSONALS

C. C. Cokefair returned today from a trip to New York and Boston.

Mr. and Mrs. Titus Duncan leave tomorrow morning for McHugh, Minn.

Miss Alice Bailey left for Fargo today.

Miss Grace Toms of Ely is in the city today, a guest at the St. Louis.

Miss Minnie Cowling and Miss Flora Phillips of Ely are registered at the St. Louis.

Mrs. A. E. Bickford of Virginia is a guest at the St. Louis.

Mrs. S. A. Hendrickson of Virginia is visiting in Duluth today.

Henry Fares has returned from a trip East.

The "swapping instinct" is no longer a peculiarly Yankee one—it has become an American trait of character. You may want to buy many things—you may want to sell a few. Try our columns.

DOMINICANS ARE SATISFIED

To Have United States Collect Customs Duties Says Bede.

Washington, Oct. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—Representative J. Adam Bede arrived in Washington this morning. Mr. Bede has been in Santo Domingo with several Duluth men who have property interests there. He says that all is quiet now upon the island and that the present government is entirely satisfied that the United States should supervise the collection of its custom duties. Congressman Bede expects to remain in Washington several days and then go to Ohio to participate in the campaign now on in the Buckeye state.

Your "want" becomes a part of the history of the day when it is printed with the news of the day.

Too Late to Classify

Hair Dressing, Shampooing, Scalp Treatments, Facial Massage, Manicuring and Children's Hair Cutting at Miss Horrigan's.

Beauty's charm a satin skin secured using Satin skin cream and satin skin powder.

HOMESTEAD FOR SALE—$300 AND your homestead right takes one of the best quarter sections in Douglas county, Wisconsin, forty-five miles from Duluth. Call at 21 West Fourth street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 613 East First street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, 114 East Fourth and 410 Ninth avenue east. All conveniences. Old 'phone, 1010-M.

WANTED—POSITION IN OFFICE OR wholesale house by young lady of slight experience at clerical work. Address R. 74, Herald.

WANTED — POSITION AS BOOKkeeper or other clerical work. Address L. M., 1703 John avenue, Superior.

FOR SALE—HOUSEHOLD FURNIture. 510 East Third street.

FOR RENT—TWO UNFURNISHED rooms with use of bath, $1 a month, 1128 West Second street.

I MAKE PHOTOGRAPHS FOR CATAlogues or illustrated advertisements of any kind. Satisfaction guaranteed. H. C. Hubert, 604 Manhattan building.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

W. J. Solak and Awiktorga Stanislauska.

BIRTHS.

MURRAY—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Martin Murray at St. Luke's hospital, Oct. 17.

TROTZ—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. D. Trotz of 7109 Sherbourn street, Oct. 19.

WILLESON—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Martin A. Willeson of 617 Fifty-seventh avenue west, Oct. 19.



Complete Showing of

Furs and Fur Garments!

We invite your attendance tomorrow to view and enjoy our new complete showing of Women's Fashionable Furs for the present wear and for later in the season. The appearance of our garments will speak for itself. We vouch for superb quality, and best of all, a saving in prices. This season's furs are higher, but not at this store.

PERSIAN LAMB COATS—Leipsig dyed, from handsome, choice, lustrous furs, in plain—at **$95.00**

NEAR SEAL COATS—in 24 and 26-inch lengths, trimmed with beaver, natural or blended squirrel, Jap mink; Skinner satin lined; well worth $65.00—our price..... **$48.50**

25 Ladies' fur-lined Coats, made of good quality light-weight kersey and good quality Sable coney lining and large fur collars, in all sizes—$25.00 is considered cheap for this garment at the present fur prices—our price..... **$17.50**

PERSIAN LAMB COATS—22 and 24-in. lengths. Heavy, light, brocaded silk lining, blended mink collar, cuffs and revers—at **$115.00**

ASTRAKHAN FUR COATS—24 and 26-inch lengths, lined with Skinner satin and extra heavy interlined; warranted to wear, and ought to bring $32.50—our price..... **$25.00**

Better qualities at $35, $37.50, $45, $50 and $60.

Misses' fur-lined Coats, lined with fine lock squirrel, blended Coney Sable, Raccoon, etc.—at $19.50, $22.50, $25.00, $27.50 and $35.00.

TWO SPECIALS IN LADIES' AND MISSES' COATS.

$4.95 Misses' and Children's Coats, made of heavy coating, cheviot, Meltons; well worth $6.00, $6.50 and $7.50.

Ladies' and Misses' New Winter Coats—in 45, 48 and 52-inch lengths—fancy mixtures and plain kerseys; worth $12.50 and $13.50 for..... **$9.95**

THESE EXTRA SPECIALS FOR SATURDAY ONLY.

DRESS GOODS AND SILKS—54-inch Mohair Sicilian, bright and lustrous; considered a good value at 85c—brown, navy and green—Saturday, choice at **69c**

56-inch all-wool Panama, in black and navy only; regular retail price $1.25—special at... **89c**

36-inch extra fine and heavy guaranteed black Taffeta silk, $1.25 quality—special at.. **85c**

44-inch hard-twisted Invisible check Suiting, in navy, brown and green mixed. 75c is the regular retail price—Saturday only..... **59c**

LINENS AND WASH GOODS—72-inch Loom Table Damask; pretty floral designs—comes in excellent quality linen; regular 65c quality—Saturday, special at **49c**

30-inch English Long Cloth, 12 yards in a piece—to be on sale Saturday at—a yard.... **9c**
15c is its regular price.

22x40 Damask Towels—double knotted fringe—considered cheap at 25c, which is our regular price—special at **21c**

16-inch brown all linen Russian Crash, good weight—special at **9c**
Ought to bring 12½c.

EXTRA SPECIAL

Saturday morning from 9 to 12 o'clock—

10 yards for 48c.

One case of French Flannelette—neat, printed patterns, in light, medium and dark; usually retailed at 10c—our regular price **7½c**

EXTRA SPECIAL

Saturday afternoon from 2 to 5 o'clock—

69c sheets for 44c.

81x90 Bed Sheets, full bleached, ready hemmed for use. Quantity limited.

EXTRA SPECIAL

Saturday evening from 8 to 10 o'clock—

50c gowns for 35c.

25 dozen Women's Outing Flannel Gowns—no better ones anywhere at 50c.

29-31 West Superior Street. ALBENBERG'S Hunter Block, Duluth, Minn.

Special Sale Special!

We have just received a late consignment of boys' and children's Clothes that we must close out at ridiculous low prices, as we have not the store room to properly display them.

Young Men's Suits and Overcoats at $4.98—extra heavy for winter. They are worth double.

Young Men's Suits and Overcoats at $5.98 and $6.98. The best goods money can buy.

Children's Clothing for school and nobby dress suits — Buster Browns, Norfolks, Russian Blouse and neat Sailor effects from $1.98 to $5.98.

Boys' Reefers and Overcoats from $1.98 to $6.98. Come and look at these goods before buying elsewhere.

Lyceum Clothing and Shoe House

The popular-priced clothiers for men and boys.

423 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

TALYOR HAS BEAR STORY.

District Court Stenographer Says They Are Thick at Grand Marais.

W. S. Taylor, district court reporter, who returned this morning from Cook county, where he has been attending court with Judge Cant, has a tale about bears that puts the achievements of the local bred bears considerably in the shade.

"I saw three bears on the main street at Grand Marias," said Mr. Taylor, "but I learned that these were somebody's pets. The people at Grand Marais have become so used to seeing bears on their streets that they think no more of it than people here in Duluth would to see chickens cross the road, in fact they are not at all afraid of the bears from any harm that they might do, but only fear that they may stumble over one of the animals in the dark and break an arm or a leg."

GRAND DUKE VALDIMIR RESIGNS HIS POSITION.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 20.—Owing largely to the banishment of his eldest son, Grand Duke Cyril, and also on account of failing health, the Grand Duke Vladimir, eldest uncle of Emperor Nicholas, has tendered his resignation as commander of the military district of St. Petersburg, and his resignation has been accepted. He will be succeeded by Lieut. Gen. Grippenberg.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis, ss.—
In Probate Court, Special Term, October 5th, 1905.
In the Matter of the Estate of Edward D. McDonald, Deceased:
On reading and filing the petition of Seleca McDonald, administratrix of the estate of Edward D. McDonald, deceased, representing, among other things, that she has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of her administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It Is Ordered, That said account be examined, and petition heard by this Court, on Monday, the 30th day of October, A. D. 1905, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Probate Office, in the Court House, in the City of Duluth, in said County.

And It Is Further Ordered, That notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this Order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said County.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., the 5th day of October, 1905.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Oct. 6-13-20.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis.—ss.
In Probate Court, Special Term, October 5th, 1905.
In the Matter of the Estate of William C. McClure, Deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Helen A. McClure, John J. Rupp and Charles W. McClure, executors of the estate of William C. McClure, deceased, representing, among other things, that they have fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of their administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It Is Ordered, That said account be examined, and petition heard by this Court, on Monday, the 30th day of October, A. D. 1905, at ten o'clock a. m., at the Probate Office, in the Court House, in the City of Duluth, in said County.

And It Is Further Ordered, That notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth in said County.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., the 5th day of October, 1905.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Oct-6-13-20-1905.

SUMMONS IN APPLICATIOI FOR REGISTRATION OF LAND.
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.
District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.
In the Matter of the Application of John G. Ostby to register the title to the following described real estate situated in St. Louis County, Minnesota, namely:
Lot Four (4), in Block Three (3), in West End Addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof,

Applicant,

vs.

And all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the application herein,

Defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the above-named defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the application of the applicant in the above entitled proceeding and to file your answer to the said application in the office of the clerk of said court, in said county, within twenty (20) days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and, if you fail to answer the said application within the time aforesaid, the applicant in this proceeding will apply to the court for the relief demanded therein.

Witness, J. P. Johnson, clerk of said court, and the seal thereof, at Duluth, in said county, this 19th day of October, A. D. 1905.

J. P. JOHNSON, Clerk.
By V. A. DASH, Deputy.
(Seal of Dist. Ct., St. Louis Co., Minn.)
BALDWIN, BALDWIN & DANCER,
Attorneys for Applicant.
Duluth Evening Herald, Oct. 20-27. Nov. 3, 1905.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS.
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.
In Probate Court, Special Term, October 19th, 1905.
In the Mater of the Estate of Paul P. Ingham, Deceased:

Letters of administration on the estate of Paul P. Ingham, deceased, late of the County of St. Louis, State of Minnesota, being granted to Herbert A. Dancer.

It Is Ordered, That six months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the Probate Court of said County, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It Is Further Ordered, That Monday, the 23rd day of April, 1906, at 10 o'clock A. M., at a special term of said Probate Court to be held at the Probate Office in the Court House in the City of Duluth, in said County, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said Probate Court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And It Is Further Ordered, That notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said County.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 19th day of October A. D. 1905.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal, Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
BALDWIN, BALDWIN & DANCER,
Attorneys.
Duluth Evening Herald, Oct. 20-27. Nov. 3, 1905.

THE EVENING HERALD

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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

TO SUBSCRIBERS:

It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed to give both old and new addresses.

ROOSEVELT IS FIRM.

While there have been numerous attempts to create the impression that President Roosevelt had receded from his position on the question of supervision of railway rates, he is apparently determined to leave no opening for the success of these efforts.

Again yesterday, in his speech at Raleigh, N. C., he placed himself on record in no uncertain terms. After denying that he stood in any measure for government ownership of railways, he said:

> But I believe with equal firmness that it is out of the question for the government not to exercise a supervisory and regulatory right over the railroads; for it is vital to the well-being of the public that they should be managed in a spirit of fairness and justice toward all the public.

He went on to say that experience had shown that it is not wise to leave this altogether to the managers of the railways. Such a system puts a premium, he said, upon unscrupulous and ruthless cunning in railway management. Which is entirely natural, being human nature pure and simple. Given too much power, even if some men wield it fairly others will abuse it, and the president's theory is that it is not fair to leave the matter so entirely to the railways that they may be tempted to abuse their power.

This is the whole theory of railway rate regulation as it is now proposed, and that no convincing argument can be made against it is shown by the policy of the railways, which is to create false impressions and to try to make the people think that it was proposed to go much farther, and to step dangerously across the line toward government ownership.

With the president firmly for railway rate regulation, and the house so close to an unmistakable public sentiment that it will hardly dare refuse to support him, the matter is up to the senate, and the question is what it will dare in the cause of its masters.

This firmness on the part of the president is most encouraging, though entirely characteristic and therefore not unexpected. It cannot fail to have great weight both with the people, the house of representatives and—let us hope—with the senate.

THANKSGIVING.

America is approaching the annual Thanksgiving time, and while like other holidays it has lost something of its significance, and has come to be a day of feeding and a prelude to several days of dyspeptic remorse, this year it should have more significance than usual.

In a material way, so far as general results go—though we should like to see the prosperity laid on a little more evenly, and not quite so lumpy in some spots and so thin in others—there is nothing left to be desired. Abundant crops—in the wheat country, in the corn country, in the South, for even Kentucky reports the greatest tobacco crop of her history yet of a quality that will not permit of lower prices. Active business—retailers, wholesalers, manufacturers, employes and so on back through the commercial circle, all in fine fettle and doing well. Materially, therefore, the country is enormously and abundantly prosperous, with her granaries full to overflowing, her common carriers hustling their heads off and still not beginning to keep up with the business, and her wheels of industry humming.

All of which should give a little more meaning to the grace we shall say over our fat and hearty Thanksgiving dinners.

Right here at home, this prosperity is mellower and fuller than it is almost anywhere, with Duluth coming rapidly into her own, with her prosperous and contented business men taking hold of things for her betterment with a will and a spirit that will do things, and with her tributary territory growing and thriving apace.

It is not, perhaps, the right spirit to permit bad news from abroad to make the Thanksgiving merrier, but it should make it more comfortable and more widely appreciated that in many countries of the world conditions are much sadder. In Spain a harvest failure has led to keen suffering already, and cattle are dying for want of water and food. Many men of lifelong honesty have been driven to theft, and highway robberies are of daily occurrence. In 100 districts of twenty-three Russian provinces famine is prevalent, and millions of people will have to be fed through the winter or they will starve. In Japan a crop failure has created a situation of great gravity. India faces another horrible period of starvation, the crops having failed.

But save a little sympathy for the spots in this country, in the midst of plenty, where the prosperity frosting is laid on too thinly for comfort.

LEGAL INCOGNISCIBILITY.

Law Notes, an interesting weekly publication for lawyers, in its latest issue has an article opposing the unnecessary use of technical terms in the law, terms of tremendous mysticism which are clearly intended to impress the common order of humanity with the abstruseness and high-and-mightiness of the profession. "Incognisible legal terms" is what Law Notes calls them, and the term sounds like it might be aptly used.

Regarding the use of abstruse terms by lawyers among themselves and before the learned court, perhaps the public has no complaint to make. But Law Notes quotes Bentham, in his "Principles of Legislation," as saying that so far as possible no terms should be used in a code of laws except terms familiar to the people. Lawyers write most of the laws that are made, and it is when they clothe the utterances of statutes in the mystic drapery of "incognisicibility" that the people have a complaint coming. The use of technical terms is not common in the statutes, but the old-fashioned law-writer thought he was not doing a good job unless he wrought out his thought in circumlocutory phraseology to follow which, if one is a layman, is to twist ones poor brains fearfully and to run the risk of being lost in some of the uncanny windings of the thought's pathway.

The inordinate use of technical terms, the fear of calling a spade a spade, in arguments and briefs, however, is merely an amusing eccentricity of the legal profession, at which the public can afford to smile and of which it can afford to be ignorant. It is better now than it used to be. There was a time when a lawyer who did not say "baron and feme" when he meant husband and wife, "feme covert" when he meant a married woman and "feme sole" if he meant a single woman, would have been considered irretrievably disgraced and hopelessly abandoned to ignorance.

The habit is a survival of the old fashion of surrounding each profession and trade with attempts to make it look like a "mystery." Being one of the "learned professions," it was natural that its mysteries should be a little more complex than those of the others. So by clothing statutes in empty profundity, by disguising ideas in dead languages, and by baffling common understandings with wierd twistings and turnings of verbiage and thought, the legal profession kept up its little mystery play.

Associated with this practice, which is rapidly going out, was a baneful worship of precedent and technicality, in the name of which much injustice has been done. For instance, in the same issue of the same magazine, another writer points out that the distinctions in law between real and personal property are due to the survival of doctrines properly applicable to purely feudal conditions, though feudalism went its way long centuries ago.

The law is a noble and useful profession, but if that dweller in outer darkness, a layman, might humbly express an opinion, it sadly needs the removal of more of the age-encrusted survivals of long-dead conditions, and a greater harmonization with conditions which are now forced to shape themselves to the law, instead of the law, as it should, adjusting itself to the newer conditions.

WHERE THE MONEY GOES.

James M. Beck of Philadelphia, in addressing an audience in that city the other evening, fell to the discussion of the "boodle funds" of the life insurance companies, and his audience quickly discovered that in his eyes there was much to admire in them. Said he:

> Let those who complain of the large sums expended by insurance companies to defeat oppressive legislation remember that the insurance companies rarely spend a dollar to secure favorable legislation. Let our stern moralists visit their greatest condemnation upon the legislative highwaymen who hold up these great business interests, and, above all, upon an indifferent people, who clothe these highwaymen with the power to hold up their victims.
>
> Let all the indignation there is to spare rest upon all legislative highwaymen, by all means. Reserve some, of course, for the people that elect such monstrosities to offices so important. But save a little, too, for the interests that have fostered and bred up the crop of legislative highwaymen.
>
> The existence of the legislator who introduces "hold-up" measures cannot be denied. He disgraces every legislature, beyond doubt. But as The Herald has said before, as a rule he is a very harmless member if let alone. He is known for what he is, and his bills bear the stamp of blackmail upon their faces even though they are painted up and adorned with a view to making them look highly virtuous.
>
> But the ones with whom the corporations come into contact are not these authors of "leg-pullers," but the steady, reliable and acute legislators who are retained by these interests to kill such bills. Worse still, they are retained to kill bills that are really needed, and that are introduced in good faith by legislators who would do good, if they could. These are the real corruptors, the agents of the corporations in the legislatures; agents far more valuable to the corporations than the lobbyists who openly defend their employers before committees or in the corridors.
>
> It is not the legislative blackmailer who causes such interests to spend large sums of money in looking after legislatures, but the authors of bills of real merit, which seek to give the people a show and to right wrongs of which corporations are the beneficiaries.
>
> As to Mr. Beck's proposition that the insurance companies rarely spend a dollar to secure favorable legislation, let it not be forgotten that the New York legislature passed a bill forbidding any suits against life insurance companies except by authority of the attorney general of the state.

THE FIELD SURVEY

They now say copper is useful in destroying germs. This ought to help out the bull movement on copper stocks this winter.

* * *

"Cummins is after Shaw," says the Albert Lea Tribune. We hope he gets him. He can tell Mr. Shaw some things about the tariff that will be useful to him in a campaign before the people for the presidency.

* * *

Tariff revision by "the friends of the tariff" would be all right if they would only revise.

* * *

It was like the storied chivalry of the South that the start of a fund to pay the $60,000 duty on Alice Roosevelt's embarrassing riches of presents should have been made there.

* * *

The Sleepy Eye Dispatch makes merry over a Herald headline saying that the "Democrats Demand Revision of Tariff," and says it thought it was the Republicans that were demanding tariff revision. It is the people, brother, and if they demand it hard enough they are going to get it.

* * *

There seems to be something terribly mistaken and short-sighted about this thing of putting Pat Crowe in jail just when he was talking about kidnaping Rockefeller.

* * *

Carlisle has a football player named Kicked-in-the-jaw. Lots of other football players are that are not named that way.

* * *

Another bunch of Republican governorship improbabilities has been dumped into the field, and still the work of the Republican state convention has not been made easy.

* * *

Curtis Guild, Republican candidate for governor of Massachusetts, is out for immediate tariff revision. We trust Henry Cabot Lodge is bearing up well under the shock.

* * *

Some of The Herald's exchanges have been saying pretty things about The Herald, which it profoundly appreciates and which it will strive to deserve.

HOTEL GOSSIP

"Slavonia is a new name in Colorado mining circles," said D. M. Miller of Denver, at the Spalding, "but within the next twelve months probably none will be better known. Promising almost exhaustless mineral deposits, and offering both high and low grade ores, and easy of access, Slavonia bids fair to develop into a great ore-producing and reduction camp.

"But one cannot always tell about these new camps. A lot of them that promise richly at the start fall down sadly in a month or two, and then pass out of existence entirely. New camps are continually being started through the Western mining districts, and if all of them survived and flourished the West would be a good deal more thickly populated than it is nck. Camps come and camps go, but the miner goes on forever, plugging doggedly away wherever he thinks there is a chance of making a strike, and when he hears of a new strike being made, he generally gets to the scene as fast as he can. A town of 4,000 or 5,000 people may spring up in two weeks on the site of a new find.

"A Denverite, Russian by birth, started the camp last spring. Other Russian residents of Denver interested themselves, and then mining men of other nationalities began flocking in there. The story of the new ore field spread rapidly. The district is located in Routt county, on the headwaters of the middle fork of the Elk river. The district is about ten miles wide and twelve miles long.

"No class of men is so picturesnue as the old-time prospector class. They are always interesting characters. Their whole life is one gamble, for they are always looking for a lucky turn of nature's wheel to make them rich. Not a one is there that does not believe with all his heart that he will make a strike some day. He wanders from place to place, sometimes drawn by the vaguest of rumors, always hoping. The Alaska excitement drew thousands of them from the United States, and most of them still remain in the country to the North, but some have returned to the Western fields, disappointed in their search for gold in Alaska. Part of the time they work in the mines as common laborers, but this is only until such time as they earn sufficient money to last them through a prospecting expedition, then they clear out of the other fellow's employ and strike out for themselves."

* * *

"There is no getting around the fact that the West is not as appreciative of music and art as the East," said George Walker of Minneapolis, at the St. Louis. "I acted this summer as advance man for a violinist who is well known in the East. We traveled through the Middle West, and met with very poor success. The trouble was that the man was not well enough known out here, although in the East he has quite a reputation.

"The Westerner appears to feel that his time is wasted in attending the performance of any musical organization, unless he knows that he is going to see the best there is going. He doesn't go so much for the music as to be able to say he has been there, and to talk about it. It don't matter how good the musician is, if he hasn't got a top-notch reputation he stands small show here in the West, so a beginner on the road trying to get in the public eye had much better stay in the East until he gets started. Of course, reputation counts there to a certain extent, too, but really not as much as it does here, so far as musicians are concerned, at least. Before the West will accept anything in this line it must have the seal of approval of the elite East. The West is independent in everything except music, art, literature and the drama."

* * *

"Hundreds of traveling men are now studying the Spanish language, as a result of the acquisition of Cuba and the Philippines by the United States," said A. E. Abercrombie of Chicago at the McKay. "A great many drummers carry a manual along with them, and they read this during their spare time, while they are riding on the trains and at night when they are in some small town and have no chance of finding any amusement. Some of them are even more energetic, and study while they are in the larger cities, letting pleasure slide in favor of business.

"Here is a letter from my employers informing me that there is an increased demand for American goods in Cuba, the Philippines, Mexico and parts of Central America, thus creating positions for traveling men who can speak Spanish. They also tell me that other wholesale houses are preparing to send men into the new country, and that the first who can qualify for the position will be given the choice of territory, at a salary greater than that which he now receives. Business has rapidly increased in the Philippines since the Spanish-American war.

"From what I hear on the road, many drummers are anxious to become proficient in the language to increase their earning capacity and to become familiar with the new country. For an unmarried man I believe that no better opportunity for success exists. I am going to Chicago tomorrow and will at once become a student in a night school. I presume I will be expected to work in our wholesale house during the daytime. There never before was a time when the large manufacturers and wholesale dealers required so many men to learn a foreign language."

* * *

At the St. Louis: Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Singer, Isle Royale; F. B. Towne, Holyoke, Mass.; J. A. Hanlay, Roberts, Wis.; R. S. Edwards, New York; J. S. Raybun, Biwabik; H. A. Schulze, Grand Rapids;; C. C. Conant, Rockford, Ill.; Mr. and Mrs. E. D. McNeil, N. H. Holmes, Virginia; F. Brenssean, Burnett; Mrs. B. O'Rourke, Hibbing; H. F. Barker, Cambridge; J. J. McDonald, St. Paul; E. J. Thinult, St. Joe, Idaho; G. M. Fay, Virginia; H. E. Harter, Detroit; J. D. Lowell, Aitkin; C. T. Tucker, Anoka; N. J. Dolph, Kenton; M. D. Crawford, Indianapolis; J. H. Melish, Eau Claire; Mrs. S. Carlson, Hibbing.

* * *

At the Lenox: J. A. Barnard, Carlton; M. E. Murphy, Cloquet; F. A. Briggs, Minneapolis; H. L. Cuesta, Tampa, Fla.; J. H. Peterson, Chicago; Miss Carrie Harris, Minneapolis; Mr. and Mrs. T. F. Lester, Thomson; F. A. King, Grand Rapids; C. J. Smith, Brandon, Man.; H. T. Bonham, Minneapolis; F. J. Beck, Jefferson; D. B. Sweeney, Chicago; E. S. Grant, Williston, Neb.; J. Rastongay, Sault Ste. Marie; W. R. Hall, San Francisco; E. T. Collon, Minneapolis; Janette Todd, Chicago; D. W. Freeman, Virginia; M. Dailey, Des Moines; T. Murray, Boston; H. F. Figgen, Quincy, Ill.

* * *

At the McKay: E. S. Johnson, Fosston, Minn.; H. C. Lerenson, Willmar, Minn.; J. Mahady, Tower; H. M. Guilford, J. W. Perkins, P. W. Guilford, J. E. Tappan, H. M. Torman, C. A. Parker, Minneapolis; H. H. Waalen, Atwater, Minn.; G. H. Norman, St. Paul; J. S. Morris, Waupun; H. Gregersen, P. Gregerson, McHenry, N. D.; M. J. Corcoran, Stillwater; E. S. Glidden, Erie, Pa.; E. S. Redeker, Fargo.

* * *

At the Spalding: F. R. Powell, London, England; J. W. Downie, Butte; N. J. Russell, Rockford, Ill.; A. M. Cook, J. Baggott, Chicago; S. J. Cusson, T. Bardon, Ashland; D. C. Phelps, Cleveland; S. Wilkinson, Ashland; G. C. Shroyer, Minneapolis; G. P. Baldwin, Deadwood, S. D.; E. L. Little, St. Paul; G. C. Main, Indianapolis; M. S. Hawkins, Mountain Iron; A. W. Clark, Minneapolis; M. R. Briny, Chicago; Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Wynesen, New York; M. F. Donovan, Cleveland; F. L. Wanamaker, Minneapolis; R. M. Boyd, R. H. Creyk, Minneapolis; J. B. Cooley, Chicago; D. H. Koaker, Des Moines; F. G. James, Minneapolis.

Quite the Reverse.

Oh, Robin Hood the rich would strike
And give the poor the dust;
But Robin Hood was not much like
The modern robber trust.
—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Must Widen the Doors.

Detroit Journal: The club ladies have just countered upon Hon. Grover Cleveland with telling effect by declaring that "his place is in the harem." That introduces a problem of architecture.

THE WEATHER

Nature had a beautiful surprise for Duluth folks when they woke up this morning and looked out of doors. Though snow fell all around, none fell here, and even the blustery northwest winds that were expected, went elswhere. So people that pulled the curtains aside this morning expecting to find a coat of snow over the ground, and who had their shivers all ready, looked out upon a brilliant day, with the sun shining brightly, with the ground still bare of snow, and with conditions generally beautiful. The frost came, all right, and the first real scum of ice over pools of water in the street, where the mud had frozen so that people could walk it and get over dry-footed.

The outlook for tonight and tomorrow is fine, though frosty conditions will continue. It will be fair tonight and tomorrow, with freezing temperature tonight and warmer weather tomorrow, and with fresh westerly winds. The indications are, too, that Sunday will be fair. Last night's frost brought a new record for the season of 28 deg., and the highest yesterday was 38 deg. Says the weather man of conditions:

"The storm is central this morning over Eastern Lake Erie. In its passage eastward from Missouri it has been attended by heavy rains and high winds in the Mississippi and Ohio valleys, lake region, and North Atlantic states. Very heavy gales prevailed last night in the lake region, Grand Haven reporting 62 miles, Green Bay and Buffalo 52, Chicago 46, and Detroit 52 miles, while on Western Superior the wind was only brisk. The western high barometer has advanced to the eastern slopes, and it is attended by much cooler weather in most districts east of the Rockies. The cold wave in the far Northwest has moderated decidely. Fair weather is indicated for this section tonight and Saturday, and perhaps Sunday."

Following were the lowest temperatures recorded by the weather bureau during the twenty-four hours ending at 7 o'clock this morning:

Abilene	44	Miles City	10
Atlanta	66	Milwaukee	36
Battleford	24	Minnedosa	16
Bismarck	34	Modena	16
Boston	56	Montgomery	66
Buffalo	52	Moorhead	34
Calgary	26	New Orleans	72
Charleston	72	New York	62
Chicago	38	Norfolk	70
Cincinnati	44	Northfield	48
Davenport	38	North Platte	18
Denver	34	Oklahoma	52
Detroit	40	Omaha	34
Devils Lake	22	Phoenix	48
Dodge	20	Pierre	12
Duluth	28	Pittsburg	52
Edmonton	24	Port Arthur	30
El Paso	52	Portland	40
Galveston	62	Prince Albert	20
Green Bay	32	Qu'Appelle	10
Havre	4	Rapid City	30
Telena	20	St. Louis	42
Huron	20	St. Paul	32
Jacksonville	68	San Francisco	54
Kamloops	34	Santa Fe	22
Kansas City	38	Shreveport	52
Knoxville	50	Spokane	26
La Crosse	34	Swift Current	16
Lander	24	Washington	60
Little Rock	44	Williston	14
Los Angeles	50	Winnemucca	14
Medicine Hat	24	Winnipeg	24

Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Oct. 20.—Local forecast for twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. Saturday: Duluth, Superior and vicinity—Fair tonight and Saturday. Freezing temperature tonight. Warmer Saturday afternoon. Fresh westerly winds.
H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

Chicago, Oct. 20.—Forecasts until 7 p. m. Saturday: Wisconsin—Fair tonight and Saturday. Frost tonight. Rising temperature Saturday.

Minnesota: Fair tonight and Saturday. Rising temperature Saturday.

North Dakota and South Dakota: Fair tonight and Saturday. Rising temperature.

Upper Lakes: High northwest winds, diminishing tonight and becoming variable by Saturday night. Threatening tonight with possibly light snow flurries, while Saturday fair. Lower warnings 10 a. m. Storm northwest warnings displayed on Huron and eastern portions of Michigan and Superior.

The Perfect Pun.

J. A. Macy in the Atlantic: A perfect pun makes good sense both ways; the edges meet with a click like the blades of a sharp pair of shears. Sometimes the very thoughts lie tight together in antagonistic identity, as when the man said of the temperance exhorter that he would be a good fellow if he would only let drink alone; or when Disraeli (if it was he) wrote to the youth who had sent him a first novel: "I thank you very much. I shall lose no time in reading it;" or as when a man seeing a poor piece of carpentry, said, "That chicken coop looks as if some man had made it himself." Exquisite perverse literalness of thought. And this sense, not infrequent, the very self destruction of a proposition, was the old death thrust at a poor poet by the friend who said, "His poetry will be read when Shakespeare and Homer are forgotten." It was a fine double edged blade of speech until some crude fellow, Heine, I think, sharpened it to a wire edge by adding, "and not till then," a banality that dulled its prefection forever.

The N. Y. L.

He wept: "I am a Democrat
But I have made a blund-
Er, for I've contributed
To the campaign fund;
In striving for protection
For my babies and my wife
I have given up my money
To the New York Life.

"I helped at boosting Roosevelt,
I contributed a lit
To put him above us
In the place where he does sit,
And when a man's a Democrat
And use coal in the refrigerator some
To find he's put his money in
The N. Y. L.
—J. M. LEWIS in Houston Post.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: Not nearly as many people run away to get married as run away afterward so as not to be.

If a man would only go contrary to his judgment he might have a chance to win speculating.

After people have tried a certain number of times to get a good cook they try to get a restful one.

If you could burn ice in the furnace people would find fault because you couldn't do it with either.

There is hardly anything a woman enjoys more than imagining what the people will say and how they will look at her own funeral.

One Link Might Spoil It.

Topeka State Journal: High finance is a sort of round robin affair. The plain people put up the money which the high financiers use to get still more out of the people. Mr. Scott Hopkins, president of the First National bank of Horton, put the case very pointedly in an address some time ago.

"There is a close alliance," said Mr. Hopkins, "between the monopolies of the country and the leading insurance companies. The people furnish the very sinews that are used to absorb the wealth of the nation. It is the story in nursery lore, which paraphrased, might run like this:

"This is the man
That paid the dollar to the local banker
That sent the draft to New York to pay the premium to the insurance company
That bought the bonds that enabled the financier to absorb the railway that fixed the rate
That the man paid in older to maintain at par the watered stock that lay in the safety vault of the house that Jack built."

How long before the endless chain will break?

Fuggy-Buggy.

Elizabeth, N. J., Daily Journal: Anthony Fuggy of Third avenue was married to Miss Francis Buggy in police court yesterday morning by Judge Manon. The Fuggys will reside on Third avenue. Anthony Fuggy, the bridegroom, is 18 years old. Miss Buggy, the bride, is 17 years old.

TWENTY YEARS AGO.

Taken from the Columns of The Herald of this date in 1885.

***J. R. Myers and wife are visiting at Mrs. Myers' former home at West Branch, Mich.

***Mr. and Mrs. Parkhurst have returned from their bridal tour and are receiving many felicitations.

***Rev. B. F. Simpson is recoverig from sickness at his brother's house in Stillwater. He hopes to be able to officiate here on Sunday next.

***W. H. Leland of Minneapolis, who formerly ran the Leland House at Brainerd, wants to invest in a hotel here. He has been endeavoring to have the new Forbes & Spencer block finished for a hotel and leased to him for that purpose.

***Charles Miller of Tower was arraigned in district court today before Judge Stearns on a charge of keeping a disorderly house. The conviction of his wife probably made him feel that he had no chance to escape, so he pleaded guilty and was senteneed to pay $300 fine or be imprisoned for a year. As his wife paid her fine, Miller will probably raise the cash.

***P. Beneteau is desirous of having a produce exchange established in Duluth and is taking steps to have a conference held on the subject.

***Joe Hayes and Will Cross, two boys about 17 years old, who had been keeping bad company and reading dime novels about the glories of a cowboy's life, lately took $60 from a house on Minnesota Point and fled. Chief Davis telegraphed to Brainerd and they were caught just as they arrived there on the way to the wilds of Dakota.

***T. Royce of the T. Nester Lumber company of Baraga, has been in town for the purpose of hiring men to go into the woods. The company has pine lands on Keweenaw Point and elsewhere. Mr. Royce sent about sixty men from here to the company's camps.

***Hon. T. K. Martin, president of the Duluth Lumber company, is in town. He resides in Chicago and has extensive lumber yards in Kansas and other parts of the West. The company of which he is president owns about 30,000 acres of pine lands.

***The following real estate transfers have been recorded:

James H. Young to John Williams, lot 92, block 2, Third division, $6,000.

Walter Dunphy to Judge O. P. Stearns, lot 4, block 2, Banning & Ray's sub-division, $500.

John Johnson et al to Simon Clark and M. Norris, part lots 33 and 35, East Fifth street, First division, $750.

A. J. Sawyer to Western Land association, part of lot 6, block 8, Commerce division, $750.

H. E. Hanson to C. W. Hanson, lot 194, block 23, Second division, $2,500.

W. G. Peck to St. Paul & Duluth Railroad company, part of five lots in block 25, Rice's Point, $5,600.

MINNESOTA OPINIONS.

Faribault Journal: Had Mr. Rockefeller engaged in the insurance business instead of the oil business, he might today be a really rich man.

Northfield News: There is one thing pleasant to think about for some of us poor mortals; we can take most everything with us when we go, but John D. and others of his class can't manage to do this.

Red Lake Courier (Dem.): The Minneapolis Tribune figures the Republican party of Minnesota to "get back to the people." Its such a long way back though, that the Tribune can hardly expect the politicians to get there for the next campaign.

Two Harbors Iron News: A New York painter who banked on three of a kind was beaten by a pair. He had three wives and they all lived in one flat without knowing their close relationship. Finally two became chummy and discovered who they were. Husband is now in jail and for the first time in a long while feeling comfortable.

Bemidji Pioneer: Man was made for fighting and fight he will whether in a sawdust ring or on the floor of a Baptist state convention.

Hinckley Enterprise: These be warm days. The packers have had their fingers burnt, the insurance officials are on the griddle, the paper trust is in for a roasting and a whole raft of grafters are behind stone walls for safe keeping.

Moorhead Citizen: Does it not strike you that the Republicans are taking undue interest in the Democratic plans for the coming campaign?

Two Harbors Iron Trade Journal: While Wall street reports that the supply of reserve money is low, there are lots of other people who will agree that Wall street financiers are not the only ones that have discovered this fact. Reserve money is always low with lots of people.

Brainerd Dispatch: That the Indians of Minnesota are fast becoming civilized is demonstrated by the fact that on Tuesday at Crookston Theresa Flammand, a fullblood, applied for and received a divorce from her Indian husband.

Perham Enterprise (Dem.): To judge by their campaign contributions, the big life insurance companies were merely Republican Auxiliary associations.

St. Peter Herald (Governor Johnson's paper): Says the Granite Falls Tribune: "It would appear that the next campaign in this state must be fought on the same lines the last one was, judging from all the expressions we can gather at this time." Now that you mention it, this arrangement will suit the Herald.

PASSING PLEASANTRIES.

Houston Chronicle: First Broker—Dropping a million yesterday didn't seem to disturb Smallfunds a particle.

Second Broker—No; he tells me his wife has had a pretty good week at bridge.

Atlana Constitution "De preacher wuzn't feelin' good las' meetin' day, an' he made de stove preach de sermon."

"Made de stove preach?"

"Yes—made it redhot from top ter bottom an' den tol' de sinners ter take a good look at it an' go ter thinkin'!"

Judge: New Englander (visiting in Kansas)—Why don't you raise punkins out here?

Kansas—We tried it, but the soil is too rich for 'em. The vines grew so fast that the punkins got all skinned up draggin' over the ground.

New York Tribune: Columbus was arguing that the world was round.

"Otherwise," he declared, "some woman would certainly have made the four corners cozy ones."

Clearly convinced Ferdinand withdrew his opposition.

Detroit Free Press: "Some grocers," remarked the customer, "have an offhand way of weighing sugar, but I notice you're not one of them."

"Offhand way? How do you mean?" asked the grocer.

"I noticed you kept your hand on the scales just now while you measured out that five pounds for me."

Chicago Tribune: Old Hunks was paying his gas bill, which amounted to $2.65.

"It's only about half what I thought it would be," he said. "I guess your inspector must have made a mistake."

"Well, if that's so," the cashier answered, "we'll even it up with you next month."

"Not much!" chuckled old Hunks. "Not with me. I've sold the place."

A Tip for the Stork.

Des Moines Capital: Perhaps the stork would be more popular in artistocratic circles if it would vary the styles occasionally and not adhere so tenaciously to undressed kids.

BOOSTING NORTHERN MINNESOTA.

Bemidji Pioneer: The action of the Duluth Commercial club on the drainage matter should be duplicated by every commercial club in the state, and the commercial clubs of Northern Minnesota cities should certainly lose no time in placing themselves emphatically in support of the work undertaken by the state drainage league. The friends of drainage have the movement well under way, and prompt and vigorous action now will give the cause of drainage a momentum that will establish it as one of the foremost policies of the state.

Crookston Journal: When one realizes that each year enough money to drain all Minnesota wet lands is lost through crop failure or only a partial crop, the wonder is that the determined movement for drainage now on foot was not started long ago. Besides the millions of acres more that produce no crop at all, each acre of which would yield yearly ten times the cost to drain it.

Warroad Plaindealer: The state can not dispose of its lands until they are drained, and it has no right to expect the homesteaders on the adjacent lands to drain its lands for it. So the time is here when the state must get busy in fulfilling the agreement under which it acquired these lands, and the sooner it does it the sooner will it begin to reap the benefits, not only directly by the sale of its lands, but also by the more rapid development of the whole section affected.

Ripple Compass: A Blackduck farmer has gathered a crop of Concord grapes this season and a Deer River farmer is picking Ben Davis apples from his front yard shade. Carry the news to the state immigration bureau and smash that "too far north" opinion.

Kelliher Journal: Drainage and good roads is the cry of the Northern Minnesota press. An excellent policy, but if we fail to send the right kind of men to the next legislature, all the good work will be in vain. The man as well as the issues should be discussed.

C. D. I. in Cass Lake Times: All roads lead the lumberjack to the North country, says the Bemidji Pioneer. And good roads will lead the farmer all over the country. We are bound to have them.

Cass Lake Times: It is impossible to develop any portion of a state without directly or indirectly benefiting the whole. Drainage and good roads in Northern Minnesota will be such a widespread blessing that only those whose eyes turn inward can fail to see that blessings will only be limited by the boundary lines.

Eveleth Star: The rapid agricultural development of this territory will surprise those who investigate the subject. It represents a steady growth for the past several years, and means that it will continue until we will be shipping out produce in the course of a few years, instead of shipping it in.

Pointers By Pease.

Anoka Union: The Dunn newspapers are doing splendid work—to re-elect John A. Johnson.

Those dishonest insurance officials should be made to give up their stolen money and then jailed.

Quite often the people's money is made the instrument to rob them. The big life insurance companies played the game on all sides.

It is a matter of twenty to thirty thousand dollars for any man to gain the nomination of governor on the Republican ticket in Minnesota.

There may be a thousand reasons why Bob Dunn should be again nominated for governor, but the Union knows of not one why he should.

Some of our state senators fly high in St. Paul. One of 'em has just had a judgment of $90 entered against him for money spent in riotous living.

He Has Had His.

New York World: "Al" Adams, once policy king, has turned financier. Mr. Adams differs from some other well-known financiers in that his justly deserved penitentiary sentence has been served.

AMUSEMENTS.

METROPOLITAN
W. H. LONGSTREET, Mgr.

Last time, tonight,

"The Utopians"

with O-Hana-San and a splendid company

Next week—"The Parisian Belles," headed by La Belle Marie.

LYCEUM | ONE OF THE REAL "HITS" of YEAR.

SATURDAY MAT. and EVENING, OCT. 21

BROADHURST & CURRIE PRESENT

"TEXAS"

A romance of the Southern Plains by J. Maudlin Feigi, an Idyl of the "Lone Star" State.

At Superior Friday, Oct. 20—matinee 25, 50 and few 75c seats, night 25c to $1.00

Oct. 24 and 25 San Toy, Oct. 28 The Show Girl, Oct. 30 Dan Sully, Nov. 2 Adelaide Thurston.

The BIG DULUTH
WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

All the best known makes of winter underwear now ready—
50c to $5 per garment.

The BIG DULUTH
WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

Duluth's Oldest Clothing House is now ready to clothe you from Head to Foot.



Surtout Overcoats for swell dressers—the ideal garment—
$20 to $40.

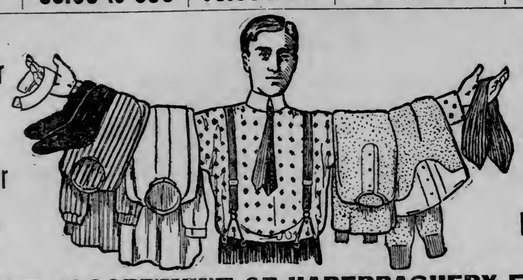
Double-breasted Suits, long cut with broad lapels—
$8.50 to $30

Dress Overcoats, 44 and 52 inches long—
$8.50 to $50

Single-breasted Suits, long full cuts; very tasty—
$8.50 to $30

Tourist Overcoats—extra full cut—handsomely draped—
$12.50 to $30

New Neckwear
New Shirts
New Underwear
New Hosiery



New Sweaters
New Gloves
New Hd'k'fs
New Suspenders

COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF HABERDASHERY FOR MEN.



Soft or Stiff HATS

W. & M. Special $5.00
Stetson's ..... $3.50, $4 and $5
Guyer's ..... $3.50 and $4.00
Blake & Gordon's $3.00
Mallory ..... $2, $2.50 and $3
Pioneer, 50c, 75c, $1 and $1.50

Bostonian Shoes $3.50
Strong, durable and lasting.

Working Shoes ..... $1.50 and $2
Box Calf Shoes ..... $2.50 and $3
Boys' School Shoes ..... 98c to $1.75
Boys' Dress Shoes ..... $2 to $3





Children's Overcoats—2½ to 10 years—novelty and plain materials—
$2.95 to $10.00.

Young Men's Suits—single-breasted college cut, all materials,
$4.95 to $22.50.

St. Regis, Norfolks, Clairmont and Buddy Tuckers—in fancy and plain colors—
$2.45 to $12.00.

Tourist Overcoats—8 to 20 years—handsome Scotch effects—
$3.95 to $22.50.

Double-breasted Suits for youths—14 to 20 years—blue, black and fancy—
$6.50 to $25.00.

Buddy Tucker Reefers—3 to 10 years—all colors and materials—
$4.95 to $10.00.

ALLIGATOR FARM.

The Singular Business of a Hot Springs Genius.

The present is a period of varied and original industries, but Hot Springs, Ark., boasts of one of the most unique enterprises in the United States, says the Kansas City Star. It is an alligator farm, the only establishment of its kind in the world.

A mountain stream tumbling down into the valley forms a chain of small shallow lakes, the home of the reptiles. Three years ago H. I. Campbell, a veteran alligator hunter from Florida, conceived the idea of inclosing these lakes and raising big 'gators for the zoos and circuses. The enormity of his task will be realized when it is known that the reptiles reach maturity when about 35 years old, and often live 400 years. Nothing daunted, however, Mr. Campbell equipped an expedition and penetrated the Florida swamps to trap the huge water cow.

The method employed in the capture of these creatures is an original one. The alligator is regular in his habits and has certain favorite feeding grounds. In the daytime he will lie motionless in the shade of a tree for hours at a time, resembling nothing so much as a floating log. At night he leaves the water in quest of food. A point in favor of the hunter is that the 'gator, unless disturbed, enters and leaves the water at the same place. A stout rope net is suspended over one of these places and a chunk of raw pork is hung in the path so that the least disturbance will cause the net to fall. Then the hunter patiently settles to an all-night vigil.

The Southern moon hangs like a crescent in the sky, and the night bird calls softly to its mate. A splash—a hoarse bellow, and a large bull who has scented the bait glides across the bayou and crawls slowly up the bank. He smells the bait with a savage grunt of suspicion. Then, apparently satisfied, the huge jaws open and snap shut upon the tempting morsel. Like a shadow the net falls over him. Enraged, surprised, the bull hisses fiercely and lashes out with his powerful tail. But it is a useless fight, for the more the 'gator struggles and squirms the tighter the hempen meshes enfold him. Then the hunter springs out to complete his work, but let him use care, for one snap of those vise-like jaws, one sweep of that ten-foot tail, and he may never hunt again. The bull is bound with ropes from muzzle to tail, turned on his back and dragged away to the pens. A catch of seventy-five alligators is considered a good week's work for a party of fifteen hunters.

Mr. Campbell has about 500 big alligators on his farm. They range in length from six to seventeen feet, and sometimes weigh as much as 800 pounds. The age of an alligator may be told by the number of horns on its back. Big Joe, king of the herd, is perhaps the largest saurian in captivity. He is seventeen feet long and weighs over 800 pounds. He occupies a pond by himself and is only allowed to run with the herd in the brooding season. He is valued by his owner at $500, and his age is estimated at 300 years. King, another large bull, heads a herd of youngsters from 70 to 100 years old.

The reptiles are fed once in three weeks. They consume 500 pounds of beef, which is furnished by a Kansas City packing company. During the winters, which are usually mild, the alligators hibernate. As soon as they become stiff with cold they are placed in wooden boxes, which fit as closely as coffins. These boxes are placed in tiers in a large steam-heated shed. There the 'gator lies without food or water, in a dormant condition for about three months. In the spring each one must be fed before it is released. Otherwise, rendered ferocious by hunger, the big 'gators will kill the smaller ones for food.

While he seems to thrive in captivity, the alligator very rarely becomes tame. He will snap the hand of a stranger. He lies for days sluggish and docile, but the fishy eyes are ever on the alert for an opportunity to attack the keeper when his back it turned.

The cows are all kept in one large inclosure. Early in June they scrape together a nest of damp rubbish and each female lays from fifteen to twenty eggs. The eggs are deposited at intervals of five days through June, July and August and hatch in from thirty-five to forty days. The eggs are usually collected and placed in an incubator. No artificial heat is needed unless the temperature drops below 80 degrees.

Persian Nerve Essence

RESTORES VITALITY—Have cured thousands of cases of Nervous Debility, Insomnia. They clear the brain, strengthen the circulation, make digestion perfect and impart a magnetic vigor to the whole being. All drains and losses stopped permanently. $1.00 per box; 6 boxes guaranteed to cure or refund money, $5. Mailed sealed. Book free. Persian Med. Co., 935 Arch street, Philadelphia. Sold in Duluth only by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.

SHE "FIXED" IT.

New York Globe: "Just my luck," said the young married man. "This ten-dollar bill was torn when I got it, and in taking it from my purse I tore it in two. Do you think you can fix it?" he queried of his wife.

"Certainly, dear," she responded with her sweetest smile.

He handed the fragments to her and went on his way rejoicing.

When he returned from his day's toil, he inquired:

"Did you fix that bill?"

"Yes, dear," she murmured.

"Let me see what sort of a job you made of it," he added.

For reply she exhibited a pretty shirt waist.

"You certainly did 'fix' the bill," he said with a sad smile. "In future I will take mutilated money to the bank for redemption. Encouraging home industry is too expensive."

ARTIFICIAL EYEBROWS.

The artificial eyebrow is the latest aid to beauty of the "applied" order, says the Chicago Tribune. Such eyebrows, sometimes made singly, cost from $1.50 to $2.50 per pair, according to the grade of the work of construction, the work being always necessarily of fine order. And anywhere from eight to twenty pairs may be annually needed by the beauty seeker, who would thus remedy nature's defects in the matter of eyebrows. But the game is well worth the candle for most of the faces so improved.

"Artificial eyebrows have occasionally been made for years," says one of the best wigmakers in Chicago, "but the recent craze for beauty has made them more popular. A face without eyebrows is a face lacking expression or character, and many women know this. Others, having lost the eyebrows, through fire or sickness, wear artificial eyebrows until the new natural ones appear. Others, again, wear artificial eyebrows for a time, only to become tired of and reject them.

"A well-made artificial eyebrow will escape detection as a rule, but such an eyebrow is too delicate to stand rough usage, and soon wears out or becomes unsightly. Many people grow weary of the recurrent necessity and expense of replacement. But the pretty woman who once wears artificial eyebrows, like the man half of whose mustache has been destroyed in some manner, finds a real friend in the artificial eyebrow. Bald-headed men, whose eyebrows also are lacking, order and wear artificial eyebrows no less."

Looking like minute, delicate feathers, an assorted stock of artificial eyebrows presently was exhibited by the clever wigmaker, who advises the use of the eyebrow pencil whenever possible, but who maintains that "a person has a right to be as good-looking as possible, and you'd be good-looking if only you had better eyebrows, why—go to work and have 'em made."

The artificial eyebrow originated in Paris, home of artificial beauty adjuncts, but is now quite at home in New York, London and Chicago. Prominent wigmakers and hairdressers declare that women wear them no more than men.

The pills that act as a tonic, and not as a drastic purge, are DeWitt's Little Early Risers. They cure Headache, Constipation, Billousness, Jaundice, etc. Early Risers are small and easy to act. Sold by all druggists.

WILL MEET WITH BOARD

Commercial Club Committee May Get Commissioners' Views.

Courthouse Proposition Is Dead Issue at Present Time.

When the county board convenes Nov. 9, it is expected the Commercial club committee appointed to investigate the new county courthouse proposition will meet with the commissioners with a view to learning what their position is in the matter, and whether they intend to take the steps necessary to get building operations underway in the near future.

Unless such a meeting is had with the commissioners by some representative committee of citizens and taxpayers, it is the general sentiment that the courthouse matter will not be resurrected by the board, at least for several months to come, and perhaps, not until the next legislature meets.

Ever since the September meeting, when the district court judges refused to permit condemnation proceedings for the proposed Second street site, on the ground that the commissioners had not yet observed the letter of the new law creating a special courthouse commission, the new building has not been a subject of discussion among the members of the county board, at least there has been no public discussion, and the commissioners have given the impression that so far as they are concerned the proposition is a dead issue for the present. Whether any action by the Commercial club or by any other body of citizens will have any effect on the board and will induce it to take action, remains to be seen.

The range members of the county board, Commissioners Ryan, Morcom and McInnis are not particularly interested in pushing the building project for the reason that they represent outlying portions of the county and only visit the courthouse about once a month, and then to attend the board meetings. Commissioners Morcom and McInnis have expressed themselves as not specially favoring a new building here in Duluth, for both predict that it is only a matter of a few years when there is likely to be a county division, and the range country will be set off in a county by itself and will need a new courthouse. With that idea in mind they do not favor the erection of an expensive courthouse here in Duluth at the present time. They believe that, in the event of a division and a new courthouse is built in this end of the county, the taxpayers will object to any increased burden of taxes to provide a courthouse building for the new county to be formed. The range commissioners, however, are not to be understood as actively opposing the new courthouse proposition in Duluth, but they simply "don't care" whether it is built now or in the future.

Commissioner Kugler, while in favor of a new courthouse now, was insistent that the new building should be erected on the site of the old building. Since the board indicated by a vote to build elsewhere when it did get ready to go ahead, Mr. Kugler has not had so much interest in the matter except to watch the developments and see what action the other commissioners took.

Commissioner Patterson offered, at the meeting of the board in August, a resolution directed to the county attorney notifying him to inform the judges of district court that a new building was necessary, with a view to having the court appoint a special commission to superintend the building operations, but the resolution never received a second and died a natural death. Commissioner Patterson has expressed himself as willing to go ahead in the matter, and is willing to vote for the resolution necessary to permit the judges to appoint the special commission, even though he does not like the idea of that commission.

Commissioner Kauppi is now and has been openly opposed to the special commission idea, and believes that the board is competent to go ahead and build the courthouse without any advice from a commission to be appointed by the court. Mr. Kauppi has intimated that while he believes there is need of a new building, there is no particular reason to hurry building operations, that the courthouse sinking fund is steadily growing and may be large enough to meet every expense by the time the building is actually completed.

Commissioner Sundeen has not expressed himself decidedly one way or the other, but it is believed that he would vote to take the courthouse proposition up this winter, if a resolution to that effect should come before the board. Mr. Sundeen, with Commissioners Patterson and Kauppi, has always been in favor of the downtown site.

There are people reading our "To Let" columns today who would make desirable tenants for that vacant house of yours. There will be tomorrow, too; and there's time enough for you to get your ad in these columns for tomorrow. It should have been in today.

Gordon Caps

have made it possible for the well-dressed man to keep his ears from freezing and look well.

With the patent inside band, they look as natty as a summer outing cap

With Eiderdown bands $1
With Fur Bands.... $1.50
Extra Quality, hand-made $2.00

THE STAGE

TONIGHT'S ATTRACTION.

METROPOLITAN—"The Utopians," matinee tomorrow.

COMING ATTRACTIONS.

LYCEUM—Saturday afternoon and evening, "Texas."

JAPANESE WOMEN.

"Japanese women are almost the vainest of women," said O Hana San, the clever vaudevillian with "The Utopians" at the Metropolitan, this morning. "They think more about their personal appearance than anything else, perhaps. They have their hair done up once a week and take great pains not to get it mussed. That is why they use such uncomfortable head rests at night. They wear their clothes with great precision and according to custom. For instance, kimonas are invariably folded from left to right, at the neck. Only on the dead are they folded from right to left."

"The Utopians" will close their engagement this evening. The Parisian Belles come next week.

"TEXAS."

The attraction at the Lyceum tomorrow afternoon and evening will be "Texas," a new play dealing with life in the Southwest, from the pen of J. Mauldin Feigl. The metropolitan papers were unanimous in declaring its merits, some of them even going so far as to declare that it was the peer of either "Arizona" or "The Virginian."

The plot is the recital of the love of "Texas" West, daughter of a breezy ranch owner of Val Verde county, for



SCENE FROM "TEXAS."

Jack Dallam, cowboy and Texas ranger, and of the efforts made by an English lord to win the girl for himself. In a delightful manner the play presents a picture of the brave, kind-hearted, manly men of the ranch as contrasted with the product of an advanced civilization.

It is not alone in the plot that the strength of the play lies, but also in its charming presentation, its splendid exhibition of ranch life, with its fun, its sentiment, and even its element of tragedy. Nothing is overdone, according to press criticisms; nor is anything left undone or neglected in the smallest degree that could add atmosphere and correct local color to the play. The stage settings are very elaborate and the properties particularly good. The cowboy costumes, with the jingling spurs attached to high-heel boots, the leather "chaps," the loose shirt and brilliant kerchief, the cowhide-covered furniture, the well sweep and innumerable accessories are all authentic, and were secured at the scene of the play "Buckhead Ranch," in Val Verde county.

The salve that heals without a scar is DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. No remedy effects such speedy relief. It draws out inflammation, soothes, cools and heals all cuts, burns and bruises. Sold by all druggists.

GREAT COUP BY LAWSON

Plans to Seize Control of Two Leading Insurance Companies.

He Appeals to Those Insured to Co-operate With Him.

New Yor, Oct. 20.—Thomas W. Lawson has set on foot a plan whereby he hopes to seize control of the New York Life and the Mutual Life Insurance companies of New York for the policy-holders.

He has given the details of his plan to the public through the November number of Everybody's Magazine. He declares his purpose openly after warning John A. McCall, president of the New York Life, in a scathing letter of his intention to act and to act now.

He tells Mr. McCall that he has been authorized to act for 16,307 policyholders, chiefly of the three leading insurance companies of the United States, and then says:

"I had intended to await the finish of the New York investigation before proceeding, but as I have had placed in my hands during the past few days evidence of the determination of yourself and your accomplices and fellow-conspirators to face it out, regardless of consequences, and as I believe men capable of committing the acts that have been testified to during the past few days fully capable of taking the transportable part of the billion and a quarter funds to foreign countries, and of using them to keep themselves from their justly deserved punishments, I have decided to act now."

Following this letter to Mr. McCall, Mr. Lawson has a letter to life insurance policyholders in which he outlines his plan of action. He urges the policyholders to authorize someone in whom they have confidence to select a committee to take their proxies and at once seize possession of the two great mutual companies—the New York Life and the Mutual. He omits the Equitable because the Equitable is not a mutual company and litigation may be necessary before that company can come into the policyholders' hands.

He believes that he himself is the person who should select a policyholders' committee. His reasons for urging this are as follows:

"First—I have already spent in my work over a million dollars of my own money.

"Second—I am willing to spend, if necessary, two millions more.

"Third—I will absolutely prove I want nothing in return.

"Fourth—I will absolutely prove on the face of my plans that I can not in any way benefit beyond the satisfaction I shall derive from putting another spike in the 'System's' coffin."

With this appeal is printed a blank form of proxy, which Mr. Lawson urges on policyholders, especially of the two companies named, to sign and return to him at the earliest possible date.

In asking policyholders to take this step, Mr. Lawson says the present investigation in New York is the result of his effort, and then adds:

"This investigation has proceeded far enough to put before the public absolute proof of all the crimes, I have charged, and three to thirty times as many more.

"It is now evident to all that:

"First—The policyholders in the great companies have yearly paid into their company scores of millions more than necessary.

"Second—The policyholders have been robbed scores of millions.

Third—The vast funds now on hand have been habitually used by the grafters now in control of them in the rankest kind of stock-gambling.

"Fourth—These funds have been used to corrupt the ballotbox and the lawmakers of the country.

"I repeat, absolute proof of all this has been made public.

"It should now be evident to all that:

"First—The funds now on hand are in actual jeopardy, because they are in the absolute control of unprincipled scoundrels.

"Second—Unless something is done, and done at once, by the policyholders, each and every one of the largest companies may become insolvent; that is, they may not be able to meet the engagements of their policies, because of waste of funds, tremendous falling off of new business, tremendous cost of new business, and the nature of the new business—so-called 'graveyard business;' for I am credibly informed that they are now seeking to insure those who formerly have been refused insurance because of physical infirmities.

"It should also be plainly evident that, if the policyholders move, and move quickly, they can be absolutely assured that:

"First—The funds as they are today will be remained intact.

"Second—They will be added to by the restitution of from $75,000,000 to $150,000,000.

"Third—A score of the thieves who have plundered policyholders in the past will be sent to prison.

"Fourth—The future payments of policyholders will be largely cut down.

"Fifth—The present swollen surpluses will be returned in large part to policyholders.

"Sixth—In the future policyholders will actually run the company.

"Seventh—All policyholders can be assured that in the future they will receive the actual worth of their policy at surrender.

"All this being so, it is most eminently desirable for policyholders to act, and at once.

"The time will never again be so opportune for if nothing definite is done now, policyholders will be discouraged for all time."

The chapters of "Frenzied Finance" that precede Mr. Lawson's letters to Mr. McCall and the policyholders deal with the election of Senator Clark to the United States senate in Montana, the wrecking of the Globe National bank of Boston and the great "Northern Pacific corner."

Mr. Lawson declares that Senator Clark was able to hold his position in the senate after his second election only by suffrance of the Standard Oil company, and that the company actually showed Mr. Clark that it held a majority of two in the United States senate that would oppose his admission to the senate at the word of the "system."

The story of the "Northern Pacific corner," as told by Mr. Lawson, is intensely graphic and shows in a way that has not been done before the ruin that followed in the wake of the battle of the railroad giants—Hill and Morgan on one side and Harriman and the "system" on the other. He shows also how the money of the people was used in completing the Northern Securities deal in obtaining control of the Burlington railroad system.

BACK-ACHE

and all other symptoms of kidney disease are speedily removed when the kidneys are made healthy, active and vigorous by the use of

Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills

the world's greatest kidney and liver regulator, and the only medicine having a combined action on kidneys and liver. One pill a dose; 25 cents a box. Write for free sample to The Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

"EQUILIBRIUM" BASIS OF SUIT

Astronomer Lost Because Patient Set Up Environment as Offset.

San Francisco, Oct. 20.—D. C. Moore, who is not only an astronomer, but, according to his own testimony, a real estate broker and a mining engineer, brought suit for $290.99 against T. P. Beech, secretary of Walter Martin.

It was as a disciple of Esculapius that Moore made his claim, which was for services rendered in "improving the environment and establishing an equilibrium of function" in the defendant, the treatment extending over three months, at $100 a month, one cent being generously thrown off in the complaint.

Incidentally Moore asserted that Beach had interrupted the establishment of the equilibrium and put his environment to the bad by going to a hospital for treatment, where his stomach was dosed with nauseous drugs.

Beach, on the other hand, said that Moore had threatened to deprive him of his environment altogether by means of a revolver.

The judge thought that equilibrium could best be restored by deciding for the defendant, and Moore returned disconsolately to his telescope in Market street, where he nightly reveals to wayfarers the beauties of the earth's environments and the equiribrium of the stars.

DEFENDANT DEAD

For Six Years When Case Was Called For Trial.

Philadelphia, Oct. 20.—Because he had been dead six years, George H. Raymond did not appear in the criminal court when his name was called for trial on a charge of burglary.

The assistant district attorney, who had charge of the case, was surprised to learn that Raymond had passed out of the jurisdiction of the court. The information came in a letter from Mrs. Emily C. Norcross of 5017 Kayser street, Germantown, whose house Raymond was accused of robbing, and who had been summoned as a witness against him.

"The defendant in the case," Mrs. Norcross wrote, "committed suicide in the month of August, after the jury had disagreed at his first trial."

People are looking around now for houses and flats for the winter. A little ad in The Saturday Herald will tell them of the ones you have for rent.

STEWART STOVES





For All Kinds of Weather!

RADIANT STEWARTS for Hard Coal

STEWART OAKS for Coal and Wood

STEWART HOT BLASTS for Wood Only

Any Stewart Stove $1 Down and $1 a Week!

226-228 W. Superior St.

The F. S. KELLY Furniture Co.

Duluth, Minnesota.

50c Suspenders **16c** | $1.50 Sweaters All Colors **98c** | Mule Skin Gloves and Mittens worth 25c per pair our price **11c** | Men's and Boys' 50c Winter Caps Just in time **19c** | 75c Underwear **29c** | $4.00 Mackinaws only **$1.59** | $1.50 Flannel Shirts only **89c**

CLOSING OUT!

Such another opportunity for saving on first-class merchandise won't come your way again. This great bona fide close-out sale is fast passing into history. Every article is heavily discounted and the saving to you is from one-fifth to one-half. Don't let this opportunity pass. Buy now—Tomorrow.

David Adler & Sons' Hand Tailored Suits and Overcoats selling at Half Price.

CHILDREN'S CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

Norfolks from 5 to 10 years old, worth $5.00, now ---------- $2.48

Boys' Reefers and Overcoats, worth from $3.50 to $8, go at $1.98

MEN'S TROUSERS.

Men's $1.50 Trousers only ---------- 79c
Men's $2.00 Trousers only ---------- 99c
Men's $2.50 Trousers only ---------- $1.39
Men's $3.00 Trousers only ---------- $1.69
Men's $4.00 Trousers only ---------- $1.98
Men's $5.00 Trousers only ---------- $2.48

Men's $18.00 Suits and Overcoats now half ---------- $9.00
Men's $22.00 Suits and Overcoats now half ---------- $11.00
Men's $25.00 Suits and Overcoats now half ---------- $12.50
Men's $30.00 Suits and Overcoats now half ---------- $15.00
Men's $10.00 Suits and Overcoats now half ---------- $5.00
Men's $15.00 Suits and Overcoats now half ---------- $7.50

MEN'S UNDERWEAR.

The largest and best line in the city.
All-wool, plush back—worth $1.50—now ---------- 98c
Men's fleeced lined extra heavy—worth 75c, now ---------- 39c
Men's extra heavy cotton fleeced—worth 75c—now ---------- 39c

COATS.

We have abot 200 odd Coats and Vests worth $5, $6 and $8 now ---------- $2.98

SHOES. SHOES.

The world famous Webber Bros. Union Made $2.50 and $3.00 Shoes all styles and Leathers, go at ---- $1.98

Webber Bros. $3.50 and $4.00 Shoes go at ---------- $2.98

Ladies' Shoes—100 pairs vici kid, hand turned, buttoned, worth $2.50 and $3 pair, sale price ---------- $1.19

The World-Famous C. K. S. $3.50 Shoes, all sizes, all leathers $2.79

Let nothing keep you away—We can talk to you in any language—Big things, better things, everything must go.

Van Guard Clothing Co.

419 West Superior Street

SUSTAINS ORDINANCE

Supreme Court Holds Duluth Saloon Law to Be Valid.

Decision Rendered In Case Appealed By Julius Abrahamson.

Duluth's saloon ordinance has been upheld as legal by the state supreme court, and the decision of Judge Windom has been upheld in a decision handed down today by Judge Lewis at St. Paul.

The ordinance was attacked in the case against Julius Abrahamson, one of the saloonkeeprs arrested as a result of the crusade inaugurated by the W. C. T. U. women last winter. The case was fought by Attorney Alexander Marshall, representing the liquor dealers, and it was carried to the supreme court, after Judge Windom had found the prisoner guilty and fined him $50 and costs.

The ordinance was attacked on the ground that it was in conflict with Section 50 of the city charter. This section says that no ordinance shall contain more than one subject, and that that subject shall be fully expressed in the title. The same point is covered by article four of the constitution.

It was claimed by the attorney for the defense that the ordinance violated both of these sections, in that it prohibited keeping open a saloon on Sunday and selling liquor on Sunday. Abrahamson was prosecuted for keeping open on Sunday, and the ordinance is entitled, an ordinance to regulate the sale of intoxicating liquors.

It was further contended that the evidence did not warrant a conviction.

Assistant City Attorney McKeon argued the case for the city, and his position was upheld on both grounds, by the judges of the supreme court. He claimed that the opening of a saloon on Sunday could well come within the title of an ordinance regulating "the sale of intoxicating liquors," and the judges evidently agreed with him.

There are several other cases which will be affected by the decision. They were prosecuted in the municipal court successfully, but the sentence was deferred pending the decision in the Abrahamson case by the supreme court.



The New Gun Metal Calf Button Shoe For Ladies

A new last just in. Also lace and Blucher. Price

$3.50

The largest stock of Fall Shoes for everybody is found at

WIELAND'S

The Sign of the Golden Shoe

SENATOR BARKER HERE.

Cambridge Legislator Pays a Short Visit to Duluth.

Senator H. F. Barker of Cambridge was in the city today on a business trip, having stopped off on his way back from Grand Rapids.

Senator Barker, who has been a member of the state senate for eight years, has decided not to run again next year, and will leave the field open after eight years of useful service to his district and to the state. Mille Lacs county is a part of the district, and as that is R. C. Dunn's home, there has been some talk that last year's Republican candidate for governor might go to the senate in order to have a little excitement and give some to others. It is doubtful if he will run, however, and Senator Barker said this morning that he had no idea Mr. Dunn would be a candidate, though doubtless he could have the place if he wished it.

Senator Barker, who is an attorney, is also a newspaper man, being the owner of the Isanti County Press of Cambridge.

INTERIOR DEPT. HEDGES.

Field Notes Cannot Be Disputed Under Most Conditions.

It turns out that the interior department was not so open-hearted in the matter of following people to dispute the field notes when used as final evidence in swamp land cases as was generally supposed. In a decision just made by the secretary of the interior in the case of Patrick Culligan against the state, concerning land in sections 25 and 26 in 57-8, the department hedges on its former decision, which ruled that the field notes might not be disputed by the contestant bringing in evidence to show that the field notes were wrong.

Under the decision received today this condition of disputing the field notes is confined to holders of forest reserve scrip or to those who have settled on the land prior to April 4, 1903.

Saturday Mat.

"Texas" at Lyceum.

DECISION FOR IMPORTERS

"Rossed" Pulpwood From Canada Is Not Taxable.

Burlington, Vt., Oct. 20.—A decision sustaining the finding of the board of general appraisers of New York that there should be no shipment of "Rossed" pulpwood brought into this country from Canada, was handed down today by Judge H. H. Wheeler of the United States district court. "Rossed" wood is that which has been partially prepared for grinding. The decision was made in connection with a test case brought about by a suit instituted by the United States against C. W. Pierce, who represented one of the largest pulp importing corporations in the United States. A shipment of "Rossed" wood pulp from Canada to Mr. Pierce was taxed 20 per cent by the assessors of this district, and the consignee disputed the legality of the action, and placed the matter before the board of general appraisers at New York. This board supported Mr. Pierce's contention that the material was not taxable, but placed the matter before the United States district court for final decision. The fact that the appraisers are upheld in Judge Wheeler's decision means that full restoration must be made, not only to Mr. Pierce for duty paid, but also to all other importers on wood pulp, who have been assessed for this commodity. The amount of money involved is large, but the figures cannot be learned.

Good Watches Cheap

At Harris & Esterly's Jewelry store, 428 W. Superior street, Spalding Hotel.

The Gidding Store

Offers splendid buying inducements to buyers of clothes, furs and other wearables tomorrow. It is not alone that they are able to cater to those who want the ultra and exclusive in clothes, but they are equally as important to those who want good, reliable and fashionable things at popular prices. They offer excellent examples of value-giving in their school girls' coats at $5 and $6.75, and their all-flannel-lined coats at $7.50; also in their junior girls' coats at $8.75 and $12.50. These, together with their women's long fur-trimmed Kersey coats at $16.50 and bear skin storm-collar Kersey coats at $10.75, make a combination of values such as any store might feel proud to offer to their trade.

MUST TAKE $15,000 FEES OR STAND A NEW TRIAL

St. Paul, Oct. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—The state supreme court today decided that the fee of $30,000 allowed by the Ramsey district court to Judge Charles E. Otis, one of the attorneys of the Wilder estate, for services in connection with the litigation over the Amherst H. Wilder $1,000,000 charity bequest, should be cut to $15,000. The supreme court declares Judge Otis must take the $15,000 or stand for a new trial. The other attorneys in the case accepted $15,000 fees.

Many people keep boarders "who don't have to." You can secure boarders quickly and quietly through our classified columns.

THE GOLDEN RULE

17 & 19 EAST SUPERIOR STREET

MONEY'S WORTH OR MONEY BACK.

Lowest Prices

in all Duluth for seasonable merchandise. The thousands that attend our regular daily sales corroborate this statement. Here we offer more proof of GOLDEN RULE supremacy in the bargain field. Economical women look forward to our Saturday sales with eagerness. There is a reason for it. Read the following specials below and decide for yourself.

Remnant Sale

Just received 5,000 yards of REMNANTS of Dress Goods, Table Damask and Flannelettes—lengths from 2 up to 10 yards. We place the entire lot on sale tomorrow at about half their real value. Be on hand early to get your first choice.

3-HOURLY SALES-3

Between 9 and 11 a. m. we place on sale 2,000 yds. fruit of loom muslin, 20 yd. limit **6c**

Between 8 a. m. and 5 p. m., 25 pieces of wrapper flannelette, regular 10c, for, yard **6c**

Between 7 and 9 p. m., 50 pieces outing flannel, elsewhere 10c, our price, only, yd. **5c**

Skirts Women's Panama Skirts in brown, black, blue and green—a $7 value at ---------- **$4.95**

Coats Ladies' and misses' loose effect Coats—sold everywhere for $10, at ---------- **$5.48**

Childs' Coats Bearskin Coats in white, brown and gray—$6 value at **$3.98**
Bonnets and Caps to Match.

Silk Petticoats We have bought fifty samples of silk petticoats at a reduction that enables us to give you a $5 petticoat for ---------- **$3.98**

Children's Coats 50 Children's Coats — regular price $5.00—at ---------- **$2.98**
Sizes 4 to 14.

Millinery ALL OUR $2.00 AND $3.00 STREET HATS TOMORROW ---------- **75c**

Scotch Tams in colors—red, blue, gray or white -- **48c**

$10 or $12 Pattern Hats tomorrow at **$5.00**

Underwear Women's heavy fleeced Vests and Pants, Children's all-wool Shirts and Drawers, Men,s heave fleece Shirts and Drawers ---------- **39c**

HOSIERY—Women's Heavy Fleece and Children's Cassimer Stockings ---------- **12½c**

Men's all-wool Socks—regular 25c kind ---------- **17c**

VARNISHING GAME BIRDS.

The general prospects this season for good prairie chicken shooting—one of the keenly popular upland sports with dog and gun—seem in the main to be unfavorable, says Forest and Stream. Undoubtedly there are small areas here and there, mere nooks in comparison to the whole vast prairie habitat of the pinnated grouse, which contain birds a-plenty and which will afford ample sport for the favored few who have access to them, but for the hundreds of chicken shooters who take their chances without preliminary investigation, much failure and disappointment are in store.

The reports from many of the prairie districts where the pinnated grouse in times past were in abundance, or at least plentiful enough to afford good sport, indicate an unusual scarcity.

Undoubtedly the destruction of the pinnated grouse is greater than its production. The decrease in its numbers seems to be steadily progressive with the passing years. The area of the habitat of species also is gradually diminishing, though this is not manifested by the entire and sudden extermination of the chickens in a certain section, nor their sudden abandonment of it.

The change from abundance to dearth comes about gradually. Some sections in former years which afford sport for weeks in later years afford sport for days only. From abundance the supply becomes meager. Oftentimes the changes from plenty to poverty, the lamentable results of extermination or abandoned habitat, are not noticed by the sportsman till he was confronted with the fact that when diligent seeking for sport afield with dog and gun ends in failure.

The enormous decrease in the numbers and the decreasing habitat of the prairie chicken are not realized by the younger sportsmen of the present time. Nor do the older sportsmen realize it by any comparison of more recent years. A comparison of present conditions concerning chicken shooting with those which obtained fifteen years ago will bring into conspicuous relief the progressive decrease, which has resulted in the scarcity of the present.

Twenty years ago the habitat of the prairie chickens, beginning in Western Louisiana and Texas, extending through the prairie region of the Middle South and West, far up into British America, and plentifully stocked with chickens, was far in excess of the prairie chicken habitat of the present. Plentiful as were the birds then, they occupied a lessened habitat and were far less in number than they were when Audubon, on a visit to Kentucky, wrote of them as being so over-plentiful there and destructive to crops that they were little short of being a pest.

PROFITED BY EXPERIENCE.

A Prussian army officer stationed at Berlin frequently had occasion to borrow money from an accommodating Israelitish friend, who only charged 3 or 4 per cent a month, says the Philadelphia Telegraph. As a general thing the officer, Baron von Pump, was able to meet his obligations, but on the occasion to which we allude he was not able to do so.

Moses Levy was promptly on hand to collect the money. He called on the Baron von Pump in his room and presented the note.

"Moses," said the Baron, "I have heretofore been able to meet my note, but I have no money to pay this one. You will have to wait."

"I don't vait at all. Ven you don't pay dot note right avay, I goes and prings dot note to a shustus of der peace pefore, and sues on der spot!"

Baron von Pump quietly locked the door and put the key in his pocket, whereupon Moses' legs began to wobble about and his eyes to protrude with anxiety, for he was afraid of personal violence at the hands of his creditor.

The Baron produced a pistol and focused the unhappy Israelite.

"Now, Mr. Judas Iscariot, you take that note of mine and eat is."

"Scheneral, I vas shoost joking mit you; I can vait so long as you vants."

"I can take a joke as well as anybody, and now it is your turn to take a choke. Chew up that note and swallow it, or you are a dead man," said the officer, and he pressed lightly on the trigger.

In vain did Moses protest that he didn't feel like eating, and that he was in no hurry for his money.

"Down with it!" thundered the officer.

Although Moses was in no danger of perishing for lack of food, he clearly perceived that he might prolong his life by the collation to which he was cordially invited. He chewed up the note, pricipal and interest, and craning out his neck he managed to get it down.

"Now you can go and bring suit on that note if you feel like it. Perhaps the clerk of the court will put you on file if you tell him where the note is," said Baron von Pump.

A few days afterwards the Baron received some money from home, with which he promptly paid Moses what was due to him.

"Scheneral," said the money-lender, "der next times ven you vants der moneys, shoots come to your old friend Moses Levy, who vill never go back on you."

"All right, Moses. Next time I need money I'll let you know."

Not long afterwards Baron von Pump needed money, and notified Moses to bring the desired amount to his room. Having counted over the money the officer took a sheet of paper and began to write out his note for the amount of ninety days.

"If you please, scheneral, shoost put that right avay. I vould not have dot."

From under his coat he drew forth a huge cake of gingerbread and held it towards the Baron.

"Now you shoost write dot note out on dot gingerbread, so ven I has to eat him again I vill not suffer so mooch as I did ven I schwallowed dot oder note."

WOKE HER UP.

The chorus girl had once been a factory girl, says the New York Globe. When she met a crowd of her fellow workers in a subway train the other evening she began to fill their eager ears with tales of how she enjoyed life when the show was over.

"Tuesday night," she related, "Harry was around at the stage door with his tonneau. We took a spin up through the Bronx and had a bird and a cold bottle. Harry gave me a seven-diamond ring and my manager is holding it in his safe for safe keeping."

"Whew!" whistled a young man who was sitting within hearing distance, "that's the limit."

"Wednesday night," continued the chorus girl, "I went to supper with Jack. Jack's father is a millionaire. He spent money like water and gave me a bunch of notes to tip the waiters with. I never drank so much champagne in my life."

"Great Scott!" gasped the young man, "suppose her pipe goes out?"

"Thursday," went on the narrator, "I received a real senator in the green room. He insisted on buying wine for the whole company. Later he presented me with a beautiful diamond brooch and took me out to a lobster supper with a lot of his senator friends."

The young man could stand it no longer. Leaning over he said:

"Hello, Sally, didn't I see you down in Jake's Thursday night?"

The chorus girl turned redder than her stage paint.

"M—maybe you did," she stammered.

"And wasn't you drinking a pint of beer and eating a cheese sandwich?"

"Yes, I er—"

"Well, I didn't see the senators—were they along?"

"No ,but—"

She could get no further. The factory girls chorused "Hot air," and she left the train at the next station.

People are looking around now for houses and flats for the winter. A little ad in The Saturday Herald will tell them of the ones you have for rent.

THE ABLE DEALER.

State Geologist Kummel of New Jersey was talking about forestry, which can, he said, be made profitable in the state of white sand and scrub, says the Philadelphia Bulletin.

"What is needed," he said, "is intelligence, a business head, the same of ability which, though often misapplied, still makes John Maidment's store the most popular and successful one in a fifty-mile radius.

"John Maidment sells everything. Let me give you an example of his talent.

"A woman, warm and furious, got out of a Dearborn wagon the other day and entered Maidment's big, cool store.

"'Look here,' she said, 'that rocking-chair you sold me yesterday was no good.'

"'How so, madam?' Maidment asked.

"'Why,' said the woman, 'the rockers are not even. As you rock, the Where all my heart nas passaway.'"

One of the neatest of these errors was made the other day by an old Manayunk woman. Her son had gone off and gotten married just as he was beginning to bring in a little money, and the old woman said of his desertion to the minister:

"Well, it was what I expected. You know, sir, what the Good Book says—'Train up a child, and away 'a do go.'"

Rooms are quickly rented when advertised in The Saturday Herald. If you cannot come to the office phone your ad.

DULUTH CONSIGNMENT STORE!

We are offering great bargains for Saturday in every department. Don't fail to visit our store tomorrow. No doubt you all need warm clothes for this cold weather, and why not buy them from us, where you can get the best goods at the lowest prices.

Boys' and Girls' wool-fleeced Underwear, extra heavy, 35c garments—at... **19c**

Ladies' and misses' heavy, wool-fleeced Underwear **39c**

Women's all-wool Underwear, worth $1.25 a garment—at **89c**

Men's wool-fleeced, heavy Underwear—at **39c**

Men's Australian wool Underwear, in plain and ribbed—big value at..... **89c**

Men's Canadian all-wool Blanket Underwear, actually worth $2.00 a garment—at tomorrow's sale **$1.19**

Nelson Bros.' hand-knitted, all-wool Underwear—at..... **$1.33**

Children's all-wool Sweaters—at **69c**

Men's strictly all-wool Sweaters—at **69c**

Children's heavy Winter Coats, made in a neat style—heavy materials—special for tomorrow **$1.24**

Men's all-wool Jersey Overshirts—special for Saturday **69c**

Men's Suspenders—regular 35c value—at **10c**

10c Boys' Suspenders—at **3c**

Men's extra heavy wool Sox, positively worth 60c a pair—tomorrow... **33c**

Mule-skin Mittens, worth 25c a pair—damaged by water—per pair **6c**

Children's Wool Mittens—at **4c**

Men's fancy Wool Gloves—regular 50c—at **24c**

Men's strong Working Pants—special for tomorrow **69c**

Men's and Boys' Caps, worth 75c—at **39c**

Boys' and Girls' Tassel Caps and Tam o' Shanters—good assortment of colors—worth up to 75c—at **19c**

Ladies' Mittens, heavy knit—worth 25c—at **11c**

A big lot of fine Laces, worth 10c a yard—tomorrow, per yard **1c**

Large size Comforters, in assorted colors, filled with white batting—special value for tomorrow **69c**

Ladies' black sateen Petticoats, best quality lace and ruffle—trimmed bottom—at **98c**

$2.00 Sable blend in short Neck Scarfs, heavy cluster of tails—at..... **79c**

Double Scarfs, fine Sable blend furs; positively worth $6.00—at... **$2.98**

150 Girls' Winter Coats, in the very latest style—a fine assortment of colors. We place the entire lot on sale tomorrow at **$2.48**

$6 Coats at ____ $2.98 | $8 and $9 Coats at ____ $4.98

We also carry a full and complete line of Ladies' Winter Coats, Suits, Waists and Millinery, at very large reductions.

DULUTH CONSIGNMENT CO.
24 EAST SUPERIOR STREET.

GREAT LOSS TO SHIPPERS

By Failure of Private Car Lines to Supply Cars.

Railroads Assume No Responsibility, Private Lines Do That.

Washington, Oct. 20.—The private car line inquiry was continued before the interstate commerce commission today. Chairman Knapp announced that the taking of testimony in relation to the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe and the Southern Pacific, the two trans-continental lines involved, will be postponed until Nov. 1 at 10 o'clock.

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Commissioner Prouty asked what protection the shipper has against the imposition of an unreasonable charge under the exclusive refrigerator contract. The witness responded that the shipper chose the company furnishing the cars and made his rates with that company.

W. A. Wineburn, second vice president of the Central of Georgia and counsel for the road, asked the witness formal questions, the repites outlining the answer made by the Central of Georgia to the original complaint.

Notice of Dissolution of Partnership.

Notice is hereby given that by mutual consent the partnership of Wilson & LaPoint has this day been dissolved; said Wilson continuing the business, with the good will of LaPoint, who steps out; Wilson collects all bills and pays all debts.

JOHN WILSON.

Duluth, Minn., Oct. 19, 1905.

$1.00 Wrappers **75c**
$1.25 Wrappers **98c.**
$1.98 Wrappers **$1.45**

"WHERE VALUES REIGN SUPREME."

STACK & CO.,

107 West Superior Street.

Twenty-five Stamped Center Pieces—special—at **12½c**

Seasonable Winter Needs for Little Money!

Ready Made Specials.

50 all-wool Skirts in heavy fall weights just received—and secured at a bargain—worth $4.50 regularly—special tomorrow, at **$2.98**

$6.00 fine all-wool Skirts, in brown, black, blue and gray—all-wool cloths—in the new deep skirt effects and fancy strap trimmings—special price tomorrow, each..... **$4.50**

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Extra Special Values.

35c Children's Wool Toques, in all colors and fancy—for **25c**

33c Children's nice all-wool Cloth Caps—special tomorrow, only **25c**

35c Ladies' Golf Gloves, in 5 styles, and a bargain tomorrow, at **25c**

69c 2-qt. Hot Water Bags, only **45c**

89c 3-qt. Hot Water Bags, only **63c**

39c kid-lined Conformity Belts, at **25c**

45c crushed patent leather Belts **25c**

25c patent leather Belts for **15c**

Saturday's Coat Values

$8.95 three-quarter length Coats, in heavy fancy mixtures—in grays and browns—special, tomorrow **$5.50**

$14.50 fine black and brown kersey cloth Coats—in the newest styles of the season—Special forced sale **$10.50**

$25.00 fine cloth Coats, in the season's best styles, with handsome fur collar—a snap for Thursday only **$18.50**

A special sale tomorrow in Children's Coats, in plain and fancy cloths, Eiderdowns and fancy flannels, nicely trimmed in white Angora and fancy braids—Sale price for tomorrow—95c to **$1.98**

Ladies' stylish Empire Coat effects, 45 inches long—in all-wool gray mixtures, with new roll collar and full sleeve—nicely trimmed—for..... **$10.00**

Comforts and Blankets

$1.25 Silkoline-lined Comforts in full size and white cotton filling, at **98c**

$1.50 extra full size cotton filled Comforts—both sides alike, soft and downy **$1.25**

75 pairs of gray cotton Blankets—the regular 50c kind—special at **39c**

$1.25 extra heavy cotton Blankets—largest 11-4 size in tans and grays, with fancy fast borders—special at **85c**

$4.50 all-wool 10-4 Blankets—in nice medium grays—a snap tomorrow while they last, 20 pairs in all—pair.. **$2.98**

$6.50 all-wool extra size Blankets for.... **$5.00**

New Dress Goods.

75c mannish Suitings—mixtures in all the new fall shades and fine all-wool cloths at—per yard, only..... **50c**

38-inch Panama Cloths, in all the new greens, browns and blues, also in black, and the best goods to wear for the price of 75c a yard—special at..... **55c**

$1.25 Broadcloth, in the new greens, browns and blues—already shrunk and incomparable value for, a yard.... **$1.00**

$1.25 Cravenette Cloths, in five fancy mixtures, 44 inches wide—tomorrow the special price will be—per yard, only... **75c**

69c heavy Repellant Suitings and especially adapted for separate skirts—worth 75c yard—special at only..... **50c**



Wonderful Fur Values.

Over 800 pieces, in beautiful neck furs to select from. Our offerings in Furs are unequalled in the city for variety, extent and cheapness. A comparison of our prices and an inspection of our lines will mean a full one-third saving to our customers. In coney, mink, opossum, squirrel, fox, sable, raccoon, near-seal, electric seal, and marten we are showing exceptional values from.

98c to $12, $18 and $20

HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR OFFERINGS.

19c Gents' wool mixed Half Hose—in light and dark grays—for **15c**

19c Ladies' fine Cotton Hose, with white foot and double sole—a nice fall weight—special for **12½c**

35c Ladies' cashmere all-wool Hose—in plain black—at a bargain **25c**

35c Ladies' fleece-lined Hose—with ribbed top and double sole—exceptional values tomorrow—at **25c**

20c Children's fleeced Hose, in nice heavy fall weight—for **15c**

Children's heavy fleece-lined Underwear, in a fine 35c quality—special tomorrow for **25c**

Ladies' 50c heavy fleece-lined Underwear, in shirts and pants—exceptional value for tomorrow **35c**

$1.25 Ladies' lambs wool Underwear—nicely fleeced—in shirts and pants—special tomorrow for **$1.00**

Gents' 50c heavy fleeced Underwear—special for tomorrow **39c**

$1.25 Gents' corded wool Underwear—in light and gray mixed—special **98c**

SCATCHING REBUKE TO JURY BY JUDGE CANT

Court Says Jurors Permitted Personal Feeling to Influence Action.

Points Out to Them Widespread Effect of Their Duty.

One of the most scathing rebukes ever given to a body of jurors for nonperformance of duty was administered to the grand jury at Grand Marais, Cook county, yesterday, by Judge W. A. Cant, who left Wednesday to hold the fall term of district court in that county.

A report of the proceedings in which the court took occasion to roast the grand jury was brought back to Duluth by Probate Judge Middlecoff of this county, who was at Grand Marais on a business trip when court convened, and who was present in court when Judge Cant gave the jurors a line of talk that left no question in their minds as to what the court thought of their method of doing business.

Judge Middlecoff says the rebuke by the court was drawn forth by his indignation because the grand jurors evidently permitted personal feelings and animosities to enter into their deliberations, with the result that their action clearly showed that they had not attempted to perform the duties that they had sworn to.

According to Judge Middlecoff, one Saturday evening, not long ago, somebody set fire to a building belonging to the Schroeder Lumber company, at the headquarters camp, about thirty miles this side of Grand Marais, on the lake shore. The building was consumed, as was another dwelling close by, in which were sleeping a number of people, including the young son of Judge Middlecoff, who has been spending some time in camp. Fortunately the inmates of the house were notified just in time to get out to save their lives.

A man named Walsh was arrested and charged with the crime of arson. He was bound over to the grand jury, and it was his case that the jury took up yesterday. After a little time spent in the grand jury room, supposedly in an investigation of the merits of the charges against Walsh, the jury reported to the court and returned no indictment against him.

After they had been sent back to continue their work, Judge Cant looked over the testimony given at the preliminary examination of Walsh and sized up the testimony that had been given against him in the grand jury room. When the jurors come out again the court was ready for them. He declared that they had sworn to attend to their duties without fear or favor of any man and in an impartial manner, but that the indications all pointed to the fact that they had not done so. While making no comment as to either the probable or guilt or innocence of Walsh, the court told the grand jurors that they had neglected or paid no attention to the testimony presented them, that the matter might at least have had a thorough investigation at their hands instead of being dismissed in so satisfactory a manner. The court told them that they would be the people to suffer if they persisted in such a way to lightly pass over so serious an offense as charged, without giving the accused at least a chance to prove his innocence in the face of the testimony. He told them that not only would they suffer but their children and their children's children, in time to come, that henceforth none of them could tell when the torch might be applied to his own home.

The evidence collected is said to be very strong. A few hours before the fire broke out Walsh is said to have made threats in the presence of several persons that he would burn out the lumber company. He disappeared after the fire and was not seen again for a day or two after. When the building was fired the faucet was opened on a barrel of kerosene, showing plainly an attempt at arson.

Another peculiar feature of the affair, Judge Middlecoff says, is that a young man named Dolan, son of the foreman for the Schroeder Lumber company, who is well known here in Duluth, was indicted by the grand jury for keeping his saloon open after 12 o'clock at night. Dolan, it was claimed, was to have been a witness before the grand jury to show that Walsh made threats to burn, and said he would burn the company's property that night. The grand jury, according to Dolan, refused to hear his testimony and, instead, indicted him for keeping open after hours on the testimony of others who said they had been in his place after 12 o'clock at night and heard Walsh's threats. The fire occurred at 1 o'clock.

Judge Cant, in scoring the grand jurors, said that no district court in the state of Minnesota would stand for any such feeling on the part of grand juries and sternly admonished them as to the line of procedure that they were expected to take under the statutes of Minnesota.

The county attorney of Lake county, who accompanied the court to Grand Marais to assist the county attorney there in the expected trial of Walsh on an arson charge, was retained to defend Mr. Dolan, who was indicted. He explained to the court that the proceedings had been so unexpected that it would be impossible to get his witnesses, and asked to have the case continued. The county attorney of Cook county, who is a brother-in-la of the accused, agreed to a continuance if it was decided best by the court, and Judge Cant said that in view of the peculiar turn affairs had taken, and of the feeling that existed, he would grant the continuance.

One civil case had been set for trial, but it was continued, testimony to be taken in district court of this county.

Judge Middlecoff says that last evening Judge Cant gave a very earnest talk to the jurors, who had assembled at the Cook county courthouse, for the term.

Today Judge Cant was to continue by boat for a short visit at Port Arthur, returning in time to take up the Gasser case, Oct. 27.

Through Tourist Cars to California.

The following through Tourist car service to California points has been inaugurated by "The North-Western Line" for the season 1905-6.

Leaving St. Paul every Tuesday at 9:05 p. m., running via Omaha and the Union Pacific and Southern Pacific railways to San Francisco and Los Angeles.

Leaving St. Paul every Thursday at 8:00 p. m., via Omaha, Union Pacific to Ogden, O. S. L. to Salt Lake, thence via the new line San Pedro, Salt Lake & Los Angeles railway to Los Angeles.

Leaving St. Paul every Saturday at 9:40 a. m., running via Council Bluffs, Kansas City and the A. T. & S. Fe railway to Los Angeles.

For reservations, apply to City Ticket Agent, 302 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn.

California or Florida.

It is time to plan your winter vacation. Early arrangements secure the best accommodations. Choice of routes via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway to California or to Florida, combined with low rates, make the trip to either resort a most attractive one. A postal will bring complete information about rates, train service and resorts, free, and by return mail. Address W. B. Dixon, Northwestern Passenger Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

Use the Telephone.

Ring up 'phone 324, either Duluth or Zenith, and telephone your want advertisements. Each advertisement will receive prompt and careful attention.

Ladies' Fur-Lined Coats



Fur Boas and Muffs

Ladies' Suits, Skirts and Hats sold on our easy payment plan.

$1.00 Per Week

YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD

Fred W. Edwards

Up-Stairs Over Gidding's. 1st Ave. W. and Sup. St

Open Saturday and Monday Evenings

A. B. SIEWERT & CO.

The Best American, English, French and German **Underwear, $1 upwards.**

Hosiery.

Gloves, $1 up.

Neckwear, 50c up.

Dunlap, Stetson **Hats** $3 and $4 Hats.

A. B. Siewert & Co.

Hatters and Furnishers, 304 West Superior St.

WHALER'S LIFE.

Good Coffee and Sailor's Doughnuts--Blubber as Food.

"Now, the best coffee I ever had," said Capt. Taber one of the best known residents of Cross' Mills, the capital of Charlestown, "was boiled in a wooden pail—one of the pails provided in the outfit for a whaler."

The old whaling skipper paused suspiciously for comment, but no one made any, says the Providence Journal. Then, after a glance around the group to see if he detected any smiles, he went on:

"When you tell anything to some folks around here that never went out of the borders of Charlestown in their life, they look at you as if they wanted to tell you to go right upstairs. But that coffee was all right. I got it up North, on the edge of the territory the Russians and Japs are fighting over, a good many years ago, when I was young and on a whaler.

"We made it in a pail by putting in the water and the coffee and then dropping in stones we had heated in the fire. It was simple enough.

"Whalin' days was great days," said the captain. "Some folks think whalin' was a nasty business, just because they've heard that blubber smelt a little. Maybe some of it did if it was left in the blubber room too long, but blubber itself is sweet and whale oil is as pure and sweet and clean as olive oil. I dunno but what I'd rather have it.

"Of course, if blubber was left in the blubber room too long, it would get rancid, and when we had to stop and kill and cut up another whale before the first one was stripped and the blubber room emptied, the blubber at the bottom would get so's it would smell a little. But we used to fry dough cakes in the tryin'-out kettle when we could get the flour to make 'em. Smell never bothered us none. In fact, they warn't none scarcely.

"I sailed with one of the best skippers that ever went out of New Bedford. He could smell the whales, and he came home full when other whalers had hardly a barrel.

"'Boys,' he used to say, 'for every thousand barrels of oil there's a barrel of flour rolled on the forehatch.' Then we'd hustle some, I tell you.

"They'd roll the barrel on the hatch and bust in the top, and then we'd take flour and molasses and make up a dough that we'd drop into the boiling kettle of oil we was trying out. Let 'em cook in the grease, just like doughnuts. 'Sailor's doughnuts,' we used to call 'em, and they were good, too. I just wish I could get something that tasted half as good now. But in them days, after comin' back on board from a boat trip after whales, we could eat a pine board.

"Those doughnuts would cook well, too. It was just the same as cooking them in lard, only better, for the oil was cleaner. And smell? No smell to it at all. I tell you whale oil was clean—and a sight better than lard. We never bothered none because we had to cook them doughnuts in the oil; the only thing that bothered us was because we couldn't get enough flour to cook all we wanted.

"Then we ate blubber. Now you needn't pucker up your face. If you'd been there you'd have eaten it too, and been glad to get it. There's a place under the throat of a whale where the blubber's hard and white, and when you cut that up into little square pieces and drop it into the tryin'-out kettle for a few minutes, you could blindfold a man and feed that to him and he'd swear he was eating chestnuts, it is that fine and good.

"There's some little meat down at the flukes of a whale that's good to eat, too, but it's stringy and apt to be tough. But at that, we used to eat it. When you've been to sea for two years and a half, with not much but salthorse in that time and no fresh meat at all, I tell you you'll take whale and be mighty glad to get it.

"But that blubber on the whale's neck is certainly all right; and don't you let any tell you that blubber smells bad or that whale oil's dirty. Of course, you can't keep a whaler clean, cutting off big chunks of blubber just dripping oil and getting that oil all over the deck, and when it gets old it'll smell, but it's clean enough when it's new."

COSTLY FOODS.

Bird's Nest Soup Costs $37 a Plate-Jelly $250.

Public interest has recently been excited by a remarkable dinner party given in London, at which twenty-four people sat down and which cost £3,000, says London Tit-Bits. Some high-lass chefs who know the deepest mysteries of their business are inclined to say that this was really nothing after all. It could have been made to cost much more if it had been necessary, and that in a quite legitimate manner.

The most expensive soup that can be served is Chinese bird's-nest soup, which can hardly be done at less that 15s an ounce, which means £7 10s for a moderate place of it for each guest. If there were twenty-four diners £180 would thus disappear with the first serving of soup. There is another soup which is only a trifle less expensive and which epicures say is really delightful. It is turtle fin soup, which is infinitely superior in flavor to ordinary turtle, but it obviously rarer and more difficult to obtain. The usual price for it is about 12s 6d an ounce.

When the fish course is reached on the menu the most expensive item possible is the newest caviare made from sterlet roe and not from commin sturgeon. There are only one or two London restaurants at which this rare delicacy may be obtained and the charge for it is two guineas per head, which, considering the smallness of the portion, means that it is worth more than its weight in gold. Mullet roe, another rare dish, costs more than its weight in silver, whilst those who do not wish to advance quite to this point in expenditure might be satisfied with a more frequently served dish, Caribbean pompano, which has to be brought to London on ice from Galveston or Pensacola and which costs £1 or £1 10s a pound.

A game pie made of the little birds called ruffs—small things with long legs and a ruff of feathers behind their necks, belonging to the sandpiper family—is about the most expensive thing possible in this direction, and can not be done for less than £10 or £15, whilst if the ruffs (which were once fairly plentiful in the eastern fen districts, but which are now very difficult to kill) are unusually scarce, the charge for the pie may easily run up to 20 guineaus. Dunstable larks come next. They are fairly common on the tables of epicures, as may be gathered from the fact that 4,000 or 5,000 dozen are sent every year to London, but it costs quite 30s to serve a single dish of them.

There are not so many possibilities for gigantic expenditure when the joints come on the table, giraffe steak or bison ribs at anything from half a guinea to a guinea a head being about the best. A delicacy which has gained much favor of late among those who go in for this sort of thing in terrapin, which is a kind of very tiny turtle only to be found in certain salt-marsh districts in Maryland. As for sweets, the thought of a millionaire host who wanted to beat the record and knew his business would naturally fly to a jelly of peanut buds and ginger, which would be sent to him in little pots from China at a charge of £50 a pot, one tablespoonful in each. Of course, this condiment is extremely rare and very seldom purchasable, but it is not known to have been bought for less than £50 in recent years. It consists of the very small leaves which sprout from the kernels of peanuts. The process of removal, which has to be carried out by hand, is a very delicate and laborious one, and the buds are so microscopically small that 1,000 of them would barely make up a teaspoonful.

Some fruits are rare and costly, but there are not many possibilities for display of freakishness in this respect. Forced strawberries in the middle of winter are most expensive to buy, and may run to anything from £1 to £5 a head. A great delicacy at one time was the double cocoanut or cocode-mer, which is only grown on two small islands of the Seychelles, and which was last sold at £40. It is, however, so extremely rare now that a nenactment has been passed forbidding its exportation under any circumstances.

There are people reading our "To Let" columns today who would make desirable tenants for that vacant house of yours. There will be tomorrow, too; and there's time enough for you to get your ad in these columns for tomorrow. It should have been in today.

Connections East

No matter which train nor which railroad you select to the Twin Cities, you will find there waiting for you one of the eastbound trains of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway. There are five trains via that line from Minneapolis and St. Paul to Chicago every day. These include the famous Pioneer Limited and Fast Mail. No extra fare to ride on them. But it is necessary to name your route when purchasing tickets. Write W. B. Dixon, Northwestern passenger agent, St. Paul, for full information regarding rates, etc.

Don't forget to phone your ad to The Saturday Herald.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis.—ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

In the matter of the application of Theodore Hollister to register the title to the following described real estate situated in St. Louis County, Minnesota, namely:

Northwest quarter of northwest quarter of northwest quarter (NW¼ of NW¼ of NW¼) of section seven (7), township fifty (50) north, range thirteen (13) west of the Fourth Principal Meridian,

Applicant,

vs.

James Hazelwood, Henry F. Thompson, Jacob C. Clark, William H. Goodwyn, The State of Minnesota, and all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the application herein,

Defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the application of the applicant in the above entitled proceeding and to file your answer to the said application in the office of the clerk of said court, in said county, within twenty (20) days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and, if you fail to answer the said application within the time aforesaid, the applicant in this proceeding will apply to the court for the relief demanded therein.

Witness, J. P. Johnson, clerk of said court, and the seal thereof, at Duluth, in said county, this 5th day of October, A. D. 1905.

J. P. JOHNSON, Clerk.

By V. A. DASH, Deputy.

(Seal).

Duluth Evening Herald, Oct-13-20-27-Nov-2-10-17-1906.

A Store Full of Gift Suggestions

Some buy Silverware and some Diamonds, but there is an endless array of choice articles for gifts, presentations and prizes.

Diamonds We offer you the largest stock in the Middle West. Solitaires or combinations; stones of great beauty and brilliancy, mounted artistically. Prices to suit every one's outlay.

F. D. DAY & CO. *Fashionable Jewelers 315 W. Superior St.*

DEFECTIVE PAGE

DULUTH CONSIGNMENT STORE!

We are offering great bargains for Saturday in every department. Don't fail to visit our store tomorrow. No doubt you all need warm clothes for this cold weather, and why not buy them from us, where you can get the best goods at the lowest prices.

Boys' and Girls' wool-fleeced Underwear, extra heavy, 35c garments—at... **19c**

Ladies' and misses' heavy, wool-fleeced Underwear **39c**

Women's all-wool Underwear, worth $1.25 a garment—at **89c**

Men's wool-fleeced, heavy Underwear—at **39c**

Men's Australian wool Underwear, in plain and ribbed—big value at..... **89c**

Men's Canadian all-wool Blanket Underwear, actually worth $2.00 a garment—at tomorrow's sale **$1.19**

Nelson Bros.' hand-knitted, all-wool Underwear—at..... **$1.33**

Children's all-wool Sweaters—at **69c**

Men's strictly all-wool Sweaters—at **69c**

Children's heavy Winter Coats, made in a neat style—heavy materials—special for tomorrow **$1.24**

Men's all-wool Jersey Overshirts—special for Saturday **69c**

Men's Suspenders—regular 35c value—at **10c**

10c Boys' Suspenders—at **3c**

Men's extra heavy wool Sox, positively worth 60c a pair—tomorrow... **33c**

Mule-skin Mittens, worth 25c a pair—damaged by water—per pair **6c**

Children's Wool Mittens—at **4c**

Men's fancy Wool Gloves—regular 50c—at **24c**

Men's strong Working Pants—special for tomorrow **69c**

Men's and Boys' Caps, worth 75c—at **39c**

Boys' and Girls' Tassel Caps and Tam o' Shanters—good assortment of colors—worth up to 75c—at **19c**

Ladies' Mittens, heavy knit—worth 25c—at **11c**

A big lot of fine Laces, worth 10c a yard—tomorrow, per yard **1c**

Large size Comforters, in assorted colors, filled with white batting—special value for tomorrow **69c**

Ladies' black sateen Petticoats, best quality lace and ruffle—trimmed bottom—at **98c**

$2.00 Sable blend in short Neck Scarfs, heavy cluster of tails—at..... **79c**

Double Scarfs, fine Sable blend furs; positively worth $6.00—at... **$2.98**

150 Girls' Winter Coats, in the very latest style—a fine assortment of colors. We place the entire lot on sale tomorrow at **$2.48**

$6 Coats at.... $2.98 | $8 and $9 Coats at.... $4.98

We also carry a full and complete line of Ladies' Winter Coats, Suits, Waists and Millinery, at very large reductions.

DULUTH CONSIGNMENT CO.
24 EAST SUPERIOR STREET.

GREAT LOSS TO SHIPPERS

By Failure of Private Car Lines to Supply Cars.

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39c kid-lined Conformity Belts, at **25c**

45c crushed patent leather Belts **25c**

25c patent leather Belts for **15c**

Saturday's Coat Values

$8.95 three-quarter length Coats, in heavy fancy mixtures—in grays and browns—special, tomorrow **$5.50**

$14.50 fine black and brown kersey cloth Coats—in the newest styles of the season—Special forced sale **$10.50**

$25.00 fine cloth Coats, in the season's best styles, with handsome fur collar—a snap for Thursday only **$18.50**

A special sale tomorrow in Children's Coats, in plain and fancy cloths, Eiderdowns and fancy flannels, nicely trimmed in white Angora and fancy braids—Sale price for tomorrow—95c to **$1.98**

Ladies' stylish Empire Coat effects, 45 inches long—in all-wool gray mixtures, with new roll collar and full sleeve—nicely trimmed—for..... **$10.00**

Comforts and Blankets

$1.25 Silkoline-lined Comforts in full size and white cotton filling, at **98c**

$1.50 extra full size cotton filled Comforts—both sides alike, soft and downy **$1.25**

75 pairs of gray cotton Blankets—the regular 50c kind—special at **39c**

$1.25 extra heavy cotton Blankets—largest 11-4 size in tans and grays, with fancy fast borders—special at **85c**

$4.50 all-wool 10-4 Blankets—in nice medium grays—a snap tomorrow while they last, 20 pairs in all—pair.. **$2.98**

$6.50 all-wool extra size Blankets for.... **$5.00**

New Dress Goods.

75c mannish Suitings—mixtures in all the new fall shades and fine all-wool cloths at—per yard, only..... **50c**

38-inch Panama Cloths, in all the new greens, browns and blues, also in black, and the best goods to wear for the price of 75c a yard—special at..... **55c**

$1.25 Broadcloth, in the new greens, browns and blues—already shrunk and incomparable value for, a yard..... **$1.00**

$1.25 Cravenette Cloths, in five fancy mixtures, 44 inches wide—tomorrow the special price will be—per yard, only... **75c**

69c heavy Repellant Suitings and especially adapted for separate skirts—worth 75c yard—special at only..... **50c**



Wonderful Fur Values.

Over 800 pieces, in beautiful neck furs to select from. Our offerings in Furs are unequalled in the city for variety, extent and cheapness. A comparison of our prices and an inspection of our lines will mean a full one-third saving to our customers. In coney, mink, opossum, squirrel, fox, sable, raccoon, near-seal, electric seal, and marten we are showing exceptional values from.

98c to $12, $18 and $20

HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR OFFERINGS.

19c Gents' wool mixed Half Hose—in light and dark grays— for **15c**

19c Ladies' fine Cotton Hose, with white foot and double sole—a nice fall weight—special for **12½c**

35c Ladies' cashmere all-wool Hose—in plain black—at a bargain **25c**

35c Ladies' fleece-lined Hose—with ribbed top and double sole—exceptional values tomorrow—at **25c**

20c Children's fleeced Hose, in nice heavy fall weight— for **15c**

Children's heavy fleece-lined Underwear, in a fine 35c quality—special tomorrow for **25c**

Ladies' 50c heavy fleece-lined Underwear, in shirts and pants—exceptional value for tomorrow **35c**

$1.25 Ladies' lambs wool Underwear—nicely fleeced—in shirts and pants—special tomorrow for **$1.00**

Gents' 50c heavy fleeced Underwear—special for tomorrow **39c**

$1.25 Gents' corded wool Underwear—in light and gray mixed—special **98c**

SCATCHING REBUKE TO JURY BY JUDGE CANT

Court Says Jurors Permitted Personal Feeling to Influence Action.

Points Out to Them Widespread Effect of Their Duty.

One of the most scathing rebukes ever given to a body of jurors for nonperformance of duty was administered to the grand jury at Grand Marais, Cook county, yesterday, by Judge W. A. Cant, who left Wednesday to hold the fall term of district court in that county.

A report of the proceedings in which the court took occasion to roast the grand jury was brought back to Duluth by Probate Judge Middlecoff of this county, who was at Grand Marais on a business trip when court convened, and who was present in court when Judge Cant gave the jurors a line of talk that left no question in their minds as to what the court thought of their method of doing business.

Judge Middlecoff says the rebuke by the court was drawn forth by his indignation because the grand jurors evidently permitted personal feelings and animosities to enter into their deliberations, with the result that their action clearly showed that they had not attempted to perform the duties that they had sworn to.

According to Judge Middlecoff, one Saturday evening, not long ago, somebody set fire to a building belonging to the Schroeder Lumber company, at the headquarters camp, about thirty miles this side of Grand Marais, on the lake shore. The building was consumed, as was another dwelling close by, in which were sleeping a number of people, including the young son of Judge Middlecoff, who has been spending some time in camp. Fortunately the inmates of the house were notified just in time to get out to save their lives.

A man named Walsh was arrested and charged with the crime of arson. He was bound over to the grand jury, and it was his case that the jury took up yesterday. After a little time spent in the grand jury room, supposedly in an investigation of the merits of the charges against Walsh, the jury reported to the court and returned no indictment against him.

After they had been sent back to continue their work, Judge Cant looked over the testimony given at the preliminary examination of Walsh and sized up the testimony that had been given against him in the grand jury room. When the jurors come out again the court was ready for them. He declared that they had sworn to attend to their duties without fear or favor of any man and in an impartial manner, but that the indication all pointed to the fact that they had not done so. While making no comment as to either the probable or guilt or innocence of Walsh, the court told the grand jurors that they had neglected or paid no attention to the testimony presented them, that the matter might at least have had a thorough investigation at their hands instead of being dismissed in so satisfactory a manner. The court told them that they would be the people to suffer if they persisted in such a way to lightly pass over so serious an offense as charged, without giving the accused at least a chance to prove his innocence in the face of the testimony. He told them that not only would they suffer but their children and their children's children, in time to come, that henceforth none of them could tell when the torch might be applied to his own home.

The evidence collected is said to be very strong. A few hours before the fire broke out Walsh is said to have made threats in the presence of several persons that he would burn out the lumber company. He disappeared after the fire and was not seen again for a day or two after. When the building was fired the faucet was opened on a barrel of kerosene, showing plainly an attempt at arson.

Another peculiar feature of the affair, Judge Middlecoff says, is that a young man named Dolan, son of the foreman for the Schroeder Lumber company, who is well known here in Duluth, was indicted by the grand jury for keeping his saloon open after 12 o'clock at night. Dolan, it was claimed, was to have been a witness before the grand jury to show that Walsh made threats to burn, and said he would burn the company's property that night. The grand jury, according to Dolan, refused to hear his testimony and, instead, indicted him for keeping open after hours on the testimony of others who said they had been in his place after 12 o'clock at night and heard Walsh's threats. The are occurred at 1 o'clock.

Judge Cant, in scoring the grand jurors, said that no district court in the state of Minnesota would stand for any such feeling on the part of grand juries and sternly admonished them as to the line of procedure that they were expected to take under the statutes of Minnesota.

The county attorney of Lake county, who accompanied the court to Grand Marais to assist the county attorney there in the expected trial of Walsh on an arson charge, was retained to defend Mr. Dolan, who was indicted. He explained to the court that the proceedings had been so unexpected that it would be impossible to get his witnesses, and asked to have the case continued. The county attorney of Cook county, who is a brother-in-la of the accused, agreed to a continuance if it was decided best by the court, and Judge Cant said that in view of the peculiar turn affairs had taken, and of the feeling that existed, he would grant the continuance.

One civil case had been set for trial, but it was continued, testimony to be taken in district court of this county.

Judge Middlecoff says that last evening Judge Cant gave a very earnest talk to the jurors, who had assembled at the Cook county courthouse, for the term.

Today Judge Cant was to continue by boat for a short visit at Port Arthur, returning in time to take up the Gasser case, Oct. 27.

Through Tourist Cars to California.

The following through Tourist car service to California points has been inaugurated by "The North-Western Line" for the season 1905-6.

Leaving St. Paul every Tuesday at 9:05 p. m., running via Omaha and the Union Pacific and Southern Pacific railways to San Francisco and Los Angeles.

Leaving St. Paul every Thursday at 8:00 p. m., via Omaha, Union Pacific to Ogden, O. S. L. to Salt Lake, thence via the new line San Pedro, Salt Lake & Los Angeles railway to Los Angeles.

Leaving St. Paul every Saturday at 9:40 a. m., running via Council Bluffs, Kansas City and the A. T. & S. Fe railway to Los Angeles.

For reservations, apply to City Ticket Agent, 302 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn.

California or Florida.

It is time to plan your winter vacation. Early arrangements secure the best accommodations. Choice of routes via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway to California or to Florida, combined with low rates, make the trip to either resort a most attractive one. A postal will bring complete information about rates, train service and resorts, free, and by return mail. Address W. B. Dixon, Northwestern Passenger Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

Use the Telephone.

Ring up 'phone 324, either Duluth or Zenith, and telephone your want advertisements. Each advertisement will receive prompt and careful attention.

Ladies' Fur-Lined Coats



Fur Boas and Muffs

Ladies' Suits, Skirts and Hats sold on our easy payment plan.

$1.00 Per Week

YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD

Fred W. Edwards

Up-Stairs Over Gidding's. 1st Ave. W. and Sup. St

Open Saturday and Monday Evenings

WHALER'S LIFE.

Good Coffee and Sailor's Doughnuts--Blubber as Food.

"Now, the best coffee I ever had," said Capt. Taber one of the best known residents of Cross' Mills, the capital of Charlestown, "was boiled in a wooden pail—one of the palls provided in the outfit for a whaler."

The old whaling skipper paused suspiciously for comment, but no one made any, says the Providence Journal. Then, after a glance around the group to see if he detected any smiles, he went on:

"When you tell anything to some folks around here that never went out of the borders of Charlestown in their life, they look at you as if they wanted to tell you to go right upstairs. But that coffee was all right. I got it up North, on the edge of the territory the Russians and Japs are fighting over, a good many years ago, when I was young and on a whaler.

"We made it in a pail by putting in the water and the coffee and then dropping in stones we had heated in the fire. It was simple enough.

"Whalin' days was great days," said the captain. "Some folks think whalin' was a nasty business, just because they've heard that blubber smelt a little. Maybe some of it did if it was left in the blubber room too long, but blubber itself is sweet and whale oil is as pure and sweet and clean as olive oil. I dunno but what I'd ruther have it.

"Of course, if blubber was left in the blubber room too long, it would get rancid, and when we had to stop and kill and cut up another whale before the first one was stripped and the blubber room emptied, the blubber at the bottom would get so's it would smell a little. But we used to fry dough cakes in the tryin'-out kettle when we could get the flour to make 'em. Smell never bothered us none. In fact, they warn't none scarcely.

"I sailed with one of the best skippers that ever went out of New Bedford. He could smell the whales, and he came home full when other whalers had hardly a barrel.

"'Boys,' he used to say, 'for every thousand barrels of oil there's a barrel of flour rolled on the forehatch.' Then we'd hustle some, I tell you.

"They'd roll the barrel on the hatch and bust in the top, and then we'd take flour and molasses and make up a dough that we'd drop into the boiling kettle of oil we was trying out. Let 'em cook in the grease, just like doughnuts. 'Sailor's doughnuts,' we used to call 'em, and they were good, too. I just wish I could get something that tasted half as good now. But in them days, after comin' back on board from a boat trip after whales, we could eat a pine board.

"Those doughnuts would cook well, too. It was just the same as cooking them in lard, only better, for the oil was cleaner. And smell? No smell to it at all. I tell you whale oil was clean—and a sight better than lard. We never bothered none because we had to cook them doughnuts in the oil; the only thing that bothered us was because we couldn't get enough flour to cook all we wanted.

"Then we ate blubber. Now you needn't pucker up your face. If you'd been there you'd have eaten it too, and been glad to get it. There's a place under the throat of a whale where the blubber's hard and white, and when you cut that up into little square pieces and drop it into the tryin'-out kettle for a few minutes, you could blindfold a man and feed that to him and he'd swear he was eating chestnuts, it is that fine and good.

"There's some little meat down at the flukes of a whale that's good to eat, too, but it's stringy and apt to be tough. But at that, we used to eat it. When you've been to sea for two years and a half, with not much but salthorse in that time and no fresh meat at all, I tell you you'll take whale and be mighty glad to get it.

"But that blubber on the whale's neck is certainly all right; and don't you let any tell you that blubber smells bad or that whale oil's dirty. Of course, you can't keep a whaler clean, cutting off big chunks of blubber just dripping oil and getting that all over the deck, and when it gets old it'll smell, but it's clean enough when it's new."

A. B. SIEWERT & CO.

The Best
American, English, French and German
Underwear,
$1 upwards.
Hosiery.
Gloves, $1 up.
Neckwear,
50c up.

Dunlap, Stetson } **Hats**
$3 and $4 Hats.

A. B. Siewert & Co.
Hatters and Furnishers,
304 West Superior St.

COSTLY FOODS.

Bird's Nest Soup Costs $37 a Plate-Jelly $250.

Public interest has recently been excited by a remarkable dinner party given in London, at which twenty-four people sat down and which cost £3,000, says London Tit-Bits. Some high-lass chefs who know the deepest mysteries of their business are inclined to say that this was really nothing after all. It could have been made to cost much more if it had been necessary, and that in a quite legitimate manner.

The most expensive soup that can be served is Chinese bird's-nest soup, which can hardly be done at less that 15s an ounce, which means £7 10s for a moderate place of it for each guest. If there were twenty-four diners £180 would thus disappear with the great serving of soup. There is another soup which is only a trifle less expensive and which epicures say is really delightful. It is turtle fin soup, which is infinitely superior in flavor to ordinary turtle, but it obviously rarer and more difficult to obtain. The usual price for it is about 12s 6d an ounce.

When the fish course is reached on the menu the most expensive item possible is the newest caviare made from sterlet roe and not from connnin sturgeon. There are only one or two London restaurants at which this rare delicacy may be obtained and the charge for it is two guineas per head, which, considering the smallness of the portion, means that it is worth more than its weight in gold. Mullet roe, another rare dish, costs more than its weight in silver, whilst those who do not wish to advance quite to this point in expenditure might be satisfied with a more frequently served dish, Caribbean pompano, which has to be brought to London on ice from Galveston or Pensacola and which costs £1 or £1 10s a pound.

A game pie made of the little birds called ruffs—small things with long legs and a ruff of feathers behind their necks, belonging to the sandpiper family—is about the most expensive thing possible in this direction, and can not be done for less than £10 or £15, whilst if the ruffs (which were once fairly plentiful in the eastern fen districts, but which are now very difficult to kill) are unusually scarce, the charge for the pie may easily run up to 20 guineas. Dunstable larks come next. They are fairly common on the tables of epicures, as may be gathered from the fact that 4,000 or 5,000 dozen are sent every year to London, but it costs quite 20s to serve a single dish of them.

There are not so many possibilities for gigantic expenditure when the joints come on the table, giraffe steak or bison ribs at anything from half a guinea to a guinea a head being about the best. A delicacy which has gained much favor of late among those who go in for this sort of thing in terrapin, which is a kind of very tiny turtle only to be found in certain salt-marsh districts in Maryland. As for sweets, the thought of a millionaire host who wanted to beat the record and knew his business would naturally fly to a jelly of peanut buds and ginger, which would be sent to him in little pots from China at a charge of £50 a pot, one tablespoonful in each. Of course, this condiment is extremely rare and very seldom purchasable, but it is not known to have been bought for less than £50 in recent years. It consists of the very small leaves which sprout from the kernels of peanuts. The process of removal, which has to be carried out by hand, is a very delicate and laborious one, and the buds are so microscopically small that 1,000 of them would barely make up a teaspoonful.

Some fruits are rare and costly, but there are not many possibilities for display of freakishness in this respect. Forced strawberries in the middle of winter are most expensive to buy, and may run to anything from £1 to £5 a head. A great delicacy at one time was the double cocoanut or cocode-mer, which is only grown on two small islands of the Seychelles, and which was last sold at £40. It is, however, so extremely rare now that a menactment has been passed forbidding its exportation under any circumstances.

There are people reading our "To Let" columns today who would make desirable tenants for that vacant house of yours. There will be tomorrow, too; and there's time enough for you to get your ad in these columns for tomorrow. It should have been in today.

Connections East

No matter which train nor which railroad you select to the Twin Cities, you will find there waiting for you one of the eastbound trains of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway. There are five trains via that line from Minneapolis and St. Paul to Chicago every day. These include the famous Pioneer Limited and Fast Mail. No extra fare to ride on them. But it is necessary to name your route when purchasing tickets. Write W. B. Dixon, Northwestern passenger agent, St. Paul, for full information regarding rates, etc.

Don't forget to phone your ad to The Saturday Herald.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis.—ss.
District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

In the matter of the application of Theodore Hollister to register the title to the following described real estate situated in St. Louis County, Minnesota, namely:

Northwest quarter of northwest quarter of northwest quarter (NW¼ of NW¼ of NW¼) of section seven (7), township fifty (50) north, range thirteen (13) west of the Fourth Principal Meridian,

Applicant.

vs.

James Hazelwood, Henry F. Thompson, Jacob C. Clark, William H. Goodwyn, The State of Minnesota, and all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the application herein,

Defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the application of the applicant in the above entitled proceeding and to file your answer to the said application in the office of the clerk of said court, in said county, within twenty (20) days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and, if you fail to answer the said application within the time aforesaid, the applicant in this proceeding will apply to the court for the relief demanded therein.

Witness, J. P. Johnson, clerk of said court, and the seal thereof, at Duluth, in said county, this 5th day of October, A. D. 1905.

J. P. JOHNSON, Clerk.
By V. A. DASH, Deputy.

(Seal).
Duluth Evening Herald, Oct-13-20-27-Nov-3-10-17-1906.

A Store Full of Gift Suggestions

Some buy Silverware and some Diamonds, but there is an endless array of choice articles for gifts, presentations and prizes.

Diamonds We offer you the largest stock in the Middle West. Solitaires or combinations; stones of great beauty and brilliancy, mounted artistically. Prices to suit every one's outlay.

F. D. DAY & CO. *Fashionable Jewelers 315 W. Superior St.*

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

WHEAT HAS AN ADVANCE

After Showing Weakness Early Market Takes on Strength.

Dullest Day In Weeks In Flax and Slight Decline.

Duluth Board of Trade, Oct. 20.—The wheat market was weaker in the early part of the session today. The selling was quite strong, and it was attributed for a time to Armour, but Valentine, of that house during the morning stated that he had sold none, but on the contrary, had bought about 400,000 bus. Northwestern receipts continue below those of last year, while Winnipeg runs almost double. During the morning, the market took on strength, and the influence of the Armour house seemed to be on the bull side, with the result that prices advanced moderately.

Liverpool closed ¼-⅜d lower, London unchanged, Antwerp unchanged to ⅝c higher, Berlin ⅜c lower and Budapest ¾c lower.

The December option fell ⅜c in Duluth and Chicago, ¼-⅜c in Minneapolis, ⅛c in New York and Kansas City and ¼c in St. Louis.

Stocks of wheat at Duluth are estimated to decrease 100,000 bus. this week.

Corn in the Chicago market closed ⅛-¼c higher for December and in the Liverpool market ¾d lower to ⅛d higher.

The Modern Miller says of crop conditions. "Drouth conditions which have delayed winter wheat seeding in some sections, particularly in the West and the Southwest, have been relieved by good general rains. The seeding of full area devoted to that grain should be completed before long. A much larger acreage than was sown last fall is assured. There has been a partial resumption of farmer's deliveries of both hard and soft winter wheat."

Car receipts at Duluth were 263, against 194 last year, and at Minneapolis 467, against 501, last year, making a total for the Northwest of 670, against 695 last year. Chicago receipts were 57, against 50 last year, Winnipeg received 436 cars of which 4 graded No. 1 hard, 201 No. 1 northern, 109 No. 2 northern. Last year's receipts were 229 cars.

Primary receipts of wheat were 1,189,000 bus. last year, 1,056,000 bus. Shipments, 749,000 bus, last year, 793,000 bus. Clearance of wheat and flour aggregated 127,000 bus.

Argentine shipments of wheat this week amount to 584,000 bus, against 656,000 bus last week, and 1,168,000 bus last year.

Primary receipts of corn were 346,000 bus, last year, 239,000 bus. Shipments, 359,000 bus. last year, 310,000 bus. Clearances were 63,000 bus. Argentine shipments of corn this week reach a total of 1,293,000 bus, against 951,000 bus last week and 2,922,000 bus last year.

Trading in wheat in the Duluth market was very quiet. The December option opened unchanged at 81½c and advanced steadily to 81¾c, which was the close, ⅝c higher than yesterday. May opened ⅛c higher at 85½c, and advanced to 86¼c, closing ⅛c with a gain of ⅝c.

Cash wheat was in fair demand and prices ruled the same, being about 2½c over December for No. 1 northern. The demand for durum wheat continues good but offerings are drying up.

Flax was very dull, the quietest day seen for weeks. Receipts are fairly good, there being 148 cars posted here today and 101 at Minneapolis. Offerings were very light, however, and the buying demand was even lighter. October opened ¼c lower at 97½c, advanced to 97⅝c and closed ⅛c off at 97¼c. November and December opened ¼c lower at 97½c and rallied, November to 97¾c and December to 97⅝c. The close on both was at 97⅝c, a loss of ¼c. May opened ¼c lower at $1.01¼, advanced to $1.02 and closed unchanged at $1.01¾. Stocks of flax at Duluth are expected to decrease 250,000 bus this week. Argentine shipments of flax this week aggregate 160,000 bus, against 336,000 bus last week and 168,000 bus last year.

Coarse grains were all unchanged in prices.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—To arrive, No. 1 northern, 84¼c; No. 2 northern, 84¼c; on track, No. 1 northern, 84¼c; No. 2 northern, 82¼c; durum, No. 1, 76c; No. 2, 75c; October, 83¾c; December, 81¾c; May, 85½c. Flax—To arrive, 97¼c; on track, 97½c; October, 97¾c; November, 97½c; December, 97¼c; May, $1.01¾. Oats—To arrive, 28c; on track, 28c. Rye, 65c.

Cars inspected—Wheat, 263, last year, 194; oats, 26; rye, 3; barley, 45, flax, 148, last year, 65.

Receipts—Wheat, 221,444; oats, 59,367; barley, 114,713; rye, 6,681; flax, 125,883.

Shipments—Wheat, 406,381; barley, 257,224.

Cash Sales Friday.

No. 1 hard wheat, 1 car.....$0.85¼
No. 1 northern wheat, 12 cars 83½
No. 1 northern, 1 car 84
No. 1 northern, 2,000 bus 83½
No. 1 northern, 4,000 bus 84¼
No. 1 northern, 18,000 bus 84
No. 1 northern, 5,000 bus 83⅞
No. 1 northern, 6,000 bus 84
No. 2 northern wheat, 8 cars 82
No. 2 northern, 1 car 82¾
No. 2 northern, 24,000 bus 81½
No. 2 northern, 1 car 82¾
No. 2 northern, 1 car choice 83
No. 2 northern, 1 car 82¼
No. 2 northern, 1 car 82¾
No. 2 northern, 5,000 bus 82
No. 2 northern, 8,000 bus 82
No. 2 northern, 3,000 bus 82¼
No. 3 wheat, 3 cars 80½
No. 3, 2 cars 79¾
No. 3, 7 cars 80
No. 3, 2 cars 81
No. 3, 1 car 80¼
No. 3, 1 car 79½
Rejected wheat, 1 car 77
Rejected, 2 cars 78¼
Rejected, 1 car 77½
Rejected, 1 car 79½
No. 4 wheat, 1 car 78½
Mixed wheat, 1 car No. 3 ..... 78½
Durum wheat, 4 cars No. 1 76
Durum, 7 cars No. 1 75
Durum, 6,800 bus No. 1 76
Durum, 1,000 bus No. 1 to arrive in November 76
Durum, part car no grade 63
Flax, 26 cars 97½
Flax, 1 car 97⅝
Flax, 6 cars 97¾
Flax, 1 car No. 2 ..... 96½
Flax, 12,450 bus No. 1 ..... 97¼
Flax, 2,000 bus No. 1 ..... 97⅛
Flax, 5,000 bus No. 1 ..... 97½
Rye, 1 car No. 2 63
Rye, 1 car No. 2 65
Oats, 4 cars No. 3 white 28
Oats, 2 cars No. 3 white 27⅞
Oats, 3,000 bus No. 3 white 28
Oats, 6,000 bus No. 3 white 28¼
Oats, 1 car No. 4 white 27⅞
Oats, 1 car No. 4 white 27⅞
Oats, 1 car No. 3 27
Barley, 1 car 35
Barley, 1 car 35½
Barley, 1 car 37½
Barley, 1 car 38
Barley, 9 cars 39
Barley, 1 car 40
Barley, 1 car 41
Barley, 1 car 41¼
Barley, 1 car 42
Barley, 1 car 45
Barley, 8,000 bus 40
Barley, 1 car 39½
Barley, 1 car 36

Duluth Car Inspection.

Wheat: No. 1 hard, 6; No. 1 northern, 63; No. 2 northern, 50; No. 3 spring, 45; No. 4 spring, 6; rejected, 8; Western rejected, 1; No. 1 durum, 2; No. 2 durum, 45; No. 3 durum, 7; No. 4 and no grade durum, 8; total durum, 822; mixed wheat, 4. Total of wheat, 263 cars; last year, 194.

Flax: No. 1 northwestern, 41; No. 1, 106; No. 2, 1. Total, 148; last year, 65.

Oats, 26; rye, 3; barley, 45.

Total of all cars, 485. Cars last year, 431.

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Bullfrog Extension, Sassy Sal or Blizzard, The famous Nevada Stocks. Ask
R. B. HIGBEE,
The Mining Broker.
410-411 Germania Life Building, ST. PAUL, MINN.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Heavy Selling By Commission Houses Weakens Wheat.

Chicago, Oct. 20.—Heavy selling by commission houses had a weakening effect today on the wheat market here. Lower prices at Minneapolis had some influence on the situation here. Much of the selling was said to be for the account of a leading bull. December opened unchanged to ⅛c higher at 86¼c to 86⅜c, sold at 86⅜@⅝c and then reacted to 85⅞c. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 727 cars against 905 cars last week and 845 cars a year ago.

Support from the sentiment long caused a change in sentiment toward the middle of the session. Shorts became active buyers, forcing the price of the December option up to 86¾c. The market closed strong with December up ⅝c at 86⅝c.

Official forecast for clear weather throughout Middle West brought out quite liberal offerings of corn, commission houses being the principal sellers. Receipts were somewhat in excess of the amount estimated for today, and attende dto augment bearish sentiment. December opened unchanged to ⅛c lower at 44⅜c to 44½c and sold off to 44⅛@⅜c. Local receipts were 182 cars, with 71 of contract grade.

Later the market became firmer in sympathy with wheat. The close was firm with prices at the highest point of the day, final quotations on December being up a shade at 44½@⅝c.

Profit-taking by small holders created an easier tone in the oats market. There was also some selling by cash houses. December opened a shade lower to a shade higher at 28⅜c to 28⅞c and sold off to 28⅝c. Local receipts were 304 cars.

Provisions were steady on a fair inquiry for January products. Offerings were light. January pork was unchanged at $12.45. Lard was off a shade at $6.52½. Ribs were up a shade at $6.52½.

Closing prices: Wheat, 86⅝c; December, 86⅝c; May, 87¼@⅜c; July, 83¼c. Corn—October, 50⅜c; November, 48c; December, 44½@⅝c; old, 45@⅝c; January, 42⅝c; May, 44¼@⅜c; July, 20c Oats—October, 28⅜c; May, 31@⅛c; July, 26c Pork—October, $16.00; January, $12.37½. Lard—October, $7.12½; November, $7.10; December, $6.77½@6.80; January, $6.52½@6.55. Ribs—October, $7.07½; January, $6.47½; May, $6.65@6.67½. Rye—Cash, 68½c; December, 68¾@69c; May, 71½c. Flax—Cash, Northwestern, 99c; Southwestern, 93c. Clover—Cash, $13.00. Barley—Cash, 36½@52c. Cash wheat—No. 2 red, 88¼c; No. 3 red, 86@87½c; No. 2 hard, 84½@87½c; No. 3 hard, 82½@86c; No. 1 northern, 85½@90c; No. 2 northern, 80½@85c; No. 3 spring, 80@85c. Corn—No. 2, 52@½c; No. 3, 52c. Oats—2, 28¼@½c; 3, 28c.

American Wheat Markets.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
December—				
Open	...81½	81⅝-¾	86¼-⅜	91¾
High	...81⅞	82¼	86¾	92⅛
Low	...81½	81¼	85⅞	91¼-⅜
Close	...81⅞B	82-¼B	86⅝B	92⅛
Close 19	...81½	81¾	86¼	91⅞
May—				
Open	...85¼	85⅜	86¾-⅞	90¼-⅝
High	...85½	85⅝	87¼-⅜	90⅝
Low	...85⅛	84⅞-85	86⅝	90⅛-¼
Close	...85⅜B	85⅝B	87¼-¼B	90⅝
Close 19	...85	85¼	86⅞	90¼
St. Louis—			Close 20.	Close 19.
December			.....88⅜	87⅛
May			.....86⅞	86⅝-¼
Kansas City—				
December			.....77¼	77⅛
May			.....79¼-⅜	79⅛

Chicago Oats, Corn and Pork.

	Oats. Dec.	Corn. Dec.	Pork. Jan.
Open	....28¾@28⅝	44⅞	$12.45
High	....28⅞	45-⅛	12.47
Low	....28⅜	44⅞	12.37
Close	....28⅝B	45-⅛	12.37

Liverpool Grain.

Liverpool, Oct. 20.—Wheat—Spot, steady; No. 2 red Western winter, 6s 6d; futures, quiet; December, 6s 10¾d; March, 6s 10d Corn—Spot, firm; American mixed, 5s ¾d; futures, steady; December, 5s ¾d; January, 4s 5¼d; March, 4s 4d.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Oct. 20.—Close: Wheat—December, 82½c; May, 85¾c; No. 1 hard, 84¾c; No. 1 northern, 84⅛c; No. 2 northern, 81⅝c.

New York Grain.

New York, Oct. 20.—Close: Wheat—December, 92c; May, 90¾c. Corn—December, 50½c; May, 50⅝c.

Grain Gossip.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—At the low point the bull party were liberal buyers, forcing short covering, and making a small net gain for the day. On yesterday's decline and this morning's little set-back, the pit crowd seemd sure that the Armour people were the prominent sellers, but their representative is quoted as saying that they have not sold the wheat, and his buying lends color to this statement, and seems to confirm the impression in conservative circles that, while he is not averse to seeing an occasional set-back in the price, he stands ready to support the market as determinedly as ever. View the market on all sides, conditions show very little change; trade is slow, but nevertheless prices show stubborn resistance to pressure. We would continue buying wheat on the breaks.

Corn—To say this market ruled firm to strong about tells the story; trade has been slow, but prices firmly held. There continues to be a little export business, but not at a rate that could be called urgent. Undoubtedly the bad weather contributes somewhat to the market's strength, but it cannot be denied that the underlying factors are strong. On the breaks we advise the buying side.

Oats—As in corn, something is done each day in the export line ,but exporters continue to complain about the lack of transportation facilities. We would still follow the buying side on the recessions.

Provisions—Had an easier tone all through. Trade slow and disappointing. News from this market is scarce, packers, apparently, being satisfied with present conditions in the speculative market.

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Edwards, Wood & Co.: Wheat—The wheat market today afforded many fine opportunities for scalping trades, and advantage of them was taken to a considerably larger extent than of late. The news was bullish and included reports of dry weather in the winter wheat seeding section and damage to the growing crop in Argentina. The foreigners had little to do with the recovery in the American market today, although in the closing hour foreign buyers were again bidding for durum and No. 1 northern. Wheat closed strong today. Liverpool will probably reflect our advance, and the opening tomorrow is likely to be higher. Wheat bulled very hard late in the session, and we believe it should be sold for a scalping turn if it advances above this level.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

Duluth.

Following are the current quotations for goods which change hands in lots on the open market:

BUTTER.

Creamery, prints	23
Creamery, in tubs	22
Dairies, fancy	19
Renovated	21
Packing stock	14½

EGGS.

Fresh	19 @ 20

CHEESE.

Wisconsin flats	12¾
Block and wheel Swiss	14 @ 15
Brick cheese, No. 1	12½
Limburger full cream cheese	12
Primost	7

HONEY.

New fancy white clover	15
Fancy white clover in jars, screw tops, per lb	12½@ 13
Goldenrod	14
Dark honey	11
Buckwheat, dark	14

MAPLE SUGAR.

Vermont, per lb	15
Maple syrup, 10-lb cans	1 35

NUTS.

Filberts, per lb	13
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	15
Cocoanuts, per doz	60
Brazils, per lb	12
Pecans, per lb	13
Almonds	16
Mixed nuts	12
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7½@ 8

FRUITS.

Apples, Ben Davis, per box	4 00
Illinois Jonathans	5 00
Kings	4 50
Pippins	4 00
Talman Sweets	4 00
Cal. Newtowns, per box	4 50
Wisconsin Longfields	2 75
Bananas, per bunch	2 25 @ 2 75
Dates, Fard, 12-lb box	1 10
Dates, sugar walnut, 10-lb box	1 00
Figs, Smyrna, 10-lb box	1 25
Grapes, Concords, basket	21 @ 22
Tokay grapes, per crate	1 75
Grapes, Delawares	20
Lemons, Cal., per box	5 50
Oranges	4 25 @ 4 75
Peaches, per box	1 25
Pears, per box	1 00
York State pears, per bbl	4 00 @ 5 00

GREEN VEGETABLES.

Beans, wax, per bus	1 50
Beets, per crate	1 00
Cucumbers, Dill	2 00
Cabbage, per crt	1 50
Cauliflower, per box	2 00
Celery, per doz	30
Carrots, per cwt	1 00
Horseradish, per lb	10
Lettuce, leaf, per bus	1 00
Onions, per cwt	1 50 @ 1 75
Onions, pickling, per box	2 00
Parsley, per doz	25
Sweet potatoes, per bbl	3 50
Potatoes, new, per bus	50
Pumpkins, per doz	15
Radishes, round, per doz	15
Squash, per doz	1 00
Rutabagas, per cwt	1 00
Spinach, per bus	50
Tomatoes, per bus	2 00

POP CORN.

Choice, per lb	3
Rice corn, shelled	6

CIDER.

Clarified, 16-gal keg	3 50
Orange, cherry or pear	3 50
Black raspberry juice	5 50

POULTRY.

Springs, per lb	11
Hens, per lb	10
Spring ducks	11 @ 12
Turkeys	17
Geese	10

Dressed poultry runs about 1½c to 2c per pound higher.

MEATS.

Beef	5 @ 8½
Mutton	8½
Lard	8
Pork loins	11 @ 9
Veal	7 @ 9

HAY.

Timothy, per ton	9 00 @10 00
Upland, per ton	10 00 @11 00

FEED.

Bran, per ton	14 50
Oats, per bus	29 @ 30
Shorts, per ton	15 00

FISH.

Trout, per lb	9
Pike, per lb	9
White, per lb	10 @ 12½
Oysters, standard, per gal	1 40
Cysters, select, per gal	1 80

Chicago.

Chicago, Oct. 20.—Butter, firm; creameries, 17½@21½c; dairies, 16½@19c. Eggs, firm; at mark, cases included, 15¼@17¾c. Cheese, firm; daisies, 11¾c; twins, 11¾@11½c; young Americas, 11½c.

New York.

New York, Oct. 20.—Butter, unchanged; receipts, 6,204. Cheese, firm; receipts, 3,423; state, full cream, small colored and white fancy, 11¾@12c; do, fair to choice, 11@11½c; skims, full to light, 2½@10c. Eggs, firm, unchanged; receipts, 6,825.

St. Paul Live Stock.

St. Paul, Oct. 20.—Cattle: Receipts, 600; best steady to strong; mediums dull and barely steady; good to choice grain fed steers, $4.50@5.50; common to fair, $3.75@4.25; good to choice grain fed cows and heifers, $3.50@4.25; common to fair, $2.75@3.25; good to choice grass fed steers native and Western, $3.50@4.00; common to fair, $3.00@3.25; good to choice grass fed cows and heifers, $2.75@3.25; common to fair, $2.25@2.65; butcher bulls, $2.30@2.85; veal calves, $2.00@5.50; good to choice stock steers, $2.75@3.00; common to fair, $1.75@2.00; good to choice feeding steers, $3.50@4.00; common to fair, $2.50@3.25; stock heifers, $1.75@2.25; stock and feeding bulls, $1.75@2.35; good to choice milch cows and springers, $35@45; common to fair, $25@30. Sheep: Receipts, 12,000; steady; yearling wethers, $4.25@5.50; wethers, $4.40@4.80; good to choice ewes, $4.25@4.60; fair to good, $4.00@4.25; good to choice lambs, $5.00@5.35; fair to good, $4.50@5.75; good to choice feeding ewes, $4.00@4.25; common to fair, $2.75@3.25; breeding ewes, $4.25@4.75; feeding wethers, $4.50@4.75; feeding lambs, $5.00@6.50. Hogs: Receipts, 2,500; steady; light, common to fair, $4.85@5.05; good to choice, $5.10@5.25; mixed, common to fair, $4.75@5.00; good to choice, $5.05@5.20; heavy, common to fair, $4.40@4.85; good to choice, $4.85@5.15; boars, $2.00@2.50; stags, $2.50@4.00; pigs and underweights, $1.25@4.25.

Elkins' Bread Pill.

Kansas City Star: Senator Elkins' kind of a railroad enactment is one that will sound impressive and mean nothing.

A Jungle Miracle.

One little missionary
In the Congo state;
Cannibals came along,
And then he was ate.
—Cleveland Leader.

ADVANCES ARE SCORED

In Stocks and the Closing Prices About the Highest.

Money Developments Favorable and No Selling Pressure Felt.

New York, Oct. 20.—The heavy tone of the London market was without influence in the opening transactions in the stock market here and prices advanced practically without exception. The industrials were prominent, General Electric and Republic Steel, preferred, rising about a point and Locomotive and Central Leather large fractions. Canadian Pacific and Missouri Pacific also showed sharp fractional gains. American Car reacted ⅝ from its advance of yesterday.

Operations were conspicious in a number of industrial specialties. Room traders were disposed to follow up the broadening speculation in these stocks, comprising as they did a large percentage of the total transactions. Representative railroad stocks moved in harmony with the specialties, but their advances were less significant. Locomotive was the leader, and its jump of 2¾ was supplemented by a 2 point rise in Tennessee Ceal, 1⅜ in Railway Steel Spring, Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Northern Pacific 1½, in Central of Jersey and American Woolen, and 1 to 1¼ in Missouri Pacific, United States Rubber, American Car, Pressed Steel Car, Colorado Fuel, Allis-Chalmers preferred, United States Pipe and Havana Electric.

Some reaction on profit, but other industrial stocks were pushed forward into prominence. The railroad list made some further progress but moved narrowly. The rise in Locomotive reached 3⅜ to 68, and American Woolen rose as much as 2 points. American Snuff sold at an advance of 15 points. United States Rubber gained 2¼. United States Reduction preferred 2 and International Pump, International Paper, Corn Products, Steel Foundries preferred and New York Air Brake a point. In the railroad list St. Paul, Louisville & Nashville, Atlantic Coast Line, Norfolk & Western, Delaware & Hudson, Northwestern, Minneapolis & St. Louis, Fort Worth & Denver City and Colorado & Southern second preferred sold at advances of 1 to 1½ and St. Joe & Grand Island second preferred 2. Bonds were steady at noon.

The market broadened out during the noon hour and embraced a number of stocks after moving practically every industrial stock in the list. The volume of business also increased considerably, the coalers and the trunk lines and a number of high-priced railroad stocks led in the movement in that department. Central of Jersey rose 5, Delaware & Hudson 3½, Northern Pacific 3¼, Northwestern 3 and Reading, New York Central, Union Pacific, Illinois Central and a number of others a point or over. In the industrial department American District rose 5, Sugar, Corn Products preferred and North American 2 or more.

The market reflected the realizing sales of the traders, but the slightest reactions led to dullness. Subsequently there were renewed bullish demonstrations in various stocks, particularly Brooklyn Transit, which rose 2 points. The Metropolitan stocks and Baltimore & Ohio, also advanced 1, United States Realty 1¾ and Long Island 3¼. Lackawanna dropped 18 and Pullman 2¼.

There were advances of 3¼ in Locomotive preferred, 2½ in Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie, 2 in Colorado Fuel & Iron and 1 in Hocking Coal. The general list was inclined to slip back with a slackening of active demand. Brooklyn Transit made a late rise to about 75¾ and sustained the market. Southern Pacific and United States Steel came into the 1 point gains. Closing was active and steady.

Quotations furnished by Edwards-Wood Co., Room A, Torrey building:

Stocks—	High	Low	Close
Atchison, pfd	105	105	105
do com	88⅞	88	88⅞
Smelting, com	127⅝	125¾	126⅜
American Woolen	40¼	37⅞	40
Amal. Copper	85⅛	84¼	84¼
B. and O. Ry	113	112⅜	112¾
B. R. T.	76¼	73⅝	76¼
Can. Pac. R.	172⅜	171¾	172⅜
C. and O.	57⅛	56	57
C. F. I.	46½	46	46⅛
C. G. W., com	21⅞	21½	21⅝
Chic. Ist. pfd	84⅜	84¼	84¼
Erie, com	49	48⅛	48⅞
Ills. Cent.	180¾	179½	180
L. and N.	152¾	151½	152⅜
Mex. Cent.	25	24⅝	25
Met. Ry.	126⅞	125⅜	126⅜
Mo. Pac.	104½	103¾	104¾
Manhattan	166¼	165¼	165⅝
Norf. and West.	80¼	80¼	80¼
N. Y. C.	153⅝	149⅜	150⅝
People's Gas	104⅞	103⅝	104⅛
Penn. Ry.	144½	143¾	144½
Rock Island, com	32	31¾	31⅞
Rock Island, pfd.	76	75½	75⅝
Reading, com.	123¼	122¼	122⅞
R. I. & S., pfd.	96½	95⅞	96
R. I. & S., com.	29	28½	28⅝
Rubber, com.	54¼	53	53⅜
St. Paul	180⅝	179⅝	180⅜
So. Pac.	142⅜	140	141⅜
So. Railway, com.	36¼	35½	36⅛
Southern Pacific	70⅛	69⅝	70¼
Soo, com.	137½	136¼	136½
T. C. & I.	88½	86¾	88⅛
Texas Pacific	35	35	35
U. S. Steel, pfd.	104¾	104¼	104⅝
U. S. Steel, com.	38¾	37¾	38⅛
Union Pacific, com.	134¼	132⅛	132⅝
Wisconsin Central, com.	32⅝	31⅝	31⅝
Wisconsin Central, pfd.	69⅛	68⅛	68⅛
Wabash, com.	21½	21½	21½
Wabash, pfd.	41⅜	41½	41⅜
Twin City Rap. Transit	117½	117¼	117½
Northern Pacific	205½	202½	205
Cen. Leather	46¼	45⅝	45⅞
Erie, 2nd.	72⅜	71¼	72

The total sales were 930,100 shares.

Stock Gossip.

Logan & Bryan to Paine, Webber & Co.: The speculation in today's market was mostly in specialties with the balance of the list stronger and higher. Railway equipment and Steel issues, also Brooklyn, being the leaders. The easier tone of the money market is encouraging and the decline in rates from 5 to 3 per cent would seem to indicate that the large financial interests are not in favor of much lower prices. There was no doubt a great deal of short covering and evening up, in anticipuation of the bank statement, which may show a decrease in loans. We hear good talk on Car Foundry preferred, Allis-Chalmers, C. & O., M. K. & T. and Brooklyn, and although tomorrow's market may be irregular we think purchases on recessions will prove profitable. The market closed strong and at nearly the best prices of the day.

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Dick Bros. to Paine, Webber & Co.: Market has been active and buoyant today with sharp advances in specialties. There was no weakness at any time and closing prices were about the highest. The buying, while chiefly professional and manipulative, was enthusiastic, and the bull encountered no selling pressure. Money developments were favorable and indications pointed to ag ood bank statement tomorrow. The feature of the day was B. R. T., which made a further advance of 3 points, largely on Keene buying. Metropolitan stocks were also strong. The market showed strength at the closing, which seemed to promise better prices tomorrow.

New York Money.

New York, Oct. 20.—Money on call easy at 3½@5 per cent; closing bid, 3½; last loan, 3½; offered at 3½; time money, slightly easier; sixty and ninety days, 5@5½ per cent; six months, 4½@4¾. Prime mercantile paper, 5@5½ per cent. Sterling exchange, strong, closing firm with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.86.65@70 for demand and at $4.82.90@95 for sixty days; posted rates, $4.83@4½ and $4.87@½; commercial bills, $4.82½@¾. Bar silver, 62¾c. Mexican dollars, 47¾c. Government bonds, steady; railroad bonds, irregular.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 328 West Superior street:

	Bid	Asked
Amalgamated	84¾	84⅞
Atlantic	27¼	27⅜
Arcadian	4½	4⅝
Adventure	9¼	9½
Allouez	47¼	48
Bingham	32½	32⅝
Black Mountain	6½	7
Copper Range	72½	72¾
Calumet and Hecla	683	685
Calumet and Arizona	110	114
Calumet and Pittsburg		38½
Centennial	31	31¼
Daly West	14	14¼
Franklin	19¼	19½
Granby	8¾	9¼
Green Cons	27⅞	28
Isle Royale	26	26½
Junction		30
Lake Superior and Pitts	39	40
Michigan	15⅝	15⅞
Mayflower	1½	1⅝
Mass	10⅞	11⅛
Mohawk	60¾	61
Mercur Cons	59c	60c
North Butte	55½	56
National	3½	4
Old Dominion	31⅞	32
Osceola	113¾	114
Phoenix	1⅞	2
Parrott	27½	28
Pittsburg and Duluth		25
Quincy	108	109
Rhode Island	8	8¼
Santa Fe	25¾	27⅝
Shannon	8½	8⅝
Tecumseh	13⅞	14
Tamarack	128	130
Trinity	9½	10
United States Mining	36¾	37
Utah	47	47¼
Union Land	3¼	4
Victoria	6¾	7
Wyandot	2⅜	2½
Wolverine	123	125
Winona	11	11¼
Warren		13

Copper Gossip.

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: The liquidation in yesterday morning seemed to put our market in much better shape and at the close tonight good advances are shown all through the list. Osceola was the favorite this morning, but in the later dealings, Mohawk was taken in hand and advanced to 61. Old Dominion continued its upward course with New York still buying heavily. A few buying orders appeared in Calumet & Hecla and the floor traders helped the price along. Everything looks well for a continuance of the present market.

The Cotton Market.

New York, Oct. 20.—The cotton market opened firm at an advance of 2@12 points on active and excited covering of shorts and fresh bull support through wire and commission houses on reports of killing frosts in the northwestern belt, and predictions for still lower temperatures and more general frosts tonight. There was very heavy realizing at the advance, which, however, was not circulated until December sold at 10.45, and January at 10.37, or 22@23 points net higher. Then a reaction of only 5 or 6 points attracted a number of demand, and the market during the middle of the morning was active and firm, and practically the best point of the session with bullish sentiment encouraged by reports of firmer holders and a better spot demand.

Spot closed quiet, 15 points higher; middling uplands, 10.40; ditto gulf, 10.65. Sales 600 bales. Futures closed steady: October, 9.87; November, 10.02; December, 10.17; January, 10.27; February, 10.35; March, 10.42; April, 10.50; May, 10.51.

Crude Oil Advances.

Pittburg, Oct. 20.—The Standard Oil company today advanced the price of all crude oil except Raglan, Pennsylvania, Tiona, New Castle and Gable oil were advanced 25 cents. Coming was raised 10 cents, and Somerset 8 cents. The lower grades were advanced 2 cents.

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, Oct. 20.—Cattle: Receipts, 4,500; market dull; beeves, $3.65@6.20; cows and heifers, $1.15@4.40; stockers and feeders, $2.10@4.30; Texans, 3.40@4.50; Westerners, $3.25@4.80. Hogs: Receipts, 18,000; tomorrow, 12,000; market strong, others steady; mixed and butchers, $5.00@5.57½; good heavy, $5.30@5.57½; rough heavy, $5.00@5.10; light, $5.00@5.45; pigs, $4.80@5.55; bulk of sales, $5.15@5.45. Sheep: Receipts, 20,000; steady; sheep, $4.00@5.30; lambs, $4.75@7.75.

Midway Horse Market.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman's report: Dull horse trade; general outside demand indifferent in all classes, but the heavies which still hold good in the face of poor deliines; the market is dulled by the liberal receipts; a lull in the demand for expressers. General trade is also the same following prices:

Heavies, extra	$180@200
Drafters, choice	160@180
Drafters, common to good	140@160
Expressers, extra	160@165
Expressers, choice	125@140
Drivers, extra	170@215
Drivers, choice	150@170
Drivers, common to good	115@150
Farm mares, extra	140@170
Farm mares, common to choice	110@140

Treasury Balances.

Washington, Oct. 20.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption, shows: Available cash balance, $120,412,978; gold, $75,386,762; gold certificates, $45,572,700.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis.

In Probate Court, Special Term, Oct. 19th, 1905.

In the Matter of the Estate of Erck Pettersen, Deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Peter J. Borgstrom, administrator of the said estate, setting forth the amount of personal estate that has come into his hands, the disposition thereof, how much remains undisposed of, the amount of debts outstanding against said deceased, so far as the same can be ascertained, the legacies unpaid, and a description of all of the real estate, excepting the homestead, of which said deceased died seized, and the condition and value of the respective portions or lots thereof, and setting forth that it is desired that the said real estate shall be sold for the reason that it would be for the best interests of the estate of said deceased, and of all persons interested therein, that the same be sold, and setting forth the facts showing that it would be for the best interests of the said estate and of all persons interested therein that the same be sold, the persons interested in said estate being non-residents, and praying that license be to him granted to sell all of said real estate, and it appearing by said petition that it would be for the best interests of the estate of said decedent and of all persons interested therein that the said real estate be sold and that it is necessary to sell the same.

It Is Therefore Ordered, that all persons interested in said estate appear before this court on Monday, the 13th day of November, 1905, at ten o'clock A. M. at the Court House, in the City of Duluth, in said County and State, and then and there show cause, if any there be, why license should not be granted to the said Peter J. Borgstrom, administrator, to sell all of the real estate of the said deceased as prayed in said petition.

And It Is Further Ordered, that this order shall be published once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said date of hearing in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at the City of Duluth, in said County.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., the 19th day of October, 1905.

By the Court.
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal, Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald,



Saturday's Market Basket



RATHBUN'S

SIMON CLARK, Manager.

Telephone 656. **29 East Superior Street.**

DEEP-SEA DELICACIES—
A specialty for Saturday—
Cod, Flounders, Salmon.

FINNAN HADDIES—
the ideal breakfast dish
—first of season—a lb. **10c**

MACKEREL—Small flat
breakfast Mackerel—
3 for..... **25c**

GRANULATED SUGAR—
pure cane gran.
Sugar—25-lb sack.. **$1.25**

CREAMERY BUTTER—
best quality—last
chance this price, a lb. **23c**

LARD—Pure leaf rendered
—per lb..... **9c**

SOAP—Santa Claus or
Perfect Soap—10 bars. **25c**

BEN HUR WHITE SOAP—
Purity, quality, economy—all
three combined in this
soap—large bars for.... **5c**

OUR FIRST PATENT
FLOUR—is a marvel—extra-
ordinary value—
per large sack..... **$2.40**

N. Y. CONCORD GRAPES—
full 10-lb baskets
—for..... **23c**

TOKAY GRAPES—
6-lb baskets—strictly
fancy—a basket..... **50c**

FLORIDA GRAPE FRUIT—
Med. size.....3 for 25c
Large size .....2 for 25c

FLORIDA ORANGES—
Small size—a doz.....20c
Medium size—a doz.....25c
Large size—a doz.....35c

CALIFORNIA LEMONS—
smooth as silk—
per dozen..... **30c**

CELERY—
four stalks for..... **10c**

CANNED TOMATOES—
for perfection in canned To-
matoes, try the Mountain
Rose Brand—packed in Dela-
ware—**Per can** 15c
Per dozen cans.....$1.50

CORN, PEAS AND
TOMATOES—new
pack—3 cans for..... **25c**

MAINE SWEET CORN—
very delicious—
2 cans for..... **25c**

SUCCESS BRAND Java and
Mocha Coffee is a rich, high-
flavored Coffee in the
cup—3-lb can for.... **85c**

HAMS—Sweet sugar-
cured—per lb..... **12c**

FRESH KOSHER SAUSAGE.

DELAWARE GRAPES
—per basket..... **10c**

HARTNETT'S

THE ONLY STRICTLY CASH GROCERY IN DULUTH.
15 Second Avenue West.

New Phone 566. **Old Phone 1191-R.**

Tomorrow's Money Savers

DUCHESS PEARS—Per bushel..... **$1.25**

Butter The best Creamery, none better in prints, 3 and 5-lb jars—per lb..... **25¢**

DAIRY BUTTER—Good—in 5-lb jars—per lb.... **20¢**
COUNTRY EGGS—Strictly fresh, per dozen.... **25¢**
CHEESE—Full cream—per lb..... **15¢**
HAMS—Sugar-cured, extra—per lb..... **13¢**
CALIFORNIA HAMS—Per lb..... **10¢**
SWEET POTATOES—Large Jerseys—7 lbs for **25¢**

CANNED GOODS.

CORN—Good quality—4 cans for 25c; per doz.... **65¢**
PEAS—3 cans for 25c; per dozen..... **90¢**
Combination—Peas, Corn and Tomatoes—3 cans.. **25¢**

TEAS AND COFFEES AT COST.

Our 60c Tea tomorrow..**45¢** Our 40c Tea tomorrow..**30¢**
A full line of Coffees at cost for tomorrow.

NOW is the time to figure on your supplies in quantities. We have the largest stock in the city to select from.

SPECIAL—Just received a car of Fancy Ben Davis Apples—which we will sell at per barrel **$4.10**

These are the finest Ben Davis apples that have come into this market—only $4.10.

Barthe-Martin Co.

BOTH 'PHONES.

102-104 West Michigan St.

The Modern Market,

with its attractive, appetizing and inviting display of meats is fast becoming a trade center. Our business is increasing rapidly, which goes to show that people appreciate good service. After all, it is real value, and not "hot air" that counts with the careful housekeeper. Good beef never was sold so cheap.

BEST CUT SIRLOIN STEAK—per lb.....15c
BEST CUT ROUND STEAK—per lb 12½c
BEST ROLLED ROASTS—per lb.....12c
BEST CUT POT ROAST—per lb.....8c
BEST RIB BOILING—per lb.....3c and 4c

We have fresh-dressed Spring Chickens, Turkeys, Geese and Ducks. Best quality and sold at the lowest prices.

COX BROS.,

101 EAST SUPERIOR STREET.

GASSER'S

209-211 West Superior St.

Now is the time to buy your winter's groceries —We are making wholesale prices.

QUAKER OATS, per package 8c
GRANULATED SUGAR, 100-lb sacks $4.85
GRANULATED SUGAR, 25-lb sacks $1.25
GRANULATED SUGAR, 22 lbs for $1.00
(With an additional purchase of $2.00—flour not included.)
FLOUR—Commander or Pillsbury's—49-lb. sack.....$1.30
FLOUR—Patent, guaranteed—49-lb sack.....$1.20
BAKER'S CHOCOLATE, per lb.....25c
BAKER'S COCOA, per can 18c
COFFEE—Arbuckles—per package 15c
COFFEE—3-lb. can Mocha and Java.....85c
SOAP—Santa Claus—9 bars.....25c
SHREDDED WHEAT BISCUIT—per pkg.....12c
GRAPE NUTS—per package.....12c
FIGS—per 1-lb package—new stock.....10c
LARGE OLIVES—per quart 25c
ROYAL BAKING POWDER—1-lb can—Saturday.....40c

Out-of-town Orders Promptly Filled.

Your Monthly Account Solicited. DELIVERIES—Duluth Heights, Mondays; Lakeside, Tuesdays and Fridays; West Duluth, Wednesdays; Hunter's Park, Thursdays.

MEAT DEPARTMENT.

Mutton Legs, per lb.....12½c
Mutton Shoulders, per lb.....10c
Lamb Legs, per lb.....15c
Lamb and Mutton Stews, per lb..5c
Veal Legs, whole, per lb.....12½c
Veal Loins, whole, per lb.....12½c
Veal Shoulders, per lb..10c to 12½c
Veal Stews, per lb.....8c to 10c
Smoked Hams, per lb.....13c
Fresh Killed Springs.....15c
Round Steak, per lb.....12½c
Pot Roasts—per lb.....10c
Rib Boiling—per lb.....5c
Pork Butts, per lb.....12½c
Pork Loins, per lb.....13c
Pork Chops, per lb.....14c
Pork Spare Ribs, per lb.....10c
Picnic Hams, per lb.....9c
Smoked Bacon, per lb.....14c
Fresh Killed Hens, per lb.....14c

A Plausible Statement

The people of Duluth certainly admit that we inaugurate GROCERY PRICES never heard of before. Our immense increase in business shows that they appreciate it and that other stores try to follow in our foot steps proves that WE LEAD them all.

A great sale of fine teas

Here is a chance to lay in a stock for the winter and as in everything else you can save from 20c to 30c on every pound.

Fancy Japan Tea

60c One that is a credit to our house and an honest value, Saturday..... **42c lb**

Gun Powder Tea

50c One that we bought direct from N. Y. and in close competition so that we can sell it for **34c lb**

Gun Powder Tea

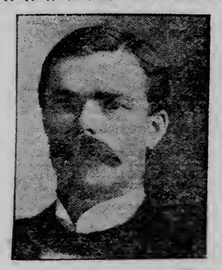
50c An elegant tight-roll tea, very clean and sold at high priced stores for 60c, our price **44c lb**

Good Japan Tea

50c Please compare this tea with what you buy at your store for 40c, our price..... **25c lb**

OPPEL GROCERY CO.

Telephones 48. Opposite City Hall on Superior St. Telephones 48.



LIKE MOTHER USED TO MAKE.

NONE SUCH MINCE MEAT

IN 2-PIE 10c PACKAGES. MERRELL-SOULE CO., SYRACUSE, N.Y.

John Sollie has had fifteen years' experience as butter-maker. He has been in some of the best creameries in Europe and in the United States. For a time he had charge of the largest butter-producing plant in New York State with gratifying results. He has been instructor in dairy schols in the United States and Europe.

READY FOR BUSINESS

DULUTH CREAMERY CO.

If you want good butter you must get none other than Gold Medal.

Mr. John Sollie, the champion butter maker in the United States, has charge of the making of it. As to his ability of making butter, the medals and diplomas won are on display in our store window.

Gold Medal Butter is pure and sweet. No meal is complete without it. It is put up in 1-lb prints, 2, 3 and 5-lb jars or larger packages if desired.



Championship Cup of U. S. A. 1902.

Our milk is better than anything on the market. Once a consumer has tried it, they will never try any other and we are satisfied they will all try it. When trying Duluth Creamery company's milk, take particular notice of the cream line, delivered in bottle or bulk.

Our Coffee Cream is a wonder. It is better coffee cream than is being sold in the city of Duluth and it don't cost you any more.



Edward F. Wagner has charge of this store. He has had ten years' experience as a clerk and he will see that nothing but the very best is sent to you. He knows just what you want and will send you just what you want. He invites his friends one and all to make a personal or a 'phone call.

Our Whipping Cream, you can wager, will whip considerably easier and quicker than any Whipping Cream offered to the consumers before, because it is rich and pure—the whole cream.

We also have strictly Fresh Eggs.

Our Cottage Cheese—everybody wants it.

DULUTH CREAMERY CO.
514 East Fourth St.
New 'Phone 1839. Old 'Phone 1617.

Now, when you have an opportunity to get the best of everything from us, why not give us a trial. Have our milk and cream wagon call on you every day with all of these good things. Our deliveries are prompt. We have a special wagon for your accommodation at any time of the day. Thanking you in advance for your patronage. **DULUTH CREAMERY CO.**

GOOD TEA AND COFFEE

is indispensable to a good meal. You're always sure of getting your moneys worth at this store, which handles these goods exclusively. No cheap premiums are worked off on you in order to charge exorbitant prices for inferior goods. You get one hundred cents worth for every dollar you spend here.

Saturday Specials.

Our best 38c Mocha & Java Coffee, per lb.....**35¢**
3 lbs. for $1.00.
Our reg. 30c Java & Mocha..**27¢**
4 lbs. for $1.00.
Our reg. 22c Coffee, per lb...**18¢**
6 lbs. for $1.00.
All our choice high-grade 60c Teas, tomorrow per lb.....**45¢**

10 bars Grandma's Wonder Soap .....**25¢**
Our best Laundry Soap, 8 bars for .....**25¢**
Our reg. 5c Toilet Soaps, 7 bars for .....**25¢**
Our reg. 10c Washing Blueing, per bottle.....**8¢**

G. F. AMBORN,

Wholesale and Retail.
Old 'phone 1098. 213 West First Street. Zenith 195.

MORK BROS.

529 and 531 West First Street—Both 'Phones.

THE BEST MEATS IN THE CITY AT THE LOWEST PRICES—READ THEM.

Sirloin Steak, per lb.....**16¢**
Porterhouse Steak, lb....**18¢**
Round Steak, per lb.....**15¢**
Beef Pot Roast..**6¢, 8¢, 10¢**
Beef Boiling.....**5¢ to 8¢**
Beef Rib Roast, a lb....**12½¢**
Pork Sausage .....**10¢**
Hamberger Steak... ..**10¢**
Bologna and Liver Sausages, per lb **10¢**, or 3 lbs for **25¢**
Mutton Chops, ..**12½¢, 18¢**
Mutton Legs, ...**12½¢, 15¢**
Bacon, per lb.....**14¢**
Ham, skinned .....**13¢**
Hens—per lb.....**14¢**
Spring Chicken—a lb..**15¢**

Save money on your Groceries. You can do it if you will come and inspect our fine line of FANCY GROCERIES. Everything is new, fresh and clean. No kept-over from last year stock here. Everything in our store has been purchased this fall. A trial will convince you that we are leaders in Low Prices for staple Groceries and a high quality of Meats. Give us a call.

Prompt deliveries to all parts of the city.
Careful attention given to 'phone orders.

BUTTER PURITY

Is essential to a well ordered table.

PRIMUS BRAND

Has taken a foremost place among the choice products of the Northwest.

ASK FOR IT

And its wholesomeness and delicious flavor will make it **your** Butter.

Churned daily by

The BRIDGEMAN & RUSSELL CO

16 West First St. Both 'Phones. 13 East Superior St.

ORDER FLOWERS FOR SUNDAY....

Violets, Carnations, Chrysanthemums, La Detroit Roses—all Duluth-grown.

EISCHEN BROS.,
Beautiful Flowers.
129 West Superior St.
1418 Tower Ave.

You no longer ride that wheel—why not trade it for a camera? Try it through our "For Sale and Exchange columns". House-hunting is made as easy as shopping through the help of our to rent columns.

People will move. You can have a new tenant move in the same day the old one moves out if you use our classified columns in time.

Good Things to Eat

Home Baking

The very best at a reasonable price.

Dinners and Lunches

Tomorrow we serve young turkey and chicken fricassee with English plum pudding.

Weddings and Banquets

Orders taken and filled promptly.

The Vienna,
207 W. Sup. St. Both Phones 310.

Duluth's Best Grocers.

O'Leary & Campbell

15 E. SUPERIOR STREET.

Red-Hot Specials for Saturday

Specials that will make other grocers wonder how we do it and why we do it. Specials that will bring us new customers and make our old ones happy.

SWEET POTATOES, peck..30c
PEARS, per peck.....40c
ONIONS, per peck.....40c
TALLMAN SWEET APPLES per peck 45c
FANCY MICH. PEACHES..40c
FANCY TOMATOES—10-lb baskets 45c
CRANBERRIES, 3 for 25c
SQUASH, two for 15c
FANCY CRABAPPLES.
Carrots, Beets, Bagas, per pk 15c
Mince Meat, 3 lbs for.....25c
5-lb. jars Butter $1.00
Shelled Popcorn—4 lbs.....25c
White Clover Honey.. .....15c
Florida Grape Fruit.....10c
Cooking Apples, per bus.....75c
New Laid Eggs, per doz.....25c
We have cheaper eggs if you want them.
Navy Beans, per peck.....50c
Fresh California Hams, per lb 9c

Use our 'phone—199.
Prompt Deliveries Everywhere.

When Down Town

Drop in at the BON-TON and enjoy a dainty lunch.

HOME BAKING—
PURE FRESH CANDIES,

BON-TON
Bakery and Candy Kitchen
GOODS DELIVERED.
25 W. Superior St. Zenith Phone 1166.

Coffee Served Free!

Tomorrow. Special attention called to our excellent Baking Powder premiums.

Sundby Tea Co.
16 East Superior St.

Boyce

Sells the best and purest drugs on the market.

That's Enough

Boyce

The Purity Drug Store

There Are Better Tenants to Be Had Than You Have Ever Had—So Don't "Turn a Hair" Over the Loss of a Poor One. Just Advertise.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

SHOPPING BY TELEPHONE.

	Old Phone.	New Phone.
MEAT MARKETS—		
B. J. Toben	22	22
Mork Bros.	677-M	189
LAUNDRIES—		
Yale Laundry	479	479
Lutes Laundry	447	447
Excelsior Steam Laundry	1002-M	1350
DRUGGISTS—		
Boyce	163	163
COAL AND FUEL—		
Ohio Fuel Co.	76	76
Finch Fuel Co.	1291	1291
Upham Coal Co.	256	485
FLORISTS—		
Seekins & Le Borious	1356	1626
BAKERIES—		
The Bon Ton		1166
ELECTRICAL CONTRACTING—		
Mutual Electric Co.	496	496
RUBBER STAMP WORKS—		
Con. Stamp & Printing Co.	702-K	755
FRENCH CLEANING—		
La Rose Dye Works	1202-R	1191
PLUMBING AND HEATING—		
McGurrin Plumbing and Heating Co.	515	
STOVE REPAIR WORKS—		
C. F. Wiggerts & Son	1154-K	554
GOLD AND SILVER PLATING—		
Duluth Plating Works	780	780

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

YOUNG LADY WITH SOME KNOWLedge of shorthand would like position in office. Address F. J. A. 1702 Piedmont avenue.

WOMAN WANTS TO DO COOKING IN small camp. Address I 25, Herald.

A YOUNG LADY WOULD LIKE TO DO bookkeeping evenings; experienced; references. Address I 51, Herald.

WANTED—PLAIN SEWING TO DO AT home. 209 West Third street.

WOMAN WANTS WORK BY THE day, or laundry to take home. G 3, Herald.

WANTED—A POSITION BY YOUNG lady in dental or physician office, or any clerical work. Q 88, Herald.

WANTED — SEWING IN FAMILIES by the day. 1921 West Third street.

SITUATIONS WANTED— MALE.

YOUNG MAN STENOGRAPHER AND bookkeeper wishes a position at once. Address J. A., Herald.

WANTED — POSITION BY YOUNG Scandinavian; anxious to get work where there is a chance for advancement. T. W., Herald.

MAN AND WIFE WOULD LIKE POsition on farm. Man a hustler and experienced farm hand. Woman good cook. Address C. Tanner, 5519 Grand avenue, West Duluth.

WANTED—BY SWEDISH YOUNG MAN, 19 years of age, some kind of work in store or elevator operator. Address A. F., Herald.

PALMIST.

Mme. De Vernon's Last Month in Duluth.

Learn your future. One dollar reader, 50 cents.

This will be your last chance to consult a recognized authority on the science of palmistry. When she is gone you will regret that you did not avail yourself of her wonderful knowledge and advice. She has read for such noted people as President Roosevelt, McKinley and other famous celebrities. Tells you for what business you are best adapted, family and love affairs. Lost or stolen articles traced. Over Bijou theater, 10 East Superior street. Hours, 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Readings Sundays.

MEDICAL.

MEN AND WOMEN—VITALIZED, "VIRTUama," is a French mode of treatment that is positively guaranteed to cure impotency and incontinence of urine resulting from indiscretions or debility, gives vitality and vigor to old and middle-aged, restoring the desires, ambitions and aspirations of youth and health, fitting for success and happiness in business, professional, social and married life. $2 a package or 3 for $5. Send your money to nearest druggist. He will deliver this trial in plain wrapper at your residence, prepaid. No one should expect cheaper remedies to rejuvenate them. Don't waste time and money with any others. Drugs to be supplied by jobbers.

FOR WOMEN ONLY—DR. RAYMOND'S Pills for delayed periods absolutely reliable, perfectly safe; no danger; no pain, no interference with work. Relief brought to thousands after everything else failed. By mail $2.00. Dr. R. G. Raymond Remedy Co., room 27, 34 Adams street, Chicago, Ill.

LADIES—Dr. LaFranco's Compound; safe speedy regulator, 25c; druggists or mail. Booklet free. Dr. LaFranco, Phila., Pa.

ALL KINDS FURS REPAIRED.

By an expert furrier, 35 years' experience. Charley Keller, 401 East Superior street.

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN THE conditions of a certain mortgage made and executed by John A. Gohcen, unmarried, mortgagor, to Byron T. Randall, mortgagee, dated May 28, 1889, and recorded July 25, 1889, at 5 o'clock p. m. in the Register of Deeds' office, St. Louis county, Minnesota, in Book 39 of Mortgages, page 414. Said default consists in the nonpayment of the principal sum secured thereby and of the interest thereon from May 28, 1892. There is claimed to be due and is actually due at the date of this notice, on said mortgage, the sum of Nine Hundred Thirty-nine Dollars and forty-six cents ($939.46), and said mortgage contains a power of sale which has become operative by reason of the default above mentioned, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover said debt or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of said premises therein described, situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, viz: Lots numbered fourteen (14) and sixteen (16), in block numbered two (2), in Superior View Addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof; which said premises, with the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging, will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Duluth, said County and State, Nov. 4, 1905, at ten o'clock a. m., at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and taxes, if any, on said premises, and Fifty Dollars ($50), attorney's fees, stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption within one year from the date of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Sept. 21, 1905.

BYRON T. RANDALL, Mortgagee.

WILLIAM O. PEALER, Attorney for Mortgagee, 604 Palladio Building, Duluth, Minnesota.

Duluth Evening Herald, Sept-22-29-Oct-6-13-20-27-1905.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

REAL ESTATE, FIRE INSURANCE AND RENTAL AGENCIES.

Wm. Prindle Co., Lonsdale building.
N. J. Upham Co., Burrows building.
John A. Stephenson, Wolvin building.
William C. Sargent & Co., Providence.
Chas. P. Craig & Co., 220 W. Sup. St.
L. A. Larsen & Co., 102 Providence.
'Phones 253.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT — TWO OR THREE UNfurnished rooms; all modern conveniences. 421 First avenue west.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS, light housekeeping allowed. 210 East Second street.

MODERN, LIGHT, PLEASANT, FURnished room; two gentlemen preferred. 320 West Third street.

FOR RENT — SMALL, BUT WARM, comfortable room in private family in one of the best neighborhoods in the city. $6. Respectable young man attending school or business college preferred. Address X 93, Herald.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS with steam heat and bath, with or without board, by day, week or month. Tremont hotel.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM. 125 East Superior street, opposite city hall.

FOR RENT—FOUR FURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping, East end 1524 Jefferson street.

FURNISHED ROOMS IN PRIVATE boarding house, rear postoffice. 422½ West Second street.

FOR RENT — LARGE ROOM WITH board; all conveniences, for man and wife or two men. 521 West Second St.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM. 102 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT — LARGE FRONT ROOM steamheated, use of telephone and bath; centrally located. 523 West Second St.

FOR RENT—SEVERAL UNFURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping. Vincent block, Twenty-first avenue west. Call Zenith 'phone 1389-X.

FOR RENT—TWO ROOMS FURNISHED for light housekeeping. 126 Sixth avenue west.

TWO FURNISHED BEDROOMS WANTed by two gentlemen. Rent not to exceed $6 each. Address I 18, Herald.

FOR RENT—TWO FURNISHED ROOMS for light housekeeping. 134 Mesaba avenue.

FOR RENT—MODERN FURNISHED rooms, with board, at 2820 West Third street. O. Miller.

FOUR UNFURNISHED STEAMHEATed rooms. Q 94, Herald.

FOR RENT—THREE ROOMS, UPstairs, at 216 Seventh avenue west.

FOR RENT—TWO OR THREE UNFURnished rooms for light housekeeping. 420 Sixth avenue west.

FOR RENT—AN EXCEPTIONALLY desirable furnished front room, for winter, with alcove, steam heat, gas, bath and telephone. 29 West Second street.

WARM, LIGHT, FRONT ROOM IN modern house, only $6; another, very large, on ground floor, $8. 468 Mesaba avenue.

FOR RENT—NEWLY PAPERED AND furnished rooms with board if desired. Apply 120 First avenue west.

TWO FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping, with bath. 823 East Third street.

FOR RENT—FRONT ROOM WITH ALcove, furnished or unfurnished, and small furnished room. House modern. Zenith 1456-A. No. 320 East Third St.

SIX ROOMS FOR RENT; CITY WATER, also four rooms, city water. Inquire 932 West First street.

FOR RENT—FOUR ROOMS, WATER and sewer. 1718 West Second street. $8.50 a month.

FOR RENT—A WELL-FURNISHED room, with all conveniences; newly papered. 501 East Third street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS, double or single, heated, ground floor. 219 Fifth avenue west.

THREE OR FOUR FURNISHED rooms. Call 1908 West Superior street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM, steam heat, gas, bath and telephone. 110 First avenue west.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT — FIVE-ROOM MODERN flats. 512 Lake avenue north. Inquire 515 Lake avenue north.

SEVEN-ROOM FLAT, ALL MODERN conveniences, except heat. Apply A. H. W. Eckstein & Co., 401 Exchange building.

TWO STEAM-HEATED FLATS AT NO. 126 East First street. Inquire of Richardson, Day & Co., Exchange building.

FOR RENT—TWO FIVE-ROOM FLATS in Bellevue terrace, Seventh avenue west and First street; all conveniences. N. J. Upham Co., 406 Burrows building.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT — A FIVE-ROOM COZY cottage; extra fine modern plumbing. 1917 Dingwold street. Apply 1831 East Superior street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE AT Lakeside from Dec. 1 until June 1, $15 per month. Inquire 5811 Grand avenue east.

FOR RENT — EIGHT-ROOM HOUSE. 832 West First street.

WANTED—ELDERLY MAN AND WIFE to rent half of furnished house, for winter, or two ladies, housekeeping; references exchanged; block car line. G 12, Herald.

FOR RENT—COMPLETELY FURNISHed modern house; rent nominal to right party. Address I 65, Herald.

FOR RENT — EIGHT-ROOM HOUSE, Thirty-second avenue east. Inquire Palmer house.

FOR RENT — NINE-ROOM HOUSE, first-class; water and steam heat furnished; cheapest rent in the city. Myers Bros., 205 Lyceum.

STENOGRAPHY.

GRACE BARNETT, 307 FIRST National Bank building.

IF YOU WILL BRING.

Suit to 10 Fourth avenue west, we press it for 50c; pants, 15c. J. Oreckovsky.

CHEMIST AND ASSAYER.

C. F. JOYCE, ANALYTICAL CHEMIST and assayer, successor to H. E. James, 631 Manhattan building. Old 'phone 1614.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

L. A. LARSEN,
The Reliable Real Estate Man,
(formerly with Geo. H. Crosby),
sells modern homes and choice building lots in all parts of the city. Land, factory sites and fire insurance. Confidential buyer for corporations and others.
102 Providence Building.
Both 'phones, 253.

LOAN OFFICES.

WE LOAN MONEY ON WATCHES, diamonds and all articles of value. Established the longest. The most reliable up-to-date place in the city. All business strictly confidential. Fire and burglar-proof safes. Crescent Brokers, 413½ West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY LOANED ON FURNITURE, Pianos, Cattle, Horses, Wagons, and all kinds of personal property; also to salaried people on their own notes. Easy payments. Confidential treatment.
WESTERN LOAN COMPANY,
521 Manhattan Building,
New 'phone, 936. Old 'phone, 759-R.

DON'T WORRY ABOUT MONEY!

We've got lots of it, and will loan it to you on your plain note, without security, at a very low rate. That's fair, isn't it? Come in and talk it over. We also loan on furniture, etc.
DULUTH FINANCE CO.,
301 Paladio Building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds and all articles of value from $1 to $1,000. Keystone Loan Co., 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, pianos, horses or other personal property without delay. No publicity. Established twenty years. Minnesota Loan company, 306 Palladio.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

UNION LOAN CO.—Makes loans, buys notes and mortgages. 210 Palladio.

MONEY SUPPLIED TO SALARIED people and others upon their own names, without security; easy payments. Offices in 51 cities. Tolmen, 609 Palladio building.

FOR SALE—HORSES.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,
Midway Horse Market, St. Paul, have the largest assortment of horses in the entire Northwest. Auction every Wednesday at 2 o'clock. Private sales daily. Part time given.

HORSES! HORSES!
JUST ARRIVED TWO CARLOADS OF FIRST-CLASS HEAVY LOGGING HORSES.
BEST THAT EVER CAME TO DULUTH.
FOR SALE AT BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN'S BARN, OPPOSITE DULUTH POSTOFFICE.

FOR SALE—HORSE, CALL 817 EAST Seventh street, or city tool house, Sixth avenue east and Superior street, or new 'phone 684.

GOOD, SOUND, HEAVY HORSE FOR sale. 208 East First street.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS, WELLbred driving mare, weight about 1,250 pounds; safe and speedy. S. Mortensd. 1931 West Superior street. Zenith 'phone 317.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD HORSES, JUST received. Must be sold quick. Seventh avenue east and Superior street.

WE HAVE ON HAND THE LARGEST assortment of big draft horses of any concern in the state. Come and see us before you buy. Satisfaction guaranteed. We try to please everybody. Sales stable, two blocks east of store on Fifth avenue. Stone-Ordean-Wells company.

L. HAMMEL & CO., 300-308 FIRST street, have a carload of fine horses and ponies for sale.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

PROF. ROBINSON—MANDOLIN, GUItar, Banjo. Flaaten's, 212 W. First St.

LADIES' TAILORING.

LADIES' SUITS, COATS, SKIRTS, shirtwaists, etc., made in the latest New York and Paris styles by skilled workmen. We carry complete line of all the latest shades in woolens, etc. Frank East, 605 Manhattan building. Will soon be at our new quarters over the Duluth Music Co.

WATCH REPAIRING.

WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING done promptly and in a thorough manner. J. Gruesen, 123 West Superior St.

CHIMNEY SWEEP.

Also furnace cleaning—No dust made in house Eastman Bros. Zenith, 1220.

IMROVED FARM LANDS.

GREAT BARGAINS IN IMPROVED farms. We have fine improved farms for sale in Minnesota, Michigan, Washington and Oregon. Our list of Oregon farms are great bargains. Prices run from $400 and up per farm and on easy payments. Come in and see our list. F. AM. LAND CO., 200 Torrey Bldg.

LIFE INSURANCE.

WRITTEN IN BEST COMPANIES. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

IT'S ESSENTIAL TO KNOW.

THAT THE RIGHT PLACE TO BUY your watches and jewelry is at Harris & Esterly's, where you can rely on a square deal. Spalding hotel.

MILLINERY.

MISS FITZPATRICK, 502 E. 4. Old 'phone

M. A. COX, 330 EAST FOURTH ST.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk factory, 220 W. Superior st.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST — SMALL BLACK COCKER spaniel pup dog. Return 410 East Fourth street for reward.

STRAYED OR STOLEN — A DARK brown spaniel pup by the name of "Scott;" hair worn off under chin. $5 reward for its return to 24½ East First street.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

FOR SALE — MISCELLANEOUS.

REMEMBER "F. F. F."

"F"INCH "F" OR "F"UEL.

BOTH 'PHONES.

109 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

FOR SALE—A GOOD PAYING WHOLEsale and retail candy factory; good location and cheap rent. Parties retiring from business. Address J. B. 270, Herald.

A HOLIDAY SUGGESTION.

	Reg. Price.
Country Life in America	$4.00
World's Work	3.00
Review of Reviews	3.00
Success	1.00

Our Price for all $6.00

$11.00
Order Now.
Everything in Magazines.
ZENITH SUBSCRIPTION AGENCY.
Old 'phone, 987-L. 417 Burrows Bldg.

FOR SALE.
A BEAUTIFUL LOT IN CHANDLER Park addition on payments of $1 per week. This is a fine chance for a poor man to secure a home.

S. S. WILLIAMSON,
615 Torrey Bldg.
Zenith 'phone, 135; Duluth 'phone, 1357.

DID IT EVER OCCUR TO YOU THAT it would be profitable to prowl around our book store or write for what you want? We buy, sell, exchange all kinds of books. Lundberg & Stone, 221 West Superior street.

FOR SALE — CARPETS FOR ROOM and alcove; sewing machine and center table, cheap for cash. 2219 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—NICE HEATER IN FIRSTclass condition at No. 20 First avenue west.

FOR SALE OR RENT CHEAP — A four-room cottage, barn and chicken coop at Colbyville.

FOR SALE — IRON COUCH BED, dresser, two center tables and guitar. No. 10 Mason flats.

FOR SALE—ALL THE HANDSOME house plants and flowers of the Burrows home. Sale tomorrow morning, between 9 and 10. 1632 East First street.

FERNS—CLEAN UP SALE OF LOVELY ferns, 15 cents to $1.50. Cut chrysanthemums at wholesale prices. Lindsay's greenhouses, Lester Park.

FOR SALE — OLD DINING ROOM table and chairs, very cheap. Call 215 West Third street.

FURNITURE FOR SALE — FIVE rooms. Call at 1220 East Fourth.

FOR SALE—OPHIR TUNNEL, 35 CENTS for quick money. P. O. Box No. 227.

FOR SALE—BUCKS STOVE HEATER, wood or coal. 2440 Minnesota avenue.

FOR SALE — LAWYER SET OF AMerican Digest, cheap for cash. E. A. Silberstein, 9 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—ONE ENGLISH SETTER pup. Thoroughbred. Call at 2415 West Fifth street.

FOR SALE — COAL STOVE, CHEAP; good as new. 1635 South Lake avenue.

FOR SALE—SOLID OAK SIDEBOARD; costs $55, will sell for $25; also dining room chairs, carpet and pictures. Inquire at jewelry store, 428 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—HOUSEHOLD GOODS. Including feather beds, stoves and everything in the line of housekeeping utensils. Inquire 108 West Second street.

FOR SALE—LARGE SIZE ZENITH range, in splendid condition. A big snap at $15 if taken at once. Call 215 West Third street.

FOR SALE — HEATER, GAS RANGE and dining table. 1419 East First street.

MOTHERS, ATTENTION! DO YOU know that you can save from 20 to 50 per cent on your fall and winter purchases in children's and men's clothing, shoes, hats, caps, underwear, gents' furnishings, children's furnishings, and in fact everything that you might need in wearables for men and boys. Special—We have a few sample children's suits that we must close out at once; the suits range in sizes from 5 to 15; they will go at one-third less than wholesale cost, at the Lyceum Clothing and Shoe House, 423 West Superior street, in Lyceum building.

THE GOPHER SHOE REPAIR WORKS does it while you wait.

FOR SALE—COWS.

S. M. KANER HAS FRESH MILCH cows for sale. 1219 East Seventh street.

JOHN E. JOHNSON HAS ARRIVED with a carload of fresh milch cows. 701 South Twenty-third avenue east.

A LA MONT HAS ARRIVED WITH A carload of fresh milch cows at Johnson's yard, Twenty-sixth avenue west.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

ANDERSON'S DETECTIVE AGENCY — B. F. Anderson, Mgr., 527 Manhattan building, Duluth. Zenith 'phone 660; residence, 1213.

BUSINESS MEN'S LUNCHES.

CLUB RESTAURANT, 217 WEST SUperior street, upstairs, is a good place to eat. Try our Business Men's lunch, 25c.

EAT AT BRANCH BETHEL.

GO TO THE BRANCH BETHEL, 508 West Superior street for dinner today. Regular dinner from 11:30 to 2:30, including your choice of meats or fish two kinds of vegetables, bread and best of creamery butter, pudding, tea, coffee or milk—15 cents. Quick service. Clean linen. Wholesome food.

ARCHITECTS.

FRANK L. YOUNG & CO., 201 Pal. Bldg.

HARDWARE, SPORTING GOODS

FOR BEST QUALITY AND LOWEST prices see Joseph E. Fox, 628 West Superior street. New 'phone, 602.

SPECIAL STOVE REPAIRING.

WE FURNISH STOVE REPAIRING for 175 makes and styles. Stoves cleaned and set up, short notice. Art Plating and Stove Repair Works, 214 East Superior street. Both 'phones.

COD LIVER OIL.

1905 IMPORT COD LIVER OIL. Alfred Swedberg, 2015 West Superior street.

STOVE REPAIRS.

DULUTH STOVE REPAIR WORKS, 217 East Superior street. Both 'phones.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

PRINTERS—KEEP AWAY FROM DUluth. The eight-hour strike is on. Offices are now closed. Duluth Typographical union.

WANTED—100 MEN, BOYS AND WOMen to dig up any old gold jewelry you can find, for which we will pay highest cash price. We need gold in our factory. Harris & Esterly, Jewelers, 428 West Superior street, Spalding Hotel.

NON-UNION PRINTERS WANTED—Compositors willing to work in open shop wanted; wages $18 per week of 54 hours work. Permanent positions guaranteed to competent men or women. Address P. O. Box 139, Duluth.

IF YOUR WATCH IS NOT SATISFACtory leave it at Harris & Esterly's watch hospital and have it made good as new at a small cost. Spalding hotel.

ENERGETIC AND AMBITIOUS MEN, who are willing to work and desirous of bettering their financial condition, can secure pleasant and profitable employment securing members for the Modern Samaritans. Full and complete instructions given. No previous experience necessary. Apply 702 Palladio building, Duluth.

WANTED — SALESMAN — GOOD wages and steady employment. Apply between 7 and 8 p. m., 524 Manhattan building.

WANTED—TWELVE CARPENTERS. Apply Barnett & Record.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED ASSISTant in shipping room; one familiar in handling furniture. French & Bassett.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN TO LEARN trade. Apply Duluth Dye works, 2023 West Superior street.

WANTED — MEN TO SELL BEST storm sash hanger on market. Joseph E. Fox, 628 West Superior street. New 'phone 602. Open evenings.

WANTED—BELL BOYS AT SPALDING hotel.

WANTED—MAN, OR MAN AND WIFE to take care of farm for the winter in exchange for use of house and wood. No stock. Hines Logging company is within one-half mile. Apply at once to W. J. Hayes, Herald office.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN OR BOY IN wall paper and decorating dept. Must be a worker. Panton & White Co.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED CLERK at Tremont Hotel.

EVENING CLASS IN WINDOW card writing for clerks and salesmen; small cost; competent instructor. Apply Y. M. C. A.

WANTED, FOR U. S. ARMY, ABLEbodied, unmarried men, between ages of 21 and 35; citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write English. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, Torrey Building, Duluth, Minn.

THE NATIONAL SCHOOL OF SALESmanship qualifies and fits young men for desirable positions in the store or on the road. You can earn while learning. See the school's representative at Hotel Lenox. Hours, 8 to 11 a. m., 7 to 10 p. m.

WANTED—WILL PAY GOOD WAGES to a good man who will take charge of barn in this city, must be single and sober. A. B. C. Herald.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED CLOTHing salesman. Apply at 201 West Superior street, upstairs.

EXPERIENCED DELIVERYMAN FOR grocery. 114-116 West Superior street.

WANTED—MEN TO BUY THOR RYE, high grade; six quarts and a suit case for $5.85. We pay express charges. Send money with order and this advertisement. O'Donnell & Co., 44 South Third street, Minneapolis.

WANTED — TWO COATMAKERS AT once; steady work. J. W. Brownell, Two Harbors, Minn.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS SALESMAN at once; must give reference. G. F. Amborn, 213 West First street.

WANTED—TWO GOOD PATTERN makers for architectural iron work. Apply The Herzog Iron Works, St. Paul.

WANTED — TEN BLACKSMITHS FOR woods work for good companies; wages $60 per month and board; positions guaranteed. Apply to Duluth Employment company.

WANTED FOR THE UNITED STATES marine corps, Unmarried men between the ages of 21 and 35, able-bodied, of good character and temperate habits, citizens of the United States, or who legally declare their intention to become such; must speak, read and write English; marines serve at sea, on men-of-war, in all parts of the world, on land in our island possessions and at navy yards in the United States. Recruits desiring service in the Philippine islands may be enlisted accordingly. Apply at 5 South Fifth avenue west, Duluth.

MEN TO LEARN BARBER TRADE. Splendid opportunity. Write for Illust. Cat. Moler Barber Col., Minneapolis.

FARM LANDS.

FARM OF 130 ACRES; 60 ACRES TILLable; highly improved; balance in timber; fine dwelling and outbuildings; located near a good business town; price $2,800. C. M. Hammond, real estate broked, Milford, Del.

DELAWARE FARM—THIRTY-THREE acres, nicely located along public road; small dwelling and out-buildings, 300 peach trees; big bargain; price $1,250. C. M. Hammond, real estate broker, Milford, Del.

A LARGE NUMBER OF SELECT DELAware farms for sale, beautifully located. Write for free catalogue. C. M. Hammond, real estate broker, Milford, Del.

IMPROVED FARM LANDS OF 40 TO 160 acres in St. Louis, Carlton and Douglas counties for sale at low prices and on easy terms. Guaranty Farm Land company, 416 Lyceum building.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKERS, 16 SECOND AVENUE WEST

PERSONAL.

PIANO LESSONS GIVEN BY COMPEtent male piano teacher. One hour lesson, 50c. Evenings only. Address I 62, Herald.

SAFE, SURE, GUARANTEED FEMALE Pens—quickly relieve suppression from any cause, $2. French Remedy company, Box 367, Duluth, Minn.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSON, GRADUATE MIDWIFE, female complaints, 413 Seventh avenue east. Old 'phone, 1543; Zenith, 1225.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED—EVERY WOMAN TO TRY Dr. Le Grau's female regulator. Guaranteed. Kugler, Your Druggist, 105 West Superior street.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED WAIST and skirt makers. La Ferte, 24 West Superior street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; small family. 1116 East Third street.

WANTED — TWO FIRST-CLASS MILlinery saleslades and three makers at once. Miss A. M. Seigne, Superior, Wis.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 1515 East Superior street.

WANTED—APPRENTICE GIRLS FOR sewing. 708 East First street.

WANTED — AT ONCE, DINING ROOM girl. Oregon restaurant, 515 West Superior street.

WANTED — WAITRESS AT ONCE. Vienna Bakery. 207 West Superior street. Call evenings.

WANTED — CHAMBERMAID, 239 ST. Croix alley.

WANTED — A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Mrs. R. R. Forward, 2701 West Fourth street.

WANTED—A COOK AND HOUSEMAID for a family of three; references required. 1528 East Third street.

FIRST-CLASS GIRL FOR GENERAL housework wanted at 1510 East Second street. Three in family.

GIRLS WANTED TO TRIM CIGAR boxes. No. 30 First avenue west.

WANTED—APPRENTICE GIRL UNder 17 to learn hair dressing. Apply Miss Horrigan, over Gidding's.

WANTED—GOOD WOMAN TO DO sweeping and dusting. No other need apply. Call this evening. 2320 Fourth avenue west.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS COOK AND chambermaid at 234 St. Croix avenue.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 901 East Fifth street.

COOK, DISHWASHERS, WAITRESSES, laundresses, general housework and nurse girl. Somer's Emp., 17 2nd Ave. E.

WANTED — WASHWOMAN. APPLY Mrs. C. H. Thornton, 1514 East Third St.

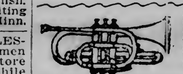
WANTED — NURSE GIRL. APPLY Mrs. C. H. Thornton, 1514 East Third St.

WANTED—TO BUY.

SMALL AND LARGE TRACTS OF CUTover lands. North. Realty Co., Duluth.

WANTED—RIPE PINE NORWAY AND tamarack piling from 20 to 45 feet long; 12 to 14-inch butts, 8 to 10-inch tops; on cars, any station. A. J. McDonald, box 144, Superior.

LEADING MUSIC STORE.



MUSIC and musical merchandise of every description. Edison phonographs, band and orchestral instruments, pianos and organs. INGVALD WESTGAARD, 7 and 9 First Avenue West.

WANTED--TO RENT.

WANTED TO RENT — ROOMS BEtween Eighth avenue and Third avenue west, on First street. 1322 West Superior street.

TALKING MACHINES.

BRUNSWICK CO.
110 West Superior Street.
Wholesale and retail dealers in Victor Talking Machines and Edison Phonographs. We carry all records in catalogue. Mail orders solicited.

LADIES' AND GENTS' CLOTHES.

G. Shapiro, 721 W. Superior St., pays the highest price for old clothes. Zen. 1582-X

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

Mrs. Banks, midwife, 330 St. Croix ave. Private hospital. 'Phones, old, 749-L; new, 976.

MRS. H. OLSON, GRADUATE MIDwife, 329 North Fifty-eighth avenue, West Duluth. Zenith 3124-X.

DYE WORKS.

DULUTH DYE WORKS, 3 W. SUP. ST. 2023 W. Sup. St. Old, 1341-L; Zenith, 1334

EXCURSION TO CUBA.

WE WILL HAVE A LAND SEEKERS' excursion to Cuba the first part of November, come with us and see our fine fruit lands we have for sale near Havana. F. AM. LAND CO., 200 Torrey building.

BOSTON HAIR PARLORS.

FACIAL BLEMISHES, HAIR MOLES, warts removed by electricity. Shampooing, manicuring, hair switches. Miss Kelly, opp. Glass Block. Both 'phones.

A. GINGOLD

Has removed his Umbrella Shop from 209 W. Sup. street to 125 E. Sup street.

BOARD OFFERED.

BUSINESS MEN SAVE VALUABLE time, eating at Mrs. Gruesen's; quick service, home cooking, prices right. 329 West First street.

ROOM WITH BOARD. INQUIRE AT 432 East Second street.

BOARD AND PLEASANT, WARM rooms; modern house, private family. 226 East Third street.

BOARD AND ROOM, 211 WEST SECond street.

BOARD AND ROOM, 517 WEST FIRST street.

ROOM AND BOARD, 218 WEST THIRD street.

ROOM AND BOARD, 202 WEST THIRD street.

BOARD AND NICELY FURNISHED rooms, 122 East First street.

BOARD AND ROOM, 305 E. THIRD ST.

CIVIL ENGINEER.

DULUTH ENGINEERING CO.—W. B. Patton, Mgr., 613 Palladio bldg. Specifications prepared and construction superintended for waterworks, sewers, etc.

MASSAGE PARLORS.

MRS. C. R. KILEY, at Knauf Sisters.

HALL FOR RENT.

Steinway Hall, for private parties and concerts. Bradbury School of Music.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting, first and third Monday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Nov. 6, 1905. Work—Second degree. Guy A. Enton, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Oct. 23, 1905. Work—First degree. William D. Underhill, W. M.; H. S. Newell, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M. —Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, Oct. 25, 1905. Work—M.M.P.M.M.E.M. and Royal Arch degree. William A. McGonagle, H. P.; W. T. TenBrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T. —Stated conolave, first Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p. m. Special conclave Oct. 21, 4:00—Dinner, 6:30. Order of the Red Cross and Temple, Masonic Temple, Lake avenue and Second street. C. W. Wilson, Em. Com.; Alfred Le Richeaux, recorder.

SCOTTISH RITE.
Regular meetings every Thursday evening of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, Oct. 26, 1905. Work—General business. Jerome E. Cooley, secretary.

EUCLID LODGE, NO. 198, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings first and third Wednesday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, Oct. 18. Work—Second degree. Guy A. Enton, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

K. O. T. M.

DULUTH TENT, NO. 1, MEETS EVERY Wednesday in K. O. T. M. hall, 224 West First street. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. J. P. Peterson, commander; Charles J. Hector, finance keeper, 32 West First street. J. B. Gelineau, record keeper, office in hall. For rent of hall apply at record keeper's office. Hours, 10 a. m. to 1:30 p. m. and Saturday evening.

MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1 meets at Elks' hall every Thursday evening at 8 p. m. Next meeting Oct. 19. Benefit degree. F. A. Noble, G. S.; Effie Johnson, L. G. S.; Wallace P. Wellbanks, scribe; T. A. Gall, financial scribe.

A. O. U. W.

105 meets at new Maccabee hall, 224 West First street, every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Lee Warner, M. W.; W. W. Pensternacher, recorder; O. J. Murvold, financier, 217 East Fifth street.

A. O. U. W.

DULUTH LODGE, NO. 10, meets in Odd Fellows' hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. George J. Sherman, M. W.; J. W. Shepherdson, financier; A. E. Blake, recorder. Sick benefits meets 7:30 o'clock.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock sharp at 118 West Superior street, Tuesday, Oct. 17. Work in the Third. Supper served at 6 o'clock. G. E. Stornis, C. C.; H. B. Young, R. S. All visiting knights invited.

I. O. F.

COURT COMMERCE, NO. 3283, Independent Order of Foresters, meets first and third Friday evenings, at 8 o'clock, at Rowley's hall, No. 112 West First street. Next meeting Oct. 20, 1905. Cards, R. J. Pickard, C. R.; W. W. Hoopes, R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.

DULUTH AERIE, NO. 79, MEETS every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock p. m. at Eagle hall, Folz building, 116 West Superior street. W. E. Brown, W. P.; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary, 11 First avenue east. Apply to W. E. Brown, 417 West Superior street, for rental of hall.

M. W. A.

IMPERIAL CAMP, NO. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, first and third Mondays. Visiting members always welcome. P. B. Beaupre, V. C.; N. P. Turnbladt, banker; R. Rankin, clerk.

CLAN STEWART, NO. 50, O. S. C.—Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at 8 p. m., in Folz hall, West Superior street. John G. Ross, chief; Malcolm MacDonald, secretary; John Burnett, financial secretary, 10 Mason flats. Next meeting, Wednesday,

Section 1. Pages 1 to 12.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

24 Pages

TWENTY-THIRD YEAR. LAST EDITION. SATURDAY, OCTOBER 21, 1905. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

PRESIDENT RAPS THE "KNOCKERS" OF CANAL

WORK VERY DIFFICULT

But the Great Waterway Will Certainly Be Built.

Canal Will Be Particularly Beneficial to Gulf States.

President Makes Speech to People of Jacksonville, Florida.

Jacksonville, Fla., Oct. 21.—The presidential party arrived here at 10.20 this morning on a special train. On its arrival at the depot, where thousands of cheering people had gathered, a special reception committee proceeded to the president's car and gave him a cordial greeting. The president looked fresh and vigorous, after a night's sleep, and expressed himself delighted with being in Florida. The day was fine. There was no formal exercises at the depot, and as soon as the president and his party were seated in carriages, the grand marshal ordered the First Florida regiment, which acted as an escort, to march, and an imposing parade began through the principal streets.

After driving through the principal streets, the president was taken to the Seminole club, where thousands of people greeted him. Mayor Nolan welcomed the president and introduced Governor Broward, who presented the president to the people, who spoke as follows:

Here in Florida, the first of the Gulf states which I have visited upon this trip, I wish to say a special word about the Panama canal. I believe that the canal will be of great benefit to all our people, but most of all to the states of the South Atlantic, the Gulf and the Pacific slope. When completed the canal will stand as a monument to this nation; for it will be the greatest engineering feat ever yet accomplished in the world. It will be a good thing for the world as a whole, and for the people of the isthmus anu of the northern points of South America in particular. Because of our special interest in it, and because of the position we occupy on this hemisphere, it is a matter of special pride to us that our nation, the American nation, should have undertaken the performance of this world duty. A body of the most eminent engineers in the world, both Americans and foreigners, has been summoned to advise as to the exact type of canal which should be built. At no distant date I hope to be able to announce what their advice is, and also the action taken upon their advice. Meanwhile the work is already well under way, and has advanced sufficiently far to enable me to announce with certainty that it can surely be accomplished, and probably at rather less expense than was anticipated. But upon the last point, as well as upon the question of time, no positive statement can be made until the report of the commission of engineers as to the exact type of canal has been received.

> The work is as difficult as it is important, and it is of course inevitable that from time to time difficulties will occur and checks be encountered.

When ever such is the case, the men of little faith at home will lose that little faith, and the critics who confound hysteria with emphasis will act after their kind. But the people as a whole possess not only faith, but resolution, and are of too virile fiber to be swayed one way or the other by mere sensationalism. No check that may come will be of more than trivial and passing consequence, will inflict any permanent damage, or cause any serious delay. The work can be done, is being done, and will be done.* What has already been accomplished is a guaranty as to the future.

When any such work is undertaken there are always many mere adventurers who flock to where it is going on, and many men who think they are adventurers, but who are in reality either weak or timid, follow in their footsteps. Some of the first class will now and then cause trouble in one way or another. But every care will be taken to detect any misdeed on their part and to punish them as soon as the misdeed is detected. As for the second class they will cause trouble chiefly by losing heart, returning home, or writing home, and raising the cry that they are not happy and that the conditions of life are not easy, or that the work is not being done as they think it ought to be done. Now these men stand just as the stragglers and laggards stand who are ever to be found in the rear of even a victorious army. The veterans of the civil war who are here present will tell you that the very rear of an army, even when it is victorious, is apt to look and behave as if the victory were defeat. And just the same thing is true in any great enterprise in civil life; there are always weaklings who get trampled down or lose heart, and there are always people who listen to their complaints. They amount to nothing one way or the other, so far as achieving results is concerned, and their complaints and outcries need never detain us.

I call your attention specifically to the matter of health on the Isthmus. The climate was supposed to be deadly, and yellow fever, in especial, was supposed to be epidemic. Yet since we have assumed control there has been far less yellow fever than in our own country. The administration is steadily becoming better and more effective, from the hygienic as well as from every other, standpoint.

> The work of building the canal is a great American work, in which the whole American people are interested.

It has nothing to do with parties or partisanship, and is being carried on with absolute disregard to all merely political considerations; with regard only to efficiency, honesty and economy.

The digging of the canal will, of course, greatly increase our interest in the Caribbean sea. It will be our duty to police the canal, both in the interest of other nations and in our own interest. To do this it is, of course, indispensable to have an efficient navy (and I am happy to say that we are well on our way toward having one), and also to possess, as we already possess, certain strategic points to control the approach to the canal. In addition it is urgently necessary that the insular and continental countries within or bordering upon the Caribbean sea should be able to secure fair dealing and orderly liberty within their own borders. I need not say that the United States not only has no purpose of aggression upon any republic, continental or insular, to the south of us, but has the friendliest feeling toward them, and desires nothing save their progress and prosperity. We do not wish another foot of territory; and I think our conduct toward Cuba is a guaranty that this is our genuine attitude toward all our sister republics. If ever we should have to interefere in the affairs of any of our neighbors it would only be when we found it impossible longer to refrain from doing so without serious damage following; and even in such case it would only be with the sincere and effective purpose to make our interference beneficial to the peoples concerned. Of course, occupying the position we do, occasion may now and then arise when we can not refrain from such interference, save under penalty of seeing some other strong nation undertake the duty which we neglect; and such neglect would be unfortunate from mere than one standpoint.

> Wherever possible we should gladly give any aid we can to a weaker sister republic which is endeavoring to achieve stability and prosperity.

It is an ungenerous thing for us to refuse such aid; and it is foolish not to give it in a way that will make it really effective, and therefore of direct benefit to the people concerned—and of indirect benefit to us, simply because it is a benefit to them. In the last resort, and only in the last resort, it may occasionally be necessary to interfere by exercising what is virtually an international police power, if only to avoid seeing some European power forced to exercise it. In short, while we must interfere always cautiously, and never wantonly; yet, on rare occasions, where the need is great, it may be necessary to interfere, unless we are willing to confess ourselves too feeble for the task we have undertaken, and to avow that we are willing to surrender it into stronger hands; and such confession and avowal I know my countrymen too well to believe that they will ever make.

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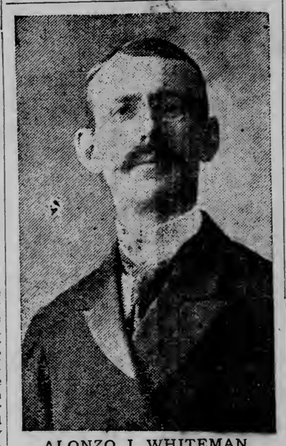
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Bridgeport, Conn., Oct. 21.—The chances that the police will recover nearly the whole of the $101,000 stolen from the Adams Express company, in Pittsburg, by Edward G. Cunliffe, who was arrested Thursday and taken to Pittsburg Wednesday, seem bright. Last night $9,065 was found in a trunk belonging to a butler in a prominent family at Blackrock, but the butler and the family by whom he was employed were ignorant of the fact that the large sum was within the house. Although there is a possibility that the remaining $10,500 has been destroyed, the police are of the opinion that another accomplice of Cunliffe may reveal the hiding place of the missing sum. In round numbers $90,000 have been found within the past twenty-four hours. After figuring on about $500 as the amount which Cunliffe has spent, of which was found on him when arrested, there remains the sum of $10,500 yet to be accounted for. The discovery of the money in the Blackrock home, last night, was brought about by keeping a close watch on one of Cunliffe's chance acquaintances, George Eisenman, who was with Cunliffe when he was arrested. According to Eisenman's story, he met Cunliffe in a cheap hotel, Wednesday night, the two being together for some time. Cunliffe had a package with him, and as the men were about to leave each other, Cunliffe said that he wanted Eisenman to take care of the package, as it was laundry which he wanted to keep in a safe place. Eisenman took the bundle to his sister's house, and when alone opened it and found the big sum of money.

Capt. Arnold of the detective bureau who konws Eisenman and who saw him with Cunliffe when the latter was taken, went to the home of Eisenman's sister and found the bundle of shirts, but no money and he suspected that Eisenman had abstracted a part of Cunliffe's plunder. Eisenman was shadowed all day yesterday and he was seen to give a small package to his friend, the butler. Last night Eisenman was taken to the Blackrock house and asked the butler for the package. He went to his trunk and turned it over to Capt. Arnold intact. The butler had not been told what was in the package. Capt. Arnold would not reveal the name of the butler or the family which employed him.

Eisenman was taken to police headquarters, but was released later.

Two other new features of the chapter of events in connection with the capture of Cunliffe cropped out last

(Continued on page 5, sixth column.)

NELSON'S VICTORY

At Trafalgar Celebrated All Over the British Empire.

The One Hundredth Anniversary of That Famous Battle.

London, Oct. 21.—In every part of the British empire today and wherever a British man-of-war floats, the 100th anniversary of Nelson's victory over the combined fleets of France and Spain off Cape Trafalgar is being celebrated. On all the ships of the navy at a given hour flags were dipped while the bands played the dead march. Nelson's old flagship, the Victory still lying in Portsmouth harbor was decked from stem to stern with bunting and thousands of electric lights were strung everywhere for the night illumination of the old battleship. It was proposed to illuminate the Nelson monument on Trafalgar square here but fearing a tremedous crush of people with the accompanying accidents the authorities forbade it.

In London the day's celebration began with the hoisting of national flags on the Nelson column. Immense crowds assembled and when Nelson's famous signal "England expects this day that every man shall do his duty" was unfurled a mighty cheer went up.

The day was cold and threatening but this did not deter the people from coming out to participate in the national holiday. Trafalgar square which was elaborately decorated was naturally the center to which all converged and much interest was manifested in the thousands of wreaths from the colonies, provinces and various cities of the empire which were piled in immense masses at the base of the Nelson column. Among the floral tributes occupying the more prominent positions was a wreath inscribed "To the memory of the gallant dead of France and Spain who lost their lives in the great conflict."

The column itself was covered with laurel.

The boys of the naval brigade arrived at the scene from Portsmouth during the morning and after saluting the column by presenting arms placed on it a wreath from Admiral Togo.

Services which were all largely attended were held simultaneously in St. Paul's cathedral where Nelson is buried and in other churches.

The league took charge of the celebrations in the afternoon and besides the services at Trafalgar square, similar ceremonies were held simultaneously under the league's auspices throughout the country, consisting of special prayers and the singing of Kipling's "Recessional" and the national anthem. In Trafalgar square the national anthem was played by massed bands while the crowds which filled every corner of the big space joined in the singing. Tomorrow services will be held in all the churches; those at St. Paul's cathedral being of an official nature, will be attended by British naval officers and the naval attaches of the powers. Capt. Stockton, the American naval attache here, will represent the United States.

As a more permanent recognition of the centenary the navy league proposes to improve the Trafalgar square by increasing the statuary and erecting majestic fountains typifying Great Britain's naval successes.

ENDS LIFE AT AITKIN

Rushes Into Jail Office and Seizes the Turnkey's Gun.

Threatens Official and Going Back to Cell Kills Himself.

Leaves Letter Abusing California Wife and the Judge..

Aitkin, Minn., Oct. 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—W. C. Arons, known as the "Bonesetter" who was sentenced to six years in prison after being found guilty of bigamy and grand larceny, committed suicide by shooting in the county jail at 9:45 a. m. today. Sheriff Haugen was down town and John Erickson, the turnkey, sat in the office writing. The "Bonesetter" rapped on the door and Erickson answered, opening the door a short distance when Arons made a rush for the desk, grabbed a big 44 Colt revolver and waving the officer back with the gun, returned to his cell and blew the top of his head off.

This bold play was entirely unlooked for by the officers, as the prisoner had been very submissive and even childish up to this time.

He left a note asking that his first wife, now divorced, be notified and his remains delivered to her. He said he would not serve a day's time and made his threat good. His California wife and the judge were abused but no mention was made of the Aitkin wife. Coroner Belsheim was immediately called.

Sheriff Haugen regrets the affair deeply, but says he is thankful his turnkey did not take any chances with the prisoner who has been without morphine since arrested and was in a desperate frame of mind.

WOMAN MURDERED BY FORMER FRIEND

Chicago, Oct. 21.—Mrs. Clara McCluskey, who was shot down at the rear door of her saloon, 666 West Madison street, at 2 o'clock yesterday morning, was murdered by her former friend, Mrs. Clara H. Buckley. Jealousy over the friendship of Mrs. McCluskey with Albert Tyrman; an electrician, led to the crime. Mrs. Buckley, who was arrested denied all knowledge of the crime, but last night after being questioned for several hours by the police she broke down and confessed.

PREDICTED COLD SNAP STRIKES LOUISIANA.

New Orleans, Oct. 1.—The predicted cold snap struck Louisiana during the night, sending the temperature down into the forties over a large portion of the state.

The fever situation in both the city and state continues to improve rapidly. Only one death occurred all over the state yesterday.

There is rapid improvement of the situation along the gulf coast. The embargo against bananas, it is announced, will be lifted Nov. 1.

HIGH PRICES OF LEATHER ALARMS MANUFACTURERS

New York, Oct. 21.—The advance in the price of leather of all grades, which has been steady and continuous for the past two months, has reached a point where the manufacturers of leather goods are taking alarm and beginning to talk of raising prices all along the line, says today's Journal of Commerce. Already the Chicago shoe manufacturers have advanced their prices 50 cents per pair, and there was talk here to the effect that eastern manufacturers would follow suit within a few days. Never in the history of the leather trade have the prices of hides been so high for a continuous period of time. It has been an extraordinary situation and its existence is charged up to the Chicago packers.

CHAMBERLAIN ACQUITTED.

Auburn, Neb., Oct. 21.—At the conclusion of a week's trial District Judge Good last evening sustained a motion to dismiss the charge against Charles M. Chamberlain, accused of wrecking the Chamberlain bank of Tecamah. The specific charge was embezzlement. This was the second trial of Chamberlain, the defendant winning in each.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Section 1. Pages 1 to 12.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

24 Pages

TWENTY-THIRD YEAR. LAST EDITION. SATURDAY, OCTOBER 21, 1905. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

PRESIDENT RAPS THE "KNOCKERS" OF CANAL

WORK VERY DIFFICULT

But the Great Waterway Will Certainly Be Built.

Canal Will Be Particularly Beneficial to Gulf States.

President Makes Speech to People of Jacksonville, Florida.

Jacksonville, Fla., Oct. 21.—The presidential party arrived here at 10.20 this morning on a special train. On its arrival at the depot, where thousands of cheering people had gathered, a special reception committee proceeded to the president's car and gave him a cordial greeting. The president looked fresh and vigorous, after a night's sleep, and expressed himself delighted with being in Florida. The day was fine. There was no formal exercises at the depot, and as soon as the president and his party were seated in carriages, the grand marshal ordered the First Florida regiment, which acted as an escort, to march, and an imposing parade began through the principal streets.

After driving through the principal streets, the president was taken to the Seminole club, where thousands of people greeted him. Mayor Nolan welcomed the president and introduced Governor Broward, who presented the president to the people, who spoke as follows:

Here in Florida the first of the Gulf states which I have visited upon this trip, I wish to say a special word about the Panama canal. I believe that the canal will be of great benefit to all our people, but most of all to the states of the South Atlantic, the Gulf and the Pacific slope. When completed the canal will stand as a monument to this nation; for it will be the greatest engineering feat ever yet accomplished in the world. It will be a good thing for the world as a whole, and for the people of the isthmus and of the northern points of South America in particular. Because of our special interest in it, and because of the position we occupy on this hemisphere, it is a matter of special pride to us that our nation, the American nation, should have undertaken the performance of this world duty. A body of the most eminent engineers in the world, both Americans and foreigners, has been summoned to advise as to the exact type of canal which should be built. At no distant date I hope to be able to announce what their advice is, and also the action taken upon their advice. Meanwhile the work is already well under way, and has advanced sufficiently far to enable me to announce with certainty that it can surely be accomplished, and probably at rather less expense than was anticipated. But upon the last point, as well as upon the question of time, no positive statement can be made until the report of the commission of engineers as to the exact type of canal has been received.

> The work is as difficult as it is important, and it is of course inevitable that from time to time difficulties will occur and checks be encountered.

Whenever such is the case, the men of little faith at home will lose that little faith, and the critics who confound hysteria with emphasis will act after their kind. But the people as a whole possess not only faith, but resolution, and are of too virile fiber to be swept one way or the other by mere sensationalism. No check that may come will be of more than trivial and passing consequence, will inflict any permanent damage, or cause any serious delay. The work can be done, is being done, and will be done. What has already been accomplished is a guaranty as to the future.

When any such work is undertaken there are always many mere adventurers who flock to where it is going on, and many men who think they are adventurers, but who are in reality either weak or timid, follow in their footsteps. Some of the first class will now and then cause trouble in one way or another. But every care will be taken to detect any misdeed on their part and to punish them as soon as the misdeed is detected. As for the second class, they will cause trouble chiefly by losing heart, returning home, or writing home, and raising the cry that they are not happy and that the conditions of life are not easy, or that the work is not being done as they think it ought to be done. Now these men stand just as the stragglers and laggards stand who are ever to be found in the rear of even a victorious army. The veterans of the civil war who are here present will tell you that the very rear of an army, even when it is victorious, is apt to look and behave as if the victory were defeat. And just the same thing is true in any great enterprise in civil life; there are always weaklings who get trampled down or lose heart, and there are always people who listen to their complaints. They amount to nothing one way or the other, so far as achieving results is concerned; and their complaints and outcries need never detain us.

I call your attention specifically to the matter of health on the Isthmus. The climate was supposed to be deadly, and yellow fever, in especial, was supposed to be epidemic. Yet since we have assumed control there has been far less yellow fever than in our own country. The administration is steadily becoming better and more effective, from the hygienic as well as from every other standpoint.

> The work of building the canal is a great American work, in which the whole American people are interested.

It has nothing to do with parties or partisanship, and is being carried on with absolute disregard to all merely political considerations; with regard only to efficiency, honesty and economy.

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Informant Gets the Money and Starts to Spend It For a Good Time.

Prisoner Said to Have Been Misused While Undergoing "Third Degree."

Bridgeport, Conn., Oct. 21.—The chances that the police will recover nearly the whole of the $101,000 stolen from the Adams Express company, in Pittsburg, by Edward G. Cunliffe, who was arrested Thursday and taken to Pittsburg Wednesday, seem bright. Last night $9,065 was found in a trunk belonging to a butler in a prominent family at Blackrock, but the butler and the family by whom he was employed were ignorant of the fact that the large sum was within the house. Although there is a possibility that the remaining $10,500 has been destroyed, the police are of the opinion that another accomplice of Cunliffe may reveal the hiding place of the missing sum. In round numbers $90,000 have been found within the past twenty-four hours. After figuring on about $500 as the amount which Cunliffe has spent, of which was found on him when arrested, there remains the sum of $10,500 yet to be accounted for. The discovery of the money in the Blackrock home, last night, was brought about by keeping a close watch on one of Cunliffe's chance acquaintances, George Eisenman, who was with Cunliffe when he was arrested. According to Eisenman's story, he met Cunliffe in a cheap hotel, Wednesday night, the two being together for some time. Cunliffe had a package with him, and as the men were about to leave each other, Cunliffe said that he wanted Eisenman to take care of the package, as it was laundry which he wanted to keep in a safe place. Eisenman took the bundle to his sister's house, and when alone opened it and found the big sum of money.

Capt. Arnold of the detective bureau who konws Eisenman and who saw him with Cunliffe when the latter was taken, went to the home of Eisenman's sister and found the bundle of shirts, but no money and he suspected that Eisenman had abstracted a part of Cunliffe's plunder. Eisenman was shadowed all day yesterday and he was seen to give a small package to his friend, the butler. Last night Eisenman was taken to the Blackrock house and asked the butler for the package. He went to his trunk and turned it over to Capt. Arnold intact. The butler had not been told what was in the package. Capt. Arnold would not reveal the name of the butler or the family which employed him.

Eisenman was taken to police headquarters, but was released later.

Two other new features of the chapter of events in connection with the capture of Cunliffe cropped out last

(Continued on page 5, sixth column.)

ENDS LIFE AT AITKIN

Rushes Into Jail Office and Seizes the Turnkey's Gun.

Threatens Official and Going Back to Cell Kills Himself.

Leaves Letter Abusing California Wife and the Judge..

Aitkin, Minn., Oct. 21.(—Special to The Herald.)—W. C. Arons, known as the "Bonesetter" who was sentenced to six years in prison after being found guilty of bigamy and grand larceny, committed suicide by shooting in the county jail at 9:45 a. m. today. Sheriff Haugen was down town and John Erickson, the turnkey, sat in the office writing. The "Bonesetter" rapped on the door and Erickson answered, opening the door a short distance when Arons made a rush for the desk, grabbed a big 44 Colt revolver and waving the officer back with the gun, returned to his cell and blew the top of his head off.

This bold play was entirely unlooked for by the officers, as the prisoner had been very submissive and even childish up to this time.

He left a note asking that his first wife, now divorced, be notified and his remains delivered to her. He said he would not serve a day's time and made his threat good. His California wife and the judge were abused but no mention was made of the Aitkin wife. Coroner Belsheim was immediately called.

Sheriff Haugen regrets the affair deeply, but says he is thankful his turnkey did not take any chances with the prisoner who has been without morphine since arrested and was in a desperate frame of mind.

WOMAN MURDERED BY FORMER FRIEND

Chicago, Oct. 21.—Mrs. Clara McCluskey, who was shot down at the rear door of her saloon, 666 West Madison street, at 2 o'clock yesterday morning, was murdered by her former friend, Mrs. Clara H. Buckley. Jealousy over the friendship of Mrs. McCluskey with Albert Tyrman, an electrician, led to the crime. Mrs. Buckley, who was arrested denied all knowledge of the crime, but last night after being questioned for several hours by the police she broke down and confessed.

PREDICTED COLD SNAP STRIKES LOUISIANA.

New Orleans, Oct. 1.—The predicted cold snap struck Louisiana during the night, sending the temperature down into the forties over a large portion of the state.

The fever situation in both the city and state continues to improve rapidly. Only one death occurred all over the state yesterday.

There is rapid improvement of the situation along the gulf coast. The embargo against bananas, it is announced, will be lifted Nov. 1.

HIGH PRICES OF LEATHER ALARMS MANUFACTURERS

New York, Oct. 21.—The advance in the price of leather of all grades, which has been steady and continuous for the past two months, has reached a point where the manufacturers of leather goods are taking alarm and beginning to talk of raising prices all along the line, says today's Journal of Commerce. Already the Chicago shoe manufacturers have advanced their prices 50 cents per pair, and there was talk here to the effect that eastern manufacturers would follow suit within a few days. Never in the history of the leather trade have the prices of hides been so high for a continuous period of time. It has been an extraordinary situation and its existence is charged up to the Chicago packers.

CHAMBERLAIN ACQUITTED.

Auburn, Neb., Oct. 21.—At the conclusion of a week's trial District Judge Good last evening sustained a motion to dismiss the charge against Charles M. Chamberlain, accused of wrecking the Chamberlain bank of Tecamah. The specific charge was embezzlement. This was the second trial of Chamberlain, the defendant winning in each.

NELSON'S VICTORY

At Trafalgar Celebrated All Over the British Empire.

The One Hundredth Anniversary of That Famous Battle.

London, Oct. 21.—In every part of the British empire today and wherever a British man-of-war floats, the 100th anniversary of Nelson's victory over the combined fleets of France and Spain off Cape Trafalgar is being celebrated. On all the ships of the navy at a given hour flags were dipped while the bands played the dead march. Nelson's old flagship, the Victory still lying in Portsmouth harbor was decked from stem to stern with bunting and thousands of electric lights were strung everywhere for the night illumination of the old battleship. It was proposed to illuminate the Nelson monument on Trafalgar square here but fearing a tremedous crush of people with the accompanying accidents the authorities forbade it.

In London the day's celebration began with the hoisting of national flags on the Nelson column. Immense crowds assembled and when Nelson's famous signal "England expects this day that every man shall do his duty" was unfurled a mighty cheer went up.

The day was cold and threatening but this did not deter the people from coming out to participate in the national holiday. Trafalgar square which was elaborately decorated was naturally the center to which all converged and much interest was manifested in the thousands of wreaths from the colonies, provinces and various cities of the empire which were piled in immense masses at the base of the Nelson column. Among the floral tributes occupying the more prominent positions was a wreath inscribed "To the memery of the gallant dead of France and Spain who lost their lives in the great conflict."

The column itself was covered with laurel.

The boys of the naval brigade arrived at the scene from Portsmouth during the morning and after saluting the column by presenting arms placed on it a wreath from Admiral Togo.

Services which were all largely attended were held simultaneously in St. Paul's cathedral where Nelson is buried and in other churches.

The league took charge of the celebrations in the afternoon and besides the services at Trafalgar square, similar ceremonies were held simultaneously under the league's auspices throughout the country, consisting of special prayers and the singing of Kipling's "Recessional" and the national anthem. In Trafalgar square the national anthem was played by massed bands while the crowds which filled every corner of the big space joined in the singing. Tomorrow services will be held in all the churches; those at St. Paul's cathedral being of an official nature, will be attended by British naval officers and the naval attaches of the powers. Capt. Stockton, the American naval attache here, will represent the United States.

As a more permanent recognition of the centenary the navy league proposes to improve the Trafalgar square by increasing the statuary and erecting majestic fountains typifying Great Britain's naval successes.



BUY PLAY. —New York World.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

DULUTH WEATHER REPORT Probably light rain or snow this afternoon or tonight. Sunday partly cloudy. Fresh westerly to northerly winds.

OAK HALL

THE ONLY STORE IN DULUTH SELLING THE FAMOUS

Alfred Benjamin & Co.

Overcoats

The ones so generously copied by custom tailors, but whose prices are always double. We have them in all sizes and materials. Prices

$20 to $60

WORK SWAMPS JUDGE ENSIGN

Absence of Judges Cant and Dibell Is Felt.

With Judges Cant and Debell absent from the city, attending sessions of district court in Cook and Carlton counties, Judge Ensign was simply swamped with work in special term this morning. Judge Ensign also presides over juvenile court and there was a large calendar of cases to dispose of, but he was unable to take up matters in that court this morning.

Nearly all the forenoon was occupied by the attorneys in arguing for and against a temporary restraining order in the damage action brought by the Crowley Electric company against H. A. and E. C. Liedel. The company and its president, D. D. Crowley, have petitioned the court for an order restraining the Liedel brothers from spreading, as it is alleged, false and libelous reports concerning the financial standing of the company and its president. The court took the motion and arguments under advisement. Pending the court's decision there is in effect a preliminary order of injunction restraining the defendants.

NEW DISTRICT HAS ELECTION.

Voters Elect School Trustees In District No. 55, Town of Canosia.

The legal voters in school district No. 5, which has just been organized in the town of Canosia, by the county board, held their first annual school election Oct. 19 and selected the following officers to serve until the next annual school meeting in July, 1906: Director, P. A. Polson; clerk, Peter Mickels; treasurer, William McComber.

Although the election was held during very disagreeable weather there was a large attendance, some of the women voters having walked five miles to be present. No opposition was made to the officers selected and the affairs of the new district were started under auspices circumstances.

As yet the district has no schoolhouse and quarters have been rented in a vacant building for the time being. Miss Susan Thompson of Duluth, who holds a first grade certificate, has been elected teacher and has begun her duties. The district has seventeen pupils.

LEAPS OFF VIADUCT

John Smith Thought Enemies Were Seeking His Life.

Says He Is Sorry He "Didn't Make a Better Job of It."

Shrieking out that his enemies were after him and about to kill him, a man who gave his name as John Smith ran o the railing of the Lake avenue viaduct, climbed over it and leaped off into the railroad yards, about 11:30 o'clock this morning.

Fortunately he fell upon his feet, and beyond some fractured bones in his left foot, he escaped serious injuries.

The man is laboring under the hallucination that some of the frequenters of the Lake avenue saloons are seeking his life.

"Better kill myself than let them kill me," he said to the police officers, when brought into headquarters after the attempt at suicide.

"If I ever leave this place they'll kill me sure. I daren't go out on the street or they'll get me."

"Who is it that wants to kill you?" he was asked.

"Oh, there's three or four of them down there that are after me. I'm sorry I didn't make a good job of it when I was at it."

Smith is an Englishman, and apparently about 40 or 45 years of age. He stated that he was unmarried, and that he had been working in the woods for some time.

The police say that he has been drinking very heavily, and he admitted that he had been on a spree for some time when questioned this morning. It is believed that he is on the verge of delerium tremens, but this he indignantly denies, and becomes quite indignane when taxed with it.

He was locked up at headquarters and a physician summoned to set the bones in his foot, which was beginning to swell and become discolored.

It is not likely that he will be prosecuted for attempting suicide, but a charge of drunkenness may be preferred against him. In order that he may be kept locked up until the hallucinations cease to trouble him.

Does Your Back Ache?

A trial bottle of Warner's Safe Cure, the great kidney and bladder cure, sent ABSOLUTELY FREE to every reader of The Herald who suffers from kidney, liver, bladder or blood disease.

It's Your Kidneys!

If you have pains in the back, rheumatism, rheumatic gout, uric acid poison, diabetes, Bright's disease, dropsy, eczema, inflammation of the bladder, stone in the bladder, torpid liver, scalding pains when you urinate; or, if a woman, fainting spells, painful periods or so-called female weakness, your kidneys are diseased. You should lose no time in sending for a **FREE TRIAL BOTTLE OF WARNER'S SAFE CURE**, as a special arrangement has been made with the publisher of The Herald so that its readers may have a trial of this wonderful cure ABSOLUTELY FREE. If you do not wish to wait for the free trial, get a 50c bottle at your druggist's. It will relieve you at once.



FIND OUT BY THIS TEST: Put some morning urine in a glass or bottle; let it stand for twenty-four hours. If then it is milky or cloudy or contains a reddish brick-dust sediment, or if particles or germs float about in it, your kidneys are diseased. If, after you have made this test, you have any doubt in your mind as to the development of the disease in your system, send us a sample of your urine, and our doctors will analyze it and send you a report with advice, free.

WARNER'S SAFE CURE

Mr. J. S. Murray, of 43 Broadway, Rochester, N. Y., in writing of his remarkable cure, says: "I was taken seriously ill, and though under the care of skilled physicians my complaint baffled them. Symptoms of Bright's Disease developed. I was in a most critical condition when I began to take WARNER'S SAFE CURE. My health has been restored and the cure in my case is complete. It is wholly due to WARNER'S SAFE CURE."

CURES KIDNEY DISEASE.

WARNER'S SAFE CURE is purely vegetable and contains no harmful drugs. WARNER'S SAFE CURE has been prescribed by leading doctors for 25 years, and used in nearly all the prominent hospitals. WARNER'S SAFE PILLS taken with WARNER'S SAFE CURE move the bowels gently and aid a speedy cure.

WARNER'S SAFE CURE is now put up in two regular sizes and is sold by all druggists, or direct, at **50 CENTS AND $1.00 A BOTTLE.** Refuse substitutes, containing harmful drugs, which injure the system.

TRIAL BOTTLE FREE. To convince every sufferer from diseases of the kidneys, liver, bladder and blood that WARNER'S SAFE CURE will cure them, a trial bottle will be sent **ABSOLUTELY FREE** postpaid, to any one who will write WARNER'S SAFE CURE CO., Rochester, N. Y., and mention having seen this liberal offer in The Herald. The genuineness of this offer is fully guaranteed. Our doctors will also send medical booklet containing descriptions of symptoms and treatment of each disease, and many convincing testimonials free to every one.

Smoke Sale! **GATELY'S** **Smoke Sale!**

8 East Superior Street.

The insurance men have adjusted the loss we sustained in the recent fire and continuing next week we will put on sale slightly damaged goods at absurdly low prices.

This is an opportunity to secure unusual bargains in Men, Women and Children's Ready-to-Wear garments. Never was there such a chance to purchase a winter supply of just what you want.

YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD

An exceptional under-pricing in Draperies, Rugs, Carpets, Curtains, Clocks, Albums, Silverware, Beds and Bedding, Furniture, in fact everything in Household supplies. Bring the little ones and fit them out with warm clothes to go to school.

HIGH SCHOOL ATHLETES PLAYING AT IRONWOOD

Team Goes There For Game Against an Unknown Quantity—St. Paul Central Treats Duluth Team In Shabby Manner—Sophomore Class Holds Its Election.

Last evening fifteen members of the high school football squad, accompanied by Coach Phillips and Manager Don Stalker, left for Ironwood, where they are playing the Ironwood team this afternoon. The only report that has reached the local camp regarding the Ironwood team is that it defeated Ashland 50 to 0, and as the Ashland eleven has played no other contests this season and the teams from that town vary so greatly from year to year, no comparison can be made from that score, and the Duluth boys when they left were totally ignorant of the kind of a proposition they would run up against.

The local team is weakened for this game by the absence of two of its star players, Capt. McDevitt and Robert Forsyth. McDevitt is kept from playing by a bad knee and Roger Spencer will play his position at full back. Robert Forsyth is kept out of the game by the wishes of his parents. Verner Claypool will play right tackle in his place. With those two players out and the Ironwood team an unknown quantity the result of the game is very doubtful.

The defeat of last Saturday has had very little effect on football enthusiasm in the school. The boys say they were largely victims of hard luck and in a return game would do much to even up. Every effort is now directed towards strengtheneing the team for the Minneapolis Central game next Saturday and the outlook is very hopeful.

Sarvela, Parks and Maginnis, who have been out, will certainly be in the game next Saturday. With these three men in the line-up the entire back field will be composed of experienced men, and Joe Maginnis, who distinguished himself in the position last year, will probably play right end. There is every indication that the team that Duluth will place in the field against Minneapolis next Saturday will be as strong a bunch as the Flour City team ever encountered from the Duluth school.

The weather has been anything but good for football practice during the week and two days" work was confined to getting under punts and short runs on the campus. Sarvela, Parks and Maginnis have all been out in uniforms this week and are working into condition finely. They have been working on the second team most of the week and their presence was very noticeable, the scrubs holding the first eleven easily and ripping holes in every part of their defense.

The efforts of the management now are all directed toward getting a game at or near the Twin Cities for November 3 so that the team may go to Minneapolis and see the Minnesota-Wisconsin game on the 4th. Correspondence has been carried on with St. Paul Central relative to taking the team down for that date but the St. Paul school does not favor the project and the local management has given up hopes of that game. St. Paul Central has given Duluth a pretty bad deal in this matter. Two years ago Duluth brought the St. Paul boys up here, gave them a reception and treated them finely from start to finish, with the understanding that St. Paul Central was to bring the Duluth team down there last year. Last year, however, St. Paul's excuses were many, but they said that if Duluth would bring them up once more they could assure them a date this year. So they secured another trip at the Duluth expense. Their refusal to take the team down this year caps the climax and puts the St. Paul management in a pretty bad light.

Manager Stalker has two other games in view by which the boys may be in the vicinity of the Twin Cities when the big game is played. One is with St. Cloud, a school which has always been on the schedule, and the other is a return game with St. Paul Mechanic Arts in which the Duluth boys hope to wipo out last Saturday's defeat.

The games which remain to be played, if all plans are carried out, will be as follows:

Minneapolis Central at Duluth, October 28.

St. Paul Mechanics Arts or St. Cloud, November 3.

Superior at Duluth, November 11.

The team which is playing Ironwood this afternoon is as follows: Left end, Roy Bowen; left tackle, Verner Claypool; left guard, Dudgeon; center, Coventry; right guard, Crawford; right tackle, Wallinder; right end, Harold Bowen; quarter, Crasswellier, left half, McKinley; right half, Cummings; full back, Spencer; substitutes, Michaelson, Payne and Abraham.

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Rudolph Abraham, captain of the second team, announces that he has secured a game with the second team men of Superior for Wednesday afternoon, at Superior. The scrubs are a pretty fast bunch this year, and all the men have been out regularly. The prospect of games with outside towns has stimulated interest in the second eleven, and there have been a large number trying for positions on it. With the aid of Coach Phillips, Capt. Abraham thinks he has evolved a team which will give the Superior scrubs one of the warmest games they ever encountered. The line-up will be as follows:

L. E., Cooley or Cole; L. T., Michaelson; L. G., Poirier; C., Hanks; R. G., Pierce; R. T., Warner; R. E., Payne; Q., Abraham; L. H., Maginnis; R. H., Ryan or Frink; F. B., Jefferson.

SOPHOMORE CLASS

Election Held and Dean Coventry Chosen Class President.

The first Sophomore class meeting was held Wednesday afternoon and while the party feeling which characterized the upper class meetings was absent, the election of the class officer was close and exciting. The number of the candidates nominated for each office was large and several of them were elected by very small majorities.

In the election of president especially, the result was decided by very few votes, Harwood Sturtevant being but three votes behind the successful candidate, Dean Coventry. Coventry has been playing a great game at center on the football team and while he has never distinguished himself as a speaker he has a good voice and should make a good man for the position. The other candidates for president were Charles Cargill and Roger Spencer, the retiring president.

For vice-president, Edna Parks, Katherine Denfeld and Jessie Noxon were nominated. Miss Noxon was elected by a large majority. The candidates for secretary were Mildred Washburn, Fay Hobbs and Della Smith. Miss Smith was the one chosen. Philip Poirer was elected treasurer, defeating Charles Cargill and Arthur Miller. The campaign for mascot was very tame compared with the exciting contests in the upper classes and Fred McCarthy was elected by a good majority. Ralph Powell and Ralph St. Clair were elected sergeants-at-arms.

The class decided that the editor-in-chief should have the privilege of appointing his assistants and chose Harwood Sturtevant for that position, leaving the appointment of associate editors to him. Mildred Washburn was elected class historian for the year.

The class took the first steps toward the Sophomore-Freshman football game in the election of Ralph Caulkins captain of the Sophomore team. It is probable that the challenge will be issued as soon as the Freshmen organize.

The report that the faculty would not allow the Freshmen to organize which has been circulated about the school the past week is groundless and the first class meeting will be held next Wednesday.

Photo Coupon.

Your friends have been waiting for your photo. Why don't you surprise them and make them a Christmas present.

PHOTO COUPON.

Bring this coupon and get our latest style $5.00 portrait work for **$3.00; $5.00 work for $2.00.**

Good until Nov. 10.

Enlargements made in any color or style.

The New Photo Gallery,

313 Central Avenue

Opposite Chabot Dry Goods Store — C. OLIVSON, Photographer

ALBERT EVANS HONORED.

Duluth High School Class Graduate President University Sophomore Class.

Several stories have been received this week of the progress graduates of the Duluth high school are making in college and in the world. First and foremost among these is the news of Albert Evans' election as president of the Sophomore class at the State university. Mr. Evans' election was unanimous, there being no other candidate proposed. This is an honor accorded to very few, but those who knew him in school here feel that he is well worthy of it. While here he was a prominent member of the debating team, and took several prizes in oratorical contests. He was chosen to give the class oration, and took for his subject the work of Attorney Folk of Missouri in reforming the politics of that state. When he reached the university his talents in this line won him instant recognition, and he was the last speaker on the Freshman debating team which defeated the Sophomores in the annual debate. This is the first time that a graduate of the school has been honored with a presidency in the Minnesota university.

Baldwin Einerson, who graduated from the high school in the class of 1900, holds the responsible position of assistant to the professor of astronomy at the University of California.

At the State university, Arthur Ringsred, '02, has for the past two years taught mathematics to the Freshman class of the university. For an under graduate to be taken into the faculty during his junior year is very unusual.

EDISON PHONOGRAPHS

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RECORDS

at 200-1-2 Alworth Bldg.—headquarters for the wizard's products at the Head of the Lakes.

B. F. HATHAWAY.

WEST DULUTH

At Holy Apostles' Episcopal church, corner of Fifty-seventh avenue west and Elinor street, Sunday school will be held at 9 a. m. tomorrow. Evening prayer and sermon will be held at 7:30 and the subject of the sermon will be "That Boy of Yours." Rev. Roderick J. Mooney is the pastor.

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At the Plymouth Congregational church the pastor, Rev. H. W. Johnson, will preach in the morning on the subject, "Pharaoh and His Heart or the Loss of Conscience." In the evening the subject will be, "Not Tainted Money, But Tainted Men."

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At the Second Norwegian-Danish M. E. church, the services of which are held in Olson & Kauppi's hall at the corner of Grand and Sixty-third avenues west, Rev. C. O. Christenson will preach tomorrow morning at 10:45 and in the evening at 8 o'clock.

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At the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church, corner of Fifty-seventh avenue west and Gosnold street, services will be conducted in the morning at 10:30 o'clock by the pastor, Rev. E. Wulfsberg, Jr. Sunday school will meet at 9:30 o'clock in the morning.

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Rev. W. J. Lowrie will preach at the Westminister Presbyterian church tomorrow morning at 10:30 o'clock on the subject, "The Compact With Abraham."

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Rev. E. C. Clemans, presiding elder, will preach at the Merritt Memorial church tomorrow at 11 o'clock in the morning and 7:45 in the evening. The service will be conducted by the pastor, Rev. S. G. Briggs. The Epworth league will meet in the evening at 7 o'clock and the leader will be Miss Mabel Briggs.

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At the Third Swedish Baptist church, Fifty-ninth avenue west and Ramsey street, services will be held at 10:30 o'clock in the morning and 7:30 in the evening. Rev. C. A. Aldeen will occupy the pulpit in the morning and Rev. H. Hendrickson of the Bethel Baptist church will speak at the evening service. At 4 o'clock there will be a union Young People's meeting, of all the Swedish Baptist churches at the Head of the Lakes, at which meeting Rev. H. Hendrickson will be the principal speaker. The choir, male quartett and Sunday school chorus will assist at all these services. Mrs. J. H. Jern will be the soloist.

West Duluth Briefs.

John E. Merritt leaves today for Northeastern Canada.

A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Frank O. Nehring 5625 Grand avenue.

Mrs. Anna Freeburg of 216 North Sixty-fourth avenue west celebrated her eightieth birthday yesterday. A large number of friends assembled at her home to do her honor. She has lived in various parts of the United States since she came to this country in 1870 and says she expects to live to see 100 years of age. Last night she danced the Swedish polski with surprising vim.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Plymouth Congregational church gave a New England supper last evening at the church and it was well attended. A good deal of pains was given to the decorations.

The Irving School Alumni held a meeting last evening to prepare for its entertainment which will come off soon.

Household furniture for sale. Mrs. C. O. Applehagen, 5308 Main st., Duluth.

The W. C. T. U. will give an entertainment Friday evening at Great Eastern hall for the benefit of the Y. M. C. A. fund. Miss Eva Sawyer, Louis Dworshak, Miss Eva Sawyer, ton and the mandolin club will take part.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

Your "want" becomes a part of the history of the day when it is printed with the news of the day.

Yes, Examine the Heaters

In every stove store in the city—but don't buy until you have seen the "Grand Peninsular"—the king of all Heaters.



Sold Exclusively By

C. O. NELSON

The Housefurnisher

U. S. Block, 19th Ave. West

Services For Sunday In Duluth Churches

Rev. T. H. Cleland to Preach on "The Temptations of a Business Life," a Sermon to Business Men.

Rev. A. W. Ryan and Rev. H. S. Webster to Exchange Pulpits In the Evening.

At the First Presbyterian church the morning theme of Rev. T. H. Cleland will be "The Temptations of Business Life," being the second of a series of discourses to business men. The evening subject will be "Abraham and Columbus, Discoverers of a New World." The music will be as follows:

MORNING.

Prelude—"Romance" ....Schuett
Duet—"Sing to the Lord of Harvest" ....Barnby
Response ....Hanscom
Solo, offertory—"The Lord Is My Light" ....Allitsen
Mr. Brown.
Postlude—March ....Handel

EVENING.

Prelude—"Intermezzo" .....Rheinberger
Duet—"The Vesper Hour" .....Shelley
Offertory solo—"That Shadowland So Beautiful" ....Bird
Mrs. Baldwin.
Postlude ....Chaubre

The choir consists of: Soprano, Mrs. Baldwin; baritone, Mr. Brown; organist, Miss Ruth Rogers.

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At Trinity chapel, Twentieth avenue east and Superior street, Rt. Rev. J. D. Morrison, D.D., bishop of Duluth, Rev. Arthur H. Wurtele, vicar, services for the eighteenth Sunday after Trinity, Oct. 22, will be as follows: Holy communion at 8 a. m.; morning prayer, litany and sermon at 11 a. m., with sermon by Rev. Arthur H. Wurtele on "A Changing World," text, Psalm ii., 26, "As a vesture shalt thou change them and they shall be changed." Special music will be:

Te Deum in C ....Walter Gould
Anthem—"Grant Us Thy Peace"...Gounod

Sunday school and Bible class at 12:30; evening service and address at 8 o'clock on "The Far-off Land."

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Services at St. Paul's Episcopal church, Rev. A. W. Ryan, rector, will be as follows: 8 a. m., holy communion; 10 a. m., Sunday school; 11 a. m., morning service and sermon on "Who is to Blame?" 7:30 p. m., evening service, Rev. H. S. Webster, preacher.

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At Pilgrim Congregational church, Rev. Alexander Milne will preach in the morning on the subject: "The Bringer of Unity," and in the evening on the subject: "Telling the Truth." The music will be as follows:

MORNING.

Prelude .....B Tours
Response .....Salter
Anthem—"Before the Heavens Were Spread Abroad" ...Horatio Parker
Choir.
Anthem—"Love Not the World"..... .....Sullivan-Shelley
Choir.
Solo—"My Redeemer and My Lord" ....Dudley Buck
Miss Woodbridge.
Postlude .....Mendelssohn

EVENING.

Prelude—"Evening Rest" ..... Merkel
Anthem—"Sun of My Soul" ....G. W. Chadwick
Choir.
Solo—"Blessed Are They" ..Dudley Buck
Mr. Gearhart.
Postlude .....Batiste

The choir consists of Miss Francis Woodbridge, soprano; Miss Dora Swan, alto; J. L. Martin, tenor; H. G. Gearhart, bass; Miss Charlotta L. Simonds, organist.

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There will be preaching by Rev. Mr. Marsh at the First Baptist church, Eleventh avenue east and Second street, both morning and evening.

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At the First Unitarian church, Eighth avenue east and First street, Rev. Harry White, the minister, will conduct morning service at 11, and Sunday school at 12. Mr. White will preach on "Carcassonne."

• • •

At the First Methodist church Rev. M. S. Rice will preach on "The Hearer" at the morning service and in the evening on "Eleazar's Battle," being the second in the series of sermons on "Great Bible Battles." The music will be as follows:

MORNING.

Voluntary—"Canon in E Minor"..Salome
Solo—"Lead Kindly Light" ....Pughe-Evans
Offertory—"Matins" ..... Faulkes
Solo—"Far from My Home".....Marston
"Finale" ..... Truette

EVENING.

Voluntary—"Death of Asa"...Grieg-Morse
Solo—"Callest Thou Thus".....Mietzke
Offertory—"Cantilene" ..... Salome
Solo—"Evening Hymn" ..... Marston
"Postlude" ..... Scotson-Clark
Organist, Mrs. W. S. Wingate; soloist, Mary Syer Bradshaw.

• • •

At the Endion Methodist Episcopal church, corner of Nineteenth avenue east and First street, the pastor, Rev. John W. Powell will preach at 10:30 a. m. on "The Magnanimity of Christ," and at 7:30 p. m. on "Peter, the Leader," the first of a series of evening sermons on "The Apostles as Types of Christian Character." Sunday school will meet at 12 o'clock and Epworth league at 6:30 p. m.

• • •

At the vesper service of the Young Women's Christian association, Rev. R. J. Mooney will speak on the subject, "The Story of a Girl." Miss Alberta McMullen will sing.

• • •

At the First Church of Christ, Scientist, corner of Ninth avenue east and First street, regular service will be held at 10:45 a. m., the subject being "Everlasting Punishment." Regular Wednesday evening meeting will be at 8 o'clock.

• • •

At the First Norwegian Lutheran church, corner of First avenue east and Third street, the pastor, J. H. Stenberg, will preach morning and evening. The text for the morning sermon will be Matthew xxii: 42, "What Think Ye of Christ?" Sunday school will meet at 12 m. The Bible class will study Matthew iv: 1-11. At the evening service the subject of the sermon will be "Practical Religion and the Growth of the Church." Acts ii:47.

• • •

At St. John's Episcopal church, Lakeside, Rev. Herbert S. Webster, pastor, there will be holy communion at 8 a. m., Sunday school at 10 a. m., morning prayer, litany and sermon at 11 a. m., the topic being "What Think Ye of Christ? Whose Son Is He?" There will be vesper service and sermon by Rev. A. W. Ryan at 5 p. m.

• • •

At the Lester Park Methodist Episcopal church, Rev. Charles Fox Davis, pastor, the services will be as follows: Morning, "Faith Uprooting Trees and Removing Mountains." Evening, "A God of Comfort." The evening service will commence at 7:30.

• • •

At the Lakeside Presbyterian church, the Rev. H. B. Sutherland will preach at 10:30 a. m. on ""Personal Influence as a Ground of Personal Consecration." Sunday school will meet at 12 o'clock and Christian Endeavor at 7 p. m. At the usual hour for the evening service the Irvin Missionary society will hold its annual praise service. Mrs. J. C. Fairies of Glen Avon will give an address on "Korea," using a map to illustrate.

• • •

At the First Swedish Baptist church, Nineteenth avenue west and First street, services will be held as follows: At 10 o'clock in the morning Sunday school with Bible class for adults, led by the pastor; at 11, sermon by the pastor, Rev. A. Edstam, on "Blessed Are the Pure in Heart;" evening service at 7:30, with sermon on "Rain at Last," the seventh sermon in the series of the "Life of Elijah." The choir will sing at the evening service. Prayer meeting on Thursday evening.

• • •

At the Second Presbyterian church, 1515 West Superior street, Rev. S. F. Sharpless will preach at 10:30 a. m. on "The Christian's Song." Sunday school will meet at 11:45 and Christian Endeavor at 6:45. The subject of the evening sermon, at 7:45, will be "Enthusiasm." Prayer meeting will be held Thursday at 7:30 p. m.

• • •

At St. Luke's Episcopal church, Nineteenth avenue west and First street, there will be Sunday school at 10 a. m. and morning prayer and sermon at 11 o'clock. The subject of the sermon will be "That Boy of Yours."

• • •

At the First Norwegian Danish M. E. church, corner of Twenty-first avenue west and First street, Rev. H. R. Madsen will preach at 10:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. The subject in the morning will be, "The Growth of the Righteous," and in the evening, "The Worst Sickness." Sunday school at 12 m., Epworth league at 7 p. m.

• • •

At the Lake avenue Bethel, Sunday school will meet at 3 p. m., led by T. S. Thompson, superintendent. Y. P. S. C. E. will meet at 6:30 and children's gospel meeting at 7 p. m. The meeting in the Finnish language will be conducted by the Rev. Mr. Lindgren at 8 p. m.

• • •

At the Bethel branch, 508 West Superior street, Sunday school will meet at 3 p. m., led by L. A. Marvin, superintendent. Rev. J. T. Moody will conduct the evening service at 8 p. m. There will be gospel meetings each night during the week. The following leaders will conduct services: Monday evening, Swedish Baptist church; Tuesday evening, Asbury M. E. church; Friday evening, Second Presbyterian church; Saturday evening, praise and testimony meeting.

• • •

At Grace Methodist Episcopal church, corner Twenty-second avenue west and Third street, Rev. Joseph W. Robinson, the pastor, will conduct services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school will meet at 11:45 a. m. The subject for the morning will be "Zeal for Good Works," and the evening subject, "Lessons Learned Too Late." At the Epworth league meeting at 6:30 p. m. the subject will be "Sacred Songs that Have Helped." The music will be under the direction of Mrs. E. N. Hopkins.

• • •

At the Park Point mission Rev. Arthur H. Wurtele will speak about "The King in His Beauty," from the text Isaiah xxxiii., 17. Sunday school will be held in the Radisson school at 2:30 p. m.

• • •

At the African Methodist Episcopal church, Rev. H. H. Thompson of Chicago, will preach morning and evening. At 8 p. m. the communion service will be administered. There will be a song service from 7:30 to 8. Sunday school will meet at 2 p. m., and Men's club from 4 to 5.

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At the First German M. E. church, 517 Fifth avenue east, there will be services at 10:30 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school will meet at 11:45 a. m., and Young People's society at 7:30 p. m. Rev. Schoenlender, Jr., is the pastor.

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At the English Lutheran Synod church, corner of Twentieth avenue west and Third street, there will be evening services commencing at 7:45 o'clock. These services will be conducted by the pastor, Rev. E. Wulfsberg, Jr. Sunday school meets at 12:15 p. m. The Ladies' Aid society will meet Thursday afternoon with Mrs. Crawford, 2415 West Third street.

• • •

Services at the Hope church of the Evangelical association will be as follows: 10 a. m., Sunday school; 11 a. m., sermon by Rev. J. F. Moody; 7:30 p. m., young people's meeting; 8 p. m., sermon by Rev. Herkel of Superior.

• • •

At Bethesda Norwegian Lutheran, corner Sixth avenue east and Fifth street, services will be conducted by Carl Eval, morning and evening. Norwegian Sunday school will meet at 9 a. m., and English Sunday school at noon.

SECULAR SHOTS AT PULPIT.

Chicago Record-Herald: Perhaps the ministers who persist that women must wear their hats in church realize how difficult it would be, in view of the fact that pews are never provided with plush backs, for the women to find suitable places into which to stick their hatpins.

Brooklyn Eagle: Certain ecclesiastics are trying to make out that angels are men, and should be sculptured as such, but not even the most enthusiastic defender of the whiskered sect has the audacity to allege that the devil is a woman. What better denotement of the faith that all women are angels?

Cleveland Plain Dealer: Opinions may differ as to whether the angels of the other world should be represented as masculine or feminine, but in the world with which those on earth have to do there is no question. All its angels are feminine, with the occasional exception of an "angel" who presides over the debut of an actress.

Baltimore American: The preachers are getting good advice all around. Rev. Dr. Chew wants them to proclaim the gospel of honesty to those in high authority. Bishop Mills of the United Brethren church advises his brethren to make bonfires of their barrels of antique sermons, and Dr. Whitman, the moderator of the Baptist association of Philadelphia, has no use for yellow journal titles for sermons, such, for instance, as "How It Looks to a Man Up a Tree," as the designation of a sermon on Zacheus.

TAMMANY MOULD MAKE M'CLENNAN GOVERNOR.

(Continued from page 1.)

Tammany Hall to the state government, which, having now legal authority to expend $101,000,000, for the widening of the Erie canal, affords extraordinary opportunities for political organization along the lines of the patronage system.

Looking forward to 1908, friends of Mayor McClellan anticipate that his candidacy for president may cure factionalism in the party, and become popular with the masses, without alienating the conservatives, whose votes are necessary to carry doubtful Northern states. They confidently rely upon the development of party sentiment favorable to the nomination of a vigorous young man, who has not been identified with factional troubles which have rent the party asunder since 1896.

Wherein Mayor McClellan is now stronger as a presidential possibility than he was last year, when abortive attempts were made by Tammany to swing the Cleveland strength for him, does not appear. His course as mayor has run smoothly. There have been no scandals of importance in his administration, except those which attend the operation of Tammany contracting concerns organized for graft under every Tammany administration. But if a Democratic convention for the nomination of governor were to be held today there would doubtless be very active, and perhaps successful opposition. Accidents of the present situation have, however, made Col. McClellan's future look much brighter than it did a year ago.

City opposition to Tammany Hall has ceased to be an organized opposition since Mayor McClellan was inducted into office. There is a very widespread jealousy among Tammany contractors and business men over the monopoly of city favors granted by the McClellan administration to Mr. Murphy and a few of his closest friends, but the disaffected content themselves with growling, knowing that the present is not a good time to apply the only possible remedy, namely, the defeat of Tammany Hall. The Citizen's Union, the organization which cast 150,000 independent votes for Seth Low in 1897, and which, in conjunction with the Republicans, elected him mayor in 1901, is moribund. The Republicans have been unable to work out a successful fusion with other anti-Tammany bodies. Col. McClellan is opposed therefore, only by the straight Republican organization, which cannot hope to cast more than one-third of the city's whole vote, and by W. R. Hearst, running independently as the candidate of the Municipal Ownership league. From the Republicans Col. McClellan has little to fear. The only uncertainty which confronts him in his candidacy is the Hearst movement.

But little effort has been made by Col. McClellan and his colleagues in the Tammany Democracy to neutralize the sentiment of the Democratic party favorable to municipal ownership. The Democratic platform contains its usual declaration in favor of municipal ownership. The mayor qualified the platform declaration of his party somewhat by saying in his speech accepting renomination: "As a Democrat, I believe that that community is best governed which is least governed, and that where individual effort and private enterprise has accomplished the same result as government, government has no right to interfere. Where, however, public utilities, conducted by private enterprise, fail in giving the people adequate service, then I believe it is the duty of the government to take control. The franchise wealth of the city belongs to the people, and should never be parted with. Franchises should be granted only for limited periods, and on terms most advantageous to the public."

In the slow progress of the present campaign developments have resembled the city campaign of 1886. In that year Theodore Roosevelt was the Republican candidate for mayor. Both wings of the city Democracy, the county Democracy and Tammany hall supported Abram S. Hewitt. Henry George ran on an independent ticket, attracting support from the same elements to which the Hearst campaign is now appealing. Mr. Roosevelt received 60,000 votes, Mr. Hewitt received 90,000, and Mr. George 68,000. In comparing the George and Hearst campaigns, the essential difference is that Mr. George ran in a year of financial depression and discontent, while Mr. Hearst runs upon the issue of municipal ownership reduced by good times to a question of business expediency, should not be lost sight of.

Tammany realizes that the only serious problem of the campaign is to hold the labor vote against Mr. Hearst and for Col. McClellan. To accomplish this its orators will talk municipal ownership pure and simple in the effort to take the wind out of the Hearst sails. The Democratic leaders are of the opinion that they will be able to hold the Hearst vote low enough to give Col. McClellan a plurality approximating 75,000 votes, and possibly to give him the majority of all the votes cast.

Mr. Hearst's campaign is bringing out a great deal of latent opposition among the labor voters and others who have no party affiliations but lean toward Socialism, to Thomas F. Ryan, the McCalls and the McCurdys of the insurance system, and to Charles F. Murphy and Senator P. H. McCarren, leaders of the city Democracy, and to ex-Governor B. B. Odell, Jr., who controls the city Republican machine. The Hearst managers have made up their city and borough tickets with considerable skill, and it cannot reasonably be doubted that a considerable vote will be polled. It may be counted as certain that more than enough votes will be polled to entitle the Hearst party to an emblem on the printed ballots in future city campaigns, and to constitute what many Democrats might consider a valid claim to representation in Democratic state conventions.

This last point is of more importance to the McClellan governorship and presidential boomers than they are at present inclined to admit. Col. McClellan would be much more formidable as a candidate if unopposed in his own party. It cannot, however, be fairly supposed that ex-Governor Flack, Judge Herrick, Congressman Burton Harrison, and others, will consent to be shorn of their party influence and rights without a struggle. Mr. Hearst's new Democracy now being built up into substantial consistency by the city campaign, will enable the state opponents of McClellan to impair that solidarity of Tammany in the next state convention by admitting Hearst delegates from New York county along the line of precedents set when William R. Grace's State Democracy and Hugh Thompson's County Democracy were in existence.

Old politicians believe that Mr. Hearst's candidacy has been undertaken with these larger aims in view. Republican leaders, whose concern lies chiefly in national affairs, are highly delighted with the prospect of another controversy in the national Democratic party with Mr. Hearst leading the radical element, and Tammany in control of the conservative Eastern element.

N. O. FANNING.

LATE DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Heavy Snow Storm Does Great Damage to Fruit Trees.

Negaunee, Mich., Oct. 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—Thursday evening a drizzling rain, which had been falling all day, turned into a heavy snow storm. By morning snow had fallen to the depth of eight inches and the thermometer registered 25 degrees above zero. The air was filled with large snowflakes, which fell on the branches of the shade and fruit trees throughout the whole of Marquette county, the weight of the snow breaking them down and doing hundreds of dollars worth of damage. All telegraphic communication was cut off, many of the poles and wires being down. The street railway was tied up and trains from the south and west were considerably behind time.

James Uren was fatally injured here Wednesday at the Negaunee mine by being caught between one of the motor cars at the timbering of the shaft.

Sault Ste. Marie—Fire destroyed the storage plant of the Minneapolis Brewing company at the Soo. The stables were saved, but nearly two carloads of beer were lost. The origin of the blaze is unknown, but it is thought that it may have been caused by the electric wires. The loss is reported to be about $3,000, covered by insurance.

The Chippewa county supervisors offer a special bounty on wolves of $5, which brings the total bounty to $30, at which rate it is expected that the wolves will be led a merry chase.

Detour—Fred Enghoffer of Detour was killed under a coal car on the Pickands, Mather & Co. dock. He was engaged in repairing the bottom of the car, which had been blocked up. The blocking failed to hold and the falling car crushed the unfortunate man to death.

Menominee—The Sawyer-Goodman Lumber company has just purchased a fine 1,200-acre timber tract with a fully equipped sawmill in Forest county. The logs, however, will be sawed on the Menominee river. The company has the largest timber holdings of any concern in this section and will be able to run full blast for twenty years yet. It carries on its logging operations at a greater distance from its mills than any other in the country, shipping the logs 200 mills by rail. About 2,000,000 feet will be logged in Ontonagon county this winter.

Fred D. Seaman and Matthias Desjarden were arrested for cruelty to animals. It is alleged that the men tied an old horse by a chain about the neck to the rear of a wagon which they drove up a steep hill, dragging the horse behind and refusing to stop, although the animal fell down and was nearly choked to death.

Dr. J. W. Arney has just completed the organization of a $15,000 stock company to promote the manufacture of patent game tables and lawn merry-go-rounds invented by himself. The goods will be manufactured at Muskegon.

The cargo of 80,000 feet of timber which the ill-fated schooner Elizabeth was bringing to this city when she was wrecked on the bay shore Wednesday, was saved by the promptness of the mill crew on shore. A boom was run out around the wreck and although the decklead was all washed overboard it was saved. The schooner itself is a total loss, however, and now looks more like a pile of kindling wood than a smart little hooker. This is the second time the Elizabeth has been on the rocks this summer.

The Menominee county board is about to commence suit against the city of Menominee to recover the fines collected by the justices in Menominee which have been turned over to the city treasurer and expended with the other city funds. The funds in question were expended by the city for library and school purposes, as is required by law, but the county claims they should have been turned over to the county, as they belong to the county as a whole. It is understood that the city will fight the county, if the case is pushed.

Grand Marais—Capt. John Potter, an old-time settler and trapper living on the McLeod branch of the Manistique railway, came near being gathered to his fathers the other day. He was returning home on a hand car. Going down grade he lost his balance and fell directly in front of the wheels, the car passing over him. He was picked up unconscious and carried to his cabin. A physician called from Grand Marais found that he had sustained the fracture of several ribs and was badly bruised and cut about the head and body. The doctor dressed the wounds and the old scout is now on the safe road to recovery.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

The party of congressmen which left Chicago, two weeks ago, for a trip into New Mexico and Arizona, to gather information regarding statehood for the two territories, passed through Kansas City Friday night on the way home. The journey had been over a distance of 5,000 miles.

The Republican state committee of Ohio today announced that Leslie M. Shaw, secretary of the treasury, would speak at Portsmouth on Oct. 27, at Youngstown on Oct. 28, and at Cleveland on Nov. 4. He will address night meetings in each of these cities. The state committee is also endeavoring to arrange for Mr. Shaw to speak in Columbus on Nov. 2.

A warrant was issued yesterday for the arrest of David Hobbs, custom agent for the Canadian Pacific railway, who is charged with the defalcation of between $40,000 and $50,000. He is supposed to have taken a steamer from New York or Boston for England, last Thursday. He had been in the employ of the company for three years.

Happenings of The Duluth Business University, 105-107 West Sup. St.

The following young people left the college during the past week to accept the following positions:

J. A. McDonald, bookkeeper and stenographer for the Oliver Mining company, Mountain Iron, Minn.

C. Lepak, bookkeeper for D. O'Leary.

H. Keough, stenographer and assistant bookkeeper for Paine & Webber.

H. Shallman, stenographer and bookkeeper for the Oliver Mining company, Mountain Iron, Minn.

Mae Duggan, stenographer for H. Wing & Co., insurance and real estate.

Edith Anschutz, stenographer for the Zenith Paper company.

Dorothy Edgar, stenographer for Forward & Co.

Fred Swenson, stenographer and assistant bookkeeper for Swift & Co.

Alice Piekthorn, stenographer for the Minnesota Mining and Manufacturing company.

Florence White, stenographer for Y. M. C. A. Building association.

Sarah Polinski, cashier for the Golden Rule.

Miss C. Mae Twomey.

Her piano studio at 216 East Fourth street, flat 4. Pupils desiring to secure time should apply at once. Perfect relaxation and concentration taught.

MARRIAGE CAUSED SURPRISE.

Bridgeport, Conn., Oct. 21.—Much surprise was caused yesterday by the announcement of the marriage in New York on June 20, of Miss Lue Sturgis Hawley, daughter of Charles H. Hawley, one of the wealthiest residents of this city to Darlington Daverport, son of Benjamin Davenport, retired lawyer of Minneapolis. The wedding took place immediately after the graduation of Mr. Davenport from Sheffield Scientific school at Yale in June. Mr. and Mrs. Davenport have left for the West.



Sickly, Suffering Women

You can regain your lost health just as this lady did with a few bottles of

COOPER'S NEW DISCOVERY

Miss Jennie Isaacson of Duluth, Minn., tells how it quickly and completely cured her; it

WILL CURE YOU

also. Read her letter:

Cooper Medicine Company,

Gentlemen—I have suffered for some time with awful pains and weakness in my back and in my side.

Severe headaches were frequent and although I tried many remedies I found no relief until I secured several bottles of Cooper's New Discovery and began taking it.

After the first week I felt an improvement. That fearful backache ceased. I grew stronger; my headaches have stopped and now I am better in every way. It is a great medicine for women.

(Signed) MISS JENNIE ISAACSON,
Flat 4. 18 Fifteenth Avenue West,
Duluth, Minn.

THIS WONDERFUL MEDICINE

strengthens every important organ in the body. It cleanses and drives from the system every trace of poison and makes rich, pure blood. It will make you well and keep you well.

Cooper's New Discovery sells for one dollar per bottle, three for $2.50, six for $5.00. Cooper's Quick Relief, the assistant remedy, costs 50 cents. Beware of canvassers and street fakers claiming to sell the Cooper Remedies, buy only from our special agents whose name appears below, or from legitimate dealers in medicines. Where we have no special agent you can secure the medicines you wish, charges prepaid, by sending the price direct to the Cooper Medicine Company, Dayton, Ohio.

S. F. BOYCE DRUG STORE

Special Agents.

COAL | Try Our Washed Hocking Nut Coal $4.55 Per Ton | COAL

NORTH LAND COAL CO.

Telephone 1200. H. W. Nichols, Manager. 328 W. Superior St.

THE BITTERS IS THE SICK MAN'S FRIEND

MR. JOHN CLINE, Newport, Ky., says: "I have used your Bitters for Indigestion, Dyspepsia and other Stomach Troubles and find it did me more good than anything else I had ever taken."

MR. W. C. CASTS, Colton, S. Dak., says: "I suffered from the terrible effects of Dyspepsia and Indigestion for years and was unable to find relief until I commenced taking your Bitters. It is an excellent family remedy."



Hostetter's Stomach Bitters,

the popular home remedy, has been used very successfully for **52 years** by sickly people everywhere. No wonder its popularity is increasing every day. These people, having been benefited, tell their friends and urge them to start taking it at once, which is a splendid plan for any person in search of health.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

will affect a cure if such a thing is possible. In cases of **Belching, Flatulency, Heartburn, Sour Risings, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, or Malaria Fever and Ague it is excellent. Try it today.**

OLD FOLKS ARE ALSO GREATLY BENEFITED BY TAKING THE BITTERS.

GOOD COAL!

We Sell the Celebrated Lehigh Valley Coal.

It gives better satisfaction for the money than any other.

If you will give us a trial order we know you will be our customer.

ZENITH COAL CO.

Phones 492. 210 West Superior St.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

D. E. H., Oct. 21, 1905.

STORE OPEN LATE TONIGHT

WEAR COLUMBIA CLOTHES!

COLUMBIA CLOTHING CO.

Foot-Note: Walk in Columbia $3.50 Shoes.

Some Queer Facts About Opals

The Stone Is No Longer Considered Unlucky and Is Growing Popular.

Opals may be no more popular now than they have ever been, but according to the jewelers the demand for these stones is annually increasing in Mexico City, says the Mexican Herald. That opals are no longer believed unlucky is the reason assigned by the men who deal in precious stones.

It was not many years ago, however, that the opal was a little favored stone in any market. Here in Mexico the superstitious dread of the fire-bearing gem was probably greater than in the United States, for the people of Mexico have in the list of stories relating to the baleful influence of the gem a number that are uncanny. The late Emperor Maximilian was an opal fancier, and is said to have owned one of the finest collections ever accumulated by a resident of this country. His collection embraced stones from Hungary and stones secured in this country. There were in the lot stones noted for their size; those noted for their brilliancy, those noted for their fire, and others noted for some peculiarity or other. That collection is no longer intact, and the owner—well, he was unlucky.

A story that is common in Spain, and that is sometimes told in Mexico, is that of the opal and Alphonso XII of Spain. He presented an opal to his young wife, Mercedes, on their wedding day, and her death occurred soon afterward. Before the funeral the king gave this ring to his sister, Maria del Pilar, and she also died within a few days. The king then presented the ring to his sister-in-law, Princess Christiana, and she died in the course of three months. Distressed at these fatalities, Alphonso decided to wear the ring himself. He did not wear it long, as his unhappy life shortly came to an end. The queen regent then attached the fatal ring to a gold chain, which she hung around the neck of the Virgin of Almudena in Madrid.

But jewelers declare that not one person in fifty now is kept from buying an opal on account of the superstition, although occasionally some old lady shakes her head in doubt when the tray of opals is placed before her. There is this much deference paid to the old superstition. Few men will make presents of opals to their wives, or for that matter to anyone. The same thing is true, if not more so, in the case of women who are searching among the stones for a present to their husband. As a general thing opals in Mexico, at least, are bought by one for one's use.

"And did you ever notice," said a dealer in opals the other day, "that the price of an article has a good deal to do with how much the thing is injured by a superstition. There are few people who pass through Queretaro for the first time who will not get pretty interested in the handful of opals that ar displayed by the men along the car windows. If the men would ask fancy prices I imagine that a number of passengers would soon develop that fear of the unlucky opal. As a rule the dozens of stones displayed in the sunlight are pretty poor specimens, but it's the quantity that dazzles the buyer. When he finds he can frequently buy more than a dozen that shine in the sunlight like Hungarians, he forgets all he has ever heard about bad luck."

EMBARRASSING.

Boston Herald: "Col." Bill Pitcher tells this one on himself: "I got home one night late; in fact, very late, and as my mother-in-law was fussy I took off my shoes to get upstairs without being heard. As I passed mother-in-law's room, she called out, 'Is that you, William?' I made a short and careful answer, and she asked, 'What time is it?' 'Eleven o'clock,' I replied, and just then the blamed old cuckoo clock in the hall struck three times, and there I had to stand and 'cuckoo' eight more times."

SOUTHERN RAILWAY

In connection with

Queen & Crescent Route

SPECIAL HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSIONS.

On OCTOBER 17th, Southern Railway and connections will sell round trip tickets to all points in Alabama, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia and Florida (except Key West), and to certain points in Virginia, Kentucky and Tennessee, at rates MUCH LESS than the ONE-WAY RATES to such points.

On NOVEMBER 7th, same rates to all above territory except points in Florida, and

On NOVEMBER 14th, same rates to all points in FLORIDA ONLY.

Tickets good to return 21 days from date of sale and good for stop-overs going within a transit limit of 15 days in all points south of and including Somerset, Ky., and on return trip within final limit.

Greatest opportunity ever offered the homeseeker and investor to reach the prosperous Southland.

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A Good Investment

Anyone who has the desire and ambition can now buy a piano.

As an article you buy only once in a lifetime, it must have a strong singing quality of tone; nice, attractive case design, and above all, it must be built to stand years of use.

We Point With Pride

to these grand makes which we handle exclusively in Duluth and the Northwest—

Steinway, Knabe, Ivers & Pond, Kranich & Bach, Dyer Bros., Ludwig, Emerson and Smith & Barnes.

Terms To Suit the Purchaser.

Duluth Music Co.,

J. T. Stewart, Mgr. 222-224 West First Street.

RAILROADS

MAY BUILD TO DULUTH

Wisconsin & Michigan Road Extending Toward This City.

George M. Smith Talks of Snow Storm In Michigan.

The Wisconsin & Michigan Railway company is preparing to extend its line toward Duluth, and will build a 50-mile extension next summer through Forest and Vilas counties.

The understanding is that the road will be completed clear through to the Head of the Lakes within the next few years, although no official announcement of this fact has been made, and no one appears to know who is back of the move.

As a matter of fact considerable doubt is expressed regarding the report that the road will build clear to Duluth. Heretofore it has been used principally for logging purposes. It is a short line, built out from Menominee, Mich.

SNOW DELAYS TRAIN.

A Heavy Storm Along South Shore Interferes With Trafic.

The heavy snow and wind storm in Northern Michigan yesterday delayed the morning train of the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic road, due to arrive at 8:55 o'clock, seven and one-half hours, so that it did not arrive in Duluth until after 4 o'clock in the afternoon. The delay was caused, not so much by snow, as by the fact that the wind blew a number of telegraph poles across the track.

"Between Marquette and Nestoria there were twenty-six telegraph poles across the track," said G. M. Smith, general agent in Duluth of the Omaha, who was a passenger on the delayed train from Nestoria, Mich., to Duluth. "The storm was not so bad this side of Nestoria, although the snow followed us all the way to Saxton, and no fallen poles were encountered after we left the junction point.

"The train could have ploughed through the snow all right, for it was only about six inches deep, but the wires became weighted with sleet, and the heavy windstorm that prevailed blew down the telegraph poles at many points, and as a lot of them fell directly across the track, it necessitated a good deal of labor on the part of the train crew to clear the rails so the train could pass. Quite a few of the poles had to be chopped out of the way."

The day train over the South Shore arrived on time last evening.

ELECTION OF DIRECTORS.

Some New Men on Board of Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton Railway.

New York, Oct. 21.—Announcement was made yesterday that Charles Steel, Samuel Spencer, George F. Baker and F. D. Underwood of New York and R. R. Rhoades of Cleveland had become directors of the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton Railway company. At a meeting of the directors, F. D. Underwood, president of the Erie railroad, was elected president of the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton, and Russel Harding, vice president. Thomas J. Walsh, the secretary, and J. E. Howard, treasurer of the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton, were re-elected and the secretary and treasurer of the Erie railroad were elected assistant secretary and assistant treasurer, respectively, of the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton.

Great Northern Twin City Plans.

Owing to the action of the Minneapolis city council in imposing certain conditions contingent upon permitting the Great Northern Railway company to cross Laurel avenue and Superior boulevard, the company has decided to give up its plans for extensive improvements on the tract west of the boulevard and unless present conditions change, the city will have to do without the proposed freight terminals, elevators and shops, it is said. The result will be that St. Paul, or the midway district, will probably eventually get the improvements originally intended for Minneapolis.

Railroad Personals.

M. J. Costello, general industrial agent of the Great Northern, is in the city from St. Paul today.

T. H. Larke and family of St. Paul are in the city today. Mr. Larke is Northwestern agent for the Dominion and White Star Steamship lines.

Martin Adson general passenger agent of the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway, has returned from a trip to Marquette.

A. M. Cleland, general passenger agent of the Northern Pacific is in the city from St. Paul.

WEALTHY IOWAN TO START FARM

May Become Proprietor of Dairy Establishment on Meadows.

A wealthy Iowan, whose home is near Des Moines but whose name the officials of the land department of the Duluth & Iron Range road refuse to divulge, is contemplating the establishment of a big dairy farm on the Northland meadows, and will arrive in Duluth next week on his way to the range.

He is said to represent a number of men who are considering a removal and who have been favorably impressed with the reports they have heard regarding land in Northern Minnesota. He will probably arrive next week. The land officials are very uncommunicative about him for the reason that they fear that if his name were announced, agents of other farming lands will immediately pester him with letters about their own stuff and he fall into their clutches completely before he arrives in Duluth to look at the meadows.

H. P. Thomas of the land department of the D. & I. R. road left today for the meadows, accompanied by G. C. Persons, who is contemplating the purchase of some farm land. Another St. Louis county man is interested with him in the new venture.

GEESE FLY NORTHWARD.

Silly Birds Are Seen Going In Wrong Direction.

Fully 500 silly geese flew Northward over Duluth today and those who were up early enough saw them and some sleepy heads heard their honk, honk, perhaps.

The sight of birds flying North at this time of year is rather unusual but it is just the sort of thing that geese are expected to do. Many Duluthians stopped on their way to business to look at the geese. One man said this morning that he thought they were a flock of automobiles, going by.

The birds circled over the city for some time and finally flew over the hills to the Northwest. One man, on Fifth street, shot at the flock but did not succeed in hitting a goose. They were within range, however.

Wanted—
Competent Hands

In our Alteration Department—Best salaries and steady positions to experienced people. Apply at once.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

CLASS OF SIXTY.

Fidility Lodge, A. O. U. W., To Have Interesting Session Thursday.

It is expected that a class of sixty or more new members will be initiated next Thursday evening by Fidelity lodge No. 105, A. O. U. W., in its new hall on West First street, over the Duluth Music company's store.

It will be a celebration of the Thirty-seventh anniversary of the founding of the order by Father Upchurch, and it is the intention of the lodge to make it a gala event.

G. M. W., W. B. Anderson of Winona is to be in attendance and will do the initiatory work. Other grand lodge officers and members are also expected to be present.

This class was secured largely through the efforts of District Deputy Peter Olson, assisted by members of the order. The addition of this class will increase the membership to more than five hundred and more are to be added a week later.

Though this is one of the youngest of the Workmen lodges in the city, it has steadily forged ahead, and is now the largest Workman lodge at the Head of the Lakes, besides having the record of being the youngest in age membership, the average being about 34 years.

A banquet is to be given after the initiation exercises, followed by speeches by G. M. W. Anderson and others.

WORST IN YEARS

Was the Heavy Snow Storm at Iron Mountain, Mich.

Iron Mountain, Mich., Oct. 21—(Special to The Herald.)—Last night's snow storm, that covered this section of the country under four inches of the "beautiful," was one of the most destructive storms that has visited this vicinity in years. The damage to telephone and telegraph lines will amount to thousands of dollars. Not only were wires broken by the weight of snow, but huge telegraph and telephone poles were broken down by the hundreds. It will be a month before poles can be all replaced. Hardwood trees are still in full leaf, but the weight of snow on these as well as shade trees, has broken down and destroyed scores about town. Trains are running behind time, as communication has been shut off from outside towns. Trees have fallen across the railroad tracks in many places, making travel dangerous.

Weak Kidneys

It is of but little use to try to doctor the kidneys themselves. Such treatment is wrong. For the kidneys are not usually to blame for their weaknesses or irregularities. They have no power—no self control. They are operated and actuated by a tiny shred of a nerve which is largely responsible for their condition. If the Kidney nerve is strong and healthy the kidneys are strong and healthy. If the Kidney nerve goes wrong, you know it by the inevitable result—kidney trouble.

This tender nerve is only one of a great system of nerves. This system controls not only the kidneys, but the heart, and the liver, and the stomach. For simplicity's sake Dr. Shoop has called this great nerve system the "Inside Nerves." They are not the nerves of feeling—not the nerves that enable you to walk, to talk, to act, to think. They are the master nerves and every vital organ is their slave. The common name for these nerves is the "sympathetic nerves"—because each set is in such close sympathy with the others, that weakness anywhere usually results in weakness everywhere.

The one remedy which aims to treat not the Kidneys themselves, but the nerves which are to blame, is known by physicians and druggists everywhere as Dr. Shoop's Restorative, (Tablets or Liquid.) This remedy is not a symptom remedy—it is strictly a cause remedy. While it usually brings speedy relief, its effects are also lasting.

If you would like to read an interesting book on inside nerve disease, write Dr. Shoop. With the book he will also send the "Health Token"—an intended passport to good health. Both the book and the "Health Token" are free.

For the free book and the "Health Token" you must address Dr. Shoop, box 2750, Racine, Wis. State which book you want.

Book 1 on Dyspepsia.
Book 2 on the Heart.
Book 3 on the Kidneys.
Book 4 for Women.
Book 5 for Men.
Book 6 on Rheumatism.

Dr. Shoop's Restorative

Prepared in both Liquid and Tablet form. For sale at forty thousand drug stores. Mild cases are often reached by a single Package.

TEACHERS WILL MEET

Range Association Plans on Big Gathering at Eveleth Next Month.

Prominent Educators of the Northwest Will Take Part.

Arrangements have been completed by the officers of the Range Teachers' association of Northwestern Minnesota for a two-days' session, Nov. 10 and 11 next, at Eveleth, which is expected to be the largest and most complete affair of the kind ever held on the ranges.

The preliminary program contains addresses and discussions on topics of general and school interest by many of the prominent educators of the Northwest, and it is expected that the regular program, which will be issued in a few days, will contain a number of other interesting features.

Among the prominent educators who will be present at the association meeting will be President Northrup of the University of Minnesota, President L. L. Wright of the Michigan state board of education, President Weid of the Moorhead state normal school and president of the Minnesota Educational association, President Shoemaker of the St. Cloud state normal school, President Bohannon of the Duluth state normal school, President I. C. McNeil of the Superior state normal school, in Wisconsin, and R. E. Denfeld, superintendent of the Duluth public schools. The list of those participating will also include the county superintendents of the surrounding counties and the principals and superintendents of the schools.

Among the interesting features of this meet will be a visit paid to the industries, and the dedication of the Eveleth high school building.

Among the subjects already given out is "School Architecture," to P. M. Larson of Cass Lake, who will read a paper. This will be discussed by Architect W. T. Bray of Duluth, B. O. Greening of Eveleth, Lafayette Bliss of Virginia, C. L. Newberry of Ely, and Miss Hattie Booth of Grand Rapids.

Dr. C. W. More of Eveleth will give an address on "Sanitary Hints For Teachers and School Boards." Discussion on this topic will be held by Drs. W. E. Harwood and C. G. Shipman of Eveleth and Ely respectively.

To Louise E. Minert of Two Harbors L. L. Wright of Ironwood, Mich., and C. G. Schulz of St. Paul has been assigned the discussion of the topic, "How Shall We Beautify Our Schools?"

Sectional meetings will be had the morning of Nov. 11, at which different speakers will take up the subjects of interest to the school board, the high school, the graded school, the kindergarten and the rural school.

At the general session the same day addresses will be delivered by the prominent educators present, led by President Northrop of the University of Minnesota.

Supt. R. E. Denfeld of the Duluth schools has been assigned the topic "How to Improve English Reading." President E. W. Bohannon of the Duluth normal school will lead in the discussion.

Arrangements have been made with the railroad companies for special rates during the association meet, a single fare for the round trip. All tickets sold on other roads not running to the range will be recognized on the range trains. Reduced rates are to be given by the hotels and boarding houses at Eveleth and entertainment will be provided for visitors in private families where previously arranged.

At the dedication exercises of the Eveleth high school President Northrop and Supt. L. L. Wright of the Michigan state board of education will speak.

The officers of the association are: President, S. W. Gilpin; vice president, Marie Hanson, Soudan; treasurer, J. F. Muench, Chisholm; secretary, Irene P. McKeehan, Eveleth.

The committees for the meeting are as follows:

Nominations—W. J. Marquis, Two Harbors; C. E. Young, Hibbing; T. E. Grae, Biwabik.

Resolutions—C. L. Newberry, Ely; W. A. Owens, Proctorknott; L. A. Sulcoe, Arnold.

Auditing—A. V. Jones, Sparta; G. G. Denning, Winton; W. A. Lange, Buhl.

Lindquist Asks New Trial.

A motion for a new trial of the malpractice case of A. J. Lindquist against D. W. Riesland, chiropractic, has been filed in district court by J. H. Whitely, attorney for Lindquist. The motion is based on several claims, among which is one made on affidavit of Mr. Whitely, who alleges that the jurors were tampered with by D. W. Riesland. The motion was to have had a hearing this morning, but on account of the stress of business at court, it was continued over until next Saturday.

Noll-Holler Wedding.

A most charming autumnal wedding was that of Joseph L. Holler and Margaret E. Noll at St. Anthony church Wednesday morning at 8:30. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Father Kosmerl. The bride was attended by her bridesmaid, Miss Cora May Noll and Louis Holler was the best man.

A wedding supper and reception was held in the evening at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Noll, 518 West Second street. Sixty-five bidden guests were present. The house was prettily decorated with carnations and autumn leaves. The happy couple received many beautiful gifts.

Mr. and Mrs. Holler will be at home after Nov. 1 at 117 Seventh avenue west.

NAVAL PARADE MONDAY.

Tokio, Oct. 21.—It is officially announced that the grand naval review will take place on Monday, October 23. Great enthusiasm over the event prevails in Tokio and Yokohama. Seventy-five special trains will be run between the two cities on the day of the review.

Good Watches Cheap

At Harris & Esterly's Jewelry store, 428 W. Superior street, Spalding Hotel.

Ely

photographs the babies.

OPEN TONIGHT UNTIL 10.

The Coat Sale at $25

Now In Progress.

A Most Important Buying Opportunity.

The Store of Quality. Silberstein & Bondy Company. The Store of Quality.

WORK NOW IN FULL SWING

Advance Subscriptions Of Nearly $1,000 Have Been Reported.

Daily Bulletins Of Y. M. C. A. Will Be Issued.

The end of the first week of the campaign for the new building of the Y. M. C. A. came to a close today and everything points to a successful outcome of the canvass to raise the $150,000, which is the sum fixed by the building committee as the amount necessary to construct the new building.

The campaign was launched on Tuesday evening with a banquet at the Spalding hotel, when the business men's committee was organized. This committee is composed of 100 representative business men and it will bear the brunt of the fight to raise the necessary funds.

On Wednesday evening the younger men held a banquet and the Century club, composed of 100 young men, was organized. This committee is composed of the younger lawyers, business men and the clerks of the city, who are interested in the association work and they have undertaken to raise $20,000 of the amount required. As $50,000 has already been pledged, the business men's committee will be required to raise about $30,000.

Thursday and Friday was occupied in getting the committee in shape. The young men have divided themselves into ten groups with a leader for each group, and the lists have just been completed.

A card index system is being used to facilitate the work of canvassing for subscriptions. Several thousand names have been written down on the cards, and as they are seen by the members of the committee, the names are scratched off.

Little actual canvassing has been done as yet, but a few small subscriptions amounting to nearly $1,000 have been turned in to headquarters. By this evening it is expected that the fund will have passed the $5,000 mark.

Several large subscriptions are about ready to announce, and early next week they will probably swell the total sum by a substantial figure.

The members of the two committees will commence work in earnest Monday morning. Arrangements have been made to have the subscriptions reported daily, and at any moment the total amount pledged toward the fund can be ascertained.

MANILA FREE OF CHOLERA.

Manila, Oct. 21.—For the past six days Manila has been free from cholera. Five new cases and twelve deaths occurred in the provinces during the past twenty-four hours.

GOT HER PENSION.

Brooklyn Eagle: Corporal Tanner told the following story the other day: of how he passed a pension claim for the widow of a famous Confederate soldier: "I was commissioner of pensions at the time," said the gallant corporal. "I received a telegram one day from Lee, then governor of Virginia, asking if he and Senator John S. Barbour of Virginia could see me if they came to Washington the next day. Of course I answered certainly. They came to see what was needed in the settlement of the long-delayed pension claim of Mrs. Cooper, widow of Gen. Cooper, who was adjutant general of the army in '61, and who went South and was adjutant general of the Confederate army. He had served with credit in the Mexican war.

"I called the case from the files to my desk and went through it. The proof was complete in every respect, and the filing stamps showed that it had been for a year or so before I took office. In a few minutes I turned to Lee and said:

"'Governor, there is just one trouble about this case.'

"'What is it?' he asked.

"'Cowardice.'

"Fitz flashed in an instant, as I knew he would—we had been friends for years. 'Sir,' said he, with an emphasis which startled my stenographer, who sat at the opposite side of the desk, 'Gen. Cooper's bravery was unimpeached and unimpeachable.'

"'I am perfectly well aware of that,' I replied. Putting my finger under the stamped date, which showed when the final evidence completing the case had been filed, I said: 'The case should have been allowed immediately thereafter.'

"'Ah, I see,' said Gen. Lee slowly: 'he was a Confederate soldier.'

"I remarked that I did not wish to irritate his political sensibilities, but that he sure was making bull's-eyes. I learned that it was the case where a superserviceable subordinate thought he was saving my Democratic predecessor, Gen. Black, a possible embarrassment by pigeon-holing the claim and keeping it from his sight, otherwise I would not have experienced the pleasure I did in putting the case through and giving to the fine old lady her due under the law. The certificate beat the governor and the senator down to Richmond."

A RURAL RETORT.

When Senator Voorhees of Indiana was on the hustings making speeches against the Republican congressional candidate, Lamb, says the Los sAngeles Times, he sat on the platform and listened to Lamb's self-extollation until Lamb, to make himself solid with the farmers, told of his life on the farm, and concluded: "In fact, my friends, I may say that I was born between two rows of corn."

"Nothing but a pumkin," shouted Voorhees, and Lamb was laughed out of the race.

ALL KINDS OF HATS

Made over, cleaned, blocked, dyed and retrimmed into latest styles equal to new. Our fall blocks and shapes are here.

Hats called for and delivered promptly. Zenith 'phone 1627-D.

C. VOLLAND

20 First Avenue East. The Hatter.

"The Prudential Insurance Co."

Issues the ideal Life Insurance contract, both as an investment and protection.

Is Your Life Insured?

If not, we have the policy you want, at lowest cost and highest dividends. Policies issued on the annual or five-year dividend plan, as the applicant may desire.

Call or write the representative,

M. A. KEELEY,

No. 517 Torrey Bldg., Duluth, Minn. New 'Phone, 518-Y.

Korby Piano Co.,

201 E. Superior St.,

Factory representatives for the W. W. Kimball Co., have just received a carload of Pianos. Terms to suit the purchaser.

Take Your Prescriptions

and have them filled at

Boyce's Drug Store.

China Painting and Firing.

Lessons given in china, oil and water color painting and pyrography.

China Firing for Amateurs.
Dinner and Score Cards Painted.

MRS. MAY INMAN

Studio—114 P. 14th Ave. E. Old 'Phone 1581-R

Old Remedy. New Form.

NEVER KNOWN TO FAIL.

Tarrant's Extract of Cubebs and Copaiba in

CAPSULES.

The tasteless, quick and thorough cure for gonorrhoea, gleet, whites, etc. Easy to take, convenient to carry. Fifty years successful use. Price $1, at druggists, or by mail from The Tarrant Co., 44 Hudson St., New York.

The Lanpher Furs

NORTH STAR BRAND

The durability of fur garments depends largely upon the freshness of the skins, and the inside construction. We buy only the best skins from first hands, and pay particular attention to inside construction, interlining and staying by hand. Our garments are made in the best styles, and fit properly.

The Lanpher label is your guarantee.

Lanpher, Skinner & Co.

St. Paul, Minnesota

If your dealer does not carry our line, write us and we will direct you.



An Open Letter to John A. McCall President New York Life Insurance Company

Every man who is now denying himself luxuries, comforts and even necessities, in order that, after his death, his family may enjoy comfort and safety—every such man should read Mr. Lawson's burning words in his open letters to John A. McCall, President of the New York Life Insurance Company, and to the public. Every woman who is depending on insurance for her support. Every one closely or remotely connected with life insurance should get the November number of Everybody's, read the full text of Mr. Lawson's letters (of which parts are quoted below) and send Mr. Lawson their proxies or add their names to the hundred thousand who have already written him.

To John A. McCall, President New York Life Insurance Co.

Sir: It is time your attention was called to the moral sense of the American people. * * * It is time you were shown yourself as you are today seen by the millions of your countrymen, who, a month ago, believed you to be a great and honorable man.

In spite of the terrible exposures of the past few weeks, * * * in spite of the unveiling of the jugglery, grafting and corruption of your administration of the most sacred trust than can be confided to man, you remain unconvinced of your fall and unpenetrated by your shame, * * * forgetting that the enemy against whom your maneuvers were directed was the American people, and that * * * your character and reputation were as absolutely before the bar as though you had been indicted for sequestration of the funds of some dead friend's wife. * * *

You have made yourself the custodian of these funds, under sacred pledge of square dealing and honest administration. You have made yourself the national executor * * * of the widow and the orphan. * * * Hundreds of millions of dollars have been confided to you annually—scores of millions of the nation have been turned into your coffers. * * * With this money you have been rigging syndicates, debauching Legislatures, manipulating stock markets, and doing other things which will be proven later. Instead of employing the vast power and the immense wealth intrusted to you to conserve the interests of your policy holders, you have made yourself a part of the cruel robbing machine which the "System" has created to deprive the American people of their savings. * * *

Yet today you describe the investigation being conducted into your operations as an impertinence * * * you are unrepentant, unashamed and defiant. * * *

One year ago, in Everybody's Magazine, I said:

"The officers, trustees and officials of the 'Big Three' life-insurance companies have been and are now squandering their policy holders' money. They are grafters—mean, contemptible grafters."

I gave specific instances of their thieveries.

You replied, not by hauling me to Court, but by:

Circulating throughout the world documents by the millions, disparaging my reputation by advertisements and "news" and "editorial" statements from your subsidized insurance press, denying my charges, attacking my character, all at the expense of your policy holders and without their approval.

You employed James M. Beck, ex-Assistant Attorney General of the United States, then and now chief attorney for Henry H. Rogers, the Standard Oil company, the "System" and the Mutual Life Insurance company, to ridicule my utterances and asperse my honor in addresses in the cities of Philadelphia and Boston.

You employed James H. Eckels, ex-Comptroller of the Currency of the United States, now president of the Commercial Bank and representative of the "System" in the West, to attack my arguments and distort my motives in Chicago.

You ordered Vice President Perkins of the New York Life Insurance Company to perform similar service in Philadelphia; and

The burden of all these documents, advertisements and disguised advertisements and addresses was: "Lawson is an unmitigated liar and scoundrel, whose sole reason for attacking the insurance companies is that we refused him insurance." * * *

Today you and your fellow-plunderers stand convicted in the eyes of the world, not only of juggling the moneys of the widow and the orphan in the stock market, but of manipulating these trust funds for the benefit of your own pockets.

* * * Notwithstanding the turpitude already exposed to the people, you still imagine you can so conduct yourself as to prevent the investigators from fastening on you and your associates the more desperate crimes that have been committed in the past—the 150 to 200 millions stolen and diverted or used in corruption. * * *

But you have mistaken the tempers of your countrymen.

I have been authorized in writing by over 16,000 policy holders, carrying over fifty-four millions of insurance, to act for them.

I had intended to await the finish of the New York investigation before proceeding, but as I have had placed in my hands during the past few days evidences of the determination of yourself and your accomplices and fellow-conspirators to face it out regardless of consequences, and as I believe men capable of committing the acts that have been proved during the past few days fully capable of taking the transportable part of the billion and a quarter funds in foreign countries, and using them to keep themselves from their justly deserved punishments, I have decided to act now. * * *

THOMAS W. LAWSON.

To Life Insurance Policy Holders.

At the beginning of my story, nearly a year and a half ago, I made certain accusations against the management of the three big life insurance companies.

I knew when I began my story that the big life insurance companies were in the hands of grafters and thieves, just as are the great banks, trust companies, railroad companies, and big corporations and trusts.

THIS I KNOW, and, in plain language, said it. * * *

Today the press of the world is devoting its space, news and editorial, to a recital of the contemptible and heinous crimes of the New York Life and the Mutual Life Insurance Companies—**not as I relate them, but as their own officers and trustees publicly confess them.**

In the July installment of my story I called upon policy holders to sign a coupon blank inserted in **Everybody's Magazine,** and send same to me that I might speak for them in a plan to further their interests.

In response to my call I have received up to today, Oct. 4, 16,307 answers, representing $55,165,916.

As soon as I received a number of signatures sufficiently large to warrant it, I quietly began operations.

The first direct result is the investigation now being held. This investigation has proceeded far enough to put before the public absolute proof of all the crimes I have charged, and three to thirty times as many more.

It is now evident to all that:

1st. The policy holders in the great companies have yearly paid into their company scores of millions more than necessary.

2nd. The policy holders have been robbed of hundreds of millions.

3rd. The vast funds now on hand have been habitually used by the grafters now in control of them in the rankest kind of stock gambling.

4th. These funds have been habitually used to corrupt the ballot box and the lawmakers of the country.

I repeat, absolute proof of all this has been made public.

It should now be evident to all, that:

1st. The funds now on hand are in actual jeopardy, because they are in the absolute control of unprincipled scoundrels.

2nd. Unless something is done * * * at once by the policy holders * * * every one of the largest companies may become insolvent; that is, they may not be able to meet the engagements of their policies, because of waste of funds, tremendous falling off of new business, tremendous cost of new business, and the nature of the new business—so-called "graveyard business," for I am credibly informed that they are now seeking to insure those who formerly have been refused insurance because of physical infirmities.

It should be plainly evident that if the policy holders move, and move quickly, they can be absolutely assured that:

1st. The funds as they are today will remain intact.

2nd. They will be added to by the restitution of from $75,000,000 to $150,000,000.

3rd. A score of the thieves who have plundered policy holders in the past will be sent to prison.

4th. The future payments of policy holders will be largely cut down.

5th. The present swollen surpluses will be returned in large part to policy holders.

6th. In the future policy holders will actually run the company.

7th. All policy holders can be assured that in the future they will receive the actual worth of their policy at surrender.

All this being so, it is most eminently desirable for policy holders to act, and at once. * * *

THOMAS W. LAWSON.

Beginning over a year ago, Everybody's Magazine has steadily attacked the legalized robbers of the business community, until the whole country has become keenly alive to the evil powers which we are struggling to destroy, and which have been in the way of President Roosevelt's "Square Deal for Every Man."

This destructive process must go on until the money of widows and orphans shall be safe; until beef trusts shall no longer control the food supplies; until the concentrated rottenness of many years shall be shaken out of the great businesses of our country; and until municipal, state and federal governments shall everywhere be clean and honest.

Charles Edward Russell, in his Foreword to his eloquent and constructive series on Man's Struggle for Equality, says: "In some way the Americans will find a cure for the evils that now beset and hamper them, as in old days they found a cure for monarchical despotism, and again for African slavery."

Lawson is helping. Russell is helping. Everybody's Magazine is helping. Let every man who has pity for the under-dog read what Mr. Russell has to say in his series beginning in Everybody's Magazine for November that he may learn, and think, and, when the time comes, act.

A great magazine—Everybody's for November—for everybody. For everybody; that means you.

Everybody's Magazine 15 cents—$1.50 a year. Just out. At Newsdealers or send $1.50 for one year's subscription to The Ridgway-Thayer Company, New York.

"We want special representatives in every county in the United States. Write for our special offer."

PRINTERS IN LIMELIGHT

Printers' Strike Still Occupies Center of Labor Stage.

Nothing Much Doing In Other Unions—No Advantages Yet.

Union Meetings:

Tonight—Bakers and confectioners, 18 West Superior street; Boilermakers and iron shipbuilders, Axa hall.

Monday—Retail Clerks, Labor World hall.

Tuesday — Carpenters, Rowley building; Machinists, Axa building; Sheet Metal Workers, Labor World hall; Stationery Firemen, Labor World hall; Painters, Decorators & Paperhangers, Labor World hall.

Wednesday — Freight Handlers, Kalamazoo block; Steamfitters, Labor World hall; Plasterers, Labor World hall; Meat Cutters, Labor World hall.

Thursday—Building Laborers, 221 West Superior street; Stationery Engineers, third floor, Axa building; Cooks and Waiters, Labor World hall; Plumbers and Gasfitters, Labor World hall.

Friday—Federated Trades Assembly, Labor World hall; Lathers, Labor World hall.

* * *

The principal thing in labor circles is still the job printers' strike. Nothing else is doing because everybody is working and no trouble is brewing. The printers' strike is the whole thing and occupies, undisputed, the center of the stage. Of course, as is usual in all such cases, both sides are claiming advantages at the present writing, which one who stands on the outside and watches them struggle for the ball, cannot see. As a matter of fact there does not seem to have been any advantage on either side up to date, but it cannot be said what an hour may bring forth. Each side is watching for an opening and is ready to jump in and take advantage as soon as a chance is given.

* * *

Of course neither side will admit a point of vantage gained by the other side, and nobody expects them to; and it is quite amusing to listen to them deny any assertions to the effect that the other side has obtained a point.

* * *

The printers claim that they have put the bosses in an uncomfortable position so far as showing a disposition of compromise is concerned. This was brought about by a conference, which was held during the first part of the week between representatives of the printers' union and representatives of the Typothetae. The strikers' representatives made this proposition:

That the master printers should admit the eight-hour day, and that each side should agree to arbitrate the scale outside of the length of the day by Jan. 1, at which time the agreement should take effect. This the master printers turned down unceremoniously.

* * *

John Christie is supposed to voice the sentiment of the Typothetae when he says, unqualifiedly, that so far as the Typothetae is concerned, the "closed shop" is a bygone memory only; that they will never again countenance anything but an open shop, and purpose "managing our own shops without assistance from any union."

* * *

No radical change is expected on either side at once. The Typothetae claims to be getting plenty of men; the union says the Typothetae is getting some men, all of whom are poor workmen, and will not be countenanced by the Typothetae for very long.

* * *

A big union meeting will be held tomorrow afternoon in Labor World hall for the benefit of the striking job printers. Delegates from every union in the city will be present, and a plan for a vigorous campaign among business men and others will be launched. The plan has already been talked of, and has been agreed upon by all of the unions. The various unions are also offering financial aid.

* * *

Certain union offices in Duluth are, it is claimed by the union, setting linotype stuff for the job offices, getting the copy and delivering the type in a round-about way. These offices are likely to get into trouble, and have been notified today that if any more of this work is done, all of their machine men will be instantly called out. This will leave the publication of a certain newspaper by no means a cinch proposition. It is expected that the backward trail will be taken by the management, however, and the situation saved.



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CREW OF EIGHT MEN ARE RESCUED IN MID-OCEAN.

Sydney, C. B., Oct. 21.—Rescued in mid-ocean as their vessel was about to sink, Capt. Zachariassen and his crew of eight men of the Norwegian bark H. W. Palmer were landed here yesterday by the Norwegian steamer Christian Bors, which arrived from Hull, Finland. The Palmer left Buctouche, N. B., Oct. 2, for Queenstown, with a cargo of deal. On Oct. 11 she encountered a terrific hurricane and sprang a leak. It was evident the next day that the vessel could not remain afloat much longer, and Capt. Zachariassen and crew prepared to take to the boats, although a tremendous sea was running. At that moment, however, the steamer Christian Bors was sighted. Signals of distress were quickly displayed, and the steamer responded. All were taken safely on board the steamer, the crew of which set fire to the bark.

YOUNG BOY ACQUITTED OF MANSLAUGHTER CHARGE.

Detroit, Oct. 21.—Jonnie Goodson, a 12-year-old boy, who on Aug. 21, shot and instantly killed Hanna McQuaid, a girl about 12 years old, was yesterday acquitted on the charge of manslaughter by a jury in the circuit court. The boy, who had maintained a brave front throughout the trial, broke down and cried when the verdict was announced.

Young Goodson and several lads of about his own age met a party of young girls driving just outside the city limits. They began teasing the girls and trying to climb into their buggy. The boys had been spending the day in the woods and Goodson had a gun with him. He pointed it at Hannah McQuaid while the boys were trying to get into the buggy and it went off. The boy maintained that the gun was fired by accident.

CONSUMPTIVE TEACHERS

Must Not Be Employed In the Public Schools.

St. Paul, Oct. 21.—The state board of health, at its meeting yesterday, directed the issuing of a circular to county superintendents of schools, forbidding the employment as teacher of any person suffering from tuberculosis, and debarring children suffering from that disease from admission to the schools.

Secretary H. M. Bracken of the board, in speaking of the order, said is was issued not only to safeguard the pupils, but also for the benefit of the sufferers themselves, who could not be in a worse place than closely confined to a school room.

A special investigation instituted some time ago revealed the fact that a large number of the teachers who come in direct contact with many children were affected with the disease. Under an opinion of Attorney General Young, the board decided to proceed against the abattoirs in several cities of the state. Numerous reports have been filed with the board to the effect that many of the abattoirs as maintained at present are a nuisance and should not be tolerated. The attorney general rules that the board has jurisdiction over the abattoirs.

Plans for septic tanks at Chisholm and Warren were submitted to the board for its approval. These towns are attempting to solve the question of a sanitary sewage system, and have asked the board to make suggestions regarding the best methods in disposing of the sewage, so that the water supply may not be contaminated.

YOUR LIVER

may be torpid from excessive coffee drinking. Drink

Postum

and note the change.

"There's a Reason."

COULD SAVE A MILLION

Gross Extravagance In Management of Public Printing Office.

Washington, Oct. 21.—Supplementing his statement regarding extravagance and waste in public printing, Representative Charles B. Landis, chairman of the sub-committee of the congressional printing investigating committee, charged with an inquiry into the alleged extravagances in the public printing, yesterday insisted that the statement he made in congress before its adjournment to the effect that the government could save a million dollars a year in printing bill, was not at all exaggerated. Mr. Landis says this can be done not only without material injury to any public interest, but to the great relief of members of congress, public officials and the public generally.

Mr. Landis declared that "a printing contagion seems to have swept over and taken possession of congress.

"There are tons upon tons of documents for which there will never be any demand piled up in the basement of the capitol," he said. "There are cart loads of documents for which there will never be any demand piled up in the ware rooms of the government printing office, tons of these documents are piled up in the committee rooms and in the various departments about Washington and in the garrets and woodsheds of senators and representatives throughout the country.

"It all represents waste and extravagance and improvidence and the situation fairly shrieks for correction."

INSTRUMENT DEMOLISHED

Valuable Transit Owned By City Smashed By Wagon.

Driving rapidly along Michigan street toward the union depot, a wagon belonging to an express company broke down a temporary fence constructed around a transit belonging to the city engineer's department and demolished the instrument, which was valued at $220.

James Neff, a member of the field force, had been using the transit, surveying grade lines. He had left it standing on the street near the fence constructed to shut off traffic, and had gone a few feet away to inspect some lines, when the wagon came along.

An investigation is being made by the city engineer, and if possible either the express company which owned the wagon or the driver will be held responsible for the breaking of the instrument.

CUNLIFFE BETRAYED FOR REWARD OF $2,500

(Continued from page 1.)

night, one being an attempt by Cunliffe to bribe Capt. George Arnold of the local detective force, and the other being the story of betrayal by a friend of Cunliffe for the purpose of securing the reward of $2,500 offered by the Pinkertons for his arrest. During one of the talks which Capt. Arnold had with Cunliffe, the prisoner made a proposition to divide the eighty thousand dollars which he had sent to his brother-in-law, Joseph W. Boardman, in Bristol, on the promise of secrecy. Arnold was to have received $40,000 if the scheme was carried out according to the plans of the prisoner, who was to tell the Pittsburg authorities that the hiding place of the money would never be known.

Arnold led the prisoner on in his wild proposition and after Cunliffe's plans were laid bare, the detective told Cunliffe that the money he had intended to split up had already been found in Bristol. The betrayal of Cunliffe by his friend, James Missett, is interesting. Missett formerly lived in Bristol and knew Cunliffe well. They had been together a good deal when Cunliffe lived in Bristol and Hartford, and at the present time Missett is employed by one of the cheap hotels in that section of the city in which Cunliffe was captured. Last Tuesday Missett went into the Tremont hotel barroom and saw Cunliffe standing at the bar. Missett went to him and said: "Hello, Cunliffe; what are you doing here?" Cunliffe turned around and pretended not to know Missett, who was sure of his man. Missett then said: "Why, you know me; I'm Missett. You used to play policy with me in Bristol."

Cunliffe still denied that he had ever seen Missett. Missett then left the barroom in a hurry and when outside inquired the amount of the reward offered for the capture of Cunliffe. The next morning Missett went to New York, and on reaching there visited the Pinkerton agency in Broadway.

"Gentlemen," he said, "I know where Cunliffe is and I want to know what reward is offered for him."

He was told $2,500.

The Pinkerton people thought at first that Missett was a crank, but he assured them that he was in earnest and said that if the Pinkertons would give him a written agreement that he would get the reward if he told them where the missing man could be found he would do so. This was agreed to and Missett told them. The arrest of Cunliffe followed.

Last night Missett returned from New York with $2,500 reward and proceeded to spend it lavishly throughout the lower part of the city.

Pittsburg, Oct. 21.—Edward G. Cunliffe, who committed the $101,000 theft from the Adams Express company and who was captured Thursday at Bridgeport, Conn., is a thoroughly exhausted and fatigued person today. Upon his arrival from the East last night at 8 o'clock he was immediately taken to the local office of the Pinkerton detective agency, where he was put through a process of "sweating" by officials that lasted until 4:30 o'clock this morning. Whether it was productive and disclosed the whereabouts of the remaining $11,000 could not be learned. Cunliffe was lodged in a cell at the Central police station at 5 o'clock, where he quickly removed his coat, and making a pillow of it, was soon asleep. Several newspaper reporters were permitted to visit him today.

"I suppose you have had a strenuous time, Cunliffe," was suggested.

"Yes," replied Cunliffe, "we left Bridgeport quite early yesterday morning and traveled all day. Then the Pinkertons put me through a terrible racking experience lasting about eight hours."

Cunliffe said he was tired out, and expressed a willingness for quarters in the county jail, where he was told the accommodations were more comfortable. He will be committed to that place today. It was reported that Cunliffe had been cruelly treated during the examination last night. A Pittsburg newspaper man, who accompanied the party from Bridgeport, stated that en route to the city the authorities did everything for the prisoner's comfort. During the examination last night he was also treated with consideration. About 2 o'clock this morning both Cunliffe and his inquisitors grew hungry and at that hour a recess was taken while messengers were dispatched for something to eat.

After Cunliffe had been placed in the central station he was visited by Harry Moore, director of public safety, but, out of courtesy to the Pinkertons, who were in charge of the apprehension of Cunliffe, Director Moore refrained from questioning him concerning the theft of the money.

Director Moore expressed the belief that Cunliffe is not constitutionally wicked. He thinks he is simply morally weak and the theft was the result of an irresistible impulse.

While the director did not make a declaration in as many words, it is the impression that he will see that the court possesses all the information concerning the man before he is sentenced.

"With proper environments I believe Cunliffe would be honest," said Director Moore. "In fact, I am sure of it. He is not a felon nor a criminal, but the fact remains certain that he is terribly weak."

Notwithstanding the severe examination given Cunliffe by the officers, it is said no addtonal admssions were secured from hm. He is unusually stubborn and seems to feel that he has already talked too much for his own good. The prisoner was exceedingly aggravated when he was told nearly $10,000 more of the money was found wrapped as a laundry package in Bridgeport. It is believed he will remain stubborn about the remaining $11,000 and will only reveal its location when he is assured of clemency by the courts.

Rumors of ill treatment, said to have been accorded Cunliffe during third degree "process" are persistent. While it is known food was taken into the examination room about 2 o'clock this morning, it is not known whether Cunliffe partook of it. One important requisite of the third degree is that of eating food before a hungry prisoner.

There are people reading our "To Let" columns today who would make desirable tenants for that vacant house of yours. There will be tomorrow, too; and there's time enough for you to get your ad in these columns for tomorrow. It should have been in today.

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IT NEVER PAYS.

I have made a fool of myself. Human nature is frail, and at some time or other in our lives we must fall. I have fallen and have made the mistake of my life. I wish I had a chance to do it over again and I would be honest.—E. G. Cunliffe, the Pittsburg express company employe who stole $101,000 and has been caught.

It is so easy to look back over things and say how we should have done them, and how we should do them if we had it to do over again. But it is usually the people that spend a good deal of time in exercising their "hindsight" who get into trouble and make failures.

This young man, working for the Adams Express company at Pittsburg for $65 a month and constantly handling large sums of money, finally succumbed to the temptation and tried to make away with a fortune. In his talk after arrest he admitted that once when he handled $250,000 he was tempted, but he resisted the temptation, and remained honest—for the time being.

Some may think the wonder is that more of the trusted employes under small pay who handle large sums of money do not weaken under the temptation and try to steal it. Not so. The wonder is that there are so many misguided weaklings that show such an inability to learn from the experiences of others that in spite of the warnings of these experiences they break away from the instincts of honesty and steal from the money entrusted to their care.

How many of them ever get away with it? Almost none. And of the very few that do get away and elude pursuit, how many are happy with their illgotten fortunes? Absolutely none, one might safely say. Nobody except men completely criminal by nature could enjoy a stolen fortune, and such men do not, as a rule, have the opportunities that came to young Cunliffe.

To a fugitive from justice, with a fortune of stolen money in his possession, conscience comes with accusing finger and sits upon his bedpost, stalks through his dreams, meets him upon the thoroughfares and causes him to see a pursuer in every stranger. Were every dollar of his stolen money in silver, it could not weigh heavier than it will upon his conscience. That is why so many of them come back voluntarily, and give themselves up with a sigh of real relief.

When there is proof so absolute that it does not pay, and that it is well nigh impossible to make a successful steal and keep it, the wonder is that so many people will do as young Cunliffe did, and trade their honesty and peace of mind for the lot of a fugitive who trembles at each footstep and looks with suspicion and alarm on every passerby. Far better an honest crust of bread and the humble couch of hard-earned but honest living, than luxury gained by stolen dollars that weigh each one many tons of accusing conscience.

IT WAS TIME.

The state board of control has at last receded from its strenuously defended position of secrecy on bids for state construction work, and hereafter all bids will be publicly announced.

The change, for which a fight has been made ever since the board of control of state institutions was created, seems to have been largely due to the influence of L. A. Rosing, and this one thing alone, if there were nothing else, is enough to amply justify his appointment by Governor Johnson to this important place.

In the past, though hundreds of thousands of dollars of construction work was let annually, bids were secret, and the board absolutely refused to conduct the letting of contracts openly, as all other public bodies of the state and most private interests have done. Though the arguments against the practice were obvious and not easily controverted, and though the custom has been bitterly attacked, the board has clung to it with misguided affection until this week. When the bids in connection with the plumbing and heating work for the women's building at the Duluth normal school were opened, they were announced, and this was the first time such a thing had happened since the board came into being.

There are three members of the board, and two votes were necessary to bring about the change. Judge O. B. Gould, one of the two Republican members of the board, supported Mr. Rosing in his fight for openness, and S. W. Leavett, the third member, voted against it.

A start having been made on construction work, it is to be hoped that the practice of secrecy will also be abolished as to the purchase of supplies. The taxpayers, who foot the bills and whose servants the members of this board are, should be able to know what it is doing and how it is doing it. The secret method of "protected bids" was a very dangerous tendency.

"MARSE HENRY" ON SOCIETY.

Along the banks of the stream of life there are eddies of varying sizes, wherein objects go whirling around and around and around as long as they can stay there. Sometimes the rushing stream sweeps part of them away; sometimes it deposits others there. This is Society, the sort of society that presumes to control the exclusive use of the capital initial. And the funny part of it is that the objects that go ever whirling about, gravely or gaily, in these eddies, fancy they are in the real stream, and that they lead humanity in its progress toward the invisible ocean.

This does not mean the social circles wherein men and women gather for the uplifting influence of communion one with another, where decent and orderly amusement is the object; it means the society where such things are the chief end of life, the society that Henry Watterson likes to say his say about. He has been saying his say about it again, and in the November Cosmopolitan magazine he publishes an article of characteristically vigorous interest entitled "European Society Contrasted With Ours."

His attitude, being that of a real worker, a real traveler upon the broad bosom of the real stream of life, who if he slips into an eddy does it with much the spirit of a European voyager among the interior tribes of Africa, is that of impartiality in the judgment of the societies of this hemisphere and the old, and while he finds but little to admire in either, the advantage is altogether in favor of the real thing across the ocean rather than the imitation on this side. The real trouble with American Society, he finds, is that it imports, in its imitative campaign, the vicious and not the virtuous from the Society of the old world.

"There is an aristocracy of birth," he says, "and an aristocracy of brains, and an aristocracy of money. Sometimes they are fused or partly fused, the man with the pedigree having both brains and money, or money only, or brains only." The rich man by sudden fortune is not always a parvenu, nor is the scion of the illustrious line necessarily a gentleman.

Incidentally Col. Watterson pays his compliments to the Newport and New York set that he had occasion to refer to several years ago. Says he:

> They society! Has Caliban grace? Is Tom Thumb to be regarded as an epitome of manhood? Must the simian and the swell be accepted as interchangeable types, as alternating standards, of human breeding and beauty? One would think so even by a partial perusal of the subscription list of "Fads and Fancies," to say nothing about the reports that come to us from the inner circles of that incarnation of stupidity and affectation, that ensemble and embodiment of boredom, whose only motto seems to be: "Eat, drink and be merry, for tomorrow ye die."

MR. MEYER'S BOOK.

Hugo R. Meyer, assistant professor of political economy at the Chicago University, has issued a book entitled "Government Regulation of Railway Rates," which is reviewed today in the book department of The Herald. The book is practically a brief, wherein Prof. Meyer, as attorney for the railroads, presents his opposition to government regulation of rates. There are two significant things about the book.

One is that it illustrates the policy of the railroads to attempt to confuse the issues by arguing against government rate-making as though it were a plan to take the rate-making power away from the railroads, and place it in the hands of the interstate commerce commission. This same attitude has been taken by the railroad presidents and others who have spoken in opposition to government regulation. Obviously, the intention is to make people believe, if possible, that that is the proposition, and by surrounding the function of rate-making with mystery to make out that nobody can handle it but railroad men, and therefore that ruin would follow an attempt to let the government handle it.

This might be all right if there were any such proposition pending, but there is not. Nobody has proposed to take the rate-making power away from the railroads. The plan to which President Roosevelt has given his sanction is simply to permit the interstate commerce commission to substitute a fair rate for an unfair rate after a hearing. There is no argument anywhere in Prof. Meyer's book against that plan. Indeed, he quotes with approval a decision by the supreme court of the United States in which it is distinctly stated that the commission and the courts have the power to revise rates when it is charged that they are unjust or unreasonable, or that they result in unjust discriminations and preferences.

In short, Prof. Meyer and the railroads are arguing against government rate-making, when only government revision is proposed.

Another interesting feature is that apparently the railroads have accepted the book as a suitable brief for their side of the case, as copies of it have been sent out broadcast. Most of the newspapers that come to The Herald office have favorable reviews of it, though very few of them are accustomed to receiving books for review. Evidently the railroads are seeing to it that the book is widely distributed, and that every newspaper of any prominence gets a copy of it.

REAL STRENUOUS LIFE.

For a real exemplification of what the strenuous life means, one need look no further than the experiences of a popular girl who is about to be married, and who is undergoing the run of "showers" and similar institutions that have come to be in many places an almost indispensable prelude to the wedding.

While numerous instances might be taken right here at home, perhaps on the whole it is best to go away for an example, which the Topeka State Journal furnishes in a description of what happened to a Kansas girl while she was preparing to be married recently.

The wedding was announced about a month ago, and as the bride was a very popular girl, society "events" have followed in quick succession, in each of which she was the central figure. She has furnished three-quarters of the filling for the "society column" of the newspapers in her home town. No newspaper was ready to go to press until her name appeared in its columns from one to eight times. First came a season of "showers" of various sorts, which lasted a couple of weeks. Then followed a bewildering series of dinners, receptions and "at homes," scores of them. Even Sunday was not allowed the poor girl, for with all the other dates filled up some of her enthusiastic friends insisted on giving a dinner for her Sunday evening. On Monday came an "informal" at home, the informality of which may be judged from the fact that one of the dailies took up half a column of space with a description of the decorations. At another place that evening was a dinner. Tuesday the bride started in with a 9 o'clock breakfast, followed by twenty or thirty calls, and ending with another dinner.

When it is remembered that such a day as that includes several changes of toilets, it is easy to realize that the broker plunging into the mad whirl of a bear raid in the pit, a president attempting to fight his way out through a week's accumulation of red tape, a newspaper man with eighteen hours' work to do in eight hours, a business man engaged in planning a fall's campaign of "sales," have not the remotest idea of the meaning of "strenuous life."

The young man? Oh, he managed to catch a glimpse of her once in a while, but generally he cut a pretty inconspicuous figure, and he had a taste of what it must be like to figure as the "unknown husband of a wellknown wife."

This is a Kansas instance, but it might as easily have been a Duluth case.

AUTOCRATIC.

The light so far thrown upon the president's order permitting cabinet heads to discharge civil service employes for incompetency or misconduct personally observed by them does not make it look any better. While the president's side of the matter has not yet been heard, everything said so far goes to show that the order arose from the case of Elvidge, the Minnesota man who was running an automobile belonging to the bureau of standards, and who unwittingly came in contact with the president's carriage and its guard of secret service men on bicycles.

As told by Walter Wellman, the Chicago Record-Herald's correspondent, Elvidge did not know it was the president's carriage, and did not know that the men on bicycles were secret service men. When he tried to steer his auto on one side of the carriage, the bicycle man on that side waved him away, and when he tried the other side the secret service man there waved him back. Whereupon, in utter ignorance of the situation in which he found himself, but naturally indignant at being made ridiculous, he invited the secret service men to betake themselves to a warmer climate. Wherefore he was suspended, and after the issuance of the executive order, discharged.

Not only was he discharged, but the executive order made it possible for any cabinet officer to overthrow the civil service rules and discharge almost any employe who displeases him.

If that is all there is to the story, the action is autocratic, imperious, and utterly unworthy of the president and his position. It looks like a wanton destruction of the civil service system for no better reason than that a humble employe interrupted momentarily, through inadvertence, the royal progress of the president's carriage.

The Herald yields to none in its admiration of the president, but it does not admire this incident at all. It sincerely hopes that the other side of the story will come out, and that it will show that the executive order and the order for Elvidge's discharge had their origin in some more dignified reason than the only one that had been offered up to date.

THE ERIE'S PRESIDENT.

Since according to report the Wisconsin Central and its new line from Ladysmith are to make Duluth in a measure the western terminus of the Erie line, it may interest Duluth people to know what kind of a man it is that is to have control of the entire system, Erie, Wisconsin Central and all.

His name is Frederick D. Underwood, he is 55 years old, and he was born in Wisconsin. Thrown upon his own resources at an early age, he worked in the mines and lumber mills of Michigan and Northern Wisconsin, so he knows what it is to hustle and be one of the common people who will have to patronize his system. After he entered the railroad business his rise was rapid, certain and well earned. He was eighteen years with the Milwaukee road, coming up from a modest clerkship to division superintendent.

After experiences with the Minneapolis & Pacific and then the Sault road, he became general manager of the Baltimore & Ohio road when the Hill interests entered it, and shortly afterwards he was made second vice president. Four years ago he became president of the Erie.

As might be imagined from this story of a self-made man who was a thorough success, he is active, vigorous, pushing, and he communicates something of his industry and effectiveness to those about him. Personally, he is said to be an uncommonly clever fellow to know, broad-minded, liberal, with a kindly nature and a broad grasp of humanity and large enterprises.

Therefore, it will please Duluth people to know, there is in command of the new system that is reaching out for Duluth a man of large capacity, broad experience and the sort of humanity that people like; in short, a man who does things and does them well and justly.

THE FIELD SURVEY

The consumption of Scotch whisky decreased 2,000,000 gallons last year. Apparently people have determined not to take their smoke in liquid form any more.

* * *

A big spot is appearing on the sun. Doubtless the news of the life insurance investigation has arrived, and the sun is engaged in blushing at the conduct of the insurance magnates.

* * *

A Texas man says the Republican party of that state is united and harmonious. Easy enough, since it takes at least two to make a quarrel.

* * *

The Boston Globe says Cupid's sharpest and most deadly arrow is labelled "Propinquity." True; yet propinquity is often Cupid's deadliest and most effective enemy.

* * *

It takes more heroism to "dare to do right" than it does to earn a Carnegie medal by saving a person from drowning.

* * *

There will be no more Gibson pictures for the present. Charles Dana Gibson, who made them, and by doing so practically founded a school of illustration, has abandoned black and white and will spend several years in Europe studying painting.

HOTEL GOSSIP

"The Cuban tobacco crop was a large one this year, and the leaf is of a very good quality," said H. L. Cuesta of Tampa, Fla., at the Lenox. "Tampa is a great cigar-manufacturing center. The output there this season will be the biggest in years, amounting in the aggregate to at least 225,000,000 cigars. In an ordinary year the total is probably 210,000,000 cigars.

"There are forty large cigar factories in Tampa, besides many small ones. That operated by Cuesta, Rey & Co., employs 600 persons, and the annual output is about 14,000,000 cigars. The Tampa cigars are sent all over the world, and you find them in every city in the United States. We recently made shipments to Alaska and Australia. The consumption of the weed in the United States is on the increase, rather than on the decrease. The general prosperity of the country has a good deal to do with the number of cigars used.

"Travel to Cuba by way of Tampa has been heavy this year. All summer long the steamers plying between Havana and the United States have done a rushing business, despite the fact that tourist travel in that direction does not usually begin until the winter months. All the boats still have full passenger lists.

"A lot of American capital is being invested in Cuba, particularly in real estate. Americans are continually buying up large tracts of land there. The small investors are few. What purchases are made are most of them for vast tracts. Money thus spent in Cuba is well invested, and the returns are sure. Streets, buildings and towns over there are being given American names right along. Cuba is, in fact, becoming quite Americanized. The chances for getting ahead are not very good unless a man has a little money to start on. Skilled workmen, however, are in quite active demand.

"Tampa is now undergoing several municipal improvements. The contract has been let for eighteen miles of vitrified brick pavement. The heat of the South makes most varieties of pavement used in the North useless. The vitrified brick is so hard that heat will not effect it. The city is being placed in a better sanitary condition, and when the improvements now in progress are completed Tampa will be far ahead of most Southern cities in point of cleanliness, and will really be ideal in this respect. There was only one case of yellow fever developed in the town this year, and that was not at all serious."

* * *

"Ceylon is coming to be a rival of China and Japan in commerce and craftsmanship," said V. I. Solon of San Francisco at the Spalding. "That country has made marvelous progress in late years. A great many young men from Ceylon are now attending universities and technical schools in the vicinity of San Francisco, and arrangements are being made for bringing more of them over.

"The increase in the capitalization of the tea industry from an insignificant beginning until at present it amounts to £65,000,000 sterling is the legitimate result of the introduction of modern methods in place of the unclean and injurious manner in which tea is said to be prepared for the market in China and Japan. It is claimed that the surroundings in these two countries are often too filthy for adequate description, while in Ceylon the tea is handled by the most hygienic processes. Machinery is largely employed and the utmost cleanliness is insisted upon in the packing houses. The result is a product that is bound to find a big and increasing market.

"There is now talk of opening in San Francisco an exhibit of the craftsmanship of Ceylon. The residents of that country think their art products superior to those of Japan, and are looking for an opportunity to exploit these claims in America. San Francisco is looked upon as the gateway to the Orient, and it is natural that that city should be the first considered when the matter of advertising Ceylon is thought of.

"It hardly needs a prophet to see the certainty of great development of the Oriental trade. I know there is talk of a boycott in China of American goods, but that cannot last. China would stand in her own light by making discriminations against American products. When the right goods at the right prices are laid down there by American merchants the Chinese will buy them. And every article that is sold is an emissary of enlightenment."

* * *

John Nelson, a member of the state legislature from Taylors Falls, is a guest at the St. Louis. He said, last evening, that he would rather talk about potatoes than politics, but had a little to say on both.

"The farmers down in my part of the state," he said, "had fairly good crops this year, but the yield of potatoes was hardly as large as had been expected. I guess that is true of various other parts of the state and country as well. The spud will probably bring a high price this winter.

"Potatoes and politics are somewhat alike, one can never tell much about them until the crop is dug. You can't judge the crop from outward appearances. These same things are true of politics, as was evidenced by the election of Governor Johnson. The time to make political predictions is when the votes have been counted. You can never tel how things are going to turn until that time arrives.

"Governor Johnson, if he tries for re-election, is going to be a hard man to beat. His popularity throughout the state is remarkable. He carried our district last time and this fact very nearly defeated me. Of course, I am a Republican."

* * *

At the Spalding: F. R. Angell, Chicago; F. L. French, Menominee; T. L. Sherman, Boston; J. Choyke, Chicago; A. H. Montgomery, F. J. Hathway, Chicago; C. W. Delvey, Houghton; Mr. and Mrs. W. N. Calkins, Chicago; W. Gugg, Kansas City; N. D. Gray, Milwaukee; T. H. Battle, Mount Pleasant, Mich.; S. McDonald, St. Paul; Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Hadley, Cripple Creek, Col.; Mrs. T. H. Larke, St. Paul; S. R. Elliott, Negaunee, Mich.; Mr. and Mrs. E. Covert, Grand Rapids, Mich.; Miss Mary E. Campbell, Youngstown, Ohio; P. R. Kelsey, Lewiston, Idaho; J. F. Mahret, Philadelphia; F. A. Fitzgerald, Pittsburg; H. B. Bacon, Virginia.

* * *

At the St. Louis: L. D. Skell, St. Paul; C. W. More, Eveleth; R. C. Cummings, Cleveland; R. R. Toms, Ely; E. Huser, Cumberland; G. B. Gunderson, Minneapolis; Mrs. A. B. Clair, Mrs. E. C. Kiley, Grand Rapids, Minn.; J. Backus, Virginia; W. F. Lanluchr, Milwaukee; T. J. Monahan, C. W. Wullins, Little Falls; G. W. Lamb, St. Paul; Miss Pearl Sherbrook, F. H. Gilmore, Virginia; H. T. Newhouse, Rochester, N. Y.; D. L. McKay, Aitkin; W. A. Banons, Sharpsville, Pa.; Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Leonard, St. Paul; C. A. Cargill, Minneapolis; P. Mekland, Boston; B. Frankel, Portland; E. Caddon, St. Paul.

* * *

At the Lenox: B. Murphy, E. H. Armstrong, Rutledge, Vt.; F. J. Zimmerman, Swan River; J. B. McLean, Chicago; W. A. James, St. Paul; Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Goodman, Brookings, S. D.; C. A. Hubbard, Chicago; W. C. Whitcher, Cleveland; L. Samuel, Louisville, Ky.; C. E. Tuttle, Minneapolis; E. E. Gardner, Sheboygan; F. Erickson, Ashland; M. F. Hughes, Niagara Falls; C. F. Albrecht, Minneapolis; J. Baker, Split Rock; Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Dolan, Schroeder; H. J. Case, Sault Ste. Marie; S. P. Thorson, Winthrop, Minn; A. L. Sholders, Kansas City.

* * *

At the McKay: A. J. Sanders, St. Paul; W. A. Barnes, Detroit; O. Rundborg, Chicago; S. E. Bostwick, Eau Claire; F. P. Sullivan, St. Paul; J. McIntyre, Dollie McIntyre, Follarville, Minn.; W. Wivell, Ishpeming; H. Jarchow, Brainerd; C. O. Gilrain, Davenport; M. J. Baker, Deer River; Mr. and Mrs. W. Callahan, Costa, Minn.; Clara E. Syunington, Grace W. Syunington, Skibo, Minn.; F. F. Carlson, Minneapolis; H. A. Robinson, Washburn, Wis.; R. E. Smith, E. Mead, Minneapolis; Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Glass, Two Harbors.

Lining Up for the Fray.

Washington Post: Formal announcement has been made that the president has not changed his mind about railway rate legislation. No formal announcement is needed to show that the senate has not changed its mind on that proposition, either.

TWENTY YEARS AGO.

Taken from the Columns of The Herald of this date in 1885.

***A. W. Fullerton of Canada has joined his brother Sam in the carriage business.

***Paul Ray returned yesterday from a prosperous trip through the Dakota wheat regions.

***Fred P. Harlow, slide trombone soloist, and Mart A. Graham, cornet soloist, formerly of Brooke's band at Minneapolis, arrived in the city this morning and hereafter will be connected with Brooke's Military band of Duluth.

***In order to render the Forest Hill cemetery thoroughly metropolitan in character, a large receiving vault is now being built there. It will have massive granite doors and will be eighteen feet high. McMillan & Stebbins are the architects.

***The treasury order relative to Canadian vessels is the leading topic in shipping circles. The department has refused to let American flour exported at Duluth, passing through Canada, be imported at Buffalo free of duty, as American manufacturers returned. Much indignation is expressed by Duluth merchants at this attempt to exclude Canadian vessels from this port, as the order practically amounts to that. They say that the Canadian boats bought large supplies of provisions and groceries, some of which they could get here cheaper than at home. They also say that Buffalo boats have boasted that they would buy nothing here. The blow struck at the carrying trade is also regarded as serious. The flour traffic with Minneapolis will be affected injuriously if no remedy is found.

***The Brainerd & Northwestern road, which is to be run by way of Leech Lake to Crookston, with a branch to Grand Forks and Grafton, and also a southern branch from Brainerd to Hinckley and down on the Lake Superior & Duluth road, has a land grant of 2,000,000 acres, and Hon. C. F. Kindred says that the road will be built without doubt next year.

***At the meeting of the village council last night, Julius E. Wieland resigned his position as second assistant fire marshal. Aldermen Daugherty, Truelsen, Davis and Kendall were appointed a special committee to confer with the members of Hose Company No. 1, who had announced their intention to resign. An ordinance giving the Omaha line right-of-way through certain streets in Rice's Point and elsewhere was passed, despite the protest of lumber firms who desired some changes in the proposed site of the railroad yard.

THE WEATHER

A little dubious again today, the weather was. The morning broke promisingly, though a mixture of fog and smoke and cloud made the fact a little uncertain for a time. But when the sun rose higher it scattered these impediments. Later, however, it clouded over, and while it was not cold or unpleasant, by any means, the cloudiness lent an atmosphere of doubt to the probabilities.

The weather man expects to see a little rain or snow this afternoon or tonight, and Sunday will probably be partly cloudy, with fresh westerly to northerly winds. Says he of conditions:

"The lake region storm has moved to the New England coast attended by high winds in that locality, rains in Atlantic states and colder weather east of the Mississippi with frosts in the Central valleys. The barometer is high over Middle and Northwestern states, but temperatures have risen over the eastern slopes. A disturbance is developing in the Southwest. Some rain or snow may occur in this locality this afternoon or tonight attending the unsettled weather in the Northwest, but Sunday will likely be generally fair.

Following were the lowest temperatures recorded by the weather bureau during the twenty-four hours ending at 7 o'clock this morning:

Abilene	44	Miles City	32
Atlanta	38	Milwaukee	42
Battleford	28	Minnedosa	30
Bismarck	28	Modena	23
Boston	46	Montgomery	40
Buffalo	34	Moorhead	26
Calgary	16	New Orleans	52
Charleston	54	New York	46
Chicago	34	Norfolk	48
Cincinnati	38	Northfield	34
Davenport	32	North Platte	24
Denver	28	Oklahoma	34
Detroit	34	Omaha	34
Devils Lake	34	Phoenix	54
Dodge	28	Pierre	20
Duluth	33	Pittsburg	38
Edmonton	22	Port Arthur	20
El Paso	46	Portland	38
Galveston	50	Prince Albert	28
Green Bay	36	Qu'Appelle	28
Havre	32	Rapid City	32
Helena	24	St. Louis	42
Huron	24	St. Paul	34
Jacksonville	56	San Francisco	54
Kamloops	26	Santa Fe	30
Kansas City	36	Shreveport	40
Knoxville	40	Spokane	28
La Crosse	30	Swift Current	28
Lander	24	Washington	44
Little Rock	40	Williston	30
Los Angeles	66	Winnemucca	34
Medicine Hat	24	Winnipeg	34

Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Oct. 21.—Local forecast for twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. Sunday: Duluth, Superior and vicinity—Probably light rain or snow this afternoon or tonight. Sunday partly cloudy. Fresh westerly to northerly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

Chicago, Oct. 21.—Forecasts until 7 p. m. Sunday: Wisconsin—Generally fair tonight and Sunday.

Minnesota—Fair tonight and Sunday, except probably rain or snow in northeast portion tonight. Colder in northwest portion tonight.

North Dakota and South Dakota: Fair tonight and Sunday. Cooler in west and central portions tonight.

Upper Lakes: Fresh southwest shifting to westerly winds tonight and Sunday. Generally fair weather, except probably showers or snow flurries on Superior and northern portions of Michigan and Huron.

MERRY MOMENTS.

Cleveland Leader: Dr. Jones—Well, we doctors have many friends in this world.

Dr. Smith—And many enemies in the other.

Life: Dashaway—Do you love that girl as much as you think you do?

Cleverton—Why, old man, I love her almost as much as she thinks I do.

Washington Star: "I suppose you are usually in suspense about what your airship will do?"

"No," answered the inventor; "my difficulty is a lack of suspense and an excess of rapid descent."

New Yorker: Father—But I am afraid he is a young man of fickle character.

Daughter—Oh, no, he isn't, papa. Why, he has smoked the same brand of cigarettes for nearly six months.

Chicago Record-Herald: "Mrs. Ka Tush acted perfectly ridiculous at the opera last night."

"How so?"

"She pretended to be listening to the music every minute while the singers were on the stage."

Houston Post: "I suppose every man gets his rights in this great country?" said the European visitor.

"Well, yes," responded the citizen who was showing him around. "That is, unless he happens to be a minority stock owner or a policyholder."

The Broken Down Fox.

Said a broken down fox, "I have spent
Every dollar I had," and he went
To a wealthy old skunk
For the loan of a plunk,
But the skunk wouldn't give him a scent.

—New York Times.

Then he went to a mink of high rank
And he begged for the loan of a franc.
Said the mink, "Why, old fox,
Here are plenty of rocks,
Help yourself; draw 'em out of this bank."

—Chicago Tribune.

Before he would ever desist
He added one more to the list.
He went to Old Bruin
To save him from ruin,
But he couldn't bear to assist.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: A young man married is a man broke for the rest of his days.

The devil knew his business when he invented the furnace.

Faith is what you think you believe because you want to believe it.

Being a sinner wouldn't be such a bad job if people would let you alone at it.

When a girl has curly hair it is a sign she does not think much of the beauty of girls who haven't.

Saturday Night Talk

The Reality of Judgment Day.

If any doubt has lingered in any mind touching the validity of the good old doctrine of Judgment Day, that doubt ought to have been removed by what has transpired in New York during the last few weeks. There was a set of men there who, up to a short time ago, were drawing princely salaries, enjoying their yachts and fast horses, and giving sumptuous dinners—living, in short, the kind of life which rich fast men live the world over, only with this distinction that these men were the officials of an organization supposed to exist to protect the interests of widows and orphans. Associated with these men were others whose personal tastes may not have been quite so luxurious, but who shared the same conception of the uses of a fiduciary agency, namely, that the primary consideration was not how much they could do to reduce the cost of insurance for people in moderate circumstances, while at the same time getting a generous living themselves, but rather how in every way possible they might serve their own ends through exceptional opportunities presented to them for personal aggrandizement.

But by and by, these men began to fall out among themselves, and soon the searchlight of public investigation was turned upon them, and in the head of indignation that has followed, many a former excellent reputation has been done to a crisp. In other words, Judgment Day has come to town, and what was done of a tricky nature in small meetings of directors and committees, is being proclaimed upon the housetops. Was there ever a more vivid proof of the assertion: "Whatsoever a man soweth, that shall he also reap."

But while the world is pointing the finger of scorn at men in high financial circles in New York, it may be well to remind ourselves of the warning: "Think ye that these Galileans were sinners above all the Galileans? Nay, but except ye repent ye shall all likewise perish." Wherever we live, we do not have to travel far to encounter Judgment Day. Every police court, every jail in the land testifies to the fact that judgment is here and now.

And yet men go on in their crooked careers, thinking that whatever may have happened to others, they will somehow manage to avoid exposure and punishment. For there often is a delay in the working out of justice. Sometimes men who ought to be wearing prison garb, go to their graves in apparently good standing in the community. But delay does not mitigate the penalty when it comes, as Anne of Austria said to Richelieu: "My Lord Cardinal, God does not pay at the end of every week, but in the end he pays." And because the sword has not yet descended on us, we need not delude ourselves with the notion that out sin has been overlooked or forgotten.

Nor need we think that Judgment Day must come in one form only, always inflicting public condemnation and involving the lonely prison cell. Sometime our misdoing is followed by remorse and self-loathing harder to bear than the taunts of others, "No one will ever know it," said a tempting voice once to a young man on the edge of a moral collapse. "No, but I should know it," was his quick and indignant rejoinder and he drew back from the edge of the precipice. Judgment Day often writes its penalties on a man's countenance and causes a stupefying of conscience an emasculation of will, and a drying up of the fountains of affection. You may escape the policeman all your life but you can never escape the painful reaction on your own life of every evil word and deed.

The reason for Judgment Day lies in the fact that this universe is built on righteous lines and sooner or later, the man who seeks to trifle with the right is made to realize that he is in helpless revolt against inevitable law. Things are not left at loose ends in this universe. Sin breeds troubles of many kinds. It has to be expiated somehow, somewhere, sometime.

There is a picture on the front of a famous church in Paris which represents the last judgment with Christ apportioning their final destiny to the wicked and the good, sending to the left those who had done wrong and waving to a place on the right hand the righteous. This representation of the judgment has had a powerful hold through the ages on the imagination of men. It embodies a great truth but it does not set forth the entire truth and whatever be the nature of the final judgment be sure that in a sense every day is Judgment Day, that it is as certain to come as tomorrow's sunrise and for all of us who would escape its terrors there are three words to be said, repent, quit, reform.

THE PARSON.

New York's Test.

Detroit News: By advancing from opposite political directions, under two party banners, the New York grafters have put the reform element in a bad box.

Good for the Stork.

Denver Post: People should take their troubles to the stork, as he turns them out little ones.

Highways and Byways of The Town.

"Human nature is a curious thing," observed the tall man.

"Studying it is about the only amusement there is left for us, I guess," said the shorter and younger of the two.

"I am learning a lot without studyin', and I don't find it very amusin,'" growled the other, taking a savage bite at a black plug of tobacco.

They were seated in the lounging room of one of the cheap bowery lodging houses. Both had seen better days. Their faces showed that, if their dress didn't. But even their clothes were different from those of the other guests of the house who were distributed in various attitudes of ease and comfort about the room.

Evidently the two hadn't been down on their luck long enough to allow the clothes purchased in a more prosperous period to wear out entirely. The cloth was of good quality, although now badly worn, and the cut was out of date. The shape had gone from the garments. The elbows were shiny, the vest buttons were not uniform, and the fronts were sadly spotted.

Neither of the men had had a shave for at least two days. They were hollow-cheeked and almost looked hungry. It was easy to see that they were without money, and that the chances for getting it were remote, unless they descended to hard manual labor.

Heavy clouds of sickening tobacco smoke floated around and over the lodgers. The clouds grew thicker and more sickening every minute. The room was dark and gloomy. Outside, a dismal rain was falling. It beat against the windows, and the water dripped down on the sills

The young man looked out at the scene with deadened eyes.

"My name's Meagen," he volunteered. "I was going to hell too fast down in Minneapolis, and the old man fired me out. Came to Duluth. Nothing doing here. A friend of mine got me a job stone-scaping in one of the logging camps for the winter. The place won't open up, though, for ten days yet. Don't know what I'll do till then. Got to get the price of my board bill some way."

"I'm Bill Grestor, formerly of Chicago," said the other. "Unfortunate speculation, mixed in with a little drink, flattened me out. I played too many sure things. I'll get back on top of the heap yet, though. You see if I don't. A man's got to get a foothold somehow, if he only keeps watchin' out for chances. I'm goin' to climb by hook or crook. Most everybody else goes by crook, and I don't see why I shouldn't do the same. A man's got a right to live. The law's against anybody who starts out to get a livin' easy.

They can't always keep me down, now you bet they can't. I wish I could have had about $5,000 last week. I'd have shown some of these fellows."

"If I had $5,000 I wouldn't chance a cent to it," said the other, his eyes twitching.

"Well, I'll beat the game yet, you see it I don't. I've got three or four fellows to get even with—fellows that I spent my money on when I had it; fellows that could come to me and get $50 or a $100 just for the askin' of it, and there ain't one of 'em today that would turn over his finger to help me—not one of 'em. That's what you get when your down, young man. If you want to find out who your friends are, just wait till you go broke."

"I know all about it," said the other. With a shaky hand he took the last cigarette from a package.

"I was thinkin' when I turned into my bunk last night that this was a deuce of a place for a man that had a room in the swellest house in Chicago in the old days. That was when I used to drive my own trotter, and hire a man to take care of him. If I was along Clark street and wanted a game, I could get a private roll. Nothin' was too good for me. Do you think I could go to one of my associates of them days and get a dollar today. A dollar! Not a cent—not a red cent. That's what you get when you're in hard luck."

"You can't tell me anything about it," said the young man, in a restrained voice, for his lungs were filled with cigarette smoke, which he was breathing slowly through his nostrials. "Didn't I go to college with fellows that live right here in this town, and don't they pass me every day on the street without speaking to me? Money talks, and if you haven't got money you're little better than a tramp."

"Well, I'll have it again, and I'll make 'em sweat. If I don't—" and he ran into profanity.

"Here's a telegram for you, said some one at his elbow. It was the clerk.

"For me?" asked the speculator in surprise.

"For you."

"That's right."

"I signed for it."

He tore open the envelope and read the message. It seemed that he gazed at it for a full minute without speaking or moving. Then he arose and hurried away. The youth rubbed his eyes and felt vainly for another cigarette.

"You're partner's gone," said the clerk that evening."

"Who, Grestor?"

"Yes, this afternoon. He didn't have much packin' to do. What do you think? An old aunt of his died down in Indiana and he told me he'd come in for about $10,000."

The young man didn't say a word. He turned and mounted the stairs.

A week later he was walking along Superior street. His steps led him in front of the Spalding hotel. He looked enviously at the well-dressed men who were passing in and out, and then his eye was attracted to his lodging house friend, Grestor. The man didn't look much the way he did a week before. He was clean-shaven. His clothes were new, tailor-made, and cut in the very latest fashion. His overcoat and hat were in keeping with the rest of his attire. He was smoking a good cigar. He looked like a well-paid commercial traveler.

Grestor stopped for a moment on the steps, to button his gloves. Meagen stood looking at him. Slowely he edged nearer. Grestor continued to give his whole attention to his gloves.

"Well, I hear you got that ten thousand," said the young man.

The prosperous one looked in his direction. A moment only did his eyes rest upon Meagen, then they were shifted, and gazed coldly at a show window across the street. Grestor blew a big cloud of smoke straight in front of him, and then turned and walked down the street. A bystander would have said that he had never before seen the other.

Meagen turned and walked the other way.

Court of Last Resort For the Newsboys

Quarrels and Disputes of All Kinds Between the Boys Promptly and Finally Settled "In the Alley."

"Hit 'im Bill. He dared you to. He knocked the chip off. Aw you're scared. You dasn't. Why don't you poke him one?"

Such a running fire of comments can be heard almost any fine afternoon in the alley at the rear of The Herald building, until the announcement of a "scrap in the alley" arouses no more excitement in the Herald office than the statement that it is a fine day or that the sun is shining.

The alley is the court of last resort for all differences of opinion between newsboys, and here they settle all disey etaoin swhrdlu emfwy vbgkqjaaja sensions in the only manner known to boys.

The ordinary run of newsboy fights are very tame, bloodless affairs. The two contestants are the reluctant victims of the desire of their companions to see a scrap. Hedged in by a ring of smiling faces, the two combatants warily eye each other, and dare the other boy to start the combat.

The onlookers rapidly divide themselves into opposing factions, and encourage their chosen champion with shouts and an occasional push which sends him staggering up against his opponent.

"Don't be scared of him Bill," he is admonished, and Bill promptly disclaims any idea of being "scared."

"Well, why don't you hit him, then?" comes the relentless logic of the onlookers.

"Well, let him just hit me once," blurts out Bill, temporizing, with his tormentors.

"Hit him Jim. Go on, you can do him up."

"I ain't going to hit him," says Jim, who is aghast at finding himself in the limelight, while Bill clenches his fists, and assumes a threatening attitude.

"You ain't a-scared of him are you?"

"No."

"Well why don't you hit him then?"

"Well, 'cause I don't want to fight. We ain't got nothin' to fight about, have we Bill?" asks the victim, throwing himself on the mercy of his opponent, and trying to effect a compromise, and still retreat with flying colors.

"Bill dared you," cry the relentless onlookers unwilling to be robbed of their sport. "You can lick him, can't you Bill?".

"Sure," says Bill, who is compelled to bear the air of a conjuror under the influx of new supporters.

At this juncture some impatient onlooker gives Bill a push and for an instant the arms of the two combatants are threshing about like windmills.

They draw off, breathing hard and eyeing each other in a fierce manner.

"Got enough?" asks Bill.

"Oh, I don't know. Ain't you?"

"I'll show you."

"Well, why don't you do it," cuttingly retorts Jim, and Bill, flushed with the plaudits of his admirers, once more starts the showing process.

They clinch, each trying for the "chancery" hold; but admirers pull them apart, and admonish them not to hit in the clinches. Nothing but the strict Marquis of Queensbury rules go in the alley fights.

About this time some little, active, dark-eyed lad is fleeing at top speed down the alley crying "Herald, Herald, Evening Herald, only 2 cents."

Instantly there is a mad dash for the door of the circulating room as the spectators of the fight realize that one of the less enthusiastic sports has beaten them out, and will be first on the streets with his papers.

Left to themselves the two combatants don't waste much time in patching up a temporary truce, and by the next evening they are ready to join in the ring about two others, and goad them into a reluctant battle.

Occasionally, however, some of the bigger boys get tangled up in a fight, and then the youngsters stand around open-mouthed, and watch with awe the sparring of their seniors. These are battles royal, and are remembered in the alley for months. Neither of the contestants is willing to sacrifice his prestige among the younger boys by giving in, and sometimes the fights will last for fifteen or twenty minutes, and nothing but a bloody nose, or a blackened eye will permit the loser to call quits without too great a sacrifice of his dignity and reputation.

"Pinkey" is frequently called in to stop such fights as these, but not by any of the onlookers. The news of a "big fight" reaches him in the natural manner, and he generally appears in time to prevent serious bloodshed.

Another equally potent factor in stopping a scrap of any kind is the warning cry, "Cheese it fellows, here's Withrow" which is always set up as soon as the probation officer turns into the alley on his periodical hunts for infringements of the truant laws, and for juvenile victims of the cigarette habit.

The "coffin nails" are "doused" as soon as the officer makes his appearance, as the boys have learned to their sorrow that it doesn't pay to be found smoking a cigarette when the probation officer comes around.

It's a self-conscious, silent crowd that meets the officer.

"What's going on here?"

"Nuttin'."

It's hard to act natural and unembarrassed when you are trying to keep a cigarette from burning your hand or your coat pocket, and when the two participants in the fight are struggling into their garments.

Gradually the onlookers melt away as rapidly as they can accomplish their disappearance without attracting the officer's attention by downright flight, and in a moment he is left with one or two unfortunates who were unable to keep the deadly coffin nail hidden without risking a conflagration.

To Build Steel Street Cars'

Building street cars entirely of steel is a new and important industry recently added to the world's workshop. One car has been constantly in use for about a year and its operation has been carefully watched with most satisfying results. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters has been before the public constantly for fifty-two years and it has made such a wonderful record of cures that it is now recognized as the best and safest medicine for men, women and children to take whose stomach is in a weak condition, whose appetite is poor or whose bowels are constipated. If you are sickly or in a debilitated state, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters will help you. It is especially good for indigestion, dyspepsia, heartburn, bloating, costiveness, sour stomach, insomnia, female troubles or malaria. We urge a trial at once.

CLAIMS THERE WAS NO FRAUD

Newell Land Exchange Answers O. M. Lindgren's Complaint.

The Newell Land exchange, against which suit has been brought in district court by Olaf M. Lindgren, to recover judgment for $3,800, which the latter claims was obtained from him by a fraudulent land sale, has filed its answer.

The defendant land company denies that the transaction was fraudulent in any way, but was fairly conducted and that the trouble with Mr. Lindgren is dissatisfied with his own judgment.

Lindgren complained in his complaint that the first deal was for a farm near Knife river, for which he paid $1,900 and did not receive a deed. He claimed that his receipt for the money paid was afterward taken by R. H. Newell on the pretense he needed it to secure the deed.

The answer contains a denial of Lindgren's claims and alleges that, on the contrary, the exchange was able to transfer the land but that Lindgren was uncertain as to whether he wanted it in preference to a larger place with more timber on it. The sale is claimed to have been made in good faith and Lindgren is said to have inspected the land he now owns before entering into the contract. The answer alleges that when Lindgren purchased the land he paid a difference of $1,600, of which amount a note made by one Sorenson for $220 was not collectable for the reason that it bears usurious interest.

In regard to the allegation by Lindgren that the exchange usurped the power of attorney to secure for him several hundred acres in this state and Western Canada, the exchange answers that Lindgren gave them the authority.

The answer also alleges that Lindgren has threatened to repudiate his contract for the farm and that he has since indicated a preference for prairie land to that which he bought last.

OFFICERS' SALARIES

New Code Not So Sweeping In Changes As Supposed.

Sheriff and Register Not Put Back On Fee Basis.

The changes to be effected in the salaries of St. Louis county officials, when the new code of Minnesota laws becomes operative March 1, 1906, will not be so sweeping as at first supposed, according to some of the county officers who have been making a careful examination of the code. It is claimed that the register of deeds and the sheriff will not go back to a fee basis, as was intimated when the new code was first perused by the officials here, but that they will still continue on the same basis as at present, the register of deeds receiving $3,000 per annum and the sheriff $4,000 a year.

The new code provides, beyond any doubt for an increase in salary of the judge of probate besides increasing the amount available for clerk hire in his office, also an increase for the county auditor, and the county treasurer.

These increases provided under the new code are applicable for the reason that St. Louis county, by her increased population has gone into the class of counties with more than 100,000 inhabitants.

The provision for an increase in the salary of probate judge in this county is found in section 14 of chapter 76 of the new code. This states that in counties having a population of more than 100,000 and less than 150,000 the judge of probate shall receive an annual salary of $4,000, and that his office shall have $4,500 per year for clerk hire, $1,500 of which shall be the salary of the clerk of probate court. At the present time the salary of probate judge in St. Louis county is $3,000 and the salary of the clerk is $1,000 per annum.

Section 114 of chapter 7 of the new code, on a valuation basis, fixes the salary of the auditor at $5,000, as against $3,500 now paid. Under the present law, however, the auditor's salary is said to be somewhat augumented by fees so that it is possible that there will actually be little, if any, increase in that officials pay when this county is operating under the new code.

The sections of the new code referring to the register of deeds and the sheriff are silent as to the compensation of those officers and local attorneys who have been looking up the law claim that those officials will still continue to draw the salaries they are now paid, and which are hitherto mentioned.

It is held that the register of deeds still continues to draw salary under the provision made in the laws of 1895, which, so far as can be learned, have not been repealed or superseded. This provision states that when any county in Minnesota has a population of 100,000 the salary shall not exceed $4,000 per year. The act is entitled "An act to reduce the salaries and number of employes in county offices." After the act was passed it is said that commissioners in certain counties where the officials were paid less than $4,000, assumed the right to raise salaries to $4,000, but succeeding supreme court decisions held such action to be an infringement of the title of the law, that it was to reduce, not to raise salaries. Where an officer was receiving more than $4,000 the law reduced it to the latter figure, but where the official was receiving less the supreme court held that he could not have his salary raised to the $4,000 maximum limit.

Under chapter 68 of the laws of 1901, the sheriff's salary was fixed at $4,000 per year in counties having a population of over 60,000 and less than 150,000. This law was repealed or superseded by an act of 1903, chapter 375, it is claimed, where provision is made that in counties having a population of not less than 75,000, or more than 150,000, the salary of the sheriff should be $4,000. Another section of this same act and chapter provided that the sheriff should receive no mileages, fees, etc., but it did provide that he should be paid actual traveling expenses.

It is now claimed that the new code laws of 1905 re-enact the law of 1903, chapter 375, and that under the new code, in the absence of any stated compensation, the sheriff will continue to draw $4,000 per year, and the county will pay the actual traveling expenses of his office.

Section 150 of chapter 7 of the new code states explicitly that the county treasurer will receive $5,000 per year. No amendment has yet been discovered modifying it. The present salary of the treasurer is $3,000 per year.

The general laws hitherto passed relative to salaries, based on population or valuation, are said not to have affected the auditor and judge of probate offices, for the reason those filling the positions were being compensated under a special law. The new code, by expressly providing the salaries of those officials, is believed to have repealed or superseded the special law relative to the salary of the auditor and judge of probate court, but does not affect the salary of the clerk of district court, who is also under the special law, but for whom no provision is made in the new code for an increase of salary.

You no longer ride that wheel—why not trade it for a camera? Try it through our "For Sale and Exchange columns".

WANT POSTAL SAVINGS BANK

Public Affairs Committee Appoints Committee to Investigate Matter.

In accordance with a resolution adopted at the last meeting of the public affairs committee of the Commercial club, Chairman Hugo yesterday appointed Oscar Lonegren, chairman, J. J. Le Tourneau and J. G. Erd as a committee to investigate the matter of a postal savings department under government control, affording a safe depository for both small and large sums of money.

Mr. Lonegren is responsible for the resolution. He declines to fully discuss the measure until he is better prepared with facts adopted from the postal savings department of European countries. He believes that if the people had access to a government bank in this way, the venture would be a boon to the poor and to the government as well. The deposits, he says, would amount to millions of dollars; bond issues would be unnecessary, and the government would be delivered from the money market and high interest payments.

Probably, as a result of the investigation of this committee, the public affairs committee, at some future meeting, will recommend that such a bank be established.

AN EXPRESS COMPANY ACTS AS LIQUOR DEALER.

St. Paul, Oct. 21.—Judge Philips, in the United States circuit court of appeals, in affirming the decision of the federal court for North Dakota, in the case of the government against the Western Express company, decided that the express company, in furnishing beer to customers, was acting, not as a common carrier, but as a wholesale and retail dealer in liquors. The lower court assessed the express company $3,800 for violation of the national excise law in selling beer at twenty-six stations on the Soo road in North Dakota, which is a prohibition state. The evidence showed that the agents of the express company would, on request, send orders to breweries for beer in quantities desired by consumers. Some times, it was shown, the agent would order the beer in anticipation of a large demand, or would order a greater quantity than had been asked for by a customer, and would dispose of the overplus to anyone desiring it. It was also shown that there was no record that the company received anything for the transportation of the beer, or that it took receipts on the delivery of the beverage. The court, in concluding its opinion, stated that the express company was not exercising its right as a common carrier, engaged in interstate commerce, but violated the internal polity of the state in allowing its agents to act as they did.

WIDE INTEREST MANIFEST.

Dr. Francis L. Patton's Lectures Promise to Attract Audiences.

The announcement of the coming of President Francis L. Patton of Princeton Theological Seminary, to give a series of five lectures on "Fundamentals in Religion," has created a widespread interest, and there is no doubt that he will be heard by large audiences.

He recently gave this same series of lectures in Chicago, a large downtown hall and an afternoon hour being chosen in order to reach the business and professional men. The result was, that after the first day, the auditorium was crowded to the doors, both main floor and gallery. Those who have known Dr. Patton best were surprised to discover that he possessed popular gifts in his presentation of the profoundest truths, which they did not suppose him to possess.

The lectures will be given on five consecutive nights, beginning Monday, Nov. 6, at the Presbyterian church, or, if this should prove to be too small, in the First Methodist church. In order to give every one an opportunity to hear him, the price of tickets for the entire course of five lectures has been put at $1.00, including reserved seats.

Nothing to Fear.

Mothers need have no hesitancy in continuing to give Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to their little ones, as it contains absolutely nothing injurious, to give small children, but it is a medicine of great worth and merit. It has a world-wide reputation for its cures of coughs, colds and croup and can always be relied upon. For sale by all leading druggists.

ATTRACT ATTENTION.

Novel Displays In Windows of Oak Hall Clothing Co.

Much attention is being attracted to the window of the Oak Hall Clothing company because of two special exhibits which are contained therein. One is a peculiar hat, built on the Alpine plan of architecture, or, rather, it might be said, a hat of peculiar texture, material or whatever the correct word is. This hat looks as though the material used were buck-skin but as a matter of fact it is made from fungus taken from some of the big California trees. Modern ingenuity is beginning to use all kinds of stuff for dress goods, hats, etc., but it would seem that the limit has about been reached when tree fungus is used for headgear. The hat is worth looking at and is not un-beautiful.

Another attraction in the windows of the Oak Hall is a display of "shinplasters" used during the civil war when the government did not have much loose change in its trousers' pockets. By act of congress on March 3, 1863, these shin-plasters as they were called, were issued as a circulating medium. They are small, being about three by one and a half inches in dimension and being printed on the same kind of paper as the bills of larger denomination. They run from 5 to 50 cents and when in circulation were considered a great convenience. Later they became a drug on the market for people would rather hear the nickles, dimes, quarters and half-dollars rattle in their pockets than be compelled to gaze all of the time at a wad of paper.

The samples of shin-plasters shown in the Oak Hall window are in a fine state of preservation.

They Come Hundreds of Miles to See Him.

NOTHING SO WONDERFUL IN THE DAYS OF SPECIALISM

DR. REA.

The success of Dr. Rea is attributed to his special study of specialism. Dr. Rea, student, philanthropist and man of wide reputation, having given his entire time and practice to a line of special diseases, which enables him from long experience in handling these troubles to certainly come forward as a master specialist His faculty for mastering disease, his ability to diagnose, and his plan of treatment is not to be excelled by few other physicians. Dr. Rea, although a young man in life, puts himself on a level with his patients, and does not profess or pretend to practice the old plan of fashion, which is to look wise and say nothing. He knows disease; he knows how to explain the symptoms of disease; he knows where to look for disease, and the spot where located, and most of all he knows from experience, from what he has done in the past, he can certainly do for others in the future. It is said by Dr. Rea's friends that he can diagnose a disease of any patient without asking them a single question; that being the case, he is not likely to doctor them for the wrong ailment; he will not take an incurable disease and lead the patients to believe that he can cure them when there is really no hope for them. His business is large, and he has plenty to do, even at times, more than he can do, without taking incurable diseases and deceiving his patients. Dr. Rea is a graduate from one of the best English universities, as well as being a graduate from two of the best schools in America. He has practiced his profession in some of the principal hospitals in this country. His specialty comprises that class of diseases which the ordinary home doctor fails to cure. His practice is mostly among the plain, hard-working people, who are unable to come to his city office for treatment; he is reasonable in his charges, and very lenient with those who are unable to pay. He is charitable, and it is said has never been known to refuse to treat a patient who is worthy and in need. A number of important cases that we publish, which might be of interest to some who wish to know more of Dr. Rea's great work.

Anton Simonson, of Gil, Wahnton, N. D. Cured of chronic ctarrh and discharging ears.

Mrs. Michael Murphy, Emmetsburg, Iowa. Cured of chronic blood disease, that other doctors had all failed to cure, even after years of experimenting with her.

Oscar Morks, 609 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn. Cured of chronic dyspepsia, bowel troubles.

William F. Myer, Dexter, Minn. Cured of chronic stomach and bowel troubles by Dr. Rea's Cascarine treatment. Dr. Rea cured him in three months.

Oscar Halstein, Fargo, N. D. Cured of consumption. Mr. Halstein had doctored with a number of others before treating with Dr. Rea.

Mike Curren, Minto, N. D. Says Dr. Rea's treatment worked wonders on him; after taking it for a short time felt better than he had for years.

Mrs. G. W. Varco, Austin, Minn. Cured of a large cancer of the breast without cutting or without the plaster. Cured with Dr. Rea's new plan of treatment, which is one of the garndest discoveries the world has ever known for completely curing cancer, so that it never returns again.

L. Tremar, Paige, Texas. Cured of a long lingering case of piles, without an operation.

A. C. Meyer, Ormsby, Minn. Cured of bad cancer of the lip in two treatments. Cured by the injection plan.

Mrs. N. P. Johnson, Morton, N. D. Cured of nervous prostration and epilepsy, after all other treatments had failed.

Mrs. Martha Murphy, St. Cloud, Minn. Says Dr. Rea saved my life. He was the doctor who knew where to look for disease, where to find it and to cure it after it was found.

A. Fullwhiler, Round Lake, Minn. Cured of chronic Bright's disease.

Edgar Putnam, Weaver, Minn. Cured of a bad case of eczema of the skin.

Mrs. H. C. Dorman, Miniski, Minn. Cured of bad case of protruding piles.

Mrs. B. A. Moore, near Grantsburg, Wis. Cured of floating kidney that had alomst taken her life.

Mrs. Christ Wethal, 2821 Halifax street, West Duluth, Minn. Cured of cross eyes in five minutes.

Sven Larson, Wild Rice, N. D. Cured of cancerous tumor of the ear in one treatment.

Henry Hjelstad, Thompson, N. D. Cured of kidney troubles and a very dropsy. Had been given up to die.

Erick Forlslund, Litchville, N. D. Cured of chronic catarrh and kidney and liver troubles.

Miss Beatrice Pollock, Bell, Wis. Cured of such serious eye trouble that had almost destroyed her sight.

Gilbert Larson, Wild Rice, N. D. Cured of cancer of the face by Dr. Rea's hypodermic method. One treatment cured him.

Adolph Peterson, Duluth, Minn. Cured of blood poisoning.

Nils Olander, Hibbing, Minn. Cured of of stomach and liver troubles.

John Dion, Cloquet Minn. Cured of nervousness associated with uric acid rheumatism.

Mrs. John Johnson Duluth, Minn. Cured of gal istones of the liver.

Mrs. Alexander Swanson, Dakes, N. D. Cured of bad cancer of the face. Had it cut out and it came back. Three of Dr. Rea's injection treatments cured her.

S. M. Moore, Gladstone, N. D., writes: "Dr. Rea, you cured my son over a year ago. I have another sick boy, and want you to doctor him."

Fred L. Dicker, Gilby, N. D. Cured of disease of the kidney. Was very bad. A few months' treatment completely cured him.

Mrs. Maurice Miller, Beaver, Minn. Cured of epilepsy.

Mrs. N. C. Olson, East Grand Forks, Minn. Cured of big knee, varicose vein and rheumatism.

O. H. Larson, Bue, N. D. Cured of chronic rheumatism.

Miss Emma Gerring, McIntosh, Minn. Cured of consumption.

W. H. Nulph, Wyndmere, N. D. Cured of cancer of the face in two treatments.

Martha Willheim, Rt. No. 5, Minneapolis, Minn. Cured of long standing epilepsy.

Joe McGowan, St. Anthony Park, Minn. Cured of gall stones of the liver. Doctors said he would die. Dr. Rea cured him in three months.

Charles Grondysee, Slayton, Minn. Cured of consumption by Dr. Doman with Dr. Rea's celebrated cure for consumption.

Mrs. Nels Carlson, Buffalo, Minn. Cured of large cancer of the breast. Cured by the hypodermic injection plan discovered by Dr. Rea. There is no failing with this treatment.

Dr. Rea treats no patients by correspondence. Persons desiring his treatment can do so only by consulting him personally at his office, 329 Boston block, Minneapolis, Minn., or at his appointed visits.

(Special to The Herald.)—We are pleased to announce the next regular professional visit of Dr. Rea to Duluth at the Spalding hotel, from 9 a. m. until 8 p. m., Saturday, Oct. 28. This will be just eight years to the day since Dr. Rea has been coming to Duluth. He has treated and cured in Duluth and its surroundings just 9,800 patients. This we consider a remarkable record and it is certainly reasonable to believe that if Dr. Rea was not curing his patients he could not continue to come. His consultation and examination to those interested, $1.00.

UP TO HIM.

A certain well known Boston policeman, whose last name is not unlike Murphy, walked unannounced into the Hon. Timothy Sullivan's room at Saratoga while Mr. Sullivan was earnestly talking to another man, says the Boston Herald.

"Hello, Murphy! Glad to see you! Do you play checkers?" asked "Tim."

"I haven't played in a long time, but I guess I could," replied Murphy.

"All right," retorted the New Yorker, looking toward the door "it's your move."

Mr. Murphy thought a monment and then went out.

LOST A POINT.

President Nicholas Brown, for whom Brown university was named, was fond of quizzing small boys, says the Boston Herald.

One day while walking on the streets of Providence he came upon a little fellow who attracted his notice.

"How do you do, my boy?" said the president. "What is your name?"

"My name is Harry, sir," replied the child.

"Harry, it is?" returned President Brown. "And did you know the evil one is often called Old Harry?"

"Why, no, sir," answered the boy. "I thought he was called Old Nick."

Your "want" becomes a part of the history of the day when it is printed with the news of the day.

Bon Ami

The Best Scouring Soap Made

A Scouring Soap
A Metal Polish
A Glass Cleaner

SPECIAL THIS WEEK!

Gold Crowns ____$5
Porcelain Crowns_$5
Bridge Work ____$5

Artificial Teeth $5.00 and up.

DULUTH DENTAL PARLORS

DR. BUDD, Mgr. 3 W. Sup. St.

TONIGHT!

Cook's PalmGarden Grand Free Concert by SCHNEIDER'S LADY ORCHESTRA.



The Northwest's most successful and reliable SPECIALIST IN DISEASES OF MEN.

The Neglect of Private Diseases

A Stitch in Time Saves Nine.

Many men have been made miserable by the unfortunate contracting of some poisonous special disease which, through neglect or improper treatment, has completely undermined and shattered the physical strength and mental faculties. No greater mistake can be made than to consider lightly the first evidence of the introduction of any private disease into your system, or to neglect the first symptoms of Nervous Debility, caused by improper and unnatural habits, excesses, dissipation, etc.

Such indifferences and neglect of the first symptoms are responsible for thousands of human wrecks, failures in life and business. Men! why take such desperate chances? The manifestations of the first symptoms of any disease or weakness should be a warning for you to take prompt steps to safeguard your future life and happiness. You should carefully avoid all uncertain, experimental, dangerous or half-way treatment, for upon the first treatment depends whether you will be promptly restored to health again, with all taint of the poisonous disease removed from your system, or whether your disease will be allowed to become chronic and subject you to future recurrences of the disease, with the various resulting complications, etc.

One consultation with us may change your whole life. Delays are dangerous.

If we could but see and treat all men when the first symptoms show themselves there would soon be little need for specialists in chronic diseases, and there would be few men seeking a rejuvenating of their physical, mental and sexual powers, and there would be none marked with the indelible stamp of constitutional Syphilis; and the sufferers from Prostatitis, Varicocele, Gleet, Kidney and Bladder Diseases, would be reduced to a minimum.

The Progressive Medical Association offers every afflicted man the care and attention of a skilled specialist in men's diseases, and a sure cure. Consultation free and confidential. Office hours 8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 1 p. m. If you cannot call write Dept. A.

Progressive Medical Association

No. 1 West Superior Street, Corner of Lake Avenue.

A BARGAIN SALE

THE FAIR

PEDERSON BROS.
Broadway and Tower
Superior, Wis.

FOR THREE DAYS

Three Days Bargain Sale, Monday, Tuesday Wednesday October 23, 24, 25

Again THE FAIR calls your attention to a big three days sale. This sale, if it be possible, will eclipse all former sales. Our Mr. A. J. Pederson has just returned from a trip in the markets and was very successful in securing for your benefit, as well as our own, some of the biggest bargains that ever came to the Head of the Lakes, and as seeing is believing, we shall not attempt to explain the bargains to you any more than to appraise you of the fact. We simply say read this ad, and then come to The Fair and see for yourself these great offerings of seasonable goods. The sale will continue three days.

Blankets We shall have on sale for these three days the grandest and best offering of Blankets you or anyone else ever saw—there are Cotton Blankets, Wool Blankets, Cotton and Wool Blankets, Fancy Blankets, Lumberman Blankets, Shoddy Blankets and many other kinds of Blankets—they come in tan, gray, white, red and fancy colors—all are either damaged or soiled, some are so slightly soiled or damaged that you would not know it if we did not make the fact known to you. This great Blanket offering coming as it does at the beginning of the cold weather will, no doubt, meet with quick purchasers—for they will be sold during the three days at just **Half Price**

SILKS—A job lot of our 3,000 yards of fine black and colored Crepe de Chene, Taffeta and such like; also a lot of crushed Velours in fancy colorings and plain shades—this is an exceptional good purchase and worthy of your inspection, if you see them you will buy them—they are worth from 50c to $1.00 a yard—for the three days' sale the price will be—only..... **25c**

RIBBONS—100 pieces of fancy Silk Ribbons—this big offering of fancy colored Silk Ribbons will meet with a quick sale, for ribbons are so much in vogue that everybody wants them. We say come to this three days' sale and get some of these fancy 25c Ribbons—the price will be—only..... **15c**

DRESS GOODS REMNANTS—There will be on sale also during the three days between 5,000 and 10,000 pieces of fine black and colored Dress Goods, in the one-half and three-quarter yard lengths—enough of any one kind to make a full dress or a skirt, a shirtwaist or a good school dress. This is a money-saving way to buy your dress goods. The price for this sale will be—per piece..... **12½c**

YARNS—You know what a Yarn Sale at The Fair is—there will be another on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday—you can get Saxony and Germantown for..... **5c**

YARNS—And again you will be able to get black and colored Spanish Yarn—and at this time of the year every lady needs Yarn for some purpose or other—the sale price for the Spanish will be, only..... **8c**

HAND BAGS—The useful as well as the correct—this is a Hand Bag. If you haven't one, get one of these and if you have one get another. They are bargains for the regular selling price is from 50c to $1.00 each—while the sale price is only..... **25c**

1,000 WINDSOR TIES IN FANCY SILK—Here is a splendid chance for you to get a tie bargain for such an offering as this you may not see again—they are worth from 25c to 50c each—sale price will be, only..... **10c**

FANCY TRIMMINGS—Many thousands of yards of fancy novelty braids and trimmings—this lot is a clean-up of a manufacturer and worth from 10c to 25c a yard—the sale price for the 3 days will be, per yard, only..... **5c**

YARNS—Still more Yarns in black and colored German Knitting, Fleischers, Melbourne and Delp Knitting Yarns—you know the regular selling price of all the above kinds and the price for these kinds will be, only..... **16c**

UNBLEACHED MUSLIN—5,000 yards of Unbleached Muslin 36 inches wide and a good retail seller at 5c a yard—this quantity will be on sale for three days at only..... **3c**
(Limit 10 yards to a customer.)

UNDERWEAR—One case of extra heavy fleeced Underwear in shirts and pants for ladies—it is a regular retail seller at 50c a garment, and extra good value at that—our sale price for the three days will be, only..... **39c**

LACE CURTAINS—A choice lot of single lace Curtains worth from $1.50 to $2.50 a pair—these will be on sale for three days, and each Curtain will be, only..... **50c**

REMNANTS OF LINING—A nice lot of black and colored linings in satins, percalines, spun glass, and such like, these are sample pieces and will be sold on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday for..... **4c**

REMNANTS—Thousands of Remnants of fine all-linen and shrunk canvas facings in black, gray and natural color—you know the retail price of these facings are from 15c to 25c a yard—a remnant for..... **1c**

SATINE DRAPERY—32 inches wide—a fine line of coloring and patterns—the regular selling price of this quality of goods is 12½c a yard—you can buy it here on the sale days at..... **8c**

SILK PETTICOATS—A beautiful lot of ladies' fine Taffeta Silk Petticoats—every lady should have a nice Silk Petticoat, if possible, and we make it possible, for our price is so low for so good a quality—you should see our line at..... **$5.00**

MILLINERY—After the rush of the opening days comes the steady demand for high class Millinery—the admirers during our opening days proved to be buyers, at least many of them, and if you have not yet bought your fall and winter hat we invite you to see our line—newest and best styles and colorings at the lowest prices always at the **FAIR MILLINERY.**

FURS—Your attention is called to our new and complete line of fine furs—we have kinds and qualities to show you from the dainty, nobby, little Neck Scarf to the fine long Sables and Opossums and the price will surprise you for we sell our Furs at the same rate of profit as we sell staple Dress Goods. Come and be convinced of these facts. Price from 70c to..... **$17.50**

UNDERWEAR—A big lot of Winter Underwear for Men, Women and Children—these are sample garments and will be sold in four lots:

Lot 1.....15c
Lot 2.....25c
Lot 3.....35c
Lot 4.....50c

COMBINATION SUITS—For Children—these are also sample garments and are a decided bargain at the low price of..... **50c**

COMBINATION SUITS—For Ladies—a nice lot of these will be on sale for the three days—a very good bargain for the price will be, only..... **75c**

LADIES' CORSETS—A beautiful lot of Ladies' Fine Corsets will be on sale during these three days—they are worth from 75c to $1.00 in any good retail store—our sale price will be, only..... **29c**

HEALTH BUSTLES—The genuine Scott Health Bustle—made on sanitary principles—they are light and good—the regular selling price is 50c each—our sale price will be only..... **19c**

LACE CURTAINS—Full size Nottingham Lace Curtains and a big range of patterns. These curtains are damaged, were they not they would be worth from $3.00 to $4.50 per pair. The price during the Sale will be for each, only..... **$1.00**

TRIMMING BRAIDS—Thousands of yards of fancy wool and silk braids, such trimmings as will sell in the usual way at 5c and 10c a yard. Our big purchase enables us to give you a bargain of this kind; for the three days these will be only..... **1c**

COLLARETTES—A few Ladies' Fur Collarettes, not many of them, but what there is of them, will be sold for just half what they are marked. Remember Collarettes at **HALF PRICE.**

CURTAIN CORNERS—A big lot of Lace Curtain Corners for making sash curtains and other fancy drapes. You better attend this sale and get some of these goods. Big pieces of Lace Curtains at..... **25c**

10 DOZEN COATS—For children we will put on sale for the three days Children's Coats and Jackets, made of good Kersey and Meltons in wines and browns. These will be just **HALF PRICE.**

WASH GOODS—A table full of good things in Wash Flannelettes, fancy crepes momies and other fancy weaves. Some decidedly good things are offered on this table, at—per yard, only..... **10c**

PILLOW TOPS—Another lot. These are fancy printed Satine Pillow Tops, in a good range of fancy patterns. The price for these on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday will be..... **5c**

REMNANTS OF LACE CURTAINS—These are pieces of curtain net and samples, some of these are good big pieces and useful for many things in the home. These will be, only..... **5c**

BED SPREADS—A nice lot of fine White Bed Spreads will be on sale for the three days at a bargain. These spreads are imperfect; in other words, they are damaged and the price is made accordingly—at, only..... **75c**

KNIT GOODS—Hundreds of dozens of Fancy Knit Goods, Fascinators and such like. These will be on for three days and you may have your choice for, only..... **5c**

APRON GINGHAMS—A fine quality of Apron Ginghams, in blue and brown checks—for..... **5c**

SAMPLES OF LACES—Last season we sold three or four cases of these sample pieces of Lace. This is another lot as good as the last ones and we will sell them at the same price again; namely, 12 pieces for..... **1c**

LEGGINS—Ten dozen Men's and Women's Canvas Leggins. This purchase cleaned up a big lot of them, and some excellent bargains can be found in this lot. They are worth from 50c to 75c a pair. The sale price will be only..... **25c**

TOWELS—Linen and Union Huck Towels. A big lot of these 19x36 inch Towels, fast colored borders. These Towels are splendid value at 20c. The regular selling price for this sale—the price will be only..... **12½c**

TURKISH TOWELS—We have a big lot of good heavy Turkish Towels that will be placed on sale for the 3 days at a bargain. They are the 15c and 25c kind, but are damaged and the price will be, only..... **10c**

REMNANTS OF TOWELS—In Union Huckaback. Some are one-half Towels, some are three-fourth Towels and some are smaller. You may have your choice of them during the 3 days' sale at per piece, only..... **2c**

COMFORTERS—The cool nights and mornings are whispering to us that the colder nights and mornings are fast approaching and right here let us say that at The Fair you may be made comfortable by having one of our Comforters.

BLANKET SAMPLES—Fine soft, downy cotton Blanket Samples. Just right for making bed coverings and such like. This is a fine lot and will be, only..... **3c**

DRESS BINDING—Fine Velveteen and brush binding for the bottom of skirts. Save the life of your skirt when you can get binding worth 5c a yard on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday for, only..... **2c**

PILLOW TOPS—A fine lot of fancy Pillow Tops with backs ready for use. These fancy tops are worth in the regular way 50c each. We bought a lot of them and the Sale price will be only..... **25c**

COTTON PIECES—By the basketful. A great assortment of Cotton Goods in sample pieces. These will be per basket, only..... **25c**

BASKET OF FLANNELS—A nice lot of Flannels and Eiderdown samples will be sold by the basketful during the three days for..... **50c**

MEN'S NECKWEAR—Several dozen of Men's fancy Puff Scarfs in fancy colors. You will do well if you look this matter up and come and get some of these Ties that are worth 25c for only..... **5c**

BLANKET SAMPLES—Fine wool Blanket samples in white and fancy colors. Fine for fancy work, robes and bed covers. These are wool samples and will be only..... **5c**

BUTTONS—Thousands of dozens of fancy dress buttons, also a big lot of white-pearl dress buttons, worth 10c to 25c a dozen. This big lot will go on sale at one price Your choice, per dozen, only..... **5c**

BASTING THREAD—Along with the bargains on dress goods linings, buttons, canvas and such like, we are going to sell basting thread during this sale at a bargain, too, for the price per dozen will be only..... **6c**

TRICOTS—All wool fancy Tricots that are usually so scarce. You can get them here now in a fine line of colors. Better secure some for a waist or for children's dresses.

MEN'S TIES—A lot of Men's all-silk four-in-hand ties—the kind that always sell for 25c—during this sale the price will be, only..... **10c**

HEAVY SUITINGS—Just received a grand good thing in Skirtings or Suitings. They come in black, blue, brown and green, a nice firm cloth and the opening price is only..... **25c**

EIDERDOWN PIECES—A fine new lot of good big pieces of Eiderdown in fancy colorings and patterns. These always sell so fast and the price will again be only, per piece..... **2c**

BOOKS—Turkey Red Damask Sample Books and fancy Quilting Books—just the thing for making fancy work—these will be sold during the three days, per book..... **5c**

LAMPS! LAMPS—A new Lamp may be wanted as the dark evenings are approaching. You may not know that every year we sell about as many lamps as all the other stores put together do. The reasons are best assortment, lowest prices. **GLOVES**—50 dozen Men's and Boys' Leather Faced Gloves and Mittens—imperfect or damaged in places—they will give splendid service to the hard wearer—on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday—they will be only..... **10c**

Sale Commences Ten O'Clock Monday. Remember the Dates, October 23, 24, 25

Car Fare Paid Both Ways on All $5.00 Purchases — One Way on All $2.50 Purchases

WILL WEIGH WHEAT HERE

Grain Cars Will Be Switched to Duluh Elevators.

Superior Mills Will Run Despite the Wisconsin Commission.

Although the Daisy and Listman flour mills in Superior were closed this morning, it is expected they will re-open soon, as the millers have decided to go to the expense of having their grain weighed at Duluth elevators and then switched back over to Superior again rather than close down altogether.

The millers have been contemplating this move for several days, but have held off with the hope that they would be permitted by the Wisconsin grain commission to retain a few rights in the conduct of their business, but as no relief was in sight, they decided to take the step.

The new order of things places all the millers at considerable expense as the switching charges for the transfer of the cars from Superior to the Duluth elevators and back again will count up at a lively rate. But the milling interests will pay the costs rather than shut down the mills, which would be necessary if the Wisconsin commission continued to be in charge of their private scales.

It has not been decided yet what will be done with the scales, which will not be necessary now that the grain is to be weighed in Duluth. The mills may continue to keep open house and allow the Wisconsin inspectors the pleasure of sitting on the scales. The sitters will meet with no opposition from the millers as long as they do not stand around in the way of the men who are working.

On the other hand, the scale houses may be closed up and the inspectors asked to secure some other place to sit. It makes no difference to the millers, now, whether the scales are guarded by a couple of Wisconsin inspectors and a policeman or two, or not.

Grain men are highly amused by the blustering offers of the Superior board of trade men to secure Wisconsin wheat for the mills. The Wisconsin men have been making a great ado about this, declaring that the millers could use Wisconsin grain altogether if they only chose to do so. Grain men say this is idle talk and the mills know it.

In the first place, the mills must make selections from different grades of wheat, and that necessitates having a large lot to select from. The limited quantity Superior might get would make it exceedingly difficult to operate to advantage.

The only way they can secure this variety is by buying their grain on the Duluth board of trade, and so long as they continue to do this they cannot buy on the Superior board. For its own protection, the Duluth board was obliged to rule that members could not trade elsewhere and retain their membership in the board. And it would be nonsensical to quit the Duluth board of trade to secure the expensive and profitless privilege of buying Wisconsin wheat merely. None of the grain men has signified an intention to pass up the Duluth board to search for the gold at the end of the Superior board's rainbow.

The Superior city officials have not made any statements as yet regarding the notices which were served on them late yesterday afternoon by Attorney McCausland for the milling interests. The mayor, chief of police and city clerk were notified that the city of Superior would be held liable by the Duluth-Superior Milling company for the damage done to the scale house at the Listman mill yesterday morning, when a party of inspectors, chaperoned by stalwart policemen, broke down the proper barriers the milling company placed in the way, and took possession of the scales, quite oblivious to the fact that the same were the property of the company.

The Commander was the only mill running in Superior this morning.

QUARANTINE RAISED.

Memphis, Oct. 21.—Both the state and city quarantine was raised at noon today.

FOR SALE!
MEAT MARKET

Good location; with complete fixtures and established paying business. Horses and wagons included. A good bargain. Will stand the closest investigation.

Address—E-29 HERALD.

DO IT NOW!

Don't wait until your doctor tells you you had better change climate. If you have a bad cold or your bones ache, or have touches of rheumatism, don't waste time, money and health taking drugs, paying doctor bills and neglecting your work, but go to

KASSMIR'S TURKISH BATH,
24-26 W. Superior Street.

And try a Turkish Bath or a Japanese Mineral Bath or an Electric Sunshine Bath. Guaranteed to cure.

Ladies' baths, upstairs. Open all night.

Look for the big red sign.

START FIGHT FOR SERVICE

Residents of Fond du Lac Angry at Northern Pacific.

May Seek to Cancel the Road's Right-of-Way Privilege.

It would not be surprising if the Northern Pacific found a suit started against it to cancel its right-of-way privileges between Duluth and Fond du Lac.

John H. Brigham of Duluth, a lawyer by profession, lives at Fond du Lac, and so do a number of other legal lights, including District Judge William A. Cant, Municipal Judge W. L. Windom, Special Municipal Judge Frank Cutting, and a few more. Mr. Brigham is trying to organize these residents of Fond du Lac, who have to come to Duluth every morning, to fight the road and compel it to either put on good train service between Duluth and Fond du Lac, or get off that part of the earth.

Mr. Brigham called at the office of Supt. Blanchard some days ago, but found Mr. Blanchard was out of the city. Mr. Brigham then talked to Mr. Blanchard's chief clerk, and told what he purposed doing. That official said he would report the matter to his chief, and up to date that is all that has been done about it.

Mr. Brigham said yesterday that he believed he has a good cause of action against the road. He says the road must, to preserve its franchise, give "reasonable service" to the denizens of the suburb. Now what the courts would construe reasonable service to be is, of course, as Mr. Brigham says, problematical, but he believes that the courts will consider the present brand of service as given by the road decidedly unreasonable.

All of the service the Fond du Lac people get is that of a train which goes out there about 9 o'clock in the morning and gets back to Duluth anywhere between 4 and 6 o'clock. As this is of small aid to those living in the riverside burg, it is believed by the attorney that the road can be compelled to do better, or quit holding that territory for itself.

It is quite probable that some action will take place before long.

MINNEAPOLIS GIRL KILLED BY TRAIN

Minneapolis, Oct. 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—While attempting to make the crossing at Twenty-second street south and the Milwaukee tracks as they were returning home from school late yesterday, Segie Carlson, aged 10, was instantly killed by being struck by a switch engine, and her older sister, Mary, was slightly injured.

Their father and the girls had to cross the tracks every morning and evening in going to and from school.

MRS. ROOSEVELT RETURNS.

Washington, Oct. 21.—Mrs. Roosevelt, accompanied by John J. Elliot, commissioner of the interior for Porto Rico, arrived in Washington at 11:30 o'clock today. They had made the Southern trip with the president as far as Atlanta. Mrs. Roosevelt was in excellent health and spirits and had enjoyed the trip greatly.

Mrs. G. Tonning,
Orpopalic Clinic
MASSAGE
The Swedish Movement.
Old Phone 267-N Residence 1021 Second St.

CAMP FIRE!

J. B. Culver Post, G. A. R., Wednesday, Oct. 25, at Temple Hall. Department Commander C. F. Macdonald will be present. Ladies will serve refreshments. Everybody invited.

COWS CAUSE A SERIOUS FIGHT

Ole Larson In Jail Awaiting Outcome of Woman's Injuries.

Minneapolis, Oct. 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—As the result of an altercation which ended in physical violence, Ole Larson is now being held at the central station, Minneapolis, while his alleged victim, Mrs. John Daly, is lying at her home in a precarious condition.

Larson was arrested late last night but no charge has yet been placed against him, as it is not yet known how Mrs. Daly will come out.

The trouble is said to have started over some cows belonging to Mrs. Daly and which encroached on Larson's territory. Larson expostulated with his neighbor, but evidently to no purpose, and hot and angry words were exchanged. It is said that Larson attacked Mrs. Daly, who was in a delicate condition, and struck her with his fists, and as a result a child was prematurely born. The child died in a short time, while Mrs. Daly is at present in a dangerous condition and may die. Larson claims that he was first attacked by the woman and that he did not at any time strike her but only tried to ward her off. He expressed deep regret over the occurrence but insists that he was in no way to blame.

ROBBED OF $3,000.

Italian Bank Representative Held Up Near Herrville, Pa.

Lancaster, Pa., Oct. 21.—An Italian was held up by two highwaymen near Herrville today and robbed of $3,000. The Italian is a representative of an Italian bank in Philadelphia and comes here once a month to get money for deposit of men employed on the Pennsylvania Railroad company's new line. Yesterday was payday and the amount given him for deposit was about $3,000. While driving to the station at Herrville today, accompanied by a farmer, he was held up by two men armed with rifles and relieved of the money. The Italian took the train for Philadelphia without notifying the Lancaster police.

TROUSERS SOACKED IN MOLASSES AIDS CLIMBERS.

Deleware, Ohio, Oct. 21.—After an all night fight, the freshmen of the Ohio Wesleyan university were declared the victors over the sophomores in the annual flag rush. The battle started at 10 o'clock last night, the sophomores gaining and keeping possession of the pole until 2 o'clock this morning when an army of freshmen bore down upon the sophomores and overpowered them. B. V. McGee got a pair of trousers soaked in molasses and placed the freshmen's flag at the top of the pole. Every effort of the sophomores failed to secure the flag. By the agreement before the fight, the defeated class must kneel before the victors and repeat the class yell.

BUYS WHEAT TO HOLD IT

Armour Again Supports Market and Closes It Higher.

Flax Offerings Heavier Than Demand and Price Again Falls.

Duluth Board of Trade, Oct. 21.—The wheat market again required Armour support to sustain it today, and he gave it. The receipts in the Northwest were larger, and this led to selling, which caused prices to be lower in the early part of the morning, and then the buying by the bull leader began. Prices were weakest in the Northwest, the December option in Duluth gaining only ½c and in Minneapolis ½@¾c, while Chicago and St. Louis were up ⅝@⅞c, New York ½c, and Kansas City ⅝c.

The Liverpool market closed unchanged to ¼d higher. Broomhall estimated that the world's shipments to be reported Monday would be about 9,920,000 bushels.

December corn in the Chicago market closed ⅝@⅞c higher and in Liverpool corn was unchanged to ¼d lower. December oats in Chicago advanced ¼@⅜c.

Car receipts at Duluth were 265, against 203 last year, and at Minneapolis 578, against 480 last year, making for the Northwest 843, against 683 last year. Chicago receipts were 131, against 41 last year. Winnipeg received 414 cars, of which 2 graded No. 1 hard, 26 No. 1 northern and 10 No. 2 northern. Last year's receipts were 359 cars.

Primary receipts of wheat were 1,144,000 bus, last year, 1,244,000 bus. Shipments, 437,00 bus, last year, 512,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 271,00 bus.

Primary receipts of corn were 297,000 bus., last year 253,000 bus. Shipments, 641,000 bus., last year, 234,000 bus. Clearances were 35,000 bus.

Trading in the wheat in the Duluth market was very dull. The December option opened unchanged at 81⅞c, fell to 81¾c at 10:15, and advanced to 82¾c at 11:35; falling back to 82c at 11:50, and closing there, a gain of ⅛c. May opened unchanged at 85⅞c, fell to 85¾c, rallied to 86⅜c, closing there, a gain of ¼c.

Cash wheat was firm at from 2¼ to 2½c over December for No. 1 northern, the close being at the latter figure.

Flax was active and the offerings were heavier than the buying demand, which caused a slump in prices. Receipts are steadily increasing, Duluth today having 156 cars against 99 a year ago and Minneapolis 102 against 61. The buying demand seems to be finding enough to care for it readily and it gradually fell lower, October closing most. It closed ⅝c lower at 95¾c. November fell ½c to 97c and December the same. May opened ½c lower at $1.01⅜, rallied to $1.01¾ and closed ½c lower at $1.01¼.

The exporters report a very strong demand for coarse grains and say the foreigners bid fair to take all of the barley and oats America can furnish. Oats advanced ¾c this morning and it was due to the export demand.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—To arrive, No. 1 northern, 84½c; No. 2 northern, 82½c; on track, No. 1 northern, 84½c, No. 2 northern, 82½c; durum, No. 1, 79c; No. 2, 75c; October, 82½c; December, 82c; May, 87½c. Flax—To arrive, 97c, on track, 97c; October, 95¾c; November, 97c; December, 97c; May, $1.01¼. Oats—To arrive, 28½c; on track, 28¾@29c. Rye, 56c. Barley, 54@56c.

Cars inspected—Wheat, 265, last year, 203; oats, 43; rye, 19; barley, 52; flax, 156, last year, 99.

Receipts—Wheat, 222,745; oats, 66,885; barley, 129,127; rye, 3,497; flax, 152,268.

Shipments—Wheat, 176,872; flax, 149,405.

Cash Sales Saturday.

No. 1 hard wheat, 1 car $0.85¼
No. 1 northern wheat, 19 cars..... 85¼
No. 1 northern, 8 cars..... 85⅛
No. 1 northern, 3 cars..... 84¾
No. 1 northern, 5,000 bus..... 84⅝
No. 1 northern, 15,000 bus..... 84¼
No. 1 northern, 4,000 bus..... 84⅛
No. 1 northern, 22,000 bus..... 84¼
No. 1 northern, 11,000 bus..... 84⅜
No. 1 northern, 2,000 bus..... 84½
No. 1 northern wheat, 18 cars..... 85¼
No. 2 northern, 9,000 bus..... 82¾
No. 2 northern, 2 cars..... 82½
No. 2 northern, 2 cars..... 82¾
No. 2 northern, 1 car..... 82⅝
No. 2 northern, 1 car..... 82¾
No. 2 northern, 3 cars..... 82½
No. 2 northern, 1,000 bus..... 82¼
No. 2 wheat, 9 cars..... 82⅛
No. 3 wheat, 2 cars..... 81¾
No. 3 wheat, 2 cars..... 80½
No. 3 wheat, 2 cars..... 79½
No. 4 wheat, 1 car..... 78½
No. 4 wheat, 1 car..... 80½
Rejected wheat, 1 car..... 77
Rejected, 1 car..... 77
Rejected, 2 cars..... 79
Durum wheat, 12 cars, No. 2..... 75
Durum, 11 cars, No. 1..... 76
Durum, 3,000 bus, No. 1..... 76
Barley, 3 cars..... 49
Barley, 1 car..... 50¼
Barley, 1 car..... 57
Barley, 1 car..... 53¾
Barley, 1 car..... 50
Barley, 2 cars..... 49
Barley, 2 cars..... 51
Barley, 3 cars..... 42
Barley, 2 cars..... 43
Barley, 1 car..... 42½
Barley, 1 car..... 43
Oats, 2 cars, No. 4 white..... 27½
Oats, 2 cars, No. 4 white..... 27⅜
Oats, 1 car, No. 3 white..... 28¾
Oats, 2 cars, No. 3 white..... 28½
Oats, 1 car, No. 3 white..... 28¾
Oats, 6,000 bus, No. 3 white..... 28⅝
Oats, 1 car, No. 2 white..... 29¼
Oats, 1 car, no grade..... 27½
Flax, 13 cars..... 97½
Flax, 2 cars..... 97¼
Flax, 2 cars..... 96¾
Flax, 9,500 bus..... 97
Flax, 3,000 bus..... 97⅜
Flax, 1,000 bus..... 96¾
Flax, 1,000 bus..... 97
Flax, 1,500 bus..... 96

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Scattered Demand For Wheat Causes Weakness In Price.

Chicago, Oct. 21.—Increased receipts in the Northwest caused moderate selling of wheat today by commission houses. With only a scattered demand the market was inclined to weakness. Predictions of clear weather generally throughout the wheat growing sections of the United States added to bearish sentiment. December opened unchanged to ⅛c up at 88¾@89⅛c and declined to 86½c. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 891 cars against 783 cars last week and 724 cars a year ago.

Reports of damage by drouth in the Southwest were partly responsible for the improved demand. Strength of coarse grains was another bullish factor. For December the highest point of the day was reached at 87¼c. The market closed strong with December up 3/4@⅝c at 87⅛c. Sentiment in corn was bearish as a result of clear, cold weather throughout the Central West. The volume of trading was exceedingly light. December opened a shade lower at 41⅝c and sold at 44@44⅜c. Local receipts were 121 cars with 72 of contract grade.

Influenced by renewed demand from exporters the market became quite firm during the last hour of trading, December advancing to 44¾@45c. The close was firm with December up 1⅜@⅜c at 44⅝c.

Oats were steady on fair support from commission houses. Longs and cash houses were sellers. December opened unchanged at 28⅜c and sold up to 28⅝c. Local receipts were 302 cars.

Provisions were easier as a result of liberal sales of ribs by a local packer.

We Are Headquarters for
Bonanza Circle
—AND—
North Butte Copper Stocks.
PAINE, WEBBER & CO
BANKERS AND BROKERS.
328 West Superior Street.

EDWARDS-WOOD CO.
(INCORPORATED)
DEALERS IN
Stocks, Grain, Provisions
MAIN OFFICE
Fifth and Robert Sts. ST. PAUL, MINN.

J. A. MINNEAR & CO.
Brokers
Copper Stocks
Curbs a Specialty
LAURIUM, MICH.

TO MAKE MONEY BUY
Bullfrog Extension, Sassy Sal or Blizzard, The famous Nevada Stocks. Ask
R. B. HIGBEE,
The Minning Broker.
410-411 Germania Life Building, ST. PAUL, MINN.

Bonanza Circle Coppers
AND OTHER UNLISTED SECURITIES.
Noon Quotations, Oct. 21.

Coppers.	Bid.	Ask.	Miscellaneous.	Ask.
N. Butte	56	56½	Ala. Cen. pfd.	$6.00
C. & A.	112	114	Ariz. & E.	.25
C. & P.	35½	39	Black Rock	.15
L. S. & P.	32	40	Crooked River	.45
P. & D.	37	37½	LaLuz Mexico	$4.00
Junction	29	30	Little Cracker	.05
Man.	7½	8	Marconi (A)	30.00
Black Mt.	7	7½	N. Q. Bee	.10
D.-Ariz.	13	14	Ophir Tunnel	.40
W. D. Co.	21	23	Parry Sound	.15
Chir.	11	12	Shakespeare	.10
Shat.	33	35	Stan. L. & Z.	.30

Active buying should advance prices next week.

H. E. SMITH & CO.,
WILLIAM KAISER, Manager.
Main Floor, Paladio Building.
'Phones—Zenith, 698; Duluth, 82.

January pork was unchanged at $12.37½. Lard and ribs were each off a shade at $6.77½ and $6.45@6.47½ respectively.

Close Wheat—October, 80½c; December, 87@87½c; May, 91½c; July, 83¾c. Corn—October, 50½c; December, 44¾c; old, 45½c; January, 43c; May, 44½c; July, 44¾c. Oats—October, 29c; December, 29@29½c; May, 31⅜c; July, 30¾. Pork—October, $10.12½; January, $12.40. Lard—October, $7.10; November, $7.07½@7.10; December, $6.77½@6.80; January, $6.77½@6.80. Ribs—October, $7.05; January, $6.97; May, $6.67½@6.70. Rye—Cash, 52c; December, 49c; May, 52c. Flax—Cash, northwestern, 95c; southwestern, 93c. Timothy—March, $3.35. Barley—Cash, 36½@52c. Clover — Cash, $13.90. Wheat—2 red, 88@89c; 2 red, 87@88c; 2 hard, 86@88½c; 3 hard, 85¼@86c; 1 northern, 88½@90c; 2 northern, 85@85c; 3, spring, 82@86c. Corn—2, 42c; 3, 41½c. Oats —2, 29c; 3, 28¾c.

Duluth Car Inspection.

Wheat: No. 1 hard, 7; No. 1 northern, 52; No. 2 northern, 58; No. 3 spring, 62; No. 4 spring, 1; rejected, 6; western red, 1; western white, 1; No. 1 durum, 18; No. 2 durum, 25; No. 3 durum, 12; No. 4 and no grade durum, 7; total durum, 75; mixed wheat, 2; total of wheat, 265; cars last year, 203.

Flax: No. 1 northwestern, 53; No. 1, 102; No. 2, 1; total, 156; last year, 99.

Oats, 43; rye, 19; barley, 52.

Total of all cars, 536. Cars last year, 735.

American Wheat Markets.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
December—				
Open	81¾A	82-⅛	86⅝-¾	92⅞
High	82⅛	82⅝	87⅛	92½
Low	81⅝	82-⅛	86⅝	92⅛
Close	82⅛	82¼-⅜A	87-⅛B	92¾-⅞B
Close, 20th	81⅞	82-⅛	86⅞	92
May—				
Open	85⅛	85⅜	87¼	99¾
High	86⅜	86-⅛	87⅝	91
Low	85⅜	85⅜-½	87¼	99¾
Close	86⅜B	86	87-⅛B	91⅛
Close, 20th	85½	85⅝	87¼-¾	90¾

Chicago Oats, Corn and Pork.

	Oats. Dec.	Corn. Dec.	Pork. Jan.
Opening	28⅞	45-⅛	$12.37
High	29⅛	45½	12.40
Low	28¾	45	12.37
Close	29-⅛	45½	12.40

Liverpool Grain.

Liverpool, Oct. 21.—Wheat—Spot steady; 2 red western winter, 8s 6d; futures quiet; December 6s 10¾d; March, 6s 10¼d. Corn—Spot firm; American mixed, 5s 3¼d; futures quiet; December, 5s 3¼d; January, 4s 5½d; March, 4s 4d.

New York Grain.

New York, Oct. 21.—Close: Wheat — December, 92½c. May, 91c. Corn—December, 54⅝c; May, 50¼c.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Oct. 21.—Close: Wheat — December, 85¼c; May, 86c; No. 1 hard, 84½c; 1 northern, 84¼c; 2 northern, 81¾c.

Grain Gossip.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—Strength was continued in today's market, prices making ⅝c advance for the day. The news received was all of a favorable character, one of the most significant pieces coming just at the close that 75,000 bushels No. 2 red winter wheat had been sold at ¼ premium over December price. St. Louis advised us some time ago that their stocks of soft wheat were about exhausted and sales there today are significant, as they confirm our previous advances. This, to us, indicates that the millers have been and are at the present time, urgent buyers, and, coupled with the fact that mills are working day and night trying to keep up with their orders for flour, the reports we have received regarding the phenomenal flour situation. This seems natural, as through the period of high prices last year millers bought wheat but sparingly and only in a hand-to-mouth fashion. Under these conditions stocks of wheat were not accumulated by the millers; the flour supply was permitted to run down, and in order to increase the stocks millers are now working overtime filling their orders. This naturally results in the present liberal and urgent demand for milling purposes, not only southwest, but northwest as well. The foreign situation is a factor that at any moment might loom up as one of the serious propositions. It seems but reasonable to assume that the leading bull interest, with world-wide connections, in touch with conditions in all habitable lands, has not only bought wheat on the domestic situation, but is in close touch and fully aware of exact conditions prevailing abroad. Add to this the fact that through much of the winter wheat country the new crop has not received moisture of any kind since September first; this is a serious matter. The conditions that make for the market improvement seems strong. That prices are well held cannot be denied, and looking at all the news, good and bad, it looks as if the market was shaping itself to do better. Improvement may be slow, and at times seem labored, but we feel we would continue buying wheat on the moderate set-backs as they appear. The concentrated holdings act as a stone wall against bearish pressure, against which but temporary headway has so far been made.

Corn—This market made further headway today and while net gains were not large, it was a strong market with an improvement in trade. It seems to us, notwithstanding that new corn is already moving, that the market, backed up by a wonderful export demand, is shaping itself to do better. We are advised by a prominent exporter in New York that the export demand for coarse grains today was the largest of any Saturday since 1901. The one bad feature that is causing them much worriment is the lack of transportation facilities to handle the immense volume of business. The situation seems strong to us and we would continue to the buying side on the soft spots.

Oats—As in corn, strength is based altogether on the foreign demand which, in good quarters, is confidently expected will continue. We feel friendly to the entire coarse grain list and would buy oats on the soft spots.

Provisions—Again closed irregular and discouraging. Trade at no time gave any indication of being significant in any way or of getting out of its dull rut.

* * *

Edwards, Wood & Co.: Wheat—The market opened practically at last night's closing quotations and immediately sold off below puts on lower cables, liberal receipts and a contradiction of the earlier report of damage to the Argentine crop by locusts. At the decline, the market was supported by the big bull party and turned strong in the last half hour of trading, crossing all puts. The close was steady at a shade higher than last night's. No wide fluctuation has been had this week and the market is primarily of a sleeping character. The outlook for next week is unchanged and the same general kind of market may be expected. For the moment, we favor the selling side.

* * *

Minneapolis: We estimate, with the help of figures received from various sources, that 35 per cent of the wheat crop of these three states has been marketed by the farmers. Sixty per cent of our wheat crop is usually marketed by December 1, but we do not believe this percentage will reach that figure this year. Many houses are already full and unable to do business, notwithstanding the railroads are doing their utmost to relieve them.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

Duluth.

Following are the current quotations for goods which change hands in lots on the open market:

BUTTER.	
Creamery, prints	23
Creamery, in tubs	22
Dairies, prints	19
Renovated	21
Packing stock	14½
EGGS.	
Fresh	19 @ 20
CHEESE.	
Wisconsin flats	12¾
Block and wheel Swiss	14 @ 15
Brick cheese, No. 1	13½
Limberger full cream cheese	13
Primost	7
HONEY.	
New fancy white clover	15
Fancy white clover in jars, strained, per lb	12½@ 13
Goldenrod	14
Dark honey	14
Buckwheat, dark	14
MAPLE SUGAR.	
Vermont, per lb	15
Maple syrup, 10-lb cans	1 35
NUTS.	
Filberts, per lb	13
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	15
Cocoanuts, per doz	60
Brazils, per lb	12
Pecans, per lb	13
Almonds	16
Mixed nuts	12
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7½@ 8
FRUITS.	
Apples, Ben Davis, per box	4 00
Illinois Jonathans	5 00
Kings	4 50
Pippins	4 00
Tallman Sweets	4 00
Cal. Bellefleur, per box	1 65
Wisconsin Longfields	2 75
Bananas, per bunch	1 50 @ 2 75
Lemons, Fancy, 12-lb box	1 10
Dates, sugar walnut, 10-lb box	1 00
Figs, Smyrna, 10-lb box	1 25
Grapes, Concords, basket	21 @ 22
Tokay grapes, per crate	1 75
Grapes, Delawares	30
Lemons, Cal., per box	5 50
Oranges	4 25 @ 4 75
Peaches, per box	1 25
Pears, per box	3 00
York State pears, per bbl	4 00 @ 5 00
GREEN VEGETABLES.	
Beans, wax, per bus	1 50
Beets, per cwt	1 00
Cucumbers, Dill	2 00
Cabbages, per crt	3 00
Cauliflower, per box	1 00
Celery, per doz	30
Carrots, per cwt	1 00
Horseradish, per lb	10
Lettuce, leaf, per bus	1 00
Onions, per cwt	1 00 @ 1 75
Onions, pickling, per box	2 00
Parsley, per doz	25
Sweet potatoes, per bbl	3 50
Potatoes, new, per bus	50
Pumpkins, per doz	15
Radishes, round, per doz	15
Squash, per doz	1 00
Rutabagas, per cwt	1 00
Spinach, per bus	50
Tomatoes, per bus	2 00
POP CORN.	
Choice, per lb	3
Rice corn, shelled	6
CIDER.	
Clarified, 16-gal keg	3 50
Orange, cherry or pear	3 50
Black raspberry juice	5 50
LIVE POULTRY.	
Springs, per lb	11
Hens, per lb	10
Spring ducks	11 @ 12
Turkeys	17
Geese	10

Dressed poultry runs about 1½c to 2c per pound higher.

MEATS.	
Beef	5 @ 8½
Mutton	8½
Lard	8
Pork loins	11
Veal	7 @ 9
HAY.	
Timothy, per ton	9 00 @10 00
Upland, per ton	10 00 @11 00
FEED.	
Bran, per ton	14 50
Oats, per bus	29 @ 30
Shorts, per ton	15 00
FISH.	
Trout, per lb	9
Pike, per lb	9
White, per lb	10 @ 12½
Oysters, standard, per gal	1 40
Oysters, select, per gal	1 80

Chicago.

Chicago, Oct. 21.—Butter, firm; creameries, 17@21c; dairies, 16½@19c. Eggs steady; at mark, cases included 15½@17¾c. Cheese firm; daisies, 12c; twins, 11½@11¾c; young Americas, 12c.

In New York.

New York, Oct. 21—Butter slightly firmer but unchanged. Receipts, 5,685. Cheese firm; receipts, 4,934. Weekly exports, 2,709 boxes. State full cream, small and large colored, and white fancy, 12c; do fair to choice, 11½@12¾c. Eggs firm, unchanged; receipts, 6,500.

Rooms are quickly rented when advertised in The Saturday Herald. If you cannot come to the office phone your ad.

ADVANCES ARE SCORED

In Stock Market Which Was Strong Throughout the Day.

Favorable Bank Statement and Easiness of Call Money.

New York, Oct. 21.—The stock market opened active and higher without regard to the lower range of prices in London. Gains as a rule were very small, but a number of specialties rose conspicuously. Central of Jersey, and Locomotive preferred advanced 1¾. Minneapolis, St. Paul & Soo 1½. Allis-Chalmers preferred 1¼, and Brooklyn Transit, Locomotive and Allis-Chalmers ⅝.

Most of the favorite stocks failed to get more than ⅛ or so above their first prices, although buying went on in a spirited fashion in the obscure stocks. Apart from the strength displayed by the New York Central, Southern Pacific and Brooklyn Transit little of interest occurred to overshadow the growing volume of speculative interest in the low grade stocks. The market eased off after a time, but improved again at 11 o'clock when Union Pacific was heavily bought at an advance of a point.

Trading showed continued animation and the largest share of attention remained centered on minor stocks. Brooklyn Transit, New York Central, Allis-Chalmers rose a point or more. Delaware & Hudson 2, Pullman 3¾, General Electric 3½, Westinghouse Electric 5¾, and Reading, St. Paul and Metropolitan 1. There were besides varying gains between 1 and 2 points for Lake Erie & Western, Minneapolis & St. Louis, New York, Chicago & St. Louis, St. Joe & Grand Island, Denver & Rio Grande, preferred, Tennessee Coal, Hide and Leather, preferred, New York Reduction preferred, Sugar, and Paper. The market developed some hesitation after the appearance of the bank statement and showed the effect of realizing. New York, New Haven & Hartford sold at a decline of 2. Brooklyn Transit and New York Central led a rally in a number of stocks. The closing was active and strong.

Quotations furnished by Edwards-Wood Co., Room A, Torrey building:

Stocks—	High	Low	Close
Atchison, pfd	105	104⅜	104⅞
do com	89⅝	88¾	89⅝
Smelter, com	129⅝	129	129⅝
American Woolen	41½	40	41⅜
Amal. Copper	97⅝	96⅜	97⅜
B. and O. Ry.	113¾	113	113¾
B. R. T.	78¾	76⅝	78½
Can. Pac. R.	172⅜	172¼	172½
C. and O.	57½	57⅛	57½
C. F. I.	46⅝	46⅛	46⅝
C. G. W., com	22	21⅜	21¾
Erie 1st. pfd	83¾	83½	83⅝
Erie, com	49⅜	48⅞	49¼
Ills. Cent.	139⅜	139¼	139½
L. and N.	153½	152⅝	152
Mex. Cent.	25¼	24⅝	25¼
Met. Ry.	127½	126⅝	127¼
Mo. Pac.	106⅝	104⅝	104⅝
Manhattan	166	166	166
Norg. and West.	86⅞	86¼	86½
N. Y. C.	153	150⅝	153
O. and W.	54⅜	53¾	54⅜
People's Gas	104⅜	104¼	104⅝
Penn. Ry.	145	144½	145
Rock Island, com	32⅜	32	32⅝
Rock Island pfd	76	75⅞	76
Reading com	123¾	123	123½
R. I. and S. pfd	97	96½	96¾
R. I. and S. com	30¼	29⅞	30
Rubber com	54¾	53⅝	53½
St. Paul	181⅝	180⅜	181¼
Sugar	142⅞	141½	142⅝
Southern Railway com	36⅝	36⅜	36⅝
Southern Pacific	71⅝	70½	71⅝
Soo com	138	136⅞	137
Tenn. Coal and Iron	89⅝	88¾	89⅜
Texas Pacific	37	34⅜	35
United States Steel pfd	105¼	104⅞	105¼
United States Steel com	39⅜	38⅝	39⅛
Union Pacific com	134⅝	133½	134⅜
Wisconsin Central pfd	63⅝	63¼	63⅝
Northern Pacific	206½	205½	206
Cent. Leather	46⅝	45⅝	46¼
Erie 2nd pfd	72	72	72

The total sales were 657,000 shares.

Stock Gossip.

Logan & Bryan to Paine, Webber & Co.: The same aggressive buying of specialties which characterized the last few sessions was again in evidence today, and although the foreigners were not inclined to follow our advance, the market opened strong, advancing and closing at about the best prices of the day. The favorable bank statement, easiness of call money and aggressiveness of pools and cliques will no doubt be made the basis of a further upward movement next week, but on an advance it might be well to take profits, in view of the money situation. The public interest is not very large, and every attempt to take profits in a very large way may result in a severe break. However, the underlying conditions are all sound, and we continue to favor purchases on the setbacks.

* * *

Walker Bros. to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market today was strong from start to finish. There was no special news of importance. Buying for both long and short accounts was persistent and there was heavy covering of short stock put out a few days ago 1½ to 2 points below the present prices. Being Saturday, London was not much of a factor. If money continues to ease up next week, it seems probable the market will continue to advance.

* * *

Dick Bros. to Paine, Webber & Co.: Stocks have been active and buoyant today. Sharp advances were scored all through the list, particularly in stocks of the better class. Brooklyn was again the strong feature, moving up sharply on further Keene buying. Good buying was seen in Metropolitan issues. The only news development was the bank statement which was favorable. Indications point for higher prices on Monday.

Midway Horse Market.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul—Barrett & Zimmerman's report: Fair horse trade; receipts large and of much better quality; outside demand for all classes increases; local demand for drafters and drivers of larger volume and more urgent; great improvement in the general tone of the market in comparison with the first portion of the week; receipts far ahead of corresponding time for the three previous years. All commercial classes are selling more freely at the following unchanged prices:

Drafters, extra	$180@200
Drafters, choice	160@180
Drafters, common to good	140@160
Drivers, extra	175@275
Drivers, choice	150@175
Drivers, common to good	115@150
Expressers, extra	155@170
Expressers, choice	130@155
Expressers, common to good	115@130
Mules	95@210
Farm mares, extra	140@165
Farm mares, choice	120@140
Farm mares, common to good	100@120

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, Oct. 21.—Cattle—Receipts, 400; steady; beeves, $3.40@6.40; cows and heifers, $2@4.75; calves, 1 @7.50; good to prime steers, $5.25@6.40; poor to medium, $3.40@5.15; stockers and feeders, $2.25@4.25. Hogs—Receipts, 12,000; Monday, 36,000; steady for light; others weak; mixed and butchers, $4.95@5.55; good heavy, $5.35@5.55; rough heavy, $4.80@5; light, $4.90@5.40; pigs, $4.85@5.30; bulk of sales, $5.10@5.45. Sheep—Receipts, 3,000; steady; sheep $3.50@6.60; yearlings, $5.15@5.85; lambs, $6@8.

New York Money.

New York, Oct. 21.—Money on call, nominal, no loans. Time loans steady; 60 days, 5@5¼ per cent; 90 days, 5; six months, 4¼@4⅝. Prime mercantile paper 5 per cent. Sterling exchange firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.86.70 @4.86.75 for demand, and $4.85 for 60 days; posted rates, $4.83@4.83½, and $4.87@4.87½; commercial bills, $4.82¾@4.82¾. Bar silver, 62¾c; Mexican dollars, 47¾c. Government bonds steady; railroad bonds firm.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 328 West Superior street:

	Bid	Asked
Amalgamated	85¼	85⅜
American Dev. Co.		21
Anaconda	119	
Atlantic	27	27¼
Arcadian	4½	4¾
Adventure	9½	9⅝
Allouez	47	47¼
Bingham	32½	32⅝
Black Mountain	7⅛	
Copper Range	75⅜	75½
Calumet & Hecla	680	690
Calumet & Arizona	113½	114
Calumet & Pitsburg		38
Centennial	22	22½
Daly West	14½	14½
Franklin	18⅝	19⅜
Granby	8½	9
Green Cons.	28	28¼
Isle Royale	29	29⅜
Junction		30
L. S. & P.	39	40
Michigan	15¾	15⅞
Mayflower	1½	1¾
Mass.	11⅝	11¾
Mohawk	61	61⅜
Mercur. Cons.	97c	99c
North Butte	55½	56
National	3½	4
Old Dominion	32¼	32⅝
Old Colony	2¾	2⅞
Osceola	114	114½
Phoenix	1⅜	1⅝
Parrott	27½	28
P. & D.		37
Quincy	108	109
Rhode Island	7¾	8
Santa Fe	2½	3
Shannon	8⅜	8¾
Tecumseh	14	14½
Tamarack	128	130
Trinity	9¾	10
U. S. Mining	36¼	36½
Utah	47	47½
Union Island	3¾	4
Victoria	6¾	7
Wyandot	2¼	2½
Winona	125	125
Wolverine	11	11¾
Warren		13

Copper Gossip.

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: Today Copper Range was the leader in the market, closing at higher prices. Practically all the rest of the stocks were neglected today, and all the trading turned to Copper Range speculation which has been very large in the low priced stocks, seems to be over for the present, and for one intending to purchase at present, we advise the medium and higher priced copper issues, as Ramona, Mohawk, Osceola, Tamarack and Quincy.

The Cotton Market.

New York, Oct. 21.—The cotton market opened easy at a decline of 4@7 points under realizing and selling for a reaction, owing to disappointing cables and a less unfavorable weather map than was expected. Several points reported frost. Memphis and New Orleans wires predicted cold wave before Monday, and the market received pretty good support at the decline. Fluctuations consequently were irregular with prices during the middle of the morning steady at net decline of 7@8 points.

Cotton futures closed steady: October, 9.87; November, 9.82; December, 10.05; January, $10.19; February, 10.20; March, 10.35; April, 10.39; May, 10.44. Spot closed quiet; middling uplands, 10.40; middling gulf, 10.65.

Bank Statement.

New York, Oct. 21.—The statement of averages of the clearing house banks of this city this week follows: Loans, $1,023,090,100, decrease, $3,304,200; deposits, $1,063,855,400, decrease, $2,298,200; circulation, $54,980,500, increase, $624,700; legal tenders, $75,286,700, increase, $588,000; specie, $183,163,200, increase, $1,209,000; reserve, $258,449,900, increase, $1,797,200; reserve required, $255,964,850, decrease, $574,550; surplus, $12,583,150, increase, $2,371,750; excess United States deposits, $14,704,050, increase, $2,374,225.

St. Paul Live Stock.

St. Paul, Oct. 21.—Cattle—Receipts, 450; steady; good to choice grain fed steers, $4.50@5.30; common to fair, $3.75@4.35; good to choice grain fed cows and heifers, $3.50@4.25; butchers bulls, $2.30@2.55; veal calves, $5@5.50; good to choice stock steers, $2.75@3; good to choice feeding steers, $2.50@4; good to choice milch cows and springers, $35@45. Hogs—Receipts, 1,200; steady; light, common to fair, $4.85@5.05; good to choice, $5.10@5.25; heavy, common to fair, $4.90@4.95; pigs and unsorted, $4.25@4.25. Sheep—Receipts, 4,500; strong and higher; yearling wethers, $4.75@5.50; wethers, $4.40@4.80; good to choice ewes, $4.25@4.60; good to choice lambs, $6@6.85.

GRAIN RATES STEADY.

Charters Are Made at Tnree and One-Half Cents.

The grain rate is firmly fixed for the time being at least at 3½ cents. Yesterday afternoon 350,000 bushels were chartered at that rate for October shipment. Shippers and vesselmen generally look for this rate to be maintained during the next week or two.

When studied the situation does not look so bullish as the rate would seem to indicate, and there is little doubt that if conditions at Buffalo were easier the present high rates would not be paid. There is under charter at the present time for November shipment from Duluth about 6,500,000 bushels of grain. The total receipts in November will hardly if conditions at Buffalo were easier the present high rates would not be paid. There is under charter at the present time for November shipment from Duluth about 6,500,000 bushels of grain. The total receipts in November will hardly run above 15,000,000 bushels which will leave 8,500,000 bushels to be carried. That would be about 200,000 bushels a day which is not a large amount at all.

A large number of boats would like to take grain at the rate now in effect, but are tied up on ore contracts that are not yet filled, and do not dare to drop out even for a trip, for they might be tied up a few days at Buffalo. When the ore contracts are filled, the number of boats in grain tonnage will be materially increased.

Another thing to be faced by the bull in vessel rates is that this has been a wet fall and the ore is pretty well soaked with water. If winter should happen to swoop down a little earlier than usual, ore shipments would have to cease at once, for ore would freeze up immediately.

ELK'S LAST STAND.

It was on the very backbone of our continent at the top of the world that the elk found their refuge summer and winter, where the "Pacific" creeks and "Atlantic" creeks flow in different directions with the same source from the Continental Divide, says Country Life in America. Down between the Great Teton range and Gros Ventre, Shoshone, and the Wind River mountains, where the biggest of the Rockies have left literaly a great cleft in the earth, forming an oblong valley, is a natural stronghold. The elk that sought winter pastures outside of these mountains perished; those that came down inside lived to breed the last of their race.

The "hole" itself, for the place is called Jackson's Hole, is bordered on the west by the abrupt wall of the mighty Teton range which parallels the Idaho border closely. It includes on the north a bit of the lower portion of the Yellowstone National park. It is a hundred or so miles long and a few miles wide at its narrawed walls. It is all but impassable to man and beast for the six months of the year in which the elk come down to the "hole" country. It is estimated that 20,000 to 40,000 elk come into Jackson's Hole country in winter.

MARINE

THE STORM IS PASSING

Gale Ceases on Lakes Superior, Huron and Michigan.

Eleven Vessels Are Wrecked and Twelve Lives Lost.

Detroit, Oct. 1.—Reports to the local office of the weather bureau today are that the storm which caused such widespread damage on the lakes Thursday night and yesterday is over on Lakes Superior, Huron and Michigan, and is slowly passing over Lakes Erie and Ontario. Middle Island in Lake Huron reports the velocity of the wind today is only 16 miles an hour, while on Lake Michigan it is blowing about 10 to 12 miles. The water at the Lime Kiln crossing at the mouth of the Detroit river has risen to 13 feet 7 inches, and the twenty steamers held up above the crossing by the low water hope to get into Lake Erie before many hours.

Chicago, Oct. 21.—The storm which swept over northern Lake Michigan, Lake Huron and Lake Erie was one of the most severe in recent years. As far as returns are obtainable, eleven vessels have been completely wrecked and twelve to fifteen others more or less severely damaged. Twelve lives are known to have been lost and it is feared that other losses, both of life and property, will be reported within the next twenty-four hours.

The boats wrecked are:

Tug Frank Perry, sunk off Boot Island, in the Chenaeux group.

Steamer Joseph S. Fay, ran ashore near Roger City, Mich., and broken to pieces by waves. The mate, Jos. Size, was drowned. The boat is owned by M. A. Bradley of Cleveland.

Barge D. P. Rhodes, in tow of steamer J. S. Fay,

Real Estate Dealers Who're Boosting Duluth

LAKESIDE!

Duluth's Most Delightful Suburb.

Our very liberal proposition enables you to OWN YOUR OWN HOME here for the money you are now paying in rent. You can have a home built according to your own ideas and plans at the least possible cost. We loan you money to build up to five times the price of your lot. Easy payments and low rate of interest. Come to our office and let us talk it over with you.

LAKESIDE LAND CO

303 Lonsdale Building.

A GREAT SNAP

A GOOD 8-ROOM HOUSE —grate, mantel, furnace, stone foundation—choice corner lot, 50x140 feet, on upper side of street, near Portland Square, Tenth avenue east.

$2,400

Less than value of the building alone. Terms very reasonable.

GEO. R. LAYBOURN, 14 Phoenix Block.

HAVE YOUR

Fire Insurance

WRITTEN BY

Mendenhall & Hoopes

208 First National Bank Building.

Three Houses

On upper side of Fifth street, between Third and Fourth avenues west; modern conveniences and in excellent condition.

Rented at $528.00 a year.

For sale at the very low price of $4,200.00.

This is a genuine snap.

R. B. KNOX & CO.,

1 Exchange Building.

We Lend Money!

Lowest rates, easy terms. We make all kinds of building loans, as you need the money. We issue BONDS and write FIRE INSURANCE.

Cooley & Underhill,

208 EXCHANGE BUILDING.

$6500 Takes a fine eight-room house, all modern conveniences, on corner, 100x70 feet. This is a splendid value.

$9500 For a ten-room house in best residence part of city, hot water heat, all modern conveniences. Lot 50x140 feet.

We have a few choice lots left in the "Knob Hill" district which we can sell you at a very reasonable price. No trouble to show you what we have at any time.

C. H. Graves & Co.,

Real, Estate, Mortgage Loans, Insurance. First Floor, Torrey Building.

BUILDING

LOANS

WE LOAN MONEY for the construction of substantial buildings and dwellings.

TELL US WHAT YOU NEED. Reasonable terms, prompt service.

We loan for insurance and trust companies.

O. C. HARTMAN & CO.

209-210-211 EXCHANGE BUILDING.

TIMBER LANDS.

In 40, 80 and 160-acre tracts, within driving distance of Duluth, with tamarack, cedar, spruce and hardwood enough on same to pay for lands; for sale on easy monthly or yearly payments. No red clay; good markets; perfect title. No trouble to show lands.

Boston & Duluth Farm Land Co.

18 Fifth Avenue West, Duluth, Minn.

$60 Cash

And $15 per month will buy a cozy five-room cottage, just completed Lot 33x150 feet, level, free from rock, and enclosed with picket fence.

A chance to own your own home and pay for it with the money you are now paying for rent. DO NOT MISS this opportunity.

5%—Money to Loan—5%

Julius D. Howard & Co

Real Estate, Loans, Insurance. 216 West Superior St.

$3,000

A nice home at a moderate price —7 rooms, bath, furnace, electric light, stone foundation. Between Fifteenth and Sixteenth avenues east.

Pulford, How & Co.,

309 Exchange Bldg.

LANDS—HOUSES—LOTS.

$400 Lot 25x140 on East Sixth street.

$1000 Corner lot, 50x140, on East Superior street.

$700 Two lots, 25x140 each, Twenty-ninth avenue west and Third street.

30 acres of garden and dairy land, within two miles of city.

11½ acres of garden and dairy land, within two miles of city.

A. H. W. Eckstein & Co

401 Exchange Bldg. Zen. 'phone, 338. Fire Insurance, Real Estate and Loans.

4½% 5%

Money to Loan

With On or Before Clause.

John A. Stephenson

WOLVIN BUILDING.

A Bargain!

Dwelling near Lincoln Park, Lot 25x140.

$1500

5% and 6% Money to Loan—no Delay.

Insurance Written in First-class Companies.

G. G. Dickerman & Co.

Phone 201. No. 5 Alworth Bldg.

CHANGES IN AFFAIRS OF LAKESIDE LAND COMPANY

Concern Is Reorganized and Estate of Charlamagne Tower, Who Now Controls It, Is to Begin an Active "Own-Your-Own-Home" Campaign In Duluth.

The Lakeside Land company has been reorganized, rejuvenated, and is about to commence a campaign of progress that will surely attract much notice, and will result in great improvements in that fashionable and beautiful suburb, Lakeside.

The company has been reincorporated under the laws of the state of Wisconsin, and the estate of Charlamagne Tower of Philadelphia now owns a controlling interest, and will direct its affairs with aggressive, up-to-date American methods.

Earl B. Putnam of Philadelphia is president and J. A. Bailey of the same city is secretary and treasurer. Both of these gentlemen are executors and trustees of the Tower estate.

The directors of the company are the president and secretary, A. E. Newbold, a prominent banker, of Philadelphia; Waldo E. Knapp and John G. Williams, the well-known local attorney.

The management of the company will be in the hands of a direct representative of the Tower estate, W. E. Knapp, formerly of Poultney, Vt. Mr. Knapp will make Duluth his home in the future, and will devote all of his time to a promulgation of the interests of the Lakeside company. Associated with him in the management of the company will be John B. Greenfield, who has been connected with the Lakeside interests for many years, having a wide acquaintance in Duluth.

This able pair will conduct the "own your own home" campaign which will be waged in the interests of Lakeside by the reorganized company. Although about $800,000 has already been spent on improvements, no pains will be spared to make it one of the most attractive living spots in the state.

Streets will be improved, lots cleared of underbrush and made ready for the grass seeds, if not the lawn mower.

Three different sections of the thriving community will be improved and offered to prospective buyers. This should insure enough of a selection to satisfy the most exacting. Fine views of the lake, the pure air and attractive neighborhoods commend Lakeside to Duluthians, and the representatives of the Lakeside company expect to impress many with its attractions and locate them on its holdings.

Lakeside is a twenty-minute ride from the Lyceum theater, and more pretty homes are built there every year. Almost every resident owns his own home. The suburb boasts of two fine schools, adequate fire protection, electric street lights, and four churches. The denominations represented are the Presbyterians, Episcopal, Methodist Episcopal and Swedish Lutheran. All the advantages of life enjoyed by those who live nearer the down town district, including free mail delivery, are had by the Lakesiders. The insurance rates are as low as in any part of the city.

The Lakeside Land company is prepared to furnish funds to the purchase of lots for building houses. For instance, those who buy lots are loaned money to the extent of five times the price of the lots with which to erect a suitable home. Easy payments and a low rate of interest make this offer decidedly attractive, and afford excellent chances to young married couples, as well as all others seeking their own homes.

The purchaser of the lot can pick out the architect he chooses to draw the plans for his house, and it is built according to his own individual ideas, or those of his wife, who probably insists on large closets in every bedroom. The company gives the home-builder every possible aid, and bids for the construction of the home are advertised for. The job is invariably awarded to the tall, with a bell over-shoulder, E-flat erected at the least possible cost.

All of the houses at Lakeside are pretty affairs and there is not a single shack in the entire suburb. It is said to be a delightful place to live and now that new life has been instilled in the company, it will become even more so.

The officers are looking forward to a large business and the sound of the saw and hammer will soon be heard in Lakeside and more pretty homes will go up there.

• • •

No special activity has marked the situation in the local realty market this past week. Dealers report a good inquiry right along and a number of trades are being negotiated, but there have not been very many transactions fully closed.

The inquiry is said to still run heaviest toward cheap lots for improvement the coming year. The fact that building operations are more expensive now than a year ago does not, it is said, deter people from planning improvements to be made during the winter, but the most of them early next spring. In several localities in the city where unimproved lots were recently sold, the foundations are being put in for new homes that are to be erected by the first of May next.

• • •

The rental situation is said to indicate clearly the necessity for more house and flat building next year. Good houses and flats are constantly in demand and, in many instances renters have had to take places that they are not entirely satisfied with but they were in a position where they had to either get a home or store their goods. Many of the real estate agencies believe that big demand for rental properties will greatly stimulate the building movement on unimproved property now owned in the city for investment.

• • •

Negotiations are being made between the agents for an Eastern owner of property in the business portion of Duluth, and local men, for the erection of another two or three story store building this fall and winter, but the deal is not yet closed up and those interested in it do not wish to give it publicity. It has been intimated that one or two other building projects may hinge on this same transaction.

• • •

T. G. Vaughan says that inquiry is very brisk and he notes a great demand for houses to rent. Mr. Vaughan says that houses are scarce and many intending renters, on this account, are buying for improvement where they can find anything suitable within their reach. Mr. Vaughan has had a number of sales during the week, some of which are not closed but on which earnest money has been paid. Among the sales are the following:

Lot 57, West Second street by A. T. Burris to local parties for $4,200, to be improved in the near future; the east half of lot 361, block 51, Duluth proper, Second division, by E. L. Fleming to local parties for $3,000. This property contains a two story store building and is located on Superior street near Twenty-third avenue west. The northerly half of lot 386, block 113, Duluth proper, Second division to a Duluth party for $3,000, an improved property and bought for an investment. The east half of lot 56, block 80, Duluth proper, Third division, to Frank Olson, for $300.

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Joseph B. Cotton has purchased from F. L. Geddes for $1,200 lots 7 and 8, block 4, Long View addition.

• • •

A. J. Upham has sold to the United States Installment and Realty company portions of lots 318 and 320, block 92, Duluth proper, Second division, for $1,200.

• • •

William McGraw has purchased from S. H. Cramp for $3,500 the property described as lot 41, West Fourth street, Duluth proper, First division, and lot 41, block 52, Duluth proper, Third division.

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Work was started this week on the new distributing plant for the Great Northern Power company at Fifteenth avenue west and Superior street. The contract, amounting to $100,000, was recently awarded J. W. Hilliard and the structure is to be completed by next May. It will be five stories high with a frontage of 72 feet on Fifteenth avenue and 144 feet on Michigan and Superior streets.

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Among the building projects under way are the following: A seven-room house at First street and Twenty-third avenue west, by John Lunberg; two houses on Seventh street, between Twenty-eighth and Twenty-ninth avenues west, by William McMillan; a store building near the St. John the Baptist church; a seven-room house on Exeter street and Twenty-ninth avenue west, for Albert Anderson; a new boarding house at 2618 West Second street, by John Gilbert; a residence at Twenty-sixth avenue west and Second street, by Wagner Bros.

• • •

Geman & Lignell, architects, have plans out for a brick flat building to be located on the corner of Fourth street and Mesaba avenue, for Dr. Simpson. Figures are being taken on the plans.

• • •

Bids are in for a store and stable building with rooms above for Bridgeman & Russell company. The plans were drawn by J. J. Wagenstein.

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Following are the transfers for the week:

E. S. Kempton to C. E. Kempton, lot 30, block 3, Proctorknott	$1
Duluth Home and Garden company to William W. Schaub, se¼ ne¼ sw¼, section 24-53-14	500
Frederick Erickson to J. E. Tillberg, lot 13, block 12, Hunter's Grassy Point addition	412
B. E. Wellberg et ux to John Anderson, c½ nw¼, section 28-50-15	680
Chisholm Improvement company to Matt Barun, lot 10, block 23, Chisholm	150
South Side Realty company to John E. Pearson, lots 21 and 22, block 80, Virginia	200
Robert Sanborn et al to B. E. Wellberg, c½ c½ nw¼, section 28-50-15	1
S. G. Stark to Thomas Stark, lots 2 and 4, block 1, Central division, West Duluth	1
Same to same, lots 6, 8, 10 and 12, block 4, same	1
Same to same, lots 1, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14 and 16, block 5, same	1
Same to same, lots 9 and 10, block 3, same	1
T. L. Blood, executor, to E. M. Barker, lot 281, Lake avenue, Lower Duluth	400
Edward Swenson, as executor, to Alex Sang, lots 4, 5 and 6, block 18, Ironton, Fourth division	250
Woodland company to Isaac River, e½ ne¼ se¼ nw¼, section 26-51-14	250
E. W. Dennis to Jos. Babcke, lot 2, block 14½, Biwabik	550
DeCoursey F. Miles et ux to Mary A. King, southerly 86 feet of lot 8, block 45, Endion division	1
John C. Anderson et ux to M. Kamerer, lot 11, block 14, West Duluth, First division	800
Northwestern Improvement company to Fritz Samuelson, sw¼ nw¼, section 35-51-15	320
Victor Wickstrom to J. A. Scott, lot 9, block 292 West Duluth, Third division	750
Gust Johnson et ux to Virginia Lumber company, timber on se¼ section 20-60-20	1,525
Northwestern Improvement company to George Tischer, nw¼ nw¼, section 30-51-13	251
George A. Dayton et ux to Riverside Land company, lot 4, block 56, Ironton, Second division	1
C. R. Keyes et ux to W. J. Holmes, lots 8, 9, 11, 14 and 15, block 166, West Duluth, Fourth division	1
Elizabeth Amy, se¼ ne¼ section 34; sw¼ nw¼ section 35-58-19	300
John E. Broms et ux to Wm. Lindstrom, w½ ne¼ and ne¼ se¼, section 10-51-17	175
Russell Freeman to George Resofski, lot 9, block 36, Eveleth	350
Juliet H. Brand to M. W. Skinner, tract 50x150 feet, beginning ne¼ corner of lot 8, block 29, London addition	1
M. E. Richards et ux to James W. Richards, lot 12, block 18, Lester Park, Second division	250
Katie Murray et mar to James Rafferty, lot 10, Bailey's rearrangement, block 29, Hunters Grassy Point	500
D. P. Howard et ux to Helen M. Howard, undivided ½ nw¼ section 33-52-14	1,000
D. P. Howard et ux to J. W. Howard, e½ lot 28, block 87, Duluth Proper, Third division	550
Kate Walbank to Oscar Wilson, part of lots 1 to 5, block 1, Walbank's Third street re-arrangement	40
A. A. Kichli to C. R. Keyes, lots 4 and 5, block 4, Sharp's addition	327
Interstate Land and Investment company to E. H. Wiehe, lots 14 and 15, block 23, West End addition	300
George A. Kreager et ux to Thomas H. Martin, timber on section 10-51-15	4,087
F. W. Higgins et al to Charles D. Davis, Jr., timber on e½ ne¼ section 28-55-14	1,362
Guarantee Land company to same, timber on e½ nw¼, section 28-55-14	1
A. M. Cleaves to E. D. Field, lots 17, 18, 19, 20, block 8, Chandler Park addition	1
W. R. Dutton to Farmers' Banking company, w½ lot 7, and c½ of lot 6, block 16, Harrison's division	70
Lillian Mosher to Riverside Land company, lot 15 block 56, Ironton, Second division	1
Duluth Cemetery association to Charles W. Latta, west 10 feet of south 7 feet of lot 9, block 3, section A, Forrest Hill cemetery	1
John Mell to G. W. Mell, n½ ne¼ section 24-52-18	1
M. S. Carlson et ux to Mary Roos, lot 86, block 28 Duluth proper, Third division	1
Duluth Trust company to James J. Findlay, lot 1, block 24, Fourth Glen Avon division	50
Charles J. Anderson to Wilson G. Crosby, lot 10, block 7, Harrison's division	650
Duluth Banking company to same, lot 11, same	650
James B. Murphy et ux to Nels Selseth, lot 391, block 170, Duluth proper, Second division	825
George E. Storms et ux to Plymouth Land company, lot 5, block 48, Endion division	1
A. J. Upham to United States Installment and Realty company, part of lots 318 and 320, block 92, Duluth proper, Second division	1,200
F. L. Geddes et ux to J. B. Cotton, lots 7 and 8, block 4, Long View addition	3,500
South Side Realty company to Jacob Stein et ux, lots 1, 2 and 3, block 4, Norton's addition to Proctor	200
Peter Grant to Duluth Home and Garden company, e½ of nw¼, section 24-51-14	1
P. Tallion et ux to Henry Bilsieka, lot 25, block 2 Proctorknott	229
Eric Olson et ux to P. L. Whalen et ux, part of lot 22, of Meyers' rearrangement of block 76, Duluth proper, second division	600
Eric Strom to Edward Kronman, nw¼ of sw¼, section 29-52-17	183
Thomas Sharp to M. M. Clark, lots 1 to 12, block 4, Belmont Park addition	120
Boston & Duluth Farm Land Co. to Eric Strom, nw¼ sw¼, section 29-52-17	200
Northwestern Improvement Co. to Peter Grant, c½ nw¼, section 24-51-14	640
Emil Mansike et ux to A. Peddick, lot 342, block 101, Upper Duluth, Third division	200
I. Sobczek et ux to Mary Datka, n 30 acres of s 40 acres of new¼, section 30-52-14	1
Same to J. Czykwsko, s 30 acres of new¼, section 30-52-14	1
South Side Realty Co. to John A. Anderson, lots 27 and 28, block 73, Virginia	200
Andy Havinen to Mike Thompson, lot 2, block 7, Biwabik	225

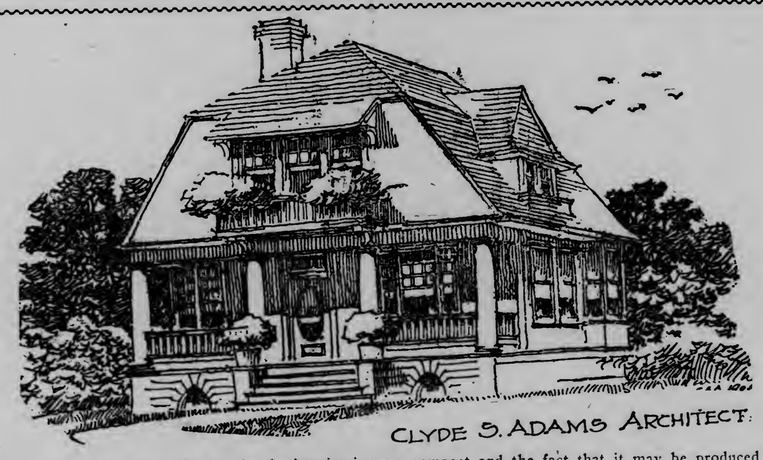
(Continued on page 11, first column.)

An Awful Cough Cured.

"Two years ago our little girl had a touch of pneumonia, which left her with an awful cough. She had spells of coughing, just like one with the whooping cough and some thought she would not get well at all. We got a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, which acted like a charm. She stopped coughing and got stout and fat," writes Mrs. Ora Bussard, Brubaker, Ill. This remedy is for sale by all leading druggists.

House-hunting is made as easy as shopping through the help of our to rent columns.

A Charming Cottage for $1,750



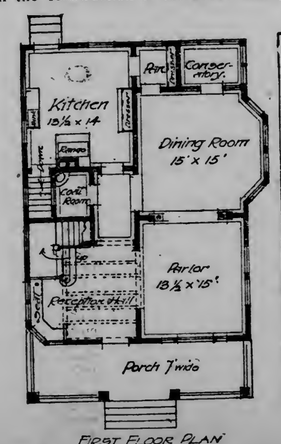
CLYDE S. ADAMS ARCHITECT.

This cottage has a beautiful facade, the interior is very compact and the fact that it may be produced at the exceptionally low cost of $1,750 makes it one of the most desirable small houses designed.

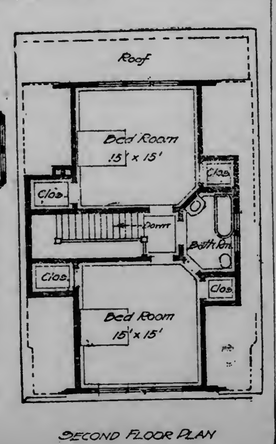
The first floor is ideal in arrangement, having all the features of an up-to-date residence, with hall, parlor, dining room, kitchen, pantry, coat room, and conservatory, all finished in chestnut, excepting the stairway which is of red oak. The second floor has two large bed rooms with bath and an abundance of closet room.

It is needless to refer to the exterior, as it speaks for itself. For your information, a list has been prepared showing the separate items of expense in the construction of the above house, as follows:

Digging	$ 40
Stonework	125
Cement floors	20
Carpentering	260
Millwork	200
Hardware	40
Plumbing and gasfitting	150
Lumber	325
Painting and glazing	150
Plastering	120
Brickwork	40
Stairwork	50
Heating	75
	$1595
Builder's profit	155
	$1750



FIRST FLOOR PLAN



SECOND FLOOR PLAN

TRY A CORNER

N. W. corner First avenue east and Fourth street $3500

N. E. corner Twenty-second avenue west and Superior street $4000

N. E. corner Twenty-eighth avenue west and Superior street ..... OFFER

N. E. double corner Twenty-fifth avenue west and Superior street, for sale or lease.

N. E. corner Fifth avenue west and Fifth street—very cheap $1350

N. W. corner Third avenue and Third street west—100 feet square—best bargain we are offering; modern thirteen-room house and plenty of room for a large flat; no better locality for renting than this; can be easily made to pay 15 per cent, and will go cheap.

We are headquarters for small farm tracts from 5 to 80 acres, near the city. We have a large list.

We are closing out a number of bargains in West Duluth lots, to close a partnership.

Interstate Land & Investm't Co.

3 Endion Bargains.

N. W. corner Jefferson street and Twenty-second avenue—water and sewer—good surroundings—price $1000

South side of London road—third lot west of Sixteenth avenue. Water and sewer, and cement sidewalk $1200

South side of London road—third lot east of Twenty-second avenue $650

All 50x150.

D. W. SCOTT,

10 Mesaba Block.

$1800 New house, containing seven rooms and suitable for one or two families. Corner lot, 50x140 feet in size; on Seventh avenue east; in Norton's division.

For sale exclusively by

W. M. Prindle & Co

First Floor, Lonsdale Bldg.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, Oct. 21st, 1905.

In the Matter of the Estate of James McMillan, Deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Nancy D. Rickard, administratrix of the estate of James McMillan, deceased, representing among other things, that she has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of her administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is Ordered, That said account be examined, and petition heard by this Court, on Monday, the 13th day of November, A. D. 1905, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Probate office, in the Court House, in the City of Duluth, in said County.

And It Is Further Ordered, That notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this Order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said County.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., the 21st day of October, A. D. 1905.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Oct-21-28-Nov-4-1905.

SUMMONS IN APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION OF LAND.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis, ss.—

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

In the matter of the application of Dwight G. Cutler, to register the title to the following described real estate situated in St. Louis County, Minnesota, namely:

Lots Nine (9) and Ten (10) in Block Fourteen (14) in New Endion Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof,

Applicant,

vs.

The City of Duluth, and all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the application herein.

Defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the application of the applicant in the above entitled proceeding and to file your answer to the said application in the office of the clerk of said court, in said county, within twenty (20) days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and, if you fail to answer the said application within the time aforesaid, the applicant in this proceeding will apply to the court for the relief demanded therein.

Witness, J. P. Johnson, clerk of said court, and the seal thereof, at Duluth, in said county, this 20th day of October, A. D. 1905.

J. P. JOHNSON,
Clerk.

By V. A. DASH, Deputy.

(Seal of Dist. Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
BALDWIN, BALDWIN & DANCER,
Attorneys for Applicant.
Duluth Evening Herald, Oct. 21-28, Nov.

Rates to Pacific Coast Cut $15.00.

Commencing September 15th, the Minneapolis & St. Louis will have on sale daily one way tickets to San Francisco, Los Angeles, Portland and other points in the West and Northwest. Rates $15.00 below ordinary fare. Through tourist cars to California twice a week.

Call on agents for full particulars, or address A. B. Cutts, G. P. & T. A., Minneapolis, Minn.

Vacation Days.

Low rates are in effect daily during September, via the Minneapolis & St. Louis R. R. to Denver, Colorado Springs, Salt Lake City, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth and other Northern Minnesota summer tourist resorts. Tickets limited for return to October 31. Don't fail to consult agents before making your trip, or address A. B. Cutts, G. P. & T. A., Minneapolis, Minn.

People are looking around now for houses and flats for the winter. A little ad in The Saturday Herald will tell them of the ones you have for rent.

DULUTH REAL ESTATE IS INCREASING IN VALUE!

ADDITIONAL WANTS

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

CASH FOR YOUR REAL ESTATE OR business, no matter where located. If you desire a quick sale send us description and price. Northwestern Business agency, 313 X, Bank of Commerce building, Minneapolis, Minn.

BY ORDER OF UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—
The undersigned, as Trustee in Bankruptcy of Edgar L. Bangle of Deer River, Minn., will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, at the store building formerly occupied by said Bangle in Deer River, Minn., on the 31st day of October, 1905, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, a $5,000.00 stock of merchandise, fixtures and accounts and notes receivable.
This is a good opening for a new merchant and is an exceptional business opportunity.
For further information write or call upon
AMBROSE GUITERMAN, Trustee, care of Guiterman Bros., St. Paul, Minn., or MORPHY, EWING & BRADFORD, his attorneys, Manhattan building, St. Paul, Minn.

CORPORATION CONTROLLING BUSIness established 1865 desires services of energetic business man to manage branch office; investment $1,000 upwards; references regarding ability and integrity required; salary $2,500 annually and commissions. Address Box 659, Madison, Wis.

42 PER CENT PAST DIVIDENDS—Transportation company, highest commercial rating, with great future earning powers, will place block of treasury stock to provide for its rapidly increasing business. Address B — Line, 18 and 20 River street, Chicago.

SPECIAL STOVE REPAIRING.

WE FURNISH STOVE REPAIRING for 175 makes and styles. Stoves cleaned and set up, short notice. Art Plating and Stove Repair Works, 214 East Superior street. Both 'phones.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

AGENTS WANTED.

LOCAL AGENTS WANTED EVERYwhere to solicit orders from consumer for Woodland Whiskey, adopted by the U. S. government and leading hospitals. No license required. Samples free. Write for territory. Woodland Distilling Co., 47 Cooper St., Covington, Ky.

EARLY AGENTS GET THE BIG HOLIday orders. Cut price Christmas books 50c bk 12½c; $1 book 25c; $1.50 books 50c; $2.50 books 75c; credit given, outfit free. Ferguson 3122 Cincinnati, Ohio.

AGENTS WANTED—TO SELL KENtucky whiskies direct from the distillery to the consumer at 60 cents and 75 cents per gallon commission. Address R. M. Barker & Co., Carrollton, Ky.

FARM LANDS.

FARM OF 130 ACRES; 60 ACRES TILLable; highly improved; balance in timber; fine dwelling and outbuildings; located near a good business town; price $2,800. C. M. Hammond, real estate broker, Milford, Del.

DELAWARE FARM—THIRTY-THREE acres, nicely located along public road; small dwelling and out-buildings; 300 peach trees; big bargain; price $1,250. C. M. Hammond, real estate broker, Milford, Del.

A LARGE NUMBER OF SELECT DELAware farms for sale, beautifully located. Write for free catalogue. C. M. Hammond, real estate broker, Milford, Del.

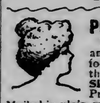
IMPROVED FARM LANDS OF 40 TO 160 acres in St. Louis, Carlton and Douglas counties for sale at low prices and on easy terms. Guaranty Farm Land company, 416 Lyceum building.

COD LIVER OIL.

1905 IMPORT COD LIVER OIL. Alfred Swedberg, 2015 West Superior street.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

PERSONAL.



PURE, SAFE AND SURE!
Dr. Roger's Tansy, Pennyroyal and Cotton Root Pills. A test of forty years in France has proved them to *positively* cure SUPPRESSION OF THE MENSES. Special Price reduced to $1.00 per box. Mailed in plain wrapper. Imported direct from Paris, France, by W. A. ABBETT, Druggist, Duluth, Minn., 201 West Superior street.

MORPHINE, OPIUM, LAUDANUM, cocaine habit myself cured; will inform you of harmless permanent home cure. Mary Baldwin, box 1212, Chicago.

MARRY—WEALTH AND BEAUTY; marriage directory free; pay when married; entirely new plan; send no money. Address H. A. Horton, Dept. 108, Tekonsha, Mich.

PERSONAL — LADIES, DR. STRICTland's Monthly Remedy relieves in five hours; safe and sure; box free. Send stamp for particulars. Crown Chemical company, Box 93, Milwaukee, Wis.

PIANO LESSONS GIVEN BY COMPEtent male piano teacher. One hour lesson, 50c. Evenings only. Address 1 62, Herald.

SAFE, SURE, GUARANTEED FEMALE Pcas—quickly relieve suppression from any cause, $2. French Remedy company, Box 367, Duluth, Minn.

HARDWARE, SPORTING GOODS

FOR BEST QUALITY AND LOWEST prices see Joseph E. Fox, 623 West Superior street. New 'phone, 602.

STOVE REPAIRS.

DULUTH STOVE REPAIR WORKS, 217 East Superior street. Both 'phones.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKERS, 16 SECOND AVENUE WEST

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE AT Lakeside from Dec. 1 until June 1, $15 per month. Inquire 5811 Grand avenue east.

FOR RENT — A NICE SIX-ROOM cottage, water and sewer; rent reasonable. Inquire at No. 1907 Jefferson St.

A WARM, FIVE-ROOM HOUSE, WITH water, for rent, or will sell cheap. 1007½ Garfield avenue.

FOR RENT — A FIVE-ROOM COZY cottage; extra fine modern plumbing. 1917 Dingwold street. Apply 1831 East Superior street.

FOR RENT—COMPLETELY FURNISHed modern house; rent nominal to right party. Address 1 65, Herald.

FOR RENT — NINE-ROOM HOUSE, first-class; water and steam heat furnished; cheapest rent in the city. Myers Bros., 206 Lyceum.

BOARD OFFERED.

BUSINESS MEN SAVE VALUABLE time, eating at Mrs. Gruesen's; quick service, home cooking, prices right. 329 West First street.

ROOM WITH BOARD. INQUIRE AT 432 East Second street.

BOARD AND PLEASANT, WARM rooms; modern house, private family. 226 East Third street.

BOARD AND ROOM, 211 WEST SECond street.

BOARD AND ROOM, 517 WEST FIRST street.

ROOM AND BOARD, 218 WEST THIRD street.

ROOM AND BOARD, 202 WEST THIRD street.

BOARD AND NICELY FURNISHED rooms, 122 East First street.

BOARD AND ROOM, 305 E. THIRD ST.



GOLDIE YELL AND HER BABY.
Picture Taken at St. Louis Just Before They Left for Cloquet, Minn. Miss Yell Was Charged With Kidnaping the Boy from Mrs. Reagan of Alton, Ill., but Proved He Was Her Own Child.

Scandinavian Cables

FROM SMITHERY TO THE THEATER

H. Pedersen Whose Sweet Tenor Has Won Him Fame.

Copenhagen, Oct. 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—"Hans Pedersen, royal tenor," reads the visiting card of a young fellow who, up to six months ago, never dreamed of ever seeing his name in print ,even on a pasteboard, for Hans was a blacksmith before he climbed the ladder of theatrical fame.

And a good blacksmith into the bargain—there was no one who swung the hammer more powerfully in Master Steens' shop. And while at the forge Hans sang and sang. All day long he sang to the delight of his co-workers and passersby, that often stopped to listen to the ballad singer. One day Nyrop, once a famous singer of the royal opera, passed the smithery and heard Hans sing. The old man stood at the door for about ten minutes enjoying the rare treat. Then he walked in and embraced Hans. "You have the sweetest tenor," he said, "that I ever heard, and if you let me I will make a great singer of you, a singer as I was myself when in my prime, or a better one."

Hans accepted the invitation and forthwith became Nyrop's pupil. When Nyrop had taught him all he knew himself, Prof. Rosenfeld, who had formed the best opinion of Hans' voice and musical talents, completed the blacksmith's education for the opera. He has since appeared in concert to the delight of vast audiences and soon will ascend the boards of the royal opera. He will make his debut as a Wagner singer.

THE PIG IN HERALDRY.

Joke About Norwegian Escutcheon Has a Historical Background.

Stockholm, Oct. 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Conservative press is vastly amused about the pig controversy raging in Norwegian papers. It will be remembered that after the Karlstad convention, a radical member of the storthing proposed to substitute "a fat sow" for the lion in Norway's escutcheon, whereupon several papers asked the honorable member to take the lion's place.

As a matter of fact, Scandinavian heraldry and mythology had many uses for the pig, or boar, and a number of the most celebrated Swedish and Danish aristocrats carry a boar's head, or a whole pig, as their crest.

And during state dinners in Walhalla the feast for heroes always provided a dish of pork, brought in with the "Met" (beer). And the God of Spring, Freyr, used to ride through the fields on a boar graced with golden bristles; if he did not, there would be no harvest. There are many geographical names in the Scandinavian countries denoting the old Norseman's fondness for the pig. The former frontier between Sweden, Norway and Denmark is still known as Swinesund (swine's sound), while the most lively town on the island of Funen is called Swensborg (pig castle).

EDITOR PUNISHED

For Interfering With Kaiser's Policy Affecting the Danes.

Flensburg, Oct. 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Prussian government is once more suppressing, with the aid of the courts, all attempts of Danish sympathizers to counteract the government's policy to make German patriots out of Danish-speaking men and women. Editor Andersen of the Sonderjvske Aarboeger has just been sentenced to a big fine and one of his contributors, Deputy Hanssen, to three months' imprisonment for accusing Landrat Becherer of bribing a witness in the well-known Finnemann expulsion case. Hanssen published the bribed witness's own statement, namely, that the Landrat, after talking to her on the desired issues of the trial, gave her 20 marks, and said that it might be worth 2,000 marks to her if the case was decided in the government's favor.

The Landrat did not deny giving the witness 20 marks, but said these were for traveling expenses. As to the promised 2,000 marks, "he didn't remember."

Because he didn't remember, Hanssen goes to jail for three months, while the editor loses three months' salary.

DEMOLITION OF FORTIFICATIONS

Many In Norway Regard Sweden's Demand as "Bad Politics."

Christiania, Oct. 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—Popular opinion is not as easily managed as are politicians and official newspapers. While the latter anxiously avoid referring to the convention with Sweden as far as it relates to the dismantling of the fortresses, that fact is very vigorously discussed in clubs, cafes, everywhere. The Norwegians continue to regard Sweden's insistence upon the demolition as dictated by a desire to humble Norway.

"Who ever heard of an unvanquished nation destroying the bulwarks of her defense?" ask men and women. What it cost to build the doomed fortifications and what it will cost to tear them down—these figures are on everybody's lips.

On the other hand there are many who regard Sweden's demand as "bad politics," calculated to encourage strife rather than forestall conflict. Again, it is asserted that Sweden "may some day be sorry that the fortifications no longer exist."

"If both countries should be attacked by Russia or Germany, these fortifications would be of the greatest value," it is argued; "for that reason the great powers backed Sweden in her unreasonable demands."

To sum up: Public opinion insists that Sweden allowed herself to be carried away by her craving for vengeance, and that both countries will have reason to regret the demolition of the fortifications sooner or later.

CONSERVATIVE CLASSES

In Norway Want a Monarchical Form of Government.

Christiania, Oct 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—In commercial circles and among the more conservative classes in general, the agitation for the monarchical form of government is spreading. Previous dispatches told of addresses to the storthing, characterizing the decision of June 7 as a promise that Norway remain a kingdom, but aside from these public utterances there seems to be an undercurrent favoring royal government among the better situated classes in general. They think a king will be able to smooth matters over with the powers, and, anyhow, the interregnum is getting tiresome to the people. They want the form of government decided upon, and decided quickly.

CATHOLIC CHAPLAIN RESIGNS.

Panama, Oct. 21.—The Rev. R. O. Russell, the Catholic chaplain at Ancon, has resigned and will leave here today for New York on a special mission from Bishop Junguito to secure co-workers in the canal zone. He will confer with Cardinal Gibbons.

RANDALL TO MAKE ADDRESS.

Lincoln, Neb., Oct. 21.—The session of the National Prison association will begin in this city tonight. Tomorrow evening there will be a number of popular addresses on prson reform including one by Frank L. Randall of Minnesota.

CHANGES IN AFFAIRS OF LAKESIKE LAND COMPANY

(Continued from page 10.)

Samuel H. Cramp to William McGraw, lot 41, west Fourth street, Duluth Proper, First division, and lot 41, block 52, Duluth Proper, Third division 3,500
David Beaudoin to George Rupley, 8½ sw¼, section 17, and ne¼ nw¼ and nw¼ ne¼, section 20-60-18 1
Beriah Magoffin to Helen Corson, lots 28, 29 and 27, block 19, Proctorknott 320
Ella J. McComber et mar to Catherine Gamble, lot 4, block 100, Endion 1
George F. Davis et al to Marion Douglas, lots 109, 78, 80 and 105, Sixth street, lots 77 and 79, Eighth street, Fond du Lac, lots 102 and 104, Fifth street, same 1
John Roach to Lewis F. Roach et al., lots 22 and 23, block 150, West Duluth, Fifth division .....
Charles Bonnonder to S. M. Nordin, undivided ½ lots 1 and 2, and sw¼ ne¼, and nw¼ se¼ section 18, and lot 6, section 7-70-20 550
Olaf Berglund et ux to John H. Marks, lots 3 and 4, block 5, Fall Lake 100
J. F. Walsh et ux to Dan Haley, s½ se¼, section 13-63-19, n½ ne¼, section 24-63-19 1
Woodland Co. to Fred Mossie, lot 20, block 2, West Park, Seventh division 150
F. R. Kennedy et ux to Helena Schneider, lot 15 West Fourth, Duluth Proper, First division 2,000
J. R. Carey to Thomas Sandland, lots 4, 5 and 7, block 4, lots 16 and 18, block 5, lots 4 and 5, block 9, lots 15 and 16, block 13, lots 1 to 3, block 16, East Fond du Lac. 80
Same parties, lots 13 to 16, block 17, and other lots of same 55
Ida S. Holmes et mar to Worrell Clarkson, lot 11, block 13, H. & M. Grassy Point Addition 5
State of Minnesota to Eastern Railway company, right of way over nw¼ ne¼, section 14-57-21 24
J. E. Bowers et ux to H. E. Walbank, lot 19, block 9, Walbank's Addition 1
F. R. Campbell et ux to Charles Pentilla, lots 15 and 16, block 22, Eveleth 1
C. T. Fitzsimmons, trustee, to C. H. Oupel, el¼ lot 23, and w½ lot 25, East Superior street, Duluth Proper, First division 1
Ben Schneller et ux to William O'Brien, timber on sw¼ nw¼ section 28; se¼ ne¼, section 28-67-21 700
F. C. Smith to Henry Nesgoda, n½ nw¼ section 2-51-14 350
T. F. Wieland to C. D. Richards, sw¼ nw¼, section 33-51-13..... 1
G. A. Eaton to John McAlpine, sw¼ ne¼, section 29-68-19..... 375
School District No. 6 to John Schilling et al, part of ne¼ nw¼, section 12-50-16 1
Crosley Park Land company to Davis Real Estate company, lots 33, 58, 188, 187, 189, 198, 204, 225, 285, 341, 343, 352, 353, 416, 417, 565, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 720, and other lots in Crosley Park addition 1,500
Security Bank to A. E. Hammond, sw¼ se¼, section 28-51-20..... 250
George F. Sibley to Interstate Land and Investment company, fractional lot 17 and lot 23, block 193, Duluth proper, Third division 10
A. P. Elmquist et ux to G. E. Storms, lots 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14 and 16, block 12; lots 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 and 15, block 13, Superior View addition, Second division 250
George H. Gamble et ux to Eugene McComber, lots 1, 2 and 3, section 19-53-15 1
Ada E. Eva et mar to A. B. Wunder, lot 13, block 43, Endion..... 4,000
Peter Bergstrom et ux to T. Fest, lot 6, block 39, Eveleth..... 200
Elias Hanson et al to J. W. Tarter, ne¼ sw¼ and se¼ sw¼, section 33-67-21 1
Dan Haley et ux to Thomas Kilven, lot 6, section 17-63-18; sw ¼ nw¼, section 34-64-19; lots 6 and 7, section 30-69-13..... 1,000
Newark Investment company to William McBean, lots 7, 8 and 9, block 8, Woodland Park, First division 1
H. H. Phelps et ux to James D. Watt, lot 270, Minnesota avenue, Lower Duluth 425
Davis Real Estate company to Crosley Park Land company, lots 32, 33, 186, 187, 189, 198, 204, 285, 285, 341, 343, 352, 353, 416, 417 and 565, and other lots in Crosley Park addition 1,000
F. J. Behnke et ux to Gertrude M. Harlow, lot 26, East Seventh street, Duluth proper, First division 700
W. H. Stewart et ux to John Schreiver, lot 5, block 2, Proctorknott 500
Marion R. Taylor et mar to Stephen M. Lester, lot 11, block 96, Endion, and lot 11, block 100, Portland 1
A. B. Coates et al to A. M. Miller, und ½ of lot 174, block 9, Duluth proper, Third division; und ½ of lot 174, block 25, Duluth proper, Second division 1
Powel Crosley et ux to Crosley Park Land company, lots 1235, 2084 and 2085, Crosley Park 1
Emma Schutte et ux to W. J. Bates, ne¼ sw¼, sw¼ se¼, section 8; nw¼ ne¼, section 17-61-15..... 75
W. C. Sargent et ux to E. F. Bradley, lot 14, block 34, London addition 1
John D. Bryant et al, trustees, to John McAlpine, lot 166, St. Louis avenue, Upper Duluth 250
E. Davoust et al to John C. Hunter, lot 5, block 18, Hunter's Grassy Point addition 1

LITTLE & NOLTE UNDER AM. EX. BANK. INSURANCE REAL ESTATE LOANS ESTABLISHED 1887

Some of all Sorts

$6800 Will buy a modern ten-room house within two blocks of the high school; lot, 50 x140 feet, on upper side of street, fine lake view, hot water heat, stone foundation and fine cellar, mantels and grates, and everything complete. 32-12.

$2400 For cosy six-room house below Third street and inside of Tenth avenue east. Has water, sewer, bath, cellar and all improvements made in street. Lot 25x140 feet. 4-8.

ENDION LOTS.

$1100 Upper side of London road, fine view, all improvements in street. 167-S.

$750 Double corner on South street. City water in street. Either lot separately, if wanted. 164-S.

$500 Upper side of London road, near Twenty-fourth avenue east. 166-S.

$3700 buys seven-room house, on corner lot—full stone basement, hot water heat, electric light; fine home.

$6000 will buy an elegant modern house in center of city. All improvements in. Terms easy.

$1550 for a beautiful, 50-foot lot, on upper side of London road, near Fifteenth avenue east. This is a snap.

$19000 for an apartment house proposition on First street. Gross rentals over $3,100. All modern.

Eaton & Wharton,
Lonsdale Bldg. Both Phones.

$1450 Double house, five rooms each — water and sewer. Streets improved; in good condition—central at WEST END. Easy terms.
$400 50-foot lot, Grand avenue, near Thirty-seventh avenue west. EASY TERMS.
$300 Lot on Seventh street, near Fourth avenue east.
$2800 Flat building of fifteen rooms—water, sewer, bath, stone foundation; in tip-top condition. Very central at West end ON STREET CAR LINE.
$2000 Six rooms, stone foundation—water, sewer, bath—fronting Lincoln Park.

T. G. VAUGHAN,
400 Lonsdale Bldg.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO
$1500 Five-room house and lot, 50 by 140 feet, on Fifth street, near Fifth avenue west.
$2300 Nine-room house and barn, with fine well, full size lot, on Seventh street, near Fifth avenue east. Suitable for two families.
$2500 Ten-room dwelling and barn, with good well, lot 50 by 140 feet, on Fourth street, near Sixteenth avenue east.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO
220 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

20% Net

A four-flat building, conveniently situated to railroad yards, Garfield avenue and business center of West end. Rents for $25 per month. Will net 20 per cent on investment. **$1200**
Offered for quick sale at.....
A very neat, comfortable home at Lakeside, on car line, convenient to school and church; 7 rooms and bath—easy terms..... **$2200**
An eight-room house with bath and furnace, on Dingwall street, near Nineteenth avenue east **$2200**
A good home, convenient to business, in the West end—nine rooms and bath, furnace, electric light, grate and mantel; some hardwood finish and floors. Also a good five-room flat renting for $15 per month. Easy terms..... **$3800**
$200 cash and $15 per month will take five-room house with city water, sewer and toilet, in good location at West end **$1000**
An eight-room house, near Twenty-first avenue west and Fourth street—city water and sewer—good lot **$2100**
MONEY TO LOAN.
HOUSES AND STORES FOR RENT.

Stryker, Manley & Buck.

$1600 Eight-room house at Lakeside, on street car line—50-foot lot. Great big snap.
$700 Cheapest lot on East Fifth street. Want offer.
$3500 Seven-room house, strictly modern; lot 37½x140, on East Second street.
$2000 Seven-room house—water, sewer, bath. West Second street. Central.
$1700 Six-room house—city water —near Franklin school.
$550 25 feet—Sixth street, near Fourth avenue east.

EBY & GRIDLEY
Bell 'phone 1190-L. 510 Palladio Bldg.
Real Estate, Loans, Insurance.

HAPPENINGS IN THE DAKOTAS

NORTH DAKOTA.

Grand Forks—Nels Nelson has asked the authorities to assist him in finding his uncle, Ole Thorvildson, a farmer of Northwood, whose disappearance is still a mystery. Every effort has been made through correspondence to find some trace of the man, but nothing further has been learned than that he reached Havre on his way to the coast. Thorvildson, whose wife died two years ago, arranged to make an extended trip to the coast. He leased a good farm at Northwood to his nephew, and left about a year ago for the West. His nephew is of the opinion that he had between $500 and $600 with him when he left. He had spoke of visiting numerous friends at various points in the West, and when nothing had been heard of him for six months, his nephew became somewhat alarmed, and wrote a number of letters to people whom he knew his uncle intended to visit. He has received replies from these persons, but not one of them has seen anything of Thorvildson. He did learn, however, that his uncle arrived at Havre, and that was the only information he got as to his trip to the coast. The young man is still in charge of the farm. He is under age, and Judge Hassell of the probate court will probably arrange to appoint a special administrator for the property after the necessary affidavits have been furnished. Thorvildson had accumulated a large property. The general impression now is that he has met with foul play, or was accidentally killed on the trip westward. Owing to the fact that he left here a year ago, the chances for finding some trace of him are considered remote.

The county convention of New York Life Insurance company policy holders, scheduled to be held at the courthouse in this city, next Wednesday, has been called off. A. S. Elford, who was agent for the company here a number of years, and who is now stationed at St. Paul, came to Grand Forks to investigate the matter, and after he had conferred with those instrumental in calling the convention, the following announcement was made:

"The call for a county convention of policy holders of the New York Life is postponed until the report of the New York investigating committee has been received."

At a meeting of the board of park commissioners, the issue of $25,000 of park bonds was sold to F. I. Fuller & Co., Cleveland, Ohio, at 5 per cent, with a premium of $1,125 with accrued interest. This offer is equivalent to 4⅝ per cent annually. The bonds will run twenty years, and the proceeds will be used in purchasing property to be used for city parks. All members of the board were present at the meeting, and the action was unanimous in awarding the issue to the Cleveland firm.

Starkweather—North Dakota received eighty-three gold, twenty silver and nine bronze medals and the grand prize in the installation exhibits at the Lewis and Clark exposition. Awards made to Ramsey county citizens were: Gold medals, Louis Engelhorn, barley; W. W. Barrett, oats and Scotch fife wheat; Louis Fond, Scotch fife wheat. Silver medals, M. P. Neff, rye; Ella Mitchell, rye; Joseph Korger, blue stem wheat.

An election of the organization of Hettinger county will be held Dec. 5, the date fixed by Governor Sarles. Hettinger now has a population of about 2,500. It has been unorganized since the admission of the state, and numerous attempts to attach it to Stark have failed.

The county commissioner has issued a circular letter to the board of education, calling their attention to the law which requires the attendance of all children between the ages of 8 and 14 to attend school. The school census and school apportionment basis will be the number of pupils of school age who attend school for a period of not less than sixty days during the school term.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Lead—Spisagi Miljanich, a Slav, was instantly killed at the stone quarry about one-half a mile east of this city. He was caught by falling rock and thrown with such violence against a car standing on the track that he was decapitated. He had been in Lead about ten days, having come recently from the old country.

Mat Matson, called "Chink" by his friends, attempted suicide by hanging from the top of a tall electric pole. His roommate, however, heard the disturbance and rescued Matson. It seems that the boy, who is only 18 years of age, had been disappointed in a love affair and had taken immediately to drink.

Sioux Falls—A vast amount of business has been transacted by the United States grand jury, which convened in this city Tuesday, and a number of indictments have been returned. Among them are the following cases, in which the defendants have been arrested: William Claymore, William Wright and Webster Iron Wing, charged with larceny and with unlawfully driving stock off the Rosebud reservation; Mollie Janis, a Sioux Indian woman, charged with taking a quantity of whisky and other liquor to the Pine Ridge reservation; Fred Charging Eagle, a Sioux warrior, charged with larceny and with unlawfully driving stock from the Rosebud reservation.

Several indictments were returned in the cases of persons who have not yet been arrested, and for this reason the names of the defendants have been withheld from the public.

Mollie Janis and Joe Adams were arraigned before Judge Carland and entered pleas of guilty to the indictments against them. They will be sentenced later. So far as known, Mollie Janis is the first Indian woman to be arrested by the United States authorities of South Dakota on the charge of taking liquor to an Indian reservation.

William Claymore, against whom an indictment was returned, died since being arrested. Webster Iron Ring and Wright, the men jointly indicted with him, have been in the Lawrence county jail, and Judge Carland has issued an order for their transfer to the county jail in this city so they can be here when their cases are called for trial in the event they plead not guilty. A similar order was issued in the case of Fred Charging Eagle, who has also been an occupant of the Lawrence county jail.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES

NORTHWESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. †Ex. Sunday	Arrive Duluth
*8:40 a.m	St. Paul, Minneapolis	†3:25 p.m
*4:00 p.m	Twilight Limited	*9:45 p.m
*5:30 p.m	Chicago, Milwaukee	*11:10 a.m
*5:30 p.m	Appleton	*11:10 a.m
*5:30 p.m	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac	*11:10 a.m
*5:30 p.m	FAST MAIL	*11:10 a.m

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
* 4:00 p.m	Ashland and East	*11:15 a.m
† 8:00 a.m	Ashland and East	† 7:10 p.m
* 7:30 p.m	Minn. and Dakota Express	* 7:55 a.m
* 8:30 a.m	North Coast Limited	* 4:25 p.m

Leave		Arrive
† 7:00 a.m	"Duluth Short Line."	* 6:30 a.m
* 1:55 p.m	ST. PAUL	† 2:10 p.m
*11:10 p.m	MINNEAPOLIS	* 7:00 p.m

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street

THE GREAT NORTHERN.

Leave		Arrive
† 6:20 a.m / 3:45 p.m	ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS	† 9:25 p.m / * 2:00 p.m
*11:15 p.m / * 9:30 a.m	Crookston, Grand Forks,	* 6:10 a.m / * 4:30 p.m
* 2:15 p.m / † 2:20 p.m	Montana and Coast, Swan River, Hibbing, Virginia	* 7:10 a.m / †12:20 p.m
† 6:20 a.m	St. Cloud, Wilmar and Soo City	† 9:25 p.m

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday
Twin City sleepers ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding Hotel

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.

City Ticket Office, 430 Spalding Hotel Block. Bell 'Phone 44
All trains arrive and depart from Union Depot.

*6:20p.m. Lv. North Country Mail. Ar. *8:55a.m
All Points East.
†7:45a.m. Lv. LOCAL Ar. †6:40p.m
Marquette and Copper Country.

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A.M	P.M.	STATIONS	M.	P.M
7:30	3:15	Lv. Duluth Ar	12:00	7:25
11:25	7:05	Ar. Virginia Lv	8:10	3:30
11:30	7:10	Ar. Eveleth Lv	8:00	3:30
11:55	7:45	Ar. Ely Lv	7:30	3:00
A.M.	P.M.	Daily, except Sundays.	A.M.	P.M

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY.

P.M.	A.M.	STATIONS	A.M.	P.M.
3:50	7:40	Lv. Duluth Ar	10:30	3:40
4:05	7:55	Lv. 57th Av. W. Lv	10:15	3:25
4:20	8:15	Lv. Proctor Lv	10:00	3:10
6:15	10:12	Ar. Ir'n J'nct'n Lv	8:01	1:13
....	10:40	Ar. M't'n. Iron. Lv	....	12:20
7:10	10:37	Ar. Virginia Lv	6:55	12:50
6:33	10:29	Ar. Eveleth Lv	7:42	12:57
....	10:56	Ar. Sparta Lv	....	12:34
....	11:20	Ar. Biwabik Lv	....	12:12
6:56	10:56	Ar. Hibbing Lv	7:15	12:27

Daily except Sunday.
Morning train from Duluth makes direct connection at Rainy Junction with D. V. & R. L. Ry. for Ashawa and points north of Virginia.

HOTEL LENOX
Most thoroughly equipped in the Northwest. Sanitation perfect.
European, $1.00 and up. American, $2.00 and up.

Hotel Superior,
Superior, Wis.
Largest and finest Hotel of the City. Bus meets all trains.
American Plan, $2.00 and $3.50.
European Plan, $1.00 up.

New Building. New Equipment.
RATES—$2.00 AND $2.50.
HOTEL McKAY
Cor. First Street and Fifth Avenue West, Duluth.

The Miller
222-224 W. Superior St.
American and European Plan
Fifty Homelike Rooms.
JOHN W. MILLER, Prop.

THE ALVERADO
Formerly known as Cook's Hotel. Most reasonable rates in the city. Steam heat, baths. Best of service. John McLeod proprietor and manager. 210-212 West Superior Street.

METROPOLE HOTEL
101-2-5 Lake Avenue South.
Modern conveniences. Special rates for rooms for the winter.
CARGILL & KENNY, PROPS.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY
in connection with
Queen & Crescent Route
is again to the front with low round-trip rates to the WINTER RESORTS of Florida and the South, and to Cuba.
Tickets are not only good going and returning same route, but many VERY ATTRACTIVE VARIABLE ROUTES have been established by which the Tourist can go one route and return another, enabling him to see the great South country in all its glory.
Tickets good to return until May 31st, 1906, and for stop-overs both going and returning within a transmit limit of 21 days at all prominent points in the South.
Through sleepers, dining cars, observation cars, the best of day coaches and excellent equipment.
For a copy of Winter Homes book and other literature, rates, routes, schedules, etc., write
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W. H. TAYLOE, General Passenger Agent, Washington, D. C.
G. B. ALLEN, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt., St. Louis, Mo.

The "swapping instinct" is no longer a peculiarly Yankee one—it has become an American trait of character. You may want to buy many things—you may want to sell a few. Try our columns.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

There Are Better Tenants to Be Had Than You Have Ever Had—So Don't "Turn a Hair" Over the Loss of a Poor One. Just Advertise.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

SHOPPING BY TELEPHONE.

	Old Phone.	New Phone.
MEAT MARKETS—		
B. J. Toben	22	22
Mork Bros.	677-M	189
LAUNDRIES—		
Yale Laundry	479	479
Lutes Laundry	447	447
Excelsior Steam Laundry	1062-M	1350
DRUGGISTS—		
Boyce	163	163
COAL AND FUEL—		
Ohio Fuel Co.	76	76
Pinch Fuel Co.	1291	1291
Upham Coal Co.	236	485
FLORISTS—		
Seekins & Le Borious	1336	1626
BAKERIES—		
The Bon Ton		1166
ELECTRICAL CONTRACTING—		
Mutual Electric Co.	496	496
RUBBER STAMP WORKS—		
Con. Stamp & Printing Co.	702-K	755
FRENCH CLEANING—		
La Rose Dye Works	1202-R	1191
PLUMBING AND HEATING—		
McGurrin Plumbing and Heating Co.		815
STOVE REPAIR WORKS—		
C. F. Wiggerts & Son	1154-K	564
GOLD AND SILVER PLATING—		
Duluth Plating Works	780	780

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

YOUNG LADY WITH SOME KNOWLedge of shorthand would like position in office. Address F. J. A. 1702 Piedmont avenue.

WOMAN WANTS WASHING, IRONING, house cleaning, or any kind of work by the day; is a good worker. Address 204 West First street, room 5.

WANTED—POSITION IN OFFICE OR wholesale house by young lady of slight experience at clerical work. Address R. 74, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS TO DO COOKING IN small camp. Address I 25, Herald.

WANTED—HOUSEWORK IN SMALL family where there is no washing. E 28, Herald.

WANTED—PLACE AS NURSE GIRL for one or two children. E 30, Herald.

WANTED—A POSITION BY YOUNG lady in dental or physician office, or any clerical work. Q 88, Herald.

WANTED — SEWING IN FAMILIES by the day. 1921 West Third street.

SITUATIONS WANTED— MALE.

WANTED — POSITION AS BOOKkeeper or other clerical work. Address L. M., 1703 John avenue, Superior.

WANTED — BY RELIABLE MAN, place to take care of horses or do chores for the winter. X 91, Herald.

YOUNG MAN STENOGRAPHER AND bookkeeper wishes a position at once. Address J. A., Herald.

ABLE-BODIED YOUNG MAN, GOOD worker, wishes to work for room and board while attending business college. Address I 82, Herald.

WANTED — POSITION BY YOUNG Scandinavian; anxious to get work where there is a chance for advancement. T. W., Herald.

MAN AND WIFE WOULD LIKE POsition on farm. Man a hustler and experienced farm hand. Woman good cook. Address C. Tanner, 5519 Grand avenue, West Duluth.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—FLAT, 928 EAST SUPERior street.

FOR RENT—THREE-ROOM STEAMheated flat, furnished complete for housekeeping; gas and hot water. 315 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT — THREE-ROOM FLAT, also four-room flat. Seaton terrace, 105 West Michigan street.

FOR RENT — FLATS 150 ST. CROIX avenue; city water, hot air furnace; first-class location for millinery and dressmaking; rent reasonable.

FOR RENT — FIVE-ROOM MODERN flats. 512 Lake avenue north. Inquire 516 Lake avenue north.

SEVEN-ROOM FLAT, ALL MODERN conveniences, except heat. Apply A. H. W. Eckstein & Co., 401 Exchange building.

TWO STEAM-HEATED FLATS AT NO. 126 East First street. Inquire of Richardson, Day & Co., Exchange building.

FOR RENT—TWO FIVE-ROOM FLATS in Bellevue terrace, Seventh avenue west and First street; all conveniences. N. J. Upham Co., 406 Burrows building.

PALMIST.

Mme. De Vernon's Last Month in Duluth.

Learn your future. One dollar reader, 50 cents.

This will be your last chance to consult a recognized authority on the science of palmistry. When she is gone you will regret that you did not avail yourself of her wonderful knowledge and advice. She has read for such noted people as President Roosevelt, McKinley and other famous celebrities. Tells you for what business you are best adapted, family and love affairs. Lost or stolen articles traced. Over Bijou theater, 10 East Superior street. Hours, 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Readings Sundays.

MEDICAL.

LADIES ONLY—DR. LE DUE'S GENUINE French Female Regulator from Paris. Three packages are positively warranted to cure the most stubborn cases of monthly stoppages, irregularities, obstructions and suppressions brought on from whatever pathological or abnormal cause, or return money. $2 a package or 3 for $5. Send money to nearest druggist. He will deliver you the relieving remedy at your residence, prepaid, in plain wrapper. Don't waste time and money trying other and cheaper remedies; haste is important. Drug trade supplied by jobbers.

FOR WOMEN ONLY—DR. RAYMOND'S Pills for delayed periods absolutely reliable, perfectly safe; no danger; no pain, no interference with work. Relief brought to thousands after everything else failed. By mail $2.00. Dr. R. G. Raymond Remedy Co., room 27, 84 Adams street, Chicago, Ill.

LADIES—Dr. LaFranco's Compound; safe speedy regulator, 25c; druggists or mail. Booklet free. Dr. LaFranco, Phila., Pa.

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By an expert furrier, 35 years' experience. Charley Keller, 401 East Superior street.

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One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

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N. J. Upham Co., Burrows building.
John A. Stephenson, Wolvin building.
William C. Sargent & Co., Providence.
Chas. P. Craig & Co., 220 W. Sup. St.
L. A. Larsen & Co., 102 Providence. 'Phones 253.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT — TWO NICE FIVE-ROOM flats on First street and Twenty-fourth avenue west; city water and sewer; newly painted and papered.

A GOOD SEVEN-ROOM FLAT ON EAST Third street; bath, electric light, etc., $23.

EIGHT-ROOM HOUSE, CENTRAL; furnace, bath, electric light.

5705 LONDON ROAD, NINE ROOMS and bath, $20.

THREE GOOD STORES ON WEST SUperior street.
STRYKER, MANLEY & BUCK.

FOR RENT — TWO OR THREE UNfurnished rooms; all modern conveniences. 421 First avenue west.

MODERN, LIGHT, PLEASANT, FURnished room; two gentlemen preferred. 320 West Third street.

FOR RENT — SMALL, BUT WARM, comfortable room in private family in one of the best neighborhoods in the city, $6. Respectable young man attending school or business college preferred. Address X 93, Herald.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS with steam heat and bath, with or without board, by day, week or month. Tremont hotel.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM. 125 East Superior street, opposite city hall.

FOR RENT—FOUR FURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping. East end 1524 Jefferson street.

FURNISHED ROOMS IN PRIVATE boarding house, rear postoffice. 422½ West Second street.

FOR RENT — LARGE ROOM WITH board; all conveniences, for man and wife or two men. 521 West Second St.

FOR RENT — NEWLY FURNISHED rooms, all conveniences; private family; gentlemen preferred. 206 East First street.

FOR RENT — THREE FURNISHED rooms, heated; light housekeeping allowed. 128 Sixth avenue west.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM. 107 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT — LARGE FRONT ROOM, steamheated, use of telephone and bath; centrally located. 523 West Second St.

FOR RENT—SEVERAL UNFURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping. Vincent block, Twenty-first avenue west. Call Zenith 'phone 1389-X.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, 114 East Fourth and 410 Ninth avenue east. All conveniences. Old 'phone, 1010-M.

FOR RENT—TWO UNFURNISHED rooms with use of bath, $4 a month. 1125 West Second street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED FRONT room for two gentlemen or ladies. $6; gas and bath. 817 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT—DOWN STAIRS, 731 EAST Seventh street.

FOR RENT—TWO ROOMS FURNISHED for light housekeeping. 126 Sixth avenue West.

FOR RENT—TWO FURNISHED ROOMS for light housekeeping. 134 Mesaba avenue.

FOR RENT—MODERN FURNISHED rooms, with board, at 2820 West Third street. O. Miller.

FOR RENT—THREE ROOMS, WATER and sewer. 406 East Sixth street.

FOR RENT—THREE ROOMS, UPstairs, at 216 Seventh avenue west.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED front room. Apply 225 Lake avenue north.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOMS AND BATHroom, first floor; water and sewer; new, warm house, fine location. 1118 East Fifth street.

FOR RENT—TWO OR THREE UNFURnished rooms for light housekeeping. 420 Sixth avenue west.

FOR RENT—LARGE, NEWLY FURnished front room; hot water heat, bath, gas; one block from post office. 124 Sixth avenue west.

FOR RENT—AN EXCEPTIONALLY desirable furnished front room, for winter, with alcove, steam heat, gas, bath and telephone. 29 West Second street.

WARM, LIGHT, FRONT ROOM IN modern house, only $6; another, very large, on ground floor, $8. 438 Mesaba avenue.

FOR RENT—NEWLY PAPERED AND furnished rooms with board if desired. Apply 129 First avenue west.

TWO FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping, with bath. 823 East Third street.

FOR RENT—FRONT ROOM WITH ALcove, furnished or unfurnished, and small furnished room. House modern. Zenith, 1436-A. No. 320 East Third St.

SIX ROOMS FOR RENT; CITY WATER, also four rooms, city water. Inquire 932 West First street.

FOR RENT—A WELL-FURNISHED room, with all conveniences; newly papered. 511 East Third street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS, double or single, heated, ground floor. 219 Fifth avenue west.

THREE OR FOUR FURNISHED rooms. Call 1608 West Superior street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM, steam heat, gas, bath and telephone. 110 First avenue west.

A. GINGOLD

Has removed his Umbrella Shop from 109 W. Sup. street to 125 E. Sup street.

CIVIL ENGINEER.

DULUTH ENGINEERING CO.—W. L. Patton, Mgr., 613 Palladio bldg. Specifications prepared and construction superintended for waterworks, sewers, etc.

MASSAGE PARLORS.

MRS. C. R. KILEY, at Knauf Sisters.

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND — LADY'S PURSE ON SUPErior street. Owner can get same by calling at People's Moving company and paying for this ad.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

L. A. LARSEN,
The Reliable Real Estate Man, (formerly with Geo. H. Crosby), sells modern homes and choice building lots in all parts of the city. Land, factory sites and fire insurance. Confidential buyer for corporations and others.
102 Providence Building.
Both 'phones, 253.

WILL EXCHANGE CARLTON COUNty land for Duluth property. H. E., Herald.

LOAN OFFICES.

WE LOAN MONEY ON WATCHES, diamonds and all articles of value. Established the longest. The most reliable up-to-date place in the city. All business strictly confidential. Fire and burglar-proof safes. Crescent Brokers, 413½ West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY LOANED ON FURNIture, Pianos, Cattle, Horses, Wagons, and all kinds of personal property; also to salaried people on their own notes. Easy payments. Confidential treatment.
WESTERN LOAN COMPANY,
521 Manhattan Building.
New 'phone, 366. Old 'phone, 759-R.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds and all articles of value from $1 to $1,000. Keystone Loan Co., 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, pianos, horses or other personal property without delay. No publicity. Established twenty years. Minnesota Loan company, 305 Palladio.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

UNION LOAN CO.—Makes loans, buys notes and mortgages. 210 Palladio.

MONEY SUPPLIED TO SALARIED people and others upon their own names, without security; easy payments. Offices in 51 cities. Tolman, 602 Palladio building.

FOR SALE—HORSES.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN, Midway Horse Market, St. Paul, have the largest assortment of horses in the entire Northwest. Auction every Wednesday at 2 o'clock. Private sales daily. Part time given.

HORSES! HORSES!
JUST ARRIVED TWO CARLOADS OF FIRST-CLASS HEAVY LOGGING HORSES.
BEST THAT EVER CAME TO DULUTH.
FOR SALE AT BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN'S BARN, OPPOSITE DULUTH POSTOFFICE.

HORSE FOR SALE OR TRADE FOR A small one at 2029 West Fifth street.

FOR SALE—HORSE, CALL 817 EAST Seventh street, or city tool house, Sixth avenue east and Superior street, or new 'phone 684.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS, WELLbred driving mare, weight about 1,250 pounds; safe and speedy. S. Morterud, 1931 West Superior street. Zenith 'phone 317.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD HORSES, JUST received. Must be sold quick. Seventh avenue east and Superior street.

WE HAVE ON HAND THE LARGEST assortment of big draft horses of any concern in the state. Come and see us before you buy. Satisfaction guaranteed. We try to please everybody. Sales stable, two blocks east of store on Fifth avenue. Stone-Ordean-Wells company.

L. HAMMEL & CO., 300-308 FIRST street, have a carload of fine horses and ponies for sale.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

PROF. ROBINSON—MANDOLIN, GUItar, Banjo. Flaaten's, 212 W. First St.

LADIES' TAILORING.

LADIES' SUITS, COATS, SKIRTS, shirtwaists, etc., made in the latest New York and Paris styles by skilled workmen. We carry complete line of all the latest shades in woolens, etc. Frank East, 605 Manhattan building. Will soon be at our new quarters over the Duluth Music Co.

WATCH REPAIRING.

WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING done promptly and in a thorough manner. J. Griesen, 129 West Superior St.

CHIMNEY SWEEP.

Also furnace cleaning—No dust made in house. Eastman Bros. Zenith, 1280.

IMROVED FARM LANDS.

GREAT BARGAINS IN IMPROVED farms. We have fine improved farms for sale in Minnesota, Michigan, Washington and Oregon. Our list of Oregon farms are great bargains. Prices run from $400 and up per farm and on easy payments. Come in and see our list. F. AM. LAND CO., 200 Torrey bldg.

LIFE INSURANCE.

WRITTEN IN BEST COMPANIES. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

IT'S ESSENTIAL TO KNOW.

THAT THE RIGHT PLACE TO BUY your watches and jewelry is at Harris & Esterly's, where you can rely on a square deal. Spalding hotel.

MILLINERY.

MISS FITZPATRICK, 502 E. 4. Old 'phone

M. A. COX, 330 EAST FOURTH ST.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk factory, 220 W. Superior st.

BOSTON HAIR PARLORS.

FACIAL BLEMISHES, HAIR MOLES, warts removed by electricity. Shampooing, manicuring, hair switches. Miss Kelly, opp. Glass Block. Both 'phones.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

Other Wants on Page 11.

FOR SALE — MISCELLANEOUS.

REMEMBER "F. F. F."
"F"INCH "F" OR "F"UEL.
BOTH 'PHONES.
109 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

FOR SALE—A GOOD PAYING WHOLEsale and retail candy factory; good location and cheap rent. Parties retiring from business. Address J. B. 270, Herald.

A HOLIDAY SUGGESTION.

	Reg. Price.
Country Life in America	$4.00
World's Work	3.00
Review of Reviews	3.00
Success	1.00
	$11.00

Our Price for all $6.00

Order Now.
Everything in Magazines.
ZENITH SUBSCRIPTION AGENCY.
Old 'phone, 987-L. 417 Burrows Bldg.

WOOD SAW RIGS.
WOOD SAW RIGS.
PORTABLE AND STATIONARY OUTFITS.
READY FOR BUSINESS.
Our gasoline engine "Reliable"—built in all sizes—for all classes of work.
DULUTH GAS ENGINE WORKS, MANUFACTURERS.
Office and factory: Three blocks south of Aerial bridge, Park Point, Duluth.

FOR SALE—BUCK'S RADIANT HEATer, cheap, if taken at once. 614 East Fifth street.

FOR SALE — COOK STOVE IN NO. 1 condition; Jewel make; no use for it. Call or address 2005 Oneida street.

FOR SALE.
A BEAUTIFUL LOT IN CHANDLER Park addition on payments of $1 per week. This is a fine chance for a poor man to secure a home.
S. S. WILLIAMSON,
615 Torrey Bldg.
Zenith 'phone, 1351; Duluth 'phone, 1357.

FOR SALE OR RENT CHEAP — A four-room cottage, barn and chicken coop at Colbyville.

FOR SALE — IRON COUCH BED, dresser, two center tables and guitar. No. 10 Mason flats.

FERNS—CLEAN UP SALE OF LOVELY ferns, 15 cents to $1.50. Cut chrysanthemums at wholesale prices. Lindsay's greenhouses, Lester Park.

FISCHER PIANOS.
FISCHER PIANOS.
HOWARD, FARWELL & CO., Hunter block, 17 West Superior St. W. J. Allen, Local Manager. EXPERT PIANO TUNING.

HOMESTEAD FOR SALE—$300 AND your homestead right takes one of the best quarter sections in Douglas county, Wisconsin, forty-five miles from Duluth. Call at 21 West Fourth street.

OUTFIT FREE—RED LINE HOLIDAY and Russian-Japanese war books. 50 per cent and $32 premium. Martin Co., Cincinnati, Ohio.

FURNITURE FOR SALE — FIVE rooms. Call at 1220 East Fourth.

FOR SALE, CHEAP—LOGGING OUTfit, three logging sleighs, three tote sleighs, one wagon, chains, saws, axes, stoves, blankets, etc. Inquire 120 Fifth avenue west.

FOR SALE—ONE OAK HEATER WILL sell cheap if taken at once. 608 Mesaba avenue.

FOR SALE—OPHIR TUNNEL, 35 CENTS for quick money. P. O. Box No. 227.

FOR SALE — LAWYER SET OF American Digest, cheap for cash. E. A. Silberstein, 9 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—ONE ENGLISH SETTER pup. Thoroughbred. Call at 2415 West Fifth street.

FOR SALE—SOLID OAK SIDEBOARD; costs $55, will sell for $25; also dining room chairs, carpet and pictures. Inquire at jewelry store, 428 West Superior street.

FOR SALE — HEATER, GAS RANGE and dining table. 1419 East First street.

MOTHERS, ATTENTION! DO YOU know that you can save from 20 to 50 per cent on your fall and winter purchases in children's and men's clothing, shoes, hats, caps, underwear, gents' furnishings, children's furnishings, and in fact everything that you might need in wearables for men and boys. Special—We have a few sample children's suits that we must close out at once; the suits range in sizes from 5 to 15; they will go at one-third less than wholesale cost, at the Lyceum Clothing and Shoe House, 423 West Superior street, in Lyceum building.

THE GOPHER SHOE REPAIR WORKS does it while you wait.

FOR SALE—COWS.

S. M. KANER HAS FRESH MILCH cows for sale. 1219 East Seventh street.

JOHN E. JOHNSON HAS ARRIVED with a carload of fresh milch cows. 701 South Twenty-third avenue east.

A. LA MONT HAS ARRIVED WITH A carload of fresh milch cows at Johnson's yards, Twenty-sixth avenue west.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

ANDERSON'S DETECTIVE AGENCY — B. F. Anderson, Mgr., 527 Manhattan building, Duluth. Zenith 'phone 660; residence, 1213.

BUSINESS MEN'S LUNCHES.

CLUB RESTAURANT, 217 WEST SUperior street, upstairs, is a good place to eat. Try our Business Men's lunch, 25c.

ARCHITECTS.

FRANK L. YOUNG & CO., 201 Pal. Bldg.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

PRINTERS—KEEP AWAY FROM DUluth. The eight-hour strike is on. Offices are now closed. Duluth Typographical union.

WANTED—100 MEN, BOYS AND WOMen to dig up any old gold jewelry you can find, for which we will pay highest cash price. We need gold in our factory. Harris & Esterly, Jewelers, 428 West Superior street, Spalding Hotel.

NON-UNION PRINTERS WANTED—Compositors willing to work in open shop wanted; wages $18 per week of 51 hours work. Permanent positions guaranteed to competent men or women. Address P. O. Box 139, Duluth.

IF YOUR WATCH IS NOT SATISFACtory leave it at Harris & Esterly's watch hospital and have it made good as new at a small cost. Spalding hotel.

ENERGETIC AND AMBITIOUS MEN, who are willing to work and desirous of bettering their financial condition, can secure pleasant and profitable employment securing members for the Modern Samaritans. Full and complete instructions given. No previous experience necessary. Apply 702 Palladio building, Duluth.

WANTED—TWELVE CARPENTERS. Apply Barnett & Record.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN TO LEARN trade. Apply Duluth Dye works, 2023 West Superior street.

MEN AND WOMEN WANTED—PERmanent and profitable business to reliable parties. Selling goods direct to consumer. No money required. Liberal cash commission paid. Under our method goods sell very rapidly. Agents make big money. Territory protected. 1,100 agents now working. Established 25 years. Capital $200,000. Highest bank references. Write at once for particulars and territory. Great Eastern Coffee & Tea Co., St. Louis, Mo.

SALESMAN—GOOD MAN TO COVER Minnesota; vacancy Nov. 1; contract for this year and next if sales satisfactory; commissions and $35 weekly advance for expenses. W. S. Finley company, 536-548 Euclid avenue, Cleveland, Ohio.

WANTED EVERYWHERE—HUSTLERS to tack signs, distribute circulars, samples, etc.; no canvassing; good pay. Sun Advertising Bureau, Chicago.

WANTED — COMPETENT CARPENters for house building. Lots of work. No booze fighters need apply. Old 'phone 63. A. Quackenbush, Proctor.

FIVE HUNDRED RAILROAD LABORers for Minnesota, Wisconsin and Nebraska; day or station work; 200 woodsmen for the best companies in Minnesota and Wisconsin; farm hands, city labor, cooks, cookees, sawmill labor. New orders daily. Established 1882. National Employment Co., 431 West Michigan street, also Minneapolis and Chicago.

WANTED — THREE COATMAKERS. Parker.

HUNDREDS of positions paying $1,000-$5,000 now open for competent Salesmen, Executive, Clerical and Technical men; if you want advancement write us and state position desired; offices in 12 cities. HAPGOODS, 311 Nicollet avenue, Minneapolis, Minn.

100 STATION MEN, EARTH WORK, 16c to 18c; rock, $1.10 to $1.30 yard; 60 woodsmen, Michigan, $35 month, fare paid; 400 in Minnesota and Wisconsin; cooks, cookees, blacksmiths, and one craneman on steam dredge, $75 and board, eight hours. E. Downie, Western Labor and Supply company.

THE NATIONAL SCHOOL OF SALESmanship qualifies and fits young men for desirable positions in the store or on the road; gives students employment so they can earn while learning. See the school's representative at Hotel Lenox. Hours, 8 to 11 a. m., 7 to 10 p. m.

MEN, READ THIS—I GUARANTEE TO make good show card and sign writer of you in three months, and secure you position $18 weekly (union wages) with responsible concern in your own state or elsewhere or refund your money; no failures; all merchants want show cards, or the bright clerk that can make them, at good salary; price right, terms easy; learn while earning; circulars, testimonials, terms, etc., on request. G. W. Miller, 41 Miller building, Center street and Columbus avenue, Boston, Mass.

BUSINESS MEN
BUSINESS MEN
BUSINESS MEN

Supplied with competent stenographers and accountants, FREE OF CHARGE.
Apply to
W. C. McCARTER, Business University.

CAPABLE SALESMAN TO COVER Minnesota with staple line; high commissions, with $100 monthly advance; permanent position to right man. Jess. H. Smith Co., Detroit, Mich.

WANTED—ENERGETIC, TRUSTWORthy man or woman to work in Minn., representing large manufacturing company. Salary $40 to $90 per month paid weekly; expenses advanced. Address with stamp J. H. Moore, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED — GENTLEMAN OR LADY with good reference, to travel by rail or with a rig. Salary $1,072 per year and expenses; salary paid weekly and expenses advanced. Address, with stamp, Jos. A. Alexander, Duluth, Minn.

MEN TO DISTRIBUTE SAMPLES; $3 daily; steady; no canvassing. "Oliver," 68 to 74 La Salle street, Chicago.

DETECTIVE—YOUNG MEN DESIRING to become detectives, write International Detective Supply Co., Milwaukee, Wis.

SALESMEN NOTICE — A LARGE, well-known Chicago house selling staple, well-advertised line, has vacancy for traveling salesman for Minnesota; unusual opening; state age and experience fully. Address H. Scott, 56 Fifth avenue, Chicago.

WANTED — INSTALLMENT COLLECtor for merchandise accounts; good salary and expenses. Address Manager, P. O. box 1027, Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED CLERK at Tremont Hotel.

ENERGETIC WORKERS EVERYwhere to distribute circulars, samples and advertising matter; good pay; no canvassing. Co-operative Advertising company, New York.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED CLOTHing salesman. Apply at 201 West Superior street, upstairs.

WANTED—MEN TO BUY THOR RYE, high grade; six quarts and a suit case for $5.85. We pay express charges. Send money with order and this advertisement. O'Donnell & Co., 44 South Third street, Minneapolis.

WANTED — TWO COATMAKERS AT once; steady work. J. W. Brownell, Two Harbors, Minn.

WANTED—TWO GOOD PATTERN makers for architectural iron work. Apply The Herzog Iron Works, St. Paul.

MEN TO LEARN BARBER TRADE. Splendid opportunity. Write for Illust. Cat. Moler Barber Col., Minneapolis.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

HELP WANTED—MALE. (Continued.)

WANTED FOR THE UNITED STATES marine corps, Unmarried men between the ages of 21 and 35, able-bodied, of good character and temperate habits, citizens of the United States, or who legally declare their intention to become such; must speak, read and write English; marines serve at sea, on men-of-war, in all parts of the world, on land in our island possessions and at navy yards in the United States. Recruits desiring service in the Philippine Islands may be enlisted accordingly. Apply at 5 South Fifth avenue west, Duluth.

WANTED — PORTER AT ST. LOUIS hotel.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED—EVERY WOMAN TO TRY Dr. Le Gran's female regulator. Guaranteed. Kugler, Your Druggist, 105 West Superior street.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED WAIST and skirt makers La Ferte, 24 West Superior street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; small family. 1116 East Third street.

WANTED — TWO FIRST-CLASS MILlinery saleslades and three makers at once. Miss A. M. Seigne, Superior, Wis.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 1515 East Superior street.

WANTED — AT ONCE, DINING ROOM girl. Oregon restaurant, 515 West Superior street.

WANTED — A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Mrs. R. R. Forward, 2701 West Fourth street.

WANTED—A COOK AND HOUSEMAID for a family of three; references required. 1528 East Third street.

WANTED—COMPETENT WOMAN TO do washing, ironing, etc., by the day. Apply 2004 West Fourth street.

LADIES HAVING FANCY WORK TO sell, Battenburg, drawnwork; also to do order work. Stamped envelope. Ladies' Exchange, 34 Monroe, Chicago.

WANTED—A GOOD MAKER. APPLY millinery dept. J. M. Gidding & Co.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 613 East First street.

LADIES—TO DO PIECEWORK AT home; we furnish all materials and pay from $7 to $12 weekly. Send stamped envelope to Royal company, 34 East Monroe, Chicago.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1713 East Superior street

WANTED — A GIRL TO ASSIST IN housework. Apply 1902 East First St.

WANTED — A GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework; family of three. 1439 East First street.

WANTED—LADY IN EACH TOWN for magazine census work; whole or part time; salary $15 weekly; no deposit. Sprague Wholesale company, 270 Wabash avenue, Chicago.

FIRST-CLASS GIRL FOR GENERAL housework wanted at 1510 East Second street. Three in family.

GIRLS WANTED TO TRIM CIGAR boxes. No. 30 First avenue west.

COOK, DISHWASHERS, WAITRESSES, laundresses, general housework and nurse girl. Somer's Emp., 17 2nd Ave. E.

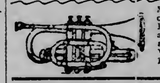
WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—LARGE HEATING STOVE; state description and price. H. E., Herald.

SMALL AND LARGE TRACTS OF CUTover lands. North. Realty Co., Duluth.

WANTED—RIPE PINE NORWAY AND tamarack piling from 20 to 45 feet long; 12 to 14-inch butts; 8 to 10-inch tops; on cars, any station. A. J. McDonald, box 144, Superior.

LEADING MUSIC STORE.



MUSIC and musical merchandise of every description. Edison phonographs, band and orchestra instruments, pianos and organs. INGVALD WESTGAARD, 7 and 9 First Avenue West.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED TO RENT — ROOMS BEtween Eighth avenue and Third avenue west, on First street. 1322 West Superior street.

TWO FURNISHED BEDROOMS WANTed by two gentlemen. Rent not to exceed $5 each. Address I 18, Herald.

TALKING MACHINES.

BRUNSWICK CO.
110 West Superior Street.
Wholesale and retail dealers in Victor Talking Machines and Edison Phonographs. We carry all records in catalogue. Mail orders solicited.

LADIES' AND GENTS' CLOTHES.

G. Shapiro, 721 W. Superior St., pays the highest price for old clothes. Zen. 1582-X

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

Mrs. Banks, midwife, 330 St. Croix ave. Private hospital. 'Phones, old, 749-L; new, 976.

MRS. H. OLSON, GRADUATE MIDwife. 329 North Fifty-eighth avenue, West Duluth. Zenith 3124-X.

DYE WORKS.

DULUTH DYE WORKS, 3 W. SUP. ST., 2023 W. Sup. St. Old, 1341-L; Zenith, 1334

EXCURSION TO CUBA.

WE WILL HAVE A LAND SEEKERS' excursion to Cuba the first part of November, come with us and see our fine fruit lands we have for sale near Havana. F. AM. LAND CO., 200 Torrey building.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSON, GRADUATE MIDWIFE, female complaints, 413 Seventh avenue east. Old 'phone, 1543; Zenith, 1225.

STENOGRAPHY.

GRACE BARNETT, 307 FIRST NAtional Bank building.

IF YOU WILL BRING.

Suit to 10 Fourth avenue west, we press it for 50c; pants, 15c. J. Oreckovsky.

CHEMIST AND ASSAYER.

C. F. JOYCE, ANALYTICAL CHEMIST and assayer, successor to H. E. James, 631 Manhattan building. Old 'phone 1604.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting, first and third Monday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Nov. 6, 1905. Work—Second degree. Guy A. Eaton, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Oct. 23, 1905. Work—First degree. William D. Underhill, W. M.; H. S. Newell, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M. —Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, Oct. 25, 1905. Work—M.M.P.M.M.E.M. and Royal Arch degree. William A. McGonagle, H. P.; W. T. TenBrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T. —Stated conclave, first Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p. m. Special conclave Oct. 24, 1:00—Dinner, 6:30. Order of the Red Cross and Temple, Masonic Temple, Lake avenue and Second street. C. W. Wilson, Em. Com.; Alfred Le Richeaux, recorder.

SCOTTISH RITE.
Regular meetings every Thursday evening of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, Oct. 26, 1905. Work—General business. Jerome B. Cooley, secretary.

EUCLID LODGE, NO. 198, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings first and third Wednesday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, Oct. 18. Work—Second degree. G. E. Budd, W. M.; A. Dunleavy, secretary.

K. O. T. M.

DULUTH TENT, NO. 1, MEETS EVERY Wednesday in K. O. T. M. hall, 224 West First street. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. J. P. Peterson, commander; Charles J. Hector, finance keeper, 32 West First street. J. B. Gelineau, record keeper, office in hall. For rent of hall apply at record keeper's office. Hours, 10 a. m. to 1:30 p. m. and Saturday evening.

MODERN SAMARITANS.
ALPHA COUNCIL, NO. 1 meets at Elks' hall every Thursday evening at 8 p. m. Next meeting Oct. 19. Beneficent degree. F. A. Noble, G. S.; Effie Johnson, L. G. S.; Wallace P. Wellbanks, scribe; T. A. Gall, financial scribe.

A. O. U. W.
105 meets at new Maccabee hall, 2224 West First street, every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Lee Warner, M. W.; W. W. Fenstermacher, recorder; O. J. Murvold, financier, 217 East Fifth street.

A. O. U. W.
DULUTH LODGE, NO. 10, meets in Odd Fellows' hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. George J. Sherman, M. W.; J. W. Shepherdson, financier; A. E. Blake, recorder. Sick benefits meets 7:30 o'clock.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock sharp at 118 West Superior street, Tuesday, Oct. 17. Work in the Third. Supper served at 6 o'clock. G. E. Storms, C. C.; H. B. Young, K. S. All visiting knights invited.

I. O. F.
COURT COMMERCE, NO. 2283, Independent Order of Foresters, meets first and third Friday evenings, at 8 o'clock, at Rowley's hall, No. 112 West First street. Next meeting Oct. 20, 1905. Cards. R. J. Pickard, C. R.; W. W. Hoopes, R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.
DULUTH AERIE, NO. 70, MEETS every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock p. m., at Eagle hall, Folz building, 116 West Superior street. W. E. Brown, W. P.; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary, 111 First avenue east. Apply to W. E. Brown, 417 West Superior street, for rental of hall.

M. W. A.
IMPERIAL CAMP, NO. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, first and third Mondays. Visiting members always welcome. F. B. Beaupre, V. C.; N. P. Turnbladt, banker; R. Rankin, clerk.

CLAN STEWART, NO. 50, O. S. C.—Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at 8 p. m., in Folz hall, West Superior street. John G. Ross, chief; Malcolm MacDonald, secretary; John Burnett, financial secretary, 10 Mason flats. Next meeting, Wednesday, Nov. 1. Remember Hallowe'en entertainment in Armory Tuesday evening, Oct. 31.

ROYAL LEAGUE.
ZENITH COUNCIL, NO. 161, Royal league, meets in Elks' hall, second and fourth Monday evenings, at 8 o'clock. J. P. Heffernan, archon; L. P. Murray, scribe, 1815 East Fifth street.

KNIGHTS OF THE LOYAL Guard—Subordinate division, No. 132, meets first and third Wednesday evenings each month, Hall A, Kalamazoo block. E. P. Heller, captain general; H. V. Holmes, paymaster, 415 Fifteenth avenue east; Mrs. Mary P. Foster, recorder, 720 Third avenue east.

MODERN MACCABEES — Zenith City Tent, No. 1044, meets every first and third Thursday of the month at Rowley's hall, 112 West First street. Comm

SECTION 2
Pages 13 to 24

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

24 PAGES

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 21, 1905.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

The Butte Mines

Rumor That North Butte Company Is to Purchase More Properties—Duluth Mining Men Visit Butte—Several Deals Hanging Fire.

Butte, Mont., Oct. 21.—Butte mining circles have been unusually active during the past week. One transfer of considerable magnitude was made and another big sale is pending. Quite a number of outside mining men and capitalists have visited this city during the past week, prominent among whom were Duluth men who are interested in the North Butte company. It has been rumored that the North Butte company is negotiating for the purchase of several valuable properties here, and the presence of the Duluth men on the ground would indicate that there is truth in the report.

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The East Butte Mining company, organized during the past week, has taken possession of the Dutton-Oneida group and extensive development work is to be commenced shortly. It is the intention of the management to sink a central shaft and do exploration work at a greater depth than has been reached heretofore. Prominent Butte mining men are interested in the East Butte Mining company incorporated under the laws of the state of Arizona and is capitalized at $2,000,000. There are 300,000 shares of stock in the concern, whose par value is given at $10. Among the stockholders are T. M. Hodgens of the State Savings bank, James A. Talbot and Charles R. Leonard. The principal office of the company is in Butte, with the head office at Phoenix, Ariz. It is the intention of the company to develop a group of claims located near the Braund house, in the southeastern section of the city. Among these are the Dutton, Oneida and other properties. All of the mines included in the deal have been developed but little. Nearly $1,000,000 worth of ore has been removed from the properties already and they have not been worked to any great depth. The ore is of an unusually high grade, and it is the opinion of mining experts that the claims are very valuable. They are located near the Pennsylvania mines, one of the richest producers of the camp. The Pennsylvania is owned by the Boston & Montana company.

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It has been persistently reported on the street that the Smokehouse and Arctic claims were about to change hands, but the owners have strenuously denied this report. The Arctic is controlled by James A. Murray of San Francisco, while the Smokehouse, located directly opposite the Thornton hotel, is owned largely by Butte men.

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Within the past week two exceptionally rich veins of ore have been exposed in the workings of the Pittsburg & Montana mines. Both of them were struck in drifts from the 1,200 level, it was expected they would In the Rossell drift the outlook is especially good, and the vein, which is now six feet wide, continues to widen as the drifting continues. The foot wall has not yet been reached. The Donner drift, which extends in a southwesterly direction, is also showing up remarkably well. More than one hundred cars of ore, running from eight to nine per cent in copper, and carrying anywhere from sixteen to twenty-six ounces of silver, have already been taken out from the Rossell drift, and the limit of the ledge has not yet been reached. It was one of the big surprises when the shot revealed the vein, for it had not been anticipated that it would be reached for some time. This ore is soft and crumbling, and easily mined.

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The Butte district produced in September about 26,610,000 pounds of copper from 409,200 tons of ore mined. Notwithstanding the fact that the North Butte is still hoisting its ore through an adjoining property while its own shaft is being repaired, that company exceeded its August production. North Butte has outstripped both United copper and the Clark mines. Close estimates of the September copper production of the district are as follows: Boston and Montana company, 6,360,000 pounds; Anaconda, 7,260,000; Butte and Boston 1,134,000; Parrot, 1,122,000; Washoe, 1,680,000, Trenton, 1,044,000; North Butte, 2,760,000; United Copper, 2,340,000; Clark mines, 2,310,000; miscellaneous, 900,000.

Two More Companies Become Producers

With Blowing In of Calumet & Arizona's New Furnace—Extra Fine Oxide Struck at Lake Superior & Pittsburg—Continued Good Reports From Shattuck-Arizona.

Bisbee, Ariz., Oct. 21.—The new furnace at the Calumet & Arizona smelters was blown in last Monday, oxides from the Lake Superior & Pittsburg, and sulphates from the Pittsburg & Duluth forming the smelter charge. This is the long looked for event which has been postponed from time to time, but has at last become a reality, and the first smelter returns will be eagerly awaited by a large number of stockholders. It adds two more companies to the producing list of the Warren district. The Calumet & Arizona company, the Calumet & Pittsburg company, the Lake Superior & Pittsburg company and the Junction company are all preparing to install new hoisting plants. The hoist for the Hoatson shaft of the Calumet & Pittsburg is already here, and the others are ordered and on the way.

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At the Hoatson shaft a new boiler has been set during the week, and the foundations for the new hoist are about ready to receive the new machinery. A 40-foot tank is also under construction on the hill above the plant, which will hold water for fire purposes. Sinking is going on rapidly, the record for last month being ninety-six feet in a four-compartment shaft.

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Changes are being made at the Oliver shaft of the Calumet & Arizona in preparation for the installation of a new hoist. The foundation of the old buildings are also being removed, and when the coming hoist is installed the plant will be completed. The Oliver intends resuming sinking shortly, a large sump having just been completed in the shaft.

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When the installation of the new hoist at the Hoatson shaft is completed, it is expected the hoist for the Junction will be on hand and it will be the next to be placed in position, taking precedence of the Oliver. The foundations have been finished and everything is ready for its reception. The work still continues in good ore, in the exploration drifts, and the flow of water is being handled easily.

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At the Cole shaft of the Lake Superior & Pittsburg excavations are being made for the foundation of the new gallows frame, and the work is already under way for putting it up. A sump has been finished at the bottom of the shaft, and when the new hoist is installed it is understood the shaft will be sunk 400 feet from the 1,100-foot level. This will make it the deepest shaft in the district. At shaft No. 3 which has been out of commission for many months, carpenters and laborers are busily engaged putting it in order, and a new road is also being built from Don Luis to the hoist. It is expected to be used again shortly.

During the past week the miners say that in a crosscut on the 1,100-foot level an extra fine body of oxide ore has been encountered, and that it looks better than anything yet found in the mine. This strike was made 500 feet north of the Cole shaft, and is surprising, for the presence of leached ore bodies on the level above and the dip of the ores found in the Duluth mine, to the west, both indicated that big ore bodies should be looked for at a greater depth than the 1,100 level and on the 1,100 further north than 500 feet from the shaft. It is evident that this find is another ore body and that the drift has not yet gone far enough to cut the large bodies expected under a body of leached ore that was found on the 1,000 to be 1,000 feet long. The new find runs up to 15 per cent copper.

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The Calumet & Arizona mines and the Bonanza & Arizona mines are all connected now with a splendid system of roads, good roads being a hobby of Superintendent Parnall. Being cut and graded through a limestone formation, they look as if macadamized, and automobiles or other rubber tired vehicles can get all over the hills with perfect safety. An easy grade has been established on the whole system, and from an economical standpoint alone they are proving a great success. The regular shipments are going from the Mag shaft and the Oliver, L. S. & P. and P. & D. are assisting in increasing the supply for the smelter.

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Continued good reports come in from the Shattuck-Arizona. On the 700 two faces in different workings are in solid ore 200 feet apart, and 75 to 100 tons are being placed on the dump each twenty-four hours, and there is piled up on the dump at present not less than 2,000 tons of rich ore. The Shattuck is making good in no uncertain manner, and the condition of the property is being reflected this week in the stock market, where the stock went from $21 to $30 during the week. The development work is confined principally to the 700, although on the 800 a station is being cut for the pumps. The face of the drift on the 800 is also in ore, making three distinct workings at the Shattuck, the breast of which show high grade ore. On the 700 the work consists in driving the main drift, which is now in 350 feet, and a crosscut, which has been driven 125 feet. The crosscut is being run south, and the main drift has since been changed to the same direction, leaving a distance of 200 feet between the breast of the drift and the crosscut. The crosscut has passed through sixty feet of solid ore already, and is still in ore. The main drift, since passing through the porphyry has cut through fifty feet of ore. It is the expectation of Supt. Pattison to resume work on the 800 on Nov. 1. Oct. 23 will mark the first anniversary of work at the Shattuck with machinery. The mine now has three distinct ore bodies, and no limit to their dimensions can be known until the development work now going on is finished, but one fact can be stated, that the Shattuck-Arizona property will be one of the coming mines of the district within the next twelve months.

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The Denn-Arizona Saturday measured 550 feet, with the formation conglomerate, and no noticeable change. The new hoist for the Denn has arrived, and is a large, first motion Corliss from the Ottumwa iron works, capable of handling a double deck cage. It is expected to have this hoist in operation by Nov. 1. The old hoist at the Denn will be used for the pump shaft. On the 8th inst. the Denn-Arizona has been at work for five months, and has averaged a distance of 106 feet per month for this time, including delays. Ore on the Denn-Arizona ground was encountered in the diamond drill hole at the 950, and the lime was shown at a depth of 855. The lime is expected to make its appearance in the shaft before this depth is reached, as the shaft is being sunk closer to the fault.

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Within a week the last of the publications of patent notices for the ground included in the holdings of the Warren Development company will have been made, and the receiver's receipt should follow by the middle of November at the latest. Upon the receipt of the receiver's receipt the work of laying out the Warren townsite will be commenced in earnest and the first of the year should witness the sale of lots in this new addition to Bisbee, like the proverbial hot cakes. The Warren Realty & Development company was a necessity. The Bonanza Circle officials were daily besieged by their employes for a place to build a home. It was impossible to take care of these ever increasing applications for building sites upon the mining ground of the companies, and as the demand increased, the provision of a place for comfortable homes for employes became an absolute necessity. Then it was that the Warren townsite idea was conceived which should be placed in practical operation on or before January 1. The realty values of the Warren company are not the only values of the Warren stock by any means. It is not generally known, but the often talked of electric street railway, connecting the mines and the district more closely together, is among the plans of the Warren Realty and Development company. Then last, but not least, is the mineral possibilities of the Warren ground. It butts up to the American and includes the old Calumet & Cochise ground which, notwithstanding the failure of the Calumet & Cochise company to make good, is still considered by experts in the district to be excellent. But not counting the mining possibilities of the ground the realty value of the holdings of the company in conjunction with the street railway proposition is alone enough to insure dividend on the capital stock. Many difficulties have been encountered in securing this large tract of ground but they have been met and overcome in a manner that speaks well for the management at this end of the line.

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While it is a long guess at this time there is every reason for the speculator to play the American Development company along the same line as Junction. There is no mistaking the trend of the ore body on the 900 in the Junction and the American ground is next in line. A call of one dollar per share on Development stock means that development work is to be commenced at an early date.

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Recently a small strike of ore in the Saginaw mine was announced. Since this news was given out development work has been going on as fast as Superintendent Harrington could drive it, and from indications it looks as if a large body of ore is going to be disclosed in the mine. The first sign of ore was disclosed in a crosscut on the 350 level, and the men have been working in it, and opened it to the extent of about thirty-five feet. It has also been cut to find its width, and so far is known to be seven feet wide. The ore appears in the form of carbonates of copper in the same class of hematite or iron which rules in the producing mines here, and its character gives promise of the work approaching an ore body.

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A call of $2 a share has been made upon the entire capital stock of the Chihuahua Development company, amounting to $80,000, for the purpose of continuing developments and working into the rich ground found recently.

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Wolverine & Arizona has come into notice during the past two weeks, by an increase in the purchase price for the stock, which during the past ten days has a little more than doubled in value. This activity in Wolverine & Arizona has been caused by the favorable reports forwarded to the directors in the East of the conditions prevailing on the 500 and 300 levels, and the continued good reports emanating from the Shattuck & Arizona, located just east of the Wolverine & Arizona. The two drifts are headed for the Czar fault and on the 500 level only about 500 feet remains to be made before the Wolverine & Arizona should have something better to report than favorable conditions in the workings.

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The Marquette and Arizona Mining company, one of the boom concerns organized four or five years ago in Michigan, after the first phenomenal success of Calumet and Arizona, has now called an assessment of 10 cents a share and proposes to patent its claims and maintain possession. The company has done no work for nearly two years, and is in a part of the Warren district that has been somewhat discredited but which may pan out in time. The company proposes to patent more than 800 acres, and an assessment of $5,000 must be raised.

On the Vermilion

Soudan Mine to Take New Lease of Life—Talk of Reopening Lee Mine—Good Find By Oliver Company at Mud Creek.

The Tower News says: That the prophesy made by mining men during the past few months to the effect that there would be "something doing" on the Vermilion range before long is about to come true is now evident. Exploration work is being carried on at several different places in the immediate vicinity of Tower and although no definite information is obtainable it is learned from a fairly authoritative source that in at least two of these places ore bodies have been found.

On the Roy claim, where a drill was started to work several weeks ago, one hole has been sunk 500 feet and the drill is still working on the second hole, which is now down 700 feet. A body of high grade ore is said to have been encountered at this place and the report has been substantiated by the fact that the Roy Iron company, who have options on the Roy and LaChance claims, have this week started a second drill to work.

A good find has also been reported to have been made at Mud Creek, where the Oliver Mining company is conducting exploration work by drilling and test pitting. Six years ago the Oliver people spent upwards of $100,000 in exploring the same lands on which they are now working, but were unable to locate a paying body of ore. Regardless of this, officials of the company still held to the opinion that the ore was there somewhere if it could only be found, and as a result of this belief, work was again started early this summer and now comes the report that a big vein of high grade ore has been encountered. Whether or not this report is true cannot be stated positively but it is known that the company recently acquired title to other lands in that vicinity, a fact which would add color to the authenticity of the report.

And not owing to the new finds alone will the credit be due for renewed activity on this part of the Vermilion. At the Soudan mine much new work is being planned, and in some instances already commenced. No. 8 shaft, now 1,300 feet deep, is to be sunk 200 feet deeper this winter, and a small crew of men are now employed in the preliminary work. Diamond drills located a big body of ore at that depth several years ago, but this is the first attempt that has been made to go after it. Shaft No. 12, located on the side of the bluff, just opposite the mining office, and which was abandoned nearly twelve years ago, is also to be reopened this winter, as there is known to be a good deposit of ore there. With all this new work many more men will be required, and it would not be surprising to see a crew of 1,000 men working at the Soudan mine next season.

There is also some talk of reopening the Lee mine, a promising property, which, owing to litigation, was abandoned several years ago, and after it had become a shipper. The Steel trust has now secured control of it. This property is located less than half a mile from Tower, and the resumption of work there would prove of vast benefit to our business interests.

At the Soudan mine a daily average of 500 tons of ore have been taken out since the mine resumed work, Jan. 1. Shipments amounting to 175,000 tons have been made during the season, and there is now 15,000 tons in stockpile, which will probably go forward before the close of navigation. At present 300 men are employed there, and if it were possible to secure them, 100 more could be used. Men will be plentiful within a few weeks, however, owing to the closing down of open pit mines on the Mesaba range, and then the crew will be enlarged. A slight increase in wages went into effect Oct. 1, at the Soudan mine, and miners now receive $2.25 per day, trammers and helpers, $2, and surface men $1.75.

Lake Superior Copper District

Calumet & Hecla's Acquisition of Control of Superior Copper Company—Further Additions Planned—Improvements At Osceola—Adventure's Better Outlook.

Calumet, Mich., Oct. 21.—Negotiations have been completed whereby the Calumet & Hecla Mining company acquires control of the property of the Superior Copper company. A sale has been effected and papers have been signed. Details of the deal have been obtained from official sources. The Superior Copper company is capitalized for $2,500,000, in 100,000 shares of $25 each. Of this amount 10,000 shares have been issued, and 46,000 shares are to be apportioned to the original owners of the lands. This leaves the treasury balance of 44,000 shares available for sale. According to the terms of the agreement between thet wo companies, the Calumet & Hecla may purchase the 44,000 shares of treasury stock, and it has the privilege of ultimately acquiring 50,000 snares or more, giving it control.

The Superior company's property is located in section 15, immediately south of the Atlantic and Baltic mines, and the workings are on the Baltic amygdaloid bed. General Manager James MacNaughton and Chief Engineer E. S. Grierson of the Calumet & Hecla visited the Superior last week, accompanied by President Reginald C. Pryor of the Superior, and by Judge E. B. Hinsdale of New York, who effected the sale of the property to its new owners.

Development work will continue for the present by the Superior Copper company, under the direction of the Calumet & Hecla management, and it is expected that added vigor will be given to to the work. There has been no opportunity as yet for the Calumet & Hecla management to outline a policy of development, but there is not the slightest doubt but what the property will be developed in the fullest manner possible.

The entire negotiations for the sale were carried through by Judge Hinsdale of New York, who some time ago was vested with authority to sell all or any part of the company's capitalization. Not the slightest hint of the important transaction that had been effected was given to the directors of the Superior or anybody else, and their first intimation that the Calumet & Hecla company had taken an interest in their property was at the meeting in Houghton last week, when papers, bearing the signatures of the Eastern officers of the Calubet & Hecla, were laid before them.

This deal is regarded as one of the most important made in the Lake Superior copper district in a number of years, as it means unlimited capital for the development of the Superior property. The recent activity of the Calumet & Hecla management in acquiring new properties and developing the latest resources of its older holdings is of untold importance to the welfare of the Michigan copper mining industry. Nor is the action of the big corporation in acquiring other lands of strictly recent date, as during the last six years it has accumulated considerable property in the south range district. Most of these lands were purchased for their timber purposes, but some of them have mineral possibilities. Included in these purchases south of Portage Lake are more than three miles of frontage on Lake Superior, extending from a point one mile northeast of the Atlantic stamp mill, toward the Portage Lake ship canal. This tract furnishes an excellent site for a stamp mill if the company should ever require such a point in addition to its exclusive milling facilities at Lake Linden.

Current reports is to the effect that the Calumet & Hecla company plans further additions to its already extensive holdings in Keeweenaw county, where it now owns more than ninety square miles of territory. While there is no official confirmation, it is rumored that the big corporation is negotiating for an option on the Phoenix property, and plans diamond drill exploratory work on the tract if satisfactory arrangements can be made. The Phoenix mine is opened on the St. Clair and West fissure veins, and has been closed down since the exhaustion of the company's funds, a few months ago. It is located too far westward to carry the Kearsarge bed at workable depth, and the only bedded lode that is known to traverse the tract is the Ashbed. The regular formations are crossed by several fissure veins, including the Phoenix, St. Clair and Robbins.

Another report which is current is to the effect that the Calumet & Hecla has exercised the option which it held on the Central mine, also in Keweenaw county, and purchased the property. The Central in the early days of the Lake copper industry was a famous producer, yielding excellent profits, and it possibly is traversed by the northerly extension of the Kearsage amygdaloid bed.

Lake Superior mines produced upwards of 19,250,000 pounds of refined copper in September, the largest month's yield on record. Lake brands of ingot averaged 16¼ cents a pound for the month, indicating gross returns of $3,118,125 during that period. At no time in their history have Lake mines been producing on a greater scale than at present, and the strong copper market which has ruled for the past several months will make 1905 one of the best years ever experienced in the Michigan district.

Local mines are now turning out the red metal at the rate of approximately 235,000,000 pounds per annum, and there are indications of increased output at many points. While Michigan has been forced to yield second place among the American copper producing sections, which it held for many years, to Arizona, unless the mines of the Southwestern state continue to make remarkable gains in their production, the Lake district should once more take second rank.

Arrangement have been completed for the installation of a larger hoisting engine at No. 2 shaft of the Osceola Consolidated Mining company's South Kearsarge mine. The concrete foundation is being laid. The hoist in use at No. 2 shaft of the North Kearsarge mine, when that opening went out of service, has been repaired and will be used. The steam cylinders were rebored and a new drum has been shipped from a plant of the Nordberg Manufacturing company at Milwaukee, Wis. The drum is of the straight face type and will have a capacity for 2,000 feet of cable. No. 2 shaft will reach the boundary line at a depth of 2,000 feet, so that the hoist will be sufficient to meet all future demands. As soon as it is in commission a much larger production will be possible from that source.

An accident at No. 1 shaft of the Osceola's North Kearsarge branch badly damaged the skip road and shaft rockhouse, and it will take two weeks to complete repairs. During the interval hoisting will be discontinued, but an increased output from the other shafts will prevent any material falling off in the rock shipments of the entire property. The skip was pulled through the rockhouse, demolishing a portion of it, and knocking down one of the pulley stands.

There has been a considerable improvement in the outlook at the Adventure mine in Ontonagon county in the last few months and hopes of putting the property on a sound basis permanently are once more entertained. In September 135 tons of mineral were produced, the rock stamped averaging seventeen pounds of ingot copper to the ton. Cause for the Adventure's better showing is to be found in the improved openings east of No. 3 shaft, where the Knowlton lode is yielding a good grade of rock. The management has placed a diamond drill on the property in an effort to determine the extent of workable ground above the fifth level, east of No. 3 shaft, and if the indications are sufficiently encouraging, the drifts on the upper levels will be extended to tap the territory. Sinking in the new No. 4 shaft is down to a depth of twenty feet, and the lode shows an encouraging appearance.

A small force is at work on the Ashbed property in Keweenaw county, where operations were resumed a short time ago, after a few years' idleness. Sinking is being carried forward from the old tunnel level. While considerable copper has been encountered and the work at all times has shown promising conditions, the values are widely scattered and the copper courses are not strong enough to hold for any length.

Michigan's output for last month, 178 tons, was the largest in its history. Recent improvements in its portion of the Mass mill have effected a much better saving in the finer grades of mineral. Work in the old Rockland shaft, which was unwatered, is going ahead steadily. As soon as the diamond drill taps the old workings on what is believed to be the Branch vein they will be drained in order to permit a careful examination.

There has been improvement lately in the grade of rock forwarded to the mill from the Mass mill. This is exclusive of the mass and barrel copper, the production of which is considerably larger than a few months ago. The improvements to the stamp mill at Keweenaw Bay have increased its capacity to 1,200 tons of rock daily. The Mass is meeting its extraordinary expenses, which consist of machinery and surface equipment and the opening of the new "C" shaft, from current earnings

Exploratory work to locate the Baltic lode and test its copper values on its property will be started by the Isle Royale company, a decision to this effect having been reached by the management this week, after careful consideration. Work will be started before the end of next week. Preliminary operations will consist of crosstrenching on surface. The Baltic lode has already been located on the Isle Royale property by means of a diamond drill, which was operated more than a year ago. There are a number of points where the lode outcrops at surface. These have been visited by Dr. L. L. Hubbard, former state geologist, who is assisting in locating the strike of the lode. Fully 2,500 acres of the Isle Royale's lands are believed to carry the Baltic lode, and it will be seen that the company possesses immense possibilities on this formation if copper values are there.

Rock shipments from the Baltic mine are now averaging close to 2,000 tons daily. One stamp at the mill has been in commission part of the time recently on rock from the Champion. Sinking in the Baltic's new No. 2 shaft is nearing the eighth level. It will be in commission to that point when production starts. The Baltic is making its copper for 7 cents a pound now, expenses of every description included, and in the matter of its copper cost it ranks with the best properties on Lake Superior.

After considerable time and much difficult work, the Franklin Mining company has encountered the Kearsarge amygdaloid bed on its junior property. The lode was struck in No. 3 diamond drill hole, at a depth of approximately 350 feet, and the core showed a formation twenty-five feet in width, with copper. No. 3 drill hole is located at a point about 1,500 feet south of the Rhode Island boundary line. It is expected that the drill on the southern portion of the Franklin Junior tract, which is known as No. 4 hole, will strike the lode in a few days. The latter is 1,500 feet from the Arcadian boundary line.

While very little can be told regardgarding the value of the Kearsarge bed on the Franklin's property from the diamond drill borings, the fact that the lode has been located successfuly and the cores show copper is of much importance. The persistency of the copper-bearing courses of the master Kearsarge belt are well known the lode furnishing valuable properties from the Mohawk, in Keweenaw county, to the Centennial on the south. It is likely that the Franklin will make a survey to locate the probable outcrop of the bed on its lands and put down a test-pit to examine the outcrop. A shaft will undoubtedly be sunk and the lode given a thorough exploration. Providing the lode contains the same values on the Franklin property that it does in the mines it has furnished to the northward, the Franklin will possess immense possibilities in its new find. The company has a modern stamp mill and a paying mine on the conglomerate workings at the junior branch, besides the old Franklin property.

Michigan Iron Mines

Record Shipments From the Ishpeming Field—Large Ore Body Found At the Calumet—Some Great Developments At the Tobin.

Marquette, Mich., Oct. 21.—A new shipper on the Marquette range is the Cleveland Cliffs company's Austin mine, in the Swanzy district.

At the Cleveland Cliffs company's Cliffs shafts mine at Ishpeming, the big stockpile is going out fast. This pile was the accumulation of several seasons, the ore not being salable at what the company considered a fair price. This year has seen an increased demand for hard ores, such as this, and heavy sales have been made. In consequence a night shift of 175 men is being added to the force of 200 at the mine. At the opening of this season there were 170,000 tons of ore in stock all of which will go forward this year. There will be no piles left over anywhere in the Ishpeming field. The shipments, both from stockpile and shaft direct have been the heaviest in the history of the district.

The Cleveland Cliffs company has suspended work for the season at the Ogden pit, a small working at Ishpeming from which a few cargoes of ore were mined and shipped this year.

Stripping operations at the Steel corporation's Moore mine, in the Cascade district, south of Negaunee, have been suspended for the season. A large area of ground has been stripped, and a big body of ore has been exposed.

According to the annual report of the county mine inspector, there are at the present time twenty-eight producing mines in Marquette county, employing a total of 5,060 men, and four mines classed as non-producing, but rated as taxable. These latter are the Champion, Volunteer, Moore and Ogden. During the fiscal year ending Sept. 30, twenty-two fatal accidents occurred, caused as follows: Premature blast 4, fall of ground 4, explosions 2, falling down shaft 2, cave of ground 3, the remainder being ascribed to causes named as "unusual." Five of the six fatalities caused by powder explosions resulted from carelessness on the part of the men. The fact that only four men met death by fall of ground is considered a minimum loss of life, considering the total number of workers employed.

In the Crystal Falls district of the Menominee range the work of preparing the stockpile grounds is in progress at the several mines. This is an indication that more ore will be stocked on surface this winter than ever before.

A large body of ore, averaging about 40 per cent iron, has been shown up at the Calumet mine, in Dickinson county, where Pickands, Mather & Co., has had a force of men engaged in development work the past few months. The Chicago & Northwestern company is rebuilding the former spur track to the property, and it is possible that some ore will be sent out this season.

The ore body recently cut on the eleventh level of the Steel Corporation's Aragon mine at Norway, Menominee range, promises to be an important factor in the production of the property. It already shows greater width than at the tenth level.

The Steel Corporation has started a diamond drill at work in the bottom of the Geneva mine, Gogebic range. At its exploration at Pence, it is understood, it will sink a three-compartment shaft and erect a steel shaft over it.

Developments at Corrigan, McKinney & Co.'s Tobin mine the past year or more have effectually dispelled the idea that there are no large ore bodies in the Crystal Falls district of the Menominee range. The large extent of the deposit and the continuance of the ore measures to great depth have been proved, and the Tobin is entitled to take its place among the more important properties of the Michigan districts. The mine will shortly be in a position to put out ore at a rate never before thought possible in the Crystal Falls field. An electric haulage system is to be installed underground, and it is expected that with it in commission a production of 2,000 tons per day can easily be attained.

On the Mesaba

Sixty-five Thousand Tons Shipped Daily From Territory Within Six Miles of Hibbing—Village of Sparta May Be Moved—Drilling Near Grand Rapids.

It is estimated that not less than 75,000 tons of iron ore moves out of the territory within six miles of Hibbing every twenty-four hours during the present shipping season. This is practically the first year's shipping for the Meyers, Monroe-Tener, Morris and Webb. At the Buffalo & Susquehanna property a new shaft is sinking and the mine being made ready for a large production next season. The stockpile at the old shaft was shipped this year, as was that at the St. Clair property. Other shippers are the Jordan, Chisholm, Clark, Pillsbury, Leonard and Morrow. The Morris is a big open pit mine, which is producing heavily this season; the Steel Corporation has two steam shovels at work in the ore here, and the stripping contractors are employing three more. The Monroe-Tener and Leonard pits are of notable depth, ranging from 65 to 90 feet. The Monroe-Tener, a Steel Corporation property, promises to be one of the big mines of the range. It will make a

(Continued on page 22, second column.)

COLORED INK

DEFECTIVE PAGE

SOCIETY

October seems to be a favorite autumn month for weddings. Mother Nature vies with herself to paint the woods brilliant in gold, brown and red. Branches of leaves and autumn flowers with their rich coloring form artistic and appropriate decoration for delightful home affairs. Some of the brides are taking advantage of the beauties of this season, while Master Cupid stands aside ready to send some other dart in preparation for the winter and spring weddings.

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Mr. and Mrs. George C. Howe are contemplating a trip around the world. They expect to leave Duluth shortly and will spend the Christmas holidays in Japan.

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Miss Harriet Walker and Mrs. D. H. Williams have returned from an extended trip through the West.

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The golden wedding anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. Clinton Markell of East Second street, will be celebrated next Wednesday evening, Oct. 25. The affair is to be one of the most brilliant of this season, and preparations have been made for it during the past few weeks. Many invitations have been issued. They were beautifully engraved and bore the large gold monogram of the Markell family.

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Yesterday afternoon at a charming reception for her most intimate friends Mrs. Frederick Wells Hargreaves announced the engagement of her daughter, Edith Marguerite Cooke, to Edwin James Collins of Bisbee, Ariz. Receiving with the hostess were her daughter and Miss Duncan. Assisting about the rooms were Mrs. Thomas F. Cole, Miss Hoatson, Mrs. Charles A. Duncan, and Mrs. Tipple. Assisting in the diningroom were Miss Florence Brewer, Miss Ruth Markell, Miss Mabel Duncan and Miss Pauline Smith.

Promptly at 12 o'clock, Wednesday, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Davis, their daughter, Corinne Woodward Davis, was united in marriage to Leonard G. Bradley. The affair was one of the simplest and most beautiful of home weddings. Flaaten's orchestra played the wedding march, and the first to enter the rooms were the ushers, who were Lee Farmer, Elmer Whyte and Ralph Hubbell. Next came the bridesmaids, Miss Antoinette d'Autremont, Miss Helen Marble and Miss Florence Brewer. They were followed by Miss Hannah Dunlop of Oak Park, Ill., who was the maid of honor. Lastly came the bride, on the arm of her father. The groom, with his best man, Carson Agnew, awaited the bridal party, and the beautiful Episcopal service was read by Rev. Albert W. Ryan of St. Paul's church.

Chrysanthemums were beautifully arranged about the rooms, and the lights were shaded with delicate pink.

The bride was gowned elegantly in white messaline, trimmed with the duchesse and real lace. She wore a veil and carried the white bridal roses. Miss Dunlop wore a gown of violet chiffon taffeta and carried chrysanthemums to match. The maids wore gowns of violet silk muslin, and also carried chrysanthemums.

After the wedding ceremony a dainty breakfast was served. The decorations were white and green.

Mr. and Mrs. Bradley left for a wedding trip in the afternoon, after which they will make their home in Grand Rapids, Minn.

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The date of the first Assembly party of the fall season is set for Friday evening, Oct. 27, at the Spalding. La Brosse's orchestra will play the usual program of dances. The committee in charge for the coming season consists of: Messrs. Elmer M. Whyte, C. J. McBride, Harvey Clapp, Charles Brewer.

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One of the most interesting of the fall weddings will occur next Tuesday evening, Oct. 24, at 8 o'clock, when Miss Grace Eden Richards, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Richards, will be united in marriage with Ralph James Davis. The wedding will take place at the Lester Park Methodist church, the ceremony being performed by Rev. J. W. Powell. Miss Richards' maid of honor will be her cousin, Miss Ina Richards, and her maids will be Miss Fannie Howes and Miss Kate Kennedy. The best man will be Richard T. Close, and the ushers, Carroll Graff and Ralph P. Moore.

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Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Thornton and Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Judd entertained last Thursday evening at a six-handed euchre party for Miss Grace Richards and Ralph J. Davis at Mrs. Thornton's home. The house was beautifully decorated in white and green. Favors were given to the guests of honor and the prizes were awarded to Miss Calla Blanchard and Elmer M. Whyte.

Those present were:

Messrs. and Mesdames—	
James McAuliffe,	C. F. Macdonald.
Mesdames—	
J. W. Richards,	John H. LaVaque.
Misses—	
De Haas, St. Paul,	Judd,
Irma Richards,	Blanchard,
Howes,	Letteau,
Mabel Duncan,	Markell.
Florence Smith of Iowa,	Grace Duncan, Pauline Smith.
Messrs.—	
Carlyle Hastings,	Frank O'Donnell,
Calvin How,	Ely Gridley,
McBride,	Burg,
Markell,	Ralph Moore,
Whyte,	Ralph Davis.
Graff,	

• • •

Miss Frances Richardson entertained informally on Tuesday evening at her home on West Third street in honor of her guest, Miss Rosalind Longly of Pawtucket, R. I. Cards were played, and the prizes awarded to Miss Virginia Morris and Carroll Graff. Those present were:

Misses—	
Hartman,	Sherwood,
Hartley,	Patrick,
Longly of Pawtucket,	Effie Smith, Morris,
Virginia Morris,	Woodbridge,
Pauline Smith,	Markell,
Duncan,	Mabel Duncan,
White,	Maud White,
Richards,	Cook,
Ensign,	Wylie.
Messrs.—	
Marshall,	F. Bradley.
Sumner Covey,	Gridley.
Greene,	Graff,
Grudy,	Spencer,
Moore,	Wright,
McBride,	Davis,
Uptograf,	Andreisen,
Suffel,	Cutler.

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Among the club women of the city who went from Duluth to be in attendance at the annual federation



MISS ELSIE PRUDDEN,
Department of Art and China Painting at Flaaten Conservatory.

meeting which was held Wednesday, Thursday and Friday of this week are Mrs. J. L. Washburn, and Mrs. H. S. Ely from the Saturday club. Miss Lydia Poirier from the Ladies' Literature class; Mrs. G. F. Richards and Mrs. R. N. Marble from the Matinee Musicale; Mrs. H. C. Marshall, Mrs. F. L. Barrows, Mrs. A. H. Smith and Mrs. M. R. Baldwin from the Twentieth Century club.

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Miss Irma Richards will give a dinner party this evening in honor of Miss Grace Richards and Ralph J. Davis.

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Miss Gladys Heinbach of East First street entertained at a quilting party for Miss Grace Richards on Monday afternoon. In the amusement for the afternoon the prizes were awarded to Miss Irm Richards and Miss Grace Richards. The guests were:

Mesdames—	
J. H. LaVaque,	C. F. Macdonald,
Misses—	
Calla Blanchard,	Phoebe Cole,
Myrtle Butchart,	Katheryn Hoopes,
Elizabeth Hoopes,	Florence Smith of Iowa.
Rachel St. Clair,	
Fanny Howes,	

• • •

Mrs. George H. Crosby entertained handsomely at her home on Wednesday afternoon in honor of Miss Grace Richards. The affair was a plate and teacup shower and the bride-to-be received many beautiful gifts. They were presented to Miss Richards in a dainty basket by little Miss Crosby and Miss Charlene Bradley. American beauties and chrsanthemums were used as decorations in the beautiful rooms of the Crosby home. Speculation was the game of the afternoon, the prizes being taken by Mrs. Charles F. Macdonald and Miss Glen Murray. Mrs. Crosby was assisted by Mrs. D. H. Costello, Mrs. W. G. Hegardt and Mrs. William H. Stultz. The guests were:

Mesdames—	
J. W. Richards,	J. H. LaVaque,
E. A. Forsythe,	W. H. Squiers,
C. H. Thornton,	C. T. Macdonald,
Misses—	
Fay Richardson,	Emma Judd,
Rosalind Langly,	Rachel St. Clair,
Pawtucket,	Calla Blanchard.
Irma Richards,	Edith Cook,
Duncan,	Mary Morris,
Florence Smith,	Gladys Heimbach,
Iowa,	Lillian Brown,
Pauline Smith,	Rachel McLaren,
May Sherwood,	Fannie Howes.
Glen Murray.	

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Frank R. Leslie of 1431 East Superior street gave a pretty pink and white dinner on Monday evening for the Davis-Bradley wedding party. Chrsanthemums were used on the table and covers were laid for:

Misses—	
Corinne Davis,	Dunlop.
Helen Marble,	Brewer.
d'Autremont.	
Messrs.—	
L. G. Bradley,	Whyte,
Agnew,	Hubbell.
Farmer.	

• • •

Mrs. R. L. West of 901 East Fourth street entertained for her guest, Miss Julia Goodell of Jacksonville, Fla., on Wednesday evening. Nasturtiums were used as the table decoration and covers were laid for:

Messrs. and Mesdames—	
Bronson.	
Mesdames—	
L. Blamer,	R. L. West.
Misses—	
Vera Bronson,	Lula Potter.
Messrs.—	
Lee Gunther,	L. Rutter.
George Jewell,	

• • •

The ladies, rector and vestry of the St. Paul's Episcopal church of this city have invited all members of the Episcopal church in Duluth to join them in celebrating the thirty-sixth anniversary of the opening of the church, at the rectory next Thursday evening, from 8 to 11 o'clock. This reception is given under the auspices of the Ladies' Guild.

• • •

Mrs. Parker M. Paine of East Third street entertained delightfully last Friday for Miss Grace Richards. A very unique game was played, shooting arrows at large colored hearts. The prizes were awarded to Miss Grace Richards, Miss Florence Smith of Iowa, and Miss Fannie Howes.

The guests were:

Mrs. J. W. Richards.	
Misses—	
Elizabeth Hoopes,	Howes,
Josephine Ross,	Richards.
Christee Ross,	Inna Richards,
Smith of Iowa,	Kathryn Hoopes,
Blanchard,	Heimbach.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Billson of 1531 East First street, left during the week for Pasadena, Cal., where Mrs. Billson expects to spend the winter.

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Miss Virginia de Haas of St. Paul is the guest of Mrs. Grace Richards of Lester Park.

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Capt. and Mrs. A. B. Wolvin and Mrs. A. W. Hartman are stopping at Auditorium Annex in Chicago this week.

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Mrs. Gertrude Howard of Bay City, Mich., is the guest of Mrs. F. R. Leslie at 1431 East Superior street.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Frank R. Leslie will give up their home, Nov. 1, and Mrs. Leslie and son will spend the winter in California. The Leslie home will be occupied for the winter by E. C. Bacot and family. Mr. Bacot is connected with the Great Northern Power company.

• • •

Mrs. Marian Hay of 1208 East Fourth street entertained at a musical for Mrs. Hedges of Terre Haute, Ind., who is the guest of Mrs. Frederick Griffith, on Wednesday afternoon. A dainty luncheon was served. The guests were:

Mesdames—	
Hay of Winnipeg,	Goodrich,
Henderson,	Gibson,
Stevens,	F. Griffith.
Miss Lillian Giles.	

• • •

A delightful dancing party was given on Wednesday evening by Mrs. R. G. Henderson and Mrs. Frederick Griffith for their guest Mrs. J. M. Hedges of Terre Haute, Ind. Blewett's orchestra played a program of beautiful dances and a most enjoyable evening was spent by all. The invitation list included:

Messrs. and Mesdames—	
W. A. Kaake,	B. P. Neff,
W. E. Johnson,	E. B. Fox,
O. R. Morse,	H. F. Salyards,
Fred Farmer,	C. H. Farmer,
E. Alstead,	T. F. Gall,
C. D. Trott,	H. Stahlbush,
M. Thompson,	C. H. Goodrich,
J. C. Perry,	H. B. Eva,
W. B. Logan,	George Logan,
H. Nesbitt,	George Mandeville,
J. B. Hanson,	Frederick Engels.
J. D. Elliott,	
Mesdames—	
Julia Stevens,	Robert Hay.
Misses—	
Metcalf,	Farmer,
June Carr,	Meuds,
Ward,	Rood,
Lena Young,	Sadie Carr,
Lillie Giles,	Marian Croner,
Stella Peachey,	Ruby Perry.
Messrs.—	
Carl Lonegren,	Ogle,
Rupert Meads,	McCarthy,
John Tresise,	Max Griffith,
Ruddiford,	E. W. Watson,
Gallagher,	Harry Ely,
Sibbald McDonald,	McGregor,
Frank Church,	Larroe,
Guy Engels,	Joyce,
Bronson,	Matt Wisted.

• • •

Mrs. Arnold and Mrs. C. F. Hartman of East Superior street have gone to Mt. Clemens, Mich., for a short sojourn.

• • •

Miss Sargent of Methuen, Mass., has been visiting her sister, Mrs. W. A. McGonagle of Hunter's Park, for the past three weeks.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. John A. Stephenson of 1931 East First street have returned from Detroit, Mich., where they have been visiting.

• • •

Miss Vida M. Barager of New York City and her brother, F. F. Barager of Panama, are visiting at the home of their sister, Mrs. Parker M. Paine, of East Third street.

• • •

Mrs. Nathan M. Clarke of the Adams flats is expecting to have as her guests next week Mrs. Sarah Chapelle and her daughter, Miss Louise, formerly of this city.

• • •

Miss Laura Glass, who has been visiting at the home of Mrs. Edward Grochau for the past few weeks, returned to her home in Millsville, Wis., today.

• • •

The Ladies' Reading club of Duluth Heights met on Thursday afternoon with Mrs. H. Fawcett of Palm street.

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Mrs. W. H. Reynolds returned on Wednesday from her lake trip.

• • •

Mrs. A. D. Davidson and daughter, Miss Edith, returned last Monday from an extended trip to Toronto.

• • •

Mrs. E. C. Blanchard left on Monday for Minneapolis with her guest, Miss Edith Martin, of that city.

• • •

Mrs. Thomas Pringle Bradley is visiting friends in Milwaukee, Wis.

• • •

Miss Amy Fawcett of Ely is the guest of Mrs. Clarence Whitney at 312 Twenty-fourth avenue east for a few days.

• • •

Miss Ida Graham, who has passed the summer in Western Canada, has returned to her rooms in Masonic Temple.

• • •

Mrs. W. A. Kaake entertained at luncheon on Monday afternoon at her home in Munger terrace in honor of Mrs. Hedges of Terre Haute, Ind. During the afternoon a number of guests were invited in and five hundred was played and the prizes were won by Mrs. J. C. Perry and Mrs. Hedges. Mrs. Kaake's guests at luncheon were:

Mesdames—	
O. R. Morse,	F. J. Griffith,
Newton Randall,	Porter,
R. J. Henderson,	Julia Stevenson.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Crassweller of 4701 Cook street, left Monday for Toposi, Wis.

• • •

Mrs. N. J. Miller of 201 East Second street, left for Chicago on Monday.

• • •

Mrs. G. A. French of 1614 East Superior street left for Chicago on Monday.

• • •

Mrs. E. R. Jefferson of 121½ Second avenue west left on Thursday for San Francisco.

• • •

Miss Helen Marble of 1012 East First street left for a short visit to Minneapolis on Thursday.

• • •

Mrs. A. H. Knutson, who for the past few weeks has been visiting Mrs. W. H. Wilson of 315 East Third street, left during the week for her home in Winnipeg.

• • •

Miss Emma Judd has returned to her home at 1422 East First street after an extended visit to Chicago and Fond du Lac, Wis.

• • •

Miss Nan Holland of 120 Sixth avenue west, expects to leave next week for St. Paul, where she will remain for the winter.

• • •

Mrs. M. F. J. Hanson of 413 Seventh avenue east arrived home on Wednesday from Syracuse, N. Y., where she had accompanied the remains of Mrs. Mary Fullar.

• • •

Miss Margaret Goggin, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. James Hincy, for the past two weeks, has returned to her home in Houghton, Mich.

• • •

Miss Alice Florada and Dr. Emily Maris left on Tuesday for the West. Mr. and Mrs. O. L. Mather of Grand Rapids, Minn., will occupy their home on Sixteenth avenue east for the present. Dr. Maris will return to Duluth in January.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Twomey and daughter are now residing at 216 East Fourth street.

• • •

S. W. Richardson left on Tuesday for Rochester, Minn., where Miss Richardson has been under the physician's care for the last two weeks.

• • •

W. H. Cole and daughter, Miss Cole, left for the West, Tuesday for a several months' trip. They have taken their auto and expect, after reaching Denver, to make many tours in it through the Western states. Mr. and Mrs. Lathrop of Minneapolis will occupy the Cole home on East First street until they return.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Sears of Chicago are visiting Mr. and Mrs. R. R. Forward.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Duncan have returned from a Western trip.

• • •

Percy Alexander of Montreal, Que., is a guest of Mr. and Mrs. A. A. McDonald of 413 East First street.

• • •

Miss L. Brown of 102 East Second street left Monday for St. Paul.

• • •

Mrs. Ellison of Marquette is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Charles H. Merritt.

• • •

Miss Clara Elizabeth Skells and Frederick J. Cellan were married on last Wednesday at Marion, Minn. After a short wedding trip they will make their home in Duluth.

• • •

Miss Marguerite Noll, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Noll of 518 West Second street and Joseph L. Haller were married last Wednesday morning at the church of St. Anthony de Padua. Rev. Francis Kosmerl performed the ceremony. Mr. and Mrs. Haller will make their home in Duluth.

• • •

James L. Dorsey of Minneapolis is to be married Oct. 25 to Miss Nora Holland at the home of the bride's parents in Seaforth, Ont. Mr. Dorsey is well known here.

• • •

Miss Murry of 1632 East First street will return this evening to Munasear lodge at Trout lake.

• • •

Mrs. E. Evans entertained the Autumn club on last Wednesday afternoon. Cards were played and the prizes won by Mrs. Wagner and Mrs. Merdener.

• • •

The Jolly Ten spent a delightful afternoon on Wednesday with Mrs. F. Mahon of Myrtle street, Duluth Heights. The game prizes were given to Mrs. Brayton and Mrs. T. D. Johnson. Those present were:

Mesdames—	
Sewery,	J. H. Tomlin,
Purcell,	Stauber,
William Tenuel,	Perrott,
John McLean,	Clemens.
Miss Jean Hendry.	

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. John J. Mullen of 224 West Fourth street entertained a few of their friends last Wednesday evening for their friend, Miss Agnes Hyland, of Rosemount, Minn., and who is the guest of Mrs. Phil Smith of Dingwall street. Cards and music made the evening an enjoyable one and refreshments were served. The guests included:

Messrs. and Mesdames—	
P. Smith,	William Haley,
Hector Hansen,	James McCue.
Misses—	
Agnes Hyland,	Hazel Hansen,
Catherine Ames.	

• • •

Thursday evening Miss Lillian Godmare entertained a number of her friends at the home of Miss Pauline De Mars at 324 North Fifty-third avenue west. Games and music were enjoyed during the evening and later the refreshments were served by Mrs. Godmare, who was assisted by Mrs. De-Mars. Those present were:

Misses—	
Elizabeth Ryan,	Mary Borget,
Dora Bouchard,	Amella Bouchard,
Flora La France,	Louise Mirrow,
Leda Myet,	Rose Cartier,
Kassell,	Santare,
Susan Burr,	Bell McLave,
Lillian Godmare,	Pauline De Mar,
Anna Dine,	Maud Forget,
Dora Forget,	Anna Campbell,
Antonette Johnson	Agnes Ayre,
Marie Paulson,	Eva Curtis.
Messrs.—	
William Little,	Lee Rowe,
Melvin Johnson,	Claude Dugan,
Louis Wever,	Oscar Wever,
Joe Burget,	John Bouchard,
Walter Thedt,	William Jacobson,
S. McLave,	Arthur McLave,
Dayon,	Ross Burr,
William McKenzie,	Joe Curtis,
Philip Bourseau,	Delore Maher,
Francis De Mars,	Edw. Godmare.
Jean Godmare,	

• • •

Mrs. W. A. Edwards entertained informally at cards about thirty-five guests on last Friday afternoon at her home. The prizes were awarded to Mrs. James Bennett and Mrs. James Meakin.

• • •

Miss Virginia Berini, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Carlo Berini, and Louis Pierson will be married Wednesday morning, Oct. 25, at 8 o'clock at St. Peter's Italian church. A reception will be held in the afternoon at the home of the bride's parents, at 327 West Fifth street.

• • •

Mrs. Frank Donaldson of Palm street, Duluth Heights, entertained on Friday evening for her son Robert. The house was prettily decorated with autumn leaves and games were the amusement. Those present were:

Misses—	
Lillie Brayton,	Mary Hendry,
Abbie Fox,	Lucy Wood,
Myrtle Noble,	Maud Watts,
Olive Wats,	Olive Nell,
Victoria Sewery,	Alice Conklin,
Irene Arseneau,	Emma Jenkins.
Grace Hanwood,	
Messrs.—	
Victor Van Curen,	Fred Fawcett,
Alfred Brayton,	Roy Butler,
Alfred Amundson,	Alfred Bolyleau,
Herbert Christianson,	Harry Donnellson, John Mahan.

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The "round up" of the Ladies' Guild will be held a week from next Tuesday, Oct. 31. All contributors are requested to have two garments to hand in promptly. The place of meeting will be stated at a later date.

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The members of the Junior class of the Duluth normal school had a spread at the school Friday, at 1 o'clock. The place cards were decorated with the class colors, and festoons of crepe paper formed graceful decoration for the rooms. Miss Hazel Owens, class president, was the toastmistress, and made an excellent one. Miss Marguerite Mitchell played with her usual cleverness, and selections from James Whitcomb Riley were read by Miss Bainbridge. President Bohannon responded to "The New Junior Girls," Lillie Olssen to "My First Impression of the Normal School." Frank Paine to "Our Gymnasium," and Miss Horne to "The New Members of the Faculty."

The entertainment promoted sociability among the girls of the class, and many more pleasant ones are being planned for the year.

• • •

Misses Grace and Jessie Sheridan of 1109 East Third street, entertained at cards this afternoon in honor of Miss Helen Maginnis, who will soon leave Duluth to make her home in Portland, Or.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Norton of 5090 London road, returned this week from a short visit to Minneapolis.

• • •

A farewell surprise party was given in honor of Miss Loretta Richards, at her home at 216 South Fifty-seventh avenue west, on Friday evening. Miss Richards was presented with a very pretty gift, and recitations were given by Margaret Nicholson, Nora Pathune and Harry Richards. The guests included:

Misses—	
Mina Smesage,	Cecilia Skalty,
Mamie Nicholson,	Mayme Richards,
Tina McLeod,	Rosetta Peffer,
Alice Sawyer,	Estella Harvey,
Lizzie Burton,	Ella Brotherton.
Emma Laker.	
Messrs.—	
Fred Jewitt,	Roy Jewitt,
Sidney Webber,	Otto Blau,
William Reinkie,	Stevens Nicholson
John Ledenger,	Liel Baker.
Harry Richards,	

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Anthony Schmied were pleasantly surprised Wednesday evening at their home, 104 South Fifteenth avenue east. Cards furnished amusement, and the favors were won by Mrs. George Walters, Miss Pauline Kreimer and Frank Walters. The guests were:

Messrs. and Mesdames—	
George Walters,	J. L. Goldaz.
Mesdames—	
Frank Fix,	Kreimer.
Peffer.	
Misses—	
Anna Wagner,	Anna Walters,
Pauline Kreimer,	Catherine Peffer.
Messrs.—	
Frank Walters,	Robert Peffer.
Robert Kreimer,	

Clubs and Musical

The Kneisel quartet will appear in Duluth Monday evening, Oct. 23, at the Pilgrim Congregational church. The event promises to be a great success. The program is as follows:

Beethoven—Quartet in G. major, op. 18, No. 2. Allegro, adagio, cantabile, scherzo, allegro. Allegro molto quasi, presto.

Dvorak—Terzetto for two violins and viola, op. 74. Allegro ma non tropos. Larghetto. Scherzo (Vivace.)

Tphor—Duetto for two violins, op. 39, adagio, presto.

Schumann—Quartet in A major, op. 41, No. 3, andante expressive, allegro molto moderato, assai agitato, un poco adagio, tempo risoluto. Adagio molto.

Finale (allegro molto vivace).

The quartet is being brought to Duluth by the Matinee Musical, and the New York Evening Post says of its excellence: "The career of the Kneisel quartet once more affords proof of the fact that New York wants only the best of its kind, and wants that very much indeed. A decade ago Mr. Kneisel and his associates played in the small chamber music room in Carnegie hall, before an audience of sixty, all told. Today they play to the full capacity of Mendelssohn hall, which is as large as an auditorium may be if chamber music is to be heard to advantage. Last night, as on previous occasions, many were turned away, because every seat had been sold. Next winter, those who want to make sure of their seats, will do well to secure them at once for the whole season.

The players aroused the enthusiasm of the audience by their perfect ensemble, tonal euphony, and artistic phrasing, which revealed the very soul of the music. All the music in the program was so good that it is needless to discriminate."

• • •

The beginners and intermediate pupils of George L. Tyler will give their first matinee musical at the Auditorium in the Flaaten conservatory building, Saturday afternoon, Oct. 28, at 3 o'clock. The majority of the pupils taking part in the program have never sung in public before. Of these quite a number have received less than twenty lessons. These preliminary recitals are given solely to stimulate students to greater efforts and give practical lessons in poise and self-possession. The pupils will be assisted by a few of the advanced vocalists and an attractive program is prepared. It is:

"Babylon," (by request)	Adams
Mr. Tyler.	
Last composition by the composer of the "Holy City."	
a. "Four Leaf Clover"	Smith
Ruth Doniy.	
b. "Rosalie"	DeKoven
Gladys Byerly.	
c. "The Willow"	Salter
Violet Jordan.	
a. Song	
J. Wangen.	
b. "The Last Farewell"	Harris
Josephine Johnson.	
c. "A Dream"	Bartlett
Hattie Shapiro.	
a. "A Whisper of Love"	Wellings
Nellie G. Fisher.	
b. "The Robin"	Neidlinger
Grace Parker.	
c. "For You"	D'Hartelot
F. R. Wright.	
a. "Absent"	Metcalf
Mrs. Stanley Butchart.	
b. "The Rose and the Breeze"	DeKoven
Mrs. P. Rosenblad.	
c. "My Mercedes"	Wells
Carrie Prime.	
a. "Love's Sorrow"	Shelley
H. W. Lanners.	
b. "Dorothy"	Sawyer
Ella Mason.	
c. "He Was a Prince"	Lynes
Emily Clausen.	
a. "Vales of Arklow"	Stuart
Arnold Johnson.	
b. "Today"	Trevelyan
Flossie Furni.	
c. "Elegie"	Massenet
Mrs. G. Herbert Jones.	
a. "Plains of Peace"	Bethune
Mrs. G. S. Richards.	
b. "Nita Gitana"	DeKoven
J. Koneczny.	
a. "Love's Echo"	Newton
Angel Smith.	
b. "A Fancy—Heigho"	E. German
Marie Clark.	
c. "Armorer's Song"	DeKoven
Alfred Manser.	
a. "The Serenader"	Eversole
Alice Cooley.	
b. "Sir Patrick Spence" (Scotch Border Balad.)	Edwards
Roy Pryts.	
dc. "My Dearest Heart"	Mattei
Lillian Kuhn.	
d. "Sing, Happy Bird"	Owens
Mrs. C. B. Gilbert.	
Trio—"White Butterfly"	Denza
Misses Prime, Clark, Clausen.	
Accompanists	

Mr. and Mrs. George E. Tyler and Miss Elsie Smith.

The date set for the recital by Edward Baxter Perry is Tuesday evening, Nov. 14. The subscription list is rapidly lengthening and the prospects are that Steinway hall will overflow with Duluth's representative people.

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The program for the next meeting of the Bishop's club is as follows:

Leader—Mrs. Stephens.

Roll call—Book of Judges.

Bible study—

1. "The Israelites as Governed by Judges."
2. "The Israelites as Governed by Kings."
3. "The Kings, Saul, 1095 B. C., David, 1085 B. C.

Book Review, "The Yoke".....Miller

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The program given last evening at the Pilgrim Congregational church by the Altrurian club was an enjoyable one. Mrs. Wallace Boyer of St. Paul, gave three readings with much cleverness. Each number pertained to child life. She was heartily encored. Many Duluth people remember Mrs. Boyer as formerly Miss Herrington, who was the teacher of elocution at Craggencroft.

A beautiful piano solo was given by Miss Pinco, and Mrs. Carl Sheldon played Godard's "Sapeato Valse," accompanied by Miss Ethyleen Fee. For an encore she played "Song Without Words" by Von Gorns. Mrs. Sheldon's playing is always enjoyable. Her Henry the Eighth dances by Germaa were especially good. Louis Dworshak sang two numbers; Muhlbaur's "King of the Woods," and Pinsuti's "Queen of the Earth," with fine expression. Mrs. Boyer closed the program with a musical pantomine, "A Boy's First Day in School," which was received with applause.

Friday evening, November 3, Alfred Hiles Bergen will sing at the Pilgrim Congregational church, under the auspices of the Altrurian club. This will be Mr. Bergen's farewell visit to this city and Duluth's music lovers will be charmed with an opportunity to hear this fine young soloist.

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The executive board of the Twentieth Century club will hold a meeting on Monday morning in the library club rooms at 10 o'clock.

Mrs. J. L. Washburn Is Honored By Club Women

Duluth Woman Chosen President of the State Federation at the Annual Meeting Which Closed at Minneapolis Friday.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

Minneapolis, Oct. 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. J. L. Washburn is the president of the Minnesota State Federation of Women's Clubs and at the closing session held yesterday afternoon she was presented to the women of the state in attendance there. One hundred and thirty-nine votes were cast for president and of these Mrs. Washburn received 137. The other officers who will serve the federation during the next two years, who were elected at this session are: Recording secretary, Mrs. C. E. Conant Wells; auditor, Mrs. C. T. Atwood, St. Cloud; historia, Mrs. H. N. McSusick, Stillwater, and the district vice presidents:

First district, Mrs. Burdette Thayor, Spring Valley.

Second district, Mrs. T. C. Collins.

Third district, Miss Alice Mott, Faribault.

Fourth district, Mrs. J. W. Edgerton, St. Paul.

Fifth district, Mrs. W. M. Hopkins.

Sixth district, Mrs. H. J. Boyd, Alexandria.

Seventh district, Mrs. A. C. Peck.

Eighth district, Mrs. B. F. Hollister of Aitkin.

Ninth district, Mrs. A. C. Wilkinson.

The election of Mrs. Washburn was, of course, not a surprise and the meeting throughout has been one of peace and harmony and no element of discord agitated it in the slightest degree. The formal ballot took place early in the afternoon and at 4 o'clock the report of the tellers was presented to the federation. Although the president, Mrs. F. S. Allen, requested that no applause be given during the report of the tellers, the announcement of Mrs. Washburn's election as president was received with a round of applause.

When the new officers were presented the federation by Mrs. Allen, Mrs. Washburn responded with a charming little speech. She said:

"So many presidents have been elected by so many different organizations, and so many speeches have been made at those times that everything original and appropriate has already been said. But I want to take this occasion to express my appreciation of the honor which you have conferred upon me and the confidence you have shown in me. You have given your honor and support so willingly and ungrudingly that my earnest hope is that you will not be disappointed. I fully realize that it is no summer pastime to be president of this Minnesota Federation of Women's Clubs. But one consolation remains, it doesn't all have to be done tonight. I am surprised now at my temerity in taking the office, but in remembering as the cheerful old woman of the story that but one thing has to be done at a time, I will endeavor to deserve the confidence you have shown in me. Again I thank you."

The presentation of the new officers was the last business of the afternoon. Mrs. Washburn was presented with a beautiful bouquet of American beauty roses by the delegation of Duluth women and after the meeting an informal reception was held while the women of the federation congratulated the new president.

The other feature of the afternoon program was an informal talk by the general federation president, Mrs. Sarah Platt Decker. Mrs. Decker was to have addressed the federation Thursday evening, but she appeared simply and said the church was cold, the session of the day had been long and trying and that if Minnesota brains could stand any more they were different from any other sort in the union.

The announcement that she was to speak informally this afternoon was welcomed gladly by the women. Mrs. Decker is a woman of peculiar magnetism and in her happy speeches humor, delicate pathos, intelectual acumen and the well-poised ease and grace of the woman are evident. Mrs. Decker has a fund of stories that always just illustrate her point and a more gracious and efficient woman would be hard to find. She spoke at the close of the afternoon's discussion of the theme, "The Study Club," and she said in part:

"The study club and art education are very near to my heart for it was



MRS. J. L. WASHBURN,
Newly Elected President of State Federation of Women's

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Removes Tan, Pimples, Freckles, Moth Patches, Rash, and Skin diseases, and every blemish on beauty, and defies detection. It has stood the test of 56 years, and is so harmless we taste it to be sure it is properly made. Accept no counterfeit of similar name. Dr. L. A. Sayre said to a lady of the hauten (a patient): "As you ladies will use them, I recommend 'Gouraud's Cream' as the least harmful of all the skin preparations." For sale by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers in the U. S., Canada, and Europe.

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FERD. T. HOPKINS, Prop'r, 37 Great Jones St., N. Y.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

the study club which was the beginning and it must continue to the end of federation life. The study club, which is a study for you alone, is not real study. Real study of any kind is for the world. A town of the West that I know of had nine Shakespeare classes and it was the most wretched town on the face of the earth. Its fences were down, its churches did not hold together, its schools were poor and I found out the reason when I saw the program for one afternoon's session of one of the nine Shakespeare classes.

"The program included 'Romeo and Juliet,' 'Hamlet,' 'Twelfth Night' and 'Measure for Measure.' No wonder it was the most wretched of places to live. The people of it had not learned and studied even one of the many glorious mesages which Shakespeare has given the world. Somebody has said that in the short span of human life man cannot know but one of Shakespeare's dramas. The club which will study must live its study. Have we worked our programs out right? We must recognize that every study must be for life's sake, for the sake of the world. Federation has grown because this great force is a part of the world. We have our work to do and our load to lift.

"I want to say a word about the biennial which will be held in your state in June of next year. The meeting is going to be a most practical one, and the thing I want most to impress upon you is that the biennial is yours. It is not St. Paul's biennial, but Minnesota's biennial. It will be held for the glory of Minnesota, and will be a great uplift to us all."

At the afternoon session, "The Study Club' was the theme for the papers and discussion, Mrs. E. H. Loyhed of Parkbault, presiding. "The Value of the Study Club for Women" was the subject of a paper presented by Mrs. E. H. Hill of St. Cloud, who spoke of the value of the club particularly to women of middle life, who have passed through the gayeties of youth, have not the care of little children, but who desire to keep in the lead of their children for years to come and not follow. "The Club Woman," Mrs. Hill said, "returns from her study club not hungry mentally, but hungry physically, and it is admitted that the mental help of that club will help her in deciding the difficult problems."

The report of the committee of the Art club was presented by Mrs. Martha Scott Anderson Wyman of Chicago, and the "Results of the State Art Laws," was the subject of a paper by Miss Gauther of St. Paul.

The reports of the committee on nominations was given and accepted, as also were the committees on resolutions and invitations. No invitation has been received for the next annual meeting, and the usual resolutions of thanks to the city and organizations which have extended courtesies to the federation were drawn up.

At the morning's session little business was transacted, and promptly at 10 o'clock the program was begun. A motion was introduced at that session that no fraternal greetings, but those pertaining to federation work be received at the annual meetings, except in writing, was, after much discussion tabled.

The morning's theme was "Social Life of Children and Youth," and Miss Lawrence of St. Cloud, chairman of the educational committee presided. This session was one of the most delightful of the federation. The report of the committee on Mother's clubs, was given by Mrs. H. S. Birch of Minenapolis, and a more sincere and helpful talk was not delivered before the meeting. Mrs. Birch admits that her hobby is Mother's clubs, and Dr. Norman Charters of Winona spoke on "Child's Pday," and Miss Booth of St. Cloud spoke of "The Teacher's Point of View of the Amusement of Youth." Mrs. J. L. Washburn spoke on "The Mother's Point of View," and the talk is of interest to all Duluth women. The complete address follows:

"I once heard a young minister—an unmarried man—preach a sermon on 'Love, Marriage and Divorce.' It was a most carefully though out sermon, apparently safe in its premises and sound in its logic, which, being conceded, the argument reached an inevitable and most satisfactory conclusion. Withal, the sermon contained much good advice to married people, how they might so regulate their conduct toward each other as to preclude the evil of divorce, etc. The congregation consisted chiefly of sober, sedate, middle-aged married people.

"Some of his friends were inclined to have a little fun at the expense of the minister, and rallied him in his termerity in attacking such a subject before such an audience. He, however, maintained the reasonableness of his position, making this remarkable statement: 'I maintain,' he said, 'that I am better fitted to give instruction on this subject than is one of greater experience, for I have the whole world of thought and literature on the subject from which to draw, and am entirely unlimited by experience.'

"In trying to instruct you today on the subject assigned, I find myself in exactly the reverse position from that of the minister, I am terribly hampered by experience.

"You possibly may know—I have mentioned it to a few people—that I am the mother of six 'interesting children.' (That is the way it would read if I were being written up for 'Who's Who,' or for my obituary). The experience which such a family necessarily furnishes a mother handicaps her terribly when trying to prepare a paper on a subject like the one under present consideration.

"I told the chairman of the program committee that I doubted my ability, under the circumstances, to comply with her request; but that, were it not for this limiting experience, I feel sure I might, after careful study and thought, produce an exposition of the subject that would do credit to her choice of a speaker, one that should state from a psychological standpoint, the absolute necessity of amusements for our youth, with a category of games, sports and diversions suited to their age. To this our honorable chairman replied that my experience was exactly what she wanted and that it performed the chief and only reason for her choice of speaker on the subject. Pleasant, wasn't it?

"Perhaps some of you have already reached the period when your chief distraction seems to lie in being 'Harry's mother' or 'John's mother' or 'Mary's mother.' If so, you have a fellow feeling which makes us wondrous kind' and I may count on your good will from the start. Anyway, I don't see why Madam Chairman had to pick on me just on account of my six children. She has eight; one of her own and they have furnished her with a great deal more experience than mine have me, for she has succeeded in marrying off three of hers, which I have not done. Moreover, anything in this line that I have learned from experience seems by this time so self-evident that it will sound trite and stale in the telling. But if experience is what the chairman wants, she shall have it 'good and plenty,' as the children say. My paper shall just bristle with 'I's' and 'we's;' when I say 'we,' you may know that I am generously including 'him' with myself.

"We will assume, first of all, that children of all ages must have amusement and that they must have plenty of it. We children of a larger growth need more than we allow ourselves. You will be more ready to concede this first premises of mine,than would a similar assembly a generation or two ago, if you could at that time have found such a gathering of women.

"The next proposition is that the more amusements young people can have which include their parents, the better for the children, the better for the parents and the better for the stability of the home. Our boys would rather stay at home and play a game of cards with their father than to attend almost any kind of a party away from home. 'Cards!' I hear some of you saying with a questioning look and inflection, for the precepts of our Puritan ancestors are still weighty with many of us. Yes, cards. Even 'bridge,' if played properly and in moderation. I believe a game of cards to be one of the very best means of self discipline. A boy who can be a gentleman when playing 'bridge' with a poor partner, can be a gentleman in every relation of life.

"Many of you can look back, as I can myself, to the family parties held in your childhood at Thanksgiving and Christmas time. All of the relatives within reach were gathered together on these days. And after the dinner was all cleared away and dusk was beginning to fall, did your father and mother join you in games of 'pussy wants a corner,' 'Ruth and Jacob' and 'blind man's buff' as did mine? Wasn't it exciting to see those sober, elderly people, with their New England restraint and reserve groping helplessly about with eyes bandaged and calling out at intervals 'Jacob, where art thou?' or 'Ruth, where art thou;' and then to see them rushing frantically for a corner. Those holiday times when father and mother shared the sports of the children are among the happiest memories of my childhood home and those are the times when father and mother came nearest to the children.

"We cannot live over again with our children exactly the same experiences as those which appealed to us in our youth. Times change; likewise manners and customs. But the principle remains that amusements shared by parents and children have a wholesome and lasting influence.

"There are other kinds of family parties and diversions more adapted to the youth of today and to which he may some time look back with the same tender memory as that in which we have just indulged.

"You surely do not need to be told of the charms of a family picnic, a picnic which includes every member of two or three families. But perhaps you are not all such picnic fiends are are we Duluthians. Our summers are so short and so precious that most of our diversions during that season are taken out of doors. But, truly, don't you think that the family picnic is far more enjoyable than is one consisting of all grown people or of all children?

"About two weeks ago one of my daughters had her fifteenth birthday. She decided that instead of any present or party, she would like to take a number of her girl friends for a drive down the north shore of the lake and have a picnic luncheon under the trees near the pumping station of our waterworks. So a buckboard was secured that would seat twenty-one people if they were not too large. There were fifteen little girls of about the same age, and, of course, the mother must go along as chaperone—you can imagine how reluctantly.

"As there was still room, the little brother and sister were made supremely happy by being told that they might go, then another mother was thrown in just for luck, and the party was complete. It was to the mothers one of the red-letter days of their lives. They drank in the balmy air, the gorgeous autumn scenery, the blue sky and the no less blue water. And then the young people! Isn't it a pleasure to watch and listen to girls of that age? Just taking on the grace of womanhood, so full of enthusiasm and hope, so full of living over with joy and laughter. When after luncheon they were asked if they would like to drive back to town and see the finish of the football game, you should have heard the shout that went up in response. And I thought how easy it is to make young people happy. And so they drove back, singing, hallowing their horns and waving their colors. They all assured us that it was 'the time of their life,' but then, you know, girls are always having 'the times of their lives.'

"I only mention this little incident to show you one of the ways in which we may share our children's amusements, if we will but take the time as they come in our ways. It would have been very easy for those mothers, both busy women, to think that they could not take a whole day, and Saturday at that, to go off pleasuring. But what they would have missed had they so decided! The drive, the fresh air, the young companionship gave them a physical and mental stimulus that will keep them young for an added year.

"Here is another 'experience' incident to make up for the limitations which that same 'experience' puts on my flights of eloquence. One winter five sets of neighboring families, including about twenty-five people, old and young, had a series of most pleasing entertainments at irregular intervals during the winter. The hostess furnished the refreshments, a plain supper at an early hour, with the whole twenty-five gathered about one large table when possible; while the children furnished the entertainment which followed. Many of the children were musical, playing different instruments or singing. But every one must do something; if not music, then a reading or a recitation or a charade. This doubtless sounds very tame, and it would not be sufficiently hilarious for a steady diet, but our experience was that the children looked forward to these little entertainments with eagerness and carried off their parts with enthusiasm. Doubtless the eating together had some attraction for the younger members. Several things were accomplished by these gatherings. Our children became better acquainted with our friends, we became better acquainted with our friends' children.

"It is a great mistake not to keep in touch with the young life that is springing up all about us and which will soon be disputing our places in the business and social world.

It is a great mistake likewise for our children not to keep in touch with their parents' friends, who by their position and experience might often be of use to the young man or woman struggling for recognition and position in the world of 'grown ups.' Another end obtained by means of that winter's entertainments was a greater interest on the part of the children in their music lessons and more careful practice of the same.

"Dancing, with proper surroundings and under careful chaperonage, is one of the prettiest and most harmless forms of amusement. Be thankful if you have a room in your own home that can be used for a dancing hall; and if your son or daughter gets in a way of inviting in a few friends in the evening for dancing, encourage them in it. A dear St. Paul mother whom many of you know has, at a few hours' notice, given her son and bring his whole fraternity from the 'U,' with their girl friends, for a dancing party. There was no regular dance hall in the house, but the whole lower floor was at their disposal, furniture and rugs disappeared as if by magic. A mother who will take so much trouble to give her children suitable amusement verily shall not lose her reward, for don't you believe that her boys and girls are going to be ready to do anything for her when the occasion arises?

"Public dances are very different affairs. It is quite unnecessary to speak of their objectionable features. Even the semi-public ones in connection with the high school, other fraternity parties or dances following class 'spreads,' were quite a problem to me, and experience forced me to decide contrary to my theory when the question arose as to whether my daughter should occasionally be allowed to attend such gatherings.

"I had written thus far and intended to say nothing more in regard to the amusements which in any way connect themselves with school life, but my own indecision on the subject and partly because I felt that that part of the program was in so much more capable hands than mine. But after writing what I have read, a letter came to me from Mrs. Lawrence, our educational chairman, in which were these questions: 'What do you think of the school sleigh-ride party? School picnic? Teachers often wonder, when they find themselves called upon to chaperone such affairs, whether the mothers consider them necessary evils.'

"What do I think of them? Honestly I don't know. I told you that experience forced me to decide contrary to my theory, and I let my daughter go occasionally to the school dancing parties. You see the reason of the mental confusion is that there are good arguments on both sides.

"Class parties or school parties of any kind tend to strengthen the spirit of unity which is certainly a good thing in an educational institution—particularly good is so democratic an institution as are our public schools. Then too, such diversions as are connected with the school are practically all of the proper amusements which come into the lives of a large proportion of the student body. For them it is certainly a good thing. 'Class spreads,' in Duluth, are held in the high school building itself, and the dance that follows, seems quite a harmless affair. The principal of the school remains until the last student has gone. There are always a number of the other teachers present also; furthermore, students are not allowed to dance to an inordinately late hour, and it is always on Friday night. So much in favor of the parties.

"On the other hand, I prefer to know reasonably well the intimate associates of my children. That is entirely impossible with the great student body with whom our children come in contact in the large high schools of the state. Please understand I make no objection based on social position or financial condition. With me it is purely a question of morals and manners. The natural association which comes through their ordinary school life is all right, and I thoroughly believe in the democracy of it, but when it comes to the more intimate social contact into which they are thrown at a dance, a picnic, or on a sleigh ride, I confess that I am doubtful. The question of chaperones too at a school drive, or a fraternity picnic, is a different one than in the case previously mentioned of class spreads.

"The chaperone is here selected, because of her marked fitness for the position in the eyes of the young people—some young teacher whose good times are so near and so perpetually fresh to her that she would not lay one straw in the way of the good times of her young friends; or some very newly married young woman who is supposed to have qualified by the marriage ceremony for the office of chaperone. Really the chaperone matter in connection with many of these affairs is most amusing.

"In the kind of entertainment which we are now discussing, the school drive or the fraternity picnic, a girl must have a 'bid' as she calls it from some boy. Moreover the boy must be able to spend some money. This quite effectually eliminates from these diversions the pupils who most need them, because of their lack of amusement anywhere else, and so, after considering the pros and cons, we come back again to the same position—I don't know. But still we would not say that such things are 'unnecessary evils,' for if there is any question of evil about them, we must decide against them at once. Properly chaperoned by teachers or parents, preferably the latter, I don't believe that they are necessarily harmful and certainly they form a means of bringing teacher and pupil or parent and child nearer together. After all, our children's best safeguard lies in their good senses, sound judgment, and in their good sense, sound judgment, and in the strength of character. And for these, surely years of careful training by precept and example must avail much. If you son or daughter is not so grounded it is a pity, indeed. Judgment and strength of character, be sure that you know it and act accordingly. We can lay down no hard and fast rules that will fit all, no hard and fast rules that will fit all, but must decide each individual case as it arises, furnished the refreshments, a plain supper at an early hour, with the whole twenty-five gathered about one large table when possible; while the children furnished the entertainment which followed. Many of the children were musical, playing different instruments or singing. But every one must do something; if not music, then a reading or a recitation or a charade. This doubtless sounds very tame, and it would not be sufficiently hilarious for a steady diet, but our experience was that the children looked forward to these little entertainments with eagerness and carried off their parts with enthusiasm. Doubtless the eating together had some attraction for the younger members. Several things were accomplished by these gatherings. Our children became better acquainted with our friends, we became better acquainted with our friends' children.

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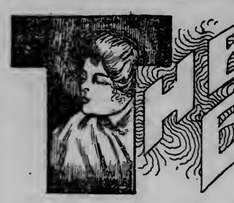
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PRETTY WEDDING AT EVELETH, MINN.

Roy M. Cornwall and Edna Lyna Kingston Are Married.

Eveleth, Minn., Oct. 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—This morning at 10:30 o'clock in the Methodist church the marriage of Miss Edna Lyna Kingston and Mr. Roy Malon Cornwall was celebrated. For several weeks past much interest has been centered in preparations for these nuptials as the bride belongs to one of Eveleth's most popular and prominent families. The church in which the rites were solemnized lends itself charmingly to decoration and it never looked more effective than on this occasion, the color scheme of green and white being carried out to perfection. After the song 'I Love You Truly" sung beautifully by Miss Sarah Bowers, the familiar strains of Lohengrin announced the bridal party. First the ushers, Messrs. William Kingston, Anthony Puck and D. P. McIntyre. Then the maids, Misses Mae Trezona Fern Marsell and Corrie Barrett, gowned in dainty white mull with white aigrette ornaments in their hair. Next came the matron of honor Mrs. William A. Kingston in a beautiful gown and the bride following on the arm of her father. Her gown was of exquisite white silk and she wore a picture hat in white also and her only ornament was a dainty pin of pearls and diamonds, the gift of the groom. Always an attractive girl, she was a beautiful bride. They were met at the altar by the groom and his best man, Merton Kingston, the bride's brother, and by the pastor Rev. Robert J. Taylor who officiated. During the impressive ceremony Mrs. Walter J. Smith, who played the wedding music, played softly the "Love Song" by Nevin and followed with Mendelsohn's "Wedding March" to which the party marched out. Directly after the ceremony at the church, the breakfast was served at the home of the bride. Only the immediate family, intimate friends and bridal party were asked and covers were laid for twenty-two. These guests were Mr. and Mrs. Roy M. Cornwell, Rev. and Mrs. Taylor, Mr. and Mrs. P. Ellard Dowling, Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Whitman, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Kingston, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Smith, Mrs. J. Cornwall of Winona and the party. The gifts exquisite in their variety and selection were displayed in an upper room. Mr. and Mrs. Cornwall left on the noon train for a trip that will include Chicago and Winona, the latter the home of the groom. Upon their return in two weeks they will immediately go to housekeeping in their pretty new home all complete on B avenue.



EVENING STORY

H C Hubert

A SERIOUS SUBJECT

By T. B. Dysart.

(Copyright, 1905, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

"I would do neither," replied Mr. Price. "It would be nonsense to kill either of them, and folly to kill myself."

"But wouldn't you punish him in any way?" insisted Miss Winter.

"Oh, yes, I would punish him," replied Mr. Price, good-naturedly. "I would make him take her and live with her. There are some things, you know, that are worse than death."

"I like that," said Mrs. Price, interrupting the conversation between her husband and their guest.

"You like what? That kind of punishment?" asked Price.

"No; the insinuation that it would be punishment for a man to live with me."

"Well, little one," I ought to know. I have lived with you for three years," replied her husband, steadingly.

"But wouldn't you blame your wife," insisted Miss Winter, returning to their former discussion.

"No, I wouldn't blame her," replied Price. "Of course, I have no objection to my wife being my slave, but I want it to be voluntary slavery. If I thought she was true to me just because she was afraid of me, I wouldn't love her any longer. And if I didn't love her I wouldn't care what became of her."

"Then, would you not blame the man," persisted Miss Winter.

"If my wife was like some wives, I might; but as it is I could not. I couldn't blame any man for falling in love with her. I did, and a man should not blame others for doing what he does himself. In fact, I don't see how any man could know her without loving her. And if he loved her as I do, I couldn't blame him, no matter what he did."

"Thank you," volunteered Mrs. Price. "You must want to go to the club tonight."

"Well, I would like to go to the club, but that would not cause me to make a statement I did not mean, for I know that if any wife thought I really wanted to go she would consent without me bribing her with flattery."

"That is certainly very clever of you," replied Mrs. Price, sweetly. "Really, I think you are trying to bribe me now. But, of course you may go. Nellie and I can get along nicely until you return. Can't we, Nellie?"

"Oh, Marie, you make me tired," pouted Miss Winter. "I would like to see the husband that could wind me around his finger by giving me such nonsense."

Just wait, dear, until you have a husband," replied Mrs. Price as she put her hand playfully within her husband's. "It will sound different when he says it."

Although they had been married nearly three years, Mr. and Mrs. Price were apparently in their honeymoon, and had such confidence in each other that they were able to speak jestingly of matters that were really serious. Like a true husband he had never once suspected her, and would have proven himself a fool if anyone had even suggested that his confidence was overgreat and sustained by a blind affection. However, he little knew how soon this confidence was to be shaken.

When he returned from the club that evening his wife did not meet him at the door, as was her custom. The lights were turned very low, and the house seemed peaceful and deserted. He was surprised at this, but supposed there was some good reason for it, and at first gave it no serious consideration. However, after, carefully, searching the house, and finding no trace of her, he began to take the matter more seriously. He strolled aimlessly around the lonely rooms for a time, then went out on the porch and tried to find comfort in the soothing qualities of his cigar. It was a beautiful night—almost as light as day—and he sat there puffing rings of smoke and watching them fade away. He often sat there alone, when he knew that Marie was in the house, and had enjoyed it immensely, but now a feeling of gloom and lonliness crept over him. One thought occupied his mind—where was Marie, and why had she gone out without leaving any clew to her whereabouts. Presently it occurred to him that she might be somewhere in the garden, and he at once continued his quest in that direction. As he approached the hammock his loneliness was supplanted by a thrill of joy, for there sat Marie, within a few feet of him.

At first he thought Nellie was with her, and slipped cautiously up, thinking to surprise them. But as he drew near, much to his astonishment, he discovered that her companion was not Nellie, but a man—a very stout, young fellow with a carefully trained mustache.

"Who can it be?" thought he, with a little sting of jealousy. "And how uncomfortably close he is sitting to her. It almost looks as though his arm was around her. But no! this could not be—it must be simply a shadow."

Although he tried to argue in favor of his wife, and convince himself that she was doing nothing but what was right and proper, the green-eyed monster rose up within him and began to growl furiously.

Never before had he sought to pry into his wife's secrets, but now he listened eagerly to catch the drift of the conversation in which they seemed so much absorbed. They were talking in a subdued tone, and at first he was unable to catch a single word. Presently his wife broke forth in an unmistakable, but nervous and excited voice:

"No, no; not tonight dear. Wait a little longer. It seems so terrible— I must have more time to think it over."

"But why wait?" replied the man, in a strange, unnatural voice. "You have been putting me off this way for weeks. Why will it be easier later than now. Let us decide tonight. When the first step is taken the worst will be over, and we will be so happy together—just you and I."

"But, deary, I have a friend visiting me now, and while she is here I can make no preparations without her knowing it. Wait until she is gone, and it will be so much easier."

"You got rid of her this evening easily enough. Why can't you manager her just as well at other times?"

"But I can't; you know I can't. And if we should be found out all would be over."

"Now, sweetheart, this is only an excuse. If you really loved me you wouldn't let a little thing like this stand in the way. The fact is, you are still clinging to that insipid husband of yours. Now, honest, isn't that true?"

"No, no; you know it is not. If I cared for him I would not be here with you. He is such an innocent, unsuspecting dupe, it seems like cruelty to animals to hurt him."

"There darling, I know you still loved him."

"Why, deary, how can you say such a thing? He is kind and generous to me, and if awfully good; but what is kindness and generosity to a heart that loves another? And his goody-goodness bores me."

"My love, my percious little sweetheart, I can stand this no olnger. You tell me that you love me, and at times I think you do; but you put me off, and put me off, till at times I doubt you. You are driving me mad, sweetheart. You are more to me than life or death, but this uncertainty is worse than either. This oscillation between heat and cold is worse than being burned or frozen. I must know my fate at once—and know it by actions that speak louder than words, or I will leave you and blot you from my memory, or destroy my memory. I can stand this no longer."

"Oh, darling! darling!" she answered, "how can you speak so? You can't help but know I love you. There is nothing I would not do for you. Life without you is not living, but is simply waiting for your return. There is not a moment when I cannot close my eyes and see you, or hear the music of your voice; not a moment when I do not think of you and long for you. There is no beautiful suggest you by way of comparison; all that is horrible, by way of contrast. If you could but look into my heart and see yourself as I see you, you would never again doubt that I am yours, and yours alone. Do trust me, dearest, just a little longer, and I will prove to you that you have not waited in vain."

During all this scene Price stood rooted to the spot—so much puzzled to know what he was doing—and saw the whole thing only as in dream. There could no longer be any doubt as to the shadow on his wife's waist, for her arms were now around the man's neck and their cheeks were pressed loivngly together. Soon his stupor gave way to rage, and he could contain himself no longer, but flew into the house, snatched something from the bureau and pounced down on the lovers like a madman.

The man sprang to his feet in astonishment, and Mrs. Price dropped on her knees and begged her husband to spare them.

"Spare you!" he roared. "Yes, I will spare you, but the man must die."

But, wait, wait!' pleaded Mrs. Price. "You know our secret now, and it is all over between you and me. Now let me go with him, and I will leave you forever."

"Leave me for this culprit?" cried the enraged man. "Not while I have strength to prevent it."

"But you cannot love me now, since you know I love another."

"Love you! I will love you to spite you, and will keep you if I must lock you in a room. But this man, whoever he is, has breathed his last."

A revolver flashed in the moonlight. Mrs. Price grabbed his hand, and the bullet went wide of its mark.

The report of the pistol was followed by a wild scream. The strange man jerked his hat from his head and a mass of curls fell down on the padded shoulders; the mustache fell from the upper lip and sweet, but frightened girl's face presented itself in the full glow of the moonlight—as harmless a countenance as ever wooed a lady.

"Don't you know me, Mr. Price?" screamed a girl's voice. "It's only Nellie."

Mr. Price dropped the gun and stood pale and trembling -- quite as much frightened as either of the women.

"Just think," he gasped, "if I had killed Nellie. Or worse yet," he continued, as his face grew dark and cold—"if it had been a man and I had failed to kill him."

Finns In New York

May Be Plotting Against Russia But Will Not Tell of It—Refugees Arriving By Hundreds.

New York, Oct. 20.—Unlike other exiles who have had revolutionary headquarters in New York, the Finns here are apt to conceal their sentiment toward Russia more or less and to let their deeds speak louder than words. They do not see the moral effect of advertisement and proclamation; they neither appeal for outside aid, nor utter threats against the Russian oppressor. If they talk at all it is in disclaimer of revolutionary scheming.

There are about 15,000 Finns living in New York and its vicinity, some 300,000 in the whole country. They arrive at this port at the rate of from 200 to 400 a week.

They are largely refugees who hasten to renounce allegiance to the czar and become citizens. All over the country the events of the last few months in Finland have decided thousands of Finns, formerly intent on going back to the homeland when they had made a little money, to become American citizens.

But the New York Finn, who is a revolutionist, would be amusing on account of his reticence if it were not for the grim issue involved. He is a well educated man, speaking fair English, a doctor, journalist, building contractor, or factory manager.

If he comes from around Helsingfors he will be of a fair haired, blue-eyed Swedish type. If he hails from the Northern Finland he will have a dark complexion, curious round brown eyes, the flattish Mongol face, snub nose and prominent cheek-bones. This is the extreme type. You might add to the chin two long equilateral triangles of brown whiskers, barred at the base with a straight mustache.

"What is the news from the old country?" asks the inquirer.

"It is very bad," replies the polite, ingenuous Finn, twirling the straight mustache. "The peace in the Far East comes unfortunately for us. The news is worse every day. Last week 1,000 of my countrymen in Helsingfors were attacked and dispersed by the police in a peaceful assembly."

"Has anything else happened?"

"Yes, they are lately filling the country with troops. There are now 30,000 or 40,000 soldiers on our backs."

"Do you still have faith in the czar?"

"We have no faith in the czar nor in his bureaucrats. We believe the Russian people are well disposed to us."

"Nothing but a revolution can help you?"

"That might have been possible during the war," he replied with a thoughtful candor, "and if the other states of Russia had risen also. Now we must wait twenty years until all Russia is ripe—the mujik educated."

"I see. Then you know nothing of the shipload of arms that was wrecked near Jakobstad on Sept. 8?"

"Oh, yes, it was an English ship. It must have been sent from the continent. The Russian actives may have sent it, or it might even have been sent by the bureaucrats to make trouble for us."

"So you merely raise funds for the cause here?"

"We do what is law abiding. We stand on the law to regain our rights. That is our doctrine of passive resistance. Somebody may contribute a little money to print pamphlets."

"Are you hampered in your work by Russian spies?"

"No, the spies do not bother us in this country. At home, yes. Hohenthal, who killed the procurator general last spring, joined the spy system in order to give warning to his friends and countrymen."

"But I have heard precisely that there are spies in New York?"

"Oh, perhaps you are thinking of S——, who spoke publicly some time ago and whose sister was taken out of a school in Helsingfors and flogged by the gendarmes. Yes, that happened."

"Did it not happen also that you were followed and annoyed?"

"I? Let me see," says the candid Finn, stroking his beard. "A few weeks ago two young men said they were Russian actives, came to me and wanted to co-operate. They asked many questions. But I can tell a Russian spy—what you call?—a mile off. I did not talk. I am not in the revolution."

"You are an exile at least. You fled from your home, leaving family and property."

"I was perhaps a little timid without cause. I had a telephone message saying the police were looking for papers in my house. It made me uneasy in my mind, and so I went away. I stand on the law. I could go back if I wanted."

"Do you go to prayer meeting?" said the inquirer, feeling some of the pleasures of a cross-examiner.

"Sometimes I go to prayer meeting. It is a branch of the Lutheran church. We have several churches about the city, and they do good work."

"Perhaps you were not at that prayer meeting which was so largely attended and where the people came, each, bringing a rifle under his overcoat?"

The Finn sat silent under this pointed question, which was no idle fancy of the inquirer. He carassed his beard, gradually assumed an expression of bland surprise, and said:

"How could that be? Our pastors are not such foolish men to allow it. Their task is to teach religion. Besides, it is not sensible to collect arms in that open way. It would be more secret to get a thousand rifles at once. One rifle sticking out would betray them. Besides, you say under their overcoats, so it must have been winter time, not now."

This fencing conversation, a study in ingenious evasion, went on for some time. The Finn was always polite and on the surface candid. He was anxious not to have his name used, yet he feared nothing as a law abiding citizen of the grand duchy.

He did not believe in the revolution; yet he gave the inquirer copies of a foreign pamphlet glorifying as patriots the slayers of Boorikoff and Johnsson. To prove it was foreign, he showed the postage stamps on the package in which the pamphlets came.

The assassination record in Finland begins with the killing of Governor General Bobrikoff by the son of Senator Schaumann in June, 1904. The assassin committed suicide.

Last spring Lennart Hohenthal, a student, slew Procurator General Johnsson, who was held to be a Finnish traitor. He was sentenced to prison for life, and last week, when his plea for commutation was refused, escaped and it still at large.

About the same time C. Prokope got life imprisonment for killing Lieut. Col. Kramarenko. Governor Miasoyadoff receovered from the attack of Reinikke, who was sentenced to twenty-six months in prison. In August there was an attempt to kill Senator Deutrich, a Russian member of the Finnish senate. There have been many bomb attempts.

It is interesting to learn from one of the above mentioned pamphlets—for the Russian censorship has not allowed such facts to be cabled—that the trials of these assassins at Helsingfors were more like triumphs for the accused than anything else. Hohenthal's counsel, P. E. Svinhufvud, a former judge of the court of appeals, declared that his client had upheld the law as against the traitorous disregard of it by the deceased procurator general. It was absurd to try a man under a code meant for a law governed country.

Hohenthal was compared to Eugen Schaumann, "whose memory the people of Finland bless. He has liberated his country from a tyrant."

The audience was wildly enthusiastic. Even the public prosecutor spoke well of Hohenthal, saying: "It has been impossible to assign any selfish motives for his acts; they have evidently been prompted by reasons of an idealistic character."

The largest Finn colony in this country live and work in the copper mining region about Calumet, Mich. They number 10,000, have their own doctors, lawyers and a district attorney.

Another large colony is established on irrigated land at Fresno, Cal. All through the lumber districts east and west there are many Finns, who are natural foresters and lumbermen. Employers say they are the most industrious, sober and tractable of workers.

The 15,000 Finns in this vicinty are distributed among Brooklyn, New York, Hoboken and Jersey City. The largest number are carpenters and cabinet makers, next railroad track hands, painters, tailors, miscellaneous tradesmen and day laborers.

The New York colony lives mainly in the Bronx. South Brooklyn has a colony with its own church, newspaper and various shops. The jeweler sells watches engraved with pictures of reindeer. The toymaker carves snowshoes for the children. The druggist dispenses balsam extracts from home.

E. J. Antell is editor of the Finnish American, a weekly newspaer that lately lost 600 subscribers through its being forbidden in Finland. One of his brothers, a Helsingfors journalist, editor of Finland's official paper, had to flee the country because he failed to publish the czar's manifesto.

Another brother found it convenient to resign a colonelcy in the Russian army. The Finnish American, which is printed in Swedish, has a special home correspondence that follows a mysterious route apart from posts and telegraphs.

Pastors Emil Panellus, K. E. Lindstrom, M. Josefson and G. Blomgren are leading lights of the clergy hereabouts. None of these conducted the colony famed prayer meeting when the devout came with rifles in lieu of hymn books.

Dr. J. Hoving of 282 Lennox avenue, Manhattan, is acknowledged as one of the best Finnish physicians. He is a staid stalwart man and tells very calmly how he fled from Helsingfors because detected in the crime of receiving smuggled literature.

He owned a large sanitarium and had to leave his property without a moment's warning. His wife and children were permitted to join him in exile. He has taken out his first papers to become an American citizen. If Hohenthal had not stopped to become a patriot assassin he would be working as a masseur for Dr. Hoving.

Axel Hornborg, agent of the Finland Steam Navigation company, is a blue eyed, jolly old man with a white chin beard. He is like a father to the young immigrants that come trooping into his office laden with bundles, bags and valises. He starts them on railroad journeys to the West or sees that they have a safe place to go until relatives arrive to meet them.

It is delightful to see the rainbow costumes of the young ladies that sit demure or blushing in the company's office. A red skirt, an olive green waist and a mauve hat is a popular combination. The hat has plentiful feathers.

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The Latest Books and Magazines

"Government Regulation of Railway Rates,"
By Hugo R. Meyer.

"Hearts' Haven," By Katherine Evans Blake.

"The Pang-Yanger," By Elma A. Travis.

"A Wanderer In Holland," By E. V. Lucas.

"Deerfoot In the Forest," By Edward S. Ellis.

"Merciful Unto Me, a Sinner," By Elinor Dawson.

"Government Regulation of Railway Rates," by Hugo R. Meyer, is a frank defense of the railroads and a vigorous argument against federal regulation of rates, which the author says he was led to write "because of the possibility that congress, influenced by the discontent that exists in some sections of the country, because of the friction necessarily incident to the transaction of the complicated business of transportation, may be led to enact ill-considered laws granting dangerously enlarged power to the interstate commerce commission."

The book presents the side of the railroads very completely, and, apparently to the satisfaction of the author, conclusively. Prof. Meyer, who is assistant professor of political economy in the University of Chicago, appeared before the senate committee on interstate and foreign commerce last summer, and gave his testimony much along the lines laid down in his book. He says in the book that he approached the study of railway regulation from the viewpoint of the advanced socialist, and that his study of conditions in other countries, where the governments control or own the railroads, made him a decided individualist, and knocked all his socialistic ideas out of him.

His conclusion is that "whatever evils now exist, none of them are at all commensurate with the harm which must result from bestowing the power to fix railway rates upon the interstate commerce commission." He devotes the first third of his book to a study of conditions as he found them in Europe, and the remainder to conditions in this country, during the consideration of which he goes quite extensively into railway history.

Prof. Meyer makes the mistakes that others are making—if it is not done advisedly—of setting up a straw man and charging upon it full tilt, scattering its remains lavishly over the earth. He assumes that the proposition is for the government to step in and take away from the railways their power of making rates, and to turn it over to the interstate commerce commission. The plan to which President Roosevelt has committed himself is simply to give the interstate commerce commission, when it is convinced by a full and fair hearing that a railway rate is unjust, the power to substitute for it a rate that it believes to be fair.

However, the book should be read by all who are interested in the rate problem, no matter which way their ideas may tend. Those favoring government regulation should read it to get the viewpoint of the railroads, while those opposing government regulations will find in it an abundance of information on the subject.

The Macmillan company, New York, publishes the book.

* * *

"Hearts' Haven," by Katherine Evans Blake, is a very pretty love story in a new and quaint setting. The scenes are laid in the home of a little colony of Second Adventists known as "Rappites," whose leader makes the mistake of inflicting celibacy and the elimination of family ties upon his charges. Though prospering in a material way, the inevitable result of an attempt to reckon without natural feelings follows. Wives and husbands are parted, and mothers are forbidden to nurse and care for their own children, yet in spite of it all primal emotions will have their sway, and it is the function of the story teller to describe the manner in which this happens. Nobody but a dreamer such as the head of this little colony could expect to have young people associate with each other without the natural result of sex calling to sex. When the young man whom he had chosen from all his fellows to be his successor and the future leader of the colony is led by the sway of passion to break away from the traditions of the Rappites and woo the girl of his choice, and when the leader's own grandson frankly admits his love for a girl with whom he had been brought up; when husbands and wives who have long kept their unnatural relations and parents and children who have been sundered are drawn to each other by the irresistible yet normal love their leader would have denied them, his mistake appears. It forms a most interesting and admirably written tale. The book is published by the Bobbs-Merrill company of Indianapolis, and E. M. Ashe supplies plenty of excellent pictures to help make the book, mechanically speaking, very attractive.

* * *

"The Pang-Yanger" is the title of a book by Elma A. Travis, M. D., which McClure-Phillips are just bringing out. It is a tale of the Catskills, and is permeated to a rare degree with the ruggedness and the leafy forest mystery of that picturesque country. This fresh outdoor quality invigorates an idyllic love story. Its ususually original plot involves Abijah Bead of Pang-Yang, a tannery town, a man embodying the sturdy, unconventional freedom of the Catskills; Barbara Hunt, a sweet Southern girl, who comes North; and another woman, one who had contracted with Abijah in his youth a secret marriage, all the witnesses to which have disappeared, and who had married again, leaving motherless, as the story opens, Abijah's little son. Here surely are the elements for a story. Although "The Pang-Yanger" is Dr. Travis' first writing, she has taken remarkable advantage of her opportunity.

* * *

E. V. Lucas, who is one of the most delightful and inspiriting of present-day English writers, tells in his book, "A Wanderer in Holland," of the pleasures by the way, of the life of the people, and of the country's art treasures. The volume, which is said to be bright and informing, will come presently from The Macmillan company, with twenty illustrations in color by Herbert Marshall, and thirty-four reproductions of Old Dutch Masters.

* * *

"With Flashlight and Rifle," the English translation of C. G. Schillings's "Mit Blitzlicht und Buchse," recently issued by the Harpers, is reported to be making a sensation unparalleled since Nansen's "Farthest North" appeared. The author's flash-light photographs of wild animals at night in the native haunts in Africa throw new light on many phases of animal life.

* * *

George Cary Eggleston, who has been spending the summer at his Lake George home, near the stone building containing the historical library collected by his brother, the late Edward Eggleston, has completed his "Little History of Colonial Life" with a new volume, "Life in the Eighteenth Century," which will be published in October with a large number of illustrations, by A. S. Barnes & Co. Mr. Eggleston gives a picture of life, manner and customs of colonial days, and while political events are described in their sequence, the main object is to tell a story of life which is full of human interest. A connected history of colonial life, written from this point of view by so successful a story writer and historian, will be likely to have a fresh and permanent value.

* * *

Admirers of the short stories of Octave Thanet, whose first full-sized novel has just appeared from the Bobbs-Merrill firm, will be interested in knowing how the author, Miss Alice French, chose her pen-name. Octave was the name of one of her schoolmates, and was selected because it gives no hint as to whether the person behind the pen is a man or a woman. Thanet (pronounced Than-ette, accent on the second syllable), was adopted from a passing railroad car that Miss French chanced to see.

* * *

One of the most successful fairy books published last autumn was "The Golden-Rod Fairy Book." The compiler of that volume, Miss Esther Singleton, has prepared a new collection of fairy tales, which she has selected from the folk tales of all nations. This book, which is called "The Wild-Flower Fairy Book," is illustrated and decorated by Charles B. Falls, and is as strikingly original and beautiful as was "The Golden-Rod Fairy Book," which delighted the hearts of so many children. The new volume is published by Dodd, Mead & Co.

* * *

One of the unusual books of the season is "I.N.R.I.," by Peter Rosegger, a German peasant author, who has for a number of years been stirring the German reading public with his striking writings. This latest story, translated and brought out in this country by McClure-Phillips, is a life of Christ, a sort of modern Evangel such as a Matthew, or Mark, or Luke might have produced had he lived today and been imbued with modern thought. It is supposed to be written by a poor carpenter, who in a fit of socialistic enthusiasm has committed a crime for which he is in prison under sentence of death. He writes in order to comfort his soul by contemplating the compassion of Jesus and the beauty of His life, and expresses his memory of it in homely and intimate words. The book is illustrated with an interesting series of color pictures painted by Corwin Knapp Linson in the Holy Land.

* * *

Was there ever a successful author who was not pestered with inquiries as to "how he did it." James Branch Cabell, whose new volume, "The Line of Love," has been issued in holiday dress by the Harpers, receives so many such inquiries that he has adopted a form of reply which he declares to be most efficacious. "I find I do my best work," so runs Mr. Cabell's statement, "lying at full length in a marble tank filled with goldfish, with the water at a temperature of 80 deg. to lessen the heat of inspiration." As a matter of fact, Mr. Cabell declares he does not know his methods of composition further than that he rarely averages 1,000 words at a sitting, and that he works only at night.

* * *

The life and work of Luther Burbank, the famous Californian who has created so many new fruits and flowers, is described in full by W. S. Harwood, in his forthcoming volume, entitled "New Creations in Plant Life." The Macmillan company will publish Mr. Harwood's book with fifty full-page half-tone plates.

* * *

The return of Mr. Crockett to the popularity gained by "The Lilac Sunbonnet" seems to be put clearly in evidence by the fact that his new novel, "The Cherry Ribband," although just published by A. S. Barnes & Co., is already in its third edition. Mr. Crockett has dedicated "The Cherry Ribband" to the American readers of "The Lilac Sunbonnet."

* * *

A book of travel which has recently been published by Dodd, Mead & Co., is "The Silken East, a Record of Life and Travel in Burma," by V. C. Scott O'Connor, comptroller of Assam. The volume sums up the results of the author's observations during a great many years of acitve service there. The book is at the same time scientific and popular. It is both an exhaustive and authoritative work on the natural features of the country and the condition of the people, and also, by reason of its excellent description and lively narrative, a book of interest to the general reader. The book is fully illustrated.

"Deerfoot in the Forest," published by the John C. Winston company, Philadelphia, abounds in incident and adventure, just such as boys like to read. This is the first volume of the new Deerfoot series; the other two volumes in the series, "Deerfoot on the Prairie" and "Deerfoot in the Mountains," will follow immediately. It is vivid and absorbing, but free from unhealthy sensationalism. It is fresh, clean, wholesome, and will not be put down until devoured. The author, Edward S. Ellis, is well known as a writer of juvenile fiction and has written this new series in response to the requests made upon him to continue the adventures of the character of Deerfoot, the Christian Shawanoe, by the readers of his former Deerfoot series. He is by far the most popular writer living in this branch of fiction.

The books are cloth bound, 350 pages each and illustrated in color and half-tone by J. Steele Davis.

* * *

"Merciful Unto Me, a Sinner," by Elinor Dawson, is so engaging as a story that it does not seem to have been written for the noblest of aims. But it is. There are stories for men, for boys and for women, but this is a story for life, for the girl in short dresses, for the bride, for the man who leads a woman forth to become the companion of his journey toward the final mystery of all mysteries.

There have been many stories of young girls that came to the city. Many of them were tempted and fell. About them there is naught save a soiled leaf torn from the book of life. But Miss Elinor Dawson's history, "Merciful Unto Me, a Sinner," is not only a leaf, it is a vivid picture, drawn with a soft and delicate pencil. It tells her own story, she says; it shows the very beatings of her heart. Strong enough to overcome what is known as the ordinary temptations—the glare and the sensuous music of a great city—she is beset by a temptation much harder to shake off because it has the moral sanction of the law—not a temptation but a resolve to sell herself to a high bidder.

The manner of her fall is as vivid and as vibrant with life as a cinematographic picture. But she is saved, not only from moral but from physical disease. By what force? One of the greatest of silent forces, an old but one recognized as new—by Christian Science. The book, therefore, is a Christian Science novel, evidently for the most part a real record, told in the manenr of a real artist and "thrilled" with genuine power. In the critical situations it is delicate, but strong, and in the "cure" it is one of the most intense poems that has appeared for many a day.

Published by Thompson & Thomas, Chicago.

* * *

The high quality of its serial stories has always been a notable feature of Harper's Bazar. Probably no other magazine devoted mainly to the interests of women can show so fine a list. In the past two years alone three remarkable successes have first appeared in its pages: "Memoirs of a Baby," by Josephine Dodge Daskam; "The Masquerader," by Mrs. Thurston; and now Mary E. Wilkins Freeman's "The Debtor," which will conclude publication with the December number. Following "The Debtor," a new novel by Robert Hichens, author of "The Garden of Allah," will begin with the January number. This novel, entitled "The Call of the Blood," is a remarkably dramatic tale, the scenes of which are laid in Sicily, where Mr. Hichens has lived for the past year. It will be fully illustrated by Orson Lowell.

* * *

The Argonaut for Oct. 16, which is a special illustrated edition, has a letter from Geraldine Bonner on the New York production of "Man and Superman," the play by George Bernard Shaw, which has attracted such wide attention. Miss Bonner describes the attitude of New Yorkers toward the play in spritely fashion.

* * *

Few of even the most intelligent Americans realize fully the fast-increasing cost of keeping their great country in a state of preparedness for war. In the current number of Leslie's Weekly, Clyde Hambright presents statistics showing that during the next forty years the United States will expend on its army and navy (including pensions and interest on its big war debt) the astounding aggregate of some $10,000,000,000. In the same issue the costly process of making smokeless powder for our navy is disclosed in a page of photographs and a descriptive article by Mrs. C. R. Miller. Among the noteworthy illustrations are those showing unique features of Uncle Sam's navy; plotous scenes in China and Japan; an exciting moment in a great college rush; sensational incidents of the Marathon race at Chicago; and excitement on the pier at the sailing of an ocean steamer (a front cartoon by Mr. Mayer).

Many people keep boarders "who don't have to." You can secure boarders quickly and quietly through our classified columns.

HAPPY WOMEN.

Plenty of Them In Duluth, and Good Reasons For It.

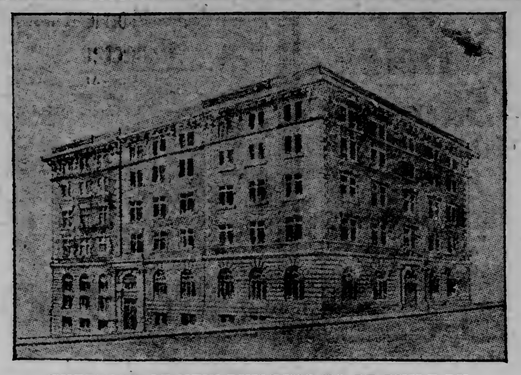
Wouldn't any woman be happy,
After years of backache suffering,
Days of misery, nights of unrest,
The distress of urinary troubles,
She finds relief and cure?
No reason why any Duluth reader
Should suffer in the face of evidence like this:

Mrs. C. M. Bradley, dressmaker, living at 109 First street east, Duluth, Minn., says: "Since giving a testimonial in 1898, telling of the gratifying results obtained from the use of Doan's Kidney Pills, my faith in them has continually increased, for besides my own experience, I have known of numerous friends and acquaintances who have learned the reliability of Doan's Kidney Pills in severe cases of kidney trouble. I suffered a great deal from heavy, dull pains in the small of my back, and it was impossible for me to bend over or rest at night with any degree of comfort. I used only about half a box of Doan's Kidney Pills when I noticed a wonderful improvement. The kidney secretions were regulated and toned up, and the pains gradually disappeared, until I was entirely free from my former trouble."

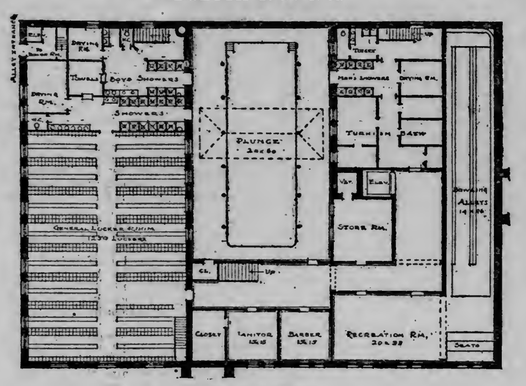
For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

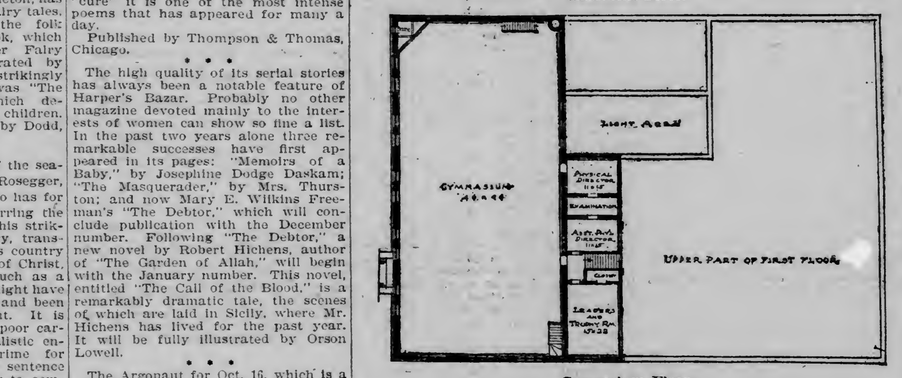
Plans For Y. M. C. A. New Building



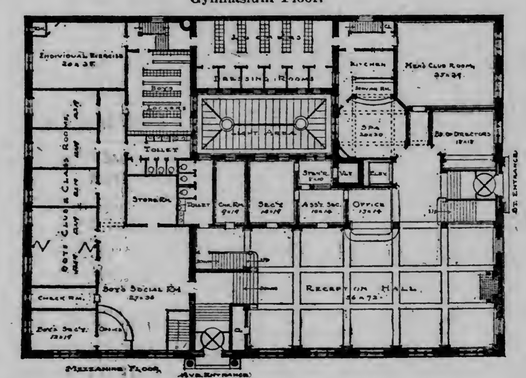
EXTERIOR OF NEW BUILDING TO BE BUILT BY DULUTH Y. M. C. A.



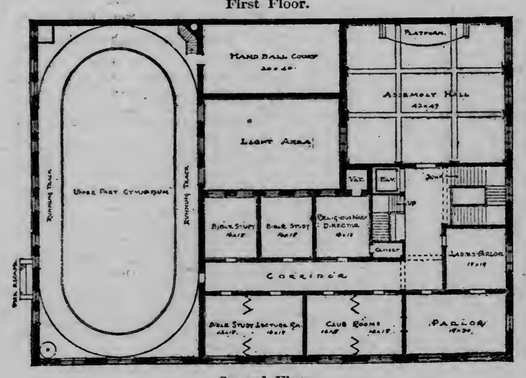
Basement Floor.



Gymnasium Floor.



First Floor.



Second Floor.

The Y. M. C. A. and the new building for which such a vigorous campaign is being made, are now the chief topics of conversation in the city, thanks to the energetic canvass that is being made by the 200 members of the two committees which have been named to raise the money for the new building.

One committee of 100 men has been chosen from the business men of the city and the other committee of 100 men has been selected from the young men in the city, who are intereste din the Y. M. C. A. work.

It is the plan of these two committees to talk Y. M. C. A. work until the city becomes thoroughly alive to the importance of the movement in progress, and until every citizen that can be reached is boosting for the new building.

The building planned by the building committee is a five-story structure, with a large and well-lighted basement.

In the basement will be a swimming tank, twenty feet by sixty, and the usual shower baths, dressing rooms and a barber shop. There will be a locker room with 1,250 lockers, and a bowling alley.

On the first floor will be located the business offices, and the "Spa" or lunch room. There will also be a large lobby, and a business men's lounging room, with a number of individual locker and dressing rooms, and a large exercise room, all of which are calculated to meet the needs of business men who desire a little regular exercise.

On a large mezzanine floor at the rear, the boys' department will be located. Here will be the offices of the boys' department secretary, some night school class rooms, the club and games rooms, and a locker room . The boys will use the regular gymnasium.

On the second floor will be seven large parlors and an assembly room seating about 400 people.

On a second mezzanine floor, immediately above the boys' department, the gymnasium will be located, together with the office of the physical director, and the rooms for the "Star" club.

The third floor, with the exception of the part over the gymnasium, will be entirely given over to the night school rooms.

Above the gymnasium there will be a gallery, containing a running track eight feet wide, and twenty-one laps to the mile. The center of the circle made by the track will be left open, giving plenty of light and air to the gymnasium, the ceiling of which will thus be one and one-half stories high.

The fourth and fifth floors will be divided up into sleeping rooms, which will be rented out at a moderate cost to members of the association, either by the night or for a longer period of time. Members may, if they choose, make the association building their home, sleeping upstairs, and eating in the Spa.

On the top floor will be located a large dining room and kitchen for formal dinners and banquets, the Spa on the ground floor being used for the regular midday lunches, which have proved so popular in the old building.

The building will be constructed of brick, and will be 100 by 140 feet. The location chosen is at the corner of Second street and Third avenue west, and negotiations are now under way for the purchase of the ground. The Elks have a part of the site selected, but some agreement may be reached with them for a trade. Otherwise the building will have to be altered somewhat, to conform to the change in the grounds.

Who Gets the Most Out of Life?

Not the wealthiest, not the most learned, nor the idler—but the man who has good health and works for his living. This truth is trite, but not trivial.

Every man should guard his health as his most valuable possession. The more so because health is easier to retain than regain.

Keep your grip on health by regular exercise, reasonable care in eating and requisite sleep. Take Beecham's Pills occasionally, to tone the stomach and keep the liver and bowels in good working order. And don't worry.

Observe these simple rules and you will agree that the one who gets the most from life is

The Man Who Uses

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Sold Everywhere in Boxes. 10c and 25c.

THE HISTORY OF CHAMPAGNE—No. 3.



A BENEDICTINE MONK named Dom Perignon, noticed that grapes from some soils imparted fragrance, others flavor, etc., to the famous Champagnes of Old France, and he hit upon the idea of blending the produce of several vintages.

All the delicate skill of Champagne's inventor, crowned by centuries of improvement, are known to the makers of

Great Western
Extra Dry



the fragrant, clear and fine product of the oldest vineyards in New York State.

The age of these vineyards has made it possible to attain the chemical conditions of soil which have imparted to foreign Champagnes their peculiar quality.

This has not been accomplished in any other American vineyards, and is due to the long period of cultivation with scrupulous care.

Great Western is the finest American Champagne—the only one granted a gold medal at Paris.

Actually equal to foreign Champagnes at half the price. The duty, not the quality, makes the difference.

We invite comparison.
Order a bottle and see.

PLEASANT VALLEY WINE CO., Sole Makers, RHEIMS, N. Y.
Sold everywhere by Dealers in Fine Wines.

How do you feel?

Depressed?
Irritable?
Palmo Tablets soothe the nerves and dispel depression.
They make you look and feel younger.

50 cents. Guaranteed. Book free.
For sale by Max Wirth, Druggist.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co.
Mention this paper. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

FOR DRUNKARDS
WHITE DOVE CURE never fails to destroy craving for strong drink, the appetite for which cannot exist after using this remedy. Given in any liquid with or without knowledge of patient; tasteless; $1 at S. F. BOYCE, Druggist, 338 Superior St. Duluth, Minn

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp disease & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

SANTAL MIDY CAPSULES
For Kidney & Bladder troubles.
Cures In 48 Hours
URINARY DISCHARGES
Each Capsule bears the name of MIDY
Beware of counterfeits



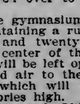
A Good Glass of Beer for Lunch
Will make the simplest diet palatable and nutritious. Our Moose Brand Beer is a meal in itself, and contains all the nutriment of bread and meat, besides being an appetizer. No one should be without a case of our Moose Brand Beer during the fall season, a pure and refreshing drink.
We deliver it promptly to your order.
Duluth Brew'g & Malting Co
Either 'Phone No. 241.

Special Homeseekers EXCURSIONS
VIA
Louisville & Nashville R. R.
TO POINTS IN
ALABAMA, GEORGIA, MISSISSIPPI, FLORIDA, NORTH AND SOUTH CAROLINA, VIRGINIA, KENTUCKY, TENNESSEE, LOUISIANA,
October 7 and November 7 and 14.
Less Than One Fare For the Round Trip.
Tickets limited to return 21 days from date of sale.

For full information, rates, schedules, time tables and literature, descriptive of the various resources, agricultural, mineral and timber lands along the line, call on or address

J. E. Davenport, D. P. A., St. Louis.
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F. D. Bush, D. P. A., Cincinnati.
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C. L. STONE, Gen'l Pass. Agt., Louisville, Ky.

FREE BOOK TO MEN!



MEN—If you are small, weak or undeveloped, have lost strength, our Acme Vacuum Developer will restore you, without drugs or electricity; Urethral Obstruction and Varicocele permanently cured in 1 to 4 weeks. 75,000 in use; not one failure; not one returned: Write for free book, sent sealed in plain envelope.
ACME MFG. CO., 508 Barclay Blk., Denver, Colo.

ORDER FOR HEARING PROOF OF WILL—
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.
In Probate Court, Special Term, Oct. 14th, 1905.
In the Matter of the Estate of Michael Heisler, Deceased:
Whereas, An instrument in writing, purporting to be the Last Will and Testament of Michael Heisler, deceased, late of said County, has been delivered to this court;
And Whereas, Anna H. Tait has filed therewith her petition, representing, among other things, that said Michael Heisler died in said County on the 4th day of September, 1905, testate, and that said petitioner is the daughter of said deceased and interested in his estate and that the executrix named in said Last Will and Testament, is Margaret Heisler, and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters of administration with the will annexed be issued thereon to Margaret Heisler.
It Is Ordered, That the proofs of said instrument, and the said petition, be heard before this Court, at the Probate office in the City of Duluth, in said County, on Monday, the 13th day of November, A. D. 1905, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when all persons interested may appear for or contest the probate of said instrument;
And It Is Further Ordered, That notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said County.
Dated at Duluth, Minn., this 14th day of October, A. D. 1905.
By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.
(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
JNO. JENSWOLD, JR.,
Attorney for Petitioner.



BIG DISCOUNT.

Your teeth, if white, even and clean, will do more to make you pleasing and popular than the most expensive clothing. Broken, crooked or decayed teeth are unsightly and revolting and cause the breath to have an offensive odor.

We have the largest office in Duluth. We are here to stay. We do as we advertise.



Full set Teeth.....$4 and up Porcelain Crowns..$4 and $5
Gold Crowns .....$5 and $6 Silver Fillings.....75c

Open Day and Night. (Push night call after 6 p. m.)

Ask those we have worked for about us. Call on us, have you teeth examined and get advice. It costs you nothing and may save you pain and money.

LEE & TURLEY, 114-16 W. Superior St. (OVER FOLZ)

NORTH BUTTE IS VERY DULL

Trading Aggregates But 340 Shares—Black Mountain Is Higher.

Copper stocks on the Boston exchange were strong today, some of them very active and much higher, but North Butte was steady and showed little change, the close in fact being at yesterday's final prices. It sold during the morning at $56.37½, but closed at $55.50 bid and $56 asked. Total trades were only 340 shares, which ordinarily is a bullish feature, indicating that the offerings at present figures have been pretty well cleaned up.

Bisbee stocks were very dull, in fact practically no transactions were recorded in any except Junction, which sold at $30 and closed with that price asked. Lake Superior & Pittsburg continues at $39 bid and $40 asked. Calumet & Pittsburg closed at $38 asked.

Black Mountain continues to be the feature of the local market and this morning sold at $7.25, the highest price it has made as yet. At the close it was at $7.12½ bid.

Notice of an assessment of $2 a share on Warren stock has been given. It is payable November 15. It was not intended to call another payment so soon—there is now $6 paid in—but it is understood that the company can make some arrangements very advantageous to the stockholders by making cash payments now and has concluded to do so.

THE TERRITORIES ARE NOT READY

Arizona and New Mexico Not Fit For Statehood Says Tawney.

Kansas City, Oct. 21.—Congressman J. A. Tawney of Minnesota, who passed through Kansas City last night en route East at the head of the congressional party that has been studying the statehood question in the West, is quoted as saying:

"Conditions are not ripe for the admission of either Arizona or New Mexico, or both of those territories together, into the Union. I believe that the wisest move for those two territories at this time would be to cease the agitation of the statehood question. Those territories are not ready for it, and there is no use at this time of talking about it."

NO INQUEST WILL BE HELD IN SAUNDERS CASE.

New York, Oct. 21.—No inquest will be held into the death of Miss Susan Saunders, who died of burns in a woman's hospital, here, on Oct. 12. The coroner announced today that the death certificate had been held up because of insufficient information of the cause of death, and not because of any suspicious circumstances as to the death itself. Miss Saunders was the daughter of a former physician of Cincinnati, and was related by marriage to Prof. Charles A. Sorem of the college of New York. Prof. Sorem made a statement to the coroner today, denying the report that there was any mystery about the woman's death. He said she died from burns resulting from an accident, in which her clothing caught fire.

POLITICIANS IN A HURRY TO PAY NOTES.

Pittsburg, Oct. 21.—The Pittsburg Leader today says there is every evidence that the politicians said to be responsible for the failure of the Enterprise National bank are hurrying to pay the notes in an effort to conceal traces of their identity and Receiver John B. Cunningham, who is in charge of the bank does not deny it. "It is positively known," says the Leader, "that since the bank was closed several notes have been paid at the Bank of Pittsburg, through which the Enterprise bank cleared."

LOOKING INTO HARVESTER TRUST

Ohio Farmers Want Combine Ousted From the State.

Columbus, Ohio, Oct. 21.—The harvester combine was given a hearing before Attorney General Ellis in response to the demand made on the attorney general by the farmers of the state for him to bring an ouster suit on the ground that the combination is a trust and therefore is a violation of the laws of the state.

The National Harvester company of America was incorporated under the laws of Michigan in 1902 and the International Harvester company, which seems to have included the same company and others, was formed under the laws of New Jersey a month later. Mr. Dempsey of Cleveland, who appeared for the harvester people, said in his statement that the latter company was formed in the office of J. P. Morgan.

The inquiry was close and searching as to the Wardner, Bushnell & Glessner company of Springfield, the only big Ohio concern in the trust.

Gen. Finley raised the point that the alleged sale of the Springfield company was not a cash transaction, but the stockholders had simply exchanged their stock for stock in the combination and Mr. Dempsey said he could not say whether that was true or not, but even if it were true, he could not see that there was anything illegal in it. Gen. Finley insisted that it was an evasion of the law against unlawful combination.

MATINEE MUSICALE ARTIST RECITAL

Kneisel quartet. Pilgrim Congregational church, Monday evening, Oct. 25, at 8:15 o'clock. Membership tickets may be secured at the church. Gentlemen and non-residents, Admission, $1.00.

BERTH FOR VAN DYKE.

Gov. Johnson's Secretary To Be With Warren Development Company.

Cleve W. Van Dyke of Alexandria, who recently resigned as Governor Johnson's private secretary, is to take charge of the realty department of the Warren Townsite and Development company, which is the townsite of Warren in Arizona and in which many Duluth men are interested. Warren is very near some new rich copper properties which have been opened up and is itself supposed to have good mineral prospects. Mr. Van Dyke will begin his new duties at once.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE LECTURE

By Rev. Arthur R. Vosburgh, C. S. B., at Lyceum theater, Sunday, Oct. 29, at 3 p. m. Admission, free.

THIRTY PASSENGERS INJURED IN WRECK

Fort Scott, Kan., Oct. 21.—The west bound Missouri Pacific passenger train from Kansas City and St. Louis was wrecked five miles west of Fort Scott early today, the result of a broken rail. Fully thirty passengers were more or less injured, but no one was killed. Only three or four of the injured were seriously hurt.

TWO NEW CASES OF PLAGUE.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 21.—Two new cases of bubonic plague and one death have occurred at Nertschinsk.

RAILROAD MEN STRIKE.

Moscow, Oct. 21.—All the employes in the financial and auditing departments of the Kursk, Nizhni Novogorod and Murom railroads joined in the strike today, but the traffic on these roads is not interrupted. The station and tracks in the city are guarded today by the troops and police.

DEPOSIT YOUR MONEY
IN THE
Duluth Savings Bank,
216 West Superior Street.
Where It Will Earn 3% Interest.
Compounded Semi-Annually.
Open Saturday Evening From 6 to 8 o'clock.

CHICAGO VS. WISCONSIN

Meet at Madison In Opening Struggle For Championship.

Two Teams Acknowledged to Be In Most Perfect Form.

Madison, Wis., Oct. 21.—With all their chances for the Middle West championship depending on the result, the football elevens of Chicago and Wisconsin universities met on Randall field this afternoon. The game was looked upon as opening the struggle for the championship, with the chances of the defeated eleven practically wiped out. The two teams, when they faced each other this afternoon, were acknowledged by the coaches and trainers to be in the most perfect form they could be got, even though the date was fully three weeks earlier than the time usually looked to for finished football.

Probably no two Western teams ever faced each other so absolutely confident of victory. Chicago, with a line averaging over 200 pounds to a man, with a back field that Coach Stagg said was even superior to the famous backs of the 1899 champion eleven, and with Eckersall, the drop kicker, in mid-season form, counted on a victory as sure as that of last year, when Eckersall's work won the game. Wisconsin, with a team of veterans making up what was said to be the best balanced eleven ever representing that institution, was equally confident of preventing the slipping, dodging runs or deadly drop kicking of the little maroon quarterback and of crossing their opponents' goal at least twice.

The field was only in fair condition. Yesterday's high wind had dried it to a degree which was to the advantage of Chicago, but there were many soft spots. An enormous crowd witnessed the game. The teams lined up as follows:

Chicago.	Position.	Wisconsin.
Catlin (cap)	right end	Brindley
Badenoch	right tackle	Bertke
Scherer	right guard	Donovan
Gale	center	Remp
Melgs	left guard	Gelbach
Hill	left tackle	Johnson
Parry	left end	Bush (cap.)
Eckersall	quarterback	Melzner
Walker	right halfback	Findlay
De Tray	left halfback	Vanderboom
Bezdek	fullback	Roseth

Chicago won toss and chose the north goal. Play began at 2:20. Metzner kicked out of bounds on Chicago's 45-yard line. Wisconsin penalized five yeard, and ball. Bezdek gained two yards, Walker one, Eckersall punted to Wisconsin's 40-yard line. Findlay returned ten yards Roseth gained a yard; Findlay five, Metzner tried quarterback but kicked ball into players. Chicago falling on ball.

Bezdek made three yards, Walker making first down through Johnson. De Tray one yard, Walker one yard, Eckersall punted over goal line, Ball brought to 25-yard line. Ball punted Eckersall, who returned fifteen yards. Bezdek failed to gain Wisconsin ball on down. Findlay punted on first down to Eckersall, who returned 25 yards. Eckersall punted Metzner, returned ten yards, Berthke failed through the tackle. Findlay five yards, Findlay three yards, Chicago blocked punt, Eckersall made thirty-five yards on fake kick, bringing the ball to Wisconsin's 6-yard line. De Tray thrown for loss, Eckersall tried for drop-kick from 12-yard line, but ball went wide. Wisconsin punted to their own 40-yard line. Eckersall made thirty yards on double pass. Eckersall tried unsuccessfully for drop kick from Wisconsin's 20-yard line. Wisconsin punted to 40-yard line. Bezdek lost fifteen yards, Eckersall punted to Wisconsin's 20-yard line. Findlay kicked out of bounds on Wisconsin's 40-yard line; Chicago failed to gain punted to Wisconsin's 20-yard line. Findlay made three yards and Berthke one. Bush punted to Chicago 40-yard line. De Tray fumbled; Eckersall falling on ball. Bezdek lost one yard.

Score end of first half: Wisconsin, 0; Chicago, 0.

West Point, Oct. 21.—Harvard's football team and the West Point eleven played here today before about 15,000 people. The game was the first contest of the season, between two of the big Eastern teams, and Harvard was the favorite. The fine weather brought the big crowd. Harvard was cheered on by 500 members of the Harvard club of New York and several thousand other graduates. West Point's team was weakened by the loss of several of last year's best gainers, but in spite of this fact said was even superior to the famous backs of the 1899 champion eleven, and with Eckersall, the drop kicker, in mid-season form, counted on a victory as sure as that of last year, when Eckersall's work won the game. Wisconsin, with a team of veterans making up what was said to be the best balanced eleven ever representing that institution, was equally confident of preventing the slipping, dodging runs or deadly drop kicking of the little maroon quarterback and of crossing their opponents' goal at least twice.

The field was only in fair condition. Yesterday's high wind had dried it to a degree which was to the advantage of Chicago, but there were many soft spots. An enormous crowd witnessed the game. The teams lined up as follows:

West Point.	Position.	Harvard.
William	left end	O'Brien
Edwin	left tackle	Brill
Weeks	left guard	Parker
Abraham	center	White
Christy	right guard	Kerrsburg
Metzler	right tackle	Montgomery
Gillespie	right end	McDonald
Carry	quarter back	Starr
Hill	right half back	Newell
Beavers	left half back	Foster
Tierney	full back	Carr

West Point's light team surprised Harvard by the strength it showed at the very outset of the game. The soldiers repeatedly held Harvard for downs and, aided by a 20-yard punt by Beavers, carried the game into the crimson's territory soon after the first kick off.

About the middle of the first half the soldiers' team began to outplay Harvard both on offensive and defensive, repeatedly making long gains. Full Back Torney for West Point got completely through the Harvard line once, but slipped and fell after a touchdown began to appear certain. Beavers then ran thirty yards around Harvard's left end and West Point tried a place kick from Harvard's 25-yard line, but failed to make a goal.

Score end of first half: Harvard, 0; West Point, 0.

Evanston, Ill., Oct. 21.—With weather conditions most favorable for football, representative elevens from the South and North were scheduled to meet here today, the university of Kentucky being pitted against Northwestern. The Kentucky team has been coached by Redden, the former Michigan player, and was said to be in the best possible condition, while Coach McCormack of Northwestern has a list of cripples who could not get into the contest. The line-up:

Northwestern.	Position.	Kentucky.
Hamilton	l e	Whitney
Gilbreth	l t	Wallace
Schach	l g	Dutt
Davis	c	Hurst
Carlson	r g	Nichols
Jenkins	r t	Gillespie
Weinberger	r e	Simpson
Johnson	q b	Kelly
Granberg	l h b	Bell
Barry	r h b	Evans
Blair	f b	Harbison or Wilkins

Philadelphia, Oct. 21.—First half: Pennsylvania 2; Brown 0.

Annapolis, Md., Oct. 21.—First half: Navy 18; University of North Carolina 0.

St. Paul, Oct. 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—Fully 9,000 football enthusiasts gathered at Northrop field this afternoon to witness the contest between Minnesota and Iowa University squads. The weather was cold with a brisk wind, and low hanging dull clouds, making ideal weather. The game between the freshmen of the two universities ended at 3 o'clock with a score of 6 to 0 in favor of the Minnesota freshmen. At the close of this game the university game began.

THREATEN TO KILL MOROS.

Manila, Oct. 21.—The insurgents of the Cotabato valley, island of Mindanao, now threaten extensive operations in an endeavor to capture and kill all the Moros who are friendly to the government.

JERRY SIMPSON'S END NEAR AT HAND

Death of Ex-Congressman Is Now Momentarily Expected.

Wichita, Oct. 21.—At 2:30 o'clock this afternoon an alarming change was noted in the condition of ex-Congressman Jerry Simpson. His death is now momentarily expected.

Washington, Oct. 21.—Jerry Simpson, the famous statesman, is dying. The news, telegraphed to Washington the other day, brought genuine sorrow to many a heart, for few members of congress were more highly esteemed than the erudite, if somewhat eccentric, Jerry.

When Simpson first landed in Washington there was a shock of surprise. Stories of the sockless orator's freaks had preceded him, and the natives were quite prepared to behold the crank. They saw, instead, a quiet, well-ordered individual, with a thin, nervous, sensitive face, genial gray eyes and a pair of gold-bowed glasses of the sort which suggest benevolence. And Jerry seemed to know his way about the globe, too, and didn't need courier, guide or chaperon. It was soon learned that the story about the socks was a fake, pure and simple, for Jerry probably donned and damaged as many socks as any gentleman of his age.

The Kansas man soon took rank among the leading wits of the house. He was picked out as a mark by some of the "fresh" members, who are always looking for a victim for their jokes. But Jerry curled them up one after another, and before long was held in profound respect by all. Some of the best stories told about the capitol today concern the nimble wit of Jerry Simpson.

One day Sereno Payne of New York was put into a corner by one of Jerry's pointed questions. Payne made a retort, at once evasive and patronizing.

"If I were inclined to be rude, Mr. Speaker," said Payne, "I'd answer the gentleman's very foolish query by asking him if his ancestors were monkeys."

"In which event," replied Jerry, surveying Payne calmly, "I should reply as did the elder Dumas, when a French fool asked him the same question. I should tell you, 'Yes. Your family ends where mine began.'"

Jerry had a tilt with Snodgrass of Tennessee. Snodgrass was one of the dullards of the house. He replied to Jerry at painful length, and coming to the close he said:

"And lastly, Mr. Speaker, this gentleman from Kansas, without using that term exactly, but practically the same, has charged me with being a fool. I—"

"Bang," came Speaker Crisp's gavel. "The time of the gentleman from Tennessee has expired."

"I move the gentleman's time be extended ten minutes, Mr. Speaker," said Jerry, "and he'll prove what I charge."

This may illustrate the quick humor of Jerry. He was being urged to offer a resolution to name a commission to meet with a similar body from England and consider how far it would be practicable to put a price on Canada and other British possessions in America, and buy them as we did Alaska.

"I have no hesitation about offering the resolution," said Jerry, with a laugh, "but when I do I know what they'll say."

"What comment would be made?"

"Why," said Jerry, "I was born in Nova Scotia, and as soon as I offer the resolution a howl will go up, 'See that d—d fool. He's trying to buy his birthplace and make it American ground, so as to crawl under the constitution put up against foreign-born folks running for the presidency. They'll say I'm after the White House."

SUIT COMMENCED

To Restrain a Railroad From Tearing Up Its Tracks.

Crookston, Minn., Oct. 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—Attorney General E. T. Young has commenced proceedings in district court to restrain the Great Northern Railroad company from tearing up its lines between Shirley and St. Hilaire, and County Attorney Gernor of Red Lake county has been instructed to procure the necessary affidavits and serve subpoenas on the officials of the road.

It is the attorney general's intention to have the hearing at the October term, but it is doubtful if the service of the papers can be arranged.

THE VALUE OF CHARCOAL.

The People Know How Useful It is in Preserving Health and Beauty.

Nearly everybody knows that charcoal is the safest and most efficient disinfectant and purifier in nature, but few realize its value when taken into the human system for the same cleansing purpose.

Charcoal is a remedy that the more you take of it the better; it is not a drug at all, but simply absorbs the gases and impurities always present in the stomach and intestines and carries them out of the system.

Charcoal sweetens the breath after smoking, drinking or after eating onions and other odorous vegetables.

Charcoal effectually clears and improves the complexion, it whitens the teeth and further acts as a natural and eminently safe catharalc.

It absobs the injurious gases which collect in the stomach and bowels; it disinfects the mouth and throat from the poison of catarrh.

All druggists sell charcoal in one form or another, but probably the best charcoal and the most for the money is in Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges; they are composed of the finest powdered Willow charcoal, and other harmless antiseptics in tablet form or rather in the form of large, pleasant tasting lozenges, the charcoal being mixed with honey.

The daily use of these lozenges will soon tell in a much improved condition of the general health, better complexion, sweeter breath and purer blood, and the beauty of it is, that no possible harm can result from their continued use, but on the contrary, great benefit.

A Buffalo physician in speaking of the benefits of charcoal says: "I advise Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges to all patients suffering from gas in stomach and bowels, and to clear the complexion and purify the breath, mouth and throat; I also believe the liver is greatly benefited by the daily use of them; they cost but 25 cents a box at drug stores, and although in some sense a patent preparation, yet I believe I get more and better charcoal in Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges than in any of the ordinary charcoal tablets."

THE—
COST
—IN—
Dollars and Cents
of operating a factory with
Electric Motors
will compare favorably with other methods of energizing machinery, frequently showing a marked saving.

Some advantages gained by using the modern method—

Reliable Service, Flexibiltiy, Cleanliness, Safety.

WE SELL THE CURRENT.

The Duluth General Electric Co.

BOTH 'PHONES 295. 216 West Superior St.

CITY BRIEFS

The Browning class will meet Thursday morning at the library at 10:15 o'clock. Members are asked to be prompt and anyone wishing to join will have the opportunity at that time. Rev. J. W. Powell will lecture on Browning's "Ring and the Book."

The matinee for next Tuesday at the Bijou theater will be given for the benefit of St. Luke's hospital.

The funeral of Mrs. Nellie Bricks will be held tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock from Durkan & Crawford's undertaking parlors, and at 2:30 o'clock from the Norwegian Lutheran church at Third street and First avenue east.

Take your Sunday dinner at the St. Louis hotel, 6 to 8 p. m.

The funeral of William Elswick will be held tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock from his late home at 622 Garfield avenue. The services will be under the auspices of the G. A. R., and interment will be made at Forest Hill cemetery.

There is considerable activity in Vermilion range iron lands just now. E. Downie and his associates own about one thousand acres of iron land and report that several parties are negotiating for the securing of options in 62-63.

Miss Essie Larson of Cloquet will sing in the First Norwegian Danish M. E. church, Twenty-first avenue west and First street, tomorrow morning.

The night school class for foreigners, which has been organized by the Y. M. C. A., opened last evening in the Munro school. Twenty-eight pupils registered and reported to B. N. Wheeler, the instructor.

Why bother at home when you can get a swell Sunday dinner at the St. Louis hotel, 6 to 8 p. m.?

C. E. James of St. Paul, the secretary of the federation council of the Minnesota State Federation of Labor, and a member of the general executive board of the Boot and Shoe Workers' union, is in the city doing some missionary work in the interests of the latter union.

The funeral of Julius Westberg will be held tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock from St. Peter's Episcopal church, corner of Twenty-eighth avenue west and First street.

Residents of Park Point are preparing a petition to Mayor Cullum asking for the reinstatement of James Anderson, formerly motorman on the ferry bridge, who was discharged because he is claimed to have persisted in running the car too fast in spite of repeated orders to the contrary. The Park Pointers claim he was an efficient and courteous workman.

Alger, Smith & Co. have filed an answer to the complaint filed in district court by Peter E. Anderson in a personal injury suit. Anderson was injured in an accident at the West Duluth mill in April, 1905. The company claims that his injury was due to his own negligent conduct, and asks that the case be dismissed.

PERSONALS

Charles Vanier of the McKay hotel left for Holyoke, Minn., yesterday.

Miss Helma Berg of Eveleth is visiting at the home of Mrs. Mary McCarthy, Munger terrace.

O. L. Heath and N. J. Clark left over the Northern Pacific today for Los Angeles, Portland and other Western points.

Maj. C. L. Potter left for St. Paul today.

Mr. and Mrs. B. O. Greening of Eveleth are guests at the Spalding.

G. L. Burrows of Saginaw, Mich., is at the Spalding.

Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Albenberg, formerly of Superior, have taken a residence at 128 Eighth avenue east.

RETURNS FROM MINING MEETING

Dwight E. Woodbridge Says Institute Was Well Attended.

"This was not the most successful or the liveliest institute that has been held, but all the delegates seemed to enjoy themselves, and several interesting things came up," said Dwight E. Woodbridge, who has just returned from the sessions of the Lake Superior Mining Institute, which was held on the Menomonie range, in Michigan, today.

"The election of James McNaughton, general manager of the Calumet & Hecla company, to the presidency of the institute probably means that the next annual session will be held in the copper country.

"About 250 delegates were present, and sixty-one new members were admitted Thursday evening.

"The business and social sessions were short and the delegates spent as much time as possible in looking over the mining properties in the vicinity. Tuesday was spent in visiting the Crystal Falls and Iron Mountain mines and Wednesday the delegates looked at the properties at Norway. The ore docks at Escanaba were inspected and a visit to the big charcoal blast furnace, owned by the Cleveland Cliffs Iron company, at Gladstone, proved very interesting. With one exception this is, I believe, the largest charcoal blast furnace in the world. About ten acres of woodland are cut every day to supply the furnace with fuel, but all the by-products are saved so that the fuel costs the company almost nothing.

"A few interesting papers were read during the sessions of the institute but little attention was paid to this feature of the gathering. W. M. Jeffery of Duluth was to have delivered an address on "The Card System of Accounting in Mine Supplies" but he was unable to be present. The best addresses were those of John T. Jones, who opened the Biwabik mine, and L. Battu of Chicago.

About a dozen Duluth men attended the sessions. The delegates were admirably treated and they were royally entertained on the different evenings by the Crystal Falls, Iron Mountain and Escanaba people."

Will Lecture on the War.

Harry Randall will lecture on the Japanese-Russian war at Scribner hall, Thursday, Nov. 2. His talk will be illustrated by stereopticon and motion pictures, and will undoubtedly prove very interesting. Others who will contribute to the entertainment are Miss Marie Hovey, soprano; Miss Hattie Rosander, accompanist, and Albert Arvechoug, the famous Norweigan baritone.

Mr. Arvechoug appeared with Madam Hellstrom, the Swedish prima donna, at the Auditorium in Chicago last summer, and Miss Hovey is said to be a vocalist of great promise.

For the Brides-to-Be.

Miss Nellie Clark, who is to be married soon to Marcus C. Lewis was the guest of honor at an informal reception held yesterday afternoon at the home of Mrs. H. C. Fulton of Hunter's Park, at which the following were present:

Misses Earhart, Quigley, Salter, Greenfield, Tabor, Miller, Sherwin, McFarlane, Sherwood, Forbes, Jennie Clark, Nellie Clark, Lee Morrison, Marion Morrison and Mrs. Frank Salter.

Too Late to Classify

Hair Dressing, Shampooing, Scalp Treatments, Facial Massage, Manicuring and Children's Hair Cutting at Miss Horrigan's

ONE LARGE ROOM, DESIRABLE, FOR two ladies; central. E 27, Herald.

WANTED — BY WHOLESALE HOUSE, stenographic invoice clerk; must be good operator on typewriter and accurate at figures; state experience, with references. Address P. O. Box 325, Duluth.

I MAKE PHOTOGRAPHS FOR CATALogues or illustrated advertisements of any kind. Satisfaction guaranteed. H. C. Hubert, 601 Manhattan building.

To tone down, refine, beautify the face, use Satin skin powder. 4 tints. Only 25c.

BIRTHS.

JOHNSON—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Fred Johnson of Hermantown, Oct. 20.

MARTIN—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Charles Martin of 1732 West Second street, Oct. 17.

MICKELSON—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Peter Mickelson of 514 North Fifty-eighth avenue west, Oct. 15.

GRIFFIN—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Patrick Griffin at St. Mary's hospital, Oct. 20.

DEATHS.

SWENSON—August Swenson, aged 43 years, died Oct. 17 at St. Mary's hospital. His home was in Eveleth.

ERICKSON—Alsted Erickson, an infant boy, died Oct. 20 at the Children's home.

WIN THIRD GAME OF THE SERIES

Hunter's Park Victorious Over Lakeside On the Gridiron.

Hunter's Park won the third and deciding game of the series with the Lakeside football team this morning, by the score of 17 to 0.

The Lakeside team won the first game, and Hunter's Park the second and third.

The game this morning was a fast, and hard fought one, but the Lakesiders were outclassed in general team work. The line-up was as follows:

Hunter's Park.		Lester Park.
MacKenzie	l e	Ostergren
McFadden	l t	Arbogast
Goodman	l g	Vanon
Sheilin	c	Mathers
Maghie	r g	Reinersten
Ryan	r t	Jack Kennedy
Clark	r e	Brown
Caulkins	q b	Spencer
Vandergrift	r h b	Manson
Miller	l h b	Reid Kennedy
McGonagle	f b	Pinkerton

Never Before.

Were good watches sold at the low prices quoted by Harris & Esterly, 428 West Superior street, Spalding Hotel.

P. O. CASHIER ARRESTED.

St. Louis, Oct. 21.—Francis B. Runder, cashier of the St. Louis postoffice, was arrested this afternoon by Inspector Lucy, following the discovery of an alleged shortage of $9,000 in his accounts. Runder, it is said, admits his shortage, but does not know what has become of it.

HUNDREDS OF CURES!

HUNDREDS ARE GOING TO SEE HIM.

DR. MITCHELL IS PERMANENTLY LOCATED.

Cor. Fourth Ave. W. and First Street.

No matter what your disease may be, or how long standing, the doctor will locate the disease without asking any questions. Dr. Mitchell is said to be the greatest magnetic specialist is the world. The sick and afflicted are coming to him from all over the country. They are taking advantage of the opportunity to consult this skilled healer. Go and have it forever settled in your mind whether your case is curable. If your case is curable, he will tell you so, frankly, and if incurable, he will give you such advice as will ease your pain and prolong your life. No sick man or woman should fail to consult this eminent healer, for he has been located in this city for nearly ten years, and his treatment has stood the test of time, and its success can be verified by the testimonials of hundreds of the people of Duluth and vicinity. Every kind of human ailment is treated by Dr. Mitchell, and so great and wonderful have been the cures that in many cases it is hard to find the dividing line between human accomplishment and miracles. If there is the finest thread upon which to hang hope you will find that hope there, and that hope will surely lead to peace, contentment and health.

Substantiating all the good things that have been said about Dr. Mitchell we publish a few testimonials:

Mrs. Burer, from the range, had suffered for years with female complaints, and could not walk nor stand without a Babcock uterine supporter. Dr. Mitchell cured her with a few treatments.

Mrs. Rice had suffered for years with a cancer. It was five and one-half inches across and Dr. Mitchell cured it in ten weeks.

Mr Belcher was cured of lame and enlarged knee joints and numbness of left side.

To know of Dr. Mitchell's wonderful healing power is to be convinced that he has been blessed by nature with a force that but one in a million have. Many cases require repeated treatments, while many severe cases get well quickly. If there is any cure for you, Dr. Mitchell can cure you.

The doctor has a positive cure for sexual weakness.

Remember the place, corner Fourth avenue west and First street. Office hours, 9 a. m. to 7:30 p. m. daily; Sundays, 10 a. m. to 12 m. 'Phone, 679.

DRAMATICAL



At the Lyceum

"San Toy," the Musical Comedy, Will Be Presented Tuesday and Wednesday.

The international and fascinating comic opera, "San Toy," with its wealth of beauty and dreamy music, costly wardrobe and picturesque scenery, will charm theater-goers Tuesday and Wednesday at the Lyceum.

The music of "San Toy" is known to every music-lover in the city. The collaborators represent a numerous gathering of talent, the book having been written by Edward Morton, the music by Sidney Jones, lyrics by Harry Greenbank and Adrian Ross, with additional musical numbers by Lionel Moncton. In this quintet are disclosed the men who have been responsible for a great many of the biggest successes in musical comedy and extravaganza, and it is quite generally understood that they never did any better work than in "San Toy."

"San Toy" is in two acts, the first showing a corner in Pynka Pong, a Chinese city, and the second a hall in the palace of the emperor at Pekin. The story tells how a mandarin, Yen How, in order to save his daughter from the emperor, raises her as a boy, and gets along very nicely with the deception until the girl falls in love with an English soldier. The soldier has almost reached the eloping stage, when the emperor learns that he has been deceived, and orders Yen How to bring his daughter to Pekin. The entire company is thus transported to the forbidden city, where San Toy dons dresses, becomes a great favorite with the emperor, who finally revokes the order he had given to have Yen How beheaded, and sanctions the marriage of San Toy and the English soldier.

Of course it takes time to bring about these highly agreeable results, but while they are being accomplished there is not a moment that the wildest stretch of a strenuous imagination could call dull. There is something interesting all the time, fun of the good, healthy kind in plenty, and during the two acts no less than twenty-six musical numbers, which might very properly be called gems. Mr. Fisher has spared nothing to make "San Toy" perfect in every appointment. The names of the principals in the company testify to their prominence in musical comedy, the chorus is superb, and the mounting was prepared in accord with Mr. Fisher's expensive but artistic ideas of staging plays. The costumes and scenery that equip this organization add a liberal education to an entertainment that is noted for its wealth of refinement.



MABEL STRICKLAND AS POPPY IN "SAN TOY."

"TEXAS."

Jane Maudlin Feigl's play of the West, "Texas," was given at the Lyceum this afternoon and will be repeated this evening. This is the first visit of the piece to Duluth, it having remained in New York nearly all of last season.

The scenes are laid in and around Langtry, Valverde county, Texas, and Managers Broadhurst and Currie have given the play a handsome scenic environment.

The play is a lively one. There is plenty of action but there is not too much powder smoke. There is plenty of comedy and conversation to bring out of the sense of the scenes. Sidney Ayres has the role of the hero and Mabel Dixey plays Texas West. Ted G. Griffin plays the villianous "greaser" and the other roles are in good hands

COMING ATTRACTIONS.

"The Show Girl" will be presented at the Lyceum theater Saturday afternoon and evening, Oct. 28. The piece is a musical comedy and popular prices will prevail during its engagement. It was given here a year ago and created a very favorable impression.

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Daniel Sully, who created and made famous "The Parish Priest," is said to have a similar role and one that affords him as many opportunities to please in his new play, "Our Pastor." He will give this piece at the Lyceum Oct. 30.

• • •

Pretty Adelaide Thurston, who is now starring through the state of Pennsylvania in her new play, "The Triumph of Betty," is meeting with greater success than ever. "The Triumph of Betty" is praised as the best vehicle for the little comedienne's talents in which she has ever been seen. Miss Thurston will be seen at the Lyceum Nov. 2.

At the Metropolitan

"The Parisian Belles" Will Be the Attraction During the Coming Week.

The Parisian Belles will frolic on the stage of the Metropolitan next week, as they will open an engagement of five nights and three matinees there Monday evening. The company is a new one this season and many nice things have been said of it at different points on the circuit.

The Bells are headed by La Belle Marie, whose home is in Paris and who is said to contribute a turn on the vaudeville bill of the sort that is all the rage in the gay French capital. She will also appear in both burlesques.

"The Sultan's Wives" and "The Girl From Manila" are the titles of the skits which will open and close the Belles' bill. Both, it is promised, have been given handsome Oriental settings and the interpolation of many musical numbers gives the chorus an admirable opportunity to appear to advantage.

Burns and Morris, Clara Cole, Sutton and Sutton, Reba Donaldson, Royalton and La Belle Marie furnish interesting vaudeville numbers.

Bargain matinees will be given Tuesday, Thursday and Friday, there being no Saturday performance at the Metropolitan now. The Thursday matinee will be especially for women but members of the fair sex will probably attend all of the afternoon performances. The night prices are 15, 30 and 50 cents and the matinee prices, 20 and 30 cents.

At the Bijou

First-Class Artists In Vaudeville Will Be Seen All Week.

Prof. Musliner's hogs and sheep are the head-liners on the vaudeville bill which will be presented at the Bijou theater next week. These familiar farmyard creatuers are said to have been well trained and do some marvelous tricks.

On the bill also are Wills and Barron, who have a funny skit that has been presented in some of the best vaudeville theaters in the country. Brent Hayes, the clever banjoist, will play some pretty and difficult selections from grand and comic opera.

J. V. Mitchell, the pleasing baritone, will begin his farewell week at the Bijou theater Monday. He will sing the latest song hit, "Longing For You." Colored views will make this number doubly interesting. The moving pictures will show the deeds of "The River Pirates." Matinees will be given daily at 2:30 and 3:30 and the evening performances will begin at 7:45; 8:45 and 9:45.

Gossip of the Rialto

Young Thomas Jefferson Makes Good In "Rip Van Winkle"—Richard Mansfield Putting Final Touches on "Don Carlos" —"The Prince of India" to Be Handsomely Staged.

New York, Oct. 21.—New York has seen Thomas Jefferson in "Rip Van Winkle," and has found him good. Not, perhaps, quite up to the standard of his father, but good enough to prove that he is a chip of the old block, and the children of this generation are not to be deprived of one of the greatest pleasures which the theaters has afforded the youngsters of the past fifty years, in seeing "Rip Van Winkle" played by a Jefferson. Thomas Jefferson has been in the hands of his friends this week, and Walack's theater has been jammed to the door every night and at the matinees by kindly disposed audiences, most of whom, if they were old enough, had seen the original "Rip Van Winkle." It can be said that they were satisfied.

• • •

Richard Mansfield, thoroughly recovered from the recent operation that he underwent, has been busy during the week in putting the final touches on his magnificent production of Schiller's "Don Carlos," which is to be produced at the Grand Opera house in Chicago, beginning Oct. 30. Mr. Mansfield's illness caused a postponement in the production, which was set originally for Monday night. This will give him only one week in Chicago. After finishing this engagement he goes to Goshen, Ind., to give the dedicatory performance at the New Jefferson theater at that place. His play on this occasion will be "The Merchant of Venice," and the governor of Indiana, with his staff, comes down to see the performance. Mr. Mansfield will go to San Francisco via Omaha and Denver, and will return over the Southern route via Los Angeles and New Orleans. He expects to reach New York some time during Lent.

• • •

The dramatization of Agnes and Edgerton Castle's, "The Secret Orchard," by Channing Pollock, is almost ready for rehearsal. It will be produced first at Hartford, Conn., some time in December.

• • •

The production of Gen. Lew Wallace's "Prince of India," dramatized by J. I. C. Clarke, will be one of the most magnificent spectacular pieces of stage work ever seen on the American stage. Although the play will not be presented until January the changes necessary in the stage at the New Amsterdam already are being made.

• • •

James W. Morrissey has received two letters from Mary Anderson Navarro, in which Madame Navarro expresses her admiration and good wishes for Madame Modjeska. She is in the mountains at Wynds Point, Malvern, Eng., next to Jenny Lind's old home.

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Cecilia Loftus, while returning to Buffalo from Toronto recently, was said to have been relieved by the customs officers of a beautiful new Siberian squirrel coat worth $400 that she had purchased in Toronto.

• • •

Bertha Galland begins her season in "Sweet Kitty Bellairs," under David Belasco's management, in Brooklyn, on Nov. 6. Later she will appear in a new play that Mr. Belasco is preparing for her.

• • •

Annie Russell, who is now in England, has been selected by Bernard Shaw to play the star role in his new play, "Major Barbara."

• • •

David Belasco has arranged with John E. Kellard to give up his intended starring tour, and play his original part, Col. Thorpe, in the all-star revival of "The Heart of Maryland." At the close of the tour Mr. Kellard will be seen in a dramatization of Mary Cholmondely's novel, "Red Pottage," and also in a Shakespearean revival.

• • •

When Ethel Barrymore appears in the star part of J. M. Barrie's play, "Alice-Sit-By-The-Fire," the entire acting Barrymore family will appear with her. Mr. Barrie's delightful one-act piece, "Pantaloon," will precede the play itself. In this play Lionel Barrymore will be starred in the character part of Pantaloon. Jack Barrymore will play the juvenile part in the main bill.

• • •

The playhouses in France have no music between the acts of dramatic performances, and in England the managers are making a move to abolish their orchestras. The Association of Theater Managers of New York are also considering the advisability of doing likewise.

• • •

Miss Rose Melville, who has become identified with the quaint character of Sis Hopkins, the awkward Hoosier girl, positively announces that this will be her last season, as she has decided to put Sis on the shelf and retire from the stage permanently. It is reported that Miss Melville's large bank account, which she has accumulated during her long association with Sis, has caused her to take this step.

• • •

Mme. Emma Calve is a rich woman and only sings for the love of it. Many years have passed since she has had to seek an engagement from necessity of earning a living. Besides owning the old baronial castle Cabrieres near Aveyron, France, she is a heavy operator in Paris real estate. She has deeds to several private houses and hotels in Paris and Monte Carlo. It is declared that few realty brokers are better appraisers of property than the great prima donna. Her flats in Monte Carlo are mostly occupied by American families.

• • •

In support of Bertha Kalich when she begins her starring tour under direction of Harrison Grey Fiske at the Manhattan theater on Oct. 23 in "Monna Vanna" will be Henry Jewett, Henry Kolker, Horace Lewis, Leonard Shepherd, Joseph O'Meara, Morgan Wallace and Robert Milton. Mrs. Fiske will close her special engagement in "Leah Kleschna" at the Manhattan, on Oct. 14, and the theater will be closed during the ensuing week in order that the elaborate production of "Monna Vanna" may be perfected in every detail before the opening. The management has decided to devote an entire week to dress and scene rehearsals in order to perfect the innumerable details of the production.

• • •

Heinrich Canried issued his prospectus for the season of grand opera at the Metropolitan, which will begin Nov. 20, when Goldmarck's opera, "The Queen of Sheba," will be revived for the first time in here in many years. The season will continue for seventeen weeks. There will be sixty-eight regular subscription performances, fifty-one of which will be given on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday afternoons, and seventeen on Saturday afternoons. The performances on Saturday nights will be by subscription at popular prices. This season performances of "Parsifal" will be given at popular prices. Two matinee performances of the Wagner drama will be given during the regular subscription season.

• • •

An interesting member of the English company supporting Olga Nethersole in "A Case of Divorce" is Dorothy Grimston, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Kendal, who has never been this side of the Atlantic. Miss Grimston is just over 20 years of age, a tall and beautiful brunette, who is said to be equally at home in French or English surroundings. Last summer she played in French in Rejane's company. In "A Case of Divorce" she will have an English role. Miss Nethersole's tour has just been mapped out. She will open her season at the National theater, Washington, Oct. 23, and will then play two weeks in Chicago, a week each in Toronto, Montreal and Baltimore, two weeks in Philadelphia, and will then be seen in New York, where she has not appeared for more than four years.

• • •

Charles E. Eans is said to have made the greatest hit since the days of "A Parlor Match" in the new musical comedy, "The Filibuster," which has had a six weeks' run at the Studebaker theater, Chicago. Mr. Evans for several years managed a New York theater, but the almost inevitable return to the footlights was made in due time. Mr. Evans's new role is that of Scoops, an intrepid newspaper man accompanying a filibustering expedition sailing from San Francisco to South America.

• • •

Viola Allen has made a decided success in Clyde Fitch's new comedy, "The Toast of the Town," which had its first presentation recently at Bridgeport, Conn., as a "tryout." The plot is based upon the story of Betty Singleton, orange seller, chorus girl, leading lady and afterward the Duchess of Malmsbury, the action covering four years, beginning with the night Betty plays her farewell performance at Convent garden and assumes her title. The necessary complications upon which the story is based arise from misunderstandings brought about by a visit made to Betty by former comaulons of the green room. The play is of the George III period, and is said to be in Fitch's best vein.

• • •

Wilton Lackaye gives this definition of cynic: "A cynic is a man that it celver enough to see things as they are and ass enough to say so. Personally I've never met a man who is a cynic in expression who is not kindly in fact," continued the actor. "Sydney Grundy, who is a cynic, defended himself in his play of 'The Silver Shield.' Let me give you the line: 'A cynic is a poor fool who puts into words the harshness that wise men put into their deed, and into deeds the kindness that wise men put into their words.'"

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Errol Dunbar, the actor who has been starring for some time in one of the Sherlock Holmes companies, was quietly married in New York last week to Miss Helen Sharpsteen, a young society girl of Boston. The marriage took place at the Little Church Around the Corner. It was the culmination of a romance and elopement, as Miss Sharpsteen's mothr is said to have made every effort to keep her daughter from marrying. The young heiriss is said to have an income of $50,000 a year, and upon the death of her mother will inherit millions. The couple met two seasons ago when Dunbar was playing with a stock company in Boston.

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Lillian Russell has begun legal action against Lee Shubert to recover $20,000. The fair plaintiff says that this represents her share of the profits of "Lady Teazle," which she never received. Miss Russell contends that she received a salary and was also to have a half interest in the profits of the opera.

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Minnie Seligman's return to the stage was of rather short duration, as her tour with William Bramwell in the play "The Dragon Fly," has been abruptly closed. The piece is by John Luther Long, who collaborated with David Belascoj in writing "The Darling of the Gods," with which Blanche Bates was so successful. It was given its premier in Philadelphia several weeks ago and was well received there owing to the fact that Edward Childs Carpenter, a newsaper writer in the Quaker city, had assisted Mr. Long in writing the play, and this, coupled with the interest attaching to Miss Seligman's return to the stage, kept it alive for a brief period. On the road the story was different and the co-satrs decided to retire until they can secure another play.

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J. Fred Zimmermann, Jr., who for a time managed the tour of Bertha Galland, has booked Herbert Kelcey and Effie Shannon and will present them this season in a new play called "The Rector's Garden." The piece was given a trial by Robert Edeson some time since and was regarded as a success.

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Edna Aug's first starring vehicle, "A Four-Leaf Clover," has been found something of a disappointment, and the little star is now at work on a new piece which will be put into shape for early production. In the meantime a further trial of a fortnight will be given the Morton-Sloane musical comedy, when it will most likely be laid on the shelf for all time. The nonsuccess of the piece will not, it is said, interfere with Miss Aug's starring engagements, as Manager Mittenthal has his eye on a new and more suitable piece for her use.

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Nat Goodwin, after his terrific failure in "Beauty and the Barge," has emerged from his temporary retirement and is rehearsing the dramatic version of Alfred Henry Lewis' great Western story, "Wolfville." The dramatization is the joint work of Clyde Fitch and Willis Steele. Goodwin will produce the play next week.

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Yorke and Adams, long favorite Hebrew comedians in vaudeville, are starring this season in a new musical comedy by George Totten Smith, called "Bankers and Brokers." The piece is said to be a popular-price success.

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Charles B. Dillingham, the well-known young manager, is taking a brief rest at Hot Springs, Va., where he was ordered the other day. Mr. Dillingham was recently operated on for a bony growth in his nose, and in order to be on hand at the rehearsals of Fritzi Scheff's new opera, left his quarters too soon. A fever developed, and upon the advice of his physician he decided to take a short vacation at the Hot Springs.

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Bessie Clayton, who was the star dancer with the old Weber and Field shows, will go into vaudeville this season, appearing in a new act.

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William Gillette has had an experience in London which is something new to him, namely, his failure in the new play, "Clarice." Mr. Gillette, usually very reticent about his plays, and more skeptical before they are produced than any critic could be, has eventually found that the public liked them immensely. In "Clarice" the case was exactly reversed. Mr. Gillette before sailing for London was not a bit backward in saying that he regarded "Clarice" as his best play, and that he thought it would be an enormous success. It did not last a week hardly in London. Reports from there are that Mr. Gillette may revive his famous old war play, "Held By the Enemy," and continue his London engagement in that place before he returns to this country.

• • •

E. H. Sothern and Julia Marlowe, who are in the second season of their joint starring career, have under the terms of their contracts with Manager Frohman one more season to appear in Shakespearean revivals. As an evidence of how far ahead Mr. Frohman books sometimes, it is stated that next season's repertoire for the Sothern-Marlowe combination will include "Cymbeline," "As You Like It," King Lear." It has been years since any of our prominent actors have attempted "King Lear," and Mr. Sothern's debut in the role will likely arouse a great deal of interest.

• • •

Fay Tempelton has apparently accomplished two things that were out of the ordinary. In "Forty-five Minutes From Broadway," which was written for her by George M. Cohan, Miss Templeton has shown that all she needed was a successful piece to lift her into the single stellar ranks. But the difficult proposition was to carry that piece into the Colonial Theater in Chicago and win out. The theater, it will be recalled, was originally the Iroquois, and ever since the fire has been hoodooed. It looks as if Miss Templeton, in "Forty-five Minutes From Broadway," had lifted this bad impression, for her piece is a big hit, and business has been on a par with the best records known this season in the Windy City.

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According to the Dramatic Mirror, the press agent of an attraction touring this season has taken the public fully into his confidence as to many features of the offering he represents. He dwells upon the symmetrical relation of each department of the spectacle to be presented to the others, down to the smallest particular. "Throughout the production," says he, "al is in unity. Red-haired girls wear costumes that become red-haired girls; slender girls wears costumes that befit them, and broad girls are dressed in keeping. There is nothing indiscriminate about the matter—no throwing of everybody's dresses into a big trunk, and no general grab-bagging for them when the time for unpacking arrives. each young woman is responsible for the care of her own gowns, and there are half a dozen wardrobe women who overhaul and repair nightly." This may suggest a great deal of wear and tear, but the expense is not thought of is seen from a further confession. "As an illustration of the care taken in the matter of the appearance of the chorus," says the press agent, "it may be mentioned that the soles of all the shoes worn by them are sandpapered nightly in order to give a new appearance." Of course there are other details of a stage offering that the public is preliminarily interested in, but the sandpapering incident really ought to excite curiosity.

At New York Theaters

Blow For the Bernard Shawites—"John Bull's Other Island" Failed to Please—Lillian Russell's Achievements.

New York, Oct. 21.—George Bernard Shaw, Henrik Ibsen and Hall Caine give literature to the New York stage this week. I won't invite controversy by saying that they don't. Caine's contribution is a small yet interesting concession to the demand for happy ends to sorrowful plays. In his novel, "The Prodigal Son," the contrite wanderer came home, pand off a mortgage which his profligacy had placed on the family farm and went away unrecognized into miserable expiation. At the close of the drama, as hitherto presented, the side of the house opened to show a picture of snow and storm with the prodigal disappearing into dismal night. Caine now provides a less logical but cheerier sight for spectators to take away in their memory. The bad son starts into the allegorical gloom, but his good brother goes after him and brings him back to the embrace of his mother and daughter. Mrs. Leslie Carter's reappearance in "Zaza" recalls a similar alteration by David Belasco. In the original French, the partially reformed woman flung herself into the degradation from which a sincere but unhappy love had raised her. In English, she is left clean and reasonably comfortable. No doubt it is discreet generally to let the audience wipe the tears from its eyes before quitting the theater, yet there are such popular exceptions as "Camille" and "East Lynne" to disprove the rule.

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George Bernard Shaw went up one step on the stairway of dramatic success with "Candida" and another with "Man and Superman," but he goes down those two steps with "John Bull's Other Island" and would fall lower if the floor from which he started were not there to stop on. The order had been issued that, after the beginning of the first performance at exactly 8 o'clock, no one might go to a seat until the act was over. Ardent Shawites assembled gladly on time, as rural worshippers do at prayer meetings appointed for "early candlelight," and when the curtain was raised, after ten minutes of grace for the tardy, only a few disobedient persons came into the lobby. And when the lobster hour of 11 struck, with the play still unfinished, there was a rapid dispersal of tired and hungry scoffers. "It would read well," said a defiers. "It would read well," said a depressed yet still loyal Shawman, "but won't act at all."

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This is the first Shaw play to be performed before publication; yet the title had told that it was Irish for "John Bull's Other Island" could hardly be any other than Ireland. It has only one girl, an Irish heiress, who has waited eighteen years for her boy sweetheart, now an absantee landowner, to come home and marry her; but he returns with no such desire and she, in sorrow, and anger, matches herself with his English commerade. The whole of that love matter, broken into five minute fragments, occupies no more than half of one of the play's three hours. The rest of the time is tedious with discussion of Irish subjects. The principal Irishman personated by Arnold Daly, the Shaw actor-manager), destines the Roscannan seat in parliament, his English shum accepts it, and they disagree about it in long dialogues. The Englishman wheedles the local leaders in prolonged conferences and spellbinds the populace in protracted harangues. The parish priest and his unfrocked predecessor dispute each other's opinions. An English valet and an Irish tenant quarrel over their points of different view. No phase of society, religion or politics is omitted. And not ten in a thousand of the sentences sound as if Shaw wrote it. It seems to me that, being Irish, he was too close to Irish subjects to view them with his Irish sense of humor.

• • •

Henrik Ibsen was visited last summer by two of our theatrical managers, who extended their European pleasure tour to Christiania on the business errand of hiring the Norwegian to write a play for them. They took along as a translator that man from Norway who, as Mrs. Pat Campbell's advertising agent, had augmented her publicity by covering the pavement in front of the theater with sawdust, ostensibly to deaden the noise of hoofs and wheels to her sensitive ears, but really to bring on a row with the street-cleaning bureau. Thus it was sure that the right thing wouldn't be said to Ibsen in the wrong way.

"Mr. Ibsen," one of the managers remarked, "you are greatly admired in America;" and the interpreter put that into a wordier Norwegian compliment.

"What is America's smallest coin?" the Viking among dramatists asked.

"A cent, sir."

"Well, admiring Americans have never paid a cent for my work."

The intermediate operator was not abashed. In the frank tone of one Norwegian to another, he said: "There are a hundred cents in a dollar, and these two Americans will pay you five thousand dollars for the option on such a play as you can write for them."

"They may help themselves to what I have written," was the reply. "I shall write no more. My work is done."

• • •

The Progressive Stage society helped itself last Sunday to the first of Ibsen's realistic dramas, and oh! if the old man had been here to see what else happened to it! Although Ibsen was an actor and a stage manager in his earlier life, he for many years wrote none but poetically imaginative plays, and all in blank verse. His departure into what we know as Ibsenism was made with a piece the title of which has been translated, "The League of Youth" and "The Young Men's Club." He has made more impressive dramatizations of poor humanity, as he saw it around him in Norway, and he has treated its theme—which is hypocrisy among commercial and political magnates—more powerfully. And he has imbued the brutal candor of later days with theatrical skill to make them possible for entertainment as well as for education. Throughout five long acts of the initial drama in his realistic series, however, the young men of a reform society talk and talk and finally fail or their purpose.

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Now, our Progressive Stage societies embodies the desire of some cultured people to have what they regard as literary plays plays performed educationally. But their ambition o'erleans their ability, and in this case it fell flat and hard on the further side of serious consideration. Their amateur actors made Ibsen ridiculous. They couldn't memorize the words, much less give their meanings of them. But worse than that was done to Ibsen. "The Young Men's Club" listens to some addresses at a meeting in the first act, and it was meant that the ambassage should be as graphic in pantomime as any mob ever was in "Julius Caesar." But the fellows whom the oratorical hero won over to his cause had been brought in, I fancy, from the lounging corners of the Bowery, and, instead of the usual half-dollar, they were to get seats in the balcony during the rest of the play. Their service on the stage didn't help the representation, and their conduct in the audience hurt it dreadfully. They developed a dislike of Ibser., guyed the play, and at length almost broke it up by a noisy retreat. This is a bad week for stage literature.

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Nor is this week any better for stage art as newly disclosed. Joseph Jefferson's son Thomas has tried to play Rip Van Winkle as his father did. The failure of the earnest effort is not ridiculous—it is entirely respectable—yet it is sure. Practice may improve the performance, but can't make it perfect. Thomas Jefferson looks like his famous parent, as prepared for this role, speaks and moves like him, but it is all a physical copy, with a near approach to mental resemblance, but with no duplication of the original charam of humor.

"This isn't Joe Jefferson's Rip as I last saw it," said one.

"If it were," another retorted, "it would have an old man's wrinkled face, a neck sunbaked like an alligator's hide by fishing in Florida bays and a set of false teeth to make the Dutch accent hiss and splutter. This is Joe Jefferson's Rip as it was half a century ago."

But that can't be so. Joseph Jefferson must have made Rip lovable from the outset, else the miserable sot couldn't have got into the public heart, nor the absurd play have survived, even in that time of crudity in native stagecraft. The younger Jefferson was welcomed cordially by a big and handsome audience. He passed through the fun of Rip's encounters with his scolding wife and the scheming Derrick promisingly and the curtain was raised six times. He had some trouble with the drunken maltreatment of Gretchen, for he couldn't keep our sympathy from going to the tortured woman, although she was played with purposed harshness, and no tears dropped when the virago drove the scamp out of her house. Joe used to make us feel that Rip was the abused, but Tom lets us use our common sense, and that won't do in this case. There were four recalls at the close of the second act.

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It was not until Rip's adventure with the Hendrik Hudson spooks in the mountains, however, that the audience made up its mind positively. In that entire act, from the meeting of the inebriate with the keg laden wharf to his drink of magic gin with the dumb crew, no one save the single actor utters a word, and he has but seventeen sentences besides mere ejaculations. Yet Joseph Jefferson used to express as much of astonishment, curiosity and dazed alarm, all quaint with quiet humor, as though he had talked half an hour. Thomas Jefferson could not do more than carry the keg. The impalpable burden of interest was too much for him to lift from the ground and he did not once get it into sight. After the curtain fell on this act the audience applauded barely enough to bring the new Rip Van Winkle out twice. Broadway had decided not to accept him.

• • •

Lillian Russell has lived 45 years and hasn't lost any of the beauty of 25. Her voice has shrunk and her figure has swelled; her skin is painted and her hair is bleached; but the loveliness of her features remains unblemished and still is the American popular standard of perfection. She is our queen of cigarette packets and empress of cosmetic pots, our deity of decorative placards and goddess of resplendent billboards. Besides those things, she is a fashion plate beauteously incarnated in the eyes of her sex. That reason counts for more than the others, I am thinking, to make the female crowds that go to look at her these afternoons. The theater in which she

AMUSEMENTS. AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM Tues. and Wed., Wed. Mat. Oct. 24 and 25
By Special Arrangements with the Augustin Daly Estate
MR. JOHN C. FISHER
Presents England and America's best and most popular Comic Opera
"SAN TOY" Original Product'n
New Scenery and Brilliant Electric Effects.
Gorgeously Gowned, Magnificently Presented.
Direct from its Fourth Engagement at Daly's Theater, N. Y. with an Excellent Cast of Broadway Favorites and Large Singing Chorus.
Seats Now Ready. Matinee, 25c to $1; Nights, 25c to $1.50.
At Superior Monday, Oct. 23 Coming! Oct. 28, "The Show Girl;" Oct. 30, "Dan Sully."

BIJOU
NEXT WEEK.
Prof. Musliner's WONDERFUL TRAINED SHEEP AND HOGS.
And a Bright Vaudeville Bill of all New Acts.
Wills and Barron
In the Comedy Skit
"HAPPY HOOLIGAN."
The Great
Brent Hayes
Wonder of all Banjo and Mandolin Artists.
Farewell Appearance
J. V. Mitchell
will render
"Longing For You"
Illustrated.
SPECIAL.
The River Pirates
The Latest Moving Pictures.
Matinees daily at 2:30 and 3:30.
Nights at 7:45, 8:45 and 9:15.
Admission, 10c—No Higher.
Seats reserved for Ladies and escorts.

METROPOLITAN
W. H. LONGSTREET, Mgr.
Monday Night and all Next Week, Except Saturday,
"The Parisian Belles"
From the Gay Boulevards.
Bargain Matinees Tuesday, Thursday (Ladies' Day) and Friday. Night prices, 15, 30 and 50 cents. Matinees, 20 and 30 cents.

is appearing for the first time in vaudeville within a quarter of a century is in the shopping district, and the advertisements, while vague as to what else she does, is explicit that she wears a brand new gown each week. The daytime audiences are composed chiefly of women and girls who have been taught pictorially, from childhood or infancy, that Lilliam Russell is Venus transformed from Grecian haze to American palpability. And they go to the theater, as they would to a bargain sale at a department store, expecting to find her marked down from dramatic to vaudeville prices. But the shoppers don't get her at cut rates. The charges at the variety show matinee, usually 25 cents to 50 cents at the box office, are marked up by the sidewalk salesmen to double and treble those figures.

The reason Proctor gives for charging as much for some minutes of Lillian in ballads as we paid last season for some hours of her comic opera is that she costs him $2,000 a week. And I don't doubt him, for by chance I know that her salary at Weber & Field's music hall was $1,000 weekly during eight months in the year, and she would be sure to double it for a shorter engagement in vaudeville. Lillian is wealthy, she can choose the kind of work she will do for a living. What does she do for her high wages? Fourteen times a week—for she exhibits twice on Sunday, too—she sings four songs in fifteen minutes.

It is as a new sight, though, and not as a singer, that Lillian is a satisfaction to that portion of the public which is seeing her now. Her gown this week is white, with what I presumo is embroidery all over and through it—or maybe it is lace—anyway, it is sleazy, and full of holes, and she carries a fluffy feathery mass that is a muff, I guess; and from her fair, round throat to where her unknown knees ought to be hangs a string of pearls that may have cost far more than even the big motor car that carries her to and from the theater. She wears a smile, too, and it doesn't come off at any time during her songs. They are amorous in their words, and, although not passionate in manner, are very amiable. The first is a tribute in French to sexual affection, the second is an acknowledgment in English of the delights of a kiss, the third is a more aesthetic appreciation of romantic love, and the fourth, with a cruelty to the personal pronoun not indicated by the sweetly ungrammatical lips, choruses a fond chap's assertion:

"I'll tell you what,
I'd give a lot
If the boy she loved was 'me!' "

The curtain closed down on no such "airy, fairy Lillian" as a poet laureate would rave over in rhyme, but such a plump lump of Lillian loveliness as the multitude can dote on as their wax doll ideal of perfect beauty. She had looked no more sentiment than a human curiosity on a museum platform. Yet I knew that, in her calmness, she had dissembled like an artist, for she had smiled when she had felt like weeping. She had come directly from a hospital, where surgeons had almost killed her daughter, and she was going right back to see if their kind cruelty might save her loved one's life.

Will McConnell's Wit

Samples of the Sayings That Made Him Famous—Jokes Inspired By Actors and Their Ways—His Trial of Vaudeville.

New York, Oct. 21.—The late Will McConnell was the greatest theatrical joker of his time. Many of the witty things he said reached a wider public than he ever intended them for.

Actors who heard them found that they carried well in the theater and repeated them to audiences who never knew their origin. After a while McConnell grew more businesslike with his art and supplied jokes to several Casino pieces, for which he drew a regular share of the author's royalties. His part in the authorship of these pieces were never made public, however.

McConnell never failed to say the witty thought that occurred to him even when it might not please people with whom it was good policy for him to be on good terms. He certainly had cause to be grateful to Charles Frohman and doubtless was. But he did not hesitate to make one of his characteristic jokes about the stock company of the Empire theater when that organization was Mr. Frohman's favorite and not especially profitable enterprise.

New York had then little taste for stock companies in the Broadway playhouses. But Mr. Frohman wanted his home theater to be occupied by his own company.

He engaged the most expensive actors available and sought everywhere for plays. He found it more profitable, nevertheless, to keep his company playing in Chicago, Buffalo and other cities where a New York name was a magnet.

"Why does Frohman call those actors the Empire stock company," asks an actor one day in a group at Browne's, "they are rarely at the Empire theater?"

"Ah, that may be true," McConnell replied, "but they play the greater part of every season along the route of the Empire State express."

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It was McConnell who gave this same chop house the name by which it is known among the actors, particularly those that belong to a certain club.

"Let's go to the Cafe des Exiles," he said one night, "and try supper there."

The rest of the party supposed he referred to some new French resort and were surprised to wind up at Browne's.

"Why, this is the same old joint," one of them said. "What did you call it?"

"Cafe des Exiles," he said, "because every actor here doesn't dare go over to the Lambs, as he's posted for dues or house charges. They're all exiled to this place until they pay up."

Since that night the members of the Lambs know the chop house by no other name.

It was another club for actors that insnired McConnell to another joke that has survived the memory of the members. He was walking down Broadway one afternoon, looking rather disconsolate. It was late in August, when the actors were haunting his office looking for the winter engagements that had begun to look elusive.

"Come down to the Players to dinner with me," said a friend who met him. "You look as if you'd had a hard day's work."

"I have," the manager answered. "I have been working all day with actors, and I want to get away from them. That's a great suggestion of yours—the Players. That's got to be the one club in New York where you're sure to meet no actors."

To those who know how small the proportion of actors in the club is, the joke had particular point.

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Augustus Thomas wrote a part for McConnell in the short-lived "Champagne Charley." He had not been on the stage for years, and it was thought that his characteristic humor might be amusing in the theater.

That assumption proved incorrect, and McConnell retired from the show before its crush. Then a vaudeville sketch called "The Editor" was written for him and he tried that for two weeks.

"Vaudeville's all right, I suppose," he said afterward, "but it didn't agree with me."

"What was wrong?" asked one of his friends.

"Well, I began in Chicago in a roof garden on top of a 16-story skyscraper. The next week I went to St. Louis and played in Uhrig's cave. Could you beat anything like that? As I said, I think vaudeville is all right, but I could not stand the sudden changes in the climate."

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Augustus Thomas was said to have prepared the sketch McConnell used, and it was once suggested that it might possibly have been due to weakness of the vehicle that his attempt in vaudeville failed.

"I don't believe that," he said, "for Gus Thomas put into it all the Lambs' club jokes he could remember. He's been able to write several successful plays in just that way, and he ought to have enough left over for a 20-minute sketch."

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One summer he lived at Larchmont and invited a guest to stay all night with him.

"Got a little box up there," he said "about a stone's throw from the water."

When they arrived at the house the water was nowhere visible.

"I thought this place was a stone's throw from the water," remarked his friend.

"The landlord told me that when I saw him in New York, and I suppose it's true. When I asked him to explain what he meant he said the stone was a pebble and that Sandow had thrown it."

• • •

He could never be made to take his work seriously, although he was energetic enough. He became manager for Amelia Bingham several years ago, and that relation was the source of many characteristic jokes. His friends learned of his change in business by means of his business card, which read:

WILL A. McCONNELL,
Supported by
AMELIA BINGHAM.

Miss Bingham did contribute to pay his salary for some time, although the disagreements between them were frequent and amusing.

• • •

Charles Frohman once took McConnell abroad with him because his humor was so spontaneous and unflagging, and there was always a demand for his society, even among those who knew him best and saw him most frequently.

For the last fifteen years of his life he was a strict teetotaler. In his early days a too excessive geniality interfered with his prosperity. In this way he successively lost control of three theaters he had partly owned.

"I should think you would find it hard not to drink, thrown with the people you meet," one of his friends said to him one day.

"It's no trouble at all to stop drinking," he said, "after you've drunk up three theaters."

The Rose Leaf Social Club's Play

The Rose Leaf Social club has given up its elaborate play for a well-staged and carefully played production of "McGinnity's Farewell," said to be the funniest of the pieces contained in that splendid volume, "One Hundred Plays and Charades," for which the president sent to Chicago.

The officers of the R. L. club are loath to discuss the reasons for the abandonment of the plans, but state positively that, whatever the rumors to the contrary, the club will not appear as an organization in "McGinnity's Farewell," nor if such a play is produced will the proceeds be turned over to a fund which will pay the expenses of the members on a trip to the Soo and return, next summer, as had been planned.

This announcement coming from such a source is naturally a surprise to the many friends of the Rose Leaf club, who are either intimate with its many members, or who have attended the dances it has conducted from time to time in a well-known and popular hall in the West end.

The reason for the club's change in plans will probably leak out in a few days, as there are quite as many girls as boys in the organization, and already there are unauthentic rumors floating about which assign jealousy among the club's players as the cause.

When it was first decided to send 25 cents in stamps to secure a copy of "One Hundred Plays and Charades," it was virtually understood that in the event of a production of any one of the famous 100 that Nellie McCardell, who is employed by a First street laundry, and is first vice president of the club, was to have the leading feminine role.

Imagine the consternation that was caused, then, both in club circles and in the laundry, when Lizzie Anson, who is "in the notions" at a Superior street department store, and who holds no office whatever in the Rose Leaf Social club, attempted to take for herself the role of Kitty McGinnity, in what is described in the book as "the genteel comedy, 'McGinnity's Farewell.'"

The session of the club at which this matter came up is understood to have been unusually lively, even rivalling the occasion of the debate with the members of the Northern Pleasure club, for excitement.

The friends of Miss Anson are understood to have arrayed themselves on one side and the friends of Mistres McCardell on the other. One side, rumor does not say which, is said to have threatened the other with disaster and to announce that it was composed of "a bunch of stiffs" and it is said that the reply of the ladies and gentlemen on the injured side provoked a falling out that resulted in some black eyes.

The abandonment of the club's plans may result in more trouble as the thrifty Rose Leafers are said to have disposed of quite a number of tickets and have secured good coin of the realm for them.

Mr. "Kid" Blaatzen, a well known West end barber, is credited with the statement that he will give the slippery secretary and treasurer of the Rose Leaf Social club a blow known as a "smash in the mug" when next he encounters him. The s. and t. is charged by Mr. Blaatzen with having extracted fifty cents, the price of a ticket for "one gent and lady," from him without having produced in return the aforesaid coupon. Other prominent citizens of the West end have been simplarly annoyed.

"Sammy" Goldberg was to have had the part of Mr. McGinnty and admits that he would have made a hit if the club had ever carried out its intention of producing "McGinnty's Farewell." Mr. Goldberg comes of a dramatic family, his brother being property man with the "What Could the Poor Girl Do" company, No. 2, now touring the Southern states. Daytimes, Mr. Goldberg is employed in his uncle's establishment on West Superior street, but at night, he shines in club life and, as often as possible, as a parlor comedian. All of the girls in the Rose Leaf club admitted that his imitation of De Wolf Hopper, given during one of the club's sleigh ride parties last winter, was "simply great."

Miss Bessie McGaw, the second vice president, had been slated for the role of the soubrette who is "discovered" wiping off the furniture with a dust broom when the curtain goes up on the first act. She was to have a singing and dancing specialty with Mr. Late Anderson, German comedian, in the second act. They had planned to sing some screaming parodies on "Under the Old Apple Tree." Miss McGaw's friends tell her she has a lovely voice but her fellow workers at the hair dressing parlors would tell you that she couldn't sing a note.

To Fred Clark had been awarded the role of Harold Four-Flush. Mr. Clark formerly lived in St. Paul, and while there learned to dance some fancy steps. He intended to introduce some of these in "McGinnity's Farewell," which would probably have made quite a hit, in view of Mr. Clark's popularity with the girls. He is said to be a lovely waltzer.

Other members of the club had been assigned to different roles, and all of them being recent additions, their complaints about the unimportance of their bits did not seriously menace the success of the Rose Leafers' little dip into theatricals. It was undoubtedly a fuss among the stars that busted up the show.

One way out of the difficulty has already been suggested by Clifford Peters, who works in a printing office on Michigan street. Mr. Peters is quite literary, and has offered to rewrite "McGinnity's Farewell," incorporating in the revised edition two important parts, one for Miss McCardell and one for Miss Anson.

This offer has not been welcomed as it should be by the members of the club. Mr. Peters secured the printing of the club's dance posters and tickets last season, at "reduced rates," and there were those who whispered it about that they thought Clifford was converting some of the funds expended in printing to his own use, an act made possible by his close connection with the printing trade. It was argued that he secured the printing at a lower figure than the one he quoted to the club, and that he got quite a "boodle" out of each job. Mr. Peters' close friends, including Messrs. Goldberg and Anderson, take no stock in this, however.

If Mr. Peters' offer is finally accepted, the production will probably be given in the near future. Perhaps it will be presented at the Lyceum theater. Several of the club members are ushers at the Lyceum, and declare that they know Mr. Marshall very well.

Wounds, Bruises and Burns.

By applying an antiseptic dressing to wounds, bruises, burns and like injuries before inflammation sets in, they may be healed without maturation and in about one-third the time required by the old treatment. This is the greatest discovery and triumph of modern surgery. Chamberlain's Pain Balm acts on this same principle. It is an antiseptic and when applied to such injuries, causes them to heal very quickly. It also allays the pain and soreness and prevents any danger of blood poisoning. Keep a bottle of Pain Balm in your home and it will save you time and money, not to mention the inconvenience and suffering such injuries entail. For sale by all leading druggists.

Don't forget to phone your ad to The Saturday Herald.

Get Well — Keep Well

Woolen Underwear Incompatible With Cleanliness—It Keeps Perspiration From Evaporating—How the Body Loses Heat—Animals That Grow Wool Most Sensitive To Cold—Wool the Best Material For Outer Garments—Wearing Flannels Bad Habit—Get Out of the Habit, Even If You Have Always Worn Them.

BY EDWARD B. WARMAN.
(Author of "Scientific Physical Training" and Conductor of the Get Well-Keep Well Club.)

(Copyright, 1905, by Joseph B. Bowles.)

Next to the color of clothing hygienically considered, is the question of underwear. In order to do justice to any subject, it is quite essential to lay aside prejudice and preconceived ideas. The truth about underwear will make you free of many of your ailments, for which you now unnecessarily suffer.

Woolen (flannel) underwear is, to a great degree, the cause of "colds," pneumonia, pleurisy, rheumatism, etc., and, quite frequently, smallpox; the latter being a filth disease. Woolen underwear and cleanliness are not compatible. Wool, after having been once worn, can never be cleansed by washing; hence it is wholly unhygienic.

Woolen underwear makes the skin tender, and even hypersensitive, thus rendering it (the skin) unable to withstand sudden atmospheric changes. No one knows this better than the wearer, who, for that reason, fears draughts and dreads exposure, knowing that he takes "cold" easily, and is, therefore, liable to suffer one or more of the diseases previously mentioned.

People put on heavy woolen underwear, sit in an overheated room, or go into a warm office after having walked briskly, and, as a result, perspire freely; the moisture being kept by the wool from evaporating, remains on the surface of the body, thus rendering it sensitive. Then they go suddenly out into the cold air, become instantly chilled in consequence of the moist and open pores, thus driving the blood away from the surface and creating an internal congestion that deranges all the organs, and a fever, or so-called "cold" ensues. All underclothing should permit free transpiration from the skin; this, the wool will not do.

The defect of woolen garments to quickly absorb and eliminate moisture is a serious one, and, when properly understood, will do away with its use for underclothing. A woolen undergarment, when first put upon the body, will impart to it a feeling of warmth and comfort, which will continue so long as the evaporation from the skin is not in excess of the wool to absorb and eliminate the moisture. However, if in consequence of impaired radiation of heat, as in the summer, or a greater production of heat, as by physical exertion, evaporation should be increased, wool will not longer be able to absorb the moisture as fast as excreted from the skin, nor will it be able to part with all it may absorb; hence the skin and the air surrounding it, as well as the garment itself, will be moist, and thus interfere greatly with further evaporation. This accounts for the oppression one feels under such conditions, which is due to the retention of heat.

The human body should maintain an even temperature of 98½ deg. Fahrenheit; hence, it should eliminate whatever heat it produces. There are three different ways in which the body loses its heat, viz., radiation, evaporation, conduction.

RADIATION.

The average loss of heat by radiation amounts to more than 50 per cent of all the heat lost. The greater the difference in the temperature of the body and that of the surrounding object, the greater the loss by radiation. In excessive summer heat radiation ceases and increased evaporation takes its place as shown by perspiration.

EVAPORATION.

Evaporation is favored by dryness and impaired by humidity. The dryer the air, the better it is able to withdraw moisture from the skin. It is well known that in a dry climate excessive heat is much less felt than in a moist one.

Under normal conditions the body loses, through the skin, from two to three pints of moisture (in the form of evaporation) during 24 hours. Since humidity does not favor evaporation it is important that whatever vapor or water is excreted by the skin should not only be taken up by such material as we may place next to the skin, but should also be given off. The skin, as well as the air and clothing surrounding it, should be dry. This condition does not exist when woolen underwear is worn.

CONDUCTION.

Conduction is favored by a velocity of the air current as well as by moisture. It is through this conduction that we feel excessive heat or excessive cold much more in a moist than in a dry climate. The next time you get exceedingly warm and sit in a very strong draught (especially if you have on woolen underwear) you will be aware of increased radiation with temperature loss on the windward side.

SOME FACTS ABOUT WOOL.

Wool, in its natural state, seems to be a very poor protection for the animal that grows it. No animal is more sensitive to cold; no animal has weaker lungs. "To die like sheep!" How common the expression.

"Woolen underwear is almost universally worn." Quite true; but that does not necessarily argue in its favor. "Colds," also, are almost as universal as are the wearers of woolen underclothing.

"Woolen underwear is warm." Quite true. It is too warm for either summer or winter weather. It overheats and then chills the body with its moisture. It is supposed to be a non-conductor of heat. So it is when perfectly dry, but that condition does not long prevail.

WOOL RETAINS MOISTURE.

Wool retains moisture longer than any other material; therefore should not be worn next the skin. Wrap a piece of ice in a woolen cloth, and it will be protected as long as the cloth remains dry, but when it becomes wet the ice will melt rapidly.

The woolen underwear theory is fast dying out; so are those who wear it. A false theory may be adopted and followed and obtain for years, yet the theory may be wholly at variance with facts.

About wool as an outer garment—the very fact that wool is a slow absorbent renders it the very best material for over-garments, especially in humid climates, and seasons where protection is required from the atmospheric moisture. Remember that the outer clothing should be a poor absorbent of moisture; the underclothing a good absorbent; therefore the very condemnation of the one is the strongest commendation of the other.

Are you afraid to lay aside your flannels and adopt something else simply because you have always worn flannels? Treat this as you would or as you should any other bad habit. Cast them aside. Displace the old unhygienic garments with the hygienic ones.

If you have been wrongly influenced, whether ignorantly or otherwise, and you now see the error of your way, choose for yourself. One's decision is not always the result of one's judgment but, too often, the stupid adoption of a custom which cannot stand a half-hour's serious intelligent thought; besides, when such persons are confronted with facts, the more ignorant they are and the less thought they have given to the subject the more opinionated they are liable to be; therefore the harder to convince.

In my next I shall consider silk, cotton and linen as underwear.

The World's Greatest Voice Instructor

How the Telephone Is Teaching a Nation to Speak Well—Harsh, Uncivil Utterance Is Now Under the Ban—Good Manners and Good Business Exact Clear Articulation.

Boston, Oct. 21—(Special to The Herald.)—Did it ever occur to you that the manner in which you talk at the telephone may have much to do with your social or business success?

You can't possibly convey any impression over the telephone with fine clothes—at least not at present. An ingenious man is at work trying to perfect a device by which you will be seen as well as heard when you telephone; but until some such device takes on practical shape, your voice will remain the chief index of your character and station.

Suppose the society leader goes to the telephone arrayed in a two-thousand-dollar gown and her priceless family jewels. What of it? The rustle of the silk, the cut of the gown, the blaze of the diamonds—they are all lost upon the person at the other end of the line. So comes in the power of the cultured voice—the clear articulation, the fine shades of tone, the various inflections that betoken charm of manner and beauty of mind.

It's the same with the business man. He might laugh in your face if you compared him with a society leader. What has he to do with society? Nonsense! All he tries to do is to please his customers or his clients. That's the point, precisely. Observe how he uses the telephone on his desk. A misunderstanding over a fraction of a dollar, or a touch of surliness, may cost him an order, or a contract, or possibly a client. He's as particular as a lady telephoning an invitation to her dearest friend. But if you should call his attention to it he probably would say, "Why, that's only business." The habit—started by the telephone—is so strong in him that he takes it as a matter of course. It pays to be careful, and you will find that the tendency to be careful is particularly marked at the telephone, where things cant' bo seen in black and white, and where nothing is taken for granted.

The power of the voice—the power to please, to impress one with confidence, to emphasize the sincerity that makes friends in both society and business—is one of the results of the telephone habit. Americans are a nation of telephone users. This assertion finds sufficient corroboration in the fact that the Bell companies alone have more than 2,000,000 subscribers. Assumnig that two-fifths of the 80,000,000 in habitants of the country are adults, this is equivalent to saying that one adult out of every sixteen is a subscriber to the service of these companies. Besides, the fact that the telephone habit is getting stronger and stronger becomes apparent when you consider that the majority of these 2,000,000 subscribers have joined the ranks during the last four or five years.

All of which goes to show the growing power or prominence of what might be called the telephone voice. In the old days, before the telephone came, it didn't matter so much. Carelessness or harshness in speech was common. Sociological critics have explained this in various ways. Some say it was the climate; others that the American mode of life produces a rather nervous temperament, and a consequent lack of control over the powers of speech; still others, that it was a relic of the free and easy times when the squires and their ladies in the old countries were as bolsterous as children.

And there is some of the old habit left. Occasionally a foreigner, after visiting our hospitable shores, goes home and writes a book in which he frankly, if ungallantly and unreasonably, asserts that American women squawk like ducks. Then, again, the candid traveler from our own side of the water will tell you that the waitress in the Swiss hotel is more refined, so far as voice is concerned, than the American woman at the table. Recently a comic weekly printed one of the old-fashioned cartoons. It represents a musicale at a private house. One of the guests is saying: "Did you hear a noise?" and another is replying: "Oh, that must be Signor Busto. He has such a powerful voice!" And a New York dramatic critic lately said that the author of a society drama exhibited his dense ignorance of society by permitting the actors in a scene in a drawing room to converse without raising the roof.

But the telephone is gradually changing all that. Did you ever visit a telephone exchange? If you have you must have been surprised to notice the absence of noise. The girls at the switchboard are talking almost incessantly, and yet all you hear is a low murmur. For the telephone operator has been taught to articulate carefully (the Bell companies have regular training schools for their operators); and the transmitter into which she speaks is held mechanically close to her mouth. Two men converse with each other every day over the 1,600-mile line between Boston and Omaha, but there's no shouting during this remarkable performance. The men find it sufficient to speak distinctly to each other.

Indeed, with the exception of its rapid growth in recent years, nothing is more remarkable about the telephone habit than the pleasing effect it has been slowly but surely producing upon the American voice. Now that the telephone has found its way not only to the business man's desk but to the lady's boudoir, now that it has extended along the historical trails as well as into the most fashionable summer and winter resorts, the "telephone voice" is bound to become more and more noticeable.

The telephone is young; the telephone habit is comparatively new; radical changes take time. But watch and you will see for yourself that the telephone is gradually improving the American voice. The reform, as it might be called, is progressing automatically. It is simply the result of studied efforts to use the telephone to the best advantage—to convey a good impression by articulating carefully and by bringing out the charms inherent in the human voice. Critical essayists, schools and colleges, even the physical culture institutions to which the young ladies of today are wont to flock, have been trying to accomplish this result. The telephone has accomplished it. How? Simply because it imposes upon those who use it the necessity of speaking as nature intended they should speak, distinctly and agreeably, and of emphasizing this ideal utterance by holding the lips close to the transmitter.

Baby Mine

Every mother feels a great dread of the pain and danger attendant upon the most critical period of her life. Becoming a mother should be a source of joy to all, but the suffering and danger incident to the ordeal makes its anticipation one of misery. **Mother's Friend** is the only remedy which relieves women of the great pain and danger of maternity; this hour, which is dreaded as woman's severest trial, is not only made painless, but all the danger is avoided by its use. Those who use this remedy are no longer despondent or gloomy; nervousness, nausea and other distressing conditions are overcome, the system is made ready for the coming event, and the serious accidents so common to the critical hour are obviated by the use of **Mother's Friend**. "It is worth its weight in gold," say many who have used it. $1.00 per bottle at drug stores. Book containing valuable information of interest to all women, will be sent to any address free upon application to

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Mother's Friend

Burlington Route

THE Day Train to Chicago

is the Burlington's Scenic Line Express, leaving St. Paul at 8:20 a. m., arriving Chicago at 9:35 p. m. Observation car from which to view the magnificent Mississippi river scenery.

THE Night Train to Chicago

is the Burlington's Electric-lighted Limited, leaving St. Paul 8:40 p. m., arriving Chicago 9 a. m. A superb train with every possible contrivance for comfort.

F. M. RUGG, Northwestern Passenger Agent,
Germania Life Insurance Building ST. PAUL.

"BREVITY IS THE SOUL OF WIT."
GOOD WIFE! YOU NEED

SAPOLIO

Through Tourist Cars to California.

The following through Tourist car service to California points has been inaugurated by "The North-Western Line" for the season 1905-6.

Leaving St. Paul every Tuesday at 9:05 p. m., running via Omaha and the Union Pacific and Southern Pacific railways to San Francisco and Los Angeles.

Leaving St. Paul every Thursday at 8:00 p. m., via Omaha, Union Pacific to Ogden, O. S. L. to Salt Lake, thence via the new line San Pedro, Salt Lake & Los Angeles railway to Los Angeles.

Leaving St. Paul every Saturday at 9:40 a. m., running via Council Bluffs, Kansas City and the A. T. & S. Fe railway to Los Angeles.

For reservations, apply to City Ticket Agent, 302 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn.

Personally Conducted Tour of the Pacific Coast.

"The North-Western Line" in connection with the Union Pacific system have arranged for personally conducted tour of the Pacific Coast, on the basis of $180 from Duluth. Trip to be of twenty days' duration, and the amount named covers railroad and sleeping car fares, meals en route in dining cars and dining stations, four days at hotel at Los Angeles, and three days at Saint Francis Hotel, San Francisco.

Itinerary, one day at Denver, Colorado Springs to visit Manitou, The Garden of the Gods, and other points of interest, a delightful daylight ride in observation cars through the mountain scenery of the D. & R. G. and Sunday at Salt Lake. From Salt Lake to Los Angeles via the new San Pedro, Los Angeles & Salt Lake railway. Train leaves Omaha Oct. 18. For further particulars apply to City Ticket Office, 302 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn.

California or Florida.

It is time to plan your winter vacation. Early arrangements secure the best accommodations. Choice of routes via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway to California or to Florida, combined with low rates, make the trip to either resort a most attractive one. A postal will bring complete information about rates, train service and resorts, free, and by return mail. Address W. B. Dixon, Northwestern Passenger Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

The "swapping instinct" is no longer a peculiarly Yankee one—it has become an American trait of character. You may want to buy many things—you may want to sell a few. Try our columns.

Workingmen and Others.

We are prepared to move you cheaper and better than any one else. Covered vans or open drays, same price. Come and be satisfied.

'Phones 402. 210 West Superior St.

DULUTH VAN & STORAGE CO.

There are people reading our "To Let" columns today who would make desirable tenants for that vacant house of yours. There will be tomorrow, too; and there's time enough for you to get your ad in these columns for tomorrow. It should have been in today.

EGYPTIAN REGULATOR TEA



THIS BEST, OLDEST AND MOST

natural medicine in the whole world is compounded from the original prescription obtained of the late Prof. Aug. Huit, a famous member of the Academy of Sciences, Paris, France.

A Single Trial

will convince any sufferer no matter what the ailment of its sterling curative virtues and superiority over pills, tablets and other forms of concentrated drugs. The simple vegetable ingredients which enter into the prescription being taken according to directions, in free solution, produce the best, most natural and satisfactory results. No griping, no pains, no inconvenience. The best health comes from nature. Regulate and strengthen the functions of animal life and perfect health is the sure result. The bowels and blood must first be made right by destroying the disease germs. Egyptian Regulator Tea never fails to accomplish this. It is in fact a Speedy and Positive Cure for

Indigestion, Constipation,
Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint,
Sick Headache, Nervous Debility,
Grip, Rheumatism and Kidney Troubles.

Prepared in three sizes, 25c, 50c and $1.00 per package, by THE EGYPTIAN DRUG CO., New York. For sale by ALL DRUGGISTS.

Happenings In The World of Sport

BIG GAME IN THE WEST

Three Decisive Contests Being Played On Western Gridirons

Minnesota Supporters Hope to See Wisconsin Down Chicago.

GAMES TODAY.

Minnesota vs. Iowa at Minneapolis.
Chicago vs. Wisconsin at Madison.
Illinois vs. Purdue at Champaign.
Nebraska vs. Michigan at Ann Arbor.
Yale vs. Penn state at New Haven.
West Point vs. Harvard at West Point.
Cornell vs. W. U. of Penn. at Ithaca.
Columbia vs. Amherst at New York.
Pennsylvania vs. Brown at Philadelphia.
Princeton vs. Lafayette at Princeton.

Three great games are scheduled in the West today, and when they are over the football situation will be somewhat cleared, as at least one team will be out of the running for the Western championship.

The most important of the three games is being played at Madison, where Stagg's Maroons are tackling the Badgers.

One of the two teams will have to go down and out of the Western football race, and the supporters of the Minnesota team hope it will be Chicago. The Gophers have been ignored by Chicago this year, and if Stagg's men should win Minnesota will have no opportunity of proving her superiority. On the other hand if Wisconsin should win, Minnesota by defeating the Badgers two weeks from today, can dispose of Chicago's claims also.

The Badgers have always been popular with the Minnesota men, by whom they are looked upon as the gamest sports in the West, and the best of wishes go with Phil King's bunch today.

The outlook for Wisconsin, however, is none too hopeful, for Stagg is admitted to have one of the most formidable aggregations that ever represented the Midway school.

• • •

At Minneapolis the Gophers should have a rather easy mark in the Iowa game, but Dr. Williams' men hope to pile up a bigger score against the Iowans than Chicago did two weeks ago.

• • •

Michigan looks good for the Nebraska game, but the Cornhuskers may give Yost's machine a struggle. The Nebraskans always present a husky, aggressive bunch, and Booth claims to have a faster team than ever, this year.

• • •

The Chicago players are talking of the versatility of the Chicago players, nearly every one of whom is expert in more than one branch of sport. The great Eckersall has a record of ten seconds for the 100 yards, twenty-two for the 220, and is also a baseball, tennis and basketball player of no mean ability. Gale is a shot-putter and a water polo player, of which team Badenoch is captain. Parry is the crack weight-thrower of the Maroon team, and Boone is an experienced baseball player. Shorr is a coming man with the weights, while Meigs is a baseball player and a wrestler.

With such an aggregation of stars, Stagg ought to turn out a team that will beat Michigan this year, if he ever hopes to do so.

• • •

Irsfield, the Minnesota half, has greatly improved and is nearly recovered from his attack of pneumonia. He is too weak to think of getting back in the game this year, however.

• • •

Next Saturday Minnesota will play Lawrence at Minneapolis, and on the following Saturday the locked-for Wisconsin game will be pulled off. But two more games will remain on the Gophers' schedule after the Wisconsin game, Nebraska and Northwestern playing in Minneapolis on successive Saturdays.

• • •

W. J. Pattison, Collier's Western representative who is to pick an all-Western team for that magazine, was in Minneapolis this week watching the Minnesota men. He says that Stagg has the best material in the field, and in talking to a Minneapolis paper, picked Chicago to defeat Wisconsin today.

FIGHTERS GO "BROKE."

Battling Nelson Agrees With Fitzsimmons on "Financial" Question.

"Bob Fitzsimmons says that most fighters wind up without a cent," remarked Battling Nelson. "Well, I guess the old fellow is about right, but you can bet ten to one that 'Bat' will retire from the ring with enough currency to keep the wolf from the door. It's 'come easy, go easy' with a majority of the fighters, but I'm not building any homes for soubrettes or keeping the bartenders busy separating me from $100 bills. Of course I spend more money than I did two years ago, but I'm not throwing it away.

"Take Young Corbett, for instance. He has made $50,000 in the last three years, but right now he is broke and probably owes a lot of money. The same can be said of Joe Gans and other fighters. They get hold of the money in a hurry, and being good fellows they try to get rid of it as quickly as possible. Well, I've always had to work hard and help support a large family and consequently I have never acquired the habit of tossing it in the air. I have earned about $60,000 in the last two years and three-fourths of that amount has gone to father and mother. They have had a hard time all their lives and I am going to make things pleasant for them from now on. Father says if I win a few more fights they will own all Hegewisch. I hope so, at least."

Nelson is one fighter without any bad habits. He never drinks intoxicating liquors, nor does he smoke or chew tobacco. He goes to bed early and is up with the sun. "That's the secret of my success," said Nelson. "Condition counts in everything, and whenever I enter the ring I know that I can take a few wallops without going to sleep."

• • •

Battling Nelson tells many good stories at his father's expense. "When we were coming from Denver," said Battling, 'the butcher on the train sold Daddy a pair of spectacles for $5. A few minutes later Bobby Lundi 'touched' him for them, and then the butcher, who was 'next,' come right along and sold him the same pair over again. He also bought several Masonic emblems, but he doesn't know what they are.

"There was a fresh guy at Salt Lake came along one night and asked Daddy where Chicago was. He thought a few seconds and then said, 'Chicago? It's a suburb of Hegewisch.'

"But the night after I fought Britt," continued Nelson, "was the best joke on Daddy. He was mixed up with a bunch of sports who were buying wine and he, wanting to be a good fellow, ordered some. He went to his pockets to pay for the dose when he found that he had been touched. It took him two weeks to get over that."

BLOOD POISON is the worst disease on earth, yet the easiest to cure when you know what to do. Many have pimples, spots on the skin, sores in the mouth, ulcers, falling hair, bone pains, catarrh and don't know it is BLOOD POISON. Send to DR. BROWN, 935 Arch St., Philadelphia, Penn., for BROWN'S BLOOD CURE, $1.00 per bottle; lasts one month. Sold in Duluth only by Max Wirth, 13 W. Sup. St.

Matty the Great



CHRISTIE MATHEWSON.
The New York Giants' Wizard of the Firing Line Who Pitched So Well in the World's Championship Series Against the Athletics.

AGGRESSIVE PLAYER.

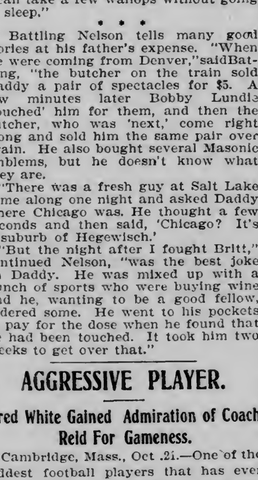
Fred White Gained Admiration of Coach Reid For Gameness.

Cambridge, Mass., Oct .21.—One of the oddest football players that has ever worn a Crimson suit is Fred White, the big center on the Crimson eleven. White, who is a Brooklyn man and recently inherited $3,000,000 in his own name, stands six feet in height and weighs close on to 240 pounds. Last year he was even heavier than this, tipping the beam at 265, but faithful exercise last summer brought him down to a much better working basis.

Paradoxically enough, White has red hair, a whole shock of it set on a large head, above a solid, determined looking face. The neck is short and the shoulders broad; the arm thick and powerful. His gait is very awkward, but he gets there just the same. And he has all kinds of spirit. Two weeks ago a scrub halfback scored on the 'varsity. White was the nearest regular and chased him all the way down the field. It was a laughable sight and the crowd laughed; but it pleased Coach Reid; it also made him angry. "You may laugh," he told Harvard men at a union mass meeting, "but I tell you it is no laughing matter. It is no joke. It is the kind of thing I like to see in football, the kind of thing that makes for a good team. White knew he couldn't catch that runner, but he was game, and he tried the best he could. If everyone tries as hard as that we will have a successful team this year."

At present White is playing regular center on the 'varsity. Last year he played guard. His game at center is marked by aggressiveness and pluck. His passing at times is very poor and the coaches are working hard to eradicate the fault. Otherwise, he bids fair to hold his own with any rival who may challenge him on Soldiers' Field this year.

Harvard's Coach



Cambridge, Mass., Oct. 21.—William T., otherwise known as "Bill" Reid, head coach of the Harvard football forces, has won the confidence of the student body by his handling of the squad so far this season, justifying his selection for the post by the athletic authorities. He has curbed the ambitions of the varsity team somewhat by issuing an edict against running up a large score on any opponent. The coach evidently seeks to impress thoroughness and carefulness upon his men, as too great speed might lead to careless work in handling the ball.

DAN PATCH'S RECORD.

Little Doubt of Acceptance of Pacer's Lexington Mark.

The report that Dan Patch's record of 1:55¼ may not be accepted by the official authorities because it was made with the aid of wind shield is untrue for the very good reason that no windshield was used in front of him; that is, no such device was used as was used in front of Prince Alert when he paced in 1:57, a performance that was not recognized. When Dan Patch went his wonderful mile at Lexington he was preceded by a runner drawing a cart fitted with what is more properly called a dirtshield. This was a strip of canvas about twelve inches wide hung in a frame just long enough to fit in between the cart wheels, directly under the axle. This is exactly the way the cart was rigged last year which preceded Lou Dillon and Major Delmar in their record-breaking miles, and also which preceded Dan Patch in his last year's trials.

All those records were accepted, and it is an absolute certainty that Dan Patch's Lexington mile will also go down as an official record. The canvas strip breaks no wind except that which would be about the legs of the performer following, but it does prevent the dirt thrown up by the runner's feet from striking the horse following in the face. There is no question but that the preceding pacemaker, driver and sulky do break the wind for the performer following to quite an extent. Every race driver who has pulled his horse in behind another horse in a race and trailed him until reaching the stretch knows that, but few of them who saw Dan Patch pace at Lexington believe the pacemaker assisted that horse more than 2½ seconds; indeed, most of the trainers gathered there expressed the opinion that without a pacemaker in front Dan Patch can pace a mile in 1:58, at least under the same weather and track conditions which were present at Lexington the day of his great performance there.

ENOUGH PEA SOUP.

The following was frequently told by Capt. Martin Burns of Bangor, Me., as one on him, says the Boston Herald.

The captain was very fond of split pea soup, and before leaving port he always put in a good-sized stock of split peas. On this occasion, however, his negro steward got whole peas, and so the soup that the captain called for on the first day out was thrown away.

The next day pea soup was again served, and this time the captain, after having eaten a hearty meal, said to his steward: "Steward, that's the kind of soup I like; we'll have some more just like it tomorrow."

"Fo de Lawd's sake, cap'n," exclaimed the stewart, "ma jaws am so tired chewing dem whole peas dat Ah just can't chew no mo'."

The captain never asked for pea soup again.

Connections East

No matter which train nor which railroad you select to the Twin Cities, you will find there waiting for you one of the eastbound trains of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway. There are five trains via that line from Minneapolis and St. Paul to Chicago every day. These include the famous Pioneer Limited and Fast Mail. No extra fare to ride on them. But it is necessary to name your route when purchasing tickets. Write W. B. Dixon, Northwestern passenger agent, St. Paul, for full information regarding rates, etc.

DULUTH AND SUPERIOR

Athletics Will Meet the Heavy Superior City Team.

Centrals Playing At Ironwood---Blaine Defeats Business University.

It is a formidable bunch that the Athletics have chosen to meet in Superior tomorrow afternoon, but the Duluth team will be stronger than it has been at any time of the year.

Dash, a former high school player, will replace McGraw at tackle, and Perry will go in at left guard in place of Overman.

Othewise the team will be the same as the one that faced Cloquet two weeks ago, but the men have improved in condition and are playing well together.

Nightly practices have perfected them in the signals, and will do away with the fumbling, which spoiled the effectiveness of their play in earlier games.

The Superior teams will be one of the strongest that ever represented the city across sthe bay. The players will average much heavier than the Duluth boyss, and they are all fast, experienced men.

The two teams will line-up as follows:

Superior.		Duluth.
Bell or Dwyer	L. E.	McDowell
Clemens	L.	Buska
Vetsch	L. T.	Dash
Baumgarten	C.	Aronson
Mackoskey	R. G.	Perry
August	R. T.	Ogle
Raetz	R. E.	Macdonald
Hughes (Capt.)	Q.	Gallagher
S. Buchanan	L. H.	Arseneau
McGowan	R. H.	Heston
L. Harris	F. (Capt.)	Coleman

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The Duluth high school boys are playing the fast Ironwood team today. The local boys left Duluth last night and were due to arrive at Ironwood at 11 o'clock. No practice was held yesterday, and they should have time for a good rest before the game this afternoon.

Capt. McDevitt will not play, owing to his injured knee but he accompanied the team. Spencer will be placed at full back and Crawford will be put in at guard to fill the position left vacant by Wallinder, who will be moved into the tackle position left vacant by Forsythe. The team will line-up as follows: Full back, Spencer; left half, McKinley; right half, Cummings; quarter, Crassweller (captain); left end, Roy Bowen; left tackle, Claypool; left guard, Dudgeon; center, Coventry; right guard, Crawford; right tackle, Wallinder; right end, H. Bowen.

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The Duluth Business university played the second team of the Blaine high school of Superior yesterday and lost by the score of 10 to 0. The feature of the game was the playing of Drohan, the 75-pound quarter back of the university team.

Considering the fact that it was their first game of the season, the business college boys put up a very creditable exhibition.

The teams lined up as follows:

Duluth.		Superior.
Ashley	L. H.	Nord
Cameron	L. T.	Cohen
Sawyer	L. G.	Haish
F. Johnson	C.	Chandler
Al. Johnson	R. G.	Dahl
Nelson	R. T.	Sundby
McMillan	R. E.	Kentfield
Drohan	Q. B.	Lange
Mathews	F. B.	Tostevein
Manson	L. H.	Berg
Montgomery	R. H.	Cowell (Capt.)

PEDLAR PALMER

Comes to the Front With the Defeat of Cohen.

Pedlar Palmer, the litte box of tricks from England, whose downfall pugilistically began with his defeat by Terry McGovern for the bantamweight championship, is still going some in the ring. The London Sportsman has the following to say of his match with Cockney Cohen the other night:

There has been very large attendance at Wonderland previous to last evening, but, possibly never before in its history as a boxing resort such a crowd. Long before half time the hall was quite full, but when the cheap section came in there was hardly room to move. Every part from the stage downward was packed, and with the crowd excited and hot, it came as quite a relief when Jack Woolf distributed fans to those who desired to inhale other than the smoke-laden atmosphere. Instead of an ordinary special night, it was extra special, for the occasion was the contest between Pedlar Palmer and Cockney Cohen, a meeting, owing to the capital reputations of the men, that had been looked forward to with extraordinary interest. Harry Jacobs, who is to be congratulated upon having secured such an interesting event for Wonderland, made excellent arrangements and, so far as could be judged, nothing had been left undone to make the affair a success. The men were sent into strict training. Palmer at Brighton and Cohen at Barnes, and when they entered the ring last evening both looked thoroughly fit and well. They boxed at eight stone, 101 pounds, give and take two pounds, for a stake of $250 a side, and a purse of $500, and altogether it was a most satisfactory contest, for Palmer deserved and obtained the verdict.

"The box of tricks" is not so young as he was, and there is also little doubt that he has lost some of his old cunning. However, saving his unlucky punch, class will tell in boxing matters, and last night it did in most unmistakable manner. Cohen is a tall lad, with strong arms and shoulders that enable him to hit hard. He is also possessed of cleverness, and can well be written down as one of England's most likely lads, but he is not yet in the Palmer class. He is young enough to improve, and will beat more than will beat him, but last night, if not completely outclassed, was beaten by a better man. His one difficulty throughout was to find Palmer, whose headwork was almost as good as in his best days. Time after time the Leeds man tried desperate rushes, but on only a few occasions were they effective, for Pedlar, with smart foot and head work, neatly slipped out of danger. In the meanwhile the London man was scoring nicely, and at times was quite aggressive, going in at his man before Cohen had recovered from his abortive rushes and delivering right and left in capital form. Now driving Palmer to the ropes and using both hands effectually, but for the better part of the time he failed to get there, and with Palmer, although hitting by no means so hard, always scoring well the verdict was out of doubt at the close. It was a very interesting contest, and on the whole fairly fought out, although Cohen infringed once or twice by hitting in holds. He boxed gamely, and was always a tryer, but in Palmer met what was left of quite one of the best men that ever put on a glove, and thus in being beaten was by no means disgraced.

There were eight very interesting six-round contests, and altogether a very fine night's sport gave the greatest pleasure to all who witnessed it. The officials were: Referee, J. T. Hulls, Jr.; timekeeper, Dave Jacobs; M. C., George Harris; seconds, Bill Natty, Jack Farley and Charles Smith.

Captain of Chicago Cubs



FRANK CHANCE,
Who Piloted the Chicago National Club to Victory Over the White Sox.

Sporting Comment

The "foolishness" of football yells is coming in for some discussion about this time of the year, when the chrysanthemum bedecked college boys, with the half-masted trousers and the much beslitted coats, are tearing loose bunches of the king's English that sound like a Russian count with a bad cold.

Otherwise perfectly sane young men, who are suspected of having brains hidden beneath their headgear, have been known to get caught by the college cheer microbe, and sit for two or three hours with herds of their fellows, grinding out some carefully rhymed lingo about "whisky, brandy and peppermint tea" and "nothing being the matter with var-sit-tee-ee."

Some college yells run entirely to edibles. It may denote a gluttonous tendency among the modern college students, for the menus displayed in the yells have nothing epicurean about them.

For example, when a crowd of high school boys tear off a chunk of the following: "Pumpkin, blueberry, apple pie, what's the matter with the central high?" To anybody but a high school boy, three kinds of pie at a sitting would mean sudden death or chronic dyspepsia.

The hand of the boarding-house keeper is at times distinguishable in the literature of the rooters, and the unbiased onlooker can see visions of red-armed cooks and hall bedrooms. A yell like "Corn beef, pork chops, mutton broth, hash. We'll tear through them with a crash" could only be evolved by a college which ran to hall bedrooms and 20-cent table d'hotes.

But the latter-day menu yells are an improvement upon some of the nightmares which used to be evolved by the little, Eastern, jerk-water colleges. They had yells which sounded like a bunch of Japanese firecrackers exploding in an empty tomato can.

One college copied its yell from the noise made by an old Thomas cat with the whooping cough. It ran something as follows:

"Tolky olke, tolky olke,
Alla me challa me chay
—— college; —— college,
Hurrah, hurrah, hurrah."

When 300 or 400 rooters started in on this fit, it was time to hunt for the cyclone cellar.

The proper punishment for the hair brained lunatic that composes the modern college is difficult to determine. In the nether world he might be compelled to sit and listen to his compositions ground out by a choir of cheap talking machines for a few million years, but nothing short of that would be proper retribution for the suffering he has inflicted on mankind.

For real, inspiring college yells, Yale's sharp quick "rahs" and the long drawn "Yale" will do well enough, and they don't make the bystanders crinkle up with shame for the asininity of modern college youth.

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The old trapper from Beaver Bay threw down the paper that told of black bears stopping the street cars in Duluth.

"Huh," he said, "I suppose you fellers think that's a purty big yarn, eh?"

The fellers admitted it sounded good to him.

Why say, you ought to take a trip up to Beaver Bay some time."

The fellers agreed that it was their bounden duty to explore the Beaver Bay district.

"The bears are so thick up thar that the people have to take lanterns when they go out at night to keep from stumbling over them in the dark."

The fellers drew a long breath.

"And that ain't all. Every man in Beaver Bay has a little bear cub chained down to his front step."

The fellers bit. "What's that for?"

"They use 'em for door mats," said the old trapper, as he blew thoughtful rings of smoke at the ceiling, while the fellers looked at one another and silently fainted away.

NERVY VENTRILOQUIST.

The Penn newspapers give great prominence to the case of an extraordinary prisoner named Kasplanoff, a music hall artist, who has been sentenced to seven years' hard labor for attempting to kiss young ladies against their will, says a Vienna correspondent to the Washington Post. Kasplanoff is the man who, about a year ago, cheated justice by an extraordinary trick. Charged with a disgraceful assault, the case was amply proved, down to the atonement of the judge and every one in the court, the foreman of the jury brough in a verdict of "not guilty." A riot ensued, in which the jurymen were belaqored with umbrellas. The judge told the jurymen that their decision was a travesty on justice.

Later in the day the jury in a body visited the judge and declared that it was not they who had acquitted the prisoner. The words "not guilty" had not been uttered by their foreman, and they had every reason to believe that the prisoner Kasplanoff, who was a well known ventriloquist, had "by Satan's arts, fooled the learned court."

In the case just tried the principal witness for the prosecution was a lad named Karazin, who suffered from a serious impediment in his speech. Taking advantage of this fact, Kasplanoff once again daringly attempted to put favorable evidence in the witness's mouth. But, unfortunately for the ventriloquist, it was Judge Malvinsky who was trying the case—the same judge, in fact, who had tried the prisoner in the notorious trial of a year ago.

"Gag that man!" he cried. "Kasplanoff shall not escape this time." And the unfortunate ventriloquist got seven years' hard labor, nominally for creating a riot in the streets of Perm by attempting to win a wager that he would embrace the first ten girls he met in the street on leaving the local music hall.

BABIES AND FATHERS.

William Dean Howells, with his new novel, "Miss Bellard's Inspiration," has excited the interest of women to an unusual degree, says the Los Angeles Times. The women of America are beginning to suspect that Mr. Howells sometimes laughs at them, and they very much desire to obtain from the great writer a frank and definite opinion of the feminine character.

At Kittery, the other day, a young girl questioned Mr. Howells on his theories and beliefs regarding womankind.

"At least," said Mr. Howells, smiling, "women are not boasters. They do not go about telling the world how clever they are, and what great things they propose to do. What the Paint Rock lady said to her husband could never have been said truthfully by her husband to her.

"At Paint Rock there dwelt a young couple with an only child, a baby 4 months old.

"One evening, when the young man returned from work, his wife said to him:

"'Oh, Elmer, the baby is beginning to take after you.'

"'After me?' said the young man. 'In what way?'

"'He's beginning to crow,' she answered."

CHANCE FOR KAUFFMAN

The Frisco Blacksmith Is Matched to Fight Jack O'Brien.

Jimmy Gardner Will Not Make Weight for Battling Nelson.

San Francisco, Oct. 21.—Jack O'Brien, the original wandering knight of pugilistics, pranced into town the other day. His lance was poised, his plumes were tossing, he was "gaily bedight" and looking for trouble. He found it a-plenty.

Jack was waylaid by Alick Greggains, matchmaker of the San Francisco Athletic club, and asked if he would box Al Kauffman on October 27. Jack didn't blush and murmur "this is so sudden" and plead for time. He said he would be delighted to have a tilt with Delaney's new find, providing, of course, the emoluments were tempting.

Billy Delaney was then called into council and matters soon began to look shipshape. O'Brien, with the suavity and acumen which he has acquired during long years of continent hopping, talked the promoters into giving a bigger percentage than usual and also had a clause inserted in the articles which prevents said promoters from being in the matter of complimentary tickets. Then signatures were attached to a contract calling for a twenty-round contest.

The match didn't take hold very readily with the sporting public. O'Brien, the discontented ones said, is nothing short of a butterfly boxer who extremely particular in choosing his ring company and systematically avoids all engagements which promise rough usage. Such a man, they argued, wouldn't hook up with a husky young smasher like Kauffman unless he had formulated some plan for protection against assault and battery.

This kind of work put Mr. O'Brien on the defensive. He admitted that he had gone in extensively for "bobtail contests," but it was simply because that was the kind of Queensberry entertainment in vogue in the city where he had his home and spent the most of his time. He asserted that he had done his share of hard fighting and had no less than forty-eight knockouts to his credit. Moreover, with the exception of a slur which had not cast upon his reputation in connection with a fight with "Young Peter Jackson" in San Francisco six years ago, his integrity had never been questioned at any place where he had appeared. He felt he had done nothing to injure the boxing game during his wanderings and was sure of a welcome at any spot he has already visited.

"I want to fight Kauffman because I believe I can defeat him," said O'Brien. "He may have loomed up as a wonder, but I think I can take care of any man who hasn't had at least a couple of years' experience of the professional side of pugilism."

Although some of the unbelievers are still looking askance at Jack it must be said that he has made out a fairly strong case for himself. He says he is willing that the club should divert his share of the prize money to the uses of charity if his showing is pronounced insincere or unsatisfactory. The club, by the way, is fully resolved on some such course.

It looks now as though the match will become more popular as the date draws nearer. Kauffman at the time of writing is still in Los Angeles and O'Brien hasn't set eyes on him yet. Jack's cronies say that the globe trotting Philadelphian has sized his man up from a "form" standpoint just as poolroom frequenters size up the horses they wager on daily in the foreign book. O'Brien thinks it sufficient to know that Kauffman is just out of the amateur ranks and for that matter had no grueling fights under his belt before he butted into the professional game. Such a man, Jack believes, would be easy enough to use as a subject while giving an illustrated lecture on the fine points of the Queensberry pastime.

There are some who think it is a mistake matching Kauffman against a clever fellow like O'Brien. They say that Delaney has deserted his policy of sending the young blacksmith to the front gradually. To this Delaney replies that if Kauffman cannot stop O'Brien there is an end of Kauffman's championship dream and the sooner the fact is known the better for all concerned.

Others think that O'Brien will begin to have misgivings when he sees what a trim built, square jawed fellow this Kauffman is. They believe that Mr. Jack will roll up his eyes in wonderment just as poor Jack Dempsey did when he caught his first glimpse of Fitzsimmons at the ringside in New Orleans. Anyhow, the match is on.

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Let there be no talk of a match between "Battling" Nelson and Jimmy Gardner at 133 pounds ringside. Gardner made the frank avowal the other day that he cannot make that weight. This surely means that if the pair ever meet the Dane will have to make concessions, and as both Nelson and Nolan have declared time and time again that they will not budge an ounce it must be admitted that the prospects of a clash between the Jutlander and the Lowell lad are remarkably slim. It is just as well that Gardner has placed himself on record in regard to the 133-pound match.

A match with Nelson means big money and as the Dane is exceedingly hard mouthed about weight conditions there was always a chance that Gardner might have been tempted by the "short end" of a big purse and have agreed to the Dane's terms. An unsatisfactory contest and maybe another scandal would have resulted.

Personally, I was always convinced that Gardner could not do 135 for fighting purposes. It is the habit with most pugilists to claim that they can make a lower weight than they usually mill at if required. When you find a fighter signing throughout the year to box at 135 or 138 pounds before entering the ring it is a safe bet that that is his best notch. They generally find out what suits them and stay with it.

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Friends of Mike (Twin) Sullivan are saying that Jimmy Gardner is doing his best to avoid the Boston lightweight. Gardner says he will surely meet Sullivan before one of the San Francisco clubs next month, but Sullivan's cronies want to know why, if Jimmy's intentions are honorable, he does not cover Mike's forfeit of $500 which has been put up to bind a match. It doesn't do to snap judgment in these matters but if after all the hints that have been thrown out Gardner still holds aloof from Sullivan the idea that Gardner has no stomach for a meeting with the "Twin" will become general.

W. W. NAUGHTON.

Your "want" becomes a part of the history of the day when it is printed with the news of the day.

DULUTH'S NEIGHBORS.

Two Harbors

Two Harbors, Oct. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—The football game scheduled for Saturday between the local high school and the Nelson-Dewey school of Superior, was called off on account of the rain and wet condition of the grounds.

Ore business the past week has been better, though delayed some, owing to the inclement weather. The boats have been coming good. It is now expected that the month's shipments will be between 99,000 and 1,000,000 tons, notwithstanding the many delays occasioned by bad weather.

The ladies' missionary society of the Presbyterian church met Wednesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. J. E. Chandler.

The bowling alleys at the Y. M. C. A. are to be reopened for the winter season as soon as repairs can be made.

The temperance lecture by Oliver W. Stewart of Chicago and W. G. Calderwood of Minneapolis at the First M. E. church Saturday evening was well attended and proved interesting.

Miss George S. Roper is visiting friends and relatives at Greencastle, Ind., for a few weeks.

The D. & I. R. will put their winter schedule of passenger trains into effect Nov. 1st.

The county commissioners held their regular monthly meeting on Tuesday.

Fred Bonin was down from Eveleth Saturday for a visit to friends.

The Bachelors club are making arrangements to give a Hallowe'en party Tuesday evening, the 31st inst.

The "Swells From Blackville" show at the Norden hall Friday evening had the largest attendance of any performance here in some time, there being standing room only.

Mrs. Gust Risberg died Thursday last at St. Luke's where she had gone to undergo an operation for appendicitis by Dr. Eskilson. The funeral was held Sunday from the Swedish M. E. church, Rev. Petersen preaching the funeral sermon, and deceased was laid to rest in Lakeview cemetery.

The interior work on the new county court house is progressing favorably, the sash now having been put in and the decorators expect to finish work so the building will be ready for occupancy about Dec. 1st.

The annual chicken pie supper given Wednesday evening by the ladies of the First M. E. church at their church proved a very pleasant and successful event, and a good sum was netted.

Most of the camping parties at the city park have pulled up stakes and moved to town again, the cold weather being too much for them.

The ladies of the Norwegian Lutheran church gave their annual fair at the Norden hall Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday evenings, and the event was a success in every particular.

The Duluth Consignment company have moved their store into the North Shore building on First avenue.

The remains of Duncan McDermaid, who was killed at Knife River, Saturday evening, were taken to Chippewa Falls, his former home, for interment.

The high school football team go to Virginia today to play with the high school of that place. A good game is expected.

At the meeting of the county commissioners Tuesday the contract for the new steel bridge over Knife river at Knife River station, was awarded to the Joliet Bridge company of Joliet, Ill., their bid being $1,750, and work is to be completed by Dec. 1. There were nine bids on the work.

Coal business is being rushed day and night to get cleaned up before the close of the season, there still being several thousand tons to go up the line.

Mr. and Mrs. A. R. M. Bryant were called to Bangor, Wis., the early part of the week by the death of Mrs. Bryant's mother at that place.

The Duluth & Iron Range have placed orders for five road engines, four switch engines and 500 steel ore cars for next season's ore business.

E. A. Bradley, formerly conductor on the Duluth & Iron Range here, is reported seriously ill at Duluth.

M. O. Magnuson is laid up for a few days the result of an unfortunate accident which occurred at the ore docks Monday. A trap door falling and striking him on the side of his head tore one of his ears nearly off. It is feared he will lose the sense of hearing in the injured member.

Ike Hagge has returned from Rochester, Minn., where he recently underwent a successful operation for appendicitis.

The Baldwin block on First avenue is rapidly nearing completion, only the interior painting and plumbing yet to be done.

The ladies of the Swedish M. E. church will conclude their annual fair at the Norden hall this evening. The event started last evening and has been very successful.

Mrs. W. E. Bender of Sparta, Minn., visited with relatives here Friday and Saturday.

Rev. G. E. Renison, formerly pastor of the Episcopal church here, is now located as pastor at St. Vincent, Minn., and Pembina, N. D.

Only routine matters were transacted at the village council meeting Monday evening.

Architect Austin Terryberry of Duluth was appointed as inspector of construction of the new village hall, to come up here each week until Jan. 1; his fee to be $25. Fifty dollars was also paid him for plans, etc., of the building.

The auditing committee reported the books of Water and Light Collector P. J. McAlpine correct and in first-class condition.

Chief of Police Yernberg reported the quarterly report of Justice of the Peace W. S. Andrews correct.

The contract with P. G. Pastoret for the heating plant for the new village hall was modified as to the style of boiler to be used.

A. Dahlberg and Ole Hedin have been awarded the contract for building roads in Silver Creek township, their bids being $153 and $753 respectively.

The barge Our Son took on a cargo of lumber at the local docks this week.

The Y. M. C. A. entertainment course for the winter season has been arranged and is as follows: Nov. 8, Columbian entertainers, Jan. 3, Ariel Ladies' Quartet; Feb. 16, Oliver Sangor Hall; March 13, Denton C. Crowl; April 10, Robert Parker Miles.

Virginia

Virginia, Oct. 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—The political game here has been started, and after a very quiet campaign the Republicans have met in convention and their nominees have been put up for election. Rod McDonald, chairman, and A. G. Bickford, secretary of the Republican committee, called the ward caucuses and convention on the 6th. Wednesday, at 9 o'clock the caucuses of the four wards opened for business. In every ward the Eaton delegates elected and aldermen nominated. At the city hall at 3 o'clock the city convention was called to order by Secretary Bickford, in the absence of Chairman McDonald. Judge Martin was selected as the chairman, and Mr. Bickford re-elected secretary of this year's committee. Twenty delegates were seated, and the work of putting up the Republican ticket was commenced. The following were selected as the candidates in the coming election: Mayor, W. S. Eaton; treasurer, W. B. Pratt; aldermen, First ward, Frank Carlson; Second ward, Matt Prijanovich; Third ward, John Mesberg; Fourth ward, Edward Johnson; aldermen at large, Emil Imbrall and John Byrne. A committee was appointed to find the nominee for mayor and escort him to the hall. Mr. Eaton appeared before the convention and made a few remarks. Short addresses were also made by the nominees for aldermen, and after Chairman Martin appointed his ward chairmen the convention adjourned. It is quite possible that we will hear of the opposition ticket in a few days. Those who wish to be placed on the city ticket now will have to go before the public as independents, presenting petitions to the city clerk signed by the voters. This will be done. The only other candidate for mayor that has declared himself is P. A. Coffey, present president of the city council. He has been a candidate for some weeks. Others who claim to know, state that Mayor Fay will again come before the people for approval of his administration. In this case may develop into a three-cornered fight, and it would be a merry battle. For city treasurer, Andrew Hawkinson may come out again.

Andy Peck, a woodsman, who has been here on a protracted spree the past month, committed suicide by cutting his throat in front of Dan Fay's livery barn Thursday morning. He was sitting on a double-seated rig at the time and died in a few minutes. He was a well-known character.

Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Parmelee and children, and Mrs. Edward Johnson and Mrs. C. C. Butter went to Duluth yesterday morning, going as far as that city with the parents of Mr. Parmelee and Mrs. Butter, who have been visiting here the past week. They reside at Iron Mountain, Mich.

The Roosevelt high school football team will meet the school team from Two Harbors on the local gridiron this afternoon. This year both schools are playing none but active school attendants and the game should be a good one. Virginia is ticked to win.

Fred Rising, foreman on the Virginia, is on the sick list and has not been working for a week.

Mrs. S. A. Hendricks and Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Bickford had business at Duluth yesterday.

Mrs. P. A. Coffey entertained about twenty-five lady friends at her home on Maple street, Thursday afternoon. Mr. and Mrs. McDonald won the honors at cards.

N. A. Holmer was called to Minneapolis quite suddenly Thursday, upon the advice that Mrs. Holmer was to be operated on for the third time at one of the hospitals there.

Morris Irwin, foreman of the Cloquet Lumber company, was in the city Thursday.

Albert Shipley suffered a relapse in his fight against typhoid this week and was removed to Lenont's hospital Tuesday. He is getting along splendid now and the fever seems to be getting down toward normal.

The Rebeccahs will give a dancing party at Fay's Opera house Thanksgiving evening.

Mrs. John Owens entertained a few lady friends at her Central avenue home Thursday afternoon.

Charles C. Butler has about finished his sewer contract. This line of sewer system is in the alley in blocks 78, 79 and 80, South Side addition.

Mrs. Frank Donnelly is reported as being out of danger from a siege of typhoid fever.

This winter is destined to be a banner one for logging interests. Lumbermen are going to the woods every day, while carloads of supplies are being forwarded to old and new camps. The Virginia Lumber company and the Weyerhaeuser interests are planning on nearly doubling their last winter's cut.

A stove pipe falling apart at the Hankinson block Wednesday night was the cause for the fire whistle to be blown and the firemen to take a run in the mud along Front street. No damage.

Alex Reid has moved his household effects to his new apartments in the Kirst block.

Charles Kallis has purchased the Stein & O'Rourke residence in the South Side addition. It will be occupied by Mr. and Mrs. John Long and family.

Work on the large new lath mill to be worked by Cook & O'Brien has been commenced.

The Knights of Pythias lodge will give a "social session" to its members and their lady friends on the 31st, at their lodge rooms.

Adam Kirst, owner of the new brick building put up for Alexander Reid & Co.'s department store, was up from West Duluth this week.

McKinley

McKinley, Oct. 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Zenith mine has finished loading its stockpile.

The Duluth & Iron Range now has two work trains hauling gravel between Cloquet river and Allouez and one train hauling gravel to Two Harbors.

The lumbermen are rapidlys getting their camps in shape for the winter's work and are already shipping in horses for skidding. The prospects are for a logging business equal to last winter and a much heavier pulp and tie business.

Tracks to the Mohawk mine at Aurora are being ballasted. That property will be one of the new shippers next season.

Railroad Expert Odell of the United States Steel corporation looked over the range roads last week.

A woodsman named John Thoreson employed by Nolan Bros. & Laird, Skibo, was killed near that place Tuesday evening by being struck with an ore train.

Tower

Tower, Oct. 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—Sam Kitto went to Duluth on Sunday to remain.

Mr. and Mrs. Floyd Townsend went to Duluth Tuesday morning to visit for a few days.

Emma and Oscar Aubin of Ely spent Sunday here, the guest of Miss W. Canpalgne.

Miss Jean Johnson went to Ely Wednesday evening to visit relatives for a few days.

Mrs. M. Neddo and son left for Duluth, Monday, to remain. Archie Picore has taken charge of the Eau Claire House.

Andy Clark, who has been employed by the Tower Lumber company's mill for the past few years, left Wednesday for Chisholm to remain.

Charles Scheaffer came up from Duluth Saturday evening and visited with his family here, over Sunday.

Eugene Murray returned Saturday evening from a few days' visit with friends and relatives in Duluth.

The boys of the town gave a dance last Thursday at the Brieuting hall, at Soudan, Wagner's orchestra of Ely furnished the music. A most enjoyable time was had by all who attended.

Mrs. Ed. Phillips came up from Chisholm, Thursday evening, to visit with her parents here a few days.

The new school opened here Monday for the primary and second grade rooms.

The S. H. & E. F. of A. lodge gave a necktie party in their hall, last Saturday evening, which was attended by a large crowd who spent a most enjoyable evening.

Mount Iron

Mount Iron, Oct. 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—William Webb of Negaunee, Mich., has moved his family to this city to reside permanently.

Charles Kennedy spent the week in Superior, Wis., visiting relatives.

Andrew Saari, who has been employed in H. Highes & Co.'s, store, resigned the first of the week.

Joseph Ryan has moved his family to Mount Iron from Michigamme, Mich.

Miss M. J. E. Thomas was at Hibbing the first of the week.

Edward Luzz left Tuesday for Port Huron, Mich.

James Foster, section foreman at Ellis, was in the city Tuesday on business.

Mike Budaveenatz was badly injured last Monday while at work in the Oliver pit.

A boy was born to Mr. and Mrs. Matt Rogers last Tuesday.

Anunel Lasch of Eveleth was in Mount Iron Wednesday visiting relatives.

Gust A. Akull went to Duluth Tuesday on business, returning home Thursday.

A 10-pound baby boy was born to Mr. and Mrs. Ben Hansen last Sunday.

Grand Rapids

Grand Rapids, Oct. 21.—On Tuesday evening the Graffam home was the scene of a pleasant dinner party given by the Whist club to Mr. and Mrs. O. L. Mather. The dinner was given as a farewell token of the esteem in which this worthy couple are held, and as an expression of regret that the club loses so helpful a member as Mrs. Mather. Covers were laid for twenty-four, the husbands of the members being guests. The tables were prettily decorated with white asters and Scotland pansies. The place cards were a card of "whist." The menu was followed by the club's favorite "whist." Those present were Messrs. and Mesdames Mather, William Becker, John Whipple, Fred King, Frye, H. D. Powers, A. A. Kremer, Sheldon, McCarthy, Graffam, Kiley and Bolter.

The meeting of the Women's club was held on Monday of this week, at the request of those members who belong to the Whist club. Seventeen members were present and two new names were added to the roll of membership, Mrs. Nisbett and Mrs. Clair.

Rev. Hollis R. Scott, the new minister assigned to this charge by the Methodist conference, arrived last week and on Sunday delivered two very able and much appreciated sermons from the Methodist pulpit in this city. Mr. Scott is a graduate from a school of theology in Newark, N. J., and in coming west was first assigned to Mountain Iron, where he filled a vacancy for some six months.

The Royal Neighbors initiated six candidates Monday evening and instructed them in the art of "sawing wood." After the degree work cards and refreshments held sway.

Congratulations are being extended Hugh Shannon since his return from St. Cloud, whither he went last week in quest of a bride. The young lady in question was formerly Miss Katie Fox, and the ceremony wherein her name was changed was performed Sunday evening.

Word was received here Sunday to the effect that Fred Munson, a former Grand Rapids boy, had met death while at work in Wyoming.

Henry Kirk, who had been making his home at L. R. Root's for some time past, died last week of Bright's disease, at the age of about 50 years.

Miss Marie Hartew is teaching the Brock school east of town; Miss Carrie Dniwiddie being assigned to the primary department of the Bovey schools.

The ladies of the M. E. church will hold a rummage sale at the village hall, commencing next Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Stevens and Miss Francis Paullis are visiting among friends in Portland, Or.

Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Heegaard returned last week to their home in Minneapolis after a pleasant week's visit at the home of their daughter, Mrs. L. M. Bolter.

Mrs. Ole Finnegan of Hibbing, was visiting among Grand Rapids acquaintances the first of the week.

Robert Hayden has returned from his visit among Illinois friends.

J. N. Lang of Mankato, spent several days in the city last week looking after his landed interests.

Mrs. D. M. Gunn has returned from her Western trip.

Miss Edith Aitken has returned from her trip abroad.

The infant daughter of Mrs. Carrie Dewar of Cohasset died Saturday and the funeral was held on Sunday.

The family of Rev. Hawn has removed to Deer River, to which charge he has been assigned by the Methodist conference for the ensuing year.

Chisholm

Chisholm, Oct. 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Chisholm assembly gave a very enjoyable dance dast Saturday evening to a large gathering.

Work has been resumed on some of the village contracts, but the sewer and the pumping station are still untouched since the injunctions were served on the village. The water main extending from the tank down toward the village is being laid because it was somewhat uncovered by the excavation of the road last summer. The new course for the surface water and stream which enter the lake below Central avenue is being finished.

It is reported on good authority that Ed Freeman, village attorney, was married the first of the week in Wisconsin and will soon return to Chisholm with his bride and live in the McCormick house on Chestnut street. The many friends of Mr. Freeman are pleased over the courageous course he is adopting in life and wish him much joy in his new relation in life.

W. H. Talboys, editor of the Chisholm Herald, had a complaint served on him some weeks ago by William Grant, president of the village, charging him with libel in the columns of his paper. The case for the trial was set and reset several times, and a change of venue asked for which finally settled the scene of the trial in Virginia. The trial took place last Wednesday in the Virginia court. Mr. Talboys was acquitted.

Monday night about 11 o'clock, J. C. Reed, shovel runner for the Leonard mine was doing some heavy lifting and overdid himself to such an extent that he broke a chronic ulser in his stomach which bled so freely that Mr. Reed was unable to reach his home without assistance. He remained in the boiler house till morning thinking that he was simply sick at his stomach and would soon be all right, but when the doctors came in the morning they pronounced his case quite serious. He will be confined to his bed for some time and will be almost starved to prevent another hemmorhage of the stomach which might prove serious. At present Mr. Reed is doing well and the doctors have no fears concerning his recovery.

A birthday party was given last Tuesday evening for Miss Mabel Crellin of the Leonard mine, it being her seventieth birthday. A house full of people gathered and had a very enjoyable time. Miss Crellin received quite a lot of nice presents.

The M. E. Ladies' Aid society met Thursday afternoon with Mrs. Winder and after the social hour was spent, arranged to have a bazar and supper the first part of November.

George Anderson, son of Swan Anderson, is very sick with typhoid fever.

Arthur Tomphor is also very sick, being delerious much of the time.

Thursday evening a choir was organized to sing in the M. E. church under the leadership of Mrs. Geer. Mrs. C. R. Woods is the organist.

Rev. James A. Geer has made his home in the suite of rooms over Lewis Bros.' store.

Frazee

Frazee, Oct. 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—Several of the members of the Ladies' Relief Corps went to Detroit last week for a social time. They were joined by about twenty from Frazee and the time was spent in a most enjoyable manner.

Kenneth Charles Raish, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Charls Raish, died on Saturday morning and the funeral was held in the Methodist Episcopal church on Sunday afternoon, Rev. J. T. Brabner Smith officiating. Special music was sung by a choir under the direction of Miss Agnes Ashley.

Dr. Jones, William Kenneman and Edward Gummer made a big onslaught on the birds this week at Rich Lake and near that vicinity.

James Nichols is here from Little Falls on business.

Missionary Steinoff has been filling the Baptist pulpit very acceptably for several weeks.

Rain has delayed the haying and the plowing in this vicinity. Farmers are now sorry that they sowed the wheat from the rusted crop of last year, because it has affected the yield in a very marked manner. The kenral is small and shrunken and the yield per acre is far less than last year. There will be a great demand for good seed this year.

Editor Peterson and family have moved into the Free Press building for the winter.

Godlieb Baer and Bruno Buck have gone to Dakota where Bruno Buck will take charge of the Baer store.

The Women's Relief Corps of Detroit, Minn., visited Mr. and Mrs. I. J. Collins on Thursday and spent an enjoyable day. Those present were: Mrs. Annie E. Wood, Mrs. Emma K. Ogden, Mrs. Donna Jones, Mrs. Grace Converse, Mrs. McConey Grant, Mrs. Mary A. Kennedy, Mrs. Anna E. Bush, Mrs. Anna R. Morrow, Mrs. Eva L. Brown, Mrs. Wilson, Mrs. Hunt and Mr. Webster of Detroit, and those present from Frazee were: Mrs. M. E. De Vine, Mr. and Mrs. George Clayton, Mr. and Mrs. J. Chadwick, Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Roberts, Mrs. J. E. G. Lewis, Mrs. L. A. Atkinson, Mrs. Ida A. Martin, Mr. and Mrs. I. J. Collins, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. King, Mrs. D. L. Wellman, Walter Just, Nettie Wellman, Victor Larson and Mr. Fryer.

Mrs. Atkinson is improving after a severe sickness.

John Gummer is on the sick list.

Rose Chilton, a nurse at St. Luke's hospital, Duluth, is home recuperating after a severe operation.

Stella Devine is teaching at Ulen.

Mrs. John Graham was sick last week, but is improving.

Mrs. C. Burton, who has been visiting her parents at Waseca, is expected home this week.

Mr. and Mrs. William Schabbehar are contemplating a trip to Germany. They will leave at the end of this month.

The infant son of Mr. and Mrs. George Lepard is very sick.

Mrs. Nina Chilton is visiting with T. W. Chilton and family. It is reported that Jack Chilton is sick in Canada, where he went a few days ago to build a home on his homestead.

Mrs. J. E. H. Lewis expects to go East for the winter.

Mesaba

Mesaba, Oct. 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—James Hunter from Hibbing was here on business Wednesday.

Mrs. L. Gagne and children, Paul and Adelena, who had been visiting relatives and friends in Duluth returned home Wednesday last.

William Munroe from Superior has been here several times this week on business.

Murdock McDonald from the Cole-McDonald Exploration company of Virginia was here Tuesday and Wednesday.

Mrs. J. M. Frink and little son, Malcolm, who had been visiting friends and relatives in Superior and Duluth, returned home Wednesday.

Mrs. Gibeau hurt herself quite seriously by a fall Sunday. She seems to be improving, but is not able to be around much.

Shipping will soon be started at the Mayas mine, east of here by Hall & Co. of Superior; they being awarded 25,000 yards to be stripped. It is said the stripping is so light that merely wheel scrapers and dump cars will be used.

Carpenters are now at work building camps, blacksmith shops, stables and office.

John Richer has moved his family here from Virginia.

A. B. Coates from Virginia made a business call here last week.

Z. Lawrence of Duluth, who had been visiting A. P. McRae and family returned to his home.

Sparta

Sparta, Oct. 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—Edward Raab has returned from a trip to West Baden and feels very much improved in health. While away he visited Cincinnati and Indianapolis.

C. McKenzie is in the southern part of the state duck hunting.

Frank Indihar transacted business in Aurora, Wednesday.

Sparta Miners' union has a membership of seventy-nine. Two candidates were initiated Sunday by Organizer Mantel of Ely.

Mike Cronin has purchased a large ice house and expects to get out a large amount of ice this winter.

John N. Carlson, has recovered from his recent illness, and is able to attend to his business.

Roy Buckley has returned from Two Harbors, where he has been confined in the hospital.

N. J. Colvin made a business trip to Eveleth, Wednesday.

George Tanner is assisting Sam Keller in his blacksmith work.

Mr. and Mrs. James Sullivan returned from a visit to Deronit Springs, Wis., Monday, where Mr. Sullivan went to visit a brother he had not seen for twenty years. Mr. Sullivan met Fred Winter at Solon Springs. Mr. Winter is engaged in farming and is reported to be doing well. Both Mr. and Mrs. Winter are enjoying the best of health.

William Sullivan went to Tower, Monday to visit his relatives.

Judge O. H. Halbnke made a business trip to Eveleth, Wednesday.

Mrs. W. E. Bender will depart for Park Rapids, Minn., in a few days to visit her parents who recently returned from Hood River, Idaho.

George A. Perham of Eveleth, transacted business here, Thursday.

Chief of Police P. Cosgrove drove to Elba, Tuesday, on business.

C. M. MacKenzie has received word from his wife that she is in Denver visiting relatives. Mrs. MacKenzie has been ill and has been doctoring with a specialist in Chicago for the past six months, but is now much improved in health.

Willie Mouser is reported ill with a severe cold. He is attended by Dr. Burr K. Ellis of the More hospital corps.

Adolphi Ollila has rented the boarding house at the Pettit mine and has moved his family to that point.

August Gretzner departed for his old home in Wisconsin, Tuesday, where he will visit his mother. He is relieved by Hans Line, who will assist in the Gustafson meat market, during Mr. Gretzner's absence.

Efrom Trenholm has erected a 24x24 two-story frame dwelling on his claim, adjoining Ely Lake. It is made out of hewed logs and is a fine structure.

Two cars of rock have arrived for the new engine house foundation at the Genoa mine.

Sol Sax, one of Eveleth's leading citizens, visited with his relatives, Alderman and Mrs. L. Rubenstein, Wednesday.

The M. W. A. lodge will hold their next meeting in Society hall, Tuesday, Oct. 31st. A good attendance is requested.

Mrs. William Trenholm and Mrs. E. Trenholm departed for Duluth, Thurrsday.

Master Johnnie Differding is reported ill with a severe cold.

Frank Indihar contemplates the erection of a barn on the rear part of his lot on Main street.

Cass Lake

Cass Lake, Oct. 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—Charles Tedford and Pat Walsh have been on an extended hunting trip through Leech lake, Leech river and other points during the past week.

Reports are that the big game are more plentiful around Cass Lake this season than for several years past. Many deer have been seen of late and several moose have been noticed north of here. Cass Lake is an ideal place for headquarters for big game hunters, and it is expected that there will be a large number of nimrods here this fall after the season opens.

Rev. W. L. Singer, late pastor of the local M. E. church, has departed for Ada, to which place he was assigned at the late meeting of the Northern Minnesota conference held at Eveleth. Mr. Singer's successor here is Rev. J. A. Roberts, formerly of Hallock, Minn.

The regular meeting of the Tuesday club was this week held at the home of Mrs. Upham, the topic being "Mark Twain." The club is a source of great interest to the members, who are all ladies.

An effort is being made to have Rev. Philip Murphy, who was the first pastor of the local Catholic church, returned to Cass Lake. He was, till a few weeks ago, stationed at Bemidji. Father Murphy is one of the most popular priests in the entire state, and it is thought by his many friends here that he will be returned to Cass Lake.

Arthur Ludwig, the old Cass Lake boy who played such good ball with the Crookston team of the Northern league during the season just closed, is now located at Devils Lake, where he is employed by the Great Northern railway. Ludwig has been placed on the reserve list of the Crookston team, as has also Louis Roy, another Cass Lake player.

Mrs. Henry Wolf, a sister of Mrs. A. F. Cummings, has been the guest of the latter during the past week. Mrs. Wolf is a resident of Avondale.

Friday night of last week a reception was given at the Indian school, which is located at the point where the Mississippi river empties into Cass lake, about three miles north of town. A large number of Cass Lakers attended the reception and report a good time.

The foot ball team of the Deer River school has backed down from the challenge which it made to the local school eleven for a game.

Miss G. W. Beckett has returned from an extended visit with relatives and friends at Hancock, Mich.

The regular weekly dance of the Happy Club was given at Burns' hall last Saturday night and was very well attended.

R. D. Converse has accepted a position as stenographer for Dr. Rodwell, physician in charge of the Cass Lake Indians.

Large numbers of men who have been employed in the harvest fields of Dakota are returning to Cass Lake and all who desire to work have no trouble in securing positions in the many logging camps hereabouts.

New Duluth

New Duluth, Oct. 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. L. S. McKay, Miss Lorette McKay and Arnold McKay returned home Tuesday from a week's visit with Mr. and Mrs. Frank Herbert at Iron River, Wis.

Mrs. Frank Widell and Mrs. Frank Brand were Duluth visitors Friday.

Mrs. Seldor and daughter Rosie of Scanlon visited friends in New Duluth a part of the week. Mrs. Seldor came down from Scanlon Tuesday and moved the remainder of his household goods there.

Mrs. Mary Brem is seriously ill with blood poisoning.

Mr. and Mrs. Millen spent Tuesday in Duluth.

William Bayer went to Duluth Wednesday to spend the day.

Tom Millen came down from Hibbing Thursday to spend a few days with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Millen.

Rev. Knudsen went to Eveleth Saturday to hold services there Sunday morning and evening. He will preach at the local Presbyterian church next Sunday evening.

Mrs. Stephen Cooper of West Duluth was the guest of Rev. and Mrs. P. Knudsen Wednesday. Mr. and Mrs. Cooper expect to move to Tacoma, Wash., soon to make their home there in the future.

Proctor

Proctor, Oct 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—Miss Bertha Brayden of West Duluth visited friends and relatives in the village a few days this week.

Mrs. J. Humphrey of Duluth, was the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. O. Brand on Tuesday.

Miss Jessie Rice of Superior spent a couple of days of this week with friends in the village.

Miss Blanche Cobb of Pine, Minn., spent Thursday and Friday with Miss Pansie Bird.

The dance given on Thursday evening by the Samaritans proved both a social and financial success.

Mrs. F. D. Knight spent a couple days this week with friends in Duluth.

Mr. George Jollymore, operator for the Duluth, Missabe & Northern railroad, spent a couple of days with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jollymore, a few days this week.

Mrs. J. Bishop spent a couple of days in Duluth with friends this week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Jollymore of West Duluth, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. M. Jollymore a few day athis week.

Mrs. W. Brayden visited with friends and relatives in Duluth a few days this week.

Among Duluth visitors this week were Mesdames J. Reneaud, F. S. Bird, J. Hamerstrom, J. H. Shunk, J. Frazer, T. Arthur, P. Roynane, T. Brennon, B. Spearman, T. Brown, J. Hall, Misses Charlotte Hamerstrom, Marie Lambacher, Pansie Bird, Nellie Shunk, Clara Reneaud, Violet Burke.

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A. QUACKENBUSH.

Calumet

Calumet, Oct. 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—The wedding of Andrew Hammes and Miss Ella Larochelle was solemnized at St. Anne's church Tuesday, Rev. Father Boissonault officiating. The young people will start housekeeping at once and will reside in Laurium.

The Misses Edith and Cora Campbell went to Duluth Thursday on the steamer Pionesta. They intend making Duluth their future home and are followed by the good wishes of their friends in the copper country.

Emmanuel Reini was swindled out of $1,000 in New York and is now in Calumet ill with tuberculosis and penniless. He was enroute from Finlnad and the swindler changing his money gave him a bogus bill. His Calumet friends are interested and will endeavor to apprehend the culprit.

Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Entenza and son, John, left Wednesday for St. Augustine, Fla., where they expect to make their future home.

Mrs. William Cruse of Pocatello, Idaho, is visiting with friends and relatives in Calumet for several weeks.

A daughter has arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. Watson on Woodland avenue.

James McNaughton, superintendent of the Calumet & Hecla Mining company, has been elected president of the Lake Superior Mining Institute, which was held this week at Iron Mountain. The next meeting will be held in the copper country.

Jerry E. Shea and sister, Marguerite, have decided to locate in Butte, Mont., and will leave shortly.

Michael Shea and Miss Agnes Hammerstrom were married last Saturday afternoon by Justice Jackola.

Mr. and Mrs. John Blackwood gave a party at Electric park last Saturday evening to celebrate their crystal wedding. A dainty lunch was served and a most enjoyable evening spent. Mr. and Mrs. Blackwood were the recipients of many valuable presents.

Rev. F. A. Hassold, pastor of the Lake Linden Congregational church, has resigned and will spend the winter in the northern part of New York State.

Monday evening many friends of Rev. Daniel Stalker, D. D., pastor of the Presbyterian church, held a reception in the parlors, the occasion being a welcome home to their pastor, who has been on a three months' trip to Great Britain. Addresses of welcome were given by Rev. Harry Appleton and Rev. J. A. Ten Broeck. Solos were sung by J. H. Bennett, Frank Hill and George MacLean.

A wedding of much interest here will be that of Frank L. Van Orden to Miss Lou Jones, both of Houghton.

Attorney O. J. Larson has returned from Italy. He claims the distinction of having an audience with the pope while in Rome.

Albert Robbins and Miss Stella Abrams were married last week at the home of Capt. Samuel Robbins. Rev. J. A. Ten Broeck performed the ceremony.

David Lindsay expects to leave soon for Bisbee, Ariz., where he will make his future home.

Martin Messner was kicked by a fractions horse Monday and had three ribs broken and a leg badly injured as the result. While the injuries are not of a serious nature it will probably be several weeks before he is ready for work.

Cards are out announcing the wedding of Miss Cecelia Trudell and Helrick Dupis. The ceremony will take place at the bride's home on Tuesday, Oct. 24.

Miss Jennie Peoples of Shulesberg, Wis., has returned home after spending several days visiting with Miss Tie Jacka on Eighth street.

John Oscar Vallentius was arrested at Ishpeming last Saturday on a charge of desertion sworn out by his wife here in Calumet. He deserted his family five months ago and has failed to provide for them.

It is reported that the Houghton County Street Railway company is making preparations to extend its line to Mohawk. It is said the work will be completed by the first of the year.

W. A. Bateman, Senator Charles Smith, Peter Lahti and Bernard Bracco left Monday for Bisbee and Mexico. They will be gone two weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. William H. Millman celebrated the twentieth anniversary of their marriage last Saturday night, a large number of friends and relatives being present for the occasion. During the evening an excellent lunch was served.

The funeral of Miss Bertha Messner was held Sunday with interment at Lake View cemetery.

Rev. Daniel Stalker, pastor of the Presbyterian church, has returned from a vacation trip to Europe.

Capt. and Mrs. John Dingle entertained a large number of their friends last Saturday evening at their home, the occasion being the crystal anniversary of their marriage. Games and music proved the principal entertainment, and a dainty lunch was served before leaving.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Roberts, Mrs. W. T. Bailey and Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Almsley of Duluth are visiting in the Copper Country.

James Ritchie has gone to Victor, Colo., where he expects to make his future home with his sister, Mrs. Violet Hodges.

A baby girl has arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Fred K. Guck of Seventh street.

At a meeting of the directors of the State Savings bank, Johnson Vigian, Jr., was elected president, and W. H. Thielman, vice president. The change was necessitated by the death of Ernest Bollman.

The new pipe organ for the Laurium M. E. church arrived this week and with it came the organ builders to install it immediately, the work taking about ten days. A grand concert will be given the first of November. Among those taking part will be Miss Clara Light, Miss Hind of Houghton, J. H. Bennett, bass, and Harry E. King, tenor. The vocal arrangements are in the hands of Alfred Nicholls, superintendent of the Osceola school. F. S. Beckett will preside at the organ for the concert.

Attorney Albert E. Peterman has gone to Chicago on business.

Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Lurie and son, Gursey, have returned from Des Moines, Iowa.

Mr. and Mrs. Julius Marquardt of Calumet street, Laurium, expect to leave in a few weeks for Duluth, where they will make their home.

D. B. MacDonald of Virginia, Minn., is visiting his friends here for a short time.

Miss Kate Giesener has gone to Duluth, where she has accepted a position in a department store.

Tom Hilton of Detroit is visiting Calumet friends for a few days.

The site for the new high school has been surveyed and stakes driven; excavation will begin at once. When the building is completed Calumet will have the largest public school building in the Upper Peninsula.

H. Conoisar of Chicago is calling on his friends here.

The first regular monthly meeting of the Citizens' Temperance league was held last week at the Laurium M. E. church. Rev. W. J. Balmer of Hancock was the principal speaker.

John D. Kilty, who recently resigned

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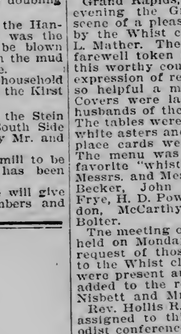
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his position with J. Vivian, Jr. & Co., will soon open a new store for himself. Mr. Kitty will put in a full line of children's clothing, of which he will make a specialty.

Negaunee

Negaunee, Oct. 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mr. and Mrs. T. D. Hall and children left Thursday afternoon for Detroit, where Mr. Hall has taken the position of assistant to the general manager of the Michigan inspection bureau.

Mrs. E. T. Dixon went to the copper country Thursday morning on a visit to relatives and friends.

Mrs. William Maynard of Baltic, Houghton county, is visiting in Negaunee.

Kristina Garrieson arrived here Wednesday morning direct from the old country.

Miss Mae Elliott went to Marquette Thursday for a visit with Miss Bouge of Chicago. The latter returned with Mrs. Elliott Friday, and will spend a few days in Negaunee.

Henry Wild was up from Munising Sunday and accompanied Mrs. Wild, who had been here for several days with her mother, Mrs. Mary Johnson, home by the evening train.

Mrs. Edward Korte, accompanied by her daughter, Miss Marie, concluded a visit of a week here with her mother, Mrs. F. B. Kirkwood, and left for her home in Chicago Saturday morning.

Mrs. Joyce went to Princeton Wednesday morning and arrived home Friday, after visiting her daughter, Mrs. Edward Martin.

Captains John Ellis and William Jory, the former of the Austin mine and the latter of the Princeton, were Negaunee visitors Wednesday.

Capt. Samuel Hear, formerly of this city, has taken charge of operations at the new property being opened up near Ely, Minn.

Frank Dusbane is spending the week with his son Frank in Marquette.

Lawrence Gullstrom arrived here Monday morning from Bismarck, N. D., and will spend some time visiting his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Thoren.

Mrs. E. J. Barabe of Houghton arrived here Sunday evening on a visit to her father, Nicholas Laughlin.

Edward Harrington came up from Princeton Sunday morning to spend the day here with his family.

Colan Kemp and bride arrived home Sunday morning from their trip to Duluth.

Reverends Father Faust of Assinins and Father Menard of Escanaba were guests of Mgr. Langner Monday.

Mrs. Fred Hansen concluded a visit of several days at the home of Henry Anderson and returned to Marquette Monday evening.

Miss Mary Robinson, who had been visiting relatives here for several weeks, departed from her home in Kincardine, Ont., Monday.

Lloyd Coombe arrived here Tuesday from Calumet to join his parents, Rev. and Mrs. William B. Coombe, who preceded him two weeks ago.

Mrs. Thomas Harvey of Crystal Falls spent Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Collins, and returned by the evening train, accompanied by her mother, who will visit in Crystal Falls for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Mitchell, Jr., arrived home Tuesday morning from Chicago.

George Dingfelder departed Tuesday en route to Rome, Italy, where he expects to complete his studies for the priesthood.

Mrs. John Martin and child concluded a few weeks' visit here with her mother, Mrs. Gaffney, and departed for her home in Green Bay Friday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. William Vodden visited with friends and relatives in Marquette Saturday and Sunday.

Rev. W. R. Yonker, pastor of the Negaunee Presbyterian church, was elected moderator of the Lake Superior presbytery at the annual meeting held in Manistique last week.

Capt. Samuel Perkins concluded a few days' visit with his daughter, Mrs. Charles Mack, Jr., and returned to Ironwood Wednesday.

Mrs. Mary A. Goodman has had as her guest for the past few days her sister-in-law, Mrs. Samuel Goodman of Ishpeming, and Wednesday evening about twenty Ishpeming friends of the two ladies came down. Notwithstanding that their hostesses were taken wholly unawares, the guests were given a cordial welcome and the evening was very pleasantly spent by all.

Albert Moberg was seriously injured Wednesday afternoon. Besides a fracture of his shoulder and jawbone, he was otherwise injured.

Miss Anna Schurtz entertained the members of the Utile Dulce very pleasantly Monday evening, and next Monday the club will take lessons in Celtic folklore at "Blarney Castle."

Matt Alio's "Sorrel Bob" was defeated in the match race Saturday at Marquette by B. J. Donovan's horse. The match was a side bet of $100 made by the owners.

Besides equalizing the valuations of the cities and townships and voting to raise by taxation the sum of $196,064.25 for all purposes during the coming year, the board of supervisors transacted much other important business at the annual meeting Wednesday. Charles L. Sporley of Negaunee received the unanimous vote of the board for his re-election as superintendent of poor for the Second district. The term of office is for three years, and Mr. Sporley will enter upon his tenth year of successive service.

Christ Hansen and Anson Alquire left Saturday to attend the grand lodge meeting of the I. O. O. F. at Benton Harbor, as representatives of the local lodge. R. G. Jackson went down last Saturday to attend a meeting of the Odd Fellows' home board at Jackson, of which he is treasurer, before going to Benton Harbor.

Dr. and Mrs. J. H. Andrus left Thursday evening for a few day's visit in Chicago.

Harry and William Graham, employed for the past two or three months operating diamond drills for Cole & McDonald at Little Lake, returned to Negaunee, Wednesday, having concluded their work at that point. They left Thursday night for Tower, Minn., where they will be engaged in similar work. Mrs. Harry Graham accompanied them.

Mrs. Archie Kerr concluded a visit with her parents and returned to her home in Virginia, Minn., Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. David Grant, of Palmer, mourn the death of their 7-months-old child, which occurred Sunday. The funeral was held Monday, with services in St. Paul's Catholic church.

At the meeting of the Negaunee Bowlers held Saturday evening at the alleys, the following teams were organized: Eagles—A. E. Maas, J. M. Perkins, J. E. Suess, F. C. Yates, Thomas Pellow. Bismarcks—Dr. B. J. Miller, William Bonse, M. Burns, William Nadeau, A. Houserman. Ows—C. Kirkpatrick, F. A. Ball, A. P. Johnson, Dr. A. W. Haidle, B. Neeley. Japs—John Nelson, F. McAuliffe, Thomas Pascoe, Thomas Connors, John Williamson. Unions—F. Dyer, H. Peterson, William Mitchell, J. H. Winter, A. Dyer. Stars—H. S. Nightingale, William Piper, J. Healy, E. Kline, John Stevens. Featherweights—K. Pellow, H. Nightingale, James Curley, Robert Drake, F. E. Tompkins. Night Hawks—S. Webb, E. Mitchell, S. Willard, D. Murphey, J. Stanaway. A woman's league of eight teams of three members each was organized Saturday morning.

Cole & McDonald, who for the past four months operated three diamond drills for the Jones & Laughlin company on the homestad owned by Charles Mack, Joseph Richardson and A. E. Suess in the Little Lake district, have suspended work, and will remove the drills.

A reunion of the Vaughn family was held here Sunday. It was the first time in nine years that the three sons had been able to get home at the same time. Two of the boys are conductors on the South Shore line and the third is a shift boss at the Princeton mine.

According to the annual report of Mine Inspector Quinn, there are at the present time twenty-eight producing mines in Marquette county, employing 5,060 men, and four mines classed as non-producing, but rated as taxable. The percentage of fatal accidents per 1,000 men employed was 4.30, the total number of accidents for the year being given as twenty-two, and classified as follows: Premature blast, 4; fall of ground, 4; explosions, 2; falling down shaft, 2; cave of ground, 3; the remainder being ascribed to causes named as "unusual." The Hartford mine is credited with the greatest number of fatal accidents, having a total of five, the other mines reporting accidents as follows: Negaunee, 4; Salisbury, Mass, Lake Superior Hard Ore and Lake Superior Hematite, 2 each; Cliffs Shaft, Princton, Blue, Austin and Volunteer, 1 each.

Bert Retallick, a well known resident of Negaunee, departed Thursday morning for his old home in England. After spending a few days with relatives there he will go to West Africa, where he has a good position promised him.

Joseph Holander, a resident of Palmer for a number of years, died at the home of his daughter there Wednesday. His age was 55 years. Two other daughters reside in Finland. The funeral was held Thursday morning at 10 o'clock from Ell Dawe's undertaking rooms.

Harry Spenser, father of the late Thomas Spenser, arrived in the city Friday from Butte, Mont. The funeral was held Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

The secton hands in the employ of the Chicago & Northwestern railway company, who last week gave up their places when told that nine hours would be called a day's work during the fall and winter months, have again been given a 10-hour day at the old wage rate. Most of the former hands have returned.

A night crew will be added at the Cliffs Shafts mine, owned by the Cleveland-Cliffs Iron company next Monday. This will increase the force about 175 men at the start, and more may be hired later. There are present over 200 men on the Cliffs-Shafts pay roll. The mine has been operated with but one crew for over three years past. It is one of the cleanest and safest mines on the range to work in, and the workmen do not have to climb ladders, either going into the mine or leaving it.

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MELLIN'S FOOD CO., BOSTON, MASS.

Mesaba Mines

(Continued from page 13.)

considerable shipment this year, and judging from the preparatory work in progress the production will be largely increased next season. Development work is in progress at three shafts, and in addition the stripping contractors are employing three shovels. The Albany mine, on the east side of the Morris and controlled by Pickands, Mather & Company, is a milling proposition, although this year a steam shovel has been employed, the ore being trammed and hoisted at the Webb mine, operated by the Shenango Furnace company and located south of the Morris, a second shaft is to be sunk. At the Winnifred, shaft-sinking is under way. The Laura is producing steadily, averaging about 200 tons per day. At the Burt-Pool, which is one of the great mines of the lake region, both stripping and mining are in progress. A similar program is being carried on at the Hull mine, which is being transformed from an underground property to an open pit. Three shovels are working in ore ot the big Mahoning, and another is stripping on the north side of the pit. At the Agnew, an International Harvester company mine, one shovel is stripping and another is loading ore. Similar operations are the order at the Leetonia and Cyprus. One shovel has been loading ore from the Sellers mine stockpile, and one shift of men is at work underground at the Rust. Three or four shovels are working in ore at Corrigan, McKinley & Company's big Stevenson mine, and stripping is also in hand. To the west of the Forest mine, operated by M. L. Fay of Virginia, a new property, the Alexandria, is being opened by M. A. Hanna & Company.

At the Leonard mine the only automatic steam shovel, so-called, in commission on the Mesaba, is in service. The Leonard will ship about 300,000 tons of ore this season, as will the Shenango.

It is altogether probable that the village of Sparta will have to be removed to a new location, near the present site. The town, which has a population of 1,000 people, has met with the experience of Eveleth in its earlier days. Ore has been found beneath the townsite, and to mine it, it will be necessary to remove the buildings. Diamond drilling has been in progress in the village, or in close proximity to it, for the past two years, and, while there is no official information as to the extent of the ore discoveries, it is the general understanding that the existence of large bodies of mineral has been proved. The exploratory work has been done by the Steel corporation, which controls the mineral rights in the townsite. The village was established eight or nine years ago, when the Genoa mine was opened. This property is still in commission, as are the Malta, Sparta and Pettit, in the same field. The Hobart mine is a new property being opened up near Sparta. It is controlled by the Cherry Valley Iron company, and operated on the underground system.

At Eveleth the milling pit at the Adams, which was operated to some extent last season, and to greater extent this year, will be the largest on the range. At the Fayal the greatest ore producer in the world, the big new open pit will not be operated extensively until next season. The mines about Eveleth will ship more ore this year than last season, but the grand total will not be up to the record of 1902.

At Nashwauk, the Hawkins mine, one of the largest open pit properties on the range, which had been doing little since its first year, 1903, is being worked with renewed vigor, and will be a heavy shipper next season. The mine is operated under lease by the International Harvester company. The Cleveland Cliffs Iron company's Crosby mine, in the same field, has been idle since 1903, but is expected to resume operations next year. Six miles distant from Nashwauk, the townsite of Snowball is being opened up. Ore bodies have been located in the vicinity upon which operations are now under way.

The Oliver Mining company has started two more drills on exploratory work on the west side of Prairie river. This makes seven in all that are working on the outskirts of Grand Rapids. Operations at the Buckeye have been stopped so far as drills are concerned, and it looks as though the company is satisfied with the result of the investigation thus far carried on. One new drill was started on section 3, and two on 16, in town 55, range 25. One drill is doing active service on section 8, one on 9, in 55-26. One drill is also running in section 24, 55-26, near the Pool farm.

Hibbing, Oct. 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—There has been but little change in the Hibbing district mines during the past few weeks. Several of the mines have nearly reached the estimated output of the season, but ore is going to the lakes as fast as possible. There has been some delay in shipping from some of the mines of the United States Steel corporation by reason of the tonnage on the lakes being somewhat taken up by wheat that is now going out of Duluth, and no ore is sent out from the open pit mines when there are no boats in the harbor and not a few men are idle for two or three days at a time. Thus far about 1,500,000 tons have been shipped from the Burt-Pool mine; this is about a quarter of a million tons more ore than was shipped last season, and it is likely that the mine will ship for another month, unless cold weather sets in and prevents earlier than usual. It is current report that stripping operations will be continued all winter at the Hull mine in the gravel pit where the Duluth, Missabe & Northern has been securing gravel for its roadbed. So far as is known this is the only bed of gravel in this immediate vicinity and the company is utilizing it to good advantage in fixing up its grades. The continuance of work at this mine will employ quite a number of men all winter.

The Shenango Furnace company is still shipping from the Webb mine of the village and the amount of ore shipped from this mine thus far has somewhat exceeded the expectations of the management here. The first ore from this mine to be shipped was in June and up to date over 50,000 tons have been sent down the lakes. About one hundred and fifty men are employed at this mine. The Shenango company has not been hampered in shipping ore this season, as it chartered a sufficient number of vessels early in the season to move the entire output of the mines without delay. The Shenango people are preparing for still larger shipments next season.

The Buffalo and Susquehanna mine in the village limits is preparing for extended operations another season. No ore has gone to the lakes this season, but there has been considerable drifting for several months past and which will continue through the winter. No ore will be hoisted to the surface other than that necessary through drifting operations. It is reported that the mine will become an active factor in shipping next season.

The outlook for even larger operations on the range another year than anything heretofore known in its history is said to be very favorable. Nearly all of the mining companies are preparing for larger operations, while the railroads have placed additional orders for rolling stock, both locomotives and ore cars. The past season has been one of activity in building track, and a large amount of work has been done on both the Great Northern and the Duluth, Missabe & Northern roads. The former now practically has a double track to the mines in this section, while the latter will have completed the work that will give it a double track by the time the ore season opens up next year, and both roads will be in shape another year to move nearly double the amount of ore shipped from the mines this season. The Duluth, Missabe & Northern has about seventy locomotives, of which about one fifth were added the first of the present year, and this with the additional orders placed will place its motive power well toward the hundred mark.

Hibbing

Hibbing, Oct. 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—Prof. Young is moving into the cottage at the corner of Second avenue and Washington street.

Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Pfremmer and children returned Tuesday evening from a two weeks' visit with the former's mother at Spring Valley, this state.

Emil Anderson visited friends at Duluth the first of the week.

The Twin City papers report that John Anderson of this place was recently slugged by footpads in Minneapolis and relieved of $65. As there are several Johns Andersons around this section no one seems to know which one it is.

Ray Herrick returned from his trip to the Pacific coast the latter part of the week, where he attended the Lewis & Clarke exposition. Mr. Herrick has not been well for some time, but the trip proved of great benefit to him.

The Finnish members of the Hibbing socialist society will present Tolstoi's famous play, "Resurrection," at the Pastime theater Sunday evening, Nov. 26th.

Rev. John Truedson is moving into the Swedish Lutheran parsonage on Second avenue this week.

Mrs. Anton Namchek returned from the Bear River section Tuesday, where she has been on their homestead for several weeks past.

The Swedish Good Templars will give an entertainment at the new Swede-Finn hall on Second avenue, Saturday evening, Nov. 4th.

Mrs. G. H. Stewart of Sellers street has been quite ill the past ten days, but is in a fair way to recovery.

Mrs. Murdock of Lincoln street, who has been quite ill with typhoid fever for some days, is recovering and will soon be able to be around again.

Judge Brady was at St. Paul the first of the week with his little son, who underwent a surgical operation.

Rev. Rupert Swinnerton, the new pastor of the Methodist church here, arrived with his family from Princeton, this state, Friday last.

J. J. Jenkins left the latter part of the week for Arizona, to be absent several weeks.

The north-bound passenger train on the Duluth, Missabe & Northern was delayed three hours by the wrecking of a work train near Shaw last Friday evening, and did not arrive here until 10 p. m., and but few of The Herald readers received their paper that evening.

Alex Keller has opened a thirst parlor on Pine street between Second and Third avenues.

Richard Eddy, Jr., of Eveleth, has accepted a position with the Oliver Mining company in their new machine shop in this place.

Miss Mary Kerr went to Nashwauk Tuesday.

Mrs. O. P. Finness visited friends at Grand Rapids several days last week.

G. A. Wellner of the Carlson Exploration company, was a Duluth visitor Monday.

J. W. Bergeson of Nashwauk was in the village Tuesday while on his way to Duluth to attend to some business matters.

A couple of Italians, two knives, and an unknown quantity of booze, became mixed up the first of the week. Babtisto Secundo, one of them, was fined $10 on a charge of assault and battery, and this was followed with another charge of resisting an officer, for which he was fined $50 more. Dominick Branchio was found to have weapons concealed on his person and he was assessed $100, a part of which was afterwards remitted.

Rev. Maurice Hostettler was called to Kansas last week by a telegram announcing the dangerous illness of his father. Before he arrived his father had died, but he remained and accompanied the remains to the old homestead at Shipshewana, Ind.

Mission services will be held at the Swedish Lutheran church Wednesday evening, Oct. 25th. Rev. John Truedson, the local pastor, will be assisted by Rev. C. E. Gustafson of Moose Lake, Rev. C. O. Swenson of Cloquet, and Rev. P. O. Hanson of Virginia.

Now that threshing in the Red River valley and the Dakotas is nearly finished the lumberjack has commenced his eastward journey and at present there is no shortage of help on this end of the range.

Thomas O'Conner and Mrs. Mary Murphy were married Tuesday morning at the Catholic church, Rev. Fr. Gamashe officiating. Tom is chief of the Hibbing fire department and has a host of friends in this section. His bride cannot be said to be friendless, as, being of a sunny disposition, she has a large circle of friends, and both have their best wishes. They are at home to their many friends in pleasant rooms on Pine street.

Rev. Fr. Gamashe visited friends at Duluth Friday, returning in the evening.

M. Rogalsky was looking over Bovey the latter part of the week. While there he secured an option on some lots in that place, which he expects to utilize for business purposes, as they are well located.

The funeral of Andrew Cloon of Nashwauk took place from Barrett's undertaking rooms on Second avenue, Thursday. The deceased was killed by falling timber while working in a well at that place Tuesday. He was working in the well and some timber was being lowered, but it caught about ten feet from the bottom, and the men lowering it supposed the timber had reached the bottom of the well, slacked the rope, when the piece of timber became loosened and fell on Mr. Cloon, hitting him on the head, crushing his skull and killing him instantly. The remains were brought to this place and the funeral was held under the auspices of an Austrian brotherhood, of which he was a member. The deceased formerly conducted a saloon on Pine street this place, and was generally respected by his acquaintances. He leaves a wife and seven children.

Rev. Roderick Mooney of Duluth gave his lecture on Ireland at the Power theater Tuesday evening, to a good-sized audience. The gentleman seemed thoroughly conversant with his subject and the audience was well pleased with his handling of the lecture. Mrs. McAuliffe of Duluth assisted with the entertainment in giving several vocal selections, which were heartily applauded. The entertainment was given under the auspices of the ladies of the Episcopal church, and was one of the most successful of the season.

Adner Sponder, an Austrian, fell down the mine shaft at the Shenango mine, about 9 o'clock Tuesday morning, and sustained injuries from which it is doubtful he will recover. Sponder fell about twenty feet and was caught in the mine skip, but the manner in which he struck caused his injuries.

James Reed, an employe at the Leonard mine, met with an accident Tuesday that for a time was thought would prove fatal. He was working on a steam shovel when something broke, and in repairing it he ruptured a blood vessel, from which he lost considerable blood before it could be stopped. Assistance was secured as soon as possible, and barring accidents he will be around in a few days.

E. F. Schecknecht of the St. Paul Dispatch, is visiting J. P. Hayden, business manager of the Hibbing Tribune, this week. They left for the Little Fork country Friday morning, to be absent a week, where the latter has a homestead.

The Hibbing teachers have organized a basket ball team with Mr. Boerner as coach.

The Power theater orchestra gave its first social dance at the theater Friday evening.

The ladies of the Methodist church served supper at the town hall Friday evening. In connection with the supper they had a sale of needle work that netted the society a neat sum.

Mrs. Otto Aftermeyer of Brainerd is visiting her sister, Mrs. J. N. Dixon of Superior street, this week.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Dixon of Superior street, this place, Friday, Oct. 20th, a daughter.

Cloquet

Cloquet, Oct. 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—The marriage of Miss Rushell Parust and Joseph Dugay took place at the Catholic church Tuesday evening, Rev. Father Giroux performing the ceremony. Both parties are well known and liked in Cloquet, the groom being one of Cloquet's oldest residents and the bride having lived here for some time. They left Wednesday morning for a short wedding tour to parts unknown, and will be at home to their friends after Oct. 30. Congratulations.

The marriage of Miss Anna Emil and John Kavanaugh took place at the Catholic church Monday morning, Rev. Father Giroux performing the ceremony. Both of these young people are well known and have a large circle of friends in Clouet, who wish them every joy and happiness.

Miss Helen Eldred of Harmun is visiting in Cloquet this week with friends. While here she is having some dental work done by our expert dentist, Dr. Joe Deering.

Mr. Stone is in Cloquet this week on business connected with the Royal league.

Miss Maud Coon, who has been employed as night operator for the Bell company in this city, left yesterday morning for Mellin, Wis., to accept a similar position at that place. Her many friends regret to see her go.

Mr. and Mrs. Emil Mangunson and son spent Sunday in Cloquet the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. E. Grenieo.

Bert Richardson, one of our popular young men, had a very narrow escape from accident at the Upper Mill Thursday morning by being caught in a shaft. Fortunately Mr. Richardson escaped with but a sprained ankle.

Miss Mary Tolan of Chippewa Falls, Wis., is in Cloquet, the guest of her sister, Mrs. John Long. Miss Tolan will remain for some time.

John McManus, Louis McCollough, E. McMan, C. Fuller and Cook left last night on a hunting trip at Black Duck.

F. C. Marx, clear man, of Superior, was doing business in Cloquet this week.

Miss Margaret Husby has accepted a position as cashier at Fred Gruing's West end meat market, Miss Helen having entered the employ of Kolseth & Anderson.

Miss Agnes Husby was in Duluth Saturday.

Andrew and Roy Cadden were in Duluth over Sunday.

Archie Campbell has bought a half interest with Mike Meyer in the saloon business.

Peter Dunphy, who has been on the Missabe Southern for some time, returned to Cloquet this morning.

Mrs. John McKenna and Miss Nellie McKenna are expected home from Chicago next week. Miss McKenna has greatly improved in health.

John Twohy of the Gowan-Peyton-Twohy company of Duluth transacted business in Cloquet Thursday and Friday.

Park Rapids

Park Rapids, Oct. 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—Married at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Cliff Tubbs in Park Rapids, Walter Baumgartner and Miss Elizabeth Gross, Thursday, Oct. 12, Rev. E. A. Cooke officiating.

F. C. Rice, J. H. O'Neil and Dr. P. L. Winship were the committee appointed to look up the matter in regard to the report that there were a crew of surveyors south of Hubbard looking over the ground foa survey for the Northern Pacific railroad from Bakus to Fertile.

The Park Rapids high school football team went to Cass Lake, Thursday, to play a game of football with the high school team of that place.

B. F. Wright made a visit to the Twin Cities this week.

Enos M. Ricker, after a few days' visit with his family here, returned to Fergus Falls, Tuesday.

Master Harold Brown, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Brown, is suffering from an attack of appendicitis.

D. R. Bradford, superintendent of schools in Hubbard county, who has been living on his farm in Straight River township, is moving to Park Rapids with his family.

The Baptist ladies' aid will meet with Mrs. A. R. Batchelle next Thursday, Oct. 26, at 2 p. m.

Miss Ethel Downs has entered the Crookston Business college, where she went Monday.

Mrs. Sam Silverman, who has been visiting her parents in Milwaukee for a couple of weeks, returned home last Friday.

Mrs. Nettie Vickroy, who has been stopping with her sister, Mrs. Ben Myers, Sr., for the past year, left Saturday morning for a visit with her brother in Hamilton, Cal.

Miss May Tolland went to Minneapolis, Tuesday, for a visit with her sister, Mrs. E. D. Lofus.

Oliver W. Stewart, a member of the Illinois legislature, will speak in Rinia's hall, Sunday evening, Oct. 22. His lecture is on the "Liquor Traffic and Its Remedy."

M. S. Whitcom, state veterinarian, was called to Park Rapids this week to examine some horses for the glanders. He found two of Nels Peterson's, which had to be killed.

The Episcopal ladies' guild will meet with Mrs. C. B. Russ next Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

James Escitine and sister, May, made a visit to Crow Wing dam, last Sunday.

Mrs. Waldo Withram will visit a while at Princeton and Elk River, leaving for there Wednesday morning.

Joseph Leicht of Winona, called on friends in Park Rapids, Wednesday and Thursday of this week.

Mrs. Andrew Arbuckle has been enjoying a visit this week from her mother, Mrs. Soule of Deer Creek.

Mrs. Tom Jondahl and children, are the guests of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ogden of this place.

Mrs. H. M. Rose and daughter, Mary, and Mrs. Blanche Gulp and daughter, departed Thursday morning for Ross, Iowa, where they expect to make their future home.

As Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Simms of Walker were returning home from Dakota by wagon road, accompanied by their two

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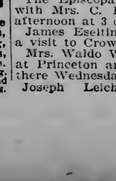
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Cures Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, Fever Sores, Gangrene, Blood Poisoning, White Swelling, Milk Leg, Poisoned Wounds, All Sores of long standing. Positively never fails. Draws out all poison. Saves expense and suffering. Cures permanent. For sale by druggists. Mail 25c and 50c.
J. P. ALLEN MEDICINE CO., St. Paul, Minn.

small children, last Friday ,an accident befell them near Dorset, which caused the death of their 16-months-old child. They had stopped by the road side to eat dinner. After the meal had been finished, they reloaded their cooking utensils and started on their last day's drive, when the seat in which Mrs. Simms and two children were sitting slipped from the high box throwing them to the ground. In the fall the smaller child struck the wagon wheel and crushed its skull, causing instant death.

Mr. Charles Maas' family arrived here from St. Cloud, Friday evening. Mr. Maas has a position in the Park Rapids flour and feed mill.

Mrs. Bailey of Merrill, was the guest of Mrs. B. Knapp from Saturday until Tuesday.

Mrs. Denney went to Moorhead the first of the week, where Mr. Denney is now located.

Brookston

Brookston, Oct. 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—A very pleasant dancing party was given by Messrs. Theodore Kaeble and Olaf Eklund last Saturday evening. A good crowd was in attendance in spite of the inclemency of the weather, and an enjoyable time was had by all. At midnight a dainty lunch was served.

Eugene Ullman, who is now employed at Island, spent Sunday and Monday with Brookston friends.

Agent Joseph Gfroerer was a Cloquet business visitor Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Kaeble and little daughter of Cloquet were among the outsiders who attended the dance last Saturday evening.

On Monday of this week, Edward Sleighter of Aberdeen, S. D., unloaded a carload of household effects, etc., and will make his home on his claim, which is located a short distance south of town. At present, Mr. Sleighter is busily engaged erecting a house, and upon its completion Mrs. Sleighter and children are expected to arrive and make their permanent residence on the homestead. Mr. Sleighter was for a good many years a resident of South Dakota, but is a firm believer in the future of St. Louis county, and is among the first to avow his intention of becoming a bona fide settler on part of the ceded Fond du Lac Indian reservation lands.

S. McCamus, who has spent the past summer in Brookston, left Monday for the Palouse, Washington, country. He intends to settle at Potlatch, where the Frederick Weyerhauser interests are about to erect the largest sawmill in the United States, and which town promises a rapid growth, many Minnesota people already having taken up residence there.

Robert and Lillie Poupore were the guests of Brookston friends over Sunday.

Sam Murphy returned Monday from a short business visit to Cloquet.

C. O. Eklund returned Saturday night from Duluth, where he completed the purchase of a planer for his mill.

William DeBoom was a Cloquet visitor on Sunday.

Mrs. Charles M. Hendrickson spent Tuesday afternoon in Cloquet.

H. C. Shur transacted business in Cloquet Wednesday.

Mrs. Petite's infant child, who has been in a critical condition for some time, was taken to Cloquet Tuesday for treatment, but it was of no avail and the child passed away Wednesday night.

Mrs. Steve Spencer spent Wednesday in Cloquet, the guest of friends.

Pat Kavanaugh spent several days with relatives in Cloquet this week. He was also in attendance at his brother's wedding, which occurred there Tuesday.

The winter term of school commenced at Eklund's on Monday of this week with Miss Smythe in charge. A number of Brookston children are in attendance.

Miss Ethel Watts and Joseph Wheelon, George Borg and John Mooney of Superior were the guests of Mr. Angus and Miss Grace Bachelor last Saturday evening.

Gus Culman has resigned his position as night watchman.

J. F. Ryan returned to Cloquet Thursday afternoon after spending several days looking after business matters.

William Smith entertained a party of young people at a taffy pull last Friday evening.

The Great Northern bridge and telegraph crews are stationed here at present. The latter are engaged in rebuilding the line between Cloquet and Brookston.

W. C. Garland was a Duluth business visitor last week.

Frank E. Johnson has purchased the interest of S. McCamus in a forty-acre tract of land adjoining the north side of townsite.

Iron River

Iron River, Oct. 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—T. F. Mackmiller, returned home last Saturday evening from Eastern Oregon, where he has been looking over his lumber interests there.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. John Waden, last Sunday morning, Oct. 15th, a a baby boy.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Soshea, a son.

Chairman Hopkins of the town of Orienta, was in this city last Thursday, on his way home from the county seat, where he was called as a juror to serve through the fall term of circuit court. He was one of the favored few that got excused.

District Attorney C. F. Morris, is spending this week in Washburn, attending circuit court.

Justice N. W. Burke was notified of a man being found dead at Weyerheuser's Camp No 4, near the Flag river last Wednesday. He immediately summoned a jury and started for the scene to hold an inquest. After the acting coroner and jury, with the doctor, had examined the body, and had taken what evidence was obtainable, adjourned until Thursday, when the jury met and finished taking the testimony. The verdict was rendered that he came to his death from heart disease. He was a member of the I. S. W. A. in Chippewa Falls, and a member of the Sons of Norway, in good standing. His name was Ben Bredeson, aged 47 years. He was taken to Chippewa Falls for interment by the I. S. W. A. He has no relatives in this country.

John Mackley returned home from Hibbing, Minn., last Monday evening.

Robert Kinlock and Mrs. Kinlock of Kinlock Lake, was in the city last Thursday.

Chairman Eben Olson of Port Wing was in this city last Monday on his way to the county seat.

Town Clerk Frank Moore, left for the town of Barnes yesterday afternoon.

Mrs. Emil Bernard returned home from Cloquet last Tuesday morning where she was visiting with her husband there for several weeks.

Pete Lindahl returned home from Scanlon, where he spent the summer.

Eveleth

Eveleth, Oct. 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—Walter Deacy left Tuesday noon for Minneapolis to enter the law department of the State university.

Mrs. John Cornwall of Minnesota City, Minn., arrived Thursday morning and will be a guest at the Kingston home until after Miss Kingston's wedding.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry S. Sherman started housekeeping Monday in the house at the Fayal recently vacated by Mr. and Mrs. James Trezona.

Senator E. B. Hawkins of Duluth attended to business interests here the first of the week.

Irwin and Capt. Burt Angst have returned from a trip to Minneapolis. Capt Angst also visited friends at Crystal Falls, Mich.

Twenty-two of the young people surprised Misses Ada and Elsie McKenzie at their rooms in the Bailey block last Friday evening. Games were played and an impromptu lunch provided, and a merry evening enjoyed by all.

Miss Elodie Johnson went to Duluth Friday to see "Mrs. Wiggs" and visit with Miss Jean Tulboys.

The ladies of St. John's Episcopal church will give a hot chicken pie supper next Wednesday evening at the residence of Mrs. J. C. Poole.

The following party of men left Friday for a five days' hunting trip to Bowstring: James A. Robb, F. R. Campbell, Albert Rohrer, Walter J. Smith, Charles Hall from here, and P. C. Talboys and Max Shapiro of Duluth.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Poole, and Mr. and Mrs. James A. Robb attended a party given Tuesday evening at Biwabik by Mr. and Mrs. N. B. Shank to celebrate the twentieth anniversary of their marriage. Mr. Poole was fortunate in winning the men's head prize at pedro.

Miss Lyna Kingston was the guest of honor at a dinner given by Miss Barrett, one of her maids, at the Hotel McNeil, Saturday. It was followed by a hostery shower. There were present Misses Fern Marsell, Ada and Elsie McKenzie, Alice and Sarah Bowers, Irene McKeehan, Anna Fife and Henrietta Davis.

At Vell hall last evening Millard Reil and his company presented the play "What Happened to Jones" for the benefit of the Eveleth fire department.

Invitations are being issued for the meeting of the Range Teachers' association, which includes teachers from all over Northeastern Minnesota to be held here Nov. 10 and 11. Following is the program:

FRIDAY AFTERNOON.

1:30—Addresses of welcome, J. H. Heading and B. O. Greening.
1:40—Annual address of president.
2:00—Appointment of committees.
2:05—"School Architecture," P. M. Larson, Cass Lake.
Discussion—W. T. Bray, Duluth; B. O. Greening, Eveleth; Lafayette Bliss, Virginia; C. L. Newberry, Ely; Miss Hattie Booth, Grand Rapids.
"Sanitary Hints for Teachers and School Boards," Dr. C. W. More, Eveleth.
"How Shall We Beautify Our Schools?" Louise E. Minert, Two Harbors; L. L. Wright, Ironwood; C. G. Stultz, St. Paul.
4:00—Visit to the Adams-Spruce and Fayal iron mines.

FRIDAY EVENING.

Dedication of Eveleth high school building.

SATURDAY MORNING.

8:00—Sectional meetings—School board board section, W. P. Chinn, McKinley, chairman.
High school section—W. C. Cobb, Cloquet.
Graded school section—Noel Young, Soudan.
Kindergarten section—Alice B. Bowers, Eveleth.
Rural school section—Sophia Ouse, Duluth.
10:00—Business session—Reading of minutes; reports of committees; report of treasurer; election of officers.
10:30—General session—Addresses by Cyrus W. Northrop, president of the University of Minnesota; I. C. McNell, president of the Superior normal school; W. A. Shoemaker, president of St. Cloud normal school; Frank A. Weld, president Moorhead normal school.
"How to Improve English Teaching"—Discussion—E. W. Bonham, Duluth normal school; C. L. Newberry, Ely.

The officers are: President, S. W. Gilpin, Virginia; vice president, Marie Hanson, Soudan; treasurer, J. F. Mueuch, Chisholm; secretary, Irene P. McKeehan, Eveleth. Committees—Nominating: W. J. Marquis, Two Harbors; C. E. Young, Hibbing; T. E. Grae, Biwabik. Resolutions: C. L. Newberry, Ely; W. A. Owens, Proctor; L. A. Silcoe, Arnold. Auditing: A. V. Jones, Sparta; G. G. Denuing, Winton; W. L. Lange, Buhl.

Superintendent and Mrs. R. R. Trezona and daughter, Miss Mae Trezona, went to Duluth last Friday to see "Mrs. Wiggs" at the Lyceum.

The Afternoon Euchre club met yesterday with Mrs. Frederick Barrett at the Fayal.

There have been two fire alarms this week; one proved to be a false alarm, the other early Wednesday morning was a shack at the Adams mine.

Very mysterious invitations were received by many of the young girls and a few married women for a Hallowe'en party for the evening of Monday, Oct. 13, at 7:30; the guests to bring lunch baskets well filled, and be in crazy attire. It is thought that not many will be brave enough to venture out in the e bm bmm enough to venture but on that evening unescorted unless some hint is given in the meantime and it proves to be a real, instead of a visionary party.

Mr. and Mrs. William A. Kingston and daughter, Vera, of Duluth, have arrived to be present at the Kingston-Cornwall nuptials today.

The following attended the dancing party given at Virginia last Friday evening by the Virginia club, and report an enjoyable time, it being a perfectly delightful evening for the drive over and returning. Mr. and Mrs. Henry Lindsay, Dr. and Mrs. Frederick Barrett, Mr. and Mrs. B. O. Greening, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Smith, Mrs. G. A. Whitman, Miss Weckey, Miss Agnes Long, Miss Boulson, Miss Whiteside, Miss Irene McCrohan, Misses Alice and Sarah Bowers, Miss Henrietta Davis and Miss Anna Fife of Aberdeen, S. D.; Meshra. J. H. Hearding, Walter Ducey, C. V. Green, Harry Weckey, Tom and James Trezona, Mason Burt, Edward Carrol and Mr. Webb.

P. E. Dowling has begun the foundation for one of the finest homes in Eveleth. It is located on Jones street, directly opposite the new high school building, the lot is unusually large for Eveleth, being seventy-five feet by one hundred and twenty-five.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Eugene Abbot have returned from their wedding trip and are at the Hotel McNeil for a few weeks while one of the Fayal houses is being renovated and decorated. They were married on the fourth of October at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Ball at Madison, Wis., where they recently moved from Birmingham, Ala. The service was read by the Rev. Ware of Chicago in the presence of about 100 relatives and intimate friends. The house was beautifully decorated, chrysanthemums and asters being used. The bride was gowned in exquisitely white and carried lilies of the valley. Miss Clara Abbot, sister of the groom, was maid of honor, and the other maids were Misses Clementia Cossio of Chicago, Ila Campbell of Milwaukee, and Elizabeth Johnston of Birmingham. The groom's attendants were Edwin Ball, bast man; Dr. Samuel Grout of Birmingham, and Messrs. Harry S. Abbot and William Pooley of Madison. Mrs. Abbot is known to many Eveleth people as she formerly resided at Tower, where Mr. Ball was general manager for the Minnesota Iron company. Mr. Abbot is a rising young mining man, at present he holds the position of head engineer at the Fayal and city engineer for Eveleth.

In view of the fact that the village of Sparta has to move from its present location efforts are being made to consolodate the same with this city. The distance between the two places being only a couple of miles, Eveleth would be most happy to have the Sparta people join it.

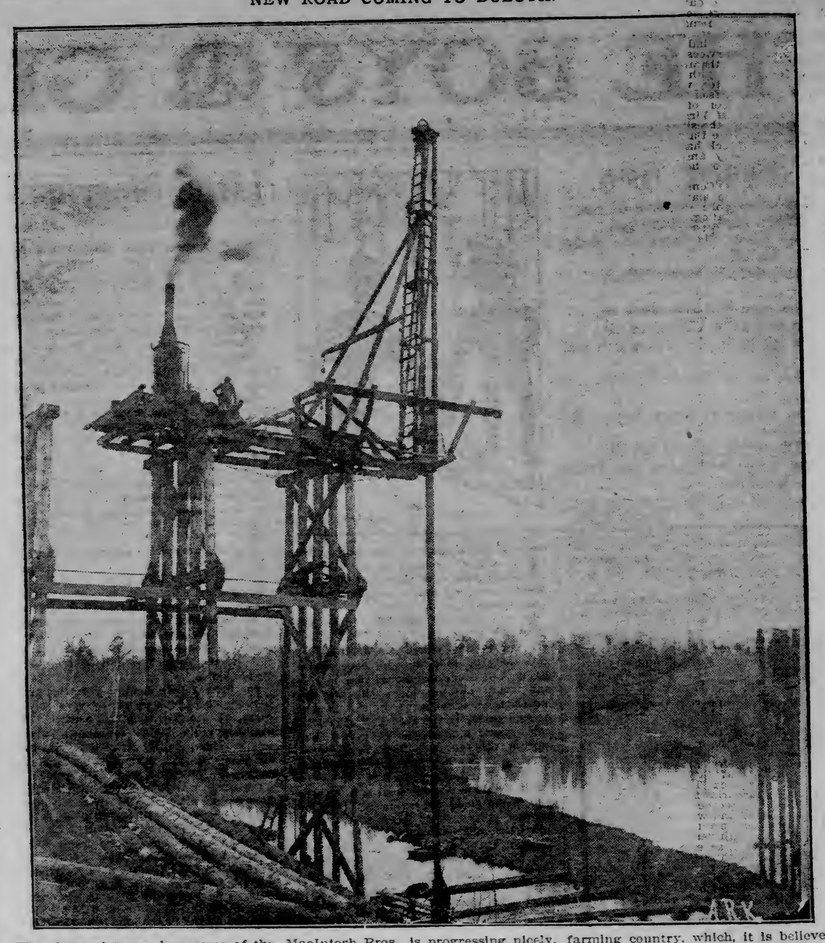
The great number of candidates willing to serve the city in the different offices for the next two years gives the assurance that the city will have an ideal government. The following have already signified their intentions of making the run: Mayor, M. Maxwell and Charles Jesmore; treasurer, T. Shea, W. J. Davey and T. Darberg; aldermen, First ward, Frank Mattson, Joseph Thibault, L. C. Sandicola and James Falk; Second ward, Solomon Sax, A. M. Turnquist, James Marra and H. C. Scramstead; Third ward, Matt Prettner, Max Stipetich, A. N. Peterson, George Mulligan and Martin Finnucan. Two aldermen at large, J. J. Gleason, William Murray and Patrick McClory.

Much needed and good work is now being done along the Miller Trunk road in Commissioners Ryan and McInnis' district, under the direction of A. J. Shea as foreman.

Mr. and Mrs. B. O. Greening are in Duluth today, where Mr. Greening went to take the Knight Templar degree in Masonry.

George Shea of Nome, Alaska, is expected here within a few days to spend the winter with his brothers at Ely Lake.

PILE DRIVER AT WORK ON BRIDGE ACROSS FLAMBEAU RIVER AT LADYSMITH ON LINE OF NEW ROAD COMING TO DULUTH.



The above pictures show some of the work which is being done on the railroad extension of the Wisconsin Central railway, from Owen, Wis., to Duluth, showing the pile-drivers at work in mid-air, about twenty-five feet from the ground. The piling shown in the picture is being driven for a bridge which is being put over the Flambeau river at Ladysmith, Wis.

The work, which is being done by MacIntosh Bros., is progressing nicely, and it is expected that as far as Ladysmith, the road will be open for traffic for the coming winter, and trains will be passing over it. Loggers are already getting ready for operations along this road for this winter, and expect to haul logs over its rails.

This will give Ladysmith quite an advantage as a railroad and lumbering center, and will also open up a fine farming country, which, it is believed, will be quickly populated. There are a number of farmers in there now, and they look upon the new road as the one thing needful for their prosperity. They will probably begin forming in real earnest next season.

The piling for the bridges is about all in now, and work will be pushed. A good many steel bridges will be put in along the line.

EVIDENCE OF CONSERVATISM

Expands Confidence and Broadens Activity In Commercial Channels

New York, Oct. 21.—R. G. Dun & Company's Review of Trade says: Activity broadens in commercial channels and confidence expands because of the many evidences of conservatism. Business is brisk and improving, yet there is no disposition to start a boom either in commodities or securities. Manufacturers receive liberal orders for remote deliveries, many dealers having covered spring requirements and shipping departments are forwarding as freely as traffic facilities will permit. Current retail trade is not equalling expectations but this is attributed to mild autumn weather and preparations for the future are undiminished. Especially good news is received from the iron and steel centers, output of mills and furnaces increasing without relieving the pressure of quick delivery, particularly in structural and railway departments. Wages were voluntarily increased at print cloth mills and scarcely any labor disputes are noted. Much complaint is heard regarding freight blockades, several contracts being accepted subject to delay in transit, which is seriously retarding grain exports. Nevertheless railway earnings for October thus far, show a gain of only 1.6 per cent, compared with last year's figures. This should be qualified by the statement that preliminary reports are chiefly from the southwest, where quarantine conditions and the tardy movement of cotton make an unfair comparison with last year's figures, which were swelled by unprecedented shipments of cotton. Statistics of foreign trade for the United States eclipsed all September records last month, which was particularly gratifying in view of the fact that a loss of over $11,000,000 in exports of cotton had to be made up elsewhere. Another splendid exhibit is assured for October, the last week alone at this port providing gains of $3,967,901 in imports and $2,120,803 in exports as compared with last year's figures. Evidences of conservatism are more numerous in the primary markets for textile fabrics although there is no weakness in quotations but rather more indications of inherent strength. Tanners have secured contracts for delivery of enough packer hides during the winter months to reduce activity somewhat but there is no weakness owing to the limited offerings. New England manufacturers of footwear are supplied with contracts, assuring activity up to February.

Failures this week numbered 133 in the United States against 215 last year and eighteen in Canada, compared with thirty-nine a year ago.

THE LITERARY "SPONGER."

St. Louis Post-Dispatch: "Notice that pudgy, important-looking little man who just went out?" asked the bookstore clerk as he rearranged the souvenir postals. "I expect that man comes nearer being perfectly familiar with the table of contents of all the magazines than any other one person in town, and he has a fair knowledge of the subject matter of most of the articles, too, I suspect. And still he never buys a magazine. I guess you would call him a literary loafer, or 'sponger.' He comes in her and goes over the magazines by the literal hour, reading a little—and some times quite a good deal—here and there. I have a friend at another store and when I saw this man over there one day and asked him, my friend told me that he was a regular 'customer' there, too, so I presume he makes the rounds of all the bookstores in town. Possibly he reads until he thinks he has exhausted the patience of the people at one place, then notes the page and goes somewhere else to finish the story." "I actually believe he does," broke in another clerk, "for I've noticed him come in here with all the briskness of a man with an appointment, pick out a particular magazine, leaf through it a few pages and begin reading just as though he had seated himself in his library at home and removed the bookmark from the place where he left off last night." "Yes, that's a fact; he does just that way lots of times," assented the first clerk. "If another customer or a clerk has occasion to disturb him in passing he acts highly displeased. Why don't we 'throw him out?' Well, that, perhaps, is the strangest part of the story. He is really a heavy buyer of books. Books of travel and description. Expresses the greatest contempt for fiction and light reading. But I could almost swear that he has followed at least two continued stories in their entire course through the magazines right here in this store."

The "swapping instinct" is no longer a peculiarly Yankee one—it has become an American trait of character. You may want to buy many things—you may want to sell a few. Try our columns.

The Special Value of

American Family Soap

Is its freedom from adulteration and free caustic soda and potash. These are extremely destructive to woolens, cottons and linens. To use American Family is the truest economy. Every atom cleanses.

Send for complete list of the many valuable premiums given for American Family Soap Wrappers. Address Premium Dept., 360 No. Water St., Chicago, Ill.

JAMES S. KIRK & COMPANY.

The Thrill of Duck Hunting

A Silent Sport.

Of all bird shooting, by far the most keenly exciting is duck hunting. Upland shooting frequently may call for more art, but there is no other bird not even the grouse, that can bring a hunter's heart into his mouth as does a mallard or a teal when it comes cleaving its way through the air with a burst of speed so amazing that shooting at it is like shooting at a winged express.

Whoever wants to know the problem that confronts the duck hunter need only imagine himself watching for a railroad train to flash suddenly past him at fifty miles an hour, while he must pick out and hit a mark on it about as big as a man's head in the brief moment of its passing.

That would be difficult enough, even though the shooter is warned by the noise of the train and knows just where to look for it. The duck gives no warning of its approach. Except when it wants to make a noise it is as silent a creature as there is in all the world—as silent as a snake, as wise as a fox, and as keen of hearing as a deer. It may appear from any quarter, and at fifty miles an hour it is in and out of sight within the one moment.

It is this that makes duck shooting one of the finest forms of hunting. The duck has far more chances than the man. The most silent hunter that ever was moves through the wilderness like an elephant compared with the absolute silence of the wild duck's motions. The mere rustle of a blade of wild rice or a bunch of wild celery as the boat glides past it may startle all the ducks in the vicinity and send them away in flight far out of gunshot. The click of the hammer in cocking a gun may spoil the shooting in a hole where the birds "lie up." A momentary flash of sunlight on paddle or oar may do the same.

Thus the duck hunter has to become a perfect miracle of skill. There is he himself, fifty times bigger than a duck. There is his boat, bigger than himself. It is as if a mastadon and a whale were to try to creep silently and unseen on a man who is watching every point of the horizon with keen suspicion.

The man's qualities of skill and sagacity are called into play on every one of the many forms of duck hunting, from the Western shooting in wheat fields near sloughs, to the simplest form of shooting from anchored batteries as practiced on the Atlantic coast; but in none are the conditions more interesting and exacting than in the form known as snapshooting. Which is done by a man who sits in the bow of a canoe with his gun, while his fate paddles silently through waterways. The shooter must be ready to fire instantly, and his duck appear most suddenly and without warning.

Snapshooting is done in all parts of North America. It can be carried on equally well in inland streams and in the marsh and salt water regions; but its finest degree is reached in wild rice country where waterways wind through thick woods and drowned lands.

There the ducks not only lie hidden till the last desperate moment, but they have barely risen before they have flashed away again behind the dense cover, leaving only the mocking thunder of their wings in the disappointed hunter's ears, unless he is as quick as they, and can shoot to hit.

A beauty of snapshooting is that the man who does the paddling enjoys some of the best fun of the hunt equally with the man who shoots. The man who can paddle his mate on ducks steadily and continually, giving him a fair shot each time, may well assert that he is a paddler of parts; for his muscle and skill must be perfectly attuned, and one must be as constant and reliable as the other.

He must push the canoe so slowly that it hardly has way enough to steer, and yet his wrist must be so deft that he can twist the boat here and there instantly, and all without making a sound.

A splash of the paddle blade, a touch of the implement against the side of the canoe, a scrape of it along the bottom, will be enough in the stillness of the wilderness to frighten all the ducks in the place and send them away in long black lines of flight to drop again in a less uncanny place many miles away.

Shod in soft moccasins that there may be no scraping of feet along the bottom at a critical point; clad in garments to imitate the dead grasses of the waterside; the gunner in the bow, braced ready for a steady shot, with his shells between his feet and his gun held in position; the paddler sitting straight and alert in the stern; so the snapshooters steal along with never a ripple to whisper at the bow



THE MALLARD ON THE WING.

look around the bend an—boom! boom!

High overhead, outlined against the sky, flee black shapes, like crosses flying, and in an instant are gone, not to settle again till they drop with indignant duck-talk in some slough or hidden creek perhaps ten miles away or even twenty, for twenty miles mean only ten minutes' flight for a black duck or a blue bill in haste to go somewhere.

In the sullen black water ahead there are two gleams of purest white and dingy black, with a metallic sheen of green where one great wing is outspread. They are two black ducks.

The day of the man behind decoys is less arduous than that of the snapshooter, whose canoe often covers twenty miles in a day. But the day of the other man begins earlier.

His decoys must be out and he must have hidden himself silently in his blind before the duck begins to fly, and that means that he must be out on the water in the starlight, for the wild duck is an early bird indeed.

Long before there comes that mysterious change that proclaims that dawn, though still unseen, is coming to replace night that lies so black upon the world just then, the brave pinions of mallard, black, teal, bluebill, redhead and widgeon are beating the air with strong tireless pulsations of eager life. Before the eye can distinguish between land and water the canoes are flitting along the shores, sinister gloomy shapes dipping into the still deeper gloom of the overhanging trees, or sliding by the shivering reeds that stand knee deep in the cold dark water, dragged at by the hungry tide that hurries to the open sea, whose muttering growl steals incessantly across the wide sea meadows.

Wind and wave, grayness and mistiness are the delight of the man in the blind. On a clear day the birds are prone to mistrust his decoys and mark some suspicious circumstances about any except the most carefully made blind. But in a storm they swing in close and are ever ready to drop in among the wooden duck with friendly cries.

To any except a lover of the open, there is nothing more monotonous than sitting in a sea blind, with a gray and vapory horizon that marks the distant line of sea and sky, and otherwise nothing to interest the eye except miles on miles of waving brown seagrass. But there is a subtle fascination in this very monotony that charms men so that they will prefer it to the finest scenery that forests and lakes ever set for human sight.

KITCHENER'S RUSE.

Since it has been decided that Lord Kitchener shall be supreme in the military affairs of India an anecdote of the Khartaum expedition has come to light, says the Kansas City Journal. One evening as the general's forces neared Khartoum a dervish spy was discovered in camp and taken to headquarters for examination. In formation as to the enemy's position and plans was of the highest importance, but neither the richest bribes nor the direct threats could elicit one word from the prisoner; he affected to be both deaf and dumb. Scarcely was his hearing over—if hearing it can be called—when another spy was led in, who proved equally obdurate. They were led away bound and placed for the night in a well guarded tent. About half an hour later a third spy was dragged in, who also would reveal nothing, and was finally placed in the tent with the others. Soon the guard outside heard a murmur of voices from within; the dumb spies had found their tongues but it was impossible to hear their talk distinctly or to understand it. An hour or more passed, then the door of the tent was thrown open and the third spy appeared and asked to be conducted to headquarters. It was the sirdar, who in disguise had discovered all he needed to know. Lord Kitchener always takes the greatest pains to make himself master of the vernacular of any country to which he is sent. He sizes every opportunity of talking with the poorer folks until he speaks like a native.

WEATHER PROPHETS.

Congressman Bartlett of Georgia says that when Judge Grier was associate justice of the United States supreme court, he had a cousin residing in Georgia who was the author and publisher of the famous "Grier's Southern Almanac," says the Los Angeles Times. They were almost out of meal at the home of the almanac-maker, and a young son was sent to mill with corn for a grinding. Putting a blanket on the horse, to keep the horse-hair from getting into the meal, young Grier started for the mill. He was overtaken by a stranger, who, after brief conversation, ascertained that he was talking with a son of the distinguished weather prophet. At last, he asked:

"Do you ever attempt to make calculations of the weather as your father does?"

"Sometimes I do, sir."

"Really! And may I ask if your calculations and your father's agree?

"There is never more than two days' difference between us."

"That is indeed remarkable. Is there any way for accounting for such accuracy?"

"Perhaps so. You see father always knows the day before it rains."

"Precisely. I see."

"And I always know the day after it rains. See? Here is my mill. Good day, sir."

The Jar of Coughing

Hammer blows, steadily applied, break the hardest rock. Coughing, day after day, jars and tears the throat and lungs until the healthy tissues give way. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral stops the hard coughing, heals the torn membranes.

We have no secrets! We publish the formulas of all our medicines. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

A PAGE FOR THE BOYS & GIRLS

Henry's Trip Through the Heavens

BY MAUD WALKER.

Henry, commonly called "Hank," was the son of a poor farmer who lived in the West. Henry's life—so he thought—was dreary enough, indeed, the monotony of the quiet life being marked with no change. From morning till night he did chores about the farm and the house. He had no brothers nor sisters with whom to play, but his parents were devoted to him and lavished on him their affection. More than this they could not do, being so limited in means.

But there was one weekly diversion that Hank enjoyed. It was going to town on Saturday with his parents. They carried thither butter, eggs and other farm products to exchange at the stores for groceries and clothing. These visits were the little bright spots in Hank's life, for he would walk about the few short weed-grown streets, watching the chance pedestrians and gazing in through the dirty store windows.

One Saturday, which Hank will never forget while he lives, on reaching town they came in contact with a great commotion. The main business street was filled with a queer procession, followed and hemmed in by a great crowd of excited men and boys. Women and girls kept to the sidewalks and windows of stores and offices.

"Well, I be-doggoned!" exclaimed Hank's father, drawing rein at a corner, "if here ain't a circus parade!"

"A circus!" And Hank was standing up in the back of the wagon-box in a moment, looking with eyes wide and full of curiosity and pleasure. "May I go to it?" he asked eagerly, pulling at his father's sleeve.

"Yes, sir-ee, that you may, if we can git that much money on our truck," promised his good father in his homely way. "You shan't miss a circus. Your ma an' me have seen sich things—but you, you've got to see 'em for yourself."

As soon as they could drive to the big general store Hank's father prevailed upon the merchant, who waited upon his customers himself, to allow him the price of a circus ticket on his "truck" instead of insisting on him taking it all in "trade." This the merchant did willingly, and Hank found himself with a whole dollar in his pocket to spend in having "a day of it." His parents would go home as soon as their trading was over, and Hank was to go to the circus in the afternoon, hoping to find some of their neighbors there who would give him a lift on his way home in the evening. "I'll get home all O. K." Hank declared merrily. "If there isn't anyone going my way I'll walk. But don't be worried about me getting out for supper. What's five miles?"

The circus was to begin at 2 o'clock. One o'clock found Hank walking about the big tent, mouth, eyes and ears open to catch every sight and sound. There were a number of side shows into which he went at 10 cents each. In these little tents he saw the "fat lady," the "Missouri giant," the "dog-faced boy" and many other marvelous freaks that made his hair stand on end.

Hank had found on inquiry that the big show would cost him 50 cents. In order to be sure of that amount of money he strolled off over a nearby hill, and removing one of his shoes, placed a bright silver half-dollar in the bottom of it. Then putting on the shoe he ran back to the circus grounds. During his few minutes' absence a crowd had gathered a short distance from the big tent and Hank went thither to investigate the cause. A tall, thin man was talking very loudly, urging the people to come and see "the greatest feat of the twentieth century performed." He stood in the shadow of a balloon that was anchored, prior to making an ascension. "Now, drop in your nickels and dimes," he cried, holding his hat for voluntary contributions. "Come—don't all put in $10 bills. And don't bite a penny in two, either. For the modest sum of 5 dollars I will go into the air 200 feet, from there will leap to the earth, landing right side up with care. Come—don't rush, but drop in your nickels and dimes. No objection to dollars if you haven't smaller change handy."

Thus the people were induced to contribute their nickels and dimes that they might see the wonderful performance he promised them. After getting all the money he could from the crowd that began to clamor for the ascension the man put the money into his pocket, without counting to see if he had the required $5, and raised his voice to say something more. "Now, ladies and gents, I'm going to make the greatest offer to some-one in your midst—anyone may take it—that has ever been made before. As you all know, I am the greatest aeronaut alive today. To the boy who will make the ascension with me I will give a free ticket to the circus and one to the concert that follows it. Now, here's the chance of some boy's lifetime. Up he goes in the basket! After I leap to earth the balloon will be gently drawn down again—and the boy will step over to the big tent and go right through without a penny's expense. The balloon will be held within 200 feet of the ground by a strong rope. Here it is—test it for yourselves." And the aeronaut called attention to a rope, one end of which was fastened to the balloon and the other to the earth by means of a stake.

For a minute no one seemed inclined to go up in the basket. The balloonist looked about him and smiled. He was on the point of getting into the basket alone, when out from the crowd stepped Hank. "I'll go up with you, sir," he said, in a confused way, his face coloring as the people cheered. The inducement offered was too great for him to withstand. "I'll take the 50 cents home," he thought, "and see the circus and concert, too."

"All right! Here's the little hero of the town!" cried the aeronaut, grasping Hank's hand, warmly. Then, before Hank realized what had happened, he was seated beside the wonderful person in the balloon basket and the earth was slipping away from beneath him. "Just you sit perfectly quiet when I jump," instructed the balloonist. "As soon as my feet touch terra firma I'll proceed to pull you in."

Hank, being a brave fellow and loving excitement, was enjoying the new experience vastly. He was framing the story of his ascension in his mind already: how his parents would wonder when he should tell them about it.

Then of a sudden his companion sprang from the basket. There was a slight moving to and fro, but Hank kept his balance. He leaned over and followed the aeronaut with his eyes. He was descending rapidly, hanging by his hands from a trapeze attached to a parachute.

Hank could hear the people below cheering and yelling wildly. Then he saw the aeronaut standing on the ground. He could also see him take hold of the rope that was to pull the balloon back to earth. Slowly, slowly he felt that the earth was coming towards him, when suddenly something went "snap" and—the balloon shot straight upward at a speed that frightened Hank. He realized in another minute what had happened—the rope that secured the balloon to earth had broken loose! Would he go to the clouds? Would the height from earth kill him? Terror seized hold of the child. He bent his head and looked down. The town was getting farther and farther away, the houses appearing like specks. Hank thought of his father and mother, of the old farmhouse that he had sometimes grown so weary of. But now—now, if he could only go back there nothing on earth, nor in the air, for that matter, could ever tempt him away from it. Once the thought of jumping came to him, but the distance frightened him and he shut his eyes and shuddered.

The wind was strong and was carrying him northward—toward his own old home. Oh, would he have to pass over the dear place, say good-by to it forever? A lump grew in his throat and tears filled his eyes. And how cold he was getting. He shivered and drew the collar of his coat up about his ears.

Quite a while he sat helpless, riding on, on, going higher and northward. A white mist enveloped him. It was the clouds. Presently a thought shot through his brain. Why had he not thought of it before? Once his father had made a toy balloon for him and had explained that the "real" balloons had gas in the big bags that kept them up. He had also told him that if the bags broke the gas would escape and the balloon would fall to earth. Hank was a bright boy and thought out many problems for himself. He thought out one now. Suppose he should cut a small hole in the gas bag and allow it to escape slowly! He knew that it would not do to let the gas out too rapidly; his descent must be cautiously made. Taking his penknife from his pocket he managed to climb by the ropes within reach of the great balloon-bag that was serving as wings to carry him away. It was no easy task to make the incision, but Hank's desperation made him succeed. Then he got back in the seat again and began to watch for developments. It was not long before he could see that the earth was approaching him. He did not seem to be moving at all, but the land below was coming towards him at a pretty rapid rate.

Then his eyes began to sting and burn and the gas in his throat sickened him and made him dizzy. He held his handkerchief over his mouth that he might not inhale so much of it, but his dizziness grew and he became more ill with each minute. But he did not allow himself to give up to the sickness. The joy of descending filled his heart with thanksgiving. He studied the earth below him and saw to his great pleasure that he was almost over his father's big rye field. If his calculations were right he would come down near a rye-straw stack not a hundred yards from the house.

Then a strange sensation came over him. He leaned back against the side of the basket and closed his aching eyes. How long he rode thus he never knew, for he lost consciousness at that minute, and knew nothing more till his own mother's voice called his name. A dash of cold water in his face and her loving voice caused him to open his eyes. There he was, and the old balloon, too, emptied of gas, in the rye field near the straw stack. After he was able to get on his feet his fond and anxious parents assisted him to the house, where he told them his strange story. Then they told him of how they had seen the balloon coming through the sky a long distance away, and how they had watched it with great curiosity. Presently they had noticed that it was descending, and as it came down right near their house they were on the spot almost the minute it touched earth. They could not express their amazement when they found the air-rider to be their own boy.

While they were talking several horsemen dashed up to the door. They were the "most wonderful aeronaut of the twentieth century" and two or three of the townsmen who had been following the balloon's course and had seen it descend. At first it was hard work to prevent Hank's father from thrashing the "most wonderful aeronaut" within an inch of his life. But after explanations and humble apologies had been made by that worthy "notable" the matter was amicably settled and the aeronaut was allowed to take his leave without a broken head. But before going he had placed on the table three complimentary circus tickets and the same number of concert tickets, good for the evening's performance.

"Shall we go?" asked Hank's mother, holding the bits of pasteboard.

"Oh, yes, please do," cried Hank. "You see, I didn't get to stay to the circus. I came hurrying home through the air to get you two dear ones to go with me tonight. See?" And Hank's humor made them all laugh.

"All right, we'll get the chores over, eat supper early and off to the circus—the whole kit of us," said Hank's father. "And we'll keep an eye on you, son, to see that you don't try any more flying machines."

"Well, I saved my 50 cents," grinned Hank, pulling off his shoe. "And my ride home through the clouds was gratis. I've no kick coming."



"All right. Here's the little hero of the town."





Nutting Time.

Now's the glorious time of year
When boys a-nutting go.
They climb the trees and shake 'em off
In great big sheets below.

Then they fill the baskets up,
And take 'em home to eat;
For all the home-folks watch and wait
For the nutting boys' big treat.

And winter evenings round the fire
They'll sit, and stories tell;
And laugh with glee, and crack big jokes,
—And crack the nuts, as well.

ANNIE MAY.



They had seen the balloon coming through the sky.

Little Biographies of Big Masters

BY MARY GRAHAM.

Jakob Ludwig Felix Mendelssohn was born November 3, 1809, in Hamburg, Germany. Till his grandfather's time the family name was Mendel, but Moses Mendel, grandfather of the great composer, was known as "Mendel's son," which in Germany easily became "Mendelssohn."

This story is told of Moses Mendel:

"Sometime before the middle of the last century a little humpbacked Jew peddler boy, with an alert face and keen eyes, entered Berlin by the Rosenthaler Gate. The world at first went hard with him. He was so poor that he was in the habit of marking his miserable loaf of bread into rations by means of a string, so that it might last as many days as posible. But his hunger for knowledge was greater than his physical hunger. The little that he could earn by copying he devoted to prosecuting his studies with a learned rabbi."

He soon secured the position as tutor to the children of a wealthy Hebrew manufacturer. Later he married a rich young Jewess and from that day his fortunes mended. Not only was he successful as a business man, but became a well-known literary light and scholar of great prominence. His son Abraham became the father of the subject of this sketch, Felix Mendelssohn.

The little Felix's musical education commenced when he was yet of very tender years, his mother being his teacher. She would give him five or ten-minute lessons several times daily, personally watching his piano practice with untiring patience and care. The child arose at 5 o'clock in the morning and at once began his studies. Only at mealtime was the strict discipline relaxed; then the little Felix could indulge in friendly intercourse with his parents and sister Fanny, the latter being almost as talented in music as was her brother. The Mendelssohn children studied and played the piano together.

He made his debut as a pianist when only 10 years old, and was received most enthusiastically by those who had the good fortune to be present. From his very boyhood he was a composer, and when but 13 years of age one of his little operas was produced in a small way, with himself as conductor.

The home of the Mendelssohns was the center in Berlin for musical people, and it boasted the presence of the talent of the capital at its hostess "Sunday afternoons."

In 1821 Zelter, Felix's music master, took him to visit Goethe, who expressed the greatest delight in having as a guest the wonderful boy. By the hour the great man kept Felix at the piano, playing and improvising for him, and when, to his amazement, the little Mendelssohn played at sight one of Beethoven's manuscripts, he enthusiastically declared the child to be already great. "It was like the unraveling of hieroglyphics," he said. He went so far in his praise of Felix as to say that he excelled Mozart in wonderful execution.



Mendelssohn

When Felix Mendelssohn was again visiting Goethe, a year or so later, the latter remarked one evening, while the music of the former was still filling his soul: "I am Saul and you are David. When I am sad and in low spirits you must come to me and calm me by your accords."

Although Mendelssohn's life lay in pleasant places, without poverty or hardship to serve as obstacles to the great success he won so easily, he was doomed to early death, departing this life the day following his thirty-eighth birthday. The malady which ended so soon the brilliant composer's career was a disease of the head and ears, which had attacked him on several occasions and had made him almost totally deaf in one ear. The loss of his beloved sister Fanny may have been partly responsible for his untimely end, for after hearing of her death, which occurred about a year before his own, he began to grow old, listless and morbid, and easily succumbed to illness.



Indoor Games for the Young Folks.

Now is the season of the year when house games are indulged in by the little folk. Frosty evenings and chilly mornings have put a veto on their being out after or before school hours to play, consequently they must give up the more boisterous sports for those of a quiet, "wall-inclosed" sort.

For the wee tots there are the old, old games their grandparents participated in when they were little folk. There are "Old Witch," "Pussy Wants a Corner," "Blindman's Buff" and "Cinderella." But every year new games for the older children are invented—in many instances the children are quite ingenious enough themselves to plan new and clever ones.

Recently a little boy sent out invitations to his young friends to come to his home on Saturday afternoon, where he would try to entertain them for an hour. When the little guests arrived they were met at the door by their host, who was attired in a very unique and fantastic garb, wearing a queer cap on his head. He assumed an air of mystery, leading the guests to the dining-room, where rows of chairs, facing an draped platform, were placed for them. After all the guests had arrived and were seated, the host stepped on the platform, or stage, where he was joined by his little sister, whose costume quite rivaled his own. After introducing her by the name of "Madam Wonder" he proceeded to explain that he, with "Madam Wonder's" assistance, would perform a few tricks through the art of legerdemain. But that the guests might the better settle themselves for the performance there would be music by the orchestra. Upon this announcement the "orchestra" entered from an adjoining room. They took their seats in front of the stage and played an opening overture. The musical instruments consisted of one "Jew's-harp, one mouth organ and a small snare drum.

At the finish of the overture the orchestra members moved to chairs placed for them at one side of the stage, and the host, or "Great Magician," as he called himself, came forward and with the assistance of his little sister, the wonderful "Madam Wonder," began a series of tricks that quite robbed the audience of breath. Having studied and rehearsed their work for a week, the little entertainers really did some surprisingly clever turns.

Between the acts two little boys passed among those assembled and distributed bags of popcorn and peanuts. These simple refreshments added to the pleasure of the little folks. After the performance was over each one present pronounced the afternoon a success.

"Had a bully time!" declared one enthusiastic boy, reluctantly taking his leave. He wished there were more tricks and popcorn.

"Please tell us how you did those strange things," whispered the girls as they stood about "Madam Wonder" at the door. "We'll never give it away—honest we won't. Why, it seemed you were not real human beings, you know. Those tricks took our breath."

"Well, I call you both crackerjacks!" cried another pleased guest—a boy, of course. "It beat going to a circus."



The "Great Magician" came forward, and with the assistance of "Madam Wonder."

A NOAH'S ARK PARTY VERY UNIQUE

Another amusing way for a crowd of boys and girls to spend an hour or so on Saturday afternoon is to have a "Noah's Ark Party." The boy or girl giving the party sends out invitations bidding each guest to bring with him or her a "cut-out" animal.

When the guests have arrived on the afternoon of the party, each bringing a "cut-out" animal, in response to instructions, they are ushered into the parlor, where they occupy seats placed in a circle about the room. The "cut-out" animals are taken up at the door by a boy or girl assisting the host or hostess and are carried to an adjoining room where they are separately put into paper bags.

After the guests are all seated the assistant host or hostess brings in the paper bags containing the animals and places them on a table in the center of the room. The host then takes his place beside the table and picks up one bag at a time, calling the name of a guest as he does so. The guest rises when his name is called and the host hands him the closed paper bag, with a request to name and describe the animal caged therein. This the guest does to the best of his ability, guessing, of course, at the sort of beast he holds in his hand. When he has finished with his description, which consists in telling the habits and nationality of the animal, he is told to open the bag and show the animal to the others present. A chorus of laughter follows the unc-ging—or unbagging, rather—of the animal, for only in the rarest instances do the guests touch upon the one hidden in the bag. Sometimes a bear is described and a monkey or a pig comes forth to view. Thus much merriment is caused as "Noah's Ark" gets its animals.

As fast as the "cut-outs" are let loose from their cages they are laid in a basket that is taken charge of by the judges, for the work of the cutter is to pass under the critic's eye, the best piece of work receiving a small prize. Each guest has numbered his animal and carries in his pocket a corresponding number. The prize is thus awarded without knowledge of who did the work. A second prize is awarded to the boy or girl who chances to describe the animal he or she has in the bag. If no correct guess has been made the prize goes to the one most nearly correct. For instance: a boy describes a tiger and finds in the bag a leopard; this is nearer right than one who describes an elephant and finds he holds a cat or a mouse. The judges will use discrimination in the matter.

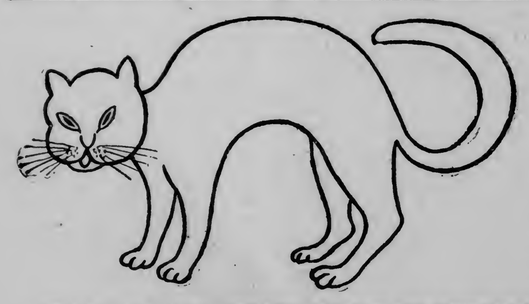
Sometimes great ability and talent are displayed by the little folks in cutting out animals. Stiff, dark paper is used and the animal is pasted on a bit of white cardboard. The boy or girl with real artistic taste will tint the animal its true color, giving it a life-like appearance.

I'm born when the weather's at zero;
I feast in a big snow storm;
I grow with my roots always upward,
And I die when the weather gets warm.
(An icicle.)

CURVED-LINE PUZZLE.



By joining correctly the above curved lined "Happy Tim" will appear. Answer next week.



"Tommy going out to serenade." Answer to last week's curved-line puzzle.

12 PAGES

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

12 PAGES

TWENTY-THIRD YEAR. LAST EDITION. MONDAY, OCTOBER 23, 1905. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

GREAT JAPANESE NAVAL REVIEW INCLUDES 308 WARSHIPS, SEVERAL CAPTURED FROM THE RUSSIANS

Mikado Views the Pageant On Bridge With Admiral Togo.

American and British Admirals Are Received By the Emperor.

Forty Years Ago Japanese Did Not Have a Warship.

Tokio, Oct. 23.—The naval review today passed off without the slightest hitch. It was a most impressive sight, not, however, on account of the class and number of the ships, but as a conglomeration of fighting craft fresh from the war, crowned with victories of unprecedented magnitude. Three hundred and eight warships, including the former Russian battleships Persiavict (re-named by the Japanese the Sagami), Poltava (Tango), Nicolai 1 (Iki), the ironclads General Admiral Apraxine (Okinoshima and Admiral Seniavin (Minoshima), twelve auxiliary cruisers, including three captured vessels, twenty-eight torpedo boat destroyers, including the captured Bedovi and Eyeshitehi, seventy-seven torpedo boats and five submarine boats were drawn up in six lines. The emperor, on board the cruiser Asama, led by the protected curiser Yaeyama, and escorted by the gunboats Tatsuta, Chitaha and Manshu, passed along the front of the first line, which was headed by the battleship Shikishim, Admiral Togo's flagship. When the Nicolai I, which was at the end of the line, was reached, the cruiser Asama, headed due north and then in a westerly direction, entering between the second and third lines and afterwards resumed her original position. During this maneuver, Admiral Togo was at the emperor's side. The emperor then received in audience on board the Asama, Admiral Noel and the captains of the British and American warships present. (The battleship Wisconsin and the cruiser Cincinnati.)

The weather was fair, but it was misty on the water. Popular enthusiasm was aroused to the highest pitch. Besides the thousands who witnessed the naval pageant from all sorts of large and small vessels in the bay, all the available points of vantage along the shore were densely covered with eager spectators. The spectacle caused much joy and satisfaction among the Japanese, especially in the breasts of those who recalled that only forty years have elapsed since at that very spot no warships except those of foreign powers had ever floated. It is believed that the review will give a most powerful stimulus to national education.

At the conclusion of the review, at 4.30 p. m., the emperor returned to Tokio.

SEYMOUR HEADS BATTING LIST

Official Batting Averages of the National League Players.

New York, Oct. 23.—The official batting averages of National league, who participated in fifteen or more championship games during the season of 1905, as compiled by Secretary H. C. Pulliam, have been made public. Those who gained a percentage of .250 or over are as follows:

	G.	A.B.	H.	Pct.
Seymour, Cincinnati	149	581	219	.377
Wagner, Pittsburg	147	548	199	.363
Doolin, New York	150	606	216	.356
Beaumont, Pittsburg	97	384	126	.328
Thomas, Philadelphia	115	462	148	.321
Chance, Chicago	115	392	124	.316
Ganley, Pittsburg	92	327	99	.315
Smoot, St. Louis	128	524	165	.311
Titus, Philadelphia	147	548	169	.308
Barry, Chicago and Cincinnati	152	568	182	.304
Siegle, Cincinnati	16	56	17	.304
Bresnahan, New York	95	331	100	.302
Magee, Philadelphia	135	493	180	.289
Clarke, Pittsburg	137	525	151	.288
McGann, New York	150	491	147	.286
Clymer, Pittsburg	90	365	108	.296
Lumley, Brooklyn	129	506	148	.293
Browne, New York	127	536	157	.293
Sheckard, Brooklyn	129	480	140	.292
Howard, Pittsburg	119	425	127	.292
Gessler, Brooklyn	119	431	125	.290

The official team batting is as follows:

	G.	A.B	H.	Pct.
New York	156	5694	1592	.273
Cincinnati	155	5265	1461	.269
Pittsburg	155	5213	1385	.266
Philadelphia	155	5243	1362	.260
St. Louis	154	5066	1254	.248
Brooklyn	155	5109	1255	.246
Chicago	156	5108	1249	.245
Boston	156	5190	1217	.234

NINETY-EIGHT PER CENT

Of World's Output of Natural Gas Produced By United States.

Washington, Oct. 23.—An important report shortly will be issued by the United States geological survey on natural gas and its production and consumption. It will show that in 1904 the United States produced 98 per cent of the world's known output of gas, the value being $38,496,760. Four states—Pennsylvania, West Virginia, Indiana and Ohio—produced 93.3 per cent of the output in the United States, Pennsylvania leading with 47 per cent of the whole amount.

PRESIDENT THE GUEST OF THE "COTTON" STATE

Principal Stop on Monday Will Be At Mobile, Ala., on Tuesday At Tuskegee.

Osark, Ala., Oct. 23.—President Roosevelt's special train, after his night's run from St. Augustine, crossed the line from Georgia to Alabama today and the presidential party will be kept busy within the borders of this state until tomorrow night. All through the early morning hours, when the train was making its way toward Mobile, from Valdosta, Ga., after a few minutes' stop in the late part of the night, the special ran slowly on the schedule arranged to ensure the president a maximum of rest during his sleeping hours. Under the program aggangsed for today, the president will reach Mobile at 4:30 o'clock this afternoon and will remain there two hours, during which time he will make a speech and be taken on a drive about the city. Leaving there, his train will proceed for the Tuskegee, where his train will arrive early Tuesday morning, after a lay over at Montgomery from midnight till 7:30 a. m.

PACKERS' SPECIAL PLEA SURPRISES THE OFFICIALS

Allege Testimony Before Commerce Bureau Was Used For Indictments.

Chicago, Oct. 23.—Declaring that testimony the packers were compelled to produce before the secretary of commerce and labor was used by United States District Attorney Morrison in obtaining an indictment against the packers, and alleging that inasmuch as the same issues as mentioned in the indictment were raised and disposed of in an injunction writ issued by Federal Judge Grosscup, the packers who are under federal indictment here, charged with illegal conspiracy today again attacked the famous so-called "beef trust" process. A special plea in bar and an additional special plea in bar were filed by counsel for the packers. The nature of the special plea in bar was a surprise to the government officials although they were aware of what would be pleaded in the additional plea, the issuance of injunction by Judge Grosscup. The special plea sets up assertions concerning investigations by the commissioner of corporations and alleges that the defendants were compelled to testify and to produce certain books and other data, and that therafter the matter was submitted to the president of the United States, and finally to the United States district attorney here, and that the district attorney used the material in seeking indictments against the defendants. Because of these alleged facts, the defendants ask that the indictment be dismissed.

Regarding the Grosscup injunction, the plea filed today maintains that by the prosecution of the injunction and the entry of a final decree by the supreme court "the said United States of America did finally and fully elect to pursue that remedy and not to prosecute these defendants respectively for or on account of the said supposed engaging in the supposed conspiracies which is in said indictment mentioned, or any or either of them," and that "of this they respectively put themselves upon the country."

TWO TOWNS TO BE ESTABLISHED ON WHAT IS NOW A GREAT DESERT

Washington, Oct. 23.—Two towns, for which the United States government will act as sponsor, will be created next month in Southern Idaho, on sites which are now an absolute desert. Names already have been chosen for them—Heyburn for the first, which officially is to be created on Nov. 14, and Rupert for the second, which is to be created one week later. The two towns will be seven miles apart. Sales of town lots will be conducted under government auspices on the days the towns are erected. The lots will be sold to the highest bidder. While the country is now a desert, it is expected the great irrigating canals which the government is building at a cost in excess of $3,000,000 will make it very productive. The towns are located on the recently constructed branch of the Oregon Short Line road.

NEW ORLEANS PUTTING ON GALA ATTIRE.

New Orleans, Oct. 23.—New Orleans today is assuming the aspect of the carnival season. Many of the business houses have already been elaborately decorated for the president's visit and with the streets thronged there is no longer evidence of either fever or quarantine. With the lifting of quarantine by Mississippi and a continuance of the cold snap over both Louisiana and Mississippi, it is believed that practically all the restrictions against travel in the two states will be removed this week. Only Alabama and Texas now are barried against Louisiana and the fact that Texas has re-opened intercourse with all non-infected points in the state is taken to mean that all restrictions will shortly be abandoned.

THE INDIANS WILL GUARD FORESTS

Commissioner Leupp Outlines New Plan To Protect Forests.

Washington, Oct. 23.—Francis F. Leupp, United States commissioner of Indian affairs, has a plan for the return of the Indian to nature that is expected to appeal strongly to the young men on reservations adjacent to the big forest tracts controlled by the government. Uncle Sam's wards are to be given a chance to secure appointments as forest guards, thus becoming caretakers of their native heath. Only a limited number of men from each reservation can hope to secure those positions, but all such are to have a fair chance.

A circular letter has been addressed to agents and superintendents of Indian schools throughout the country, asking them to furnish lists of Indians under their charge who are eligible for the position of forest guard. Not more than a dozen from each agency in the neighborhood of a forest reserve are desired at this time, but more may be added after the Indian has had a chance to demonstrate his ability to protect the great forests from fire and other depredations. The names submitted will be put into the hands of forest supervisors, who will confer with agents and superintendents when men are needed.

The position of forest guard is distinct from that of forest ranger, the guard acting as assistant to the ranger. The guards ordinarily will not be allowed to serve more than six months of each year. They will be on duty when the danger of forest fires is most pronounced, but are to be ready for all emergencies. The compensation of forest guards varies from $50 to $60 a month while on duty.

GOVERNOR FOLK AND FAMILY BURNED OUT.

Jefferson City, Mo., Oct. 23.—The governor's mansion at Jefferson City was damaged to the extent of $10,000 by fire this morning at 3 o'clock. Governor Folk, his wife and guests had to seek quarters at a nearby hotel.

Governor Folk was aroused by the crackling of the flames, telephoned to the fire department and then attempted to extinguish the fire, burning in the second-story hallway, with two fire extinguishers. This proved ineffective and after seeing his wife and their five guests were safely out of the mansion, the governor devoted himself to saving the portraits of his predecessors in office, pending the arrival of the firemen. After more than an hour's labor, the fire was extinguished.

The mansion was erected in 1872, at a cost of $75,000. Since then frequent appropriations have been made by the legislature and the improvements and furnishings have cost $75,000 more. The loss is fully covered by insurance.

GRAVE FEARS FELT FOR THE S. J. HECKER.

Cleveland, Oct. 23.—Anxiety is felt here for the safety of the steamer S. J. Hecker, owned by the Gilchrist Transportation company of this city. She has not been heard from since the big storm of last Friday. The Hecker passed Port Huron, bound for Sault Ste. Marie, last Thursday evening, since when no tidings have been received from her. She is a steel vessel, 487 feet long and commanded by Capt. W. G. Stewart. The Hecker carried a crew of twenty-three men. She should have arrived at the Soo last Saturday night.

POLITICS IN STRIKE

Social Democrats Back of Railroad Tie-up In Russia.

Would Compel the Czar to Grant Universal Suffrage.

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It was never made known how seriously ill she was when she underwent the last operation, after which she went into a succession of fainting fits, from which she was restored with great difficulty.

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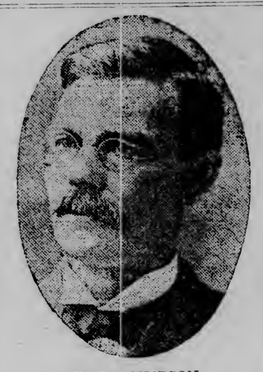
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Ex-Congressman Simpson was born in New Brunswick on March 31, 1842. At 14 he began life as a sailor and during his twenty-three years following that pursuit commanded many large vessels on the great lakes. In the civil war he served in the Twelfth Illinois infantry. He came to Kansas in 1878. Originally, he was a Republican, but later became a Greenbacker and Populist. He was a member of congress from 1891 to 1895 and 1897 to 1899, being nominated the last time by both the Democrats and Populists. After he left congress, he moved to Rosewell, N. M., where he engaged up to the time of his death in stock raising. He returned to Kansas a month ago and entered a local hospital for treatment. His condition became hopeless ten days ago and since then the patient kept alive principally by sheer force of will. His wife and son were at the bedside at the time of death.

Death was caused by ancurism of the aorta. Mr. Simpson had been in ill health for nearly a year. Six months ago he consulted a specialist at Chicago who pronounced his case hopeless. Burial will take place at Wichita. The Masonic order will have charge of the funeral.

Washington, Oct. 23.—"The Sage of Medicine Lodge," as Jerry Simpson was called, was in many respects one of the most unique characters which adorns the history of congress. He was swept into the Fifty-second congress by a wave of Kansas Populism, charged with the task of reforming the whole government and living down the only advance information his colleagues had of his personality—that he wore no socks. The latter task he succeeded in accomplishing in fact, although he never quite lost the title of "Sockless Jerry." His legislative accomplishment consisted in turning popular Eastern sentiment regarding Populism from scorning ridicule to respectful consideration during his service of six years in the Fifty-second, Fifty-third and Fifty-fifth congresses, when he was swept out by a Kansas wave. There was not a question of congressional action during that time on which Jerry Simpson did not think and on which his conclusions were not strikingly and entirely different from those of anyone else. His language and manner of speech were quaint in the highest degree. Jerry Simpson always tried to make his adversaries look ridiculous, always threw new light on every subject, made a personal friend of every member of the house and his political opponents declared, never changed a vote on any question of legislation. As an entertainer and as a personality, the house came to have the warmest regard for him.

COOK GUARDS VESSEL WITH LOADED SHOTGUN

Police Insist on Boarding and Are Filled With Buckshot By Trusty Sentinel.

New York, Oct. 23.—Four men were badly wounded in a series of battles between the officers and the crew of the lumber schooner Ida B. Gibson of Seaford, Del., and afterwards between Milton Cordorry, the cook of the Gibson, and the police early today. For an hour about daybreak the cook armed with a shotgun stood off the police reserves of the Delancy street station and wounded a detective and night watchman.

Frank H. Medley, the mate of the Gibson, was missing today and may have been murdered by the crew of the Gibson who were compelled to pump the craft from Norfolk to New York. The trouble began soon after she sailed from Norfolk early last week. Before she was clear of that port she was run aground and when floated sprang aleak. The crew was ordered to the pumps and compelled to man them all the way up the coast despite their protests and it was reported that the officers of the Gibson were compelled to use force to put down the beginning of the mutiny.

On arriving at New York, the Gibson tied up at Pier 55, East river and the crew were paid off and discharged.

At an early hour today Capt. Bradley, Frank Medley, the mate, and Milton Cordorry, the cook, were leaving a hotel, near the vessel, when they were set upon by a dozen men said to include the members of the crew of the Gibson, and friends, whom they had enlisted. In the fight that ensued Capt. Bradley received severe stab wounds in the side and shoulder and the cook was slashed in the face.

Capt. Bradley ordered the cook aboard the vessel to prevent anyone boarding her while he went to the hospital for repairs. Cordorry obeyed orders to the letter. He closed every hatch but one and installed himself in that one with a shotgun loaded with buckshot. About daybreak today Detective Henry Hadlich, William McManus, a night watchman, and two policemen tried to board the Gibson to find out what the trouble was. Cordorry warned them to keep off, saying he would shoot.

The invaders told him they were the police, but he replied that it made no difference, and when they kept on coming he fired, wounding McManus in both feet. Hadlich made a dash for the deck and was shot in the side with thirty buckshot. The police reserves were then summoned and laid siege to the cook when Capt. Bradley walked aboard and told the cook to quit. Cordorry then surrendered and was locked up. The Gibson was sinking and the captain went to the police station to demand the release of the cook to keep her afloat. He denounced the police and was hustled into a cell despite his protests that his vessel would sink.

Frank H. Medley, the mate, was not seen after the fight in the street. It was feared that he was murdered.

In court Capt. Bradley was fined $10 for interfering with the police, while Cordorry, the cook, was held without bail to await the result of the injuries to Detective Hadlich.

GERMANY MAKES CHANGES IN ITS FOREIGN AMBASSADORS

Berlin, Oct. 23.—The retirement of Count Von Alvensleben, the German ambassador at St. Petersburg, and the appointment of Herr Von Schoen lately minister of Germany at Copenhagen, were announced today. Herr Von Schoen who was five years at Copenhagen rented his house four months ago to Thomas J. O'Brien, the new American minister to Denmark and packed up his things. Since then it had been supposed by his colleagues, in the diplomatic service that he would soon receive a promotion as he was known to be in the confidence of the emperor. Herr Von Schoen, accompanied Emperor William last year in his Southern excursion and he has even been mentioned as the ultimate successor of Earon Von Richthofen, the foreign secretary. It was said in July that Herr Von Schoen would go to Washington should Baron Speck-Von Sternberg retire. Herr Von Schoen is 54 years old. His most important service was at Paris, where he was secretary of the embassy for seven years. Count Von Alvensleben was an attache at Washington in the early seventies, and minister there from 1884 to 1888. He retires on account of age and indifferent health. The German foreign office requires results of its ambassadors and ministers, and it has been said for some time that Count Von Alvensleben had not attained the full measure of influence expected of him. He receives the Order of the Black Eagle, the highest decoration in Germany.

Wisconsin Commission Hurls Another Legal Bomb at Millers.

Would Collect Costs of Inspection From the Railroads.

Grain Men Have Steadfastly Refused To Pay Charges.

Another legal bomb was hurled this morning in the grain inspection fight at Superior when the Wisconsin grain commission secured an order from the court restraining the Northern Pacific and Great Northern railroads from moving 664 cars of grain, which have come into the Superior yards since Saturday night. The order prohibits the roads from moving the cars until the Wisconsin inspection charges have been paid.

The charges are asked of the grain men by the railroads in connection with the transportation charges but the grain men have steadfastly refused to pay for the inspection so that it is not likely that the roads will accede to the demands of the commission and pay the costs of the inspection.

Ever since the trouble over the inspection began, the Wisconsin inspectors have religiously examined every car they could get hold of but up to date the bills they have submitted have not been paid. Every grain man has refused point blank to contribute to the commission.

This latest move of the commission is a serious one and will undoubtedly result in an expensive tieup. The restraining order was issued at 10 o'clock this morning and then the Northern Pacific was prohibited from moving 129 cars and the Great Northern from moving 538 cars and more cars are coming in all the time. The 664 cars mentioned in the order have given the so-called inspection by the Wisconsin officials and they are busying themselves with all which are coming in.

It is thought that the issuance of the restraining order would bring the trouble to a head. It is almost certain that the shippers and consignees will refuse to pay as something like 11,000 of them have indicated to the roads that they wanted Minnesota inspection at the Head of the Lakes and that about ten of them have expressed a desire for Wisconsin inspection. It is thought that the situation will be placed before the federal courts very soon.

The Daisy and Commander mills were running this morning and the Listman was to have opened tomorrow. It is not known now whether all the mills will be running tomorrow or not.

PRESIDENT OF FRANCE IN SPAIN

Vast Crowds Gather at Madrid To Welcome Loubet.

Madrid, Oct. 23.—Vast crowds assembled at midday to witness the arrival of President Loubet here this afternoon. The city presents an aspect of extreme animation and beauty. The route of the procession crosses the entire city, King Alfonso and the French president driving in a royal coach between lines of brilliantly uniformed troops. Two massive triumphal arches each crowned with the arms of Castile and France span the route. The effect is magnificent at the Puerto Del Sol, where thirty golden columns circling the square have been erected.

The police are taking rigorous precautions against a repetition of the attempt upon the lives of King Alfonso and President Loubet in Paris.

MAKERS OF COKE ARE TO LIVE WITHIN STOCKADE.

Chicago, Oct. 23.—A mode of living somewhat resembling that of frontier settlements in early days was inaugurated today by a coke company with extensive ovens in South Deering. A grim stockade surrounded the plant. Three hundred Hungarian and Austrian employes with their families, a population of 1,000, will live and labor within the walls, practically cut off from the outer world. Hundreds of cottages and store buildings and places of entertainment including a dance hall have been provided. The purpose of the stockade is not defence, but to make a model colony of workers who will not be continually changing employment. Curfew will ring at 9 o'clock and ironclad rules will govern the lives of the workers. The dance hall was opened with a ball for the workers.

STORTHING POSTPONES ACTION ON PLEBISCITE.

Christiania, Oct. 23.—The Storthing today decided to postpone the debate on the motion presented by the members proposing that the future form of the government of Norway be submitted to a plebiscite. The postponement, was unanimously carried on the understanding that the motion will be discussed simultaneously with a motion which the government will introduce later on the same subject.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

12 PAGES

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

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TWENTY-THIRD YEAR. LAST EDITION. MONDAY, OCTOBER 23, 1905. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

GREAT JAPANESE NAVAL REVIEW INCLUDES 308 WARSHIPS, SEVERAL CAPTURED FROM THE RUSSIANS

Mikado Views the Pageant On Bridge With Admiral Togo.

American and British Admirals Are Received By the Emperor.

Forty Years Ago Japanese Did Not Have a Warship.

Tokio, Oct. 23.—The naval review today passed off without the slightest hitch. It was a most impressive sight, not, however, on account of the class and number of the ships, but as a conglomeration of fighting craft fresh from the war, crowned with victories of unprecedented magnitude. Three hundred and eight warships, including the former Russian battleships Persisviet (re-named by the Japanese the Sagami), Poltava (Tango), Nicolai I (Iki), the ironclads General Admiral Apraxine (Okinoshima and Admiral Senlavin (Minoshima), twelve auxiliary cruisers, including three captured vessels, twenty-eight torpedo boat destroyers, including the captured Bedovi and Ryeshitelni, seventy-seven torpedo boats and five submarine boats were drawn up in six lines. The emperor, on board the cruiser Asama, led by the protected cruiser Yakyama, and escorted by the gunboats Tatsuta, Chihaha and Manshu, passed along the front of the first line, which was headed by the battleship Shikishim, Admiral Togo's flagship. When the Nicolai I, which was at the end of the line, was reached, the cruiser Asama, headed due north and then in a westerly direction, entering between the second and third lines and afterwards resumed her original position. During this maneuver, Admiral Togo was at the emperor's side. The emperor then received in audience on board the Asama, Admiral Noel and the captains of the British and American warships present. (The battleship Wisconsin and the cruiser Cincinnati.)

The weather was fair, but it was misty on the water. Popular enthusiasm was aroused to the highest pitch. Besides the thousands who witnessed the naval pageant from all sorts of large and small vessels in the bay, all the available points of vantage along the shore were densely covered with eager spectators. The spectacle caused much joy and satisfaction among the Japanese, especially in the breasts of those who recalled that only forty years have elapsed since at that very spot no warships except those of foreign powers had ever floated. It is believed that the review will give a most powerful stimulus to national education.

At the conclusion of the review, at 4.20 p. m., the emperor returned to Tokio.

SEYMOUR HEADS BATTING LIST

Official Batting Averages of the National League Players.

New York, Oct. 23.—The official batting averages of National league, who participated in fifteen or more championship games during the season of 1905, as compiled by Secretary H. C. Pulliam, have been made public. Those who gained a percentage of .250 or over are as follows:

	G.	A.	B.	H.	Pct.
Seymour, Cincinnati	149	581	219	357	
Wagner, Pittsburg	137	488	160	304	
Doolin, New York	150	546	210	303	
Beaumont, Pittsburg	97	384	126	288	
Thomas, Philadelphia	147	562	178	317	
Chance, Chicago	115	362	124	319	
Gandy, Pittsburg	92	127	40	315	
Smoot, St. Louis	128	534	166	311	
Titus, Philadelphia	147	548	162	295	
Barry, Chicago and Cincinnati	152	568	182	304	
Siegle, Cincinnati	16	56	17	304	
Bresnahan, New York	95	331	100	302	
Magee, Philadelphia	155	603	180	299	
Clarke, Pittsburg	125	525	157	299	
McGann, New York	156	491	147	299	
Clymer, Pittsburg	90	365	108	296	
Lumley, Brooklyn	129	506	148	293	
Browne, New York	127	506	147	290	
Sheckard, Brooklyn	129	480	140	292	
Howard, Pittsburg	119	465	127	292	
Gessler, Brooklyn	119	451	125	289	

The official team batting is as follows:

	G.	A.	B.	H.	Pct.
New York	156	5604	1592	273	
Cincinnati	155	5255	1461	268	
Pittsburg	155	5213	1385	266	
Philadelphia	155	5433	1362	250	
St. Louis	151	5305	1334	248	
Brooklyn	155	5100	1275	250	
Chicago	156	5108	1249	245	
Boston	156	5159	1247	234	

NINETY-EIGHT PER CENT

Of World's Output of Natural Gas Produced By United States.

Washington, Oct. 23.—An important report shortly will be issued by the United States geological survey on natural gas and its production and consumption. It will show that in 1904 the United States produced 98 per cent of the world's known output of gas, the value being $38,496,760. Four states—Pennsylvania, West Virginia, Indiana and Ohio—produced 93.5 per cent of the output in the United States, Pennsylvania leading with 47 per cent of the whole amount.

PRESIDENT THE GUEST OF THE "COTTON" STATE

Principal Stop on Monday Will Be At Mobile, Ala., on Tuesday At Tuskegee.

Osark, Ala., Oct. 23.—President Roosevelt's special train, after its night's run from St. Augustine, crossed the line from Georgia to Alabama today and the presidential party will be kept busy within the borders of this state until tomorrow night. All through the early morning hours, when the train was making its way toward Mobile, from Valdosta, Ga., after a few minutes' stop in the late part of the night, the special ran slowly on the schedule arranged to ensure the president a maximum of rest during his sleeping hours. Under the program agganged for today, the president will reach Mobile at 4:30 o'clock this afternoon and will remain there two hours, during which time he will make a speech and be taken on a drive about the city. Leaving there, his train will proceed for the Tuskegee, where his train will arrive early Tuesday morning, after a lay over at Montgomery from midnight till 7:30 a. m.

PACKERS' SPECIAL PLEA SURPRISES THE OFFICIALS

Allege Testimony Before Commerce Bureau Was Used For Indictments.

Chicago, Oct. 23.—Declaring that testimony the packers were compelled to produce before the secretary of commerce and labor was used by United States District Attorney Morrison in obtaining an indictment against the packers, and alleging that inasmuch as the same issues as mentioned in the indictment were raised and disposed of in an injunction writ issued by Federal Judge Grosscup, the packers who are under federal indictment here, charged with illegal conspiracy today again attacked the famous so-called "beef trust" process. A special plea in bar and an additional special plea in bar were filed by counsel for the packers. The nature of the special plea in bar was a surprise to the government officials although they were aware of what would be pleaded in the additional plea, the issuance of injunction by Judge Grosscup. The special plea sets up assertions concerning investigations by the commissioner of corporations and alleges that the defendants were compelled to testify and to produce certain books and other data, and that therafter the matter was submitted to the president of the United States, and finally to the United States district attorney here, and that the district attorney used the material in seeking indictments against the defendants. Because of these alleged facts, the defendants ask that the indictment be dismissed.

Regarding the Grosscup injunction, the plea filed today maintains that by the prosecution of the injunction and the entry of a final decree by the supreme court "the said United States of America did finally and fully elect to pursue that remedy and not to prosecute these defendants respectively for or on account of the said supposed engaging in the supposed conspiracies which is in said indictment mentioned, or any or either of them," and that "of this they respectively put themselves upon the country."

TWO TOWNS TO BE ESTABLISHED ON WHAT IS NOW A GREAT DESERT

Washington, Oct. 23.—Two towns, for which the United States government will act as sponsor, will be created next month in Southern Idaho, on sites which are now an absolute desert. Names already have been chosen for them—Heyburn for the first, which officially is to be created on Nov. 14, and Rupert for the second, which is to be created one week later. The two towns will be seven miles apart. Sales of town lots will be conducted under government auspices on the days the towns are erected. The lots will be sold to the highest bidder. While the country is now a desert, it is expected the great irrigating canals which the government is building at a cost in excess of $3,000,000 will make it very productive. The towns are located on the recently constructed branch of the Oregon Short Line road.

NEW ORLEANS PUTTING ON GALA ATTIRE.

New Orleans, Oct. 23.—New Orleans today is assuming the aspect of the carnival season. Many of the business houses have already been elaborately decorated for the president's visit and with the streets thronged there is no longer evidence of either fever or quarantine. With the lifting of quarantine by Mississippi and a continuance of the cold snap over both Louisiana and Mississippi, it is believed that practically all the restrictions against travel in the two states will be removed this week. Only Alabama and Texas now are barried against Louisiana and the fact that Texas has re-opened intercourse with all non-infected points in the state is taken to mean that all restrictions will shortly be abandoned.

THE INDIANS WILL GUARD FORESTS

Commissioner Leupp Outlines New Plan To Protect Forests.

Washington, Oct. 23.—Francis F. Leupp, United States commissioner of Indian affairs, has a plan for the return of the Indian to nature that is expected to appeal strongly to the young men on reservations adjacent to the big forest tracts controlled by the government. Uncle Sam's wards are to be given a chance to secure appointments as forest guards, thus becoming caretakers of their native heath. Only a limited number of men from each reservation can hope to secure those positions, but all such are to have a fair chance.

A circular letter has been addressed to agents and superintendents of Indian schools throughout the country, asking them to furnish lists of Indians under their charge who are eligible for the position of forest guard. Not more than a dozen from each agency in the neighborhood of a forest reserve are desired at this time, but more may be added after the Indian has had a chance to demonstrate his ability to protect the great forests from fire and other depredations. The names submitted will be put into the hands of forest supervisors, who will confer with agents and superintendents when men are needed.

The position of forest guard is distinct from that of forest ranger, the guard acting as assistant to the ranger. The guards ordinarily will not be allowed to serve more than six months of each year. They will be on duty when the danger of forest fires is most pronounced, but are to be ready for all emergencies. The compensation of forest guards varies from $50 to $60 a month while on duty.

GOVERNOR FOLK AND FAMILY BURNED OUT.

Jefferson City, Mo., Oct. 23.—The governor's mansion at Jefferson City was damaged to the extent of $10,000 by fire this morning at 3 o'clock. Governor Folk, his wife and guests had to seek quarters at a nearby hotel.

Governor Folk was aroused by the crackling of the flames, telephoned to the fire department and then attempted to extinguish the fire, burning in the second-story hallway, with two-fire extinguishers. This proved ineffective and after seeing his wife and their five guests were safely out of the mansion, the governor devoted himself to saving the portraits of his predecessors in office, pending the arrival of the firemen. After more than an hour's labor, the fire was extinguished.

The mansion was erected in 1872, at a cost of $75,000. Since then frequent appropriations have been made by the legislature and the improvements and furnishings have cost $75,000 more. The loss is fully covered by insurance.

GRAVE FEARS FELT FOR THE S. J. HECKER.

Cleveland, Oct. 23.—Anxiety is felt here for the safety of the steamer S. J. Hecker, owned by the Gilchrist Transportation company of this city. She has not been heard from since the big storm of last Friday. The Hecker passed Port Huron, bound for Sault Ste. Marie, last Thursday evening, since when no tidings have been received from her. She is a steel vessel, 487 feet long and commanded by Capt. W. G. Stewart. The Hecker carried a crew of twenty-three men. She should have arrived at the Soo last Saturday night.

POLITICS IN STRIKE

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Sir Alfred Fripp now finds the bone of her leg not yet showing the slightest signs of growth, and until it does it is absolutely impossible to say whether it can be cured. She must remain almost in one position now till January at least, before it will be known whether she will be bedridden all the remainder of her life or not. Throughout all Mrs. Paget remains wonderfully cheerful.

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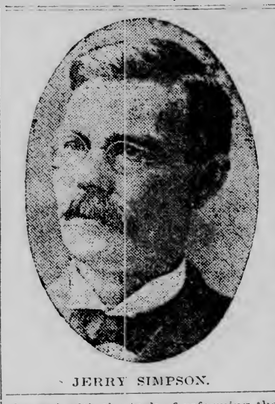
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Ex-Congressman Simpson was born in New Brunswick on March 31, 1842. At 14 he began life as a sailor and during his twenty-three years following that pursuit commanded many large vessels on the great lakes. In the civil war he served in the Twelfth Illinois infantry. He came to Kansas in 1878. Originally, he was a Republican, but later became a Greenbacker and Populist. He was a member of congress from 1891 to 1895 and 1897 to 1899, being nominated the last time by both the Democrats and Populists. After he left congress, he moved to Rosewell, N. M., where he engaged up to the time of his death in stock raising. He returned to Kansas a month ago and entered a local hospital for treatment. His condition became hopeless ten days ago and since then the patient kept alive principally by sheer force of will. His wife and son were at the bedside at the time of death.

Death was caused by ancurism of the aorta. Mr. Simpson had been in ill health for nearly a year. Six months ago he consulted a specialist at Chicago who pronounced his case hopeless. Burial will take place at Wichita. The Masonic order will have charge of the funeral.

Washington, Oct. 23.—"The Sage of Medicine Lodge," as Jerry Simpson was called, was in many respects one of the most unique characters which adorns the history of congress. He was swept into the Fifty-second congress by a wave of Kansas Populism, charged with the task of reforming the whole government and living down the only advance information his colleagues had of his personality—that he wore no socks. The latter task he succeeded in accomplishing in fact, although he never quite lost the title of "Sockless Jerry." His legislative accomplishment consisted in turning popular Eastern sentiment regarding Populism from scorning ridicule to respectful consideration during his service of six years in the Fifty-second, Fifty-third and Fifty-fifth congresses, when he was swept out by a Kansas wave. There was not a question of congressional action during that time on which Jerry Simpson did not think and on which his conclusions were not strikingly and entirely different from those of anyone else. His language and manner of speech were quaint in the highest degree. Jerry Simpson always tried to make his adversaries look ridiculous, always threw new light on every subject, made a personal friend of every member of the house and his political opponents declared, never changed a vote on any question of legislation. As an entertainer and as a personality, the house came to have the warmest regard for him.

COOK GUARDS VESSEL WITH LOADED SHOTGUN

Police Insist on Boarding and Are Filled With Buckshot By Trusty Sentinel.

New York, Oct. 23.—Four men were badly wounded in a series of battles between the officers and the crew of the lumber schooner Ida B. Gibson of Seaford, Del., and afterwards between Milton Cordorry, the cook of the Gibson, and the police early today. For an hour about daybreak the cook armed with a shotgun stood off the police reserves of the Delancy street station and wounded a detective and night watchman.

Frank H. Medley, the mate of the Gibson, was missing today and may have been murdered by the crew of the Gibson who were compelled to pump the craft from Norfolk to New York. The trouble began soon after she sailed from Norfolk early last week. Before she was clear of that port she was run aground and when floated sprang aleak. The crew was ordered to the pumps and compelled to man them all the way up the coast despite their protests and it was reported that the officers of the Gibson were compelled to use force to put down the beginning of the mutiny.

On arriving at New York, the Gibson tied up at Pier 55, East river and the crew were paid off and discharged.

At an early hour today Capt. Bradley, Frank Medley, the mate, and Milton Cordorry, the cook, were leaving a hotel, near the vessel, when they were set upon by a dozen men said to include the members of the crew of the Gibson, and friends, whom they had enlisted. In the fight that ensued Capt. Bradley received severe stab wounds in the side and shoulder and the cook was slashed in the face.

Capt. Bradley ordered the cook aboard the vessel to prevent anyone boarding her while he went to the hospital for repairs. Cordorry obeyed orders to the letter. He closed every hatch but one and installed himself in that one with a shotgun loaded with buckshot. About daybreak today Detective Henry Hadlich, William McManus, a night watchman, and two policemen tried to board the Gibson to find out what the trouble was. Cordorry warned them to keep off, saying he would shoot.

The invaders told him they were the police, but he replied that it made no difference, and when they kept on coming he fired, wounding McManus in both feet. Hadlich made a dash for the deck and was shot in the side with thirty buckshot. The police reserves were then summoned and laid siege to the cook when Capt. Bradley walked aboard and told the cook to quit. Cordorry then surrendered and was locked up. The Gibson was sinking and the captain went to the police station to demand the release of the cook to keep her afloat. He denounced the police and was hustled into a cell despite his protests that his vessel would sink.

Frank H. Medley, the mate, was not seen after the fight in the street. It was feared that he was murdered.

In court Capt. Bradley was fined $10 for interfering with the police, while Cordorry, the cook, was held without bail to await the result of the injuries to Detective Hadlich.

GERMANY MAKES CHANGES IN ITS FOREIGN AMBASSADORS

Berlin, Oct. 23.—The retirement of Count Von Alvensleben, the German ambassador at St. Petersburg, and the appointment of Herr Von Schoen lately minister of Germany at Copenhagen, were announced today. Herr Von Schoen who was five years at Copenhagen rented his house four months ago to Thomas J. O'Brien, the new American minister to Denmark and packed up his things. Since then it had been supposed by his colleagues, in the diplomatic service that he would soon receive a promotion as he was known to be in the confidence of the emperor. Herr Von Schoen, accompanied Emperor William last year in his Southern excursion and he has even been mentioned as the ultimate successor of Baron Von Richthofen, the foreign secretary. It was said in July that Herr Von Schoen would go to Washington should Baron Speck-Von Sternberg retire. Herr Von Schoen is 54 years old. His most important service was at Paris, where he was secretary of the embassy for seven years. Count Von Alvensleben was an attache at Washington in the early seventies, and minister there from 1884 to 1888. He retires on account of age and indifferent health. The German foreign office requires results of its ambassadors and ministers, and it has been said for some time that Count Von Alvensleben had not attained the full measure of influence expected of him. He receives the Order of the Black Eagle, the highest decoration in Germany.

Wisconsin Commission Hurls Another Legal Bomb at Millers.

Would Collect Costs of Inspection From the Railroads.

Grain Men Have Steadfastly Refused To Pay Charges.

Another legal bomb was hurled this morning in the grain inspection fight at Superior when the Wisconsin grain commission secured an order from the court restraining the Northern Pacific and Great Northern railroads from moving 664 cars of grain, which have come into the Superior yards since Saturday night. The order prohibits the reads from moving the cars until the Wisconsin inspection charges have been paid.

The charges are asked of the grain men by the railroads in connection with the transportation charges but the grain men have steadfastly refused to pay for the inspection so that it is not likely that the roads will accede to the demands of the commission and pay the costs of the inspection.

Ever since the trouble over the inspection began, the Wisconsin inspectors have religiously examined every car they could get hold of but up to date the bills they have submitted have not been paid. Every grain man has refused point blank to contribute to the commission.

This latest move of the commission is a serious one and will undoubtedly result in an expensive tieup. The restraining order was issued at 10 o'clock this morning and then the Northern Pacific was prohibited from moving 125 cars and the Great Northern from moving 538 cars and more cars are coming in all the time. The 664 cars mentioned in the order have given the so-called inspection by the Wisconsin officials and they are busying themselves with all which are coming in.

It is thought that the issuance of the restraining order would bring the trouble to a head. It is almost certain that the shippers and consignees will refuse to pay as something like 11,000 of them have indicated to the roads that they wanted Minnesota inspection at the Head of the Lakes and that about ten of them have expressed a desire for Wisconsin inspection. It is thought that the situation will be placed before the federal courts very soon.

The Duluth and Commander mills were running this morning and the Listman was to have opened tomorrow. It is not known now whether all the mills will be running tomorrow or not.

PRESIDENT OF FRANCE IN SPAIN

Vast Crowds Gather at Madrid To Welcome Loubet.

Madrid, Oct. 23.—Vast crowds assembled at midday to witness the arrival of President Loubet here this afternoon. The city presents an aspect of extreme animation and beauty. The route of the procession crosses the entire city, King Alfonso and the French president driving in a royal coach between lines of brilliantly uniformed troops. Two massive triumphal arches each crowned with the arms of Castile and France span the route. The effect is magnificent at the Puerto Del Sol, where thirty golden columns circling the square have been erected.

The police are taking rigorous precautions against a repetition of the attempt upon the lives of King Alfonso and President Loubet in Paris.

MAKERS OF COKE ARE TO LIVE WITHIN STOCKADE.

Chicago, Oct. 23.—A mode of living somewhat resembling that of frontier settlements in early days was inaugurated today by a coke company with extensive ovens in South Deering. A grim stockade surrounded the plant. Three hundred Hungarian and Austrian employes with their families, a population of 1,000, will live and labor within the walls, practically cut off from the outer world. Hundreds of cottages and store buildings and places of entertainment including a dance hall have been provided. The purpose of the stockade is not defence, but to make a model colony of workers who will not be continually changing employment. Curfew will ring at 9 o'clock and ironclad rules will govern the lives of the workers. The dance hall was opened with a ball for the workers.

STORTHING POSTPONES ACTION ON PLEBISCITE.

Christiania, Oct. 23.—The Storthing today decided to postpone the debate on the motion presented by the members proposing that the future form of the government of Norway be submitted to a plebiscite. The postponement was unanimously carried on the understanding that the motion will be discussed simultaneously with a motion which the government will introduce later on the same subject.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

DULUTH WEATHER REPORT—Snow flurries and colder tonight, with freezing temperature; Tuesday rain or snow; brisk and possibly high northerly to easterly winds.



The Paletot

Correctly tailored by **Alfred Benjamin & Co.**, makers of correct clothes for men. This stylish garment when correctly tailored is the dressiest garment made for men's wear. We show them in plain and fancy patterns in exclusive designs in rich patterns—

$20 to $45

We sell the Ralston Health Shoe, foot comfort in every walk.

THE DAYLIGHT STORE.

Oak Hall Clothing Co.

Corner Fourth Avenue West and Superior Street.

WANTED HEYL'S NECK WRUNG

Old Man Schandein Had No Time For His Son-In-Law.

Milwaukee, Oct. 23.—"Emil Schandein, Sr., told me that he would give me $10,000 if I would wring Jacob Heyl's neck and throw him out on the street," testified Fred Ehlers, a mason contractor, in the Schandein will contest today. Mr. Ehlers also testified that in 1888 he told Mr. Heyl to keep away from the Schandein home, 2400 Grand avenue, which Ehlers was constructing, because it was Mr. Schandein's orders.

"Emil Schandein and I were out driving when Mr. Schandein saw Heyl coming down the street. He stopped and said 'you dog, you ——, when you face me, you turn another road,'" testified Wilhelm Meyer, a liveryman.

Mr. Meyer gave a graphic description of the alleged meeting of Mr. Schandein with his son-in-law. The time of the meeting was not fixed and the testimony is not as important as the Ehlers testimony in connection with the alleged reconciliation over the coffin of the first Mrs. Heyl. But it is important when coupled with the testimony to the effect that Mr. Schandein, before leaving for Germany, told his wife that if anything happened to him that she should leave everything to Jacob.

"When Mr. Schandein said to Heyl, 'you dog, you ——, when you face me, you turn another road,' Heyl took my hand and began to cry," testified Mr. Meyers.

"That man is my death—I've got to shoot him or do something else,' Emil told me," said Meyer. "I did not know where Heyl was prior to that time."

Fred Ehlers testified: "I threw Heyl out of the Schandein mansion, which I was building and told him he should not interfere with my men—which was Mr. Schandein's orders," said the witness.

Asked what German expression had been used in giving his alleged instructions, Mr. Ehlers testified that Mr. Schandein said: "Herauswerfen."

This conversation is said to have taken place shortly before Mr. Schandein left for Europe in the summer of 1888, Mr. Heyl testified that after his first wife died in January of that year that his father-in-law embraced him and kissed him over the coffin of his first wife.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

One Way Colonist Rates.

Tickets on sale up to and including Oct. 31st.

$34.90—San Francisco, Los Angeles, and main-line points in California.

$25.00—Seattle, Vancouver, Tacoma, Portland and North Pacific Coast points.

$25.00 — Spokane, Nelson, Rossland, Fernie, B. C., Denver and Salt Lake.

$20.00—Great Falls, Helena, Butte, Anaconda, Kalispell, Mont.

Very low homeseekers' round trip rates, to points in Southwestern states, first and third Tuesdays of November and December.

Round-trip homeseekers' rates to Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota and Canadian Northwest, on every Tuesday until December 1st.

Round-trip homeseekers' rates to Montana, Idaho, Washington (east of Biggs, and Wenatchee inclusive) and British Columbia, on first and third Tuesdays until Nov. 21st.

For further information call at City Ticket Office, 432 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn.

PETER WAS GOING SOME

He Blew In Two Months' Wages In Four Hours.

Gets Suspended Sentence and Goes Back to the Woods.

Peter Amesse is a sport.

There's nothing of the tin horn variety about Peter. He's the genuine, four-ply, double distilled article.

Let Peter discover a gold mine like the renowned "Scotty" did, and he'd make Broadway look like a side street in a jay town. In proportion to the size of his wad, Scotty was a cheap, three-cent piker alongside of Peter.

Peter blew into town Saturday night from the woods, where he had collected $49.03, as the result of two months' work slinging a six-foot cant hook for twelve hours a day. He got a shave and a bath, tucked a square meal under his vest, and hit the Bowery about 9 o'clock.

By 10 o'clock he was jubilant. By 11 o'clock his roll, now half depleted, looked like Rockefeller's bank account. By 12 o'clock he was in Heaven, and some time after 1 o'clock he was in police headquarters.

Yesterday he tried to corner the visible supply of ice water, and this morning he appeared in the municipal court before Judge Cutting.

He told his story to the court.

"How much money have you got left?" asked the judge.

"We found $1.50, a beer check and some pants buttons on him when searched at headquarters," said the chief.

"What did you do with your money?" asked the judge.

"Well, I blew it," said Peter. "All the saloons got some of it, and some of my friends who were broke got a piece. I gave several of them a dollar or two."

"Expect to get it back?" asked the court.

"Well, no," the prisoner admitted sheepishly.

It developed that Peter had never been in court before, and he drew a suspended sentence as his prize. He headed for an employment office to pay the remaining $1.50 for a job, and this afternoon he will hie himself back to the cant hook to collect his next stake.

William McCaskill was another "drunk." He is a former bartender and ought to have known better, but he admitted to having been on a spree for over a week.

"I'll go back to work if you'll let me go," said the prisoner.

"Inside the bar or outside?" asked Judge Cutting.

"Inside."

"Suspend sentence."

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES.

Itching, Blind, Bleeding, Protruding Piles Druggists are authorized to refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

HAVEN FOR THE LEADER

Attempt Made To Unite Party On Seventh Ward Alderman.

Alderman R. D. Haven of the Seventh ward is now said to be the man on whom the Republican party bosses are trying to unite their scattered forces.

All day yesterday the leaders of the two sections of the party were at work, attempting to patch up a truce, and get together on Mr. Haven as a "neutral" candidate. The Seventh ward alderman has been disowned by the Willcuts wing of the party, in the hope that "Little Tammany" may be appeased.

"Haven never was a very aggressive member of this wing," say the Willcuts bosses. "He has always been neutral."

Every possible wire is being pulled to get the Stevens wing of the party to swallow their animosity and unite upon Mr. Haven as the Moses to lead the party out of the desert.

Since the retirement of B. G. Segog from the field, Haven has jumped into the center of the stage, and he is undoubtedly the man for whom most work is now being done by the real bosses of the party. If "Little Tammany" can be induced to promise its support, or even a lukewarm attitude, Haven will doubtless be a candidate for the Republican nomination at the coming primaries. For years past Mr. Haven's name has been like a red rag to the "Little Tammany" crowd, but they see the necessity for getting together, and they may be induced to swallow their resentment.

E. L. Millar is still looked upon as a dark horse, and he may be in the field before the date of the primary election arrives.

The talk of W. S. McCormick has aroused not a little interest.

Those who remember the campaign of the "Kid Candidate for Comptroller," as he was alliteratively dubbed, when he first came out several years ago, look forward with anticipation to the entrance of "Billy, the Boy Mayor" into the field.

Mr. McCormick was non-committal when asked concerning his candidacy this morning. He was very reluctant to talk at all, and said that he would not be ready to make any statement whatever for several days to come.

There is now little over a month remaining before the last day of filing for the primaries, and if the party is to have any candidate in the field, he must be picked out before November 30.

The talk of dissafection in the Democratic ranks has apparently been dropped.

"They did want me to run," said "Paddy" McDonnell, the contractor, who is a staunch supporter of the administration, "but I guess we'd better let 'Doc' have it for another term, don't you think so?"

GREAT CLOSING OUT SALE

$15,000 Worth of Best Seasonable Footwear!

The entire stock of the Sommer Shoe Co. of Red Wing, Minn., has been bought at 60c on the dollar, and will be placed on sale Tuesday morning, Oct. 24, at about half price. Doors open at 9 o'clock. All goods as represented—money refunded on all sales if so desired, no questions asked. This will be the biggest money saving sale ever held in Duluth of all new and stylish footwear. Come in and let us you fit you out. READ!

Sale Opens Tuesday Morning, Oct. 24, at 9 a. m.

Ladies' Footwear.

200 pairs of Queen Quality fine shoes for ladies; closing out price **$2.19**

250 ladies' Fine Kid, French heel, 3 and 4 strap; regular $2.50 slipper; closing out sale price..... **$1.69**

210 pairs Children's Fine Dongolas; light and heavy sole; regular $1.75; to close out at..... **$1.19**

172 Children's Dongola Kid Shoes, to close out at..... **98c**

310 pairs $1.00 Kid Shoes, lace or button; 5 and 8; to close out..... **49c**

213 pairs Children's Button and Lace Dongola Shoes, regular 75c; sizes 5 and 8; to close out at..... **59c**

120 pairs Children's Shoes, sizes 2 to 5; to close at..... **39c**

400 pairs Children's Shoes; 5 to 8; regular 85c and $1.00; to close at..... **69c**

All Infants' Soft Sole 50c and 60c Shoes to close at..... **29c**

Kulture Fine Vici Kid $3.50 and $4 Shoes for ladies; closing out price..... **$1.98**

180 pairs of Misses' $2.00 Button and Lace Shoes; closing out price at..... **$1.39**

160 pairs of Ladies' Fine Velour and Kid Shoes on bargain counter of $1.50, $2 and $2.50 shoes; closing out price..... **$1.39**

Ladies' Footwear.

210 Ladies' Fine Strap; regular $1.25 and $1.50; closing out sale price..... **89c**

200 pairs of Misses' Button Shoes in vici kid, regular $1.75, closing out at..... **98c**

350 pairs of Misses' Lace and Button Kangaroo Calf Shoes; regular $1.85; closing out at..... **$1.19**

300 pairs of Men's Working Gloves, to close out any pair at..... **19c**

FREE! FREE! FREE!

To the first person entering the store Tuesday morning we will fit with the best pair of shoes in the store FREE.

Men's Footwear.

Florcheim $5.00 and $6.00 fine patent leather; closing out price..... **$3.69**

300 pairs Men's Fine Patent Leather, hand-made Blucher Shoes; new goods; closing out price..... **$2.79**

Gents' Fine Velour Calf, welt sole; all solid; $2.50 shoes; closing out price at..... **$1.69**

250 pairs Men's Fine Hand-sewed $3.00 Shoes; closing out sale price at..... **$1.98**

Men's Fine Box Calf $2.50 Shoes; closing out sale price..... **$1.48**

Men's Footwear.

Youths' All Solid $1.50 Kangaroo Calf Shoes; closing out sale price..... **98c**

Youths' $2 Box Calf Shoes, closing out sale price..... **$1.23**

Men's Wool Sox, regular 50c; to close at..... **29c**

W. L. Douglass $3.50 and $4.00 Shoes in all styles; closing out sale price at..... **$2.69**

Men's Good Satin Calf, all solid; $2 shoes; on bargain counter closing out price..... **$1.29**

Men's Fine Vici Kid and Box Calf Hand-sewed regular $3.50 Shoes; closing out price..... **$2.19**

Men's All Solid Working Shoes on sale at..... **$1.19**

160 pairs Fine Tan and Black Nullifiers; regular $1.75; closing out sale price..... **98c**

Boys' Solid Calf $2.00 Shoes; closing out sale price..... **$1.29**

Boys' Fine Box Calf $2.50 Shoes; closing out sale price..... **$1.98**

Boys' $2.00 Calf and Vici Kid; closing out sale price..... **$1.48**

DON'T MISS THIS MONEY SAVING SHOE SALE.

115 West Sup. St. **TREADWELL SHOE CO.** 115 West Sup. St.

OLIVER TO COME HERE

Will Take Charge of Salvation Army's Evening Meetings.

Officer Formerly Located at Duluth Will Return Wednesday.

Ensign William Oliver, who will be remembered by some Duluthians as the young man who came here three years ago to re-establish the Salvation Army in Duluth, will arrive in the city Wednesday to take charge of the services conducted by the local corps, under Staff Captain Dale.

Ensign Oliver made a commendable record during his stay in Duluth and has been doing good work for the Salvationists in St. Paul, where he was in charge of the services of the first corps. He will come here from St. Paul and fills the vacancy in the Duluth corps caused by the temporary retirement of Ensign Hayes, whose health broke down and who has been granted a three months' furlough. But Ensign Oliver will continue to serve the local corps and Ensign Hayes will be given another appointment.

Lieutenant Lungren of St. Paul will also come Wednesday to become a member of the local corps, which has establish itself in the old Parlor theater and is preparing for a very busy winter.

The saloon fixtures are being removed from the front room of the building and the army offices will be installed there as well as on the second floor as soon as possible. For the present, at least, the gallery will not be opened at the meetings and the relief department will use it for a storage place.

The first of the semi-religious meetings to be conducted in the theater were held Saturday and Sunday nights. The Saturday night meeting was not altogether a success for the reason that the moving picture machine behaved very badly, but last evening it worked admirably and the theater was crowded with persons who had come to see the entertainment and hear the Salvation Army officers talk on religious topics. Not a single person left the theater from the time the entertainment began until the meeting closed with a benediction.

"I think these popular meetings for the people every Saturday and Sunday nights are going to be a great success," said Staff Captain Dale, this morning. "Although I hardly think our week-end meetings could be called vaudeville performances, there is enough in them of a popular nature to please those whom we would not be able to reach at our strictly religious meetings.

"Religious words will be to the latest popular music and all the latest films, except those involving prize fights and some that are perhaps not entirely clean, will be used on our moving picture machine, which is one of the finest in the country.

"The stoves in the theater will be rearranged and the auditorium made more cozy. Repairs that are necessary will be made and the place made as comfortable and inviting as possible. The addition of Ensign Oliver will add zest to our evening meetings as Ensign Hayes has been in poor health for some time and has not been as active as he would have liked."

Send for Free Book & Free Advice

If you want to buy a stove, let us give you our expert advice free, and our free books on stoves.

We may save you the bother and expense you might experience were you to buy a "cheap" stove. Address the Michigan Stove company, Detroit or Chicago. Largest makers of stoves and ranges in the world.

BACK-ACHE

and all other symptoms of kidney disease are speedily removed when the kidneys are made healthy, active and vigorous by the use of

Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills

the world's greatest kidney and liver regulator, and the only medicine having a combined action on kidneys and liver. One pill a dose; 25 cents a box. Write for free sample to The Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

POOR BOARD HAS REPORT

Expenditures For the Past Quarter Totalled More Than $27,000.

Of This Amount $20,000 Represents Payment On Poorhouse

The quarterly report of the board of poor commissioners for St. Louis county shows that the expenditures during July, August and September last totalled $27,011.02, an amount which would be considered unusually large were it not for the fact that a large portion, something more than $20,0000, of the expenditures for the quarter represented payment on the county farm improvements, the new concrete block poorhouse.

The total receipts of the poor department for the three months, which is represented as income from the farm products, was $412.25.

It is expected that, aside from the construction expense, the expenditures for the next quarter, comprising October, November and December, will be even larger, for the reason that during the cold months of the year there is always a greater demand on the poor for assistance. This is true in the way of applications to the poor farm and applications for temporary aid, such as groceries and fuel.

Following is the statement of the county poor board as filed with the county auditor:

Poor farm	$2,065.24
Improvements	20,160.80
Board and care outside farm	1,608.18
Temporary relief, groceries	1,650.00
Temporary relief, fuel	598.00
Transportation	5.45
State Institutions	296.84
Burials	135.00
Salaries	1,065.00
Miscellaneous	135.51
Total expenditures	$27,011.02
Receipts	412.25
Net total	$26,598.77

CITY MAY FILE RECORDS.

Washington, Oct. 23.—In the Chicago Street Railway company franchise cases, the supreme court of the United States today granted leave to the city of Chicago to file such records as it may desire.

Now is the Time

To be very careful with your colds because it may mean life or death to you. Avoid doctor's bills by going to Kassmir's Turkish Bath, 24 and 26 West Superior street. A trial Turkish Bath will satisfy you. Ladies' Baths upstairs. Open all night. Look for the big red sign.



CONSULT YOUR WIFE

If you have one, about buying clothes. Ask her to come with you and help to select a new suit for business or dress, or an overcoat for the cold days coming. Ask her what she thinks of the workmanship, fabric and the lining. Ask her how it fits. Depend on her judgment. Most women know when a man looks well dressed and whether his clothes are made right and fit as they should.

COLUMBIA CLOTHES

Are just such clothes as your wife—or your best girl—would want you to wear. Neither she nor your friends will be able to find a defect in them. We guarantee to fit you perfectly and the famous makers of the clothes we sell guarantee the fabric and the workmanship.

Here at this store you will find a stock as large as in cities with twice or three times the population. Home trade is made easy if you can make your selection from a truly metropolitan stock like the Columbia's. Besides by those who travel and claim to know, we hear it often said that other Duluth stores as well as those in the Twin Cities charge higher prices for the same grade of goods than we do.

Men's Suits $8.50 to $30

Cloth Overcoats $8.50 to $45

Fur-lined Coats $35 to $200

COLUMBIA CLOTHING CO.

Foot-Note: Walk in Hanan Shoes.

Woman's Sphere

Social, Musical and Club Circles.

(By Mrs. F. L. Barrows.)

At the close of the Federation of Minnesota Women's clubs held last week in Minneapolis, the delegates were guests at a lecture given by Miss Jane Addams of Hull House at the home of Mrs. Donaldson. This gifted woman, whose sweet face and sad, tired eyes are indicative of the beautiful, altruistic life she leads, spoke with great earnestness and directness on the subjects so near her heart.

Miss Addams prefaced her remarks by saying:

"Although I have been asked to speak on 'Settlement Work,' I would ask to make that secondary, and talk primarily on child labor and upon our obligations as club women to protect children from premature participation in the mighty operations of industrialism—not only that they may secure the training which will later make that participation effective—but that their minds may finally take possession of the machines which they will guide and feed. In the interests of this industrial society of ours it becomes a distinct loss to put large numbers of children prematurely at work, because the earlier the child goes to work, the greater the probability of his or her ruin. Not that every working boy or girl is ruined by his work, but that usually the boy or girl who begins at an early age, so enthusiastically and nobly, to work, becomes at 17 merely a drudge, has succombed to the temptations to which he should never have been exposed and to withstand which his moral development was not equal—or he suffers from moral 'fatigue.'

"Child labor is a national problem, just as public education is a national duty. We have made public education our great concern in America, and perhaps the public school system is our most distinctive achievement, but there is a certain lack of consistency in the relation of the state to the child after he leaves the public school. It is our business as women to shield little children from premature work, to know the number of children employed illegally, to enquire into the effects of child labor upon the child and the amount of truancy in the schools in spite of compulsory education laws.

"Let us stand to the obligations of our own age—let us see to it that we do not discount the future and cripple the next generation because we are too indolent to protect these little children. Let us ask for appropriations to make investigations of typical localities,—of course, we cannot afford to investigate all localities—let us help make these conditions known, visit our state and United States senators—to the end that these abuses may be corrected. To be sure the worst abuses do not occur in our own state. In a Southern state I saw a little girl of five at work in a mill. She walked up and down her short lane in a spindle room from 7 o'clock in the evening until 6 o'clock in the morning, with a half hour recess at midnight, pushing before her as she went, a little stool upon which she had to stand in order to be able to tie the threads with her clumsy baby hands. Let us call the attention of our United States senators to states which use up in such reckless fashion the labor power of its communities, for the children of Alabama, of Rhode Island and Florida belong to the nation quite as much as to the state, and should be of as much interest to us as are protective tariffs for the insurance of American industries. In a democratic country children in one station of life are quite as valuable as those in another—not only from a human point of view—which is true everywhere—but from a national point of view. And let us insist in our own state that every child shall be in school every day of the school year, until he or she is 16 years of age. Let us have manual training all the way up, and let us prohibit all employment for children until they are 15 years of age, except at farming or gardening.

"Of course we shall find many opponents to this in department stores, factories and telegraph companies. But let us persevere and secure for the child that time for play in the streets it it needs to, which is necessary to his physical, moral and mental development."

Miss Addams then took up the subject of the play grounds, of which there are eleven in Chicago, and the relation of the child to the individual; how clubs started out at first as mere study clubs—instructed only in self-culture—but have now launched out into a broader field of atruistic work. The adage "Charity begins at home" is quite true in a small village where the washwoman lives next door to us, but in the large cities different conditions compel us to co-operation and clubs, federations and all organizations become helpful.

Miss Addams then went on to say of settlement work that too much was said about settlements, and too little about the spirit of settlements. In this connection she said "People think they have to go abroad to see foreign life—but in the city of Chicago there are villages of 5,000 Greeks, of 10,000 Italians, living in a state of solidarity as in the old country. But the different nationalities and even different sections of the same nationality live in a state of hostility and have to be brought together by Americans and things American, and this sort of work is very efficiently done at Hull house, where people of all nationalities and beliefs, young and old, are helped to make the adaptation for the outer and larger world of industries, in which they must all meet and fight the battle for existence."

THE CHURCH CHOIR.

A Director Speaks of the Attitude of the Listeners.

The disagreement of the church choir has been a subject of ridicule and mirth ever since there have been church choirs, but the thing like may others isn't so funny from another point of view, that of the choir master or director. One of the prominent leaders of this city has the following to say about the auditor's attitude toward music which is provided them with much labor, each Sunday.

"Among the many who form the congregations in the various churches of Duluth, how few there are who give a thought to the care and labor bestowed by the choir director in the preparation and rehearsal of the music rendered by the choir Sunday after Sunday. If the music is good, it is taken as a matter of course. If something goes wrong, how ready is the complaint, how easy the criticism. No one knows, except those who have the matter in charge, what difficulties stand in the way of the choir director. First there is the matter of regular and punctual attendance at rehearsal; no easy thing to ensure even with a paid quartette; how much harder in a chorus choir consisting largely of voluntary members. Next and perhaps most important, is the discipline necessary for success, the keeping up of musical interest, the tactful avoidance of petty jealousies, the judicious selection of appropriate and tasteful music, and often the difficulty of providing new music and keeping in touch with new compositions out of a very slender appropriation. There is also apt to be friction between the choir director and the pastor or music committee. This difficulty has to be met with tact and careful consideration. Last and hardest of all is the lack of expressed approval on the part of the church members. Criticism and fault-finding are heard frequently enough, commendation seldom. If members of congregations would but remember the many difficulties that beset the work their hard-working and often underpaid choir directors, in place of disheartening them with harsh criticism, they would be more ready to strengthen their hands and encourage them with words of commendation for the good and successful work they so faithfully perform."

"We had

Grape-Nuts

for breakfast and never before did I know the **concentration of nourishment** and the most delicious of all flavors."

Read the "Road to Wellville" in every pkg.

Coming For the Wedding.

A number of people from outside the city will arrive today and tomorrow to attend the wedding of Miss Grace Richards and Ralph J. Davis tomorrow evening. Mrs. Earl Richards came down from Stevenson Saturday afternoon and Mr. Richards will arrive tomorrow. Mrs. Richards is at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Richards. Carver Richards arrived yesterday from the state university.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Macdonald of St. Cloud will arrive this evening and will be the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Macdonald of 225 Fifteenth avenue east.

Mrs. F. M. Barnard of Minneapolis and Mrs. R. H. Hankinson of Hankinson, N. D., sisters of Mrs. J. H. LaVaque will arrive today, to be guests of Mrs. LaVaque. This evening Mrs. H. L. Hankinson of Minneapolis will come and will also be guests at the home of Mrs. LaVaque. Mr. Hankinson is expected tomorrow.

John H. LaVaque, who has been in Oregon for several weeks, is expected home tonight or tomorrow.

Kneisel Quartet.

This evening the Kneisel quartet will appear for the second time before a Duluth audience. The Matinee Musicale is again bringing this splendid organization to Duluth for a concert which will be given at the Pilgrim Congregational church. The concert will be a closed one and only those women who are members of the society will be eligible to attend. Associate tickets will be sold at the door and single tickets to men. The program is a fine one and the music-lovers of the city are overjoyed at again having an opportunity of hearing these musicians.

Entertains at Dinner.

Miss Irma Richards entertained at dinner Saturday evening in honor of Miss Grace Richards and Ralph James Davis, whose wedding takes place tomorrow evening. The table decorations were beautiful pink roses, and besides the hostess and guests of honor, covers were laid for:

Misses—
Florence Smith of Iowa, Fannie Howes, Virginia de Haas
Kate Kennedy, cf. St. Paul.
Messrs.—
Moore, Close,
Carver Richards. Graff.

Relief Corps.

Tomorrow afternoon the Women's Relief corps will hold the regular meeting at the Masonic Temple. At a camp fire which will be held Wednesday evening at the Temple, by the J. B. Culver post, the members of the W. R. C. will serve luncheon.

Surprise Party.

A pleasant surprise party was given Saturday evening in honor of Miss Albertine Ouelette at her home. Music and dances made the evening a most pleasant one and the following were present:

Misses—
May Imbleau, Alice Ouelette,
Margaret Reddy, Annie Peterson,
Helen Rooney, Lulu McKennan.
Messrs.—
Ernest Furo, Arthur Paquette,
Edmond Ouelette, Ray Lavelle,
William Manhe, Fred Lavelle,
Lawrence Drohan, Arthur Hudson.

Personal Mention.

Mr. and Mrs. Ellison and daughter who have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Merritt have returned to their home at Marquette.

• • •

Mrs. A. H. Comstock and Mrs. C. W. Andrews were in Minneapolis last week on a shopping trip.

• • •

Mrs. J. L. Washburn returned yesterday from the annual meeting of the Minnesota Federation of Women's clubs which met last week at Minneapolis. Saturday afternoon Mrs. H. S. Ely, Mrs. E. L. Paddack, Mrs. A. H. Smith and Mrs. F. L. Barrows returned.

• • •

Mr and Mrs. Oscar L. Mather of Grand Rapids, Minn. have moved to Duluth and have taken a residence for the winter at 112 South Sixteenth avenue east. They have many friends and acquaintances in Duluth and expect to entertain them at their home during the coming winter season. Mrs. Mather is a violinist of considerable ability.

• • •

Miss Mary Hendry of Duluth Heights has invitations out for a party Thursday evening at her home on Duluth Heights.



Evening Story

OLD LOUNSBERRY'S DAUGHTER.

By Malcolm Welsh.

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Everybody excepting old Lounsberry recognized the fact that Edward Parish was an exceptionally bright and forceful young man. Old Lounsberry denied it. Some people were mean enough to say that Lounsberry himself had a higher opinion of young Parish's qualities and deprecated them only after he discovered that his daughter Grace was in love with the young man. Even then he did not deprive himself entirely of his services, but sent him down the state to take charge of the coal mine at Well Valley.

Of course this was rather in the nature of a reduction for Parish, as he was directly in line to become general manager for all of old Lounsberry's varied interests. Also it was an exceedingly bitter pill for both Parish and Grace Lounsberry to be thus separated. But they vowed eternal fidelity and Parish took up the work at the mine with his usual intelligence and energy, rather accentuated, indeed, by the fact that there was absolutely nothing to do in the miserable little town excepting to work. So the results achieved by Parish were something tremendous. And as he had a contract based on results he found himself making a great deal of money. Inasmuch as these results paid Lounsberry many dollars when they yielded Parish one and at the same time kept the latter away from Grace the old man did not grumble. Only he never for a moment would admit to anybody else that Parish amounted to anything.

"You are all right for an under clerk, Parish, but you have no executive ability—no resourcefulness," he had said when the young man had coolly asked him for his daughter's hand and had suggested that while he had no money to speak of right then he had the kind of ability that would be sure to produce a fortune ultimately. Indeed Parish had gone so far as to intimate that his usefulness to old Lounsberry himself was a sufficient guaranty of his financial ability. This had nearly driven the old capitalist into an apoplectic fit.

"Use—you ain' no more use than any other darned clerk," he had said. "Just to show that you are not so indispensable as you think I'll let you go. No, come to think of it, I won't throw you out. I'll show you that I mean it when I say I never mix social relations with my business. I'll send you down to Well Valley and let you run the mine there. I'll make your salary on the percentage basis. If you get as good results as we got year before last I'll pay you what you're getting now, and pro rata if you get more or less. That'll show you my general business can run without you and at the same time give you a chance to make a decent position for yourself."

Parish had smiled as he remembered that the year before last referred to was the banner year at the mine and the manager had been paid nearly double the compensation now offered and also that the present conditions at the mine were very unsatisfactory and a new deal had been recognized as necessary to save time.

But he had accepted the proposition cheerfully and gone into exile. Old Lounsberry chuckled greatly and took great credit to himself for not discharging the audacious young man forthwith. But he never spoke of the fact that Parish more than doubled the results of the banner year within a twelve month. Nor would he admit that Parish was anything more than a faithful but very ordinary sort of a clerk.

Now Parish had never for an instant given up his intention to marry Grace Lounsberry, nor had Grace ever given up her handsome and ardent young wooer. They were biding their time. Something over a year after Parish had been at the mine things commenced to happen.

Everybody remembers the strike of 1897. Parish saw it coming and prevailed against it. He made his provisions personally and quietly. He knew old Lounsberry's business principles, methods, weakness and habits better than any living man—even better than old Lounsberry himself for Old Lounsberry was much given to attempting to delude himself. Therefore Parish knew just what course to pursue. Only he made all his arrangements in his own behalf instead of that of the company.

When the strike came he boarded a train one day and presented himself presently to the lady of his desires.

Would she forsake all else and follow him.

But papa.

Never mind papa. If you want his consent you will be an old maid and I a bachelor.

But he will be fearfully angry.

But he will recover.

But he will dismiss you and then how will we live?

"No," remarked Parish at this point, looking mysterious "I do not think he will dismiss me. He cannot run the mine without me and it is just coining money now with all the others shut down. Your father, my dear, is very thrifty and money is his God. He thinks much of you and is very much opposed to our marriage but when he counts the cost he will not dismiss me. Besides I have a few years contract and it would cost him a pretty penny to break it. He will storm and rave and presently he will come down off the perch and be good.

The result was an elopement as Parish had planned. There was a hitch in the matter, however, which Parish had not planned. He did not want to get a marriage license in the city and invite discovery, so they arranged to go to Well Valley where a clergyman would be in waiting and they would be united and telegraph papa. Then they would await the explosion.

It would have gone through all right had not the strike conditions changed. But the managers of the closed mines had begun to import miners and the strikers rallied to checkmate the move. The trains were surrounded and the imported men were driven back into the cars so terrified they dare not disembark. Then the employers tried the expedient of disembarking the imported men back a few miles and getting them to the mines across the country while the strikers watched the trains.

The result of all this was that the trains were all late and the train on which Parish and his bride arrived did not reach Well Spring until it was overtaken by the next later train which left the city an hour and a half later.

As Parish stepped off the train he glanced back at the train behind and his quick eye caught the familiar gleam of old Lounsberry's hat descending from the platform of one of the cars. From his haste Parish grasped the idea that his prospective father-in-law had discovered their plan and was there to frustrate it. Then it was that Parish demonstrated to old Lounsberry and the world that he had resource and initiative. One of the strike leaders stood near him. He knew him well. All the men knew and trusted Parish. He touched the man on the arm.

"See that old guy coming on the run?" he said:

"Yes," reylied the other.

"Well he's a Chicago lawyer and he's got an injunction in his pocket against you for interfering with the imported men. If he gets to the sheriff it's all off."

With an oath the strike-leader started on a run toward old Lounsberry calling to his men to follow. In an instant the old man was in a pocket, surrounded by scores of yelling threatening miners who swore at him in many strange languages. In his hurry Lounsberry lost his head and raved loke a maniac further incensing the miners.

Just then Parish, hard pressed as to his next move, caught sight of the sheriff. In an instant he was at his side.

"Say Tom," he said carelessly. "Better look after that crazy old loon over there," jerkinug his thumb at the swearing struggling mass. He's an anarchist just over from Europe and the direst in the world. I don't see how he got here. They told me in Chicago they were going to intercept him there. If he's left here there'll be bloodshed I fear. Look at the way he's got 'em excited already."

The sheriff rallied his deputies and started on a run. In a trice old Lounsberry was dragged out of the crowd and started on a run for the jail. The sheriff declined to listen to his ravings and as he was hustled past Parish and his daughter Parish grinned sardonically which caused such an explosionu of wrath from the venerable prisoner that one of his captors smashed his silk hat down over his face, completely snuffing him out, as it were.

The wedding was very simple and unpretentious. Late that night Parish received a note from the jail.

"You've won. For heaven's sake get me out of this. I don't want to stay all night."

Which is why Parish is now general manager for old Lounsberry.

Knauf Sisters (over Smith's Drug Store). Beautiful hair switches from $3.50 up.

Ely

photographs the babies.

"A dose in time saves lives," Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup; nature's remedy for coughs, colds, pulmonary diseases of every sort.

TEARS END ROMANCE.

Youthful Residents of Stewartsville Return With the Sheriff.

St. Paul, Oct. 23.—A double elopement was nipped in the bud in its early stage Friday evening in the arrest of four youthful residents of Stewartville at the Merchants hotel by Sheriff J. P. McCarthy of Olmsted county. The young people are said to represent four of the best families in Stewartville. They arrived in the city Thursday afternoon and registered at the hotel under the assumed names of Mary and Lucy Owens and James and L. B. Snow.

It was the intention of the runaways to obtain marriage licenses on the afternoon of their arrival, but they were too late. They then planned to be married Friday and return to Stewartville on the next train to obtain the parental forgiveness.

All would have been well but for a disastrous idea on the part of one of the girls that they should visit about the city Friday and then be married in the evening and take the night train home.

In the meantime excitement prevailed at Stewartville, and the parents of the runaways were doing some rapid planning. As a result there appeared at the Merchants hotel Friday afternoon a quietly dressed man who registered as J. P. McCarthy of Stewartville, Minn. Time seemed to hang heavy on the stranger's hands, as he loafed about the corridors of the hotel until evening.

Then the adventurous couples appeared in the lower corridor on the way to supper. The quiet man stepped forward, and laying his hand on one of the would-be groom's shoulder, remarked cheerfully:

"Hello, boys!"

The scene that followed caused some wonderment among the guests at the hotel, for the two girls burst into tears, while their escorts, although trying to appear unconcerned, became very red and uncomfortable.

"I guess we will all go home together," remarked he of the quiet manner, genially. "Your parents have been worrying about you and will be glad to see you. Not married yet, are you?" and as he received a tearful negative from one of the maidens, "so much the better," said he. "Now let us go up and have supper. I will stand treat this time."

Later in the evening a party of five left the hotel loaded down with suit cases and hat boxes. A few minutes later the five boarded a Chicago Great Western train for Stewartville.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Fashionable Clothes

No matter how small the price paid, you'll find the same style, character and reliability in every purchase you make here.

Perfection of style, fit and fabric go hand-in-hand in all the S. & B. Co.'s lines. Perfection means what's best and is the keystone of the successful reputation built up by this great concern.

Mrs. Newell gives free embroidery Lessons. Tuesday Morning from 9 to 11—You are invited.

Correctness of style combined with the quality guarantee means something here, the superiority and fashion pre-eminence of the S. & B. lines have been proven again and again by Duluth women.

Discriminating buyers who have looked elsewhere and inspected the lines shown PREFER to select their clothes here.

And we ask no fancy prices ALTHOUGH SOME STORES WHO HANDLE INFERIOR LINES WOULD HAVE YOU THINK SO.

For instance our swagger English Coats at $12.50 have no equals at ever so much higher prices, and our coats now on sale at $25 are exceptionally good.

Before purchasing your winter coat, make a careful inspection of the lines shown elsewhere, then compare what we show at the same price or even less and we have little doubt as to where you'll buy.

The Store of Quality — Silberstein & Bondy Company — The Store of Quality

Weighty Professional Endorsements.

That the several American medicinal roots, the concentrated glyceric extracts of which make up Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, have the strongest kind of endorsement by scores of leading medical writers of all the several schools of practice, a brief glance at the standard works on *Materia Medica* will show. Of Golden Seal root, which is one of the prominent ingredients of "Golden Medical Discovery," Dr. Roberts Bartholow, of Jefferson Medical College, says: "Very useful as a stomachic (stomach) tonic and in atonic dyspepsia. Cures gastric (stomach) catarrh and headaches accompanying same." He also mentions catarrh of the gall duct, jaundice and constipation as diseases which the use of Golden Seal root overcomes; also catarrh of the intestines, even when it has proceeded to ulceration, is remarkably benefited by Hydrastis (Golden Seal root).

Dr. Grover Coe, of New York, says: "Hydrastis (Golden Seal root) exercises an especial influence over mucous surfaces. Upon the liver it acts with equal certainty and efficacy. As a cholagogue (liver invigorator) it has few equals." Dr. Coe also advises it for affections of the spleen and other abdominal viscera generally, and for scrofulous and glandular diseases, cutaneous eruptions, indigestion, debility, chronic diarrhœa, constipation, also in several affections peculiar to women, and in all chronic derangements of the liver; also for chronic inflammation of bladder, for which Dr. Coe says "it is one of the most reliable agents of cure."

Prof. Hobart A. Hare, M. D., of the University of Pa., says of Golden Seal root that it is "of service in chronic catarrh of the stomach and bowels, following abuse of alcohol, and as a tonic after malarial fever." He further says, it "has a distinct anti-malarial influence." Also "good in all catarrhal conditions, as uterine catarrh, leucorrhœa, etc., and is "a curative agent in chronic dyspepsia."

Prof. Laurence Johnson, M. D., of the Medical Department, University City of N. Y., is equally loud in his praise of Golden Seal root, especially for its tonic effects in convalescence from acute diseases and its special tonic influence upon mucous surfaces and upon the gall bladder.

Doctors Barton and Tully recommended Golden Seal root as a pure tonic and as an alterative in diseased conditions of the mucous membranes.

Prof. John King, M. D., late of Cincinnati, author of the AMERICAN DISPENSATORY, gives it a prominent place among medicinal agents, reiterates all the foregoing writers have said about it, as does also Prof. John M. Scudder, M. D., late of Cincinnati. Dr. Scudder says: "It stimulates the digestive processes and increases the assimilation of food. By these means *the blood is enriched*, * * * * the consequent improvement on the glandular and nervous systems are natural results." Dr. Scudder further says, "in relation to its general effect upon the system, *there is no medicine in use about which there is such general unanimity of opinion.* It is *universally* regarded as *the* tonic, useful in all debilitated states * * *."

Prof. Finley Ellingwood, M. D., of Bennett Medical College, Chicago, says of Golden Seal root: "It is a most superior remedy in catarrhal gastritis (inflammation of the stomach), chronic constipation, general debility, in convalescence from protracted fevers, in prostrating night-sweats. *It is an important remedy in disorders of the womb.*" (This agent, Golden Seal root, is an important ingredient of Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription for woman's weaknesses, as well as of the "Golden Medical Discovery.") Dr. Ellingwood continues, "in *all* catarrhal conditions it is useful."

Much more, did space permit, could be quoted from prominent authorities as to the wonderful curative properties possessed by Golden Seal root.

We want to assure the reader that "Golden Medical Discovery" can be relied upon to do all that is claimed for Golden Seal root in the cure of all the various diseases as set forth in the above brief extracts, for its most prominent and important ingredient is Golden Seal root. This agent is, however, strongly reinforced, and its curative action greatly enhanced by the addition, in just the right proportion of Queen's root, Stone root, Black Cherrybark, Bloodroot, Mandrake root and chemically pure glycerine. All of these are happily and harmoniously blended into a most perfect pharmaceutical compound, now favorably known throughout most of the civilized countries of the world. Bear in mind that each and every ingredient entering in the "Discovery" has received the endorsement of the leading medical men of our land, who extol each article named above in the highest terms. What other medicine put up for sale through druggists can show any such *professional* endorsement? For dyspepsia, liver troubles, all chronic catarrhal affections of whatever name or nature, lingering coughs, bronchial, throat and lung affections, the "Discovery" can be relied upon as a sovereign remedy.

By reading the little book noted below any one will readily see the applicability of the "Golden Medical Discovery" to the cure of all the foregoing list of diseases as well as many other chronic affections, especially those of the heart, kidneys, bladder, skin and blood.

A little book of extracts treating of *all* the several ingredients entering into Dr. Pierce's medicines, being extracts from standard medical works, of the different schools of practice will be mailed *free* to any one asking (by postal card or letter), for the same, addressed to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., and giving the writer's full post-office address *plainly* written.

In cases of chronic ailments, attended by marked, or persistent, constipation, Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets should be taken conjointly with the use of the "Golden Medical Discovery," to regulate the bowels. They act in harmony with the "Discovery," and will be found to be a most valuable laxative, or, in fuller doses a cleansing cathartic.

Podophyllin, the active medicinal principle of Mandrake root, enters largely into the composition of the little sugar-coated "Pellets," in fact is one of their chief ingredients. They regulate the liver, stomach and bowels.

DEFECTIVE PAGE



CONSULT YOUR WIFE

If you have one, about buying clothes. Ask her to come with you and help to select a new suit for business or dress, or an overcoat for the cold days coming. Ask her what she thinks of the workmanship, fabric and the lining. Ask her how it fits. Depend on her judgment. Most women know when a man looks well dressed and whether his clothes are made right and fit as they should.

COLUMBIA CLOTHES

Are just such clothes as your wife—or your best girl—would want you to wear. Neither she nor your friends will be able to find a defect in them. We guarantee to fit you perfectly and the famous makers of the clothes we sell guarantee the fabric and the workmanship.

Here at this store you will find a stock as large as in cities with twice or three times the population. Home trade is made easy if you can make your selection from a truly metropolitan stock like the Columbia's. Besides by those who travel and claim to know, we hear it often said that other Duluth stores as well as those in the Twin Cities charge higher prices for the same grade of goods than we do.

Men's Suits $8.50 to $30
Cloth Overcoats $8.50 to $45
Fur-lined Coats $35 to $200

COLUMBIA CLOTHING CO.

Foot-Note: Walk in Hanan Shoes.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

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The Store of Quality — Silberstein & Bondy Company — The Store of Quality

In Woman's Sphere
Social, Musical and Club Circles.

(By Mrs. F. L. Barrows.)

At the close of the Federation of Minnesota Women's clubs held last week in Minneapolis, the delegates were guests at a lecture given by Miss Jane Addams of Hull House at the home of Mrs. Donaldson. This gifted woman, whose sweet face and sad, tired eyes are indicative of the beautiful, altruistic life she leads, spoke with great earnestness and directness on the subjects so near her heart.

Miss Addams prefaced her remarks by saying:

"Although I have been asked to speak on 'Settlement Work,' I would ask to make that, secondary, and talk primarily on child labor and upon our obligations as club women to protect children from premature participation in the mighty operations of industrialism—not only that they may secure the training which will later make that participation effective—but that their minds may finally take possession of the machines which they will guide and feed. In the interests of this industrial society of ours it becomes a distinct loss to put large numbers of children prematurely at work, because the earlier the child goes to work, the greater the probability of his or her ruin. Not that every working boy or girl is ruined by his work, but that usually the boy or girl who begins at an early age, so enthusiastically and nobly, to work, becomes at 17 merely a drudge, has succumbed to the temptations to which he should never have been exposed and to withstand which his moral development was not equal—or he suffers from moral fatigue."

"Child labor is a national problem, just as public education is a national duty. We have made public education our great concern in America, and perhaps the public school system is our most distinctive achievement, but there is a certain lack of consistency in the relation of the state to the child after he leaves the public school. It is our business as women to shield little children from premature work, to know the number of children employed illegally, to enquire into the effects of child labor upon the child and the amount of truancy in the schools in spite of compulsory education laws.

"Let us stand to the obligations of our own age—let us see to it that we do not discount the future and cripple the next generation because we are too indolent to protect these little children. Let us ask for appropriations to make investigations of typical localities,—of course, we cannot afford to investigate all localities—let us help make these conditions known, visit our state and United States senators—to the end that these abuses may be corrected. To be sure the worst abuses do not occur in our own state. In a Southern state I saw a little girl of five at work in a mill. She walked up and down her short lane in a spindle room from 7 o'clock in the evening until 6 o'clock in the morning, with a half hour recess at midnight, pushing before her as she went, a little stool upon which she had to stand in order to be able to tie the threads with her clumsy baby hands. Let us call the attention of our United States senators to states which use up in such reckless fashion the labor power of its communities, for the children of Alabama, of Rhode Island and Florida belong to the nation quite as much as to the state, and should be of as much interest to us as are protective tariffs for the insurance of American industries. In a democratic country children in one station of life are quite as valuable as those in another—not only from a human point of view—which is true everywhere—but from a national point of view. And let us insist in our own state that every child shall be in school every day of the school year, until he or she is 16 years of age. Let us have manual training all the way up, and let us prohibit all employment for children until they are 14 years of age, except at farming or gardening.

"Of course we shall find many opponents to this in department stores, factories and telegraph companies. But let us persevere and secure for the child that time for play in the streets it needs to, which is necessary to his physical, moral and mental development."

Miss Addams then took up the subject of the play grounds, of which there are eleven in Chicago, and the relation of the child to the individual; how clubs started out at first as mere study clubs—instructed only in self-culture—but have now launched out into a broader field of attruistic work. The adage "Charity begins at home" is quite true in a small village where the washwoman lives next door to us, but in the large cities different conditions compel us to co-operation and clubs, federations and all organizations become helpful.

Miss Addams then went on to say of settlement work that too much was said about settlements, and too little about the spirit of settlements. In this connection she said "People think they have to go abroad to see foreign life—but in the city of Chicago there are villages of 5,000 Greeks, of 10,000 Italians, living in a state of solidarity as in the old country. But the different nationalities and even different sections of the same nationality live in a state of hostility and have to be brought together by Americans and things American, and this sort of work is very efficiently done at Hull house, where people of all nationalities and beliefs, young and old, are helped to make the adaptation for the outer and larger world of industries, in which they must all meet and fight the battle for existence."

THE CHURCH CHOIR.

A Director Speaks of the Attitude of the Listeners.

The disagreement of the church choir has been a subject of ridicule and mirth ever since there have been church choirs, but the thing like may others isn't so funny from another point of view, that of the choir master or director. One of the prominent leaders of this city has the following to say about the auditor's attitude toward music which is provided them with much labor, each Sunday.

"Among the many who form the congregations in the various churches of Duluth, how few there are who give a thought to the care and labor bestowed by the choir director in the preparation and rehearsal of the music rendered by the choir Sunday after Sunday. If the music is good, it is taken as a matter of course. If something goes wrong, how ready is the complaint, how easy the criticism. No one knows, except those who have the matter in charge, what difficulties stand in the way of the choir director. First there is the matter of regular and punctual attendance at rehearsal; no easy thing to ensure even with a paid quartette; how much harder in a chorus choir consisting largely of voluntary members. Next and perhaps most important, is the discipline necessary for success, the keeping up of musical interest, the tactful avoidance of petty jealousies, the judicious selection of appropriate and tasteful music, and often the difficulty of providing new music and keeping in touch with new compositions out of a very slender appropriation. There is also apt to be friction between the choir director and the pastor or music committee. This difficulty has to be met with tact and careful consideration. Last and hardest of all is the lack of expressed approval on the part of the church members. Criticism and fault-finding are heard frequently enough, commendation seldom. If members of congregations would but remember the many difficulties that beset the work their hard-working and often underpaid choir directors, in place of disheartening them with harsh criticism, they would be more ready to strengthen their hands and encourage them with words of commendation for the good and successful work they so faithfully perform."

Coming For the Wedding.

A number of people from outside the city will arrive today and tomorrow to attend the wedding of Miss Grace Richards and Ralph J. Davis tomorrow evening. Mrs. Earl Richards came down from Stevenson Saturday afternoon and Mr. Richards will arrive tomorrow. Mrs. Richards is at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Richards. Carver Richards arrived yesterday from the state university.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Macdonald of St. Cloud will arrive this evening and will be the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Macdonald of 225 Fifteenth avenue east.

Mrs. F. M. Barnard of Minneapolis and Mrs. R. H. Hankinson of Hankinson, N. D., sisters of Mrs. J. H. LaVaque will arrive today, to be guests of Mrs. LaVaque. This evening Mrs. H. L. Hankinson of Minneapolis will come and will also be guests at the home of Mrs. LaVaque. Mr. Hankinson is expected tomorrow.

John H. LaVaque, who has been in Oregon for several weeks, is expected home tonight or tomorrow.

Kneisel Quartet.

This evening the Kneisel quartet will appear for the second time before a Duluth audience. The Matinee Musicale is again bringing this splendid organization to Duluth for a concert which will be given at the Pilgrim Congregational church. The concert will be a closed one and only those women who are members of the society will be eligible to attend. Associate tickets will be sold at the door and single tickets to men. The program is a fine one and the music-lovers of the city are overjoyed at again having an opportunity of hearing these musicians.

Entertains at Dinner.

Miss Irma Richards entertained at dinner Saturday evening in honor of Miss Grace Richards and Ralph James Davis, whose wedding takes place tomorrow evening. The table decorations were beautiful pink roses, and besides the hostess and guests of honor, covers were laid for:

Misses—
Florence Smith of Iowa, Fannie Howes, Virginia de Haas of St. Paul.
Kate Kennedy,
Messrs.—
Moore, Close,
Carver Richards. Graff.

Relief Corps.

Tomorrow afternoon the Women's Relief corps will hold the regular meeting at the Masonic Temple. At a camp fire which will be held Wednesday evening at the Temple, by the J. B. Culver post, the members of the W. R. C. will serve luncheon.

Surprise Party.

A pleasant surprise party was given Saturday evening in honor of Miss Albertine Ouelette at her home. Music and dances made the evening a most pleasant one and the following were present:

Misses—
May Imblean, Alice Ouelette,
Margaret Reddy, Annie Peterson,
Helen Rooney, Lulu McKennan.
Messrs.—
Ernest Furo, Arthur Paquette,
Edmond Ouelette, Ray Lavelle,
William Manhe, Fred Lavelle,
Lawrence Drohan, Arthur Hudson.

Personal Mention.

Mr. and Mrs. Ellison and daughter who have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Merritt have returned to their home at Marquette.

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Mrs. A. H. Comstock and Mrs. C. W. Andrews were in Minneapolis last week on a shopping trip.

• • •

Mrs. J. L. Washburn returned yesterday from the annual meeting of the Minnesota Federation of Women's clubs which met last week at Minneapolis. Saturday afternoon Mrs. H. S. Ely, Mrs. E. L. Paddack, Mrs. A. H. Smith and Mrs. F. L. Barrows returned.

• • •

Mr and Mrs. Oscar L. Mather of Grand Rapids, Minn. have moved to Duluth and have taken a residence for the winter at 112 South Sixteenth avenue east. They have many friends and acquaintances in Duluth and expect to entertain them at their home during the coming winter season. Mrs. Mather is a violinist of considerable ability.

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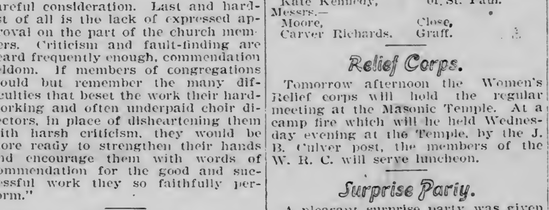
Miss Mary Hendry of Duluth Heights has invitations out for a party Thursday evening at her home on Duluth Heights.

"We had

Grape-Nuts

for breakfast and never before did I know the **concentration of nourishment** and the most delicious of all flavors."

Read the "Road to Wellville" in every pkg.



OLD LOUNSBERRY'S DAUGHTER.

By Malcolm Welsh.

(Copyright, 1905, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

Everybody excepting old Lounsberry recognized the fact that Edward Parish was an exceptionally bright and forceful young man. Old Lounsberry denied it. Some people were mean enough to say that Lounsberry himself had a higher opinion of young Parish's qualities and deprecated them only after he discovered that his daughter Grace was in love with the young man. Even then he did not deprive himself entirely of his services, but sent him down the state to take charge of the coal mine at Well Valley.

Of course this was rather in the nature of a reduction for Parish, as he was directly in line to become general manager for all of old Lounsberry's varied interests. Also it was an exceedingly bitter pill for both Parish and Grace Lounsberry to be thus separated. But they vowed eternal fidelity and Parish took up the work at the mine with his usual intelligence and energy, rather accentuated, indeed, by the fact that there was absolutely nothing to do in the miserable little town excepting to work. So the results achieved by Parish were something tremendous. And as he had a contract based on results he found himself making a great deal of money. Inasmuch as these results paid Lounsberry many dollars when they yielded Parish one and at the same time kept the latter away from Grace the old man did not grumble. Only he never for a moment would admit to anybody else that Parish amounted to anything.

"You are all right for an under clerk, Parish, but you have no executive ability—no resourcefulness," he had said when the young man had coolly asked him for his daughter's hand and had suggested that while he had no money to speak of right then he had the kind of ability that would be sure to produce a fortune ultimately. Indeed Parish had gone so far as to intimate that his usefulness to old Lounsberry himself was a sufficient guaranty of his financial ability. This had nearly driven the old capitalist into an apoplectic fit.

"Use—you ain' no more use than any other darned clerk," he had said. "Just to show that you are not so indispensable as you think I'll let you go. No, come to think of it, I won't throw you out. I'll show you that I mean it when I say I never mix social relations with my business. I'll send you down to Well Valley and let you run the mine there. I'll make your salary on the percentage basis. If you get as good results as we got year before last I'll pay you what you're getting now, and pro rata if you get more or less. That'll show you my general business can run without you and at the same time give you a chance to make a decent position for yourself."

Parish had smiled as he remembered that the year before last referred to was the banner year at the mine and the manager had been paid nearly double the compensation now offered and also that the present conditions at the mine were very unsatisfactory and a new deal had been recognized as necessary to save time.

But he had accepted the proposition cheerfully and gone into exile. Old Lounsberry chuckled greatly and took great credit to himself for not discharging the audacious young man forthwith. But he never spoke of the fact that Parish more than doubled the results of the banner year within a twelve month. Nor would he admit that Parish was anything more than a faithful but very ordinary sort of a clerk.

Nor Parish had never for an instant given up his intention to marry Grace Lounsberry, nor had Grace ever given up her handsome and ardent young wooer. They were biding their time. Something over a year after Parish had been at the mine things commenced to happen.

Everybody remembers the strike of 1896. Parish saw it coming and prevailed against it. He made his provisions personally and quietly. He knew old Lounsberry's business principles, methods, weakness and habits better than any living man—even better than old Lounsberry himself for old Lounsberry was much given to attempting to delude himself. Therefore Parish knew just what course to pursue. Only he made all his arrangements in his own behalf instead of that of the company.

When the strike came he boarded a train one day and presented himself presently to the lady of his desires.

Would she forsake all else and follow him.

But papa.

Never mind papa. If you want his consent you will be an old maid and I a bachelor.

But he will be fearfully angry.

But he will recover.

But he will dismiss you and then how will we live?

"No," remarked Parish at this point, looking mysterious "I do not think he will dismiss me. He cannot run the mine without me and it is just coining money now with all the others shut down. Your father, my dear, is very thrifty and money is his God. He thinks much of you and is very much opposed to our marriage but when he counts the cost he will not dismiss me. Besides I have a five years contract and it would cost him a pretty penny to break it. He will storm and rave and presently he will come down off the perch and be good.

The result was an elopement as Parish had planned. There was a hitch in the matter, however, which Parish had not planned. He did not want to get a marriage license in the city and invite discovery, so they arranged to go to Well Valley where a clergyman would be in waiting and they would be united and telegraph papa. Then they would await the explosion.

It would have gone through all right had not the strike conditions changed. But the managers of the closed mines had begun to import miners and the strikers rallied to checkmate the move. The trains were surrounded and the imported men were driven back into the cars so terrified they dare not disembark. Then the employers tried the expedient of disembarking the imported men back a few miles and getting them to the mines across the country while the strikers watched the trains.

The result of all this was that the trains were all late and the train on which Parish and his bride arrived did not reach Well Spring until it was overtaken by the next later train which left the city an hour and a half later.

As Parish stepped off the train he glanced back at the train behind and his quick eye caught the familiar gleam of old Lounsberry's hat descending from the platform of one of the cars. With his haste Parish grasped the idea that his prospective father-in-law had discovered their plan and was there to frustrate it. Then it was that Parish demonstrated to old Lounsberry and the world that he had resource and initiative. One of the strike leaders stood near him. He knew him well. All the men knew and trusted Parish. He touched the man on the arm.

"See that old guy coming on the run?" he said.

"Yes," reylied the other.

"Well he's a Chicago lawyer and he's got an injunction in his pocket against you for interfering with the imported men. If he gets to the sheriff it's all off."

With an oath the strike-leader started on a run toward old Lounsberry calling to his men to follow. In an instant the old man was in a pocket, surrounded by scores of yelling threatening miners who swore at him in many strange languages. In his hurry Lounsberry lost his head and raved loke a maniac further incensing the miners.

Just then Parish, hard pressed as to his next move, caught sight of the sheriff. In an instant he was at his side.

"Say Tom," he said carelessly. "Better look after that crazy old loon over there," jerkhug his thumb at the swearing struggling mass. "He's an anarchist just over from Europe and the fiercest in the world. I don't see how he got here. They told me in Chicago they were going to intercept him there. If he's left here there'll be bloodshed I fear. Look at the way he's got 'em excited already."

The sheriff rallied his deputies and started on a run. In a trice old Lounsberry was dragged out of the crowd and started on a run for the jail. The sheriff declined to listen to his pleadings and as he was hustled past Parish and his daughter Parish grinned cardonically which caused such an explosionu of wrath from the venerable prisoner that one of his captors smashed his silk hat down over his face, completely snuffing him out, as it were.

The wedding was very simple and unpretentious. Late that night Parish received a note from the jail.

"You've won. For heaven's sake get me out of this. I don't want to stay all night."

Which is why Parish is now general manager for old Lounsberry.

Knauf Sisters (over Smith's Drug Store). Beautiful hair switches from $3.50 up.

Ely

photographs the babies.

"A dose in time saves lives." Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup; nature's remedy for coughs, colds, pulmonary diseases of every sort.

TEARS END ROMANCE.

Youthful Residents of Stewartsville Return With the Sheriff.

St. Paul, Oct. 23.—A double elopement was nipped in the bud in its early stage Friday evening in the arrest of four youthful residents of Stewartville at the Merchants hotel by Sheriff J. P. McCarthy of Olmsted county. The young people are said to represent four of the best families in Stewartville. They arrived in the city Thursday afternoon and registered at the hotel under the assumed names of Mary and Lucy Owens and James and L. B. Snow.

It was the intention of the runaways to obtain marriage licenses on the afternoon of their arrival, but they were too late. They then planned to be married Friday and return to Stewartville on the next train to obtain the parental forgiveness.

All would have been well but for a disastrous idea on the part of one of the girls that they should visit about the city Friday and then be married in the evening and take the night train home.

In the meantime excitement prevailed at Stewartville, and the parents of the runaways were doing some rapid planning. As a result there appeared at the Merchants hotel Friday afternoon a quiet-ly dressed man who registered as J. P. McCarthy of Stewartville, Minn. Time seemed to hang heavy on the stranger's hands, as he loafed about the corridors of the hotel until evening.

Then the adventurous couples appeared in the lower corridor on the way to supper. The quiet man stepped forward, and laying his hand on one of the would-be grooms shoulder, remarked cheerfully: "Hello, boys!"

The scene that followed caused some wonderment among the guests at the hotel, for the two girls burst into tears, while their escorts, although trying to appear unconcerned, became very red and uncomfortable.

"I guess we will all go home together," remarked he of the quiet manner, genially. "Your parents have been worrying about you and will be glad to see you. Not married yet, are you?" and as he received a tearful negative from one of the maidens, "so much the better," said he. "Now let us go up and have supper. I will stand treat this time."

Later in the evening a party of five left the hotel loaded down with suit cases and hat boxes. A few minutes later the five boarded a Chicago Great Western train for Stewartville.

Weighty Professional Endorsements.

That the several American medicinal roots, the concentrated glyceric extracts of which make up Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, have the strongest kind of endorsement by scores of leading medical writers of all the several schools of practice, a brief glance at the standard works on *Materia Medica* will show. Of Golden Seal root, which is one of the prominent ingredients of "Golden Medical Discovery," Dr. Roberts Bartholow, of Jefferson Medical College, says: "Very useful as a stomachic (stomach) tonic and in atonic dyspepsia. Cures gastric (stomach) catarrh and headaches accompanying same." He also mentions catarrh of the gall duct, jaundice and constipation as diseases which the use of Golden Seal root overcomes; also catarrh of the intestines, even when it has proceeded to ulceration, is remarkably benefited by Hydrastis (Golden Seal root).

Dr. Grover Coe, of New York, says: "Hydrastis (Golden Seal root) exercises an especial influence over mucous surfaces. Upon the liver it acts with equal certainty and efficacy. As a cholagogue (liver invigorator) it has few equals." Dr. Coe also advises it for affections of the spleen and other abdominal viscera generally, and for scrofulous and glandular diseases, cutaneous eruptions, indigestion, debility, chronic diarrhœa, constipation, also in several affections peculiar to women, and in all chronic derangements of the liver; also for chronic inflammation of bladder, for which Dr. Coe says "it is one of the most reliable agents of cure."

Prof. Hobart A. Hare, M. D., of the University of Pa., says of Golden Seal root that it is "of service in chronic catarrh of the stomach and bowels, following abuse of alcohol, and as a tonic after malarial fever." He further says, it "has a distinct anti-malarial influence." Also "good in all catarrhal conditions, as uterine catarrh, leucorrhœa, etc., and as "a curative agent in chronic dyspepsia."

Prof. Laurence Johnson, M. D., of the Medical Department, University City of N. Y., is equally loud in his praise of Golden Seal root, especially for its tonic effects in convalescence from acute diseases and its special tonic influence upon mucous surfaces and upon the gall bladder.

Doctors Barton and Tully recommended Golden Seal root as a pure tonic and as an alterative in diseased conditions of the mucous membranes.

Prof. John King, M. D., late of Cincinnati, author of the AMERICAN DISPENSATORY, gives it a prominent place among medicinal agents, reiterates all the foregoing writers have said about it, as does also Prof. John M. Scudder, M. D., late of Cincinnati. Dr. Scudder says: "It stimulates the digestive processes and increases the assimilation of food. By these means *the blood is enriched*, * * * * the consequent improvement on the glandular and nervous systems are natural results." Dr. Scudder further says, "in relation to its general effect upon the system, *there is no medicine in use about which there is such general unanimity of opinion*. It is *universally* regarded as *the* tonic, useful in all debilitated states * * *."

Prof. Finley Ellingwood, M. D., of Bennett Medical College, Chicago, says of Golden Seal root: "It is a most superior remedy in catarrhal gastritis (inflammation of the stomach), chronic constipation, general debility, in convalescence from protracted fevers, in prostrating night-sweats. *It is an important remedy in disorders of the womb.*" (This agent, Golden Seal root, is an important ingredient of Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription for woman's weaknesses, as well as of the "Golden Medical Discovery.") Dr. Ellingwood continues, "in *all* catarrhal conditions it is useful."

Much more, did space permit, could be quoted from prominent authorities as to the wonderful curative properties possessed by Golden Seal root.

We want to assure the reader that "Golden Medical Discovery" can be relied upon to do all that is claimed for Golden Seal root in the cure of all the various diseases as set forth in the above brief extracts, for its most prominent and important ingredient is Golden Seal root. This agent is, however, strongly reinforced, and its curative action greatly enhanced by the addition, in just the right proportion of Queen's root, Stone root, Black Cherrybark, Bloodroot, Mandrake root and chemically pure glycerine. All of these are happily and harmoniously blended into a most perfect pharmaceutical compound, now favorably known throughout most of the civilized countries of the world. Bear in mind that each and every ingredient entering in the "Discovery" has received the endorsement of the leading medical men of our land, who extol each article named above in the highest terms. What other medicine put up for sale through druggists can show any such *professional* endorsement? For dyspepsia, liver troubles, all chronic catarrhal affections of whatever name or nature, lingering coughs, bronchial, throat and lung affections, the "Discovery" can be relied upon as a sovereign remedy.

By reading the little book noted below any one will readily see the applicability of the "Golden Medical Discovery" to the cure of all the foregoing list of diseases as well as many other chronic affections, especially those of the heart, kidneys, bladder, skin and blood.

A little book of extracts treating of *all* the several ingredients entering into Dr. Pierce's medicines, being extracts from standard medical works, of the different schools of practice will be mailed *free* to any one asking (by postal card or letter), for the same, addressed to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., and giving the writer's full post-office address *plainly* written.

In cases of chronic ailments, attended by marked, or persistent, constipation, Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets should be taken conjointly with the use of the "Golden Medical Discovery," to regulate the bowels. They act in harmony with the "Discovery," and will be found to be a most valuable laxative, or, in fuller doses a cleansing cathartic.

Podophyllin, the active medicinal principle of Mandrake root, enters largely into the composition of the little sugar-coated "Pellets," in fact is one of their chief ingredients. They regulate the liver, stomach and bowels.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE



"WASHINGTON Time"

Like George Washington the

ELGIN WATCH tells the truth



Every Elgin Watch is fully guaranteed. All jewelers have them. "Timemakers and Timekeepers," an illustrated history of the watch, sent free.

ELGIN NATIONAL WATCH CO., Elgin, Ill.

WEST DULUTH

SOMEWHAT LURID TALE

Nels Larson Tells Story of Adventure In His Absence.

Was Locked Up and Fed On Bread and Water.

Nels Larson, the old man who disappeared from the home of A. P. Freeburg of 215 North Sixty-fourth avenue west a few days ago and who, it turns out, is heir to 10,000 crowns in Sweden, has returned and tells a rather "abduction-of-Charley-Ross" story. He claims that when he left Mr. Freeburg's house on Oct. 4 he was all right, but fell in with two men and got drinking with them. He remembers being on St. Croix avenue with them and then forgot until next day when he found himself at New Duluth with one of them.

That was the last he remembered until he suddenly came to his senses in a barn, where he was lying in some straw and had a horse-blanket over him. The door was locked and he could get no answer to his calls for help, but found a loaf of bread and a jug of water beside him. Every morning he would find the bread and water beside him.

He finally got a board off the manger of the stable and got out that way. He tramped along until he came to Stony Brook. Then he took a tie-pass to Duluth. He has no idea of who his captors were nor why they captured him. He got to town Saturday and that night telephoned Mr. Freeburg and then went to the house yesterday. He declares he will stay there and keep away from danger until his Swedish legacy reaches him.

KILLED AT EVERETT.

Body of West Duluth Man Brought Back For Interment.

The body of Edward Bourdage of West Duluth arrived last night from Everett, Wash., and will be interred tomorrow in Calvary cemetery. The funeral will be held from St. Jean de Baptiste church at Twenty-fifth avenue and Third street at 9 o'clock tomorrow morning, and will doubtless be largely attended, as the young man and his family are widely known in Duluth.

The young man was 31 years of age and was killed a week ago today in Everett, Wash., while he was working as conductor on a logging train. While he was fixing a chain, three logs rolled on him and killed him instantly. The body was taken last night to the home of his sister at 2009½ West Third street.

The father of the young man arrived this morning from New Brunswick to attend the funeral. A large number of the members of the family live in West Duluth and the West End.

West Duluth Briefs.

The Ladies' Missionary and Aid society of the Plymouth Congregational church will meet on Tuesday afternoon with Mrs. Foster.

Miss T. B. Brophy has gone to Fargo, N. D., to attend a sister who is sick there. She will be away about two weeks.

Real estate men in West Duluth report a shortage of houses for rental purposes. Applications for houses are getting numerous.

J. J. Frey has returned from Grand Marais.

George P. Jensen of Battle Lake, Minn., has been in West Duluth for several days looking around with a view to investment.

Carl Schmid has gone to Eau Claire, Wis., to take a job as sawyer in one of the mills there.

Arthur Anderson of 2314 West Eighth street, is recovering after a severe illness.

Mason Hesse has gone to Hibbing to work in one of the mines there.

Harold B. Prinz, a clerk at the Zenith Blast furnace has resigned to take a position in Minneapolis.

Alderman A. Chesney, Thomas Bowen and Herman Nyhart have gone to Hibbing on a hunting trip.

Miss Lizzie Bowen has gone to Minneapolis to visit.

Miss Mina Crothers of Minneapolis, who has been visiting friends here, has returned to her home.

The Irving School Alumni association is planning a minstrel show.

J. L. Aronson of Hayward is visiting in West Duluth.

George E. Schenck of the National Iron company, has gone to Indiana and Illinois on a two weeks' trip.

The Ladies of the Lester Park M. E. Church will hold a Rummage Sale October 27 and 28, in the Annex of Hotel Lenox.

Sale of Fur Lined Coats.

A great sale of beautiful fur lined coats begins at the Gidding store tomorrow; it is a noteworthy sale in so much as it comes at the very threshold of the season, and also that it includes a class of fur lined coats that are expected to be found only in a store like Gidding's that caters to a discriminating public. Their regular announcement they tell of the advantages to be had in buying a fur lined coat of them now—the fact that the fur linings and materials were bought last spring and made up during the dull summer months, which made possible price savings, besides the fact of getting the choicer and more selected things should prove a great inducement to buyers. They will have ready and on sale tomorrow close to three hundred coats and representing over fifteen thousand dollars at retail.

MISS ROOSEVELT NEARS LAND.

San Francisco, Oct. 23.—The steamship Siberia was sighted forteen miles out at 10:10 a. m. today. Miss Roosevelt and E. H. Harriman, who are on board, will probably land about noon.

DON'T WAIT

and get your Butter when it advances, but **get it now.**

Murray Bros.' Non-Excelled is the kind to get.

MURRAY BROS., Makers.

Do You Want the Best Stove Made?

Then get the **RADIANT HOME**—we have them in all sizes and styles.

RADIANT HOME Oak Stoves—$18.00, $20.00 and $25.00.

RADIANT HOME Steel Ranges — $35.00, $40.00, $45.00 and $50.00.

RADIANT HOME Base Burners — $45.00, $50.00 and $55.00.

RADIANT HOMES are the fuel savers and give more heat than any other kind. Call in and we can explain to you WHY this is so.

See the handsome Stove Pipe we are selling at 35c per length. Stove Rugs at 50c. Stove Boards at 75c.

F. H. WADE,

Hardware and Stoves. WEST DULUTH.

RAILROADS

A MEETING IS CALLED

Railroad Club to Be Organized In Duluth Next Month.

Notices Have Been Sent to 150 Prospective Members.

A call for a meeting of local railroad men for the purpose of organizing a railway club in Duluth has been issued. The date for the meeting, and the place for holding it, have not yet been announced, but will be decided upon later, when another letter will be sent out. Probably the day selected will be in the latter part of November. The call reads as follows:

"I hand you herewith application blank for membership to proposed railway club, to be organized in Duluth next month. You will be notified later of the date and place of the first meeting where the organization will be perfected.

"The club is to consist of railway officials and all persons having charge of the design, construction or repair of railway rolling stock or any department pertaining thereto, editors or associate editors of the railway press, or any person connected with any house or company manufacturing or dealing in railroad supplies.

"The objects of the association will be the promotion of good fellowship among railroad men, the advancement of knowledge concerning the principles, construction, repair and economic service of all classes of railway equipment and appliances, by discussion in common, the exchange of information, and investigations and reports of the experience of its members, etc.

"All members will be subject to the payment of annual dues of $2 to defray necessary expenses."

One hundred and fifty of these calls have been issued. Not all of them have been sent to Duluth men, however. Prospective members in Proctor, Two Harbors, Hibbing, Cloquet, the Twin Cities and Chicago have also been invited to join. The only men in Chicago and the Twin Cities who have been invited to become members are those connected with houses manufacturing or dealing in railway supplies. These cities already have railroad clubs of their own which have met great success since first projected. It is believed that Duluth is now of sufficient importance as a railroad center to support in a proper manner such an organization.

At the first meeting a permanent organization will probably be effected, officers elected, and committees will be appointed to look into the matter of securing the proper headquarters and to make other necessary preliminary arrangements. The social side of the club will not be brought out prominently immediately after organizing, so far as the procuring and fitting up of permanent headquarters where members may gather daily in an informal manner is concerned. This may come later, but, according to present plans, members will meet once a month, probably in one of the local halls, which will be decided upon later. It is believed, however, that the social side of the organization will come in for more attention later, if interest in the matter warrants it.

At the first meeting addresses will be made by leading railroad men of the city on the advantages of organizations of this kind, and on subjects of general interest to different departments of the railroads. The speakers have not yet been selected. The relations that should exist between railroad men and railroad supply men will probably be one of the subjects that will come up for discussion.

The idea of the club is taking well in the railroad offices along the street, and no one has as yet been heard to express an adverse opinion when discussing it. Among those who have announced themselves as being in hearty favor of a railroad club in Duluth are: A. Brostedt, northern passenger agent of the Great Northern; T. E. Blanche, general agent of the Northern Pacific; G. M. Smith, general agent of the Omaha; C. L. Kennedy, commercial agent of the Milwaukee; C. W. Kleswetter, chief clerk and traveling auditor of the Missabe road, and S. F. McLeod, purchasing agent of the Missabe. It is expected that most of those to whom notices have been sent will be heard from within a day or two. The success of the movement seems to be already assured.

FOOTBALL TICKETS HERE.

Local Railroad Offices Have Block of Seats for Game.

The local railroads will put the usual special low rates in effect between Duluth and the Twin Cities for the big Minnesota-Wisconsin football game Saturday, Nov. 4. The Great Northern and Northern Pacific city ticket offices have secured the promise of a large block of tickets, so that Duluth patrons of the game will be able to secure good seats to witness the contest the more easily.

WILL REBUILD DOCK.

Northern Pacific Preparing To Spend $100,000 on Dock No. 5.

Merchandise dock No. 5, belonging to the Northern Pacific Railroad company, and situated on the Lake avenue slip, will be rebuilt next spring, at a cost of about $100,000. The dock was formerly known as St. Paul & Duluth No. 2, and was acquired by the Northern Pacific when it purchased the St. Paul & Duluth road a few years ago. The Northern Pacific intends to rebuild all of its Head of the Lakes docks in a more substantial manner as fast as repairs are needed. Heretofore the docks have been supported by piling, but the new policy is to build cribs and fill them with sand and other material.

TO SHORTEN THE TIME.

Milwaukee Road Makes Changes on the Chicago-California Run.

In Chicago the announcement has been made that the Milwaukee road has agreed with connecting lines to shorten the running time of its Overland Limited between Chicago and San Francisco by two hours, and to put on a new train between Chicago and Denver.

The new Colorado special will leave Chicago at 6:05 p. m. daily and will reach Denver the following night at 9:20 o'clock. The same company will maintain a second Chicago-California train, leaving Chicago at 12:25 p. m. and arriving in San Francisco at 12:40 p. m. the fourth day.

Milwaukee Loses Rate Contest.

The Loftus-Hubbard Elevator company of St. Paul Saturday secured an order from the state railroad and warehouse commission restraining and prohibiting the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad from charging more for the transportation of oats and other freight of the same classification from the city of Hastings to St. Paul than is charged from the town of Afton to St. Paul. The railway is required to make reparation to the elevator company to the amount of $600, with interest.

The Original Laxative Cough Syrup is Kennedy's Laxative Honey and Tar. It expels all cold from the system by acting as a cathartic on the bowels. Kennedy's Laxative Honey and Tar is a certain safe, prompt and harmless cure for colds, croup and whooping cough. Sold by all druggists.

One hundred and six patients treated and eleven turned away as incurable last month.

DR. REA SPECIALIST.

Next regular professional visit to Duluth at Spalding Hotel, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 28TH. From 9 a. m. until 5 p. m.

One day only—returning every four weeks.



Dr. Rea has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities. He will give $50 for any case that he cannot tell the disease and where located in five minutes.

Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Lung disease, Early Consumption, Bronchitis, Bronchial Catarrh, Constitutional Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney, Liver, Bladder, Prostatic and Female diseases, Dizziness, Nervousness, Indigestion, Obesity, Interrupted Nutrition, Slow Growth in Children, and all wasting diseases in adults. Many cases of **Deafness, Ringing in the Ears,** Loss of Eyesight, Cataract, Cross Eyes, etc., that have been improperly treated or neglected, can be easily restored. Deformities, Club Feet, Curvature of the Spine, Disease of the Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease, Dropsy, Swelling of the Limbs, Stricture, Open Sores, Pain in the Bones, Granular Enlargement and all long-standing diseases properly treated. **Lost manhood, nervous debility,** spermatorrhoea, seminal losses, sexual decay, failing memory, weak eyes, stunted development, lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples, impediments to marriage; also blood and skin diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, Weak Back, Burning Urine, passing urine too often, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, receive searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life.

Cancers, Tumors, Goiter, Fistula, Piles, Varicocele and enlarged glands, with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the twentieth century. No incurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.00.

DR. REA & CO.,
Minneapolis, Minn. Louisville, Ky.

THE STAGE

TONIGHT'S ATTRACTION.

METROPOLITAN—The Parisian Belles.

COMING ATTRACTIONS.

LYCEUM—Tuesday and Wednesday, "San Toy."

STRONG PLAY OF THE WEST.

"Texas," Drama of "The Virginian" Type, Presented at Lyceum.

CAST:

Col. Buck West	Ernest Allen
Mrs. West	Hattie Foley
Texas West	Mabel Dixey
Mrs. Jennie Peppercorn	Monica Lee
Lord Angus Trevor	F. E. Duff
Lady Cecelie Trevor	Harriet Broadhurst
Lady Francis Mackenzie	Lee Hobbs Martin
Holmes Okie	Louis Thiel
Sam Sorrell	Howard Messimer
Pasquale	Ted F. Griffin
Bowie	W. B. Mack
Corpus Christi	Stephen Hoyt
Safety Joe	Chas. F. Lester
Tank	W. T. Chatterton
Jack Dalam	Sydney Ayres

"Texas," produced at the Lyceum Saturday evening, is a strong drama and deserved better than it got from Duluth people for the theater, was but little more than half filled. It is presented by Broadhurst & Currie who have been generally identified with farce, but they have chosen well in this departure. It is true that the play is not perfect and has spots in it that are decidedly conventional and along hackneyed lines, but the general air is fresh and virile, and life and energy of the real sort are displayed.

The play is of "The Virginian" order and the leading character, Jack Dalam, is almost identical with that of the Virginian. Sydney Ayres to whom the part falls is a splendid actor, in fact it is not fulsome praise to say that in some ways he pleases where Dustin Farnum does not. Mabel Dixey, a daughter of the well-known comedian, Henry E. Dixey, is Texas West, heroine, and she has charm and ability. She is very effective, simple and direct and without affectation. That she is a young woman with the talent that should make its mark in no uncertain way, admits of no doubt.

All of the characters are well drawn and some of them are delicious. This is particularly true of "Oklahomey" as played by Louis Thiel. He makes it fairly bubble over with good humor and thoroughly expressive of the plains. Palquale, the part of a border half-breed, much off the order of Trampas in "The Virginian," was finely done by Ted Griffin. Monica Lee was a happy Widow Peppercorn and Hattie Lee a motherly Mrs. West. The cast generally was very good.

THE PARISIAN BELLES.

The Parisian Belles will open an engagement of five nights and three matinees at the Metropolitan this evening and a large audience will undoubtedly be on hand to greet them. The Twin City papers said very nice things about the Belles during their stay at the Star and Dewey theaters in those places. The bargain matinee days are Tuesday, Thursday—also ladies' day—and Friday, as usual.

"SAN TOY."

"San Toy," which comes to the Lyceum Tuesday and Wednesday is duplicating its former success. The cities are again singing its praise. The story of "San Toy" tells how Yen How, a mandarin, to save his daughter from the emperor's harem rears her as a boy. He succeeds in the deception until the girl, San Toy, falls in love with an English officer, when the secret leaks out and the Mandarin is ordered to appear at the court of Pekin and bring the daughter with him. Yen How is in danger of losing his head, but San Toy captivates the emperor and speedily becomes the favorite lady of his court. For her sake the emperor spares her father's life and also gives his consent for her marriage to the English soldier, thus causing the final curtain to fall on as agreeable a climax as was ever designed for musical comedy.

Volga Shoes for Women are $3.50 — notwithstanding the increased cost of leather.

Freimuth's

Lake Ave., Michigan and Superior Sts., Duluth, Minnesota.

Butterfly Skirts are this season's most exclusive novelty—on sale at Freimuth's only.

TUESDAY $12.50 COATS $7.50

Twenty coats in stylish gray mixtures—46-inch lengths—smart styles—made up in heavy materials—$12.50 values—for one day—Tuesday only—choice $7.50. You'll be here early if you really want to save five dollars on a nobby, stylish, new $12.50 coat $7.50



Buy the Best Underwear!

You can get just the kind of underwear you want at Freimuth's—the best kinds are here—in fact, the famous Ypsilanti and the renowned Helvetia Mills Underwear for women and children are sold in Duluth exclusively at Freimuth's.

Ypsilanti garments are full fashioned—that means knit to fit—not cut from yard-wide strips of knit fabrics! That is why Ypsilanti garments have no heavy seams—that is why Ypsilanti Underwear doesn't "bag" after washing.

To introduce new lines, we offer these tomorrow—

Women's Ypsilanti $1.50 Vests and Drawers—natural Merino quality, at	$1.12½
Helvetia Mills $2.00 All-wool Union Suits—open front style—only	$1.50
Ypsilanti Health Wool Vests and Tights—open or closed—per garment	$2.00
Ypsilanti All-wool Union Suits—gray, blue, white or black—only	$3.50

50c *Choice five styles Women's Underwear. Uncommonly good value.*

California

$34.90 for a "colonist" ticket via the Santa Fe, from Minneapolis and St. Paul to California.

Daily until to October 31.
Through Tourists Pullmans and personally-conducted excursions.
Any line to Kansas City, thence on the Santa Fe through scenic Southwest.
Solid, dustless track, and Harvey meals.

Ask C. C. Carpenter, Santa Fe agent at Guaranty Bldg., Minneapolis.

HAPPENINGS IN THE DAKOTAS

NORTH DAKOTA.

Fargo—The deals handed the farmers by the agents of some of the country elevators is causing widespread dissension. Owing to the car shortage, the evelators have been overcrowded. As a result, the opportunities for marketing grain have been limited. The farmers have found it almost impossible to secure cars for independent shipments and have been forced to take whatever grades the agents were willing to give.

But the worst complaints come on the charge that the agents not only knock off a grade or two, but also hold up the farmers on the price from 3 to 4 cents on the grades allowed, deducting the elevator and freight charges.

The difficulties encountered this fall are forcing the farmers to think on the question of erecting granaries for their own convenience, and not rush it all on the market from the threshing machines.

Representatives of an Eastern firm are here to make an insurance map of the city, which will be issued within a few months.

Local officials are watching for some alleged fur salesmen who are reported to be expert shoplifters and to be headed this way.

Mayville—Mrs. Joseph Carhart and Miss Sophia Springen were the delegates from the woman's club, and Mrs. Hubbel and Miss Ida Halverson will represent the musical club, at the meeting of the state federation at Jamestown. Mrs. Carhart is a member of the board of directors of the federation, and was elected vice president-at-large.

Professor Abbey of the state normal school spent Sunday with Governor Sarles at Hillsboro.

The attendance at the normal school is about twice as large as any other fall term in the history of the school, and the senior class numbers over sixty.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Sioux Falls—Two indictments have been returned by the United States grand jury now in session in this city against John Conoyer, a mixed-blood Sioux Indian, who was captured a few weeks ago after having been a fugitive for sometime. One of the indictments charges him with having on June 4 last stolen eight head of horses from persons residing on the Pine Ridge reservation, and the other charges him with having driven the stolen animals off the reservation, which constitutes a separate offense under the federal statutes.

Conoyer was arraigned before Judge Carland and pleaded not guilty to both indictments. Since his arrest he has been confinde in the county jail in this city. He will be tried by a federal petit jury, which will report in the United States court next Tuesday. The trial promises to be unusually interesting, as Conoyer is regarded as one of the most dangerous cattle and horse "rustlers" in the state and will make a desperate effort to secure an acquittal.

Vermilion—President Garrett Droppers has decreed that the junior class of the university shall issue no junior annual this year, and as a result, some of the members of the class are indignant.

The president holds that the publication takes too much of the students' time and that class work is therefore neglected. The juniors think that this is a poor excuse, but the edict has gone forth and they will have to accept it as final.

Last year no annual was issued, but the money that would have been expended in its publication was put into a fund for a Christian association building.

Pierre—Insurance Commissioner Perkins has returned from a business visit to his home in Roberts county, and in regard to the present discussion of insurance conditions, pending the investigation of the affairs of the great life insurance companies, he takes the position that the South Dakota department will take no action toward barring them from the state until there is more reason for action than is now apparent. aep etaoin shrdlu emfwyp vbgkqj xzjf

He said that at any time the indications are such that the interests of South Dakota policy holders are jeopardized in any way it will be time to act, but he cannot see that the present conditions call for any such action.

Governor Elrod selected as delegates to the National Conference of Immigration, to be held in New York city, Dec. 6 and 7, the following:

R. J. Gamble, Yankton; E. W. Martin, Deadwood; John Gray, Lead; T. J. Grier, Lead; O. H. McCarty, Huron; W. A. Beach, Sioux Falls; M. F. Greeley, Gary; General W. H. H. Beadle, Madison; August Fiebelberg, Beresford; J. McLaury, Middletown.

The secretary of state has received notification from the award committee of the St. Louis fair, that South Dakota has been granted a silver medal for butter production, and that the medal will be forwarded as soon as it can be prepared.

The state educational department has issued life diplomas to Daisy M. Girton of Madison and George E. Otte of Clark.

Calumet Baking Powder

A wonderful powder of rare merit and unrivaled strength.

On Account of the SMOKE

From the Dye works fire I am compelled to put on

SALE

at a big sacrifice a large number of **Fine made to order suits** of different styles and material, which were

ON

hand at that time. There will be **some choice bargains.**



I also have a large number of fine suitings, which were **slightly smoked,** which will be **made up to order** at a **big discount from my usual** low prices. Remember—good work and the best fit in Duluth.

MORRISON'S

8 Lake Avenue South.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Smoke Sale

GATELY'S

8 East Superior Street.

Smoke Sale

Grat Smoke Sale

Going on full swing. Never was there such a chance to purchase a Winter supply of just what you want for

1/4, 1/3, 1/2 PRICE.

Your Credit Is Good.

You Have a Mortgage on Your Home Place Coming Due?

What are you going to do about it? Just pay interest and a commission and renew it again every three or five years till you die, and leave the mortgage for your wife to pay?

Would it not be better to get a loan where you would not have to pay a commissom and where you could pay off part of the principal every month and stop the interest on the part paid, and pay it yourself?

Where total payments in five years for every $100 cash borrowed would only require $118.80 to pay it all off, principal and interest?

If you have a mortgage coming due soon or next year call at the office and get the particulars.

Climax Building & Loan Association, 400 Torrey Bldg.

GENERAL INSURANCE.

Established 1869.

Manley-McLennan Agency,

Torrey Bldg., First Floor.

DULUTH

Telephone Both Lines 165.

CHICAGO OFFICE 159 La Salle Street.

You want the best—we furnish it.

WHITE EARTH RESERVATION

Senator Clapp to Discuss Its Opening With Secretary Hitchcock.

Washington, Oct. 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—Senator Clapp arrived in Washington this morning and has an appointment with Secretary Interior Hitchcock at 3 o'clock this afternoon to discuss some matters appertaining to the opening of the White Earth Indian reservation. Senator Clapp did not think he should talk regarding the precise matters he intends to take up with Secretary Hitchcock, at least until after his conference with him.

Representative Charles Russell Davis of the Third Minnesota district arrived in Washington today. Mr. Davis comes to Washington to attend to a number of minor "chores" before the departments for his constituency.

Mrs. Anna Gronseth Dies.

Mrs. Anna Gronseth died yesterday afternoon at her home, 568½ East Fourth street.

Mrs. Gronseth was the wife of Hans Gronseth, the Fourth street shoe dealer, and a sister-in-law of Anton Gronseth, of the firm of Gronseth & Olson.

The funeral arrangements have not yet been announced.

NORTH BUTTE VERY ACTIVE

Two Houses Are Heavy Buyers—Black Mountain Again Strong.

Copper stocks on the Boston exchange were strong this morning in the early part of the session and then turned weaker toward the close. North Butte sold up to $57.37½ during the forenoon but dropped to $56.25 after the noon hour and closed at $56 bid and $56.25 asked. The stock was very active, trading aggregating 5,185 shares. Boston reports that two houses bought 2,000 shares each.

Bisbee stocks were dull and inclined to be lower with Lake Superior & Pittsburg the exception. It sold at $39 and was quoted at $38.50 bid at the close with $40 as the asked price. Calumet & Pittsburg was $37.50 asked. Pittsburg & Duluth closed at $27 bid. Junction sold at $29.62½ and closed at $29.50 bid and $30.25 asked. Calumet & Arizona sold at $113 and closed with that price bid.

Black Mountain continued to show great strength. It opened at $8 bid but no stock came out at that price. At $8.50 there was considerable trading but it closed at that price bid and $8.75 asked.

THE GOLDEN RULE

17 & 19 EAST SUPERIOR STREET

MONEY'S WORTH OR MONEY BACK.

Remnant Sale!

5,000 yards of Remnants of Dress Goods, Table Damask and Flannelettes—lengths from 2 up to 10 yards. On sale tomorrow at about half their real value. Be on hand early to get your first choice.

We place on sale 2,000 yds fruit of loom muslin, 20-yd. limit..... **6c**

25 pieces of wrapper flannelette, regular 10c, for, yard..... **6c**

50 pieces outing flannel, elsewhere 10c, our price, only, yard..... **5c**

PROTEST IS DISMISSED

Candidates and Emblem of the Municipal League Stand.

New York, Oct. 23.—The New York city board of elections today dismissed the protest against the nominees of the Municipal Ownership league for city offices. The nominees against whom the protest had been filed were: William R. Hearst, for mayor; John Ford, for comptroller; J. G. Phelps Stokes, for president of the board of aldermen, and Bird S. Coler, for president of the borough of Brooklyn. It had been alleged that the nominees' papers were signed by Republicans and Democrats who had participated also in the primaries of their own parties, and they had no right to sign the nomination papers of the other candidates. In dismissing the protest the election board decided that the petitioners have the right to use the name "The Municipal League" and also to use the emblem on the ballot of the apri of scales.

Madame

Warde

Left for Chicago Sunday afternoon to attend the Horse Show in the interest of her business, and to take advantage of the very latest things shown in Millinery for the coming winter season. New things on display next week.

WILL BUILD A NEW SEA WALL

Government Engineers Will Protect Park Property From Seas.

To protect the government park at the Duluth ship canal, particularly that portion on the north side of the north pier, where the engineers' building is being erected, the government engineering department will erect a second sea wall 10 feet high above ordinary water level and 30 feet inside the old contrete sea wall. The space between the two walls, which will have a slope toward the outer wall, will be paved, probably with coarse rubble. The water which breaks over the outer wall, will it is claimed be prevented from reaching the building, by reason of the second wall, and will run back into the lake through three culverts in the outer wall.

Besides the additional sea wall the engineers intend to build a 3-foot parapet in the innerside of the north pier from the sea wall, at which point the 3-foot parapet which extends to the pier head ends. It has been found that when a heavy sea is running through the canal and over the outer parapet, that a large quantity of water washes over onto the park. The new 3-foot parapet, which will not be so heavy in point of construction as that portion more exposed to the waves, will, it is claimed, hold the water from the park, and it will run out of the promenade through the opening left for the steps. The new parapet will be continued to the inner end of the north pier.

Never Before.

Were good watches sold at the low prices quoted by Harris & Esterly, 428 West Superior street, Spalding Hotel.

ALDERMAN'S SICKNESS

Will Delay Hearing On the New Building Ordinance.

Other Matters Due to Come Up Before Council Meeting.

Owing to the illness of Alderman Wilson, the chairman of the committee on ordinances and resolutions, action on the much delayed building ordinance, will probably be postponed for another week.

Alderman Wilson has taken the most active part in preparing the ordinance and getting it into its present shape, and the council will doubtless be unwilling to take any final action on it, in his absence.

At the meeting of the committee, held last week, the amendments to the ordinance, proposed by the committee from the Duluth Builders' exchange, were thoroughly investigated, and eleven out of the thirty-seven were allowed by the committee. The other twenty-six were thrown out for various reasons, and the builders will probably make a fight to have the council reinstate some of them.

With such a discussion in sight, the other aldermen will desire the presence of the chairman of the committee to state his reasons, and it is not likely that anything will be done with the ordinance tonight, further than to lay it over for another week.

Alderman Wilson gave notice that tonight would be the night to file any objections to the new law, but the hearing of these will now have to be postponed another week.

* * *

The council may prepare a demand on the Northern Pacific railroad this evening asking the company to repair the Lake avenue viaduct.

The aldermen are unwilling to expend any money on repairing the structure, which they maintain the railroad should maintain, and a formal demand may be prepared tonight.

The test case now pending in the district court will settle the question in dispute.

* * *

The report of the expert accountants engaged to go over the city's books is due tonight. According to the announcement made by the firm, the report should have been received last Monday night.

* * *

Aside from these two matters there is nothing but routine business due to come up.

TEAMSTERS MAY STRIKE

Fifty-five Thousand Expected to Quit Work In New York.

New York, Oct. 23.—Preparations to break a threatened strike involving 55,000 New York teamsters were made today by the establishment of a strike breakers' headquarters by truck owners who fear that their drivers may go on strike by tonight. The truck owners held a secret meeting today, prior to which it was freely stated that the strike, which up to now has affected only one employer, will be extended to 250 employers before tomorrow.

H. C. Hunter, secretary of the Team Owners' association, said that the strike situation was critical and that the organization faced a strike that might equal or even exceed the recent strike of teamsters in Chicago. He said, however, that the boss truckmen were fully prepared.

Valentine Hoffman, president of the teamsters' local union said the teamsters were financially well equipped for a strike, and that any compromise that might emanate from today's meeting of the Team Owners' association would not be accepted.

APPLICANTS ARE FEW.

More Postoffice Help Needed in Duluth at Present Time.

Because of the slowness with which applications for postoffice clerks and letter carriers are coming in, the examination for which will be held Nov. 18, the civil service board has decided to extend the time for filing applications up to and including Nov. 8. It is hoped that more applicants will qualify and get the examination. Up to date there have been only four applications for male clerk, two for female clerk and nine for carrier, an unusually small number. A. Grabarkiewicz, superintendent of delivery at the Duluth postoffice, who is also local secretary for civil service examinations, is trying to encourage applicants to file, and is ready at all times to answer whatever queries may be given him and show would-be applicants what to do.

On Nov. 8 an examination for a male trained nurse for Panama service will be held here. The entrance salary for such nurses has been increased to $720 a year and the governor of the canal zone has said that one-half of the trained nurses in the Panama canal service will receive a salary of $900 per annum.

A saddler is wanted in the quartermaster's department-at-large in Jeffersonville, Ind., and applicants for the position will have an examination at the government building here on Nov. 22. The salary is $540 per year.

E. A. Tessman

and

W. A. Kehtel

Under the firm name DULUTH CIGAR CO., will hereafter manufacture the famous Cigars—

"La Van"

and

"Duluth Fashion"

A. J. Lyle has sold his interests in the DULUTH CIGAR CO. to E. A. TESSMAN, who joins with W. A. Kehtel, and no expense or effort will be spared in making La Van and Duluth Fashion the favorite Cigars with all Duluth smokers.

DULUTH CIGAR CO.

Underwear

That will keep you warm in cold weather— cotton, wool, silk and mixed. Prices you will like, too.

Buy it here.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE

WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

Gloves

For winter wear, warm gloves for the street or for dress wear—prices to please every purchaser.

Get them here

No such crowds were ever seen

In the Glass Block Store as were witnessed by you and us last Saturday. Every department was crowded and every salesman and saleslady was taxed to their utmost ability.

The magnificent showing

Of fall and winter merchandise was a revelation to everybody, especially those living in the outskirts of the city, who seldom visit the big stores. Our bargains pleased them and paid them well for coming here. Their good will and thorough satisfaction is our capital and in the end our best advertisement.

For Tuesday & Wednesday

We will continue our splendid offerings. Trade at the fountain head. For all kinds of merchandise the Glass Block Store is "IT." Nearly everybody knows it. It's time you knew it.

10c fleeced percales 5c

Now you ladies who have been looking for materials for dressing sacques, wrappers, house dresses, etc., will find the very thing here for 10c a yard; fleece lined percales in handsome patterns and all colors.

For one day only Tuesday, per yard 5c

Leather hand bags

The last of the water damaged leather hand bags must leave our counters tomorrow. Some good ones are still in the lot; all up-to-date styles that were made to sell up to $3.75 each.

For one day only Tuesday, choice.... 5c

Watch for the shirt waist sale. See them in our show window.

Embroidered Waists of chiffon taffeta, the silk waists that are the best bargain we have with stock collar and deep tucked cuff on wideretail up to $15.00 each, but he got them at a

Shirred Waists of messaline silk, with deep our famous favors in the way of a low price. tion and lace collar, also shirred sleeve and entire front beautifully silk embroidered; made

Our New York buyer has just sent us 100 sleeve. seen in many a day. They ought to sell at finely shirred yoke with four rows of lace inserprice that lets us do our customers another of cuff with lace to match.

THE SALE OF THESE WAISTS BEGINS THURSDAY MORNING AT 8 O'CLOCK **WATCH** FOR THE PRICE.

FOR RENT.

Store, No. 17 First Avenue West. Apply W. M. Prindle & Co., Lonsdale Building.

OBJECTIONS TO THE "REPAIRS"

West Enders Say That Fire Limits Are Ignored.

Complaints are being made by a number of West end citizens regarding the "repairs" which are to be made to the old building purchased by the Salvation Army at the corner of Seventeenth avenue west and Superior street.

The building, which is within the fire limits, is a two-story frame structure. It is proposed to add another story to it and also some additions at one side, which will make it practically a new building.

The West end citizens claim that the old material from the Fifth avenue hotel, which burned last winter, is to be used to make the repairs.

Vigorous protests are being made on the ground that it will increase the fire risk, and that the council had no right to grant a permit for such repairs, which amount to the construction of a new frame building in the fire limits.

A petition is being circulated, and if this fails an injunction may be applied for.

DIES OF APPENDICITIS.

Only Son of C. B. King Passes Away at Home of Parents.

Donald A. King, the only son of C. B. King, chief clerk of the government land office, died yesterday afternoon at the home of his parents, 2016 East First street.

The young man was nearly 16 years of age, and was a student at the university school. His death was due to appendicitis.

The funeral will be held tomorrow afternoon from the residence, at 2 o'clock. The services will be conducted by Rev. J. W. Powell of the Endion Methodist church.

BULBS

For Duluth Planting

GET THEM NOW

EISCHEN BROS.,

DULUTH—SUPERIOR.

The young man was held in high regard by his teachers and all who knew him, and the announcement of his death will be read with deep regret by his many friends and those of his parents.

Frank Haskins Dies.

Frank Haskins, one of the best known and most popular clerks in the Duluth postoffice, died today at St. Luke's hospital.

The young man was about 25 years of age and lived with his parents at 2601 West Huron street. He had been ill at St. Luke's hospital for about two weeks previous to his death.

Korby After New Trial.

John Korby, who recently lost his damage suit against John Chesser, for alleged alienation of Mrs. Korby's affections, is taking steps to bring the case before the court in a motion for a new trial. S. F. White, who has been retained and substituted for Korby's former attorney, has asked for and has been granted an order directing Chesser to appear and show cause why a time to hear the motion for a new trial should not be granted, with a corresponding stay of proceedings on the part of the defendant.

NEW YORK LETTER TUBES SEIZED BY CREDITORS.

New York, Oct. 23.—Letter transportation by pneumatic tubes in New York and Brooklyn was suddenly stopped today and the postoffice was forced to hury its incoming and outgoing letters to their destination in emergency wagons and automobiles. The pneumatic tubes were seized as a result of the non-payment of interest on the bonds of the New York Mail and Transportation company, which controls the tubes and for which receivers were recently appointed. The receivers took possession of the tubes in default of this payment.

Insane Man Has Fits.

A West Duluth man named Findlay who was committed to the county poorhouse last Saturday, is said to have developed signs of insanity and will be examined before the probate court. Findley was to have been brought to the probate court today but began having fits and his examination had to be postponed.

DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS.

Between Russia and Japan Will Be Shortly Resumed.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 23.—Regular diplomatic relations between Russia and Japan are expected to be renewed in six weeks. The Russian minister to Japan has already been selected in the person of Bakhmetieff, the former Russian diplomatic agent in Bulgaria, who probably will proceed immediately to his post, after an audience of the emperor on Wednesday. M. Bakhmetieff is regarded as being one of the best type of Russian diplomat.

RESIGNS $10,000 POSITION.

Philadelphia, Oct. 23.—Dr. Edward Martin, director of the department of public health and charities, today sent his resignation to Mayor Weaver. The position paid $10,000 a year.

MEREDITH BREAKS A LEG.

London, Oct. 23.—George Meredith, the novelist, while leaving his residence at Box Hill, Surrey, for a walk today, slipped, fell and broke one of the bones of his left leg. The accident is causing concern to his friends owing to his advanced age. The doctors say Mr. Meredith is progressing satisfactorily.

Otter Coats Dyed Like Seal

We have in our employ an expert seal dyer who understands dyeing otter coats to look like seal, and old seal coats like new.

FRANK EAST,

LADIES' TAILOR.

Over Duluth Music Co.

WANTED...

1000 School Children to compete in the North Western Fuel Co.'s JINGLE CONTEST FOR $25.00 IN PRIZES.

Address all letters to

North Western Fuel Co.

327 WEST SUPERIOR STREET

DULUTH, MINN.

THE EVENING HERALD
AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

Published at Herald Bldg., First St., Op. P. O. Square.
THE HERALD COMPANY.
'Phones: Counting Room, 324; Editorial Rooms, 1126.

TEN CENTS A WEEK.
EVERY EVENING—DELIVERED BY CARRIER.

Single copy, daily	$ .02
One month	.45
Three months (in advance)	1.30
Six months (in advance)	2.60
One year (in advance)	5.00

Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter.

DULUTH WEEKLY HERALD.

Per year	$1.00
Six months	.50
Three months	.25

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

TO SUBSCRIBERS:

It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed to give both old and new addresses.

IS NOT BEGGING.

Elsewhere on this page is a clipping from the Owatonna Chronicle, a comment from Southern Minnesota about Northern Minnesota affairs that breathes a spirit of sectionalism and prejudice that should teach Northern Minnesota something of what it must expect in seeking its rights before the legislature. That it is based on a complete misunderstanding of the situation and of the things of which it treats is obvious to everybody, but such opposition is not less dangerous on that account. That some of the leading newspapers of Southern Minnesota have embraced the cause of drainage and immigration as warmly as any in the northern part of the state shows that the attitude of the Chronicle is the exception, and not the rule, and possibly it will yield to fuller information.

The Chronicle says that "Northern Minnesota * * * has received financial aid in an amount and for purposes which Southern Minnesota has never known." Nor has Northern Minnesota. The state has not been liberal to Northern Minnesota, but by holding back state lands from sale to await higher prices has not only held Northern Minnesota back from growth but has kept this land from sharing the tax burdens of Northern and Southern Minnesota alike.

The Chronicle complains because Northern Minnesota wants its swamp lands drained and advertised that settlers may locate here and build up the state. The lands to be drained and sold are the property of the state, of Southern Minnesota as much as of Northern Minnesota. They were given to the people of Minnesota by the federal government on condition that they be drained and made fit for use. It is the positive duty of the state, sealed by solemn contract, to drain these lands, a duty that it has so far neglected. To drain them and sell them to settlers for ten times the cost of draining and advertising them is to earn for the state school fund vast sums in which Southern Minnesota, with her larger school population, will share more largely than Northern Minnesota.

The state is not asked to drain privately owned lands, the drainage of which must be paid for by the owners themselves. It is merely asked to make an investment by carrying out the terms of its contract with the government, an investment that will pay for itself ten times over.

The mistake of the Chronicle has been in discussing something about which it is not fully informed, and in assuming that Southern Minnesota is Minnesota, and Northern Minnesota a foreign province begging for charity. It is to be hoped that the Chronicle's wellknown spirit of fairness will lead it to acknowledge its error, and to support the cause of drainage and immigration in the interests of the whole state of Minnesota.

LET THE RANGES SPEAK.

The Herald has already expressed its approval of the action of the Duluth Commercial club in appointing a committee to wait upon the county board and see if it cannot be started upon the work of building a courthouse upon a downtown site. The Herald believes that a new courthouse is needed, that there are funds enough in hand to warrant beginning the work now, and that the people of the county are in favor of a downtown site.

The Herald believes, too, that such action as this by the Commercial club is the sort of thing that will lead to early action on the part of the board, which has not of late shown a disposition to take up the matter. Therefore it would suggest, since this is a county matter and not a Duluth matter, that it would help some if the commercial organizations and the newspapers of the range cities would take the matter up and use their efforts to procure action on the part of the county board. This body is elected by the people to do its work, and it should readily respond to an unmistakable expression of public opinion.

The only debatable question in the whole affair is that of location. The Herald believes in a downtown site. It knows that a vast preponderance of the people of Duluth believe in the downtown site. It has reason to believe, also, that the range people believe in the downtown site. Its suggestion would be, therefore, that if that is the case the commercial bodies of the range and its newspapers take action to show to the county board that such is their belief.

Range visitors to the city who have business at the courthouse have but a limited time in which to transact it. Even with a downtown site they would have to keep moving. The present site involves a street car trip which adds to the time taken up by their errands additional time needed to wait for cars or to walk. It would appear to be even more to their advantage than to that of the Duluth people to have the courthouse conveniently located downtown.

If this is the case, and the range people take such action as they may to show it, The Herald believes that work upon the new courthouse will be much expedited.

THE COAL SITUATION.

Along with the more or less definite threat of a coal strike next spring comes more news of interest to the coal buyer. There is in progress a combination of coal producers and shippers that promises to finish what little competition there is in the coal business, and that is certain, if carried out, to result in still higher prices of coal.

The Lehigh Valley road has absorbed the firm of Coxe Bros. & Co., and the Central Railroad of New Jersey is negotiating for the Lehigh Coal & Navigation company's mines, railroads and canals, while the New York wholesale firm of Burns Brothers is after the business of the Communipaw and the Hudson Coal companies.

The absorption of Coxe Brothers takes out of the independent field the largest coal producer in the country outside of the coal roads. In the past the coal roads have had to reckon to some extent with the independent producers, who, while they mined only a fraction of the coal produced, were often able to relieve the market by throwing their product wherever it was most needed. During the 1902 coal strike, however, the independents combined with the coal roads to maintain the price of coal at a level that pulled some of the coal roads out of impending bankruptcy and put others where they now earn dividends of 20 per cent.

The increased prices of coal caused by the strike enabled the coal concerns to make over $60,000,000 from the consumers, and still pay the higher wages gained by the striking miners. The affable consumer more or less cheerfully paid both bills. A permanent combine between the coal trust and the independents, therefore, may well be regarded with suspicion by the unfortunate consumer, who never has an easy moment. Says the Boston Transcript of the consumer's troubles:

> Somehow the coal-burning public never gets a chance to draw a good long breath. There are always rumors of trouble ahead for the consumer. If it is not a case of strikes it is a car famine, or high rates of shipment, or bad weather, or something else.

The prospect, according to John Mitchell, the miners' leader, is that there will be no strike, evidently because he hopes the coal trust will yield to the demands of the men. One of the coal road presidents says there will be no strike, but possibly he figures out that the combine will be able to make the consumer stand the bill again. Whether there is a strike or not, the consumer apparently stands to lose anyway.

A NEW BIRTH.

> That this nation, under God, shall have a new birth of freedom, and that government of the people, by the people, for the people, shall not perish from the earth.—Lincoln's Gettysburg speech, Nov. 19, 1863.

That prayer—for it was a prayer—needs repeating today more than it did in those dark days of civil war, when the issue was still in doubt and the dawn of peace yet many months away.

We have government "of the people," it is true; they are governed, and governed pretty thoroughly.

But is it "by the people?" With a United States senate that is not expected to permit the passage of any measure that is really for the better prosperity of the common people, and that is powerful enough to defeat the aims of a president and a house of representatives that may wish the people well, are we governed by the people or by that senate? With the manufacture and sale of the necessities of life in the hands of practical monopolists who build up tremendous and unprecedented fortunes out of them in days of great prosperity while the vast mass of the people find it increasingly difficult to make both ends meeet, are we governed by the people or by these monopolists? With corrupt political rings in control of the destinies of many of the large cities and even of some of the states, rings whose sole aim is the financial betterment of their members at the expense of the people, are we governed by the people, or by these rings? With the railroads saying to the government, "Hands off!" and demanding the right to make what carrying charges they please without the interference of the ostensible government in the interests of fair play, are we governed by the people, or by these railroads? With life insurance companies accumulating enormous funds, the savings of the people, and using these funds in association with leaders of "high finance" to form pools with which to exploit the people, are we governed by the people or by these insurance magnates and their cousins of Wall street?

And what about "for the people?" If these interests govern, practically if not actually, do they govern for the people or for themselves?

And if the people have loaned the reins of government to these powerful interests, which are practically one, being bound by common aims and common principles of plunder, isn't it about time they took them back and received a "new birth of freedom, that government of the people, by the people, for the people, shall not perish from the earth?"

THE FIELD SURVEY

The American people might excuse themselves for the prevalence of graft by saying they did not know about it until now; but if they permit it to continue they will have to find another excuse.

* * *

An American quick lunch counter has failed in London. American methods have been adopted quite generally there, but the London people are to be congratulated on their refusal to adopt the American method of violently assaulting the stomach.

* * *

When you get through gasping in horror at the iniquities of business and politics, look to yourself to see whether you have been, through neglect or carelessness or selfishness, in any measure responsible.

* * *

You can generally tell real gentlefolks by the way they don't take the trouble to make you think they are.

* * *

A New York preacher says heaven is full of apartment houses. Sounds more like the other place.

* * *

Anybody who is ashamed of his work, if it be honest work, should be more ashamed of the shame than of the job.

* * *

District Attorney Jerome is making a lone fight against all New York's rascaldom. It's a mighty force, and a hard fight.

* * *

In England they are discussing women judges and women juries for women accused of crime. It hardly seems a fair deal to the defendants to subject them to the judgment of their own sex.

* * *

The winters soon will be all severe for a lot of people, regardless of the weather, if the coal trust keeps on pushing the price up.

* * *

A New York life insurance paper refers to it as "the reptile press." Now will you be good?

* * *

Secretary Shaw's boom for the presidency seems to be taken seriously by some people; notably by Secretary Shaw.

* * *

The Courier-Journal, always opposed to civil service reform, frankly hurrahs over the president's dismissal order in an editorial headed "No Flowers."

* * *

It takes a head-on collision to make some men see that they are on the wrong track.

HOTEL GOSSIP

"We don't hear much about those Mexican rubber and coffee plantations that were taking up so much advertising space in the magazines and newspapers a year or two ago," said E. D. Peters of St. Paul at the St. Louis. "There was a while there, if you remember, when you couldn't pick up a magazine without running into several pages of this sort of stuff, and about every third man that tackled you to invest in some wildcat scheme was supporting a rubber plantation.

"Every once in so often the American public, it seems, must be treated to something of this sort. The people have got to have some new way of spending their money. A plausible story of big profits to be made is all that is necessary to bring them into line with contributions, liberal and otherwise. If it isn't oil it is some kind of mineral, or if it isn't some kind of mineral it is coffee, rubber, pine apples, or some other investment along the same line in a tropical country. I haven't heard yet of any one asking the general public to take shares in a skunk or polar bear farm in Alaska, but that will all come in time, I suppose. And, what is more, the people will give what is asked of them, if the talker behind the scheme is smooth enough in his ways, and if the advertising literature is properly written up.

"A lot of money has been thrown away in these Mexican investments. I am not laughing at any one who invested down there. I can't afford to, for I was one of the easy ones myself, and in all probability I will bite at the next bait offered. Neither am I saying that all of the Mexican rubber schemes were not legitimate enterprises. I do not doubt in the least that some of the plantations are paying propositions today. The one I invested my cash in wasn't a paying proposition, and never will be.

"Where there is one success there will surely be imitators. The first Mexican deal of the kind put before the public was very likely on the square. It took so well that other promoters soon had a number of other coffee and rubber companies going. Everything went along fine for a year or two, and money poured into the treasuries of the companies from all parts of the country. Even yet a person occasionally runs across the advertisement of one of the plantation propositions, but they are not nearly as plentiful as they used to be."

* * *

At the Spalding: F. Malnes, Anderson, Ind.; W. Chandler, Chicago; G. MacLeod, St. Paul; H. P. Smart, Minneapolis; O. M. Corwin, R. M. Thompson, Minneapolis; J. E. Barre, St. Paul; Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Day, New Orleans; M. E. Ellis, Chicago; D. W. Casseday, Spokane; W. H. Fox, Detroit; J. H. Wilkins, Sidney, Ohio; A. J. Seboald, Jersey City; C. M. Culver, Carlton, Minn.; H. Platt, Detroit; C. A. Sykes, W. W. Barnes, New York; F. M. Sackrieder, Houghton; Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Webster, Sault Ste. Marie.

* * *

At the St. Louis: C. D. Ruthenford, Floodwood, Minn.; A. O Floan, St. Paul; W. H. Robinson, Mountain Iron; C. Force, Chicago; R. G. Rodman, Ashland; T. J. Knoell, A. G. Schnefel, J. Hess, Milwaukee; W. D. Taylor, St. Cloud; F. B. Newhall, Rochester; J. H. McNally, E. E. Toomey, Scanlon, Minn.; F. R. Vail, Ely; Miss Birdie Wescott, Ely; L. S. Wensole, La Crosse, Wis.; J. J. Carroll, Toledo; Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Rudd, Minneapolis; W. L. Clark, Two Harbors; W. Joist, Hibbing; J. F. Schelmmel, Minneapolis.

* * *

At the Lenox: F. Peterson, Minneapolis; W. M. Bacon, M. Gettler, Chicago; A. R. O'Connell, Minneapolis; W. M. Bacon, Chicago; W. E. Colley, Tower; Miss M. E. Campbell, Youngstown, Ohio; Mrs. P. A. Campbell, Chicago; I. M. Pike, P. Dwyer, Killarney; H. Tuedlander, San Francisco; W. J. Carroll, Minneapolis; F. S. Johnson, Jr., Chicago; F. L. Rader, C. A. Turner, B. Kartak, Minneapolis.

* * *

At the McKay: P. J. Patrick, Eau Claire; T. H. Wylie, Eau Claire; D. Lament, Chicago; F. J. May, Nebagamon; A. Anderson, Buhl; H. Grant, Buhl; Mr. and Mrs. A. Abdelyish, New York; W. Waterman, Chicago; R. F. Clifford, Bostoned; Miss Mackay, St. Paul; G. Eccles, Chicago; F. M. Dickinson, South Bend, Ind.

The Candidate.

Blithely the candidate
Puffs his cigar,
Making each handy date;
Bright is his star!
Fame—why the fist of her
Points at him straight.
Jiminy Christopher,
Isn't it great!

Mark with what fluency
Rolls his address.
Wise constituency
Likes it, I guess.
After strong passages
Comes the glad news:
Acres of sausages,
Oceans of booze.

Fame, with a toss of her
Head, leads the way;
Barroom philosopher
Simply gets gay
Drinking the health of him
Gladly 'mid cheers—
Swiftly the wealth of him
Melts into beers.

Tickling his vanity—
Innocent soul!
And with urbanity
"Touching" his "roll."
Graft for the city ful,
Signing the check,
Every committee full
Up to the neck.

Henchmen say breezily
That he will win;
Then, oh, so easily,
"Touch" him again.
Still thoughtful he's cheerily
Moving about,
Oft he asks wearily:
Will it pan out?

—New York Sun.

Guess Who It Is.

Kansas City Times: Now, guess who it is that takes an oath "whereby he invokes God's help that he may do no falsehood nor consent to the doing of any in court; that he may not wittingly or willingly promote or sue any false, groundless or unlawful suit, nor give aid or consent to the same; that he may delay no man for lucre or malice, but that he may conduct himself with all good fidelity." Guess who takes that oath.

But you would never guess it in the world. It is the lawyer.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: A man is always ready to reform if there is no way to avoid it.

One of the very hardest things is to act as if you believed the things you say you do.

A woman has an awful irritating way of being sweet when you want her to be cross, so you can have a grievance about it.

Men spend so much time getting square with other people that they never have any time to keep other people from getting square with them.

A man has to be a good deal of a pessimist not to enjoy life when he comes home late at night and can find a piece of cold apple pie in the pantry.

Family Diet.

Brother's on the football team,
Got a lot of vim,
At the training tables eats,
Keeps hims'f in trim.

Sister has a diet, too,
Eats with greater care,
Keeps her working to retain
Her complexion fair.

Mother has another list,
Simple cause for that,
And one can see it plain,
Getting awful fat.

Father at the quick lunch bolts,
Standing on his feet,
Hustling to support the rest
Leaves no time to eat.

—McLANDBURGH WILSON in New York Sun.

THE WEATHER

The weather man promises things for tonight and tomorrow that do not sound a bit pleasant. He says the thermometer will go down tonight to somewhere in the neighborhood of 25 to 28 deg., probably forming a new low level for the season. There will be snow flurries, and tomorrow either snow or rain, with northerly to easterly winds, will make things interesting.

But this morning it was delightful. The sky was clear, the sun was mellow and pleasant, and conditions were decidedly the reverse of those indicated for tomorrow. Says the weather man of conditions:

"The Saskatchewan disturbance has moved to Lake Superior, causing scattered rain or snow over Lake Superior and the Northwest. A high pressure area is central north of the Dakotas, attended by colder weather in that section, while freezing temperatures are the rule in the Northwest and West. Low pressure areas also overlie Arizona and Alberta, and the barometer is high in Southeastern states. Pressure conditions in the Northwest favor threatening weather, with strong northerly winds and rain or snow tonight and Tuesday, and freezing temperature tonight in this vicinity."

Following were the lowest temperatures recorded by the weather bureau during the twenty-four hours ending at 7 o'clock this morning:

Abilene	52	Medicine Hat	38
Atlanta	42	Miles City	28
Battleford	24	Milwaukee	34
Bismarck	26	Minnedosa	18
Boston	38	Montgomery	42
Buffalo	34	Moorhead	32
Calgary	30	New Orleans	52
Charleston	50	New York	42
Chicago	38	Norfolk	44
Cincinnati	32	Northfield	26
Davenport	36	North Platte	24
Denver	32	Oklahoma	48
Detroit	36	Omaha	36
Devils Lake	26	Phoenix	56
Dodge City	44	Pierre	28
Duluth	32	Pitsburg	36
Edmonton	32	Port Arthur	30
El Paso	58	Portland	42
Galveston	60	Prince Albert	14
Green Bay	34	Qu'Appelle	22
Havre	28	Rapid City	30
Helena	30	St. Louis	44
Houghton	34	St. Paul	36
Huron	28	San Francisco	52
Jacksonville	54	Santa Fe	40
Kamloops	34	Sault Ste. Marie	32
Kansas City	46	Shreveport	46
Knoxville	32	Spokane	34
LaCrosse	36	Swift Current	32
Lander	18	Washington	38
Little Rock	42	Williston	28
Los Angeles	50	Winnemucca	16
Marquette	36	Winnipeg	22

Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Oct. 23.—Local forecast for twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. Tuesday: Duluth, Superior and vicinity—Snow flurries and colder tonight, with freezing temperature; Tuesday rain or snow; brisk and possibly high northerly to easterly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

Chicago, Oct. 23.—Forecasts until 7 p. m. Tuesday: Wisconsin—Fair tonight and probably Tuesday; cooler Tuesday.

Minnesota—Partly cloudy tonight and Tuesday, with possibly showers Tuesday; cooler in northeast portion tonight.

The Dakotas—Fair tonight followed by showers Tuesday.

Upper Lakes: Brisk northwest to north winds, possibly becoming high on Superior; generally fair tonight and Tuesday, except snow flurries on Superior and extreme north portions of Michigan and Huron.

LAUGHING LINES.

Chicago Tribune: Music Teacher—That boy of yours gives promise of being a great clarionet player.

Boy's Father—Great Scott! I supposed all the time he was merely trying to get back at the family in the flat above ours, where they keep a graphophone and a parrot.

Washington Star: "They say the baby looks like me," said the proud father.

"Yes," answered the chilly feminine relative. "It is rather ruddy-complexioned and bald-headed. But it will get over that."

Puck: Clancy—Kelly's landlord is dead.

Rooney—The devil! Phat killed him?

Clancy—He asked for his rint!

Cleveland Leader: "That landlady's daughters are driving all the people away by pounding on the piano all the time."

"That reminds me of what the pirate chief used to say in the dime novels."

"What's that?"

"'All hands up to repel boarders!'"

Philadelphia Press: "Gracious!" exclaimed Backlotz on the way home from the Swamphurst station, "it's an awful muddy walk this evening, isn't it?"

"Yes," replied Subbubs, "but I like it. We bought a new door mat the other day, and I want to see how it works."

Detroit Free Press: "What made you so rattled when you were giving your testimony in that jury trial?" said Grace.

"One of those lawyers was a beau I'd just thrown down," confessed Dora, "and I was scared for fear he'd ask my age out of spite, and I never was on oath before!"

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "Lovely sleeping nymph, isn't it?"

"Yes-es."

"Do you notice the glamor the artist has thrown over it?"

"No, I don't. But if it was mine I would throw a horse blanket over it."

Somerville Journal: Exchange Editor—I tell you, that new reporter is an experienced newspaper man.

Managing Editor—How do you know?

Exchange Editor—Didn't you just see him sharpen his pencil with a pair of shears?

Chicago News: He—They say that people who marry soon grow to look alike.

She—Then you must consider my refusal as final.

What's the Use?

What's the use o' bein' gloomy,
What's the use o' being dour,
When the whole world's lookin' bloomy
Every day, and ever hour?
There's a bird somewhere a-clingin'
To a limber twig, and swingin'
Right in time to his own singin'!
On, let up a-lookin' sour!

Oh, let up a-lookin' grumpy,
Git some ragtime in your feet!
Don't go 'long a-feelin' dumpy.
Don't admit that you are beat,
Not while there's a bird left swingin'
On a limber twig, and singin':
Don't care what tomorrow's bringin',
This old world is mighty sweet.

This old world's a whole lot sweeter
If you take it with a grin,
And the days go fleeter, fleeter;
If you've got a mind to win,
Laugh and jump into the scuffle,
Let no jolt your feeling ruffle,
You will win out in the shuffle,
If you laugh when you go in.

Dignity? Throw it by laughin'!
Dignity? Why bless your soul!
Be yourself, if life's worth quaffin',
If you care to make the goal.
Throw it from you! Go and hustle
In the crowd with all your muscle!
Rest times have a babe to tussle
On the floor with you and roll.

—J. M. LEWIS in Houston Post.

Team Work Needed.

New York World: Team work won a baseball championship. Citizens who pull together can win a city.

Brains vs. Business Methods.

Providence Bulletin: It may be a mere coincidence, but the three most pronounced theatrical successes of the season in New York so far have been made by managers outside of the "syndicate." Perhaps brains and a little artistic feeling are still as necessary in the drama as so-called "business methods."

TWENTY YEARS AGO.

Taken from the Columns of The Herald of this date in 1885.

***Dr. McComb has found his black carriage robe. The tramp who took it away found it too scanty as a blanket and evidently placed it where it was found.

***In reply to inquiries regarding the tax levy Mayor Moore says that while Superior's levy amounts to $130,000, Duluth is only burdened with a tax levy of $50,000. The Duluth levy last year was on a valuation of $5,250,000, while this year it is on a valuation of about $6,500,000, which includes the newly annexed portion of the city. The burden of taxation will therefore, be no greater than last year, although the amount to be raised is larger.

***Capt. Holt returned home last evening after a pleasant visit to Detroit.

***Ex-Postmaster Knowlton left this morning on the Omaha road for a trip to Maine.

***Miss Matilda Metzger is going East shortly on a visit and her friends assembled at the residence of S. Levi last evening and surprised her with the nicest kind of a dancing party. Music was furnished by T. P. Brooke and two of his new musicians.

***The leading topic on the board of trade today was the reported failure of C. E. Foote of the grain commission firm of C. E. Foote & Company. Mr. Foote left the city yesterday by the afternoon train for Chicago, saying there was sickness in his family. He sent back word by a friend that any margins due by him would be settled on his arrival in Chicago and enclosed in a letter a check for $200 to pay a draft about to fall due at the First National bank. There being no satisfactory explanation today of Mr. Foote's absence, about 125,000 bushels of December wheat were sold on his account in accordance with the rules of the board, and his liabilities are about $4,300 distributed among three or four firms. The opinion was expressed that he may settle promptly with his creditors. He was formerly editor of the Superior Inter-Ocean and began business here about three months ago with very little capital.

***The Sussmilch stock and fixtures were sold today by Assignee Parkhurst to A. C. Stuart who recently purchased the Jackson stock of dry goods.

***S. K. Martin, president of the Duluth Lumber company, purchased yesterday about $200,000 worth of stock held by R. L. Henry, who has been the manager of the company for about a year. This gives him nearly all of the $500,000 stock of the company. Mr. Henry anticipates a Southern trip as soon as possible, after which he will locate in Chicago.

***A man named Larson, working at Elevator A, was struck by a parted line this morning and very seriously, if not fatally, injured.

MINNESOTA OPINIONS.

Madison Independent Press: James J. Hill says the railroads, if left alone, will make freight rates that will dry up a canal. That's too cheap. Indeed that is the other extreme, but the public need not fear so fortunate a calamity.

Anoka Herald: It's an awful thing, my friend, to be editing a country paper and have your oldest subscriber spring a poem on you.

North Branch Review: They say salvation is free. Then the country newspaper deals out a lot of it.

Albert Lea Standard: There are evidently two wings now to the Republican as well as to the Democratic party. If only the right wing could be taken from each and the two put together there might be a political party that would really represent the people.

Aitkin Age: "Turn your thoughts to higher things. Do not think that mere money getting is all there is in the world," said John D. Rockefeller the other day. Of course not. Leave that to John D., Henry H. Rogers and the insurance grafters. They have competition enough among themselves without anyone else butting in.

Mankato Free Press: Partisan politics are lost sight of in the wave of reform that is now sweeping over the country and knocking the underpinning from the wall of corruption.

Madison Independent Press: It is said that A. H. Lindeke, a big wholesale merchant of St. Paul, is the dark horse in the gubernatorial race for the Republican nomination for governor. It might be possible to elect him, but it is very doubtful. The party better take the matter under advisement. It is a fact that Governor Johnson's popularity is not on the wane.

Red Wing Republican: There is one common ground on which all factions in Republican politics can meet. Every fellow, no matter whose side he is on, is ready to declare that he is in absolute accord with President Roosevelt's politics.

Alexandria Post News: The announcement of Lieutenant Governor Ray Jones of his retirement from political life at the end of his present term opens for some aspiring candidate a legislative office which, in the past, has not received due consideration. Few state officials exercise such influence in shaping legislation as that enjoyed by the lieutenant governor and the greatest care should be taken in filling this office. The people will look to the next legislature for some important legislation but to secure it they need presiding officers in both branches who can be relied upon in all emergencies.

Ortonville Herald Star: We are not betraying Mr. Heatwole's confidence when we make the assertion that he would gladly support Belzebuh himself if the old boy stood any show of skinning Senator Knute.

Little Falls Herald: Ex-congressmen who did not show while in office that they cared particularly about railroad regulation or tariff revision, must not object if people do not take seriously their present reform pronouncements.

Red Wing News: J. C. Applegate of Cannon Falls has been nominated for a place on the state railroad and warehouse commission by the Zumbrota News and seconded by the St. Peter Herald. It would be no less than becoming for us to move to make it unanimous.

GREEDY FOR MORE.

Owatonna Chronicle: The Duluth Herald makes an eloquent appeal for the selection of able senators and representatives in Northern Minnesota, in which it says:

"In the past, with representation on its present basis, Northern Minnesota has been able to get what it could wrest and scheme away, and nothing more, and it has had little in spite of the large sums it has contributed to the support of the state and its institutions. Now it wants its swamp lands drained, made habitable and sold; it wants good roads, in the making of which it wants the state to do a proper share; it wants a liberal land policy and an aggressive campaign for immigration."

Verily the cheek of these Northern Minnesota fellows shows no limit to its growth. In spite of the fact that Southern Minnesota has the majority of representation in the legislature, Northern Minnesota, by the exercise of its peculiar qualities of cheek and on account of peculiar political conditions, has received financial aid from the state in an amount and for purposes which Southern Minnesota has never known. Now comes The Herald and declares that the state must drain Northern Minnesota's swamps, help it build its roads and be general advertising agent for its lands. Southern Minnesota has always drained its own sloughs, constructed its own roads and built up markets for its own lands. There is little doubt, however, judging from the past, that Northern Minnesota will get what it wants and Southern Minnesota will pay for it.

Democratic Party's Health.

Boston Herald: The World asks: "Is the Democratic party dying?" If it were, there are doubtless some carpers in the ranks who would say to the World what the dying Caesar said to the conspirator who put in one of the earliest and most deadly stabs: "Et tu, Brute!" But as a matter of fact, the Democratic party is not dying in states where it has the principles and the men that make it fit to live—and live to fight, so to speak! In Massachusetts, for example, it is very much alive. Likewise in Rhode Island, in Missouri and other states where it stands for principles and policies that the people will not let die. But if gangrene and decay in other localities threaten the death of the tough old party, why not look at it in the light of the thrifty and practical housewife who said to her husband when he was in his last struggles: "I dew wish ye would go on with yer dyin', and not muss up the bed clothes so!" This country never needed more than it does now a real and live opposition party.

DULUTH AND THE HERALD.

Madison Independent Press: The Duluth Herald, the best all-round afternoon paper in the West, has recently doubled its capacity for turning out newspapers by putting in a second perfecting press. The Herald deserves to succeed. Its news service is equal, if not superior, to any, while its editorial page eclipses all of its competitors, either morning or evening.

North Branch Review: "Curfew shall ring tonight," is the way the Duluth police department puts it.

Hibbing Tribune: The Duluth Evening Herald has been adding materially to its equipment during the last few weeks and now has one of the best plants west of Chicago, its pressroom even rivaling that of the Minneapolis Journal. The Herald is a clean, newsy paper, an example of what the better class of newspapers should be, and one that may be taken into the home and read. We like The Herald's policy and hope to see it continue to prosper.

Hibbing Tribune: While returning from the Forest mine Sunday afternoon Charles N. Burr encountered and killed a large black bear, one which no doubt had strayed away from Duluth.

Hitterdal correspondence Hawley Herald: Among our papers at the hotel, the one that comes nearest to the Clay County Herald in good editorials is The Duluth Herald, and we always find something that is not stale on its pages, never morbid.

Alexandria Post News: We wish to acknowledge exchange privileges with The Duluth Evening Herald. The excellence of this evening paper is a pleasant surprise. It fully compensates for the loss of the St. Paul Globe and Minneapolis Times.

Long Prairie Argus: The Detroit Journal says Port Huron boasts of a pig with only two legs.—Duluth Herald.

Almost every community has its two-legged hogs, but they are nothing to boast of. It is the two-legged hogs that President Roosevelt is after, and it is the same breed that is causing the people so much trouble everywhere.

Pine City Pioneer: There has been a report of the presence of several bears in the vicinity of Pine City of late. Duluth is not the only city in the state.

Persona Non Grata.

If you've a million, lots of folks
Will follow you around;
They'll guffaw at your musty jokes
And bow unto the ground.
In fact for you they'll even shout
If you've a thou or so,
But no one cares a hang about
A fellow out of dough.

If you've a hundred, it's a fact,
That lots'll wish you well;
A poor, lone ten-spot will attract
A gang for quite a spell.
A five will bring a few chaps out,
A two will make some go,
But no one cares a hang about
A fellow out of dough.

—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Old Maxims Mended.

San Francisco Call: Procrastination is the thief of time—but the man who leaped before he looked doesn't believe it.

Might makes right—but the burglar's jimmy didn't keep him out of prison.

Beauty unadorned is adorned the most—but few men believe it after a season at the seashore.

Judge not that ye be not judged—but you need not cease electing judges on that account; they sometimes prove to be useful.

A fool and his money are soon parted—but the fact does not differentiate him from a wise man, for the latter holds his money only a few years at most.

Charity begins at home—but some people are mistaken in thinking there is a law compelling it to stay there.

A Touching Appeal.

New York Post: Secretary Bonaparte can sympathize with "Corporal" Tanner. Some "forty dozen" descendants of Marshal Ney are appealing to him as Napoleon's grand-nephew for assistance, and beseeching him to remember "old times at Marengo and Austerlitz."

Stretching the Constitution.

Kansas City Star: Certainly the framers of the constitution of the United States never dreamed to what uses that noble document would be put. The Standard Oil company is telling the Missouri supreme court that the order requiring the company to produce its books is "in violation of the personal liberty clause in the federal constitution."

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM Tuesday and Wed. Wednesday Mat.
MR. JOHN C. FISHER
Presents England and America's Best and Most Popular
"SAN COMIC OPERA TOY"
Original Production. Direct from its Fourth Engagement at Daly's Theater, New York, with an excellent cast of Broadway Favorites and Large Singing Chorus.
Gorgeously Gowned With new scenery and brilliant electric effects.
Magnificently Presented
Prices: 25c to $1.50; Mat. 25c to $1
Saturday "The Show Girl" Prices 25c to $1; Mat. 25 to 75c

METROPOLITAN
W. H. LONGSTREET, MGR.
Tonight and all week except Saturday
—THE—
"Parisian Belles"
From the Gay Boulevards.
Bargain Matinees Tuesday, Thursday (Ladies Day) and Friday Night. Prices: 15c, 30c and 50c; Matinees, 20c and 30c.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Another Good Thing

about the Gordon patent cap is that it can be worn in the early fall.

Warm as toast when you need it.

Not too heavy to wear at any time.

With elderdown bands $1
With fur bands $1.50
Extra quality, hand-made $2.00

A WARM WELCOME FOR ADMIRAL TOGO

Naval Commander Returns to Tokio to Report to Emperor.

Tokio, Oct. 22.—Yesterday was made memorable in the annals of Japan by the public entry of Admiral Togo, who came to report to the emperor the return of his fleet from the war.

The distinguished naval officer arrived at the Shimbashi station at 10:30 a. m. He was met by the ministers of state, generals, admirals, members of the diplomatic corps and hundreds of officials and private citizens who extended him a warm welcome to the capitol. He was accompanied by his staff and Admirals Kataoka, Kamimura and Dewat, together with their respective staffs.

The party entered five imperial carriages placed at their disposal and led by his majesty's aide, Admiral Inouye, drove direct to the palace, reaching there at 11 o'clock, when they were received in audience by the emperor.

Admiral Togo's carriage, escorted by a bodyguard of troopers, passed through a triumphal arch in front of the railway station. The streets were lined with an admiring crowd, who shouted hearty banzals as the party passed along. The ring of the enthusiastic cheers mingled with the noise of the bands was audible for a great distance.

Gen. Sakuma detailed three battalions of guards of honor. The battalions were composed of men from the Tokio garrison and were under command of Maj. Gen. Togo. Four guns located at Hibiya park fired salutes. The day was a beautiful one and all Tokio was out, irrespective of age, to welcome the victor of the battle of the Sea of Japan.

Admiral Togo, after his audience with the emperor, returned to his ship.

In receiving Admiral Togo's report, the emperor warmly praised the service rendered by him, his officers and men.

CREDIT MEN'S ASSOCIATION

Directors, In Annual Session, Will Discuss Various Improvements.

Chicago, Oct. 22.—Members of the board of directors of the National Credit Men's association met here today in their annual meeting.

One of the principal features of the work of the directors will be the forming of an adjustment bureau to meet the needs of associations in various parts of the country. Many cities in the country have bureaus for the adjustment of claims against debtors and assert that by co-operation many estates are administered to the advantage of creditors and the estate as well. The improvement of the mercantile agency system of reaching reports will also be taken up with a view of affording members closer and more accurate information of those to whom they extend credit. The matter of securing and regulating laws relative to debtors and creditors will also receive attention.

The board of directors consists of fifteen members, together with the officers of the national association.

ONLY A SUGGESTION.

But It Has Proven of Interest and Value to Thousands.

Common sense would suggest that if one wishes to become fleshy and plump it can only result from the food we eat and digest and that food should be albuminoids or flesh forming food, like eggs, beefsteak, and cereals; in other words the kinds of food that make flesh are the foods which form the greater part of our daily bills of fare.

But the trouble is that while we eat enough and generally too much, the stomach, from abuse and overwork, does not properly digest and assimilate it, which is the reason so many people remain thin and under weight; the digestive organs do not completely digest the food forming beefsteak and eggs and similar wholesome food.

There are thousands of such who are really confirmed dyspeptics, although they may have no particular pain or inconvenience from their stomachs.

If such persons would lay their prejudices aside and make a regular practice of taking, after each meal one or two of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets the food would be quickly and thoroughly digested, because these tablets contain the natural peptones and diataste which every weak stomach lacks, and by supplying this want the stomach is soon enabled to reach its natural tone and vigor.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets digest every form of flesh forming food, meat, eggs, bread and potatoes, and this is the reason they so quickly build up, strengthen and invigorate thin, dyspeptic men, women and children.

Invalids and children, even the most delicate, use them with marked benefit as they contain no strong, irritating drugs, no cathartic nor any harmful ingredient.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets is the most successful and most widely known of any remedy for stomach troubles because it is the most reasonable and scientific of modern medicines.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are sold by every druggist in the United States and Canada as well as in Great Britain, at 50 cents for complete treatment.

Nothing further is required to cure any stomach trouble or to make thin, nervous dyspeptic people, strong, plump and well.

CHIEFS ARE WORRYING

Have No Standard Bearer For Coming Mayoralty Struggle.

B. G. Segog Declines To Run—W. S. McCormick Would.

Byron G. Segog has declined to accept the support of the Republican party bosses for the mayoralty nomination on the stated grounds that his business will not permit him to do so. It would seem also that "By" has no string to the declination and that he means what he says. The Republicans who were girding up their armor to support him, and their name was legion, are very much disappointed. Now the party is at a loss to know what to do to defeat Mayor Cullum. The latest move is to make every effort to have a fight start in the Democratic camp and some little nucleus of such a condition is being fostered. It is understood that there have been numerous meetings of late among those who would give the mayor his quietus and several Democrats have been proposed for a try for the nomination against him. But sentiment has not crystalized that way to any extent.

Numerous Republicans have been "mentioned" in connection with the coming tussle for mayoralty honors, but who will take it is still a problem. E. L. Millar, E. M. Ferguson, C. A. Duncan, Ernest Jefferson, and half a dozen others have been talked about but there are various conditions, which it is claimed, will bar the way of each. However, a new Richmond is in the field in the shape of W. S. McCormick, city comptroller. Mr. McCormick, it is said, will make the run for mayor if the party can agree upon him. There's the rub: "If the party can agree." The party has not up to date and most of the party does not expect to.

Besides, while Mr. McCormick is really a fine young man and has made some excellent runs for the office which he now holds, the party chiefs evidently feel that he has been accorded honor which should be sufficient to the ambition of most young men; he has been placed high in the party councils, given the leading business office of the city and therefore must not become too ambitious because "by ambition fell the angels" and he might stub his toe if encouraged to take his eyes off the ground and look higher for too long a period.

It is getting to be too serious for joking with the Republicans. They must defeat Mayor Cullum to restore the prestige of, not the party, but of the chiefs of the party. It is indeed a poor chief who has no plums to distribute and that is the condition just at present among the adherents of the G. O. P. A candidate must be found and mayhap, with terror prodding them into a sweat-walk, the Republican leaders will chose somebody who will be fairly good. But it will not be a case of him being satisfactory to the party that he will get the proper support, but because he will "satisfy" the chiefs.

And yet again the condition is so desperate that the candidate may not have to promise much, for instead of there being lots of good material available, which is the usual case, the generally ambitious ones are exceedingly shy, for the reason that when they throw their castor into the ring they realize that they are in for a terrific fight, with the chances all against them.

MONUMENT FOR FIRST PYTHIAN

Copper Country Knights To Honor Late Major Rathbone.

An effort is being made by the Knights of Pythias in the copper country to raise money for the purchase of the old schoolhouse and grounds at Eagle Harbor, Mich., where Maj. J. H. Rathbone wrote the ritual and virtually founded the order in 1864.

The local knights have been apprised of the movement and have been asked to help. Souvenir buttons containing pictures of Maj. Rathbone and the old schoolhouse are being sold for nominal figures, and the proceeds of the sale will be applied to the schoolhouse fund.

The local Keepers of records and seals have been supplied with the buttons, and they and other local knights will dispose of them as fast as possible. The knights now have an option on the schoolhouse and grounds, and the property must be purchased as soon as possible.

The ritual prepared by Maj. Rathbone while he was teaching school in the little Michigan hamlet is still in use, and there are now over 600,000 members in the society. The schoolhouse grounds will be beautified and a suitable monument erected in honor of Maj. Rathbone.

FACTORY IS SOLD.

Alderman Lyle Disposes of Interests in Duluth Cigar Company.

After operating the Duluth Cigar factory for about two months, Alderman A. J. Lyle has disposed of his interests to W. A. Kehtel and Alderman E. A. Tessman.

The factory was formerly owned by L. A. Van Praagh, who disposed of it to Mr. Lyle when he moved to Winnipeg.

Mr. Tessman has been connected with the firm of H. J. Haug & Co., for several years, and Mr. Kehtel has been foreman of the factory under the ownership of Mr. Van Praagh.

Wife Charges Cruelty.

Anna Erickson has brought suit in district court to obtain a decree of divorce from Ewan Erickson, on the grounds of cruel treatment and drunkenness. Mrs. Erickson claims that her husband became infuriated while drunk last spring, and drove herself and little daughter from their home, after he had beaten her. Erickson is 50 years of age. His wife is two years younger. They were married in Sweden and have five children with ages ranging from 7 to 27 years.

Mrs. Galloway Desires Devorce.

Mrs. Princia C. Galloway, against whom her husband filed information of insanity in probate court, last June, has instituted divorce proceedings in district court. Mrs. Galloway alleges that since their marriage, in October, 1904, her husband has been attempting to get her to sell her property. She claims that when Galloway was informed that her parents held a mortgage on it, he was in a rage and threatened to drive her away from home. It is also alleged by Mrs. Galloway that her husband struck her June 11 last and that he has frequently threatened her unless she accede to his demands. Mrs. Galloway is 23 and her husband is 29 years of age. They have no children.

SECURE AN OPTION.

Earnest Money Paid On Proposed Y. M. C. A. Building Site.

By putting up earnest money to the amount of $15,000, the Y. M. C. A. has secured an option on the site proposed for the new building at the corner of Third avenue west and Second street.

The lot is 100 by 100 feet, and located directly north of the Board of Trade building. An option is also held on a lot 50 by 140 feet on Second street.

The Elks have an option on a lot 40 by 100 feet on the avenue between the Board of Trade building and the proposed site of the Y. M. C. A. building, and this makes it a difficult problem to secure the proper light for the basement. Some arrangement may be made with the Elks for a trade, but otherwise the building plans will have to be altered somewhat.

Apitezo

substantial



Patent Flour Sifter. Only

9c

5 foot Ironing Boards with Stand and Iron Rest. Only

69c

You Can Buy What You Want on Credit at Kelly's

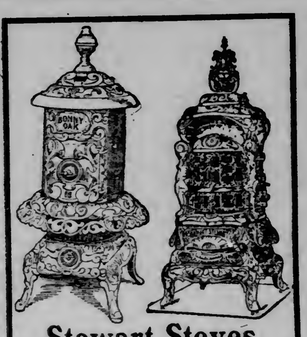
Our Terms, Like Our Prices, Are Decidedly Lower Than Those of Other Stores in Duluth. Plan Your Payments to Suit Income and Remember That We Will Trust You.

3 fold Oak Screens, Silkoline Filled. Only

85c

Bamboo Wall Racks with 3 shelves. Only

55c



Stewart Stoves

ARE THE BEST HEATERS.

$1 Down and $1 a Week.



TABLES.

Like the cut, made of quarter-sawed oak or birch mahogany, 20-inch top with a neatly carved rim—heavy turned legs—sells regularly at $2.50—special price..... $1.80



DINNER SETS!

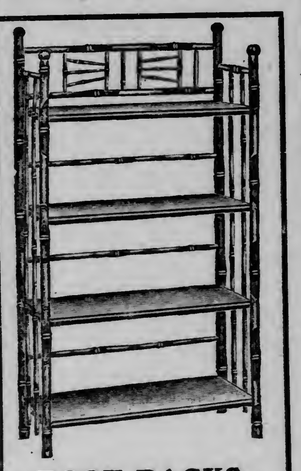
100 pieces of real China—clear, thin and flawless, handsome, painted decorations. The set contains everything you need, and sells regularly at $23.50 to $25.00. We bought all the factory had—bought 'em cheap. They are yours for..... $14.35



COMFORTABLE

Rockers!

Exactly like cut—made of solid oak or birch mahogany. Real leather seats—Fancy turned spindles—and upholstered backs—a $5.00 Rocker for..... $3.35



BOOK RACKS.

Neat and well-finished—they are 48 inches high and 24 inches wide—have four large shelves and will hold about 60 volumes—most stores would say $3—our special.... $1.80

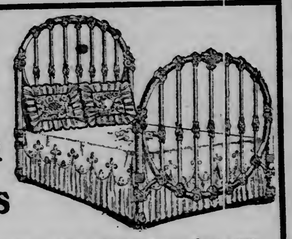


SIDEBOARDS.

Some very handsome SIDEBOARDS worth $7.50—made of solid oak, beautifully grained—with beveled French plate mirror, special.... $11.95

These Heavy Circle-Shaped

Iron Beds



Seven spindles—large tubing—any color; complete with supported spring and soft top mattress for

$11.45

It's an outfit worth $17.50.



This oak DINING TABLE has large top and heavy rim. The legs are thick and massive—table extends to 6 feet long. Other stores ask $10—our price..... $6.85



GLOBE-WERNICKE SECTIONAL BOOK CASES

Protect your books. The book case that grows with your library. Per section $2.25 and up.



OAK DRESSERS!

An oak DRESSER with a full swell front, quarter-sawed. Three large drawers. The top is 36 x20. The dresser has an oval French plate, beveled mirror, 16x28—Our very special price..... $8.95



DINING CHAIRS

A splendid DINING CHAIR—has engraved back and turned spindles—braces make this chair especially strong—only..... 83c



High Chairs

Like the cut, but with cane seat. The back is broad and neatly carved. Has a strong foot rest and a table that securely fastens the child in. Regular price $2.25. On sale at..... $1.80

You'll save money by trading at Kelly's. We have furnished most of the homes in Duluth. How about yours?

The F. S. KELLY Furniture Co.

226-228 W. SUPERIOR ST., DULUTH

We aim to make this the Credit House Furnishing Store for the people. It's easy to pay for what you buy at Kelly's

DIFFERENCE IN LOADING

Ore Handling Conditions Have Improved Marveously In Decade.

Two Minutes Given Work Now Which Formerly Took a Day.

There is a vast difference in the loading capacities of today and a few years ago at ore docks along the Great Lakes and what today is an ordinary record of loading would have sounded like a fairy tale only a decade or two ago.

"In the year 1872 the railway system for the Lake Superior iron trade was 'completed,' as was then announced by the building of the Chicago & Northwestern to Escanaba, and the consolidation of the Marquette & Ontonagon, and their extension as far as L'Anse, thus establishing railway communication from Chicago to the head of Keweenaw bay on Lake Superior, says the Marine Review. The consolidated road had an ore shipping pier at Marquette, and in that year built a second one at L'Anse. The former was the beginning of the system that has since become the terminus of the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway, and the latter was long ago abandoned, and only a short time ago leased as a merchandise shipping dock to the village of L'Anse. It was partially, but not wholly destroyed by fire many years ago.

"Thirty years ago the L'Anse dock was the most modern pier in existence. It was 546 feet long, thirty-six feet wide, and built on forty-three bents of piling thirty-six feet high. Each pocket held about seventy-five tons of ore, the total capacity of the dock 6,000 tons, and the base of the pockets only twenty feet above the water. As the ore slides by gravity from the pocket to the ship's hold, the hinge-hold, to which the chute is attached, must be so high above the vessel's side that ore will readily slide down the chute. So low were the docks of ships thirty years ago that a height of twenty feet was ample to give sufficient incline to the chute. The new dock of the South Shore will have the hinge-hold forty feet above the water level.

"In the older days referred to, operations were at such a rate of speed that it is recorded that 6,000 tons were shipped from the L'Anse dock in a single day, and that one vessel of 476 tons, marvelous to relate, was loaded in seventy-five minutes. At that time the average capacity of ships was about 650 tons, ranging from 400 to 1,100.

"In 1904 the ship Augustus B. Wolvin, then the largest ship on the lakes, loaded 10,245 gross tons of ore in 83 minutes at the Alleuez ore docks, and was at the dock a total period of 180 minutes. Nine thousand tons of this load were put on in 34 minutes. The same year the ship J. H. Peavy loaded 6,585 gross tons in 51 minutes, and the preceding season the J. H. Hoyt loaded 5,250 tons in 30.5 minutes.

"The modern ore shipping pier is not the least complex and interesting factor in the transportation situation. Its foundation is frequently 40 feet below water level, and consists of a series of piling that cannot have much cross-bracing until the surface of the water is reached. About the water there is a height of 60 to 70 feet more, and away on top of this is the enormous moving load of trains and locomotives, for an average of which 4,000,000 lbs. is a low estimate. Air brakes on the cars stop them in a yard or two, and there is a pressure of up to 2,500,000 foot-pounds to be taken up every time a train stops, or hundreds of times daily by the longitudinal bracing of the pier. Added to this is the fact that the center of permanent load may be 90 to 95 feet above foundations. Docks require an enormous amount of timber, probably from 6,000,000 to 7,000,000 feet for an average pier, nowadays, and problems met by the construction engineer are serious. The demand, is on one hand, for more bracing, and on the other for less severe switching and lighter locomotives at docks."

No one would ever be bothered with constipation if everyone knew how naturally and quickly Burdock Blood Bitters regulates the stomach and bowels.

MARKLE MINERS RETURN TO WORK.

Hazelton, Pa., Oct. 22.—The miners of G. B. Markle & Co., who struck last week, decided Sunday to return to work. The driver boy who was the cause of the trouble must remain idle until the question of his wages is decided by the conciliation board, which the men and the company have agreed shall settle the issue. The driver boy quit because he claimed he was not being paid the standard rate. When refused reinstatement the other drivers struck and the miners followed suit.

New Cure for Cancer.

All surface cancers are now known to be curable, by Bucklen's Arnica Salve. Jas. Walters of Duffield, Va., writes: "I had a cancer on my lip for years, that seemed incurable, till Bucklen's Arnica Salve healed it, and now it is perfectly well." Guaranteed cure for cuts and burns. 25c at all druggists.

Good Watches Cheap

At Harris & Esterly's Jewelry store, 428 W. Superior street, Spalding Hotel.

Pale, Thin, Nervous?

Then your blood must be in a very bad condition. You certainly know what to take, then why not take it?—Ayer's Sarsaparilla. If you doubt, then consult your doctor. We know what he will say about this grand old family medicine.

We have no secrets! We publish the formulas of all our medicines. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.



How to Choose Your Underwear

Every man and woman interested in healthful dressing should write at once for the handsomely illustrated booklet about

WRIGHT'S Health Underwear

"The Loop of Health and the Fleece of Comfort." It will be sent **FREE.** It contains many valuable hygienic suggestions. It also tells how to secure the genuine health garments at the price of ordinary underwear. Write to-day. Address

WRIGHT'S HEALTH UNDERWEAR CO.,
75 Franklin Street, New York.

LONG WALK FOR A ROBBED MAN

Knife River Saloon-keeper Takes Stroll With Highwayman.

When Patrick Donovan, a saloonkeeper at Knife River, completed the task of counting the contents of his cash drawer late Saturday night, it was to look into the barrels of two formidable revolvers and hear the harsh command: "Hold up your hands and give me your money."

The bandit was a man who had hung around Donovan's place all the evening. He appeared to have no friends there and had very little to say. He had remained until there was no one else in the place except the proprieter.

The saloonkeeper was loath to give up the day's earnings, receipts which were big. He refused, despite the urging of the two big revolvers, to hand over the cash, but stood aside and told the highwayman to help himself. As the saloonkeeper appeared to be unarmed, the robber went ahead and rifled the till.

After he had placed all the money in his pockets, he ordered the aged saloonkeeper, who is a cripple, to march out of the place before him. There was nothing for the old man to do but comply. He was obliged to walk several miles and when they were within two and a half miles of Two Harbors, the robber took his departure and bade the saloonkeeper return home.

The bandit is described as a man about 40 years of age, weighing 160 pounds, about five feet, seven inches high and clean shaven. He has sandy hair.

CRUSHED UNDER PASSING TRAIN

Switchman Is Instantly Killed In Great Northern Yards.

With both arms and his head severed from his body, Alfred Olson, a switchman, was instantly killed by a train at the foot of the Great Northern trestle early yesterday morning.

Olson had been riding on a freight train, and, according to the story of a companion, had jumped off to throw a switch. He did not notice another train approaching from the opposite direction, and was struck and rolled under the wheels. Both arms and his head were severed from his body, and his chest was horribly mangled. There was hardly a part of the body which escaped injury in some manner, and death was doubtless instantaneous.

Olson, as far as could be learned, was a single man. He had been employed as a switchman about a month, and boarded at the Superior house in Superior.

The body has been removed to Durkan & Crawford's morgue, where it is being held pending the arrival of relatives from Superior and Deer River.

Coroner McCuen viewed the body and decided that there was no necessity for an inquest as death was undoubtedly accidental.

Scald head is an eczema of the scalp—very severe sometimes, but it can be cured. Doan's ointment, quick and permanent in its results. At any drug store, 50 cents.

KILLED BY BROTHER-IN-LAW.

Plattsmouth, Neb., Oct. 23.—George Stadler was shot and instantly killed by Frank L. Busche his brother-in-law, at the Busche home late Saturday night. Stadler was trying to force an entrance to the house where his wife and children had taken refuge after he had threatened to kill them. He threatened to kill Busche unless admitted and had broken down a door when the shot was fired. A coroner's jury acquitted Busche.

GEORGE A. MASON DIES.

Popular Salesman Succumbs After An Illness of Several Weeks.

George A. Mason, aged 45 years, and one of the most popular salesmen at the Head of the Lakes, died of dropsy at St. Mary's hospital, Saturday night, after an illness of several weeks.

Mr. Mason had been employed by the



GEORGE A. MASON.

Pig Duluth store for eleven years, and previous to that had been connected with the Great Eastern. He was a member of the Maccabees, Foresters and Retail Clerk's union. Two brothers survive him, one of whom lives in Bay City and the other in Rutland, Vt.

CHARGED WITH SHOPLIFTING

Mrs. Mary Bellanger Is Arrested In Ten Cent Store.

Charged with shoplifting, Mrs. Mary Bellanger, the wife of a blacksmith living at 306 St. Croix avenue, was arrested Saturday evening in the ten-cent store by Officer Link.

The woman was hysterical after her arrest and threatened to kill herself if she was locked up.

"If you lock me up, I will tear my skirt into strips and hang myself," she said.

The woman entered the store early in the evening when it was crowded with shoppers, and is claimed to have concealed articles valued at about $1.75 about her person. A bar of soap unwrapped, which dropped to the floor, attracted the attention of the manager, and she was arrested by Officer Link who was called in. At headquarters she gave up five small doilies, eight yards of silk ribbon, two pairs of hose, three cakes of soap and a necklace.

She was plentifully supplied with money and offered to put up $100 cash bail for her release.

Don't Borrow Trouble.

It is a bad habit to borrow anything, but the worst thing you can possibly borrow, is trouble. When sick, sore, heavy, weary and worn-out by the pains and poisons of dyspepsia, biliousness, Bright's disease, and similar internal disorders, don't sit down and brood over your symptoms, but fly for relief to Electric Bitters. Here you will find sure and permanent forgetfulness of all your troubles, and your body will not be burdened by a load of debt disease. At all druggists. Price, 50c. Guaranteed.



The Safe and Helpful Beverage—

GOOD beer helps the stomach to perform its offices. It aids the digestion. The percentage of alcohol in *good* beer is very small. *GOOD* beer—Wiener—quenches the thirst and refreshes instantly and naturally. Athletes drink Wiener beer when in training. They know that it is good for them.

BLATZ WIENER BEER

The absolute wholesomeness of Blatz Beers is predetermined by the Blatz Method, months before it comes to you. Pure, sparkling water—hops—barley malt—brewed and matured in the good Blatz way. The ideal home beverage.

VAL BLATZ BREWING CO., MILWAUKEE
Duluth Branch
Lake Avenue and Railroad Street. Tel. 62
Always the Same Good Old "Blatz"

VERY DIRTY FOOTBALL

Played On Northrop Field By the Iowa University Team.

Safford of Duluth Made Good Showing With Minnesota Eleven.

Minneapolis, Oct. 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—Minnesota defeated Iowa by a score of 39 to 0. Minnesota freshmen defeated Iowa freshmen in a curtain raiser by a score of 6 to 0. Of the freshmen game nothing need be said save that the teams were pretty evenly matched and the Gopher kindergarten only won after the hardest kind of fighting.

The regular game was called at 3 o'clock, but long before that time every available seat was taken and several hundred rooters were standing on the side lines to the north of the gridiron. The Hawkeye rooters were there 30 strong and made themselves heard at every stage of the game. Iowa claimed to have a team fully 500 per cent stronger than the one which played at Chicago, Coach Chalmers was sure of holding the Gophers to a small score. All of his best men were in the game. He did not have a cripple on the field and every man was in shape to put up the fight of his life.

There were other reasons why Iowa wanted to hold Minnesota down. This is the big game for the Hawkeyes and they are supposed to be at their best. If they could keep the score to a small figure it would substantiate their claim that they suffered a slump before the Chicago game. They played a desperate and dirty game. It is safe to say that such dirty football has noth been seen on Northrop field this year. Allan of Iowa was disqualified for slugging late in the game, but not until his work was so flagrant as to call for protests from almost every spectator. Even the Iowa rooters could not stand for his attempts to kick opponents in the face whenever he got the chance. Others on the team were nearly as bad. Referee Outland many times dragged a Hawkeye player away from an opponent in order to save members of the Gopher team from being strangled. Why Capt. Current did not call his men off the gridiron is a mystery, but it is safe to say that Iowa stands a chance of being left off the Gopher schedule.

It was a slow game to the rooters. The boys from Iowa City either do not understand their football book or they are past-masters in the art of killing time. Almost every decision of the referee was discussed and quarreled about. In fairness to Coach Chalmers it ought to be said that he did not encourage this sort of thing. After the game he regretted it as much as anyone and was only too sorry anything of the sort had occurred.

It was an ideal day for football. The sun was hidden by light clouds, the air was frosty and the wind was not much of a bother. Both universities had bands on the side lines and cheers and songs made it a lively day. The Gopher team was the first to trot out of the Armory, and when the big fellows came across the gridiron they were met with a mighty yell. A little later the Iowa team came on the field and their followers greeted them with a yell that was not one whit behind the Gopher yell. Both teams went through but a very short signal practice and almost before the spectators knew it the ball was on the 45-yard line and Iowa had booted down the field. One of the great football games of the year was being played. The Gophers were after a Dr. Hatch record. Great holes were made in Iowa's line. It looked easy and followers of the maroon and gold were satisfied. End runs, line plunges, hurdles very quickly placed the ball in the shadow of Iowa's goal post. On a line buck Minnesota fumbled and the Hawkeyes got the ball. Failing to make her gains she punted the ball. Minnesota got it and very quickly had it back in Iowa's territory. When it was on the 15-yard line she lost it on a fumble and again had to carry the ball back from the middle of the field. This was done by a straight series of line smashes. Nothing else was attempted. Brush, Ittner and Cutting made the Iowa line look like 30 cents. The last plunge was for fifteen yards and carried the oval over the goal line for the first touch-down.

Notwithstanding the long gains made through her lines it is on her defense that Iowa must rest for her glory. Her offensive is miserably weak. Had the Minnesota boys not done more fumbling than in any other game of the season the score would have been much heavier. Even Brush and Current, who seldom lose their grip of the pig skin were guilty of letting it slip to the ground at critical times. The Iowa line is about as heavy and perhaps a little heavier than the Minnesota line, but her backs got down on punts in fine style and can give Dr Williams' men pointers in that regard. When the Gopher machine was working in good style nothing could stop it but any error was quickly seen by Iowa. Of the Hawkeye team it must be said that they are fast. Against a team of their own speed they are not very effective, but if they continue to improve as they have since their game with Chicago the close of the season will see them much higher in the scale than at present. Coach Chalmers plays with the team and is an inspiration to them. Minnesota continues to improve. It was apparent Saturday in every department of the game. The line played well and held like a stone wall. Only a few times did Iowa dent it and then not to any serious extent. Bargan was a little off color in the early stages of the game, but he got over it and was doing splendid work when the game closed. Safford, the big fellow from Duluth, received his baptism. He played center throughout the game. Big Dan Smith was on the side lines with a cold and Dr. Williams put in the boy from the Head of the Lakes. This was his first real try-out and he made good all the time. He withstood the charges like a rock from his native soil and displayed good form in charging. He passed the ball with precision and in every way showed that he was of varsity caliber. Joe Cutting played his usual star game, but was sore at himself for missing three goals from difficult angles. The big fellow cried over this for he did want the score to equal that made by Chicago against Iowa. The three goals would have done it. Capt. Current has recovered from his sickness of a week ago and played his usual fine game. He got into every play and frequently lugged the ball for long gains. Ittner, Marshall, Kremer, Larkin, all did good work. Early in the game Larkin did not show good generalship in running the team, but he soon found his mistakes and remedied them.

The result of the game was not a surprise. It convinces the friends of Minnesota that Williams has a team of top-notchers. Whether they will head the list of Western teams remains to be seen. As was expected, Michigan won from Nebraska by a big score. Chicago won from Wisconsin not by superior football, but by a place kick by Eckersoll. Should Minnesota equal or beat the Michigan score with Nebraska, her title ought not to be questioned, provided she beats the Badgers by a comfortable score. However, King is foxy, and the Badgers may spring some surprise. The edict has gone forth at Madison that the Gophers must be beaten at all hazards. The best of friends against any common foe, the two big institutions are fierce rivals on the gridiron. Every Minnesota student wants Wisconsin to win from every other institution, but every Minnesota student looks on the Badger team as a deadly rival until after the game. Five thousand Gopher students would have given their eye teeth to have King's men roll up a big score against Chicago Saturday.

In speaking of the game here Saturday, Coach Chalmers of Iowa said: "I consider Minnesota a much better team than Chicago, and judging from the showing of Iowa against these two big teams, I think that Minnesota could defeat the Maroons. I am satisfied with the showing made by Iowa."

The line-up:

Minnesota.	Position.	Iowa.
Marshall	Left end	Streff
Ittner	Left tackle	Schwinn
Vita	Left guard	Rockwood
Safford	Center	Moore
Olch	Right guard	Atkinson
Brush	Right tackle	White
Burgan	Right end	Knapp
Larkin	Quarterback	Kent
Cutting	Left half	Murphy
Kremer	Right half	Allen
Current	Half back	McGowan

Substitutes—Sanborn for Olch, Fritzel for Kent, Chalmers for Murphy, Green for Chalmers, Tripper for Allen, Simons for Knapp, Allen, disqualified.

Touchdowns—Cutting, 2; Current, 2; Ittner, Kremer, Vita, 1. Goals—Cutting, 4; missed goal, Cutting, 3.

Officials—Umpire—Outland. Referee — Gale. Head linesman—Hammell. Time of halves, 35 minutes.

CHICAGO WON

From Wisconsin By 4 to 0 After a Fierce Struggle.

Madison, Wis., Oct. 23.—Walter Eckersall, Chicago's quarterback, on Saturday for the third time brought victory for the University of Chicago football team over Wisconsin. Three times, with the ball within scoring distance of the Wisconsin goal line, he tried to drop kick a goal. The third trial was successful, the ball sailing squarely between the goal posts and placing four points to the credit of the Chicago team.

This was all the scoring done by either team. Three times the Wisconsin team had the ball within twenty yards of Chicago's goal line. Once it rested on the ten yard line, but with defeat staring them in the face, Chicago's linemen dug their feet deep into the soft ground and threw back the Wisconsin men. Twice Chicago had the ball within twenty yards of Wisconsin's goal line. The first time Wisconsin not only held Chicago but actually forced a loss of two yards in two downs and Eckersall tried a drop kick which went wide. In the second half, however, when again Wisconsin's eleven had hurled back the Maroons, Eckersall dropped back, receiving the ball on a perfect pass by Gale and after getting away it sailed between the goal posts, carrying with it all the hopes of Wisconsin for the western championship this year.

The work of the Maroon team centered around the little dodging quarterback. His clever work in running back punts sono taught Wisconsin for the the ball away from him as much as possible when Wisconsin was forced to punt, but on the offense Eckersall's work stood out. Two spectacular runs on trick plays, one of them for thirty-two yards, brought the enormous crowd to its feet cheering madly. It was this run for thirty-two yards in fact that made possible the drop kick that followed immediately after.

The struggle was probably one of the fiercest ever seen on a Western gridiron. It was football, clean, hard, each man playing to the last ounce. Little fumbling was done. Chicago men let the ball get away from them three times, the last time almost resulting in a touchdown for Wisconsin, as Eckersall dropped a punt on Chicago's fifteen-yard line. Wisconsin fumbled twice. Outside of this the play was clean and sharp. Chicago used no substitutes. Wisconsin used two, Deering and Clark, replacing Johnson and Findlay near the close of the second half.

Summing up the whole game, Wisconsin's line was apparently the better, the team as a whole a little better balanced than Chicago's. But the Chicago men rallied when their goal was really in danger. Chicago's back field excelled Wisconsin's because of the work of Erkersall, and the latter put much more speed in the game of the Maroons than did Metzner for Wisconsin. Fully 10,000 witnessed the game.

Other Games Saturday.

Columbia, 10; Amherst, 10.
Pennsylvania, 8; Brown, 0.
Lawrence, 12; Beloit, 0.
Purdue, 29; Chicago, 0.
Yale, 12; Pennsylvania State, 0.
Northwestern, 0; Kentucky, 0.
Annapolis, 38; North Carolina, 0.
Michigan, 31; Nebraska, 0.
Harvard, 6; West Point, 0.
Princeton, 22; La Fayette, 4.
Wabash college, 5; Notre Dame, 0.
Washington, 6; Johns Hopkins, 0.
Kansas U., 34; Oklahoma U, 0.
Manitoba, 6; Cincinnati U, 0.
Indians, 36; Dickinson, 0.

THREE MEN FIGHT WITH PISTOLS ON STREET CAR

New York, Oct. 23.—Three men fought a battle with pistols on an Eighth avenue car yesterday, and all of them were seriously injured. While the fight was being waged the car ran at top full speed as he was persued by a gang sounding an alarm and the passengers lying flat on the floor to escape the shower of bullets.

Thomas O'Brien, a truckman, jumped aboard the car at Thirty-first street and clapping a revolver to the conductor's head, ordered him to run the car full speed as he was persued by a gang who intended to kill him. A moment later two more men leaped on the car and attacked the first, all three using revolvers. When their weapons were empty they clinched and fought with the butts of their pistols. The car rushed along the avenue, the motorman pounding the gong and the conductor shouting for the police, as far as Twenty-sixth street, where several policemen boarded it and seized the three combatants, all of whom were too badly injured to offer any resistance.

O'Brien was found to have received a bullet in the neck. His assailants gave the names of Henry Pang and Thomas Sullivan. The former had been shot in the neck and the latter in the leg and arm. The three were taken to a hospital.

O'Brien refused to explain why the other two attacked him. The police think that the affray was the outcome of a feud of a notorious West side gang.

MONUMENT TO POPE PIUS UNVEILED AT BIRTHPLACE

Rome, Oct. 23.—A monument to Pope Pius X. subscribed for by Catholics all over the world was unveiled yesterday morning at Reis, the little village in the Venetian province, where the pope was born. His holiness is represented in the act of administering a benediction. The entire village was decorated, and national flags were conspicuous everywhere, while the walls were covered with inscriptions, one of which read:

"Long live Pope Pius X, the first citizen of the world."

The authorities formed a procession headed by the patriarch of Venice and six bishops of the neighboring dioceses to the house where the pope was born. The eldest sister of the pope and other relatives, who own an inn, called "The Two Swords," where they themselves serve customers, were the recepients of much attention. Many telegrams were sent to his holiness.

BEATEN AT IRONWOOD

Duluth High School Team Goes Down To Defeat.

Michigan Team Is Too Fast and Clever For Them.

The members of the Duluth Central high school team returned yesterday from Ironwood, where they were given a bad drubbing by the Ironwood team Saturday.

The Ironwood boys were lighter than the Duluth men, but they more than made up for it in their superior team work and ginger.

The weather was cloudy and cold, and the ground was covered with about an inch of snow, but there was no wind.

Duluth kicked off, and the Ironwood team advanced the ball by short but regular gains to Duluth's five-yard line, where Duluth held for downs. The ball was worked out ten yards, but was lost on a fumble, and Ironwood carried it over the line for a touchdown. The goal was missed, and the score stood 5 to 0 at the end of the first half.

In the second half the Duluth boys made a desperate effort to even things up. They secured the ball on the kick-off and by stubborn line bucking carried it down the field for forty yards. Once more a fumble proved costly, and Ironwood secured the ball, returning it to Duluth's twenty-yard line, where Duluth held for downs. It was carried back fifteen yards, but Spencer was forced to punt. Once more Ironwood started the march down the field and, after fighting for every foot of the ground, finally went over for the second touchdown, which was not converted, and the score stood 10 to 0.

The second score seemed to take the heart out of the Duluth boys, and during the remainder of the game Ironwood had everything her own way. They plunged through for another touchdown, and this time the goal was kicked, making the score 16 to 0.

Duluth made one desperate effort to score, and reached Ironwood's ten-yard line by a series of fierce line plunges, but time robbed them of the chance to score.

Spencer and Crassweller were the stars of the Duluth team. Spencer's punting was a surprise to the Ironwood boys, and Crassweller was the most consistent gainer of the Duluth team.

The Duluth team lined up as follows: Left end, Roy Bowen; left tackle, Claypool; left guard, Dudson; center, Coventry; right guard, Crawford; right tackle, Walinder and Payne; right end, H. Bowen; quarter, Crassweller (Capt.); left half, McKinley; right half, Cummings; field, Spencer.

CRESCENTS WIN.

Defeat Twelfth Avenue East Team In Well Played Game.

The West End Crescents defeated the Twelfth avenue east team on the latter's grounds in one of the hardest fought games of the season by the score of 10 to 0. The line-up:

Crescents.	Position.	Twelfth Ave.
Derthey	Center	Aronsen
Cummings	Right half	Hanson
Flynn	Left half	Newman
Swanstrom	Full	Dryer
Fario	Right end	McKenzie
Krojir	Left end	Grandy
Frank Flynn	Right guard	Star
Jay Bennett	Left guard	Howard
Kairn	Right tackle	Johnson
Kentner	Left tackle	McCauly
Drohan	Quarter	Brown

SEVEN DROWNED BY UPSETTING OF LAUNCH

Beverely, N. J., Oct. 23.—A launch containing ten men, all of Philadelphia, collided with a barge in the Delaware river off this place late yesterday afternoon, resulting in the drowning of seven of the occupants of the little boat. The other three were rescued by the crew of the tug boat Bristol, which was towing the barge when the accident happened. Those rescued are Capt. John Winch, the owner of the launch; W. F. Russel and J. Rutherford.

Gheen Denies the Charges.

Stephen H. Gheen of Tower, who has been sued for damages in the amount of $10,000, by Axel N. Hedstrom of Lake Vermillion, for the alleged ruination of the latter's daughter, has filed an answer in district court, making absolute denial of all the charges made in the complaint.

Company Asks New Trials.

The Duluth & Northeastern Railway company, against whom small verdicts were rendered in favor of Andrew Nelson and Magnus Blom, for fire damages, has filed notice of a motion for a new trial in each case. The motion is based on the grounds of newly discovered evidence and errors in law during the former hearings.



Ring out the old, Ring in the new,
Ring out the false, Ring in the true.

DR. BELL'S Pine-Tar-Honey

The new and the true, is nature's most natural remedy, improved by science to a pleasant, permanent, positive cure for coughs, colds and all inflamed surfaces of the Lungs and Bronchial Tubes. The sore, weary, cough-worn Lungs are exhilirated; the microbe-bearing mucus is cut out; the cause of that tickling is removed, and the inflamed membranes are healed and soothed so that there is no inclination to cough.

Over 4,000,000 bottles were sold during 1904 on an absolute guarantee.

The strongest evidence of the merits of a proprietary medicine is the opinion of the consumer. Here is the record: Over Two Million Bottles in 1902. Over Three Million Bottles in 1903. Over Four Million Bottles in 1904. This evidences the opinion of the consumer regarding the merits of Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey, best cough medicine on the market.

I am 89 years old and never used any remedy equal to Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey. It gives quick and permanent relief in grip as well as coughs and colds. It makes weak lungs strong.
MRS. M. A. METCALF, Paducah, Ky.

Look For the Bell on the Bottle.

25 cents, 50 cents and $1.00 Bottles
Manufactured by E. E. SUTHERLAND MEDICINE CO., Paducah, Ky.

DULUTH IS OUTPLAYED

Snperior City Team Proves Too Strong For Athletics.

Wisconsin Men Win Sunday's Game In a Walkaway.

Outplayed in every way, and helpless against the greater weight of the Superior City team, the Duluth Athletics gamely fought to hold down the score in the game played at the Superior driving park yesterday afternoon, but in spite of their efforts the team from across the bay piled up twenty-one points before time was called.

The Duluth men were clearly outclassed by their heavier and faster opponents, and the backs tore through the Duluth line in spite of the determined front presented.

McGowan, Sid Buchanan and Harris in the backfield, proved an invincible trio, and the Duluth line crumpled up when they hit it.

On the kick-off Duluth got the ball, and short gains by Heston, Arsneau, Coleman and MacDonald, carried it well into Superior territory, where Superior held for downs. Then the Superior backs commenced a steady plunge down the field, and carried the ball sixty yards for the first touchdown. The goal did not count on account of an offside play.

The second touchdown came in less than two minutes. The ball was kicked to Duluth's fifteen yard line, and McGowan got the ball. He promptly carried it for five yards on a play through guard. Buchanan followed with five more, and Harris was shoved over for the second touchdown, which was not converted.

The first half ended with the ball on Duluth's five yard line.

On the kickoff Superior carried the ball out to the thirty yard line, where Duluth held. Arsneau was caught by McGowan for a loss of ten yards, and Heston had to punt. Once more Superior started her triumphal progress, and McGowan went over for the third touchdown after a twenty yard run. August kicked the goal, and the score stood 16 to 0.

On the kickoff Duluth failed to make her gain, and the ball went to Superior. A penally cost them ten yards, but Buchanan and McGowan advanced the ball 25 yards, only to lose it on a fumble. Heston went around the end for fifteen yards, but Arseneau lost five yards on the next play. Heston made three yards, but was forced to kick. The kick was blocked by Buchanan, and the ball was carried across the Duluth line once more.

Time was called shortly after the kickoff. The line-up:

Superior.		Duluth.
Baumgartner	Center	Aronsen
Macasky	Right guard	Perry
Clements and August	Rt. tackle	Ogle
Raetz	Rt. end	McDonald
Hawksworth	Left guard	Burka
Vetsch	Left tackle	Daeh
Bell and Dwyer	Left end	McDonald
Hughes	Quarterback	Gallagher
McGowan	Rt. half	Heston
S. Buchanan	Left half	Arsneau
Harris	Fullback	Coleman

Voters Ask For Injunction.

Arguments were submitted before Judge Ensign, Saturday afternoon, in the proceedings started by several of the voters in school district No. 20 against the trustees to have the latter temporarily enjoined from paying out any of the district funds for a new schoolhouse, pending the final hearing or a permanent injunction petitioned for by the same voters.

The salve that heals without a scar is DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. No remedy effects such speedy relief. It draws out inflammation, soothes, cools and heals all cuts, burns and bruises. Sold by all druggists.

BRAKEMAN KILLED

By Being Caught Under Falling Logs at Deer River.

Deer River, Minn., Oct. 23.—At about 2:30 Saturday afternoon, while knocking off a "toggle" from a car of logs on the Itasca company's landing, Stiles Bennett, a brakeman, was caught under the falling logs and killed instantly.

Bennett has been braking on the line for five or six years. He was about 35 years of age. It is said he has relatives in Portland, North Dakota.



NEW N. Y. LIBRARY.

The New York business man Is a careful dresser, so he always wears the SINGLE and DOUBLE BREASTED SACK COATS labeled

Alfred Benjamin & Co
MAKERS NEW YORK

which give him exactly the same style, fit, and tailoring as Custom Tailoring and at half the money.

The makers' guarantee, and ours, with every garment bearing the above label.
We are exclusive agents here.

Oak Hall Clothing Co.
Cor. Fourth Ave. W. and Sup. St

SPECIAL THIS WEEK!
Gold Crowns $5
Porcelain Crowns..$5
Bridge Work $5
Artificial Teeth $5.00 and up.
DULUTH DENTAL PARLORS
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FOR SALE!
MEAT MARKET
Good location; with complete fixtures and established paying business. Horses and wagons included. A good bargain. Will stand the closest investigation.
Address—E-29 HERALD.

ALL KINDS OF HATS
Made over, cleaned, blocked, dyed and retrimmed into latest styles equal to new. Our fall blocks and shapes are here.
Hats called for and delivered promptly. Zenith 'phone 1677-D.
C. VOLLAND
20 First Avenue East. The Hatter.

TONIGHT!
Cook's PalmGarden Grand Free Concert by
SCHNEIDER'S LADY ORCHESTRA.

Workingmen and Others.
We are prepared to move you cheaper and better than any one else. Covered vans or open drays, same price. Come and be satisfied.
'Phones 482. 210 West Superior St.
DULUTH VAN & STORAGE CO.

FREE BOOK TO MEN!

MEN—If you are small, weak or undeveloped, have lost strength, our Acme Vacuum Developer will restore you, without drugs or electricity. Perfect Construction and Varicocele permanently cured in 1 to 4 weeks. 75,000 in use; not one failure not one returned. Write for free book, sealed in plain envelope.
ACME MFG. CO., 509 Barclay Blk., Denver, Colo.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—
State of Minnesota, County of St Louis —ss.
In Probate Court, Special Term, October 9th, 1905.
In the Matter of the Estate of Ezra Richardson, Deceased.
On reading and filing the petition of Lloyd M. Richardson, administrator of the estate of Ezra Richardson, deceased, representing, among other things, that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It Is Ordered, That said account be examined, and petition heard by this court, on Monday, the 6th day of November, A. D. 1905, at ten o'clock a. m., at the Probate Office, in the Court House, in the City of Duluth, in said County.

And It Is Further Ordered, That notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this Order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., the 9th day of October, 1905.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.
(Seal. Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald—Oct. 9-16-23.



Every Woman
Is interested and should know about the wonderful
MARVEL Whirling Spray
The new Vaginal Syringe. *Injection and Suction.* Best—Safest—Most Convenient. It Cleanses Instantly.
Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. MARVEL CO., 44 E. 23d ST., NEW YORK.
FOR SALE BY MAX WIRTH, DRUGGIST.

MEN NERVE BEANS quickly cure Nervousness, all results of abuse, failing manhood, drains, losses. Married men and men intending to marry should take a box; astonishing results; small weak parts and lost power restored. $1.00 at B. F. BOYCE, Druggist, 335 Superior St. Duluth, Minn

ATTEND THIS SALE



The
Columbus Buggy Co.
has bought the *J.D.Vivian entire stock of vehicles* which will be
CLOSED OUT
REGARDLESS OF COST
Never before has such an unusual opportunity been offered···Sale will last about 30 days
COLUMBUS BUGGY CO.
H.H.MARTIN··· Manager
8th Street & Hennepin···Minneapolis

APPEAL BY CHEYENN'S

For Sacred Arrows Captured More Than Sixty Years Ago.

Pawnees Will Surrender Them If Ancient Foemen are Good.

Guthrie, O. Ter., 23.—The Dog Soldier band of the Cheyenne Indian tribe, from Western Oklahoma, has been visiting the Skede band of the Pawnees the last few weeks.

The Cheyennes, to the number of several hundred, came to recover two sacred arrows captured from their tribe by the Pawnees more than sixty years ago, and this visit was the first time the two bands had met in friendly council since they were on the warpath.

The Pawnees entertained the Cheyennes with a war dance and gave them many presents, including ponies, blankets, calico and provisions, but would not relinquish the sacred arrows.

The arrows were captured from the Cheyennes in a battle on the Platte river. A Pawnee who had been crippled and preferred death to the suffering caused by his wounds had stationed himself far in advance of the other Pawnees, in a clump of bushes.

As he was picking off the Cheyennes with his arows it became necessary to dislodge him.

Accordingly a party of Cheyenne warriors on horseback made a dash for the bushes, their sacred arrow keeper in the lead. He had his arrows, four in number, fastened to a long spear, but as he struck at the Pawnee the crippled warrior wrested it from the Cheyenne's hand.

Almost simultaneously with the charge of the Cheyennes a few Pawnees, seeing the danger of their crippled comrade, rushed to his assistance. The Cheyennes were routed before they could regain their sacred arrows.

The Cheyennes recovered two of these arrows ten years ago by giving the Pawnees 200 ponies. In their negotiations the last few weeks the Cheyennes were unable to convince the Pawnees that the arrows still in the latter's possession should be surrendered. The Pawnees said that if the Dog Soldier Cheyennes should prove worthy friends of the Skedees, after the intended visit of the Pawnees to the Cheyennes next summer, the Pawnees might listen to a proposal from the Cheyennes. At the present time the Cheyennes must be satisfied with the presents they received.

The Cheyennes thought the Skedee band the most formidable in the Pawnee tribe. Likewise the Dog Soldier band is the most numerous among the Cheyennes.

The head chief of the Dog Soldiers is also a prophet and medicine man.

Flying Hawk, who was with his band visiting the Pawnees, holds this position at present. Under him are the medicine arrow keeper, with four assistants, eight priests or medicine men, and four leading chiefs, with forty chiefs of lesser importance.

RECORD-BREAKING

Orders For Equipment Are Given By the Railroads.

Chicago, Oct. 23.-The Railway Age says: In its issue of Oct. 13 the Railway Age recorded orders for 469 passenger cars, 29,629 freight cars and 324 locomotives, and inquiries for additional equipment amounting to 83 passenger cars, 17,090 freight cars and 35 locomotives. The contracts reported this week are even more surprising in many ways, and when taken in connection with the large orders expected from the New York Central, Northern Pacific and other roads show that the high records of 1901 and 1902 for freight equipment and locomotives will easily be surpassed before the close of 1905, although the volume of orders in those years was exceptional, and notwithstanding the present high prices and the difficulty in securing prompt deliveries.

The orders placed by the Pennsylvania this week for 2,500 cars, in addition to the 16,100 ordered in August, made a new record in contracts placed by a single company, and practically pre-empts all steel car building facilities during the entire year of 1906. It is stated that all car manufacturers are crowded with orders, and that the American Car and Foundry company alone has unfilled contracts aggregating over 60,000 cars, while no company can promise delivery before the middle of next year unless the order is for a few wooden cars. The greater number of the cars ordered during the current year are yet to be built and will keep the car manufacturers busy until well into the second half of next year.

From the detailed records kept by the Railway Age since 1901, of orders placed for new equipment it noted that orders for freight cars for the first forty-one weeks of the current year are in excess of any previous year, while the contracts for passenger cars and locomotives, if continued at their present rate, will also exceed any previous record.

Cures croup, sore throat, pulmonary troubles.—Monarch over pain of every sort. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

The strike of the job printers in Utica, N. Y., for the eight-hour day has been ended. The employers have acceded to the men's demands.

A gasoline launch containing four persons making its first trip on the Mississippi river exploded Sunday afternoon, fourteen miles below St. Louis, and two of the passengers are believed to have been drowned, the other two being probably fatally burned.

Justice of the Peace Daniel J. Kelleher of Beechwood borough, a suburb of Pittsburg, was found lying unconscious beneath a bridge near his home at midnight Saturday and died Sunday without regaining consciousness. His watch, money and papers were missing, and the authorities say he was robbed and thrown over the bridge, and are looking for two men who were with him Sunday evening.

A big touring car, containing three women and four men, was upset while crossing a trolley track in Hilton, N. J., Sunday, and all the occupants were thrown out. James Wilson, the chauffeur, was caught beneath the car and mortally injured, and Morris Cook of this place was seriously injured. The others escaped hurt. Immediately after the accident the machine exploded and was completely wrecked.

JUDGES NOT FORBIDDEN

Information May Be Given Out From Probate Court.

New Code Makes It Entirely Optional With the Judges.

Since the last legislature adjourned there is said to have been a widespread impression throughout the various counties of the state that the new code of laws, as relates to probate courts, was arranged so as to be especially favorable to the lawyers.

It is the understanding in many localities that the probate judge, under the new code, which will take effect March 1, next, is not permitted to give any information concerning the proper method of signing or filing papers in his court, the idea being that any person doing business in that court will be compelled to get an attorney.

This idea of the new code laws is entirely incorrect in so far as it affects the probate court. There was an attempt made, it is claimed, by certain interests, to stop the practice of probate judges giving out any information to people coming to their courts, but legislation along that line was balked for the reason that the probate judges of the state, who have an organization of their own, had a committee appointed to watch for and sidetrack any such unfavorable measures.

Not only during the last legislature, but for several terms past attempts have been made to get through bills which provided a penalty where probate judges should give information to people coming to them, the idea being to force people in probate court to employ attorneys. In one instance, it is claimed, a bill was introduced that made it a misdemeanor for the probate judge to even tell a person how to make out the papers which he intended to file in probate court.

Sometimes there are cases of estates to be settled up where the property is so very small that were an attorney to be employed, his services, with the expense of administration, would practically "eat up" the whole estate. In such cases, it is claimed, the probate court is very properly permitted to render certain assistance to the administrator in the way of giving him information as to the method to be followed in filling out and filing his papers. The court, however, cannot act as an attorney in the matter for the administrator, nor can he do any of the legal work in connection with the estate. He can simply tell the administrator how to do it and furnish him with requisite blank forms.

It is not to be supposed, however, that all the probate judges of the state are anxious to furnish this information to people doing business in their courts. In the larger counties, especially, where a considerable amount of business is transacted in probate court it is practically necessary that the papers shall be drawn up and handled, by an attorney, one familiar with the proceduro of the court, or the extra work entailed will fairly swamp the probate judge's office. Instances are said to have occurred in St. Louis county where faulty papers, by reason of ignorance of administrators and lack of legal advice, have caused the probate office about double the work they would have caused had the papers been properly made out in the first place. Because of the possibility that the papers may not be correctly drawn the tendency of the probate judges in the larger counties has been to discourage the practice of the administrators' attempting to close the affairs of an estate without legal advice.

In some of the less thickly populated counties it is known that the probate judges are not so particular in this respect and many of them give out practically all the information necessary to persons doing business in their courts, so that the presence of an attorney is rarely necessary.

Under the new code the probate judges of Minnesota are not forbidden to give information. The matter is entirely optional with them. If they do not care to give out information as to the method of drawing up the papers and filing them, nobody can compel them to do so.

Chapter 76, section 9, of the new code reads as follows:

"No judge or clerk of any probate court shall be counsel or attorney in any action or proceedings for or against any legatee, heir, creditor, executor, administrator, guardian or ward over whom, or whose estate, or accounts, he has jurisdiction by law, nor shall either of them be required to give counsel or advice or to draw or prepare any papers relating to any estate which is or may be brought before such court, except citations, orders, decrees, executions, warrants or subpoenas issuing from such court, nor shall any such clerk or any law partner of any probate judge or clerk appear to practice in any matter or proceeding before such court."

The law is practically the same in the new code as it is at the present time. The wording has been changed a little but the idea is the same.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine
Carter's Little Liver Pills.
Must Bear Signature of
Brent Good
See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION
GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.
Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable, *Brent Good*

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

Full of Tragic Meaning.

Are these lines from J. H. Simmons of Casey, Iowa. Think what might have resulted from his terrible cough if he had not taken the medicine about which he writes: "I had a fearful cough, that disturbed my night's rest. I tried everything, but nothing would relieve it, until I took Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, which completely cured me." Instantly relieves and permanently cures all throat and lung diseases; prevents grip and pneumonia. At all druggists; guaranteed; 50c and $1.00. Trial bottle free.

MADE A FORTUNE BUT LOST IT ALL

By Shipwreck Returning From Klondike and Became Penniless.

New York, Oct. 23.—That Bronx real estate is in some instances a more certain way of obtaining wealth than by digging gold in the Klondike region was made known at a gathering of several old-time residents of Fordham, who happened to meet at Nolan's hotel corner of Kings bridge and Webster road.

In the party was Joseph Brown, who had not been around there for 25 years.

Since then he has been all through the West, and even to the Klondike, where he got together $57,000 worth of gold, was shipwrecked on his way home, and landed penniless.

It was shown had he held the original small plot that he owned 25 years ago, it would have netted him at least $150,000.

According to Brown, he moved to Fordham 23 years ago, when that section was still a part of Westchester county and in the old town of West Farms. After being successful as a contractor, he bought for $900 a plot containing about 15 city lots at what is now about the southern entrance to Bronx park. After building a house for himself and living in it for years, he found New York too slow, and deciding to go West, sold the lots and house to the late Philip Duffy for about $8,500.

This was 25 years ago. Brown went West, and in telling of his experiences said that he had searched every state as far West as the Pacific coast, trying to find hidden wealth. He had not achieved much when the Northwestern gold fever broke out, and he decided to get as much ready cash together as possible and make a final effort for a big fortune.

He reached the Klondike safely, and after about two years of hard work and privations he accumulated about $57,000 in dust and nuggets. This sum he made up his mind would suffice to keep him for the balance of his life.

Fate was against him, however, for the vessel was shipwrecked on the voyage, and not only did Brown lose all that he had gathered, but all of the other voyagers were equally unfortunate. He landed in Seattle with just $57, and his health was too poor to go back for another try.

He worked his way across from the slope, and lived for some time in Minneapolis.

Finally he decided to go to New York and see what changes had taken place in a section in which years ago he was quite a political power.

So he made his first visit to Fordham for the first time since he went to the Klondike.

In Fordham, perhaps, there in no man who is more familiar with its history than "Pat" Nolan, who years ago was a hotelkeeper, and still has a place at the old stand. When the stranger was looking for someone who knew him, he was directed to Nolan's hotel, and there he told his story.

The old hotel was about the only familiar place. Everywhere new streets, avenues, fine parks and buildings have replaced the former farms. Brown asked several real estate men what his sixteen lots would be worth today, and they thought about $160,000.

JURY FAILS TO AGREE.

Denver, Oct. 23.—The jury that heard the evidence in the case of Mrs. Helen Schmidlap, charged with the murder of her husband, William Schmidlap, failed to agree on a verdict today and was discharged. The case was set for retrial on Nov. 15.

FOUND HIS BRIDE DEAD

Sad Home-Coming of Egan of Northwest Mounted Police.

Had Been Searching For Bold Indian Charged With Murder.

Regina, Saskatchewan, Oct. 23.—Detective Egan of the Northwest mounted police had a sad home-coming last week. He returned from an 800-mile trip to the wilds of Northern Canada to find that his wife, whom he married only four months ago, had died a few hours before he reached this city.

Detective Egan left Regina six weeks ago to accompany Inspector McGinnis of the R. N. W. M. P., on a trip to Cat Lake, Keewatin, in search of an Indian charged with murder.

At that time Mrs. Egan was in excellent health and the husband had no misgivings on her account.

It was necessary for the officers to go by the main line of the Canadian Pacific railway to Kenora, Ont., a distance of about 500 miles, and then strike north through a rocky wilderness and thick forest, across mighty lakes and turbulent river, for 300 miles more. The Indian whom they sought was the terror of the district and he had been having his own way for a long time.

The specific charge upon which he was wanted was that of murdering another Indian. The officers anticipated that their quarry would give them a good deal of trouble, but they trapped him rather easily. They also took charge of a half-breed, who lived in that district, and engaged him as interpreter.

The journey back, along lake, river, forest and rock, presented innumerable difficulties. The task was rendered more arduous by the fact that it was necessary to keep a constant watch upon the prisoner. After chasing him so far they were determined to take no chances with regard to the possibilities of his escape. The fact that nearly three weeks were occupied with this portion of the trip, each way, an average of only 100 miles per week, will give some idea of the work accomplished by the officers. Canoes furnished the means of transportation for parts of the journey.

When the party reached Kenora on the way back, a telegram was handed to Detective Egan, stating that his wife was very sick, and requesting his immediate return home.

This message has been missent, and it was several days old when it was delivered. Egan hurried home as soon as possible, but was unable to see his wife before she died. Even after he had read this telegram, he had not anticipated a fatal result of her illness. Mrs. Egan had been stricken with typhoid fever three weeks before, and her friends sent her to a private hospital. She rallied occasionally, but lately she has been slowly sinking. The husband is terribly cut up over her death.

Mrs. Egan was 24 years of age, and before her marriage was Miss Laura Hanley, the daughter of former Chief of Police Hanley of Portland, Ore.

Her immediate relatives are now living in San Francisco. The funeral took place here with a service at St. Mary's church, conducted by Rev. Father Sufia.

Egan is one of the most efficient men in the Northwest mounted police. He has been acting as a detective on special duty for the past six years, and has given great satisfaction to his superiors.

He served in the Dawson City patrol force in the Yukon territory, in connection with his police work, and gathered a great deal of the evidence which resulted in the execution of O'Brien, a murderer, a couple of years ago. He also assisted materially in the investigation of the Brophy hold-up (the "Soapy Woods" case) in the same district. Egan came to western Canada from Halifax, where his family now resides.

Inspector McGinnis, who is a justice of the peace, held court at Kenora, and committed the Indian for trial. The prisoner will face the charge of murder at the next assizes. His name has not been given because it is long and so difficult of pronunciation as to be decidedly inconvenient.

TIME HE MARRIED.

Farmer's Housekeeper Sues Him For Breach of Promise.

Des Moines, Iowa, Oct. 23.—John H. Banning, a wealthy bachelor farmer, residing ten miles northwest of Des Moines, has been served with notice of breach of promise suit for $15,000, instituted by Sarah Ann North.

The charges are the most sensational ever presented in a case of this nature in Polk county.

Deciding to engage a housekeeper, Mr. Banning secured Sarah North, whose cousin George North, who was at work on the farm. Sarah North will claim in her petition that the wealthy bachelor soon commenced paying attention to her, and on promise of marriage secured her confidence and love. After a child was born, instead of making her his wife, he induced her and her cousin to marry, so as to protect his name. What inducement was offered to make this peculiar contract she does not state. She claims she never lived with her cousin, as his wife. They separated and Mrs. North remained at the Banning home.

Banning renewed promises of marriage, she says, and three children were born to them. The plaintiff is a comely woman of 36. Banning is 50 years old.

MARRIED HER RESCUER.

Iowa Girl Saved From Drowning In Sea Near Japan.

Des Moines, Iowa, Oct. 23.—Shipwrecked at night off the coast of Japan, and rescued from the waves by the man whom she married three days later, was the experience of Miss Floy Donaldson, of La Porte, Iowa, who was on her way to Seoul, Korea, as a missionary. Miss Donaldson was on board the steamship Anto Maru, two weeks ago, when the vessel ran on a rock during a dark, stormy night. In a moment the seas were washing over the decks. The lifeboats had been lowered, and twenty passengers, including Miss Donaldson, had taken their seats, when a half-crazed Korean leaped from the steamer into the lifeboat and capsized it, throwing all the occupants into the sea. Another boat was lowered, and Rev. Wade Koons, seeing a hand lifted out of the dark water, grasped it. It proved to be the hand of Miss Donaldson, half conscious, with a Korean woman clinging to her waist and a Chinaman clinging to the Korean woman. All the passengers in the capsized boat had been provided with life-preservers, and all were subsequently rescued and brought to the shore in safety. Three days later Miss Donaldson and the man who had saved her life were married.



Good Cigars are Grown, Not Made.

Different processes of tobacco culture ripen, cure and ferment the leaf, gradually and thoroughly maturing and *blending* it *before* making into the

ANNA HELD Cigar—5c.

These processes — exclusive with the American Cigar Company—remove every last lingering trace of the original harshness that spoils the aroma, the bitterness that ruins the flavor, and the "earthiness" that makes the cigar burn unevenly.

The new *fermenting* and *blending* processes thoroughly combine the goodness characteristic of the various required tobaccos —thus insuring a rich, even, full-flavored, well-balanced, uniform smoke.

Sold by All Dealers in Good Cigars.
Trade Supplied by GEO. R. NEWELL & CO. MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

This Triangle A on a box of "Anna Held" cigars, is the distinguishing mark of excellence. It identifies the product of this new system of making better cigars for the smokers' money, no matter what the price.

HE COMPROMISED INSURANCE POLICY

When Supposed to Be On Death Bed and Then Lived.

Sioux City, Iowa, Oct. 23.—After having been so near death's door that he was able to compromise on $1,500 for his $2,000 life insurance policy, M. J. Harrison of this city has, apparently, regained his health, and he has had the unique experience of spending money that was intended for his widow.

C. E. Rumsey, a local insurance man, and J. C. Cummins, secretary of the Equitable Life Insurance company of Iowa, discussed Harrisons' case at a recent gathering, and a debate followed as to the advisability of pursuing such a course with any policy holder.

Harrison was a victim of an apparently incurable case of malarial fever, which was attended by marked traces of incipient consumption. After Harrison had been ill three months, the family physician assured Mrs. Harrison that her husband could not live a week. The Harrisons had no means and the wife felt keenly the need of giving him the comforts of life in his last days. She wanted him to have flowers and a trained nurse, so she hit upon the plan of borrowing money on his life insurance policy. She visited the local banks and several private brokers, but each refused to loan money on such security.

There she had a lawyer write to the head office of the insurance company at Des Moines. The company sent a physician to the Harrison home to ascertain the condition of the dying man and he reported that the man could not live two weeks and might die in as many days. So Harrison surrendered his policy for $2,000 and received $1,599 in cash.

From the day the trained nurse and flowers and delicacies came Harrison seemed to improve. Within two months he was out of bed and in a month more he was on the street. Since that time he has grown stronger month by month and now is apparently sound as a dollar. He has become the cause of agitation among Iowa insurance men in favor of a uniform agreement to compromise no policies with living policy holders.

BROOKLYN AGITATED

Over Startling Statement Made By Lawyer In Court.

New York, Oct. 23.—Brooklyn is agitated over the question as to whether or not Lawyer Alexander S. Bacon, who, when acting for the defense in a divorce case, declared that there was nothing wrong for a man to kiss his neighbor's wife, in fact, he himself had been fortunate enough to perform that feat, really meant it or was indulging in lawyer's license.

How Mr. Bacon squared himself at home is indicated by these statements from Mrs. and the Misses Bacon:

"How scandalous, how ridiculous," ejaculated Mrs. Bacon, "Why, some one came to me even before the court had adjourned with the story that my husband had kissed a neighbor's wife. Of course, he never said anything of the kind."

"Of course, he didn't, chimed in the colonel's two daughters, one 14 and the other 17 years old. "Isn't that too ridiculous for anything. Why, it's nonsense to think that papa kissed anybody down this way, isn't it, mamma?"

"Of course, my dears," answered Mrs. Bacon.

To the puplic Mr. Bacon is silent, while his neighbors have their eyes open.

The pills that act as a tonic, and not as a drastic purge, are DeWitt's Little Early Risers. They cure Headache, Constipation, Biliousness, Jaundice, etc. Early Risers are small and easy to act. Sold by all druggists.

CROSSING ACCIDENT

Results In the Death of Two Children Near Indianapolis.

Indianapolis, Oct. 23.—Two children were killed and eight other persons, three fatally, in a crossing accident two miles north of Southport last night, when car No 9 on the Indianapolis, Columbus & Southern traction line struck a wagon loaded with a party returning from the country, where they had been gathering nuts.

The dead:
JENNIE RUSSELL, aged 10.
HARVEY JAMES, aged 13.

The injured: Fred Hipe, wagon driver; may die; Mrs. Sadie Russell, may die; Mrs. Lydia Morrison, fatally injured. Walter Warren, motorman, Nellie Russell, aged 12. Harley Russell, aged 5; Lillian Morrison, aged 11.

At the place where the accident occurred a sharp curve terminates at the top of an incline which hid the wagon from the view of the motorman until it was too late to stop the car.

A Test Will Tell

What Liquozone Can Do for You--and It Is Free.

You who are waiting—we ask you again to try Liquozone; to try it at our expense. You'll regret this delay when you learn what the product means to you.

Do as millions have done—stop doubting; give Liquozone a test. Then judge it by results. Germ diseases—and there are scores of them—call for a germicide. Those are the diseases to which Liquozone best applies. Don't cling blindly to old-time remedies, if you don't find them effective. Let us prove the power of the new.

What Liquozone Is.

The virtues of Liquozone are derived solely from gases. The formula is sent to each user. The process of making requires large apparatus, and from 3 to 14 days' time. It is directed by chemists of the highest class. The object is to so fix and combine the gases as to carry into the system a powerful tonic-germicide.

Contact with Liquozone kills any form of disease germ, because germs are of vegetable origin. Yet to the body Liquozone is not only harmless, but helpful in the extreme. That is its main distinction. Common germicides are poison when taken internally. That is why medicine has been so helpless in a germ disease. Liquozone is exhilarating, vitalizing, purifying; yet no disease germ can exist in it.

We purchased the American rights to Liquozone after thousands of tests had been made with it. Its power had been proved, again and again, in the most difficult germ diseases. Then we offered to supply the first bottle free in every disease that required it. And over one million dollars have been spent to announce and fulfill this offer.

The result is that 11,000,000 bottles have been used, mostly in the past two years. Today there are countless cured ones, scattered everywhere, to tell what Liquozone has done.

But so many others need it that this offer is published still. In late years, science has traced scores of diseases to germ attacks. Old remedies do not apply to them. We wish to show those sick ones—at our cost—what Liquozone can do.

Where It Applies.

These are the diseases in which Liquozone has been most employed. In these it has earned its widest reputation. In all of these troubles we supply the first bottle free. And in all—no matter how difficult—we offer each user a two-months' further test without the risk of a penny.

Asthma	Goitre—Gout
Abscess—Anaemia	Gonorrhea—Gleet
Bronchitis	Hay Fever
Blood Poison	Influenza
Bowel Troubles	La Grippe
Coughs—Colds	Leucorrhea
Consumption	Malaria—Neuralgia
Contagious Diseases	Piles—Quinsy
Cancer—Catarrh	Rheumatism
Dysentery	Scrofula—Syphilis
Diarrhea	Skin Diseases
Dyspepsia	Tuberculosis
Dandruff	Tumors—Ulcers
Eczema—Erysipelas	Throat Troubles
Fevers—Gall Stones	

Also most forms of the following:
Kidney Troubles Liver Troubles
Stomach Troubles Women's Diseases

Fever, inflammation or catarrh—impure or poisoned blood—usually indicate a germ attack.

In nervous debility Liquozone acts as a vitalizer, accomplishing remarkable results.

50c Bottle Free.

If you need Liquozone, and have never tried it, please send us this coupon. We will then mail you an order on a local druggist for a full-size bottle, and will pay the druggist ourselves for it. This is our free gift, made to convince you; to let the product itself show you what it can do. In justice to yourself, please accept it today, for it places you under no obligations whatever.

Liquozone costs 50c and $1.

CUT OUT THIS COUPON.
Fill it out and mail it to The Liquozone Company, 458-464 Wabash avenue, Chicago.

My disease is.....
If I have never tried Liquozone, but if you will supply me a 50c bottle free I will take it.

.....
.....
.....

624. Give full address—write plainly.

Note that this offer applies to new users only.

Any physician or hospital not yet using Liquozone will be gladly supplied for a test.

SORES-ULCERS THE BLOOD DISEASED -SYSTEM DISORDERED

When a Sore or Ulcer is slow in healing it is the best evidence of a diseased condition of the blood and a disordered system. They show that the bodily impurities, which should pass off through the natural channels of nature, are being retained in the system from some cause. The blood absorbing the waste matters becomes steeped in poison which finds an outlet through the Sore or Ulcer, keeping it inflamed, painful and festering. As the blood constantly discharges its poison into these places, they eat deeper into the surrounding flesh and tissues, growing larger and more offensive in spite of all the sufferer can do, until the entire health is affected. Washes, salves, powders and such treatment are desirable for the reason that they are cleansing and also help to relieve the pain, but they are in no way curative. The blood is filled with poison, and until it is removed the sore cannot heal. S. S. S. is the only cure for these evidences of impure blood. It goes down to the root of the trouble and cleanses the circulation of all poisons and impurities. S. S. S. enriches the blood and reinvigorates the different members of the body so that the impurities and waste matters can pass off as nature intended. Then the discharge ceases, the sore scabs over, new flesh is formed, and the place heals permanently. Book on Sores and Ulcers and any medical advice you need without charge.

I have not words strong enough to praise your great medicine. I had a sore on my left temple for years. It would itch, burn and bleed, and I could not get it to heal. After taking S. S. S. awhile it began to discharge, and when the poisonous matter was out it healed. this was about ten years ago and I have never seen any sign of it since.
Gant, Mo. JOSEPHUS REID.

S.S.S.
PURELY VEGETABLE.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

A SLIGHT DECLINE

Wheat Is Weaker But Is Sustained By Armour Support.

Flax Opening Too Heavy In Demand and Prices Drop.

Duluth Board of Trade, Oct. 23.—Liverpool was higher today, being up 3/8-1/2d, but the world's shipments were 3,000,000 bus, larger than Broomhall guesed them and this with an increase in the amount on passage weakened the market. Armour had to buy some to hold prices. The export situation, however, continues very firm and this is sustaining the market. Durum and Maitoba wheat was sold easily by exporters today and foreigners are paying higher than Manitoba No. 1 northern for durum wheat. Barley and oats are also in good demand. In fact, the entire foreign situation is as good as exporters could hope for. The market opened a little firmer, but fell off later. The closing was not far from Saturday's prices and the range was narrow.

The December option in Duluth closed 3/8c lower, and the same in Chicago, while Minneapolis was a shade lower, and New York unchanged. Southwestern closing prices wer not obtainable, owing to interrupted wire service.

December corn in the Chicago market closed 1/4c higher, and in Liverpool corn was 1/4 to 1d higher. December oats in Chicago advanced 3/8c.

World's shipments of wheat and corn last week, the week previous and the corresponding week of last year were as follows:

	Last week.	Previous week.	Last year.
WHEAT.			
America	4,312,000	2,968,000	856,000
Russia	3,712,000	3,720,000	4,720,000
Danube	2,072,000	2,088,000	1,360,000
India	256,000	264,000	2,064,000
Argentina	584,000	656,000	1,896,000
Australia	40,000	128,000	384,000
Chili, N. Africa	40,000	128,000	160,000
Total	12,016,000	10,672,000	10,920,000
CORN.			
America	942,000	796,000	656,000
Russia	8,000	80,000	72,000
Danube	40,000	48,000	40,000
Argentina	2,120,000	960,000	2,552,000
Total	1,962,000	1,836,000	2,320,000

The amount of wheat on passage last week increased 1,488,000 bus., and corn decreased 1,848,000 bus.

Car receipts at Duluth were 385, against 181 last year, and at Minneapolis 675, against 677 last year, making a total for the Northwest of 1060, against 821 last year. Chicago receipts were 146, against 97 last year. Winnipeg received 436 cars of which 5 graded No. 1 hard, 251 No. 1 northern and 120 No. 2 northern. Last year's receipts were 243 cars.

Primary receipts of wheat were 1,513,000 bus, last year, 1,362,000 bus. Shipments 526,000 bus, last year, 710,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 328,000 bus.

Primary receipts of corn were 343,000 bus, last year, 332,000 bus. Shipments, 402,000 bus, last year, 256,000 bus. Clearances were 17,000 bus.

Trading in wheat in the Duluth market was very light. The December option opened unchanged at 82c, advanced to 82 1/2c, and fell to 81 7/8c, closing there, a loss of 1/8c. The May option opened unchanged at 85 3/4c, advanced to 86 1/4c, and fell to 85 3/8c. The close was at 85 7/8c, unchanged from Saturday.

Cash wheat was in good demand at 2 1/4c to 2 1/2c over December for No. 1 northern. Durum wheat advanced 1/2c.

Flax was active and offerings were liberal, the price losing considerably under the selling. October opened unchanged at 96 7/8c, fell to 95c and closed at 95 3/8c, a loss of 1/2c. November and December opened 1/2c off at 96 7/8c. November fell to 94 3/4c and December to 95 1/4c, both closing 3/4c off at 96 1/4c. The May option opened 1/2c lower at $1.01, fell to $1.00 1/2 and closed at $1.00 3/4.

Oats fell 3/8c, and rye was unchanged.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 northern, 84 1/2c; No. 2 northern, 82 1/2c; on track, No. 1 northern, 84 1/2c; No. 2 northern, 82 1/2c; durum, No. 1, 76 1/2c; No. 2, 75 1/2c; October, 82 3/4c; December, 81 7/8c; May, 85 3/8c. Flax to arrive, 96 1/2c; on track, 96 1/4c; October, 95 1/2c; November, 96 1/4c; December, 96 1/4c; May, $1.00 1/4. Oats, to arrive, 28 1/2c; on track, 28 3/4c. Rye, 63c. Barley, 34@46c.

Cash shipments: Wheat, 283 last year, 144; oats, 64; rye, 4; barley, 134; flax, 176; last year, 59.

Receipts—Wheat, 238,946; oats, 85,253; barley, 32,000; rye, 6,058; flax, 118,836.

Shipments—Wheat, 163,491; oats, 2,100; barley, 972; flax, 171,556.

Cash Sales Monday.

No. 1 northern wheat, 10 cars $0.84 1/2
No. 1 northern, 2 cars 84 3/8
No. 1 northern, 1 car 84 5/8
No. 1 northern, 5,000 bus. 84 3/8
No. 1 northern, 28,500 bus. 84 1/2
No. 1 northern, 14,000 bus. 85
No. 2 northern wheat, 11 cars 83
No. 2 northern, 2 cars 82 3/4
No. 2 northern, 1 cars 82 3/4
No. 2 northern, 2 cars 82 1/2
No. 2 northern, 10,000 bus. 82 1/2
No. 3 wheat, 1 car 80 1/4
No. 3, 2 cars choice 82
No. 3, 2 cars choice 82 1/2
No. 3, 2 cars 81 1/4
No. 3, 4 cars 80 1/2
No. 3, 2 cars 81
No. 3, 1 car 80 3/4
No. 4 wheat, 1 car 79
No. 4, 1 car 80
No. 4, 2 cars 81
No. 4, 1 car 80 1/2
Rejected wheat, 1 car 81
Rejected, 2 cars 78 1/2
Rejected, 6 cars 78
Rejected, 3 cars 80
Rejected, 2 cars 79
Rejected, 2 cars 78
Rejected, 1 car 79
Durum, wheat, 4 cars No. 1 ..... 76 1/2
Durum, 7 cars No. 2 ..... 75 1/2
Durum, 1,400 bus. No. 2 ..... 75 1/2
Durum, 3,000 bus. No. 2 arrive 75 1/2
No 3 mixed wheat, 1 car 81
Flax, 10 cars 96 3/4
Flax, 5 cars 96 3/8
Flax, 34 cars 96 7/8
Flax, 1 cars 96 1/2
Flax, 12 cars 96 3/4
Flax, 4 cars 96 3/8
Flax, 9,500 bus. 96 5/8
Flax, 1,000 bus. 96 3/4
Flax, 6,000 bus. 96 7/8
Flax, 9,000 bus. 96 3/8
Flax, 1,500 bus. 96 3/8
Flax, 1,000 bus. 96 1/4
Barley, 2 cars 36
Barley, 4 cars 37
Barley, 1 car 37 1/2
Barley, 3 cars 38
Barley, 1 car 38 1/2
Barley, 2 cars 39
Barley, 5 cars 40
Barley, 4 cars 41
Barley, 3 cars 42
Barley, 1 car 42 1/2
Barley, 1 car 44
Rye, 1 car No. 3 61
Rye, 1 car, No. 2 ..... 63 1/2
Rye, 1 car No. 2 63
Oats, 3 cars No. 2 white 29
Oats, 1 car No. 2 white 29 1/2
Oats, 5 cars No. 3 white 28 3/8
Oats, 1 car No. 3 white 28 1/2
Oats, 1 car No. 3 white 28 3/4
Oats, 1 car No. 4 28
Oats, 1 car No grade 28 1/4

Duluth Car Inspection.

Wheat—No. 1 hard, 11; No. 1 northern, 78; No. 2 northern, 78; No. 3 spring, 63; No. 4 spring, 15, rejected, 11; no grade, 1; western red, 1, western white, 1; No. 1 durum, 18, No. 2 durum, 76; No. 3 durum, 27; No. 4 and no grade durum, 10; total durum, 126. Total of wheat, 385; cars last year, 144.

Flax—No. 1 northwestern, 62; No. 1, 112; No. 2, 2; total, 176; last year, 59.

Oats, 64; rye, 4; barley, 134.

Total of all cars, 763; cars last year, 576.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Wheat Prices Are Fairly Steady With Moderate Selling.

Chicago, Oct. 23.—Higher prices for wheat at Liverpool offset today the effect of a liberal increase in the amount of breadstuff on passage and caused a fairly steady tone in the wheat market here. Pit traders were inclined to sell moderately, probably influenced to some extent by clear weather in the Northwest. Commission houses were the principal buyers. December opened a shade to 1 4/4@1 4/4c higher at 87 3/4c to 87 7/8c, sold off to 87 1/4c, and then rallied to 87 3/4@7/8c. Minneapolis and Duluth reported receipts of 1,028 cars against 1,238 cars last week and 858 cars last year.

During the last half of the session the market was steady on support from a leading bull. At the close the December option was off 1/8c at 86 7/8@7/8c.

Firmness prevailed in the corn market as a result of continued urgent demand from exporters. A sharp advance at Liverpool tended to increase the demand for corn here. Shorts and commission houses were the chief purchasers. December opened 1/2c to 1 3/4c higher at 45c to 45 1/4c, sold at 45 1/4c and then reacted to 44 7/8c. Local receipts were 167 cars, with 62 of contract grade.

The market was firm the entire day. December closing up a shade at 44 7/8@45c.

Offerings in the oats market were very light, and, in consequence, a firm tone was manifested. Export demand was the main bullish influence. December opened a shade to 1 3/4@1 4/4c higher at 29 1/2c to 29 3/4c, and sold up to 29 3/4@7/8c. Local receipts were 231 cars.

Provisions were a trifle easier on moderate profit-taking. January pork was off 2 1/2c at $12.37 1/2. Lard was off a shade at $6.77 1/2. Ribs were down 2 1/2c at $6.47 1/2.

Close: Wheat—December, 86 7/8@87c; May, 87 3/4c; July, 83 3/8c. Corn—October, 50 3/4c; December, 47 3/4@48c; old, 46 5/8c; January, 42 1/4c; May, 44 5/8c; July, 44 3/4c. Oats—October, 29 3/8@3/4c; December, 29 3/8@3/4c; May, 31 3/4@7/8c. Pork—October, $16.10; January, $12.27 1/2@12.30. Lard—October, $7.02 1/2; November, $7; December, $6.72 1/2@6.75; January, $6.72 1/2@6.75; May, $6.85. Ribs—October, $7.05; January, $7.45; May, $6.52 1/2. Rye—Cash, 62 1/2@70 1/2c; December, 70c; May, 72c. Flax—Cash northwestern, 98c; southwestern, 92c. Timothy—March, 40c. Clover—Cash, $13. Barley—Cash, 36@52c. Cash wheat—No. 2 red, 87 1/2@89c; No. 3 red, 86@87 1/2c; No. 2 hard, 85 1/2@86c; No. 3 hard, 85@86c; No. 1 northern, 87 1/2@89c; No. 2 northern, 83@88c; No. 3 spring, 79@88c. Oats—No. 2, 29 1/4c; No. 3, 28 3/4@29c. Corn—No. 2, 52@44c; No. 3, 52c.

Grain Gossip.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—The market opened fairly active and strong and would undoubtedly have sold higher had there not been considerable profit taking by outside longs. Valentine continued to be a fair buyer on the soft spots, just as he has been doing for the past month, taking enough wheat to steady the market.

Corn—Some large professionals took advantage of the strong cables to sell out their long corn. Volume of business in this cereal rather light. Think it should be bought on all the soft spots.

Oats—The strength today due to Russian cable. Houses here who trade for foreigners were the best buyers. Of course there is more or less profit taking on the swells, as oats have been creeping up for some time.

Provisions—The weakness in provisions due to packers taking profits in December and January lard and pork. Think pork, lard and ribs for the January option should be bought on all reactions.

* * *

Edwards, Wood & Co.: Wheat—The range of the market was narrow today after an opening which promised considerably more life than developed. There was a feeling of strength in the market at the opening, and the overnight buying orders which had accumulated in nearly all the commission houses drove up the price 5c before they were filled. At the high point realizing sales and scalping orders turned the market down and the close was weak at the low point of the day, a shade below the opening figures.

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WHEAT

Since the publication of our last review, a number of important developments touching the Wheat situation have come to light. American Wheat is practically on a basis where exports may be made, but the shortage of cars to transport the grain to tidewater has proved a considerable obstacle to a free foreign movement. As a result, stocks have increased at several of the primary points, despite the normal foreign demand.

In the Northwest, however, the intense activity of the mills has a tendency to hold down undue accumulations, and the shipments of Flour are something tremendous.

The speculative Wheat market is strongly supported on each decline by the most powerful interests in the trade. This support is given openly, but without any blare of trumpets. As a direct consequence of the stiffness in our markets, the foreigner has been obliged to come to us, and not we to him, as has been the custom in years past.

Alarmist rumors of locusts in the Wheat fields of Argentina have been published and denied several times. It may be that the insect pests will shorten the yield of that important country, but it is too early to make a definite statement on that subject. Disregarding the locust stories, we advise purchases of Wheat on conditions which are more clearly legitimate.

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The market is a fine scalping affair and while it is broader and better than it has been heretofore, it is still a scalpers market. Under present circumstances, wheat should be sold on the bulges and bought on breaks.

* * *

Kansas City wires: Nicollet of the Kansas City Star, recognized as authority on the Southwestern wheat situation, says: "The crop in Kansas and Oklahoma as a whole is getting an unfavorable start, and anxiety over the outcome is increasing. Fully 5,000,000 acres of fall sown wheat in Kansas and Oklahoma needs moisture."

American Wheat Markets.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
December—				
Open	82	87 1/8-1/4	95 3/4	
High	82 1/4	87 1/4	92 3/8-93	
Low	81 3/4	86 3/4	92 3/8	
Close	81 7/8	82 1/4 A	86 7/8-87 A	92 1/4 B
Close, 21st	82	87 1/4-3/8	87-1/8	92 1/2
May—				
Open	85 3/4	85 7/8	87 3/8-3/4	91 1/4
High	86 1/4-1/2	86 3/4-3/8	88	91 1/2-7/8
Low	85 3/8	85 7/8	87	91
Close	85 3/4 B	86	87 1/8 A	91 3/8 B
Close, 21st	85 3/4	86	87 1/2	91

Chicago Oats, Corn and Pork.

	Oats Dec.	Corn Dec.	Pork Jan.
Opening	29 1/4-29 3/8	45 3/4	$12.45
High	29 1/4	45 3/4	12.45
Low	29 1/8	45 1/4	12.27
Close	29 3/8-1/2	45 3/8	12.27-30

Grain in Store

At Duluth Saturday, Oct. 21, 1905:

	Bus.
Wheat—	
No. 1 northern	6,176
No. 2 northern	26,518
No. 3 spring	16,778
No. 4 spring	2,292
Rejected	7,658
Special bin	2,111,852
Mixed	3,326
No. 1 and No. 2 durum	117,555
Total	2,304,888
Decrease during week	80,240
Stocks last year	3,537,019
Coarse grain stocks—	
Corn	35,420
decrease	55,420
Oats	2,872,166
Increase	352,689
Barley	1,412,698
Decrease	236,583
Rye	174,551
Decrease	24,957
Flax	4,170,282
Increase	203,821

Liverpool Grain.

Liverpool, Oct. 23.—Closing: Wheat—Spot, steady; No. 2 red Western winter, 6s 6d; futures, steady; December, 6s 11 1/2d; March, 6s 8 3/4d. Corn—Spot, American mixed, 5s 5d; futures, steady; December, 5s 3 1/4d; January, 4s 5d; March, 4s 4 1/2d.

New York Grain.

New York, Oct. 23.—Close: Wheat—December, 92 1/4c; May, 91 5/8c. Corn—December, 54 5/8c; May, 50 3/8c.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Oct. 23.—Close: Wheat—December, 82 1/4c; May, 86c; No. 1 hard, 85c; No. 1 northern, 84 1/2c; No. 2 northern, 82c.

(6116).

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION PERIOD.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

To Russel B. Pealer:

Take notice, that the following described piece or parcel of land, situated in the County of St. Louis and State of Minnesota, to-wit: Undivided thirty-one forty-fifths (Und. 31-45) of West Half of Southeast quarter (W 1/2 of SE 1/4), Section 7, Township 52, Range 15, Except Rail-road Right of Way, according to Government survey thereof, was on the Third day of May, A. D. 1897, bid in for the State for Taxes for the Year One Hundred Fifty two Dollars and sixty-nine Cents, pursuant to a real estate tax judgment entered in the District Court in the said County of St. Louis on the twenty-second day of March, A. D. 1897, in proceedings to enforce payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year 1895, for the said County of St. Louis, and that on the Eighth day of December, A. D. 1897, assigned by the State of Minnesota for One Hundred sixty-four Dollars and ninety-one Cents, That the amount required to redeem such lands from such assignment exclusive of the cost to accrue upon this notice is the said sum One hundred sixty-four Dollars and ninety-one Cents, with interest thereon at the rate of One per cent per month from said Eighth day of December, 1897, to the time of such redemption, and delinquent taxes, penalties and costs accruing subsequent to said assignment, with interest thereon to the time of such redemption. That said delinquent taxes, penalties and costs for the year 1897 accruing subsequent to said assignment amounted to the sum of $119.21 on Feby. 28th, 1898, and bears interest at the rate of one per cent per month from said Feby. 28th, 1898, to the time of such redemption. That said delinquent taxes, penalties and costs for the year 1898, accruing subsequent to said assignment amounted to the sum of $3,537.019 on Jany. 4th, 1899, and bears interest at the rate of one per cent per month from said Jany. 4th, 1899, to the time of such redemption. That said amount required to redeem and costs for the year 1899, accruing subsequent to said assignment amounted to the sum of $26.52 on Jany. 14th, 1900, and bears interest at the rate of one per cent per month from said Jany. 14th, 1900, to the time of such redemption. That said delinquent taxes, penalties and costs for the year 1900, accruing subsequent to said assignment amounted to the sum of $23.21 on Jany. 15th, 1902, and bears interest at the rate of one per cent per month from said Jany. 15th, 1902, to the time of such redemption. That said delinquent taxes, penalties and costs for the year 1902, accruing subsequent to said assignment amounted to the sum of $19.31 on Jany. 14th, 1904, and bears interest at the rate of one per cent per month from said Jany. 14th, 1904, to the time of such redemption.

That said amount required to redeem calculated to the date of this notice is the sum of $370.34, and the time within which said lands can be redeemed from said assignment will expire sixty days after service of this notice and proof thereof has been filed in the office of the County Auditor in and for said St. Louis County, Minnesota, in manner prescribed by Section 27 of Chapter 6, General Laws of Minnesota, for the year 1877, and amendments thereto.

Dated Duluth, this Seventh day of September, A. D. 1905.

O. HALDEN,
Auditor St. Louis County, Minn.

(Seal).
Duluth Evening Herald, Oct-9-16-23-1905.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, October 7, 1905.

In the Matter of the Estate of Joseph M. Kimerer, Deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of John H. O'Brien, administrator of the estate of Joseph M. Kimerer, deceased, representing among other things, that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It Is Ordered, That said account be examined, and petition heard by this court on Monday, the 6th day of November A. D. 1905, at ten o'clock A. M., at the Probate Office in the Court House, in the City of Duluth, in said County.

And It Is Further Ordered, That notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said County.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., the 7th day of October A. D. 1905.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

REYNOLDS & McCLEARN,
Attorneys for Administrator.
(Seal, Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald—Oct. 9-16-23.

ADVANCES IN STOCKS

Reduced to Fractions By Reaction In the Last Hour.

The Money Market Continues to Be the Barometer.

New York, Oct. 23.—The stock market opened today with active trading in a number of specialties which were prominent in the dealings last week. Some of these were affected by realizing and suffered small declines, but the large majority of prices was high. New York Air Brake rose 2 1/2. Republic Steel 1 5/8, and Minneapolis, St. Paul & Soo, Pressed Steel Car and Leather large fractions. Northern Pacific suffered a loss of about a point, and Locomotive, American Car and Brooklyn Transit were slightly lower.

The absorptive power of the market was good and large, amounts of representative stocks were sold within narrow limits. This selling was made possible by the pronounced strength of a large number of stocks, but when the buying of these fell off the list began to show heaviness on all sides. Early gains had reached 2 5/8 in United States Realty; 2 1/8 in Pressed Steel Car; 1 to 1 1/2 in General Electric; Bag preferred, Cotton Oil, Hide and Leather preferred; Biscuit, and St. Joseph and Grand Island first preferred. These were reduced and some active leaders driven below Saturday's closing. Illinois Central declined 1 1/2, Westinghouse Electric, 1 3/4, and Brooklyn Transit, Metropolitan Securities, Locomotive, and American Woolen 1 to 1 1/4. Pressed Steel Car rose 3 3/8 in all and carried with it a large number of industrials. Allis-Chalmers preferred gained 2 3/4, Westinghouse Electric first preferred 2 1/2. Locomotive rebounded to over 1 1/4 over Saturday, and American Car, Railway Steel Spring, Republic Steel, Sloss-Sheffield Steel, Allis-Chalmers, the corn product stocks, American Grass Twine, Beet Sugar preferred and Central Leather gained 1 to 1 1/2. Railroad shares advanced, but were in the background of the movement. St. Paul sold 1, Central Railroad of New Jersey 2, and St. Louis Southwestern preferred 1 3/4. Great Northern preferred and International Power lost 1, and Republic Steel preferred lost its gain. Bonds were irregular at noon.

Business continued on a large scale throughout the midday period and prices advanced early. The railroads displaying some increased prominence. Reading, New York Central, Erie second preferred and Havana Electric moved up 1, Chicago & Alton 2, General Electric 2 and New York Air Brake, 5.

Realizing in Pressed Steel Car carried it off 3/8 and the general tone became slightly irregular, but new points of strength developed and sustained the general list. Union Pacific, Southern Railway, New York Central, Norfolk & Western and Kansas City Southern preferred rose about a point, American Grass Twine, 2 3/4; Chicago Union Traction preferred 2 1/4 and Havana Electric and Steel Foundries preferred 2.

Louisville & Nashville and Smelting were the prominent additions to the one point gainers in the final hours. Besides those New York Air Brake rose 5, Northwestern, preferred 3 3/4, Quicksilver preferred 2 3/8, Pacific Mail and Toledo, St. Louis & Western preferred, Southern preferred, Quicksilver, International Paper preferred and Chicago Union Traction a point or more. The taking of profits on the day's rise intervened and the appearance of the market became spotty. Chicago & Eastern Illinois certificates fell 6 1/2. The principal gains in the railroad lists were reduced to fractions and were lowered all around in the industrial list. The closing was easy.

Quotations furnished by Edwards-Wood Co., Room A, Torrey building:

Stocks—	High	Low	Close
Atchison, pfd	104 3/8	104 1/8	104 3/8
do com	90 1/8	89 5/8	89 5/8
Smelter, com	130 3/8	129 1/4	130 1/8
American Woolen	41 7/8	40 3/4	41 1/8
Am. Copper	53 1/8	52 3/4	52 3/4
Ill. and O. Ry	113 3/4	112 1/4	113 1/4
B. R. T.	78 3/8	77 1/8	77 1/8
Can. Pac. R.	173 1/8	172 1/2	173
C. and O.	58	57 7/8	57 3/4
C. G. W. com	47 1/4	46 1/2	46 3/4
Chicago pref	21 7/8	21 3/4	21 3/4
Erie 1st, pfd	87 3/8	87 1/4	87 1/4
Erie, com	40 3/8	40 1/4	40 1/4
Ills. Cent.	180 3/4	179	180 1/8
L. and N.	151 1/8	152 3/4	153 1/4
Mex. Cent.	25 3/8	25	25
Met. Ry.	127 1/2	125 1/4	126 3/4
Mo. Pac.	105 1/2	105	105
Manhattan	166	166	166
Norf. and West.	57 3/4	56 3/4	57 1/2
N. Y. C.	134 1/4	133 1/2	133 3/8
N. Y. Air Brake	54 7/8	54 1/2	54 1/2
People's Gas	105 3/4	105	105 1/4
Penn Ry.	145 1/2	144 3/8	145 1/4
Rock Island, com	32 3/8	32 1/4	32 3/8
Rock Island, pfd	76 1/2	75 1/2	76 1/4
Reading com	124 6	123 1/2	123 7/8
R. I. and S. pfd	98 3/8	97	97 3/4
R. I. and S. com	27 1/8	26	26 1/2
Rubber com	54	53 1/2	53 1/2
St. Paul	182 3/4	181 1/8	182
Sugar	142 7/8	142	142 1/4
Southern Railway com	37 7/8	36 3/4	37
Southern Pacific	72 1/8	71 3/8	71 5/8
Soo com	137 5/8	137 1/2	137 3/8
Tenn. Coal and Iron	90	89	89
Texas Pacific	35 3/8	35	35 1/4
United States Steel pfd	106 1/2	106 1/4	106 1/4
United States Steel com	39 1/4	38 3/4	38 3/4
Union Pacific com	135 1/4	134 3/8	134 3/8
Wisconsin Central com	31 7/8	31 1/4	31 3/8
Wisconsin Central pfd	63 1/4	63	63 1/4
Western Union	93 1/4	93 1/4	93 1/2
Wabash com	22	21 7/8	22
Wabash pfd	42 1/4	42	42 1/4
Erie, 2nd pfd	72 3/8	72 3/8	72 3/8
Twin City R. T.	117 3/4	117 1/2	117 1/4
Cent. Leather	47 1/4	46 7/8	46 7/8
Northern Pacific	205 1/4	204	105

Stock Gossip.

Logan & Bryan to Paine, Webber & Co.: Manipulation in specialties continues to be the feature of the stock market, and the ease with which advances are obtained encourages outside speculation to some extent, but the public interest is still comparatively small. The buying is not as aggressive as heretofore, and the trade is mostly professional, and any attempt on their part to unload will most likely cause a sharp decline. The money market continues to be the barometer, and rates today were somewhat firmer. The market has had a good advance, and think advantage should be taken of this strength to secure profits. The market at the close showed signs of profit-taking, and as a reaction is about due, think prices likely to react, but continue to favor purchases on recessions.

* * *

Dick Bros. to Paine, Webber & Co.: Most of the leading stocks went to the best prices seen for some time, but industrials were the features, nearly all of the specialties being advanced by manipulation. Money ruled at 4 per cent, but sterling exchange had a further advance toward the gold exporting point. The market was reactionary in the last half hour but the closing, while below the high level, was not weak.

Treasury Balances.

Washington, Oct. 23.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption shows: Available cash balance, $131,237,-295; gold, $74,334,702; gold certificates, $43,-352,900.

The Cotton Market.

New York, Oct. 23.—The cotton market opened strong at an advance of 13@23 points. Trading was active and excited, with heavy covering and fresh buying for long account, promoted by reports of frost more or less general over the northern half of the entire belt and much higher Liverpool cables. There was enormous realizing at the advance, and during the early trading prices reacted several points, but the market did not develop weakness, and offerings were so well absorbed that prices during the middle of the morning were firm at a net advance of 17 points.

Cotton spot closed quiet, 10 points higher; middling uplands, 10.50; do. gulf, 10.75. Sales 2,200 bales. Futures closed steady; October, 1,000; November, 10.11; December, 10.29; January, 10.39; February, 10.46; March, 10.57; May, 10.62.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 328 West Superior street:

	Bid	Asked
Amalgamated	85 3/8	85 1/2
American Dev. Co.		21
Atlantic	27	27 1/2
Arcadian	4 3/8	4 1/2
Adventure	9 1/4	9 1/2
Allouez	46	46 1/4
Bingham	32 1/2	32 7/8
Black Mountain	8 1/2	
Copper Range	75	76 1/4
Calumet & Hecla	685	690
Calumet & Arizona	113	114
Calumet & Pittsburg		37 1/2
Centennial	32	32 1/4
Denn-Arizona		15
Daly West	14	14 1/4
Franklin	18 1/4	19
Granby	8 3/4	9
Green Cons.	27 3/4	27 7/8
Isle Royale	25	26
Junction	29	30 1/4
L. S. & P.	39 1/2	40
Michigan	15 1/2	16 3/4
Mayflower	14	14
Mass.	10 7/8	11 1/8
Mohawk	60 3/4	61
Mercur Cons.	57c	59c
North Butte	56	56 1/4
National	3 3/4	4
Old Dominion	32	32 1/2
Osceola	113	113 3/4
Phoenix	1 3/4	1 7/8
Parrott	27 1/2	28
Q. and D.		27
Quincy	107	109
Rhode Island	8	8 1/8
Santa Fe	2 3/4	3
Shannon	8 1/2	8 5/8
Tecumseh	14	14 1/2
Tamarack	127	130
Trinity	9 7/8	10
U. S. Mining	35 3/8	35 7/8
Utah	47 3/8	47 5/8
Union Land	3 1/2	4
Victoria	6 3/4	6 7/8
Wyandot	1 3/4	2 1/2
Wolverine	127 1/2	130
Winona	11 3/8	11 1/4
Warren		13

Copper Gossip.

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: There was more real liquidation today than we have seen for some time. The advantages of the strength of Copper Range to sell the whole list. The buying of Butte was concentrated in two public stocks and bought 2,000 shares, houses, both of which bought 2,000 shares. Old Dominion declared a dividend of 50 cents, but the stock sold off a point on the news. Leave the cheap coppers alone for a time and buy the dividend producing ones on any reaction.

New York Money.

New York, Oct. 23.—Money on call steady, 4@4 1/2 per cent; closing bid, 4 per cent; offered at 4 1/2. Time money slightly easier; 60 and 90 days, 5@5 1/4 per cent, six months, 4 1/2. Prime mercantile paper, 5@6 per cent. Sterling exchange firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.86.75@80 for demand and at $4.83.10@15 for 60 day bills; posted rates, $4.83 1/2@4.84 and $4.87@1/2; commercial bills, $4.82 3/4@7/8. Bar silver, 62 1/2c; Mexican dollars, 47 3/4c. Government bonds, easy; railroad bonds, steady.

Midway Horse Market.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman's report: Sales more easy at stationary prices; drafters and loggers steady at prices quoted for the past week; real demand lighter for expressers and rivers; receipts large and of god quality, runing to the heavy clases. All classes moving evenly at the following prices:

Draft mares, choice	$150@200
Drafters, choice	160@180
Drafters, common to good	140@150
Expressers, extra	150@170
Expressers, choice	130@150
Expresers, comon to good	115@130
Drivers, extra	160@200
Drivers, choice	130@160
Drivers, common to good	100@130
Mules	85@200
Farm mares, extra	150@170
Farm mares, common to choice	115@150

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, Oct. 23.—Cattle—Receipts 33,000; best steady, others 10c lower. Beeves, $3.65@5.70; cows and heifers, $1.75@4.50; Texas, $3.40@4.50; westerners, $3.25@4.75. Hogs—Receipts 32,000, tomorrow 25,000; steady at Saturday's closing prices. Mixed and butchers, $4.80@5.55; good heavy, $5.25@5.40; rough heavy, $4.75@4.95; light, $4.15@5.40; pigs, $4.80@5.35; bulk of sales, $5.10@5.45. Sheep—Receipts 42,000; market strong. Sheep, $4@5.40; lambs, $4.75@7.75.

St. Paul Live Stock.

St. Paul, Oct. 23.—Cattle—Receipts, 8,000; lower, steady; good to choice grain-fed steers, $4.50@5.50; common to fair, $3.75@4.25; good to choice grain-fed cows and heifers, $3.50@4.25; common to fair, $2.75@3.25; good to choice grass-fed steers, native and western, $3.50@4.00; common to fair, $3@3.25; good to choice, grass-fed cows and heifers, $2.75@3; common to fair, $2.25@2.65; butcher bulls, $2.30@2.85; veal calves, $2@5.50; good to choice stock cows, $2.75@3; common to fair, $1.50@2.60; good to choice feeding steers, $3.50@4; common to fair, $2.50@3.25; stock heifers, $1.75@2.25; good to choice milch cows and springers, $35@45; common to fair, $26@30. Sheep—Steady; receipts, 10,000; active, strong; yearling wethers, $5@5.60; wethers, $4.50@5.00; good to choice, ewes, $4.25@4.60; fair to good, $3@4.25; good to choice lambs, $6@6.85; fair to good, $4.50@5.75; good to choice feeding ewes, $4@4.25; common to fair, $1.75@3.25; breeding ewes, $4.25@4.75; feeding wethers, $4.50@4.75; feeding lambs $5@5.15. Hogs—Receipts, 2,000; steady to lower; light, common to fair, $4.75@5.05; good to choice, $5.10@5.25; mixed, common to fair, $4.75@5; good to choice, $5.05@5.20; heavy, common to fair, $4.40@4.65; good to choice, $4.80@5.15; boars, $2@2.50; stags, $2.50@4; pigs and underweights, $1.25@4.25.

GREEN MUST GO TO WASHINGTON FOR TRIAL.

Washington, Oct. 23.—The supreme court of the United States today decided that State Senator George E. Green of New York, must come to Washington for trial on the charge of conspiring with George W. Beavers and others to defraud the government in the purchase of supplies for the postoffice department.

"KISS AND MAKE UP"

Judge Gives Good Advice to Husband and Wife.

"I Would Rather Beg First" Says the Wife.

"I suggest that you kiss and make up" said Judge Cutting to Mrs. William Birmingham in the municipal court this morning, after the domestic troubles of the family had been thoroughly aired in court.

"No sir," said Mrs. Birmingham. "I would beg before I would live with him. I've tried it too long."

According to Mrs. Birmingham's story, her husband has treated her most cruelly, driving her away from home, choking her, beating her, kicking her, and generally abusing her. She claimed that she had sleep with neighbors during the last week because she was afraid to go home.

"I've run half naked to my neighbors," she said, "to escape him. He drove me out last Sunday and I have been afraid to go back."

But according to Mrs. Birmingham's own testimony, her husband has been giving her $10 a week toward her support and that of the children, from his wages as a carpenter on the Jean Du Lhut stock farm.

She claimed that her husband had deserted her for three months in Sioux City, Iowa, but on being cross-questioned she admitted that she had gone to Sioux City and her husband had failed to follow her.

"She's got a temper that no man in the United States could stand, your honor," said Birmingham. "She'll fly all off the handle and run out of the house screaming, before you know what's the matter with her. She goes away and stays for days at a time."

"This is evidently a case of incompatibility of temper," said Judge Cutting, who appeared to be puzzled to find the proper disposition of the case. "The woman is of a very nervous temperament, and the man also evidently has a temper. It's too bad that you can't get along together peaceably.

"I can't see that there has been any actual assault committed, and I am not disposed to impose any heavy fine, although the prisoner has pleaded guilty to disorderly conduct."

"Oh you men stick together," said Mrs. Birmingham.

The case was continued for thirty days to await further developments.

CITY BRIEFS

Martin Johnson, the Duluth fireman wrestler, has accepted the challenge of Albert Hunter, the Superior fireman, for a meeting, the details of which will be arranged in the near future.

Giddings have announced, beginning with tomorrow, a sale of high-class fur lined and fur trimmed coats, representing over $15,000 at retail—a very decided saving.

Judge Ensign has issued an order permitting Lane McGregor, assignee of the De Velda Drug company, insolvent, to sell the company's stock in liquors to Frerker Bros. for $1,575.20, which is 55 per cent of the inventory price. The order is made on the showing that the offer of Frerker Bros. is the best that can be had.

The board of public works held a hearing on the final assessment for First street this morning. There were no objections filed, but it was laid over another week pending the completion of certain repairs by the contractor.

Accused of living together as man and wife at 12 West Eighth street, Jesse B. Hanker and Adele Winton Thresh, were arrested on a warrant yesterday. The man was brought into court this morning, but his case was set over and will be disposed of later in the week, when the woman will also be brought into court.

Mrs. Louis Bellinger, the woman arrested for shop-lifting in the Ten Cent store Saturday night, pleaded guilty to petty larceny in the municipal court this morning. She severally expressed her repentance, and Judge Cutting let her off with a $10 fine.

PERSONALS

Miss Metcalf of St. Paul, is a guest of her sister, Mrs. M. A. Thompson of Munger Terrace.

Dr. Homer Collins has returned from a two weeks' clinical course in New York.

Mrs. M. H. Stanford of East Superior street is visiting in St. Paul this week.

The proceeds at the matinee at the Bijou theater tomorrow afternoon will be turned over to St. Luke's hospital. It is expected that the little theater will be

Howard Storler returned to St. Paul this morning after a visit with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Storler of Fifty-seventh avenue west.

Mies & Gersen

Is the name of the new firm that will occupy the entire 50 feet front over the Duluth Music Co., as a ladies' tailoring establishment. The many requests having been made on Mr. Mies to open up a ladies' tailoring establishment, have induced him to take the matter in consideration with the establishment have induced him to take the matter in consideration, with the result that he has been able to induce Mr. Gersen to become associated with him. Mr. Gersen is one of the most capable designers in the art of ladies' gowns. Mr. Gersen will attend personally to every feature of the business and spare neither time nor money in making the establishment attractive as well as beneficial.

Mr. Mies says that he has been fortunate in acquiring the association of Mr. Gersen and that the ladies of Duluth can look forward to exclusiveness and individuality not now displayed in the city in ladies' garments.

Mr. Mies being the well-known tailor for men, located in the Wolvin building, at 110, 112, 114 Third avenue west, and as he has an already large and growing business which was established sixteen years ago and ranks as one of the foremost in the entire Northwest, the new firm has the best of recommendation through Mr. Mies. They will be open for business about Nov. 1, 1905.

MIER & GERSEN.

After a hearty meal a dose of Kodol Dyspepsia Cure will prevent an attack of Indigestion. Kodol is a thorough digestant and a guaranteed cure for Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Gas on the Stomach, Weak Heart, Sour Risings, Bad Breath and all Stomach troubles. Sold by all druggists.

A Great Sale of Fur Lined and Fur Trimmed Coats Begins at Gidding's Tomorrow!



Rich and exclusive apparel for women.

A sale that passes along to discriminating buyers the best values in these seasonable, serviceable, and comfortable Coats that we believe has ever been offered to a Duluth buying public—all of them especially made for our trade, which means that they are high class in every respect—all full and generous in size, with a grace and swing found only in garments of our standard. The materials are finest imported broadcloths and kerseys. The linings have all been properly seasoned and drummed, which means that they will not crack or shed. The fur collars and cuffs are made of one piece furs, instead of from scraps, which is so often the case, therefore will hold their shape. Every coat is fully guaranteed as good as fur coats can be made. We contracted for them last spring and saved on the furs and materials—we had them made during the dull summer months when makers were anxious to keep their best fur makers and tailors employed. Every saving that was thus made will now be passed along to you—not only that, but regular profits are reduced in order to sell quickly a quantity of these coats instead of a few, as is the case with most stores. Close to **three hundred coats will be ready tomorrow,** the first day of this sale, **representing over fifteen thousand dollars at retail,** and, we will say in this connection that we will not guarantee the prices on these coats after this lot is disposed of. We will lay by any garment until wanted upon a small part payment.

$49.50 Fur Lined Coats—Broadcloth Coats $39.50.

Deep Full Storm Collars of sable, squirrel, natural squirrel, Persian lamb and marten; lined with Siberian squirrel; full 50 inches long; colors navy, tan, brown, green and black.

$49.50 Fur Lined, Party, Street or Evening Coats $39.50.

Beautifully trimmed with braid and velvet, and effectively set off with hand-made French knots; of rich and elegant broadcloth; colors wine, green, tan, brown and black.

These garments are equal to any offered by any house in the Northwest at $65.

$110 Lynx Trimmed—Collar and Cuff—Fur Lined Coats $85.00.

Of finest imported broadcloths—deep storm lynx collars and muff-cuffs; lined with selected gray Siberian squirrel; ornamented with large silk frogs; made full length; black only. A coat equal to anything sold in the Northwest at $135.

$59.50 Magnificent Fur Lined Coats $47.50

Of fine imported broadcloths; lined throughout with selected squirrel, with deep fine storm collars of Eastern mink, Persian lamb, marten, sable squirrel and natural squirrel; full length coats; made roomy and generous in size; each coat made with button fly front and ornamented with five pairs of silk frogs.

$59.50 Handsome Fur Lined Street or Party Coats for $47.50.

Of fine imported broadcloths, richly trimmed with velvet and silk braid; lined with black and white squirrel; full length made generous and roomy; colors wine, red, blue, green, brown and black.

These garments are the equal of any offered in the Northwest at from $69.50 to $75.00.

$42.50 and $45 Fur Lined and Trimmed Broadcloth Coats $36.50.

Two lines on sale at this price; shawl fur collar or deep storm collar of Persian lamb, marten, sable squirrel or natural squirrel; colors tan, blue, green and black; the equal of any coats in the Northwest at $47.50 to $50.00.

J. M. Gidding & Co. Superior St., at First Ave. W.

RAILROADS FAVOR THEM

E. M. Ferguson Says They Like the Private Car System.

Not Working For Their Abolition, As Some May Claim.

E. M. Ferguson returned today from Washington, D. C., where he attended the meeting of inquiry into the method of operation of the private car lines. This was the first formal hearing called to bring the matter formally into the supreme court, where it will be decided what remedy is obtainable.

The other meetings of the commission along this line have been of an informal nature, something in the line of a preliminary for others. The last one has not yet been completed, and so no definite action has been decided upon. The commission will convene again Nov. 1, and another postponement may be necessary before the hearing is finally closed. It will be unnecessary for Mr. Ferguson to be present Nov. 1, however, for his testimony last week covered both cases. The railroads have not yet all been heard.

"It has been quite generally claimed," said Mr. Ferguson today, "that the railroads as a whole are opposed to the private car system, and this is undoubtedly true in respect to certain of the carriers, but the fact remains that at all hearings such as I have recently attended the carriers cited to appear do so in the persons of their brainiest and brightest traffic officials, who, without exception, endeavor to make it appear that the private car lines are necessary, and that the transportation of perishable products can be more economically carried on by the private car line companies and by the carriers, and that the private car lines have been a great factor in building up the industry which results in the shipment of perishable goods.

"In support of such contentions, it is stated by the traffic officials that the railroads have not undertaken and do not undertake to furnish refrigerator car for perishable traffic. Therefore, it is argued, if the private car lines had not come to their relief the industry would have been permitted to languish. This, as everone knows, is not true, but refutes the statements of many that the railroads are working for the abolition of the privately-owned cars."

ISTHMIAN CANAL

Will Be Built By Contract If Contractors Are Found.

Washington, Oct. 23.—The government of the United States is willing to enter into contracts with corporations or individuals for the construction of any portion or all of the Panama canal. This statement was made by Secretary Taft today while discussing conditions upon the isthmus and the policy of the government.

There is some doubt in his mind whether any concern would be willing to undertake the excavation of the Culebra cut, because of the magnitude of that work. It is not the excavation that will be so difficult so much as the disposition of the earth taken from the cut. But as to the other work, the government will be ready to enter into contracts for its completion as soon as it is determined what type of canal shall be constructed.

Mrs. G. Tonning,
Graduate of Orthopedic Clinic
MASSAGE
The Swedish Movement.
Old Phone 267-M Residence 1921 E. Second St.

CHILEAN POLICE KILL TEN RIOTERS

Serious Affray Occurs at Santiago In Absence of Militia.

Santiago, Chile, Oct. 23.—A meeting yesterday, called to petition the government to abolish the import tax on Argentine cattle, degenerated into a most serious riot, owing to the absence of the troops who are now engaged in maneuvers two days' march from the capital. The police, who were unable to maintain order, charged the crowd and killed ten persons and wounded hundreds. The rioters destroyed street cars and smashed electric lights. At eight o'clock yesterday evening the rioting was at its highest pitch and the fire department was called out to restore order.

The mansion of Senator Urmeneta Errazuriz was attacked by a mob. Troops are expected here today.

FRIENDS WANT CUNLIFFE EXAMINED AS TO SANITY.

Pittsburg, Oct. 23.—Friends of Edward G. Cunliffe, the express robber, are considering the advisability of petitioning the court to appoint a commission in lunacy to inquire into his sanity. They allege he is mentally deranged. All efforts to induce him to reveal the whereabouts of the $10,000 still missing have been unsuccessful.

BENEFIT DANCE
given by United Order of Foresters at Maccabee Hall, 224 W. 1st. St. Tuesday Evening, October 31, '05.
THE BANNER PARTY OF THE SEASON
Tickets 25 Cents.

LATE DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Hancock—Swindled out of $1,000, suffering from tuberculosis in its first stage and absolutely penniless, Emmanuel Reini, now in Calumet, has learned for the first time that he had been cheated out of his savings of years. The game of which he was the victim happened in New York while Reini was en route from Finland. The unfortunate man's only evidence of the money from which he was separated is a piec of school money such as is used in business colleges. The bill in his possession is inscribed with this fact, and is of a $1,000 denomination. No one but a person ignorant of the kind of money in circulation in this country would accept the note as legal tender. Before Reini departed from Finland he sold everything he possessed, and when he reached New York he had about 5,000 marks, equivalent to $1,000 in United States money. He met a countryman on board the boat to whom he confided the fact that he had some money he desired to have exchanged into American currency, and his new-found friend, who informed Reini that the trip was his third west-bound voyage across the ocean, kindly volunteered to assist him in the transaction. Just where Reini was guided after landing from the steamer he does not know, the men having wailed through a veritable maze of streets. They finally ended up at a small shop, where they were greeted by a woman speaking broken Finnish. Reini explained that he wanted to get American money for his 5,000 marks.

The woman appeared as though it was a customary thing for her to exchange money, and after figuring just what amount Reini would receive, she handed him two greenbacks with the remark that it was lucky he had called that day, as only the day before he would have received $20 less. The extra bill was a $20 note. Shortly afterward Reini parted at the depot with his companion and came on to Northern Michigan. En route to his destination in the Copper Country he was seized with a hemorrhage at Sault Ste. Marie which detained him for some time. Reini tried at several places to get his $1,000 bill changed into currency of smaller denomination, and was never able to understand just why people smilingly refused to enter into the transaction. The $20 note was genuine and had evidently been given him to assure that he got away from New York before finding it necessary to change the bill of larger denomination.

Sault Ste. Marie—At the Soo it has been decided to enforce the law against the use of small firearms on the streets. Of late boys have been hunting sparrows with 22-caliber rifles, but it has been settled that the practice will be stopped, by resort to arrests if necessary.

Iron River—More than a hundred thousand dollars have been added to the assessed valuation of Iron River this year. The total equalized valuation last year was $575,000; this year it is placed at $676,750, an increase of $101,750. The school enrollmeit has jumped from 319 last year to 340 this term.

Menominee—Fred D. Seaman and Mathias Desparden have been arrested by Sheriff Packer of Menominee county, charged with cruelty to animals, the date for the hearing being set as Oct. 30. It is reported that the two men tied a chain around the neck of a horse and fastened it to the rear of a vehicle in which they were driving. When they mounted a hill it is said that the horse had a bad time of it, finally falling down and being dragged ahead until the top was reached.

TUNNEL UNDER CAUCASUS.

Czar Plans Gigantic Scheme to Cost Probably $150,000,000.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 23.—The first project laid before the czar after the close of the war was a gigantic scheme for building a tunnel through the Caucasus, under the present military Georgian road running from Vladivostok to Tiflis. This will be the biggest thing of its kind ever attempted and the costliest.

The total length of the tunnel will be thirty-two miles, one section of fourteen, another of eighteen miles. The mountain will be entered just in sight of the peak of Kazbek, to which, according to legend, Prometheus was chained. Within sight of Tiflis, the line crosses the River Rion, the ancient Phasis, up which Jason and the Argonauts sailed in quest of the Golden Fleece.

Prince Khilkoff, Russian minister of ways and communications, is warmly advocating the project, which is regarded as certain, the assent of the crown already having been given. The tunnel will cost $150,000,000. The strategic advantages of the line are enormous, for by it, it will be possible to move troops from St. Petersburg to the Persian frontier in seven days.

Prince Khilkoff has opened negotiations with a group of Swiss banks for financiering the work.

Too Late to Classify

Hair Dressing, Shampooing, Scalp Treatments, Facial Massage, Manicuring and Children's Hair Cutting at Miss Horrigan's

A red, coarse, unsightly skin made fair by Satin skin cream and powder. 25c.

YOUNG LADY WITH SOME KNOWLedge of shorthand would like position in office. Address F. J. A. 1702 Piedmont avenue.

I MAKE PHOTOGRAPHS FOR CATAlogues or illustrated advertisements of any kind. Satisfaction guaranteed. H. C. Unbert, 601 Manhattan building.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Frank Gryuacz and Mary Kaminski of Superior, Wis.
John Munro and Ella Quackenbush.

BIRTHS.

ERICKSON—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Carl Erickson of Canosa, Oct. 20.
DICKENSON—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Dickenson of 130 Twentieth avenue west Oct. 18.
SWANSON—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Albert Swanson of 28 East Fourth street, Oct. 21.

DEATHS.

GRONSETH—Mrs. Anna Gronseth died yesterday at her home 508½ East Fourth street. The funeral arrangments have not yet been announced.
NIEMI—Weino Niemi, aged 3 year, died this morning at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Niemi of Sixty-fourth avenue west. The funeral will be held Wednesday afternoon from the Finnish church.
LYLE—Thomas, the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas J. Lyle of 909 East First street, died last night. The funeral was held this afternoon at 3 o'clock from the residence.
PETERSON—Helen Peterson, the 5-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Olaf Peterson of 1921 West Third street, died yesterday.
RICHEAU—May Bicheau, aged 25 years, died Oct. 21 at St. Luke's hospital.
WATERS—Peter Waters, aged 48 years, died Oct. 20 at St. Luke's hospital.

BUILDING PERMITS.

August Tallakson, frame building on Second street, between Twenty-sixth and Twenty-seventh avenues west, to cost	$2,000
Charles Anderson, frame dwelling on Twenty-fourth avenue west, between Superior and First streets, to cost	3,000

(6117.)

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION PERIOD.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

To Russell B. Pealer:

Take notice, that the following described piece or parcel of land, situated in the County of St. Louis and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The undivided fourteen forty-fifths of the west one-half of the Southeast one-quarter, except railroad right of way (Und. 14-45 of W. ½ of S. E. ¼ exc. R. R. Rt. of way) Section 27, Township 49, Range 15, containing 72.05 acres more or less according to the Government Survey thereof, was on the Fourth day of May, A. D. 1898, sold for the sum of Fifty-four Dollars and Seven Cents, pursuant to a real estate tax judgment entered in the District Court in the said County of St. Louis on the twenty-first day of March, A. D., 1898, in proceedings to enforce payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year 1897, for the said County of St. Louis. That the amount required to redeem such lands from such sale, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice is the said sum of Fifty-four Dollars and Seven Cents with interest thereon at the rate of One percent per month from said Fourth day of May, 1898, to the time of such redemption, and delinquent taxes, penalties and costs accruing subsequent to said sale with interets thereon to the time of such redemption.

That said delinquent taxes, penalties and costs for the year 1897 accruing subsequent to said sale amounted to the sum of $53.79 on January 4th, 1899 and bears interest at the rate of one per cent per month from said January 4th, 1899, to the time of such redemption. That said delinquent taxes, penalties and costs for the year 1898 accruing subsequent to said sale amounted to the sum of $11.98 on Jany 14th, 1901, and bears interest at the rate of one per cent per month from said Jany. 14th, 1901, to the time of such redemption. That said delinquent taxes, penalties and costs for the year 1900 accruing subsequent to said sale amounted to the sum of $11.97 on Jany 9th, 1902, and bears interest at the rate of one per cent per month from said Jany 9th, 1902, to the time of such redemption. That said delinquent taxes, penalties and costs for the year 1901 accruing subsequent to said sale amounted to the sum of $5.95 on Jany 15th, 1903, and bears interest at the rate of one per cent per month from said Jany 15th, 1903, to the time of such redemption. That said delinquent taxes, penalties and costs for the year 1902 accruing subsequent to said sale amounted to the sum of $5.74 on Jany 14th, 1904, and bears interest at the rate of one per cent per month from said Jany 14th, 1904, to the time of such redemption. That said delinquent taxes, penalties and costs for the year 1903 accruing subsequent to said sale amounted to the sum of $7.97 on Jany 17th, 1905, and bears interest at the rate of one per cent per month from said Jany 17th, 1905, to the time of such redemption.

That said amount required to redeem calculated to the date of this notice is the sum of $261.34.

And the time within which said lands can be redeemed from said sale will expire—sixty days after service of this notice and proof thereof has been filed in the office of the County Auditor in and for said St. Louis County, Minnesota, in manner prescribed by Section 37 of Chapter 6, General Laws of Minnesota for the year 1877 and amendments thereto.

Dated, Duluth, this Seventh day of September, A. D. 1905.

O. HALDEN,
Auditor St. Louis County, Minn.
Seal)
Duluth Evening Herald, Oct. 9-16-23.

"House Hunting" and "Hunting for Work" Used to Mean "Walking Around."—Now-a-days Herald Want Ads. Reduce This "Walking Around" to the Simple Matter of "Going Somewhere."

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

SHOPPING BY TELEPHONE.

	Old Phone.	New. Phone.
MEAT MARKETS—		
B. J. Toben	22	22
Mork Bros	677-M	159
LAUNDRIES—		
Yale Laundry	479	479
Lantes Laundry	417	417
Excelsion Steam Laundry	1093-M	1390
DRUGGISTS—		
Boyce	163	163
COAL AND FUEL—		
Ohio Fuel Co.	76	76
Pinch Fuel Co.	1291	1291
Upham Coal Co.	256	485
FLORISTS—		
Seekins & Le Borious	1756	1626
BAKERIES—		
The Fon Ton		1166
ELECTRICAL CONTRACTING—		
Mutual Electric Co.	496	496
RUBBER STAMP WORKS—		
Con. Stamp & Printing Co.	702-K	755
FRENCH CLEANING—		
La Rose Dye Works	1201-R	1191
PLUMBING AND HEATING—		
McGurrin Plumbing and Heating Co.	815	
STOVE REPAIR WORKS—		
C. F. Wiggerts & Son	1154-K	554
GOLD AND SILVER PLATING—		
Duluth Plating Works	780	780

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED — TO TAKE HOME, DRESS-making and children's sewing at a reasonable price; neat work done at 329 West Fifth street, upstairs.

WOMAN WANTS WASHING, IRONING, house cleaning or any kind of work by the day; is a good worker. Address 201 West First street, room 5.

WANTED — POSITION IN OFFICE OR wholesale house by young lady of slight experience at clerical work. Address R 74, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION IN OFFICE OR store clerking, or as cashier by experienced young lady; can do book work. E 32, Herald.

WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY, DRESS-making in homes of shop. E 33, Herald.

WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY, POSITION in office or store clerking. E 35, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS TO DO COOKING IN small camp. Address 1 35, Herald.

WANTED — HOUSEWORK IN SMALL family where there is no washing. E. 28, Herald.

WANTED —PLACE AS NURSE GIRL for one or two children. E 30, Herald.

WANTED—A POSITION BY YOUNG lady in dental or physician office, or any clerical work. Q 38, Herald.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—EIGHT-ROOM HOUSE—Sixth avenue east; modern conveniences, including water, $25 month. Call 636 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT — A NICE SIX-ROOM cottage, water and sewer; rent reasonable. Inquire at No. 1957 Jefferson st.

FOR RENT—COMPLETELY FURNISHED modern house; rent nominal to right party. Address I 65, Herald.

FOR RENT — NINE-ROOM HOUSE, first-class; water and steam heat furnished; cheapest rent in the city. Myers Bros. 205 Lyceum.

LITTLE & NOLTE INSURANCE REAL ESTATE LOANS UNDER AM. EX. BANK. ESTABLISHED 1885

Some of all Sorts

$6800 Takes a modern ten-room house, two blocks from high school. Lot 50x140, fine view, hot water heat, everything first-class. 32-12.

$2400 For cosy six-room house, conveniently located and well finished. Lot, 25x140 feet. 4-8.

$1100 Upper side of London road, fine view, all improvements in street. 165-3.

$750 Double corner on South street. City water in street. Either lot separately. If wanted. 164-8.

$500 Upper side of London road, near Twenty-fourth avenue east. 165-9.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO

$1500 Five-room house and lot, 50 by 100 feet, on Fifth street, near Fifth avenue west.

$2300 Nine-room house and barn, with fine well, full size lot, on Seventh street, near Fifth avenue east. Suitable for two families.

$2500 Ten-room dwelling and barn, with good well, lot 50 by 140 feet, on Fourth street, near Sixteenth avenue east.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO

220 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

HAVE YOUR

Fire Insurance

WRITTEN BY

Mendenhall & Hoopes

208 First National Bank Building.

$6500 Takes a fine eight-room house, all modern conveniences, on corner, 100x70 feet. This is a splendid value.

$9500 For a ten-room house in best residence part of city, hot water heat, all modern conveniences. Lot 50x140 feet.

We have a few choice lots left in the "Knob Hill" district which we can sell you at a very reasonable price. No trouble to show you what we have at any time.

C. H. Graves & Co.,

Real Estate, Mortgage Loans, Insurance. First Floor, Torrey Building.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

REAL ESTATE, FIRE INSURANCE AND RENTAL AGENCIES.

Wm. Prindle Co., Lonsdale building.
N. J. Upham Co., Burrows building.
John A. Stephenson, Wolvin building.
William C. Sargent & Co., Providence.
Chas. P. Craig & Co., 220 W. Sup. St.
L. A. Larsen & Co., 102 Providence. 'Phones 253.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT — TWO NICE FIVE-ROOM flats on First street and Twenty-fourth avenue west; city water and sewer; newly painted and papered.

A GOOD SEVEN-ROOM FLAT ON EAST Third street; bath, electric light, etc., $25.

EIGHT - ROOM HOUSE. CENTRAL; furnace, bath, electric light.

3705 LONDON ROAD, NINE ROOMS and bath, $20.

THREE GOOD STORES ON WEST SUperior street.

STRYKER, MANLEY & BUCK.

FOR RENT — TWO OR THREE UNfurnished rooms; all modern conveniences. 421 First avenue west.

MODERN, LIGHT, PLEASANT, FURnished room; two gentlemen preferred. 329 West Third street.

FOR RENT — SMALL, BUT WARM, comfortable room in private family in one of the best neighborhoods in the city, $6. Respectable young man attending school or business college preferred. Address X 33, Herald.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS with steam heat and bath, with or without board, by day, week or month. Tremont hotel.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM. 125 East Superior street, opposite city hall.

FURNISHED ROOMS IN PRIVATE boarding house, rear postoffice. 422½ West Second street.

FOR RENT — NEWLY FURNISHED rooms, all conveniences; private family; gentleman preferred. 206 East First street.

FOR RENT — LARGE FRONT ROOM steamheated, use of telephone and bath; centrally located. 523 West Second St.

FOR RENT—SEVERAL UNFURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping. Vincent block, Twenty-first avenue west. Call Zenith 'phone 1389-X.

MODERN FURNISHED ROOM TO rent. 114 South Fourteenth avenue east.

ONE LARGE ROOM, DESIRABLE, FOR two ladies; central. E 27, Herald.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, 114 East Fourth and 410 Ninth avenue east. All conveniences. Old 'phone, 1010-M.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED FRONT room for two gentlemen or ladies, $6; gas and bath. 817 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT—MODERN FURNISHED rooms, with board, at 2829 West Third street. O. Miller.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED front room. Apply 225 Lake avenue north.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOMS AND BATH-room, first floor; water and sewer; new, warm house, fine location. 1118 East Fifth street.

FOR RENT—TWO OR THREE UNFURnished rooms for light housekeeping. 420 Sixth avenue west.

FOR RENT—NEWLY PAPERED AND furnished rooms with board if desired. Apply 120 First avenue west.

FOR RENT—FRONT ROOM WITH alcove, furnished or unfurnished, and small furnished room. House modern. Zenith, 1496-A. No. 320 East Third St.

SIX ROOMS FOR RENT; CITY WATER; also four rooms, city water. Inquire 932 West First street.

FOR RENT — A WELL-FURNISHED room, with all conveniences; newly papered. 511 East Third street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS, double or single, heated, ground floor. 219 Fifth avenue west.

THREE OR FOUR FURNISHED rooms. Call 1008 West Superior street.

SITUATIONS WANTED— MALE.

WANTED — CIRCULARS TO MAIL, work done by contract. E 36, Herald.

WANTED — BY SEVERAL YOUNG men attending school, a place to work mornings and evenings for board and room. Apply Duluth Business University.

WANTED — BY MAN AND WIFE, SITuation in small camp; woman is good cook, and man is good at all around work; good recommendations. E 31, Herald.

WANTED — POSITION AS BOOKkeeper or other clerical work. Address L. M., 1705 John avenue, Superior.

ABLE-BODIED YOUNG MAN, GOOD worker, wishes to work for room and board while attending business college. Address I 82, Herald.

WANTED — POSITION BY YOUNG Scandinavian; anxious to get work where there is a chance for advancement. T. W., Herald.

FOR FENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—FLAT, 928 EAST SUPERIor street.

FOR RENT — THREE-ROOM STEAM-heated flat, furnished complete for housekeeping; gas and hot water. 315 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT — THREE-ROOM FLAT, also four-room flat. Seaton terrace, 305 West Michigan street.

TWO STEAM-HEATED FLATS AT NO. 126 East First street. Inquire of Richardson, Day & Co., Exchange building.

FOR RENT—TWO FIVE-ROOM FLATS in Bellevue terrace, Seventh avenue west and First street; all conveniences. N. J. Upham Co., 400 Burrows building.

A. GINGOLD

Has removed his Umbrella Shop from 209 W. Sup. street to 125 E. Sup. street.

CIVIL ENGINEER.

DULUTH ENGINEERING CO.—W. R. Patton, Mgr., 503 Palladio bldg. Specifications prepared and construction superintendent for waterworks, sewers, etc.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

L. A. LARSEN,
The Reliable Real Estate Man (formerly with George H. Crosby), sells modern homes and choice building lots in all parts of the city. Land, factory sites and fire insurance. Confidential buyer for corporations and others.
Providence Building.
Both 'phones, 253.

WILL EXCHANGE CARLTON COUNty land for Duluth property. H. E., Herald.

LOAN OFFICES.

WE LOAN MONEY ON WATCHES, diamonds and all articles of value. Established the longest. The most reliable, up-to-date place in the city. All business strictly confidential. Fire and burglar-proof safes. Crescent Brokers, 413½ West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY LOANED ON FURNIture, Pianos, Cattle, Horses, Wagons, and all kinds of personal property; also to salaried people on their own notes. Easy payments. Confidential treatment.
WESTERN LOAN COMPANY,
521 Manhattan Building.
New 'phone, 936. Old 'phone, 759-R.

MONEY TO LOAN SALARIED PEOPLE On Salary or Furniture. DULUTH FINANCE COMPANY, 301 Palladio Building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds and all articles of value from $1 to $1,000. Keystone Loan company, 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, Pianos, horses or other personal property without delay. No publicity. Established twenty years. Minnesota Loan company, 205 Palladio.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

UNION LOAN CO.—Makes loans, buys notes and mortgages. 210 Palladio.

MONEY SUPLIED TO SALARIED people and others upon their own names, without security; easy payments. Offices in 51 cities. Tolmon, 609 Palladio building.

FOR SALE—HORSES.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN, Midway Horse Market, St. Paul, have the largest assortment of horses in the entire Northwest. Auction every Wednesday at 2 o'clock. Private sales daily. Part time given.

HORSE FOR SALE OR TRADE FOR A small one at 2029 West Fifth street.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS, WELLbred driving mare, weight about 1,250 pounds; safe and speedy. S. Morterud, 1231 West Superior street. Zenith 'phone 317.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD HORSES. JUST received. Must be sold quick. Seventh avenue east and Superior street.

WE HAVE ON HAND THE LARGEST assortment of big draft horses of any concern in the city. Come and see us before you buy. Satisfaction guaranteed. We try to please everybody. Sales stable, two blocks east of store on Fifth avenue. Stone-Ordean-Wells company.

L. HAMMEL & CO., 209-305 FIRST street, have a carload of fine horses and mules for sale.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

PROF. ROBINSON—MANDOLIN, GUItar, Banjo. Flaaten's, 212 W. First St.

LADIES' TAILORING.

LADIES' SUITS, COATS, SKIRTS, shirt waists, etc., made in the latest New York and Paris styles by skilled workmen. We carry complete line of all the latest shades in woolens, etc. Frank Best, 405 Manhattan Building. Will soon be at our new quarters over the Duluth Music company.

WATCH REPAIRING.

WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING done promptly and in a thorough manner. J. Gruesen, 129 West Superior St.

BOARD OFFERED.

FOR RENT—LARGE MODERN ROOMS, with board, for man and wife or family of adults. 5004 London road.

BUSINESS MEN SAVE VALUABLE time, eating at Mrs. Gruesen's; quick service, home cooking, prices right. 329 West First street.

ROOM WITH BOARD. INQUIRE AT 432 East Second street.

BOARD AND PLEASANT, WARM rooms; modern house, private family. 226 East Third street.

BOARD AND ROOM, 211 WEST SECond street.

BOARD AND ROOM, 517 WEST FIRST street.

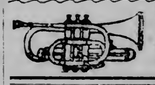
ROOM AND BOARD, 218 WEST THIRD street.

ROOM AND BOARD, 202 WEST THIRD street.

BOARD AND NICELY FURNISHED rooms, 122 East First street.

BOARD AND ROOM, 205 E. THIRD ST.

LEADING MUSIC STORE.



MUSIC and musical merchandise of every description. Edison phonographs, band and orchestra instruments, pianos and organs. INGVALD WESTGAARD, 7 and 9 First Avenue West.

PALMIST.

Mme. De Vernon's Last Month in Duluth.

Learn your future. One dollar reader, 50 cents.

This will be your last chance to consult a recognized authority on the science of palmistry. When she is gone you will regret that you did not avail yourself of her wonderful knowledge and advice. She has read for such noted people as President Roosevelt, McKinley and other famous celebrities. Tells you for what business you are best adapted, family and love affairs. Lost or stolen articles traced. Over Bijou theater, 10 East Superior street. Hours, 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Readings Sundays.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

REMEMBER "F. F. F."

"F"INCH "F" OR "F"UEL.

BOTH 'PHONES.

109 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

FOR SALE—A GOOD PAYING WHOLEsale and retail candy factory; good location and cheap rent. Parties retiring from business. Address J. B. 270 Herald.

A HOLIDAY SUGGESTION.

	Reg. Price.
Country Life in America	$4.00
World's Work	3.00
Review of Reviews	3.00
Success	1.00
	$11.00

Our Price for all $6.00

Order Now.
Everything in Magazines.
ZENITH SUBSCRIPTION AGENCY, Old 'phone, 887-L. 417 Burrows Bldg.

ZENITH SUBSCRIPTION AGENCY. Old 'phone, 887-L. 417 Burrows Bldg.

FOR SALE—BUCK'S RADIANT HEATer, cheap, if taken at once. 614 East Fifth street.

FERNS—CLEAN UP SALE OF LOVELY ferns, 15 cents to $1.50. Cut chrysanthemums at wholesale prices. Lindsay's greenhouses, Lester Park.

FURNITURE FOR SALE — FIVE rooms. Call at 1220 East Fourth.

FOR SALE, CHEAP—LOGGING OUTfit, three logging sleighs, three tote sleighs, one wagon, chains, saws, axes, stoves, blankets, etc. Inquire 126 Fifth avenue west.

FOR SALE — HOUSEHOLD GOODS. 928 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—ONE OAK HEATER, WILL sell cheap if taken at once. 608 Mesaba avenue.

FOR SALE, CHEAP—ONE GOOD COAL stove, two good bedroom suites. 239 Mesaba avenue.

FOR SALE—ONE ENGLISH SETTER pup, Thoroughbred; Call at 2416 West Fifth street.

DID IT EVER OCCUR TO YOU THAT it would be profitable to prowl around our book store or write for what you want? We buy, sell, exchange all kinds of books. Lundberg & Stone, 221 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—AN OVERCOAT, SIZE 36, almost new; dark color; cheap. 524 West Second street.

FOR SALE—FINE NEW FEATHERS. Call 1215 East First street.

MOTHERS, ATTENTION! DO YOU know that you can save from 20 to 50 per cent on your fall and winter purchases in children's and men's clothing, shoes, hats, caps, underwear, gents' furnishings, children's furnishings, and in fact everything that you might need in wearables for men and boys. Special—We have a few sample children's suits that we must close out at once; the suits range in sizes from 5 to 15; they will go at one-third less than wholesale cost, at the Lyceum Clothing and Shie House, 423 West Superior street, in Lyceum building.

THE GOPHER SHOE REPAIR WORKS does it while you wait.

FOR SALE—COWS.

O. ANDERSON WILL ARRIVE WITH a carload of fresh milch cows Tuesday, Oct. 24, at Twenty-first and Twenty-third avenues west, Coffin's addition.

JOHN E. JOHNSON, HAS ARRIVED with a carload of fresh milch cows. 701 South Twenty-third avenue east.

A. LA MONT HAS ARRIVED WITH A carload of fresh milch cows at Johnson's yard, Twenty-sixth avenue west.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

ANDERSON'S DETECTIVE AGENCY—B. F. Anderson, Mgr., 527 Manhattan building, Duluth. Zenith 'phone, 660; residence, 1213.

ARCHITECTS.

FRANK L. YOUNG & CO., 201 Pal. Bldg.

FARM LANDS.

FARM OF 130 ACRES; 60 ACRES TILLable; highly improved; balance in timber; fine dwelling and outbuildings; located near a good business town; price $2,800. C. M. Hammond, real estate broker, Milford, Del.

DELAWARE FARM—THIRTY-THREE acres; nicely located along public road; small dwellings and out-buildings, 300 peach trees; big bargain; price $1,200. C. M. Hammond, real estate broker, Milford, Del.

A LARGE NUMBER OF SELECT DELaware farms for sale, beautifully located. Write for free catalogue. C. M. Hammond, real estate broker, Milford, Del.

IMPROVED FARM LANDS OF 40 TO 160 acres in St. Louis, Carlton and Douglas counties for sale at low prices and on easy terms. Guaranty Farm Land company, 416 Lyceum building.

COD LIVER OIL.

1905 IMPORT COD LIVER OIL. Alfred Swedberg, 2015 West Superior street.

PERSONAL.

SAFE, SURE, GUARANTEED FEMALE Pens—quickly relieve suppression from any cause, $2. French Remedy company, Box 307, Duluth, Minn.

HARDWARE, SPORTING GOODS.

FOR BEST QUALITY AND LOWEST prices see Joseph E. Fox, 628 West Superior street. New 'phone, 602.

STOVE REPAIRS.

DULUTH STOVE REPAIR WORKS, 217 East Superior street. Both 'phones.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKERS, 16 SECOND AVENUE WEST

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—DARK, BROWN COAT AT CARnival grounds. Return to Albin Dahl, 1109 Sixth street, Superior, for reward.

LOST—WHITE AND BLACK LLEWELlyn setter dog, wearing Scanlon tax tag. Reward for definent information or return of dog. Dr. J. F. Farsyth.

LOST — OXFORD BIBLE; NAME ON fly leaf, Kate Iman, Kansas City. Finder please return to A. N. O'Brien or to W. H. Luhm, 28 East First street.

FOUND — LADY'S PURSE ON SUPErior street. Owner can get same by calling at People's Moving company and paying for this ad.

MASSAGE PARLORS.

MRS. C. R. KILEY, at Knauf Sisters.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

PRINTERS—KEEP AWAY FROM DUluth. The eight-hour strike is on. Offices are now closed. Duluth Typographical union.

WANTED—TWO LOCAL AGENTS TO sell highgrade silverware, fancy goods, etc.; good salary. Apply Charles Samson, 394 Lake avenue, Duluth.

WANTED—100 MEN, BOYS AND WOMen to dig up any old gold jewelry you can find, for which we will pay highest cash price. We need gold in our factory. Harris & Esterly, Jewelers, 425 West Superior street, Spalding Hotel.

NON-UNION PRINTERS WANTED — Compositors willing to work in open shop wanted; wages $18 per week of 54 hours work. Permanent positions guaranteed to competent men or women. Address P. O. Box 139, Duluth.

IF YOUR WATCH IS NOT SATISFACtory leave it at Harris & Esterly's watch hospital and have it made good as new at a small cost. Spalding hotel.

ENERGETIC AND AMBITIOUS MEN, who are willing to work and destrous of bettering their financial condition, can secure pleasant and profitable employment securing members for the Modern Samaritans. Full and complete instructions given. No previous experience necessary. Apply 702 Palladio building, Duluth.

EVENING CLASS IN WINDOW card writing for clerks and salesmen; small cost; competent instructor. Apply Y. M. C. A.

WANTED—HUSTLERS TO HANDLE the greatest money-maker on the market; a household necessity and a winner. Apply between 7 and 8 p. m., 524 Manhattan building.

WANTED, FOR U. S. ARMY, ABLEbodied, unmarried men, between ages of 21 and 35; citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write English. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, Torrey Building, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN TO LEARN trade. Apply Duluth Dye Works, 2023 West Superior street.

WANTED—BOY TO DRIVE DELIVERY wagon. Inquire 117 West First street.

WANTED — COMPETENT CARPENters for house building. Lots of work. No booze fighters need apply. Old 'phone 63. A. Quackenbush, Proctor.

WANTED—TWO SOLICITORS AND traveling men, must be able to furnish bonds. Straight salary. Address E 34, Herald.

WANTED — COMPETENT CARPENters for house building. Lots of work. No booze fighters need apply. Old 'phone 63. A. Quackenbush, Proctor.

WANTED — HARNESS MAKER TO work by the day, repairing harness. Apply East End Ice company.

WANTED — THREE COATMAKERS Parker.

100 STATION MEN, EARTH WORK, 16c to 18c; rock, $1.10 to $1.30 yard; 50 woodsmen, Michigan, $35 month, fare paid; 400 in Minnesota and Wisconsin; cooks, $40; spikers, blacksmiths, and one crane man on steam dredge, $75 and board, eight hours. E. Downie, Western Labor and Supply company.

MEN WANTED TO COME TO US IF you are suffering from any disease peculiar to your sex. We cure Varicocele, Syphilis, Stricture, Gonorrhoea, Bladder and Kidney diseases, Lost Vitality and all pelvic troubles. Established in Duluth. We cure to stay cured, and you can take our opinion as final. If your case is curable, we will cure you. Progressive Medical association, No. 1 West Superior St., upstairs.

WANTED — INSTALLMENT COLLECtor for merchandise accounts; good salary and expenses. Address Manager, P. O. box 1027, Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED CLERK at Tremont Hotel.

WANTED—MEN TO BUY THOR RYE, high grade; six quarts and a suit case for $5.85. We pay express charges. Send money with order and this advertisement. O'Donnell & Co., 4 South Third street, Minneapolis.

WANTED — TWO GOOD PATTERN makers for architectural iron work. Apply The Herzog Iron Works, St. Paul.

MEN TO LEARN BARBER TRADE. Splendid opportunity. Write for Illust. Cat. Moler Barber Co., Minneapolis.

WANTED FOR THE UNITED STATES marine corps. Unmarried men between the ages of 21 and 35, able-bodied, of good character and temperate habits, citizens of the United States, or who legally declare their intention to become such; must speak, read and write English; marines serve at sea, on men-of-war, in all parts of the world, on land in our island possessions and at navy yards in the United States. Good chance for sailors desiring service in the Philippine islands may be enlisted accordingly. Apply at 5 South Fifth avenue west, Duluth.

WANTED — PORTER AT ST. LOUIS hotel.

ALL KINDS FURS REPAIRED.

By an expert furrier, 35 years' experience Charley Keller, 401 East Superior street.

HALL FOR RENT.

Steinway Hall, for private parties and concerts. Bradbury School of Music.

MEDICAL.

MARRIED OR ANY ONE—GONOVA IS A French mode of treatment for male and female, for the positive, sure and prompt cure of gonorrhea, gleet, unnatural discharges, inflammation, irritations and ulcerations of the mucous membranes. An internal remedy with injections combined, warranted to cure worst cases in one week. $3 per package or 2 for $5. Send your money to nearest druggist. He will deliver you the medicine at your residence, prepaid, in plain wrapper. Don't fool with cheaper or other remedies. Druggists supplied by jobbers.

FOR WOMEN ONLY—DR. RAYMOND'S Pills for delayed periods absolutely reliable, perfectly safe; no danger; no pain, no interference with work. Relief brought to thousands after everything else failed. By mail $2.00. Dr. R. G. Raymond Remedy Co., room 27, 34 Adams street, Chicago, Ill.

LADIES—Dr. LaFranco's Compound; safe speedy regulator, 25c; druggists or mail. Booklet free. Dr. LaFranco, Phila., Pa.

BUSINESS MEN'S LUNCHES.

CLUB RESTAURANT, 217 WEST SUperior street, upstairs, is a good place to eat. Try our Business Men's lunch, 25c.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk factory, 220 W. Superior St.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED—EVERY WOMAN TO TRY Dr. Le Grun's female regulator. Guaranteed. Kugler, Your Druggist, 108 West Superior street.

WANTED — TWO FIRST-CLASS MILlinery saleslades and three makers at once. Miss A. M. Seigne, Superior, Wis.

WANTED — AT ONCE, DINING ROOM girl. Oregon restaurant, 525 West Superior street.

WANTED — A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Mrs. R. R. Forward, 2702 West Fourth street.

WANTED—COMPETENT WOMAN TO do washing, ironing, etc., by the day. Apply 2004 West Fourth street.

WANTED—A GOOD MAKER. APPLY millinery dept. J. M. Gidding & Co.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 613 East First street.

WANTED — GIRL NO WASHING; NO ironing; no children. 1407 East Third street.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 1950 East Third St.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1713 East Superior street.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS WAIST makers. La Ferte, 24 West Superior St.

WANTED — A GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework; family of three. 1439 East First street.

GIRL FOR KITCHEN AND CHAMBER work; good wages. 2332 West Superior street.

WANTED—DRESSMAKER AT 230 LAKE avenue south.

WANTED — WORKING HOUSEKEEPer at once. Apply Mrs. D. O'Leary, Tremont hotel.

WANTED — GIRL FOR KITCHEN work. 627 West Superior street.

FIRST-CLASS GIRL FOR GENERAL housework wanted at 1510 East Second street. Three in family.

GIRLS WANTED TO TRIM CIGAR boxes. No. 30 First avenue west.

COOK, DISHWASHERS, WAITRESSES, laundresses, general housework and nurse girl. Somer's Emp., 17 2nd Ave. E.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—LARGE HEATING STOVE; state description and price. H. E., Herald.

SMALL AND LARGE TRACTS OF CUTover lands. North Realty Co., Duluth.

WANTED—RIPE PINE NORWAY AND tamarack piling from 20 to 45 feet long; 12 to 14-inch butts; 8 to 10-inch tops; on cars, any station. A. J. McDonald, box 144, Superior.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED TO RENT — ROOMS BEtween Eighth avenue and Third avenue west, on First street. 1322 West Superior street.

TALKING MACHINES.

BRUNSWICK CO.
110 West Superior Street.
Wholesale and retail dealers in Victor Talking Machines and Edison Phonographs. We carry all records in catalogue. Mail orders solicited.

LADIES' AND GENTS' CLOTHES.

G. Shapiro, 721 W. Superior St., pays the highest price for old clothes. Zen. 1582-X.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

Mrs. Banks, midwife, 330 St. Croix ave. Private hospital. 'Phones, old, 749-L; new, 956.

MRS. H. OLSON, GRADUATE MIDwife. 329 North Fifty-eighth avenue, West Duluth. Zenith 3124-X.

DYE WORKS.

DULUTH DYE WORKS, 3 W. SUP. ST., 2023 W. Sup. St. Old, 1341-L; Zenith, 1324.

EXCURSION TO CUBA.

WE WILL HAVE A LAND SEEKERS' excursion to Cuba the first part of November, come with us and see our line of fruit lands we have for sale near Havana. F. AM. LAND CO., 209 Torrey building.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSON, GRADUATE MIDWIFE female complaints, 413 Seventh avenue east. Old 'phone 549; Zenith, 1225.

STENOGRAPHY.

GRACE BARNETT, 207 FIRST NATIONAL Bank building.

IF YOU WILL BRING.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR Suit to 10 Fourth avenue west, we press it for 50c; pants 15c. J. Onckonsky.

CHEMIST AND ASSAYER.

C. F. JOYCE, ANALYTICAL CHEMIST and assayer, successor to H. E. James, 631 Manhattan building. Old 'phone 1611.

EXPERT OPTICIAN.

DR. C. C. STAACKE, 306 NEW JERSEY building, 106 West Superior street.

IMPROVED FARM LANDS.

GREAT BARGAINS IN IMPROVED farms. We have fine improved farms for sale in Minnesota, Michigan, Washington and Oregon. Our list of Oregon farms are great bargains. Prices run from $400 and up per farm and on easy payments. Come in and see our list. F. AM. LAND Co., 209 Torrey bldg.

LIFE INSURANCE.

WRITTEN IN BEST COMPANIES. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

IT'S ESSENTIAL TO KNOW.

THAT THE RIGHT PLACE TO BUY your watches and jewelry is at Harris & Esterly's, where you can rely on a square deal. Spalding hotel.

MILLINERY.

MISS FITZPATRICK, 502 E. 4. Old 'phone

M. A. COX, 330 EAST FOURTH ST.

SPECIAL STOVE REPAIRING.

WE FURNISH STOVE REPAIRING for 175 makes and styles. Stoves cleaned and set up, short notice. Art Plating and Stove Repair works, 214 East Superior street. Both 'phones.

CHIMNEY SWEEP.

Also furnace cleaning—No dust made in house. Eastman Bros. Zenith, 1239.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting, first and third Monday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Nov. 6, 1905. Work—Second degree. Guy A. Eaton, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Oct. 23, 1905. Work—First degree. William D. Underhill, W. M.; H. S. Newell, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M. —Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, Oct. 25, 1905. Work—M.M.P.M.M.E.M. and Royal Arch degree, William A. McGonagle, H. P.; W. T. TenBrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T. —Stated conclave, first Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p. m. Special conclave Oct. 31, 4:00. Dinner, 6:30. Order of the Red Cross and Temple. Masonic Temple, Lake avenue and Second street. C. W. Wilson, Em. Com.; Alfred Le Richeaux, recorder.

SCOTTISH RITE.

Regular meetings every Thursday evening of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, Oct. 26, 1905. Work—General business. Jerome E. Cooley, secretary.

EUCLID LODGE, NO. 198, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings first and third Wednesday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, Nov. 1. Work—Third degree. G. E. Budd, W. M.; A. Dunleavy, secretary.

K. O. T. M.

DULUTH TENT, NO. 1, MEETS EVERY Wednesday in K. O. T. M. hall, 224 West First street. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. J. F. Peterson, commander; Charles J. Hector, finance keeper, 32 West First street. J. B. Gelineau, record keeper, office in hall. For rent of hall apply at record keeper's office. Hours, 10 a. m. to 1:30 p. m. and Saturday evening.

MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1 meets at Elks' hall every Thursday evening at 8 p. m. Next meeting Oct. 19. Beneficent degree. F. A. Noble, G. S.; Effie Johnson, L. G. S.; Wallace P. Wellbanks, scribe; T. A. Gall, financial scribe.

A. O. U. W.

105 meets at new Maccabee hall, 224 West First street, every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Lee Warner, M. W.; W. W. Fenstermacher, recorder; O. J. Murvold, financier, 217 East Fifth street.

A. O. U. W.

DULUTH LODGE, NO. 10, meets in Odd Fellows' hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. George J. Sherman, M. W.; J. W. Shepherdson, financier; A. E. Blake, recorder. Sick benefit meets 7:30 o'clock.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 25, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock sharp at 118 West Superior street, Tuesday, Oct. 24. Special session and dance. G. E. Storms, C. C.; H. E. Young, R. S. All visiting knights invited.

I. O. F.

COURT COMMERCE, NO. 8283, Independent Order of Foresters, meets first and third Friday evenings, at 8 o'clock, at Rowley's hall, No. 112 West First street. Next meeting Oct. 20, 1905. Cards. R. J. Pickard, C. R.; W. W. Hoopes, R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.

DULUTH AERIE, NO. 79, MEETS every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock p. m., at Eagle hall, Folz buildings, 118 West Superior street. W. E. Brown, W. P.; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary, 19 First avenue east. Apply to W. E. Brown, 417 West Superior street, for rental of hall.

M. W. A.

IMPERIAL CAMP, NO. 2266, meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, first and third Mondays. Visiting members always welcome. P. B. Beampre, V. C.; N. P. Turnbladt, banker; R. Rankin, clerk.

CLAN STEWART, NO. 50, O. S. C.—Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at 8 p. m., in Folz hall, West Superior street. John G. Ross, chief; Malcolm MacDonald, secretary; John Burnett, financial secretary, 10 Mason flats. Next meeting, Wednesday, Nov. 1. Remember Hallowe'en entertainment in Armory Tuesday evening, Oct. 31.

ROYAL LEAGUE.

ZENITH COUNCIL, NO. 161, Royal league, meets in Elks' hall, second and fourth Monday evenings, at 8 o'clock. J. P. Heffernan, archon; L. P. Murray, scribe, 1815 East Fifth street.

KNIGHTS OF THE LOYAL Guard—Subordinate division, No. 132, meets first and third Wednesday evenings each month, Hall A, Kalamazoo block. E. F. Heller, captain general; H. V. Holmes, paymaster, 415 Fifteenth avenue east; Mrs. Mary P. Foster, recorder, 720 Third avenue east.

MODERN MACCABEES — Zenith City Tent, No. 1044, meets every first and third Thursday of the month at Rowley's hall, 112 West First street. Commander, J. A. McCuen; record keeper, E. R. Gnifke; finance keeper, A. G. Case, care Union depot, after 1 p. m.

U. A. O. D.

DULUTH GROVE, NO. 40, meets the second and fourth Mondays at Kalamazoo hall, F. G. Sandstedt, N. A.; M. Monson, financial secretary.

INTERNATIONAL UNION of Steam Engineers—Local union, No. 15, meets every Thursday evening, third floor, room 2, Axa building. President, John F. Gogins; vice president, Ole Hanson; financial secretary, E. W. Robinson; recording secretary, I. W. Gilland; treasurer, C. J. Wendt; conductor, Andrew Wold; guard, William Beatty.

BOSTON HAIR PARLORS.

F

14 PAGES

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

14 PAGES

TWENTY-THIRD YEAR. LAST EDITION. TUESDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1905. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

IT IS IN THE INTEREST AND FOR THE PROTECTION OF THE WHITE MAN TO SEE THAT THE NEGRO IS EDUCATED

Says President Roosevelt In Speech Delivered at Tuskegee Institute.

Great Outpouring of Whites and Blacks To Hear Remarks of Executive.

Booker Washington's School Makes Most Creditable Showing In Parade.

Tuskegee Institute, Ala., Oct. 24.—President Roosevelt reached the grounds of the Tuskegee Normal and Industrial institute at 8:30 o'clock this morning and after a brief stop in the town of Tuskegee, where he was received by the mayor and other distinguished citizens of Alabama, he spoke warmly and felicitously from a platform in the grounds of the girls' college located here. The president's train was then carried directly into the grounds of the institute, over its private track which connects with the main line.

From 12 o'clock last night until morning great crowds of country people, white and black, have been coming in from all sections of the surrounding territory to Tuskegee. A variegated assortment of nondescript vehicles, of many kinds, were cared for by the institute in an immense enclosure. The president was driven by this motley collection and seemed to greatly enjoy the sight.

The president was received by Principal Booker T. Washington and members of the institute board of trustees and faculty. He then entered a finely built carriage, made by students of the school, drawn by horses raised at the school, and driven by a student in the school's uniform. Four other carriages, also made by the students, in which members of the presidential party were seated, followed. The party at once proceeded to an elaborately decorated reviewing stand, erected in front of the office building, surmounted by the president's flag. Immediately the educational and industrial parade, upon which the students and teachers have for several weeks been at work, started. First came the institute band, led by Elbert B. Williams, bandmaster, member of the Ninth cavalry, United States army—which saw service with the president's Rough Riders at Santiago—who is detailed by the war department to Tuskegee, followed by the nearly 1,500 students of the school in two divisions; the young men uniformed in blue suits, with brass buttons, white gloves and cadet caps, led by Maj. J. B. Ramsey, and then the young women, uniformed in blue dresses trimmed with red braid, and wearing blue straw braid hats, led by Miss Jane E. Clark, dean of the woman's department, each bearing a stalk of sugar cane, tipped with a cotton boll, both raised in the school's agricultural experiment stations. Immediately behind the student body came a series of sixty-one floats, representing the various phases of the work of the academic department and the thirty-seven industrial divisions of the school. The school was able to put in evidence, in this way, examples of the work being carried on in all the departments. Of the floats representing the academic, agricultural, mechanical and the girls' industries, the most striking, perhaps, were the following:

The broommaking and basketry float displayed girls at work winding straw on broom handles by hand machinery, also pressing and sewing brooms and cleaning off old broom handles for the purpose of putting on new straw. The decorations on the float represented the basketry work. The roof was thatched with pine straw; draperies of corn, sweet gum balls and china berries were used, and the sides below the floor were covered with broom straw. Unique also was the exhibition of Indian baskets, reed baskets, pine, shuck and raffia baskets, raffia, bead and shuck belts, brooms, bead purses, African purses, raffia hats, etc.

The millinery float showed the making of uniform hats used by the girls in the school; four girls were at work, trimming, draping and trying on hats. The new shade of silk, the "Alice" blue, was exhibited made up into a girdle and collar. A large arch of autumn leaves with the word "Millinery" woven in foliage erected on the float, was a striking feature.

On the blacksmiths' float there were in operation a heating forge, a large drill press and a thread cutter. Four boys were at work heating and forging and bending tires. The float was decorated with specimens of shop work consisting of forgings, horse shoes and fancy designed iron railings, etc.

Shoemaking was represented by a float containing six boys who were making shoes, repairing, cutting out and fitting uppers and making uppers by machinery. Leather decorations showing specimens of all kinds of shop work were in evidence.

The electrical division presented a float rigged with a pole at either end, with boys near the top, dressed with climbers and safety belt, carrying pliers, fastening wires to the regulation cross arms. A steam engine, an electric dynamo and switch board were in full operation; a great number of electric lamps were burning as the float passed.

The machine division float was remarkable in that all the machinery on it was built by students. There were in operation a drill press, one 7-horse power engine driving the machinery, and machine vises. Boys were handling all the machinery, performing their tasks in realistic fashion. The decorations included blueprints showing the course of study as used in industrial classes. A steam boiler, mounted on a large wagon, with hose connections with the machine float, followed, furnishing the power for the operation of the engine.

On the printing float five boys were at work, setting type, imposing "forms," operating a printing press and a stapling machine, also binding books. The float was trimmed with specimens of the work done by the students. The wheels were decorated with scrap paper.

The brickmasonry and plastering float carried six boys doing progressive work, building piers, turning arches, showing the three steps in plastering. Two finished arches were exhibited. The sides of the float were built to represent the primitive level. A transit was in place showing modern methods.

Architectural drawing was represented by a float carrying two students working at a table, drawing. The float, in general outline, represented a Gothic structure. Drawings were exhibited, showing the five orders of architecture, and specimens of detail and design work as done by the students.

The experiment station and the experiment teaching division floats, represented cotton ginning and baling, cotton breeding, and analysis of soil and plants; showing how worn out soils are reclaimed. This was illustrated with sections of washed land, filled land, terracing and other operations incident to building up soils, also sections showing crops for three years rotation and soil inoculation.

One Hambletonian stallion, five high grade brood mares accompanied by their colts, a pedigreed Jack and five high grade mule colts were in the parade to represent the live stock division.

The dairy division was represented by fifty head of cows, including Jerseys, Guernseys and Holsteins, accompanied by their sires, twenty-five yearlings and calves. On the creamery float were three girls and two boys making butter by the old and new method, running a separator, bottling milk and testing same for butter fat and acidity. An elaborate exhibit of butter, cheese, etc., made by the students was shown.

The float representing the truck garden division, was loaded with turnips, collards, lettuce, pumpkins, squash, butter beans, snap beans, peas, carrots, cabbage, onions, okra and other vegetables, raised in the Institute truck garden; boys were showing the methods employed in preparing and selecting for market.

The nurse training float represented the

(Continued on page 13, fifth column.)

MONTGOMERY, ALA., BIDS THE PRESIDENT WELCOME

Reception at First Capital of Confederacy Cordial and Enthusiastic.

Montgomery, Ala., Oct. 24.—Amidst the booming of cannon, blowing of whistles and the cheering of many thousands of people, President Roosevelt arrived here today from Tuskegee and became the guest of the people of the first capital of the Confederacy. Surrounding the station and sidewalks was a crowd of several thousand. Patriotic sentiment of the people was expressed everywhere by the floating of flags and tri-colored bunting and thousands of cheers went up as the president's carriage moved off from the union station followed by the civic and military parade. The route was through the principal streets to the capital, where a platform had been erected in front of the historic old building and within a few feet of the spot where Jefferson Davis took the oath of office as the first president of the Confederacy. The welcome to the president was more than cordial and enthusiastic. The president seemed pleased with his reception.

CHARGES OF CONSPIRACY

Made In Suit to Compel Payment For Losses In Stock.

New York, Oct. 24.—Charges that a conspiracy exists to compel Joseph Leiter of Chicago and Joseph H. Hoadley to pay Cyrus F. Judson's losses in the drop in the International Power company's stock in 1902 were made in court today by Mr. Hoadley's lawyer, George Graham. "This matter will be laid before District Attorney Jerome for his action on it," said Mr. Graham.

The charge was made during the summing up of arguments in the suit which William B. Franklin and George I. Scott have brought against Messrs. Hoadley, Leiter and Judson collectively to recover money which the plaintiff lost in the crash of International Power company's stock.

DULUTH INVENTOR.

Washington, Oct. 24.—(Special to The Herald.)—A patent for tongs has been issued to Robert E. White of Duluth.

MRS. ROGERS MAY APPEAL

To Go Before Supreme Court as Pauper Without Costs.

Now Under Sentence of Death For Killing Her Husband.

Washington, Oct. 24.—Mary Mabel Rogers, under sentence of death in Vermont for killing her husband, was today granted leave to proceed on appeal before the supreme court of the United States as a pauper, without payment of costs. The records in the case will be printed at public expense.

ROBBERS GET $6,000.

Burglars Dynamite the Safe In Ridgeville, Ind., State Bank.

Ridgeville, Ind., Oct. 24.—Seven robbers dynamited the safe in the Ridgeville State bank early today and escaped with about $6,000. The explosion aroused Cashier Branson, who hurried to the bank, and received a bullet in the ankle. Before going to the bank the robbers met the town marshal, overpowered and bound and gagged him. There is no clue.

SEVERAL INJURED BY A COLLISION IN MICHIGAN.

Baltimore, Mich., Oct. 24.—Half a dozen people received serious injuries and nearly twenty more were slightly hurt today in a collision between a rapid railway electric car, south-bound from Port Huron for Detroit and a construction train.

HARRIMAN SPECIAL MAKING RAPID TIME.

Ogden, Utah, Oct. 24.—The Harriman special arrived here 11:03 a. m. today, and departed for the East over the Union Pacific road after a change of engines which was accomplished in the record time of two minutes.

The run from San Francisco was made at an average speed of forty-five miles an hour. E. H. Harriman refused to be interviewed. His train was guarded by detectives and secret service men.

ROADS GET NEW ORDER

Wisconsin Grain Commission Secures Another Against Roads.

Monday's Events In Inspection Trouble Are Repeated Tuesday.

Another restraining order was issued this morning at the instance of the Wisconsin grain commission against the Northern Pacific and Great Northern railroads. The order was issued by Court Commissioner Perkins and is similar to the document which the same Superior official issued against the roads yesterday.

The order issued today restrains the Great Northern from moving 290 cars from the Superior yards until the fees for the Wisconsin inspection have been paid, and the Northern Pacific road is restrained from moving sixty-nine cars. All of these have come in since last evening and have been inspected by the representatives of the Wisconsin commission.

Members of the commission were also much angered this morning by the report that the Northern Pacific road was not stopping its cars at Superior at all, but was sending them straight through to Duluth. Inasmuch as, clever as they are in guarding scales and breaking down barriers, the Wisconsin inspectors cannot inspect cars of grain on the run, the commission secured the incorporation of a clause in the today's restraining order prohibiting the road from allowing its freight engineers to ignore Superior by failing to stop at that attractive city.

Judge Vinje will probably hear the arguments for and against this order as he did for the one which was issued yesterday. He set that one aside, but ordered the railroads to put up $500 as a sort of a bond, to be paid over to the Wisconsin grain commission in the event of an outcome of the present litigation in favor of that body.

The roads paid the $500 and began to move the cars which had accumulated since Saturday. More money will probably be asked from the roads by Judge Vinje tonight.

"I can sure I don't know when we will be able to resume milling operations in Superior," said L. R. Hurd, manager of the Duluth-Superior Milling company, this morning. "Our mills will run all winter if we are permitted to operate them."

The Commander mill officials refused to discuss the situation or even make a statement when asked to do so this morning. The Commander mill was running this morning.

RHODE ISLAND ABOUT READY.

Washington, Oct. 24.—The battleship Rhode Island, which is being constructed by the Fore River works at Quincy, Mass., according to information received at the navy department has nearly reached the point of completion and was scheduled to undergo the builder's trial today.

AMERICANS IN RUSSIA

Seeking Commercial Opportunities and Concessions.

Bidding On Railroads and Electrification of Street Roads.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 24.—Anticipating a big industrial revival in Russia, as a result of the close of the war, there is a regular influx of foreigners seeking commercial opportunities and concessions including a liberal sprinkling of Americans, who believe the time is especially propitious for them. A representative of an American syndicate has submitted elaborate plans for the projected railroad, connecting trans-Caucasia, Central Asia and Tashkand with the trans-Siberian and Tomsk line, which is not only important strategically in facilitating mobilization on the Indian frontier, but because it traverses the well watered lake region. The road involves the expenditure of $15,000,000.

Robert Gross, representing American locomotive manufacturers, is looking for contracts for new equipment of which the railroads of the empire are in urgent need.

Lewis Nixon, who is closing up deals for ten torpedo boats to be set up in the Black sea and which are now in the Baltic, is also awaiting developments. The government's naval contracts and big contracts for the electrification of the street car systems of St. Petersburg and Warsaw are also about to be let. The Westinghouse people are bidding for both of these electrical contracts and a representative of Murray Verner & Sellers of Pittsburg is bidding for the former. Charles R. Flint also has several projects in hand.

MORE MAIL CARRIERS.

Washington, Oct. 24.—The following rural carriers have been appointed for Minnesota: Belgrade, Route No. 3—Albert O. Moen, carrier; Carl L. Nelson, substitute. Burtrum, Route No. 2.—Joshua Thompson, carrier; James Mills, substitute. Dassel, Route No. 1—Gustaf M. Quist, carrier; Emil Nygren, substitute. Little Falls, Route No. 1.—Edward Nelson, carrier; John Bracke, substitute. Princeton, Route No. 1—John Bishop, carrier; M. A. Bishop, substitute.

ACTUARY IS EXPECTED TO TELL WHY DIVIDENDS GO DOWN AND THE SALARIES GO UP IN THE MUTUAL

President McCurdy Had Promised the Committee That Official Would Do So.

Many Companies Would Have Failed Had They Not Adopted Industrial Plan.

Actuary Says He Believes Publicity Is the Best Law To Govern Companies.

New York, Oct. 24.—Emery McClintock, actuary of the Mutual Life Insurance company was expected to answer questions before the insurance investigating commission when it resumed its session today, as to why the dividends of the company had decreased while the salary of President McCurdy was being increased to $150,000 a year.

Mr. McKeen of counsel to the committee conducted the examination of Mr. McClintock. Mr. McClintock supported the statement made on the stand by John A. McCall, president of the New York Life, as to the causes leading to the many failures during the early days of insurance in this state. The companies failed, said Mr. McClintock, because they had nothing to support them but the current premiums. The Metropolitan Life Insurance company, witness continued, was on the verge of failure at one time, but managed to prosper by adopting the industrial plan of insurance.

The three big companies, the Mutual, Equitable and New York Life, the witness said, were able to comply with the rules of the state insurance department by reason of having sufficient reserves. He thought the reserve requirement of the New York law as it stood prevented the formation of many new companies. The law, he thought, as defective in giving no leeway for the expense of procuring new business. Mr. McClintock said he favored having no law governing the reserves, but such supervision as would verify the statement made public. Publicity, he said, was the best law, and he thought the public could look after itself in the way of its protection in these matters. Asked how far his views in this respect were shared by other officers of the insurance companies, Mr. McClintock said he was "somewhat of a missionary in this matter."

MANY INJURED IN CONFLICT WITH COSSACKS AT KHARKOFF

Kharoff, Oct. 24.—A serious conflict has occurred between the troops and people, during which there were many casualties on both sides. The trouble occurred last night while a meeting of 20,000 citizens, students and workmen was in progress. The cry was raised, "Cossacks are coming," and a panic followed. Subsequently the crowd came into contact with the cavalry and revolvers were fired and bombs hurled.

AMERICAN WILL TRY TO SETTLE FRANCO-VENEZUELAN DISPUTE

Caracas, Venezuela, Oct. 24.—The government at Washington has commissioned American Minister Russell to endeavor to arrange the Franco-Venezuelan diplomatic incident. Russell will go to Los Toques to see President Castro today.

Mr. Russell will endeavor to settle the protest lodged on Sept. 19 at Caracas by the French charge, M. Taigny, against the closing of the Caracas station of the French Cable company and the expulsion from Venezuela of the manager of the company, M. Brun.

MILWAUKEE LIBEL CASES TO BE TRIED

Madison, Wis., Oct. 24.—The Wisconsin supreme court today affirmed the order appealed from in the libel case of Former Governor Edward Scofield against the Milwaukee Free Press. The case will now be tried on its merits. Mr. Scofield sued the Free Press for $100,000 on the ground that the paper had charged him with bribery. Similar disposition was made of the case of the Gross Coal company of Milwaukee, which sued Mayor Rose for libel and slander on the ground that Mayor Rose charged that the company refused to sell coal during the coal famine to people suffering from sickness. This case also will be tried on its merits.

MRS. FRANK THREW A CHAIR AT JACOB HEYL

Called Him a Liar As Well, When He Said He Entered Her Room To Talk.

Milwaukee, Oct. 24.—Mrs. Louis Frank testified before Judge Carpenter today in the contest of the will of her mother, Mrs. Lizette Schandein, that after Jacob Heyl, her brother-in-law, entered her bedroom, she threw a chair at him.

Charles Quarles, attorney for Heyl, and James G. Flanders and Charles F. Fawcett, attorneys for Mrs. Frank and Emil Schandein, the contestants of the will, became involved in an altercation today upon the admissibility of evidence. Mr. Quarles maintained that Mrs. Frank could not relate what happened the morning after Mr. Heyl entered her room, because he was not present at the interview with her mother.

The contestants claimed that he was. Mrs. Frank says that Heyl was present. Heyl, himself, is not sure that Mrs. Frank was present when Mrs. Schandein told him that she wanted her house "kept clean." Pending a decision upon this point rests a determination of whether Mrs. Frank's testimony will remain on the record.

She said that the morning that Heyl entered her room by walking on a water table one foot in width and forty feet from the ground to enter her room by a window in her closet that Heyl said he only wanted to converse with her.

Mrs. Frank said she called him a liar and threw a chair at him. She said her mother wanted her to apologize to Heyl for calling him a liar and that she said she would not take it back—that she had rather be killed first.

Emil Schandein gave a statement of his financial condition. He said that his assets are $31,000 and that he has no liabilities. Included in his assets are $2,000 spent for medical treatment two years ago when he had appendicitis. Asked by Mr. Quarles to explain this fact, Mr. Schandein said he considered good health a valuable asset.

Mr. Schandein testified that his mother gave him a house and lot for Christmas in 1902; that she sent him $2,000 in 1904 and asked him to destroy her letter and not mention it to anyone and that on another occasion she gave him 4,000 German marks and sent some presents for his wife, Stella. In addition to giving him $50 a month as allowance, she helped him out at intervals with $10 or $15.

"This testimony shows that Mrs. Schandein was a grand woman and not what they claim," commented Mr. Heyl.

The registered letter containing the $2,000 is alleged to have been sent Emil by his mother after she had received the long letter reviewing all of the acts of his mother which he considered as being unjust to himself and showing preferment for Heyl.

INTERNATIONAL MONEY SITUATION SATISFACTORY.

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DEFECTIVE PAGE

14 PAGES

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

14 PAGES

TWENTY-THIRD YEAR. LAST EDITION. TUESDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1905. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

IT IS IN THE INTEREST AND FOR THE PROTECTION OF THE WHITE MAN TO SEE THAT THE NEGRO IS EDUCATED

Says President Roosevelt In Speech Delivered at Tuskegee Institute.

Great Outpouring of Whites and Blacks To Hear Remarks of Executive.

Booker Washington's School Makes Most Creditable Showing In Parade.

Tuskegee Institute, Ala., Oct. 24.—President Roosevelt reached the grounds of the Tuskegee Normal and Industrial institute at 8:30 o'clock this morning and after a brief stop in the town of Tuskegee, where he was received by the mayor and other distinguished citizens of Alabama, he spoke warmly and feelingly from a platform in the grounds of the girls' college located here. The president's train was then carried directly into the grounds of the institute, over its private track which connects with the main line.

From 8 o'clock last night until morning great crowds of country people, white and black, have been coming from all sections of the surrounding territory to Tuskegee. A variegated assortment of nondescript vehicles, of many kinds, were cared for by the institute in an immense enclosure. The president was driven by this motley collection and seemed to greatly enjoy the sight.

The president was received by Principal Booker T. Washington and members of the institute board of trustees and faculty. He then entered a finely built carriage, made by students of the school, drawn by horses raised at the school, and driven by a student in the school's uniform. Four other carriages, also made by the students, in which members of the presidential party were seated, followed. The party at once proceeded to an elaborately decorated reviewing stand, erected in front of the office building, surmounted by the president's flag. Immediately the educational and industrial parade, upon which the students and teachers have for several weeks been at work, started. First came the institute band, led by Elbert R. Williams, bandmaster, member of the Ninth cavalry, United States army which saw service with the president's Rough Riders at Santiago—who is detailed by the war department to Tuskegee, followed by the nearly 1,500 students of the school in two divisions; the young men uniformed in blue suits, with brass buttons, white gloves and cadet caps, led by Maj. J. R. Ramsey, and then the young women, uniformed in blue dresses trimmed with red braid, and wearing blue straw braid hats, led by Miss Jane E. Clark, dean of the woman's department, each bearing a stalk of sugar cane, tipped with a cotton boll, both raised in the school's agricultural experiment stations. Immediately behind the student body came a series of sixty-one floats, representing the various phases of the work of the academic department and the thirty-seven industrial divisions of the school. The school was able to put in evidence, in this way, examples of the work being carried on in all the departments. Of the floats representing the academic, agricultural, mechanical and the girls' industries, the most striking, perhaps, were the following:

The broommaking and basketry float displayed girls at work winding straw on broom handles by hand machinery, also pressing and sewing brooms and cleaning off old broom handles for the purpose of putting on new straw. The decorations on this float represented the basketry work. The roof was thatched with pine straw; draperies of corn, sweet gum balls and China berries were used, and the sides below the floor were covered with broom straw. Tuskpe also was the exhibition of Indian baskets, reed baskets, pine, shuck and raffia baskets, raffia, bead and shuck belts, brooms, bead purses, African purses, raffia hats, etc.

The millinery float showed the making of uniform hats used by the girls in the school; four girls were at work, trimming, draping and trying on hats. The new shade of silk, the "Alice" blue, was exhibited made up into a girdle and collar. A large arch of autumn leaves with the word "Millinery" woven in foliage erected on the float, was a striking feature.

On the blacksmiths' float there were in operation a heating forge, a large drill press and a thread cutter. Four boys were at work heating and forging and bending tires. The float was decorated with specimens of shop work consisting of forgings, horse shoes and fancy designed iron railings, etc.

Shoemaking was represented by a float containing six boys who were making shoes, repairing, cutting out and fitting uppers and making uppers by machinery. Leather decorations showing specimens of all kinds of shop work were in evidence.

The electrical division presented a float rigged with a pole at either end, with boys near the top, dressed with climbers and safety belt, carrying wires, fastening wires to the regulation cross arms. A steam engine, an electric dynamo and switch board were in full operation; a great number of electric lamps were burning as the float passed.

The machine division float was remarkable in that all the machinery on it was built by students. There were in operation a drill press, one 7-horse power engine driving the machinery, and machine vises. Boys were handling all the machinery, performing their tasks in realistic fashion. The decorations included blueprints showing the course of study as used in industrial classes. A steam boiler, mounted on a large wagon, with hose connections with the machine float, followed, furnishing the power for the operation of the engine.

On the printing float five boys were at work, setting type, imposing "forms," operating a printing press and a stapling machine, also binding books. The float was trimmed with specimens of the work done by the students. The wheels were decorated with scrap paper.

The brickmasonry and plastering float carried six boys doing progressive work, building piers, turning arches, showing the three steps in plastering. Two finished arches were exhibited. The sides of the float were built to represent the primitive level. A transit was in place showing modern methods.

Architectural drawing was represented by a float carrying two students working at a table, drawing. The float, in general outline, represented a Gothic structure. Drawings were exhibited, showing the five orders of architecture, and specimens of detail and design work as done by the students.

The experiment station and the experiment teaching division floats, represented cotton ginning and baling, cotton breeding, and analysis of soil and plants; showing how worn out soils are reclaimed. This was illustrated with specimens of washed land, filled land, terracing and other operations incident to building up soils, also sections showing crops for three years rotation and soil inoculation.

One Humbletonian stallion, five high grade brood mares accompanied by their colts, a pedigreed Jack and five high grade mule colts were in the parade to represent the live stock division.

The dairy division was represented by fifty head of cows, including Jerseys, Guernseys and Holsteins, accompanied by their sires, twenty-five yearlings and calves. On the creamery float were three girls and two boys making butter by the old and new method, running a separator, bottling milk and testing same for butter fat and acidity. An elaborate exhibit of butter, cheese, etc., made by the students was shown.

The float representing the truck garden division, was loaded with turnips, collards, lettuce, pumpkins, squash, butter beans, snap beans, peas, carrots, cabbage, onions, okra and other vegetables, raised in the institute truck garden; boys were showing the methods employed in preparing and selecting for market.

The nurse training float represented the

(Continued on page 13, fifth column.)

MRS. ROGERS MAY APPEAL

To Go Before Supreme Court as Pauper Without Costs.

Now Under Sentence of Death For Killing Her Husband.

Washington, Oct. 24.—Mary Mabel Rogers, under sentence of death in Vermont for killing her husband, was today granted leave to proceed on appeal before the supreme court of the United States as a pauper, without payment of costs. The records in the case will be printed at public expense.

ROBBERS GET $6,000.

Burglars Dynamite the Safe In Ridgeville, Ind., State Bank.

Ridgeville, Ind., Oct. 24.—Seven robbers dynamited the safe in the Ridgeville State bank early today and escaped with about $6,000. The explosion aroused Cashier Branson, who hurried to the bank, and received a bullet in the ankle. Before going to the bank the robbers met the town marshal, overpowered and bound and gagged him. There is no clue.

SEVERAL INJURED BY A COLLISION IN MICHIGAN.

Baltimore, Mich., Oct. 24.—Half a dozen people received serious injuries and nearly twenty more were slightly hurt today in a collision between a rapid railway electric car, south-bound from Port Huron for Detroit and a construction train.

HARRIMAN SPECIAL MAKING RAPID TIME.

Ogden, Utah, Oct. 24.—The Harriman special arrived here 11:03 a. m. today, and departed for the East over the Union Pacific road after a change of engines which was accomplished in the record time of two minutes.

The run from San Francisco was made at an average speed of forty-five miles an hour. E. H. Harriman refused to be interviewed. His train was guarded by detectives and secret service men.

ROADS GET NEW ORDER

Wisconsin Grain Commission Secures Another Against Roads.

Monday's Events In Inspection Trouble Are Repeated Tuesday.

Another restraining order was issued this morning at the instance of the Wisconsin grain commission against the Northern Pacific and Great Northern railroads. The order was issued by Court Commissioner Perkins and is similar to the document which the same Superior official issued against the roads yesterday.

The order issued today restrains the Great Northern from moving 290 cars from the Superior yards until the fees for the Wisconsin inspection have been paid, and the Northern Pacific road is restrained from moving sixty-nine cars. All of these have come in since last evening and have been inspected by the representatives of the Wisconsin commission.

Members of the commission were also much angered this morning by the report that the Northern Pacific road was not stopping its cars at Superior at all, but was sending them straight through to Duluth. Inasmuch as, clever as they are in guarding scales and breaking down barriers, the Wisconsin inspectors cannot inspect cars of grain on the run, the commission secured the incorporation of a clause in the today's restraining order prohibiting the road from allowing its freight engineers to ignore Superior by failing to stop at that attractive city.

Judge Vinje will probably hear the arguments for and against this order as he did for the one which was issued yesterday. He set that one aside, but ordered the railroads to put up $500 as a sort of a bond, to be paid over to the Wisconsin grain commission in the event of an outcome of the present litigation in favor of that body.

The roads paid the $500 and began to move the cars which had accumulated since Saturday. More money will probably be asked from the roads by Judge Vinje tonight.

"I am sure I don't know when we will be able to resume milling operations in Superior," said L. R. Hurd, manager of the Duluth-Superior Milling company, this morning. "Our mills will run all winter if we are permitted to operate them."

The Commander mill officials refused to discuss the situation or even make a statement when asked to do so this morning. The Commander mill was running this morning.

RHODE ISLAND ABOUT READY.

Washington, Oct. 24.—The battleship Rhode Island, which is being constructed by the Fore River works at Quincy, Mass., according to information received at the navy department has nearly reached the point of completion and was scheduled to undergo the builder's trial today.

ACTUARY IS EXPECTED TO TELL WHY DIVIDENDS GO DOWN AND THE SALARIES GO UP IN THE MUTUAL

President McCurdy Had Promised the Committee That Official Would Do So.

Many Companies Would Have Failed Had They Not Adopted Industrial Plan.

Actuary Says He Believes Publicity Is the Best Law To Govern Companies.

New York, Oct. 24.—Emery McClintock, actuary of the Mutual Life Insurance company was expected to answer questions before the insurance investigating commission when it resumed its session today, as to why the dividends of the company had decreased while the salary of President McCurdy was being increased to $150,000 a year.

Mr. McKeen of counsel to the committee conducted the examination of Mr. McClintock. Mr. McClintock supported the statement made on the stand by John A. McCall, president of the New York Life, as to the causes leading to the many failures during the early days of insurance in this state. The companies failed, said Mr. McClintock, because they had nothing to support them but the current premiums. The Metropolitan Life Insurance company, witness continued, was on the verge of failure at one time, but managed to prosper by adopting the industrial plan of insurance.

The three big companies, the Mutual, Equitable and New York Life, the witness said, were able to comply with the rules of the state insurance department by reason of having sufficient reserves. He thought the reserve requirement of the New York law as it stood prevented the formation of many new companies. The law, he thought, as defective in giving no leeway for the expense of procuring new business. Mr. McClintock said he favored having no law governing the reserves, but such supervision as would verify the statement made public. Publicity, he said, was the best law, and he thought the public could look after itself in the way of its protection in these matters. Asked how far his views in this respect were shared by other officers of the insurance companies, Mr. McClintock said he was "somewhat of a missionary in this matter."

AMERICANS IN RUSSIA

Seeking Commercial Opportunities and Concessions.

Bidding On Railroads and Electrification of Street Roads.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 24.—Anticipating a big industrial revival in Russia, as a result of the close of the war, there is a regular influx of foreigners seeking commercial opportunities and concessions including a liberal sprinkling of Americans, who believe the time is especially propitious for them. A representative of an American syndicate has submitted elaborate plans for the projected railroad, connecting trans-Caucasia, Central Asia and Tashkand with the trans-Siberian and Tomsk line, which is not only important strategically in facilitating mobilization on the Indian frontier, but because it traverses the well watered lake region. The road involves the expenditure of $15,000,000.

Robert Gross, representing American locomotive manufacturers, is looking for contracts for new equipment of which the railroads of the empire are in urgent need.

Lewis Nixon, who is closing up deals for ten torpedo boats to be set up in the Black sea and which are now in the Baltic, is also awaiting developments. The government's naval contracts and big contracts for the electrification of the street car systems of St. Petersburg and Warsaw are also about to be let. The Westinghouse people are bidding for both of these electrical contracts and a representative of Murray Verner & Sellers of Pittsburg is bidding for the former. Charles R. Flint also has several projects in hand.

MORE MAIL CARRIERS.

Washington, Oct. 24.—The following rural carriers have been appointed for Minnesota: Belgrade, Route No. 3—Albert O. Moen, carrier; Carl L. Nelson, substitute. Burtrum, Route No. 2.—Joshua Thompson, carrier; James Mills, substitute. Dassel, Route No. 1—Gustaf M. Quist, carrier; Emil Nygren, substitute. Little Falls, Route No. 1.—Edward Nelson, carrier; John Bracke, substitute. Princeton, Route No. 1—John Bishop, carrier; M. A. Bishop, substitute.

MANY INJURED IN CONFLICT WITH COSSACKS AT KHARKOFF

Kharoff, Oct. 24.—A serious conflict has occurred between the troops and people, during which there were many casualties on both sides. The trouble occurred last night while a meeting of 20,000 citizens, students and workmen was in progress. The cry was raised, "Cossacks are coming," and a panic followed. Subsequently the crowd came into contact with the cavalry and revolvers were fired and bombs hurled.

AMERICAN WILL TRY TO SETTLE FRANCO-VENEZUELAN DISPUTE

Caracas, Venezuela, Oct. 24.—The government at Washington has commissioned American Minister Russell to endeavor to arrange the Franco-Venezuelan diplomatic incident. Russell will go to Los Teques to see President Castro today.

Mr. Russell will endeavor to settle the protest lodged on Sept. 19 at Caracas by the French charge, M. Taigny, against the closing of the Caracas station of the French Cable company and the expulsion from Venezuela of the manager of the company, M. Brun.

MILWAUKEE LIBEL CASES TO BE TRIED

Madison, Wis., Oct. 24.—The Wisconsin supreme court today affirmed the order appealed from in the libel case of Former Governor Edward Scofield against the Milwaukee Free Press. The case will now be tried on its merits. Mr. Scofield sued the Free Press for $100,000 on the ground that the paper had charged him with bribery. Similar disposition was made of the case of the Gross Coal company of Milwaukee, which sued Mayor Rose for libel and slander on the ground that Mayor Rose charged that the company refused to sell coal during the coal famine to people suffering from sickness. This case also will be tried on its merits.

MRS. FRANK THREW A CHAIR AT JACOB HEYL

Called Him a Liar As Well, When He Said He Entered Her Room To Talk.

Milwaukee, Oct. 24.—Mrs. Louis Frank testified before Judge Carpenter today in the contest of the will of her mother, Mrs. Lizette Schandein, that after Jacob Heyl, her brother-in-law, entered her bedroom, she threw a chair at him.

Charles Quarles, attorney for Heyl, and James G. Flanders and Charles F. Fawcett, attorneys for Mrs. Frank and Emil Schandein, the contestants of the will, became involved in an altercation today upon the admissibility of evidence. Mr. Quarles maintained that Mrs. Frank could not relate what happened the morning after Mr. Heyl entered her room, because he was not present at the interview with her mother.

The contestants claimed that he was. Mrs. Frank says that Heyl was present. Heyl, himself, is not sure that Mrs. Frank was present when Mrs. Schandein told him that she wanted her house "kept clean." Pending a decision upon this point rests a determination of whether Mrs. Frank's testimony will remain on the record.

She said that the morning that Heyl entered her room by walking on a water table one foot in width and forty feet from the ground to enter her room by a window in her closet that Heyl said he only wanted to converse with her.

Mrs. Frank said she called him a liar and threw a chair at him. She said her mother wanted her to apologize to Heyl for calling him a liar and that she said she would not take it back—that she had rather be killed first.

Emil Schandein gave a statement of his financial condition. He said that his assets are $31,000 and that he has no liabilities. Included in his assets are $2,000 spent for medical treatment two years ago when he had appendicitis. Asked by Mr. Quarles to explain this fact, Mr. Schandein said he considered good health a valuable asset.

Mr. Schandein testified that his mother gave him a house and lot for Christmas in 1902; that she sent him $2,000 in 1904 and asked him to destroy her letter and not mention it to anyone and that on another occasion she gave him 4,000 German marks and sent some presents for his wife, Stella. In addition to giving him $50 a month as allowance, she helped him out at intervals with $10 or $15.

"This testimony shows that Mrs. Schandein was a grand woman and not what they claim," commented Mr. Heyl.

The registered letter containing the $2,000 is alleged to have been sent Emil by his mother after she had received the long letter reviewing all of the acts of his mother which he considered as being unjust to himself and showing preferment for Heyl.

INTERNATIONAL MONEY SITUATION SATISFACTORY.

Berlin, Oct. 24.—President Koch of the Imperial bank, replying to an inquiry today, said that the international money situation was now satisfactory.

MONTGOMERY, ALA., BIDS THE PRESIDENT WELCOME

Reception at First Capital of Confederacy Cordial and Enthusiastic.

Montgomery, Ala., Oct. 24.—Amidst the booming of cannon, blowing of whistles and the cheering of many thousands of people, President Roosevelt arrived here today from Tuskegee and became the guest of the people of the first capital of the Confederacy. Surrounding the station and sidewalks was a crowd of several thousand. Patriotic sentiment of the people was expressed everywhere by the floating of flags and tri-colored bunting and thousands of cheers went up as the president's carriage moved off from the union station followed by the civic and military parade. The route was through the principal streets to the capital, where a platform had been erected in front of the historic old building and within a few feet of the spot where Jefferson Davis took the oath of office as the first president of the Confederacy. The welcome to the president was more than cordial and enthusiastic. The president seemed pleased with his reception.

CHARGES OF CONSPIRACY

Made In Suit to Compel Payment For Losses In Stock.

New York, Oct. 24.—Charges that a conspiracy exists to compel Joseph Leiter of Chicago and Joseph H. Hoadley to pay Cyrus F. Judson's losses in the drop in the International Power company's stock in 1902 were made in court today by Mr. Hoadley's lawyer, George Graham. "This matter will be laid before District Attorney Jerome for his action on it," said Mr. Graham.

The charge was made during the summing up of arguments in the suit which William B. Franklin and George I. Scott have brought against Messrs. Hoadley, Leiter and Judson collectively to recover money which the plaintiff lost in the crash of International Power company's stock.

DULUTH INVENTOR.

Washington, Oct. 24.—(Special to The Herald.)—A patent for tongs has been issued to Robert E. White of Duluth.



"SHUT UP!" —New York World.

President Roosevelt, before leaving Washington, issued an order to the members of his cabinet not to talk to newspaper correspondents.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

DULUTH WEATHER REPORT—Rain or snow tonight and Wednesday—freezing temperature tonight, but not so cold as last night; fresh to brisk northeast winds.

FUR LINED COATS For MEN

Splendid garment—lined with the various furs that are durable, such as **Northern Mink, Muskrat,** Otter, Siberian Rat and Florida Mink in the best shells that it is possible to have. We show **Revellion Freres'**

World's Famous Makes

This house makes the cloth that they use in making the shells, having houses in London, Paris, New York, Canada, Brazil and China, places them in a position to make the **best fur lined garments in the world.**

Fur Lined Coats with Otter, Beaver, Persian Lamb and Marten collars, at prices that are the lowest that coats of guaranteed quality can be sold at—prices ranging from

$40 to $350.

Fur and Fur Lined Coats Made to Order.

THE DAYLIGHT STORE.

331-333-335 Superior St Corner 4th Avenue W. **Oak Hall Clothing Co.** Mail Orders Promptly Filled.

Pocahontas (Smokeless) Coal

$6.50 PER TON

NORTH LAND COAL COMPANY

Office 328 West Superior St. Yards 7th Avenue West and Railroad St. Telephones 1200.

YOUNG GIRL A VAGRANT

Alone and Without Money In a Strange City.

Alone, in a strange city, with not even money enough to pay her carfare to Superior, Beatrice Pollock, a young girl scarcely 20 years of age, was arrested by the police last night and locked up on a charge of vagrancy.

The girl's home is in Iron River, Wis., but for the last few months she has been living in Duluth and Superior. She was unable to answer the police when asked her occupation, but finally said that she had been working in a candy store for a little while. She has been rooming in Superior for the last few weeks, but came to Duluth last night and was arrested by one of the Superior street officers when she was unable to give a good account of herself.

She was brought into the municipal court before Judge Windom this morning, and pleaded guilty to a charge of vagrancy. She gave her age as 20 years, and she did not look to be any older than that. She was fairly well dressed, and was far from being untidy in her appearance.

"Where is your home?" asked the court.

"Iron River."

"What did you come up here for?"

"It's so lonesome down at Iron River. There's nothing to do down there."

"Well it's a far better place for you than a strange city like Duluth," said his honor. "Think of the disgrace of a young girl like you being brought in on a charge of vagrancy.

"What have you been doing for a living?"

"Nothing."

"What will you do if I let you go?"

"I'll get out of town and promise not to come back."

"Well, I'll suspend sentence if you get out and stay out. Where will you go?"

"I can go to Superior anyway, but I haven't any carfare."

"No carfare?"

"No, sir. I haven't a cent."

"The officers will fix you out with means of getting across the bay, where you came from, and I would advise you to write to your people and make arrangements to go back to Iron River. It is the best and quickest way to get away from the life you are leading here, and when a girl scarcely 20 years old gets started the way you have, and is arrested for vagrancy, it is time to pull up with a short rope."

ARE BEHIND ON ORDERS

Dealers Have Difficulty In Supplying Demand For Coal.

Local coal dealers, both wholesale and retail, are way behind in filling their orders. The demand is more active now than it has been for years past at this season, from the interior as well as for domestic consumption, and a local dealer this morning made the prediction that there would be an increase in lake rates for carrying the commodity before very long, and that coal would be brought to the Duluth and Superior docks after the harbor has frozen over. Local retail dealers are from one to three weeks behind on their orders, and the wholesale departments are little better off.

At present all the docks are pretty well filled up, but orders are coming in so fast, and the shipments are so great that the stocks on hand are being rapidly used up, a good deal more rapidly, in fact, than the coal is being brought up the lakes. The same conditions will be true for a week or two yet, and the result will be an insufficient supply of the commodity at the Head of the Lakes when navigation closes, unless an extraordinary effort is made by the vessel interests in bringing along the coal.

The situation is the result of unusual conditions prevailing during the summer. The long summer, with warm days extending well into October, both locally and in the region dependent upon Duluth for its coal supply, meant a small demand for coal until recently. The docks have been kept pretty full all summer and fall, owing to this slight demand, and as much coal has not been brought forward as would have been the case if colder weather had existed, making the people in the interior place their orders earlier, and so clearing space on the Head of the Lakes docks for additional supplies. As it is, all the orders, usually placed several weeks earlier, are now coming in together, and hardly enough time is left until the close of navigation for the interior orders to be filled and for the docks to be loaded to capacity, in readiness for the winter again. All this means that there will be an active demand for vessel tonnage, and the result will very likely be a decided raise in the coal rate from lower lake ports.

It is stated that any raise in the lake rate will not be likely to cause an increase in the retail price of coal. Anthracite is now selling for $7.75 a ton, which has been the prevailing price for three successive winters now. This price will be maintained until April, when the usual spring cut of 50 cents a ton will be made. It has been the custom in the past to raise the price 10 cents a ton, beginning May 1, until the $7.75 rate is reached. This will probably be done next year.

The scarcity of labor has something to do with the fact that Duluth dealers are behind on their retail orders. It is also hard to get men for the dock work. But the most difficulty is experienced in getting enough drivers and teams to see about the local delivery of coal. Generally it is an easy matter to thus pick up men for city work, but conditions are different this fall than they are ordinarily.

There are people reading our "To Let" columns today who would make desirable tenants for that vacant house of yours. There will be tomorrow, too; and there's time enough for you to get your ad in these columns for tomorrow. It should have been in today.



Don't buy imitations. If you do you'll pay bigger gas bills, get insufficient light and be forever paying for new mantles and repairs.

The Shield of Quality is on the label of the genuine Welsbach Lights and Mantles—**a guarantee of the best and cheapest light in the world.**

Imitations are Worthless and Extravagant

For Sale by all Dealers

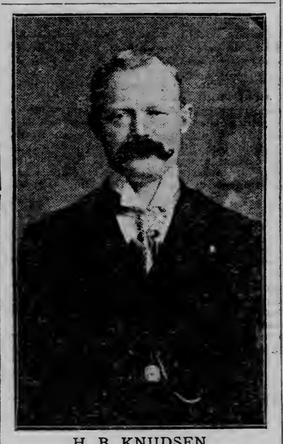
WELSBACH QUALITY

FREE—Ask your dealer for a Welsbach paper cutter. It's pretty, useful and FREE

KNUDSEN IS BEING URGED

Friends Are Boosting Him For Mayoralty Nomination By Republicans.

Among those whose friends have been urging them to come forward as candidates for the Republican nomination for the mayoralty and who have sufficient support to make them factors in the situation, is H. B. Knudsen of the Knudsen-Ferguson Fruit company. Mr. Knudsen has never given his friends the slightest encouragement in the matter but they have repeatedly put forward his name as that not only of an eligible but as one of the strongest men in the party.



H. B. KNUDSEN, Whom Some Are Booming For Mayor.

As a candidate it is conceded that Mr. Knudsen would make a strong one for various reasons. He is one of the influential business men of the city and when he starts out to accomplish anything demonstrates that he has weight with the business interests here. Mr. Knudsen is one of the leading Scandinavians of the city and is accepted by the other members of his race here as a fitting representative of them.

A HIT.

What She Gained By Trying Again.

A failure at first makes us esteem final success.

A family in Minn. that now enjoys Postum would never have known how good it is if the mother had been discouraged by the failure of her first attempt to prepare it. Her son tells the story:

"We had never used Postum food coffee till last spring (a year ago) when father brought home a package one evening just to try it. We had heard from our neighbors, and in fact every one who used it, how well they liked it, and that besides taking the place of coffee as a beverage it furnished a most nutritious and healthful article of food. So we were going to give it a trial.

"Well, the next morning, mother brewed it about five minutes, just as she had been in the habit of doing with the other coffee, preparing it, I fear, without paying special attention to the directions printed on the package. It looked weak and didn't have a very promising color, but nevertheless father raised his cup with an air of expectancy. It certainly did give him a great surprise, but I'm afraid it wasn't a very pleasant one, for he put down his cup with a look of disgust, and said, Mother, are you sure this isn't your dish water?

"Mother wasn't discouraged, though, and next morning gave it another trial, letting it stand on the stove till boiling began and then letting it boil for fifteen or twenty minutes, and this time we were all so pleased with it that we have used it ever since, and though we have a quantity of the old coffee in the house, I fear it will all be spoiled before we can get it used up.

"Father was a confirmed dyspeptic and a cup of coffee is to him like poison. So he never drinks it any more, but drinks Postum regularly. He isn't troubled with dyspepsia any more, and is actually growing fat, and I'm sure Postum is the cause of it. All the children are allowed to drink it and they are perfect pictures of health." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

INJUNCTION IS GRANTED

William Grant of Chisholm Scores Against School District No. 40.

Clerk Martin's Salary Increase For 1904 Is Held Illegal.

William Grant, president of the village of Chisholm, and a legal voter in School District No. 40, has won out in his injunctiuon case against the district and the board of trustees, by securing from Judge Ensign an order perpetually restraining the board of trustees from passing on and allowing the claim of E. G. Martin, as clerk of the school district for a salary at the rate of $35 per month, from July 1904 to July, 1905, and from issuing or paying any orders for the clerk's salary in the amount mentioned.

In decreeing the order of injunction, and by stipulation of both parties in the proceedings, the court specifies that it shall not affect in any way the right of the district, or its officers, to pay Mr. Martin any amount that may be due him for his services, pursuant to the subsequent vote of the district at the annual meeting in July, 1905, when his salary was fixed at $35 per month, and shall not operate to restrain him from effecting payments of salary fixed at the last annual meeting in July, 1905.

The salary which Mr. Martin is enjoined from receiving or the district from paying was voted at an annual meeting of the district held the third Saturday in July, 1904.

Judge Ensign finds that the action of the district in voting such compensation of $35 per month to Clerk Martin was unauthorized and of no legal effect, and is void; also that the district and its officers were not thereby authorized to pay Mr. Martin the amount mentioned, such payment being illegal and void.

The court finds that Mr. Martin, as clerk, at a salary of $35 per month, for July, 1904, was paid $210. It is further found by the court that at the time suit was commenced by Mr. Grant, Mr. Martin, as clerk, had not filed his report for the year 1904-05, and that such report had not been passed on and found accurate by the committee for examining reports; that the report had not been furnished the county superintendent of schools so that the latter could give the school district clerk notice he was entitled to any pay. For these reasons the court holds that Mr. Martin was not entitled to any compensation until the conditions had been fulfilled.

Judge Ensign says he finds Mr. Grant had no adequate remedy at law to protect himself from the unlawful acts of the district and its officers, and that he would be irreparably injured unless the trustees were restrained from paying the salary of the clerk.

The trustees of District No. 40, affected by this order of the court are R. J. Mitchell, director; E. G. Martin, clerk; F. M. Murian, treasurer.

Mr. Grant was represented at the hearing by H. B. Fryberger and the school district and trustees by Baldwin, Baldwin & Dancer.

Mies & Gersen

Is the name of the new firm that will occupy the entire 50 feet front over the Duluth Music Co., as a ladies' tailoring establishment. The many requests having been made on Mr. Mies to open up a ladies' tailoring establishment, have induced him to take the matter in consideration with the result that he has been able to induce Mr. Gersen to become associated with him. Mr. Gersen is one of the most capable designers in the art of ladies' gowns. Mr. Gersen will attend personally to every feature of the business and spare neither time nor money in making the establishment attractive as well as beneficial.

Mr. Mies says that he has been fortunate in acquiring the association of Mr. Gersen and that the ladies of Duluth can look forward to exclusiveness and individuality not now displayed in the city in ladies' garments.

Mr. Mies being the well-known tailor for men, located in the Wolvin building, at 110, 112, 114 Third avenue west, and as he has an already large and growing business which was established sixteen years ago and ranks as one of the foremost in the entire Northwest, the new firm has the best of recommendation through Mr. Mies. They will be open for business about Nov. 1, 1905. MIES & GERSEN.

HARVEST FAIR AT FRAZEE.

Splendid Exhibits and Large Crowds to Inspect Them.

Frazee, Minn., Oct. 24.—(Special to The Herald.)—The harvest fair and auction and sports on Saturday drew the largest crowd of people to Frazee for years. The large building belonging to Baer Brothers on First avenue was filled with exhibits of a splendid quality. There were farmers from all over Becker county and the fair was an unqualified success. Prizes were given by the business men and the exhibits were sold to the highest bidder and the money paid to the exhibitors.

E. E. Phelps was auctioneer, and Alford King receiver of exhibits, assisted by Judge Baldwin and Capt. Wellman.

Following were the prize winners:

Beans—Herman Klug, first prize; Jonah Dinehart, second prize.

Parsnips—Frank Collins, first; Mrs. D. Furgeson, second.

Cabbage—Herman Sonenburg, first; E. P. Antonson, second.

Mangle—Henry Druese, first; Frank Collins, second.

Turnips—Aug. Pazler, first; F. O. Smith, second.

Onions, Wetherfield—Charles Randall, first; August Wilke, second.

Rutabaga—Frank Collins, first and second.

Tomatoes—William Schrobhorst, first; K. McLain, second.

Corn, Flint—August Deisterhoff, first; W. Charlebois, second.

Corn, Dent—Frank Collins, first; K McLain, second.

Pumpkin—Jonah Dinehart, first; Joe Green, second.

Pie pumpkin—Frank Collins, first and second.

Onions, Globe—Frank Collins, first; Mrs. Fred Stillings, second.

Potatoes, Early Rose—Joe Green, first; William Schnolhorst, second.

Potatoes, Early Ohio—K. McLain, first.

Squash, Hubbard—Mrs. Fred Stillings, first; K. McLain, second.

Squash, all kinds—Frank Collins, first and second.

Beets—Mrs. Fred Stillings, first; August Wilke, second.

Crab Apples—Mrs. Annie Wellman, first; Clause Wick, second.

Carrots—August Czarnetski, first; Frank Collins, second.

Field Peas—Herman Klug.

Frank Collins, who won so many prizes, has an ideal garden farm immediately out of Frazee, and he sells the products in Frazee and Detroit. Mrs. Fred Stillings has also a large garden near town at Graham lake.

The corn was big, ripe and of a fine quality and the apples were matured. This is an extraordinary thing in a county so far north.

Gray-Tallant Co

A SALE

Which will put 50c and 75c values in the hands of Duluth Women and Misses, at the lowest price ever known, in this section, will start Friday morning at 8 o'clock sharp.

Watch Our Show Windows

WEST DULUTH

LINE WILL OPEN SOON

Extension of Street Railway on Grand Avenue Almost Finished.

Weather Has Delayed Work, But It Is Progressing Well.

Within a couple of week at least the people living out as far as Seventy-first and Grand avenue will have street railway service. The rails which are being laid are being put in shape and the wires are being strung along the hangers so that just as soon as possible the line extension will be opened up and the additional street railway service made available. This means eleven blocks of an extension and considerable work had to be done and it was hindered considerably by the weather. If the weather remains good now, the work will be finished rapidly.

Sixty-pound rails are being put in on the Grand avenue extension and are being welded together the same as they are on Superior street. The rails which were taken up from the Superior street line and replaced by heavier rails, are being used on Grand.

The extension of the main line of West Duluth will not be made until some time next year.

THE BLAZED TRAIL.

Calling Many West Duluth Men to Work in the Woods.

A good many West Duluth men are going into the woods now and a good many more are cleaning up their summer jobs in preparation for the following of the blazed trail during the coming winter. A great many West Duluth men follow the free and easy life of the woods each winter and each spring West Duluth feels much the richer for it and gets quite chesty over her wealth. The evit of these residents of West Duluth is just beginning and from now on will be strong.

NOW

Go right over to Murray Bros. and talk about their good "NON-EXCELLED" Butter. MURRAY BROS., Makers.

West Duluth Briefs.

Herman Sarvela, full-back for the Fairmont football team broke one of his fingers while in a game with a West end team on Saturday.

Mrs. Mason of West Duluth, died yesterday of spinal meningitis. The funeral arrangements have not yet been made.

A horse belonging to I. Deatherage was found dead in its stall last evening. The animal had been in but a short time.

Harry Barveson will go to Chicago tomorrow.

A daughter was born this morning to Mr. and Mrs. Nels Munson of 6916 Raleigh street.

N. S. Knoblock of West Duluth has taken a contract logging for the Brooks-Scanlon company and is sending horses and men into the woods. When winter comes he will have a large force at work.

William Spencer and family will leave shortly for Forman, Ark., to spend the winter. Mr. Spencer will go to Americus, I. T., for his health.

The West Duluth Dancing club will give its first ball of the season at Great Eastern hall next Thursday evening.

Harry Cowan of Two Harbors is visiting with John Robertson of 320 North Fifty-sixth avenue west.

Mrs. Francis Spencer left last night for Detroit for a visit of six weeks.

A party consisting of J. E. Gilbert, Mr. Buytner and N. L. Davidson of Proctorknott left for the vicinity of Willmar, Minn., last evening with designs upon ducks.

First-class range for sale cheap, Mrs Kreidler, over Nygren's drug store.

FOR SALE!

MEAT MARKET

Good location; with complete fixtures and established paying business. Horses and wagons included. A good bargain. Will stand the closest investigation.

Address—E-29 HERALD.

SPECIAL THIS WEEK!

Gold Crowns $5
Porcelain Crowns $5
Bridge Work $5

Artificial Teeth $5.00 and up.

DULUTH DENTAL PARLORS

DR. BUDD, Mgr. 3 W. Sup. St.

TONIGHT!

Cook's PalmGarden Grand Free Concert by SCHNEIDER'S LADY ORCHESTRA.

Workingmen and Others.

We are prepared to move you cheaper and better than any one else. Covered vans or open drays, same price. Come and be satisfied.

'Phones 492. 210 West Superior St.

DULUTH VAN & STORAGE CO.

WOULD RECOVER VALUE OF FLAX

Dakota Elevator Co. Sues Northern Pacific Railway Co. For $236.

The Dakota Elevator company of North Dakota has brought suit against the Northern Pacific Railway company, in the district court of this county, to recover judgment in the sum of $236.73 for the loss of 11,912 pounds of flax in transit.

In its complaint, filed by John H. Norton, the elevator company claims that it delivered to the railroad company at New Rockford, N. D., Jan. 12, 1903, 54,992 pounds of flax, in good condition, for transportation to South Superior, Wis.

It is alleged that the railroad company neglected to use reasonable care in handling or transporting the flax, but placed it in a car that was unfit, and that by reason of such handling, a large quantity of the flax was lost or destroyed.

Ely

photographs the babies.

House-hunting is made as easy as shopping through the help of our to rent columns.

OPPEL GROCERY CO. | OPPEL GROCERY CO. | OPPEL GROCERY CO. | OPPEL GROCERY CO

THIS WEEK'S SPECIALS!

13 bars Ivory Soap for 50c

5-lb Sack Best Granulated SUGAR 25c

49 lbs. First Pat. Flour $1.10

3 pkgs. Quaker Oats for 25c	4 cans Banner Lye 25c
5 lbs. Santa Clara Prunes 25c	4 packages Raisins 25c
5 lbs. Washing Soda 5c	Pure Maple Sugar, cake..15c
2 bars White Lily Soap ..5c	One Barrel Salt 95c
New English Walnuts, lb. 15c	2 bags 5c Salt for 5c
60c Japan Tea, per lb...42c	1 dozen Corn for 90c
7 lbs Good Coffee for..$1.00	50c Gunpowder Tea, lb. 44c
1 qt. Standard Oysters...30c	Package Domino Sugar..42c
One gallon of Sour Pickles for only 25c	

We Solicit Responsible Monthly Accounts

Deliveries: East End: 9 and 11 a. m. 3 and 5 p. m. 2 p. m. Special. WEST END to Thirtieth avenue each afternoon. LAKESIDE or WOODLAND—Tuesday and Saturday.

OPPEL GROCERY CO.

Opp. City Hall on Sup. Street

Two Big Bargains!

Still some

Wood Folding Beds



left—

$18 only $10.99

Sacrifice! Sacrifice!

All Wood Folding Beds priced $18 or over at big cuts.

Regular $18.00 for only $10.99
Regular $19.00 for only $12.99
Regular $23.00 for only $16.00
Regular $24.00 for only $16.55
Regular $28.00 for only $18.94
Regular $30.00 for only $20.95
Regular $33.00 for only $23.45
Regular $39.00 for only $26.95
Regular $48.00 for only $31.95

"MOORE" Base Burners

Are Always Bargains.

Best for the least money. Most heat on least coal—

Handsomest and heaviest stoves at lowest prices

Satisfied customers are loud in praise of the **"Moore"**

Sold on easy payments, and a



Written Guarantee with each Heater.

Prices $35 and up.

Heaters for all kinds of fuel

$2.00 to $59.00.

P. S. We have some bargains in second hand Heaters.

R. R. Forward & Co. HARDWARE AND FURNITURE

21st Avenue West on Superior St. Duluth.

R. R. Forward & Co. HARDWARE AND FURNITURE



The Kneisel quartet of Boston, composed of Franz Kneisel, first violin; J. von Theodorowicz, second violin; Louis Svecenski, viola, and Alwin Schroeder, 'cello, played an entrancing program of chamber music at the Pilgrim Congregational church under the auspices of the Matinee Musicale last evening.

The "real essence" of Duluth's musical folk turned out en masse and the church was well filled. Appreciation linked with enthusiasm were plentiful, much to the encouragement of these fine artists to do all that the program called for.

The first number was a quartet in G major, opus 18, No. 2, by Beethoven, in four movements—allegro, adagio cantabile, scherzo (allegro), allegro molto-quasi presto. The first movement calls for extreme delicacy, the second, musical intensity; the third, technique, and the fourth brilliancy. To all of these the artists were equal, without leaving a single desire in any direction unsatiated to the ear or feeling.

The second number was a terzetto for two violins and viola, opus 74, by Dvorak in three movements—allegro ma non troppo, larghetto and scherzo (vivace). The first movement is of a highly romantic nature and the "gipsy composer" is hardly discernable in this, but the second movement has true gipsy flavor, and, while it sometimes borders on musical acrobatism its effect is beautiful. This movement pleased the audience so well, that a part of it had to be repeated—the only encore of the evening responded to though demands were plentiful.

Messrs. Kneisel and Theodorowicz played a number by Spohr in two movements—adagio and presto, which brought out their high degree of tonal capacity and technique. Spohr, himself a German violinist of the seventeenth century, taxes the instruments to their utmost, but no demand seems too great when in the hands of artists like Kneisel and Theodorowicz.

The closing number was the celebrated A major quartet, opus 41, No. 3, by Schumann—a highly classical number in four movements, of which the third, the adagio, is the more beautiful. It ends with an allegro vivace finale, making a fitting end to a highly classical, artistic and enjoyable program.

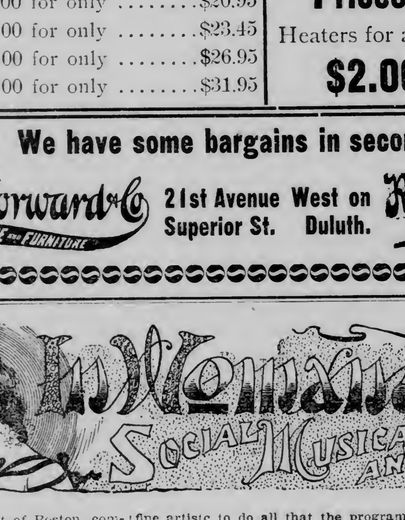
It was the second appearance of the Kneisels in Duluth—they were here last year, likewise under the auspices of the Matinee Musicale, and the organization deserves the gratitude so widely expressed by Duluth's musical people for bringing them here.

The Kneisels are without question the finest organization of the kind in America, and in Europe they are not infrequently compared to the Joachim quartet, which is now holding the lead on the European continent.

Some regret has been expressed that Alwin Schroeder, the 'cellist of the quartet, was not heard in solo at this concert. Mr. Schroeder was for a number of years the 'cello soloist of the Boston Symphony orchestra and is perhaps America's finest 'cellist today. He was heard in a solo number at the concert last year and was highly appreciated.

An appreciable incident was the manner in which Mr. Kneisel handled the encore evil last evening. There were incessant demands for encores to every number on the program and only once did he yield. A program of two and a quarter hours of Beethoven, Dvorak, Spohr, Schumann, etc., is as much as the average musical mind can digest. Surely we would delight in an all-night session with the Kneisels, yet we ought to be considerate of the physical possibilities of an artist. The late Theodore Thomas once remarked: "Measure for measure, when you pay for a pound you cannot expect a ton, and the average concert-goer knows the program before he purchases his ticket."

"I'll take good care I get Beecham's Pills next time,—no more experiments for me."



Golden Wedding.

Tomorrow evening a large reception and dancing party will be held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Clinton Markell in honor of their golden wedding anniversary. Five hundred invitations have been issued among Duluth society and out of town guests and following the reception a dancing party will be held. The affair will be one of the most interesting and beautiful of the season.

Richards-Davis.

One of the most interesting of the week's social affairs will be the wedding this evening of Miss Grace Richards, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Richards, and Ralph James Davis, which will take place at the Lester Park Methodist church. The service will be read at 8 o'clock by Rev. J. W. Powell. The bride will be attended by Miss Irma Richards, as maid of honor, and the bridesmaids will be Miss Fannie Howes and Miss Kate Kennedy. The groomsman will be Richard T. Close, and the ushers, Carroll Graff and Ralph P. Moore.

TO HEAR REPORTS.

Club Women to Learn of Doings of Federation From Delegates.

The Saturday club has issued the following invitation to the women's clubs of the city:

"The members of your club are cordially invited to meet with the Saturday club, Oct. 28 at 2:30 o'clock at the club room of the library to hear the reports of the delegates to the Minnesota Federation of Women's clubs.

The meeting will be an open one and the different phases of the federation meeting will be reported by Mrs. H. C. Marshall, Mrs. R. N. Marble, Mrs. George W. Richards, Mrs. F. L. Barrows, Miss Lydia Poirier and Mrs. J. L. Washburn. Any woman in the city interested in the meeting is cordially invited to attend and late in the afternoon an informal reception will be held in honor of Mrs. Washburn, newly elected president of the federation.

Birthday Party.

A delightful little birthday party was given yesterday afternoon in honor of Miss Constance Parker, at her home on Duluth Heights. The affair was in honor of the little hostess' sixth birthday. Games and a dainty luncheon made the afternoon a delightful one. The guests were:

Misses—
Anna McEwen, Amelia Watt, Rosa Carroll, Genevieve Knight, Gertrude Brooks, Mazeola Johnson, Anna Johnson.

Classes Successful.

The gymnasium classes of the Young Women's Christian association have been very successful this year and the number of members who have entered some of the different classes has been most gratifying. A number of the classes have been so large that with the size of the gymnasium it was impossible to accomodate them. Extra classes were formed, which will meet from 4:45 to 5:30 o'clock Monday and Friday afternoons, having been arranged especially for the teachers of the city, many of whom will be able to attend at that time. The classes are not limited to teachers, however, any woman who finds it convenient to attend a class at that time being invited to join.

Ladies' Night.

The ladies' night which will be held Friday evening of this week by the members of the Commercial club at their rooms will add another delightful function to the week's social events. An informal reception will be held from 8:30 to 9 o'clock, to be followed by a musicale, in which Miss Mary Syer Bradshaw, contralto; Claude Luse, baritone, and the Beethoven trio, Fred G. Bradbury, violin, Mrs. Marie Geist-Erd, 'cello, and Mrs. F. G. Bradbury, piano, will take part. Following the musicale, a few hours of informal dancing will be held. The committee in charge of the affair is Messrs. C. B. Miller and C. E. Bassett.

Ladies' Aid Society.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Grace M. E. church will hold its regular meeting Friday afternoon of this week instead of Wednesday. The hostess will be Mrs. C. P. Trummer of 2825 West First street.

Hallowe'en Party.

"Spooky" is the word most often used in connection with the Hallowe'en party which will be given next Monday evening at the rooms of the Young Women's Christian association. The amusements typical of this season will be the entertainment of the evening and the guests are invited to come garbed as spooks, witches or other unearthly creatures. Fortune telling and "mystic" refreshments will not be among the least of the evening's delights. The whole affair is under the direction of Miss Jennie Moody, chairman of the social committee, and the chairmen of the other committees are: Invitations and posters, Miss Bessie Bowman; decorations and entertainment, Miss Kathleen Watterworth; refreshments, Miss Lyda Willson. A number of grotesque and weird posters about the rooms and in some of the show windows of the city announce the affair and this frolic promises to be one of the most delightful of association affairs.

MAKE IT BUSINESS.

Dressmaker's Advice to Those In Her Line of Trade.

"Don't waste your energy in long talks with your customers," said a well-known modiste to a number of visiting sister dressmakers in the hearing of a Philadelphia Telegraph writer. "Don't try to make friends of your customers, and don't let them make friends of you. Dressmaking is your business, and you must act like a business woman. It's hard for us to do like this, for we're most of us home women by choice and business women by necessity.

"To make a success of dressmaking we can't do a lot of things with that as a side issue. One great point in which the factory, our greatest competitor, has the advantage, is that it has a perfect system of workmanship. It keeps track of the time and money taken to make every garment, and figures on the waste of time, money and material. This I know from my experience in factories, where I have worked as designer.

"Now, what you must do when a customer comes is to make her think that you have all the knowledge of the art of dressmaking put away in your head. Never have any fashion books lying around in your reception room. Of course, you must have the books, but keep them out of sight. They should be to you exactly what reference books are to a lawyer or physician. When a patient comes to a doctor's office the physician doesn't consult his books, but waits upon the departure of the patient. The latter gets the idea that the doctor has the entire methods of cures stored away in his brain, places confidence in him and is willing to pay him a big fee. That is just the way you must appear to a customer. She need never know the hours you have spent delving in those fashion books that have been put out of her sight. If a woman comes to you and says, 'Now, let's go over the fashion magazine together,' you must reply, 'Fashion magazines? Why, I haven't such things here! If you want me to design a gown for you, all right; but if you want a copy of a costume in a fashion book, you'll have to go to some other dressmaker.'

"Say this bravely, although you may be trembling in your shoes, and ten to one the woman will give you the order and will begin to look up to you.

"You know that the attitude of the customer generally is 'I'm the woman with the money, you're the poor little dressmaker.'

"You must change that attitude. She may be the woman with money, but you're the woman with the brains.

"If you are to compete successfully with the factory, which has the advantages of a large establishment, many workers and all the devices for quick work, you have got to make individual dresses. Factories make their big money because they duplicate by hundreds. You will win your success by making no two gowns alike. Study the woman, make her a gown that is a complement of herself, that is distinctly her gown, and, when you have done this you will have made a step in the direction of having the Parisians buy American gowns."

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.



The Coat Sale at $25.00

The cream of the winter styles in every desirable fabric; over 30 exclusive models to choose from, including broadcloths in black and colors, new English and Scotch worsteds, beautiful fur-lined effects that cannot be equaled elsewhere at $35.00 and $40.00.

New Shirt Waist Suits $25.00

The newest conceits for winter wear directly from our own exclusive tailors, in voile, Lansdowne, Henriettas and cashmere; choice shades and richly tailored; prices start at $25.00, then $29.50 and $35.00.

Offerings In the Market

Pumpkins, for pie and lanterns, 10 cents each.

California lettuce, 10 cents head.

Grape fruit, 10 to 15 cents each.

Tokay grapes, 50 cents a basket.

Malaga grapes, 20 cents a lb.

Shrimps, 35 cents a lb.

Lobsters, 35 cents a lb.

The market at present is taking on the look of fall, although the store managers say this is the hardest time of the year to make the display windows attractive. The state grown green stuffs have almost entirely stopped coming and the southern and California products are not yet being shipped in. The lack of Minnesota green things is seen by the offering already of California lettuce. Peaches and blue grapes are just at the tail end of the season and the Florida oranges which have come to take their place are as sharp and sour as the childhood medicines which one swallowed with a wry face and a gentle "It's good for you." The Tokay grapes, red, rich and delicious are at the height of their season and against the time when they get more expensive or disappear the Malaga or Spanish grape, less appetizing in appearance but delicious as to taste are beginning to come. The grape fruit, with its delicate yellow covering is the most attractive looking of the fruits and the very best varieties are now being received.

Shrimps and lobsters, the very names are enough to those who love these delicacies, and those who really do are always the people who are most fastidious and wouldn't touch a bit of the canned stuff under the greatest inducement. Both of these shell fish are found in inviting array. In fact the market affords a number of things with that piquant taste that will appeal to the most "finicky" of eaters.

New Sterling Underwear



The S. & B. Co. announce the arrival of complete lines in the celebrated "Sterling" Underwear for fall and winter wear—all silk, silk and wool, silk and lisle, lambs wool, merino and fleeced effects in all the new colors—

Prices

$2.75 to $9

Per Suit

Orders from many of our patrons who have been waiting for these new lines will now be promptly filled.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

THE STORE OF QUALTY.

THE MAN WITH THE STEADIEST GAZE

By Francis G. Miller.

(Copyright, 1905, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

With Miss Arline Kimball, prima donna of the Witches of Orloff opera company, I had just passed through the stage door to the street after a matinee performance, when, from among the bystanders grouped about the stage door, a ragged, degraded looking man, bearing the marks of the ravages of drink suddenly sprang forth and, grasping my companion about the wrist, kissed her repeatedly in spite of her violent efforts to free herself. Supposing him to be a maniac or crazed by drink, I was so fearful of violence that I stood for the moment unable to move. Arline's face flushed scarlet, her black eyes flashing angrily, as she finally broke away from him. Then I noted a quick change in her demeanor. She suddenly grew pale and her expression softened.

"Call the police!" some one cried. As willing hands dragged the wretched looking fellow away, my friend, to everyone's surprise, sought to restrain them.

"Release him!" cried she in a strange tone. "Do not harm him; do not call the police."

The pitiable looking wretch when freed from the rough hands immediately bowed his head in humiliation and in a broken voice began to beg pardon. Arline without a word pressed a bank note in his hand, then drew me hurriedly toward her carriage. We drove off in haste.

Amazed as I was at this extraordinary affair, I was even more puzzled, for in it there seemed to be a deeper significance than there should have been in a mere sudden impulse of a maniac. But although we were close friends—we had been schoolmates when girls—I felt it a too delicate affair to pry into. She must have perceived my curiosity, however, or perhaps expected it as most natural, for we had been seated in the carriage but a few moments when she addressed me with some agitation.

"Nell, you've witnessed a strange scene. Ah, that poor fellow. My heart aches for him."

"But your compassion is ill deserved," declared I warmly. "You should have had him arrested."

"No, no! A thousand times no!" replied she with spirit. "When I think to what a condition he has been reduced I feel a strange sense of guilt, and yet I know I can not rightly be censured."

"Then you have met him before?"

"I have seen him many times, though not purposely, but I have never spoken a word with him. You see," she settled back in the seat a little more comfortably, "I first knew of him when I was playing a minor role in 'The Merry Wizard' opera, you know. That was four years ago." She looked reflectively out of the cab window and remained silent for some minutes, seeming lost in reverie.

"Four years ago—"

"Oh, yes," resumed she, passing her hand over her forehead. "Pardon me for breaking off so abruptly. Well, I was making my first distinct success, although I had but a minor part. Every one said I was accomplishing a great deal with small opportunities, and as I reconsider, I can quite agree with them. The 'Wizard' had been running but a few days when one evening I received at the stage entrance a note from a stranger. Now, you must have heard, dear, of the audacious letters that a successful actress is sure to receive from the opposite sex, letters that deserve to be torn up and thrown away without as much as opening them."

"One, I suppose, of the many annoyances that you are obliged to endure."

"Only too true. But this note was quite odd in its way. The writer was so modest as to not even sign his name. He made no silly compliments, merely stating that he desired to be a good friend, but proposed no plan by which we could become acquainted. To appease my probable curiosity, I supose, he mentioned the exact seat in the front row that he would occupy. There was a note of sincerity in the letter that impressed me strongly, but as you know I was at that time engaged to George, although that fact was kept to ourselves, and of course I placed no serious thought in this stranger. I was merely amused, curious, half expecting it would prove some sort of a joke.

"Nevertheless, when it came my turn to go on, I felt a bit nervous. I may confide to you, I suppose, that I put a little extra attention to my makeup"—she smiled a little. "Naturally, my first glance was toward that particular seat in the front row. There he was with his eyes fixed steadily upon me, but though the house applauded me warmly, he did not move a muscle."

"Was he good looking?" inquired I involuntarily.

"Yes, even handsome—then; and I felt at that first glance an impression that he was to bear an influence on my future." She paused a moment with a meditative look, then continued: "He sat there immovable, never for a fraction of a minute shifting his gaze from me. You can easily imagine how I felt. Flattered at first, I soon became annoyed, embarrassed, and went through my part instinctively.

"Later in the evening I was presented with an enormous bunch of roses. On the card attached was the simple inscription: "A3." Many a moment I pondered on that till somehow it occurred to me that "A3" was the seat occupied by my unknown friend.

"I expected that after the performance, as a matter of course, he would be waiting for me at the stage door and would there attempt to speak to me. I confess I was a bit troubled about that, so I purposely fell in with two girls who were going my way up town, though of course I didn't drop a word to them, about my new friend. As I walked out with them, there close by the door stood my mysterious admirer, faultlessly attired in evening dress, looking in every particular a gentleman. Not a word; not a move; not the slightest attempt to attract my attention. He seemed content to simply devour me with his eyes.

"The following evening I found him at the stage door like a sentinel on watch. As I passed by—I was alone this time, for I had forgotten all about him during the day—still no word; but he watched me go in as though his eyes could not rest on me long enough. More roses with a note simply saying that he would be in the same seat as on the evening previous. I went through my part with a strange burden weighing on my spirits. The gaze of a whole audience seemed to me to have concentrated in that one pair of eyes. After the performance he stood at the stage entrance as before with the same statue-like immovability, the same immutable silence, the same steadfast gaze."

"Here she dropped off into musing."

"And did this continue long?" ventured I.

"Nearly every night till the company went on the road; and then, though he was present less frequently, his visits were quite regular. He was sure to bob up every three or four days, no matter where the company was playing. Each time it meant roses and violets—always roses or violets—and I accepted all, not because I wanted them but because I feared that a refusal would have dealt him a cruel blow, for I could not doubt that his devotion was as sincere as it was persistent."

"But why did you not manage to get an introduction?"

"But there was George, my dear."

"But you liked him?"

"I will not say."

After a pause I inquired: "You surely made some inquiries about him?"

"Oh, yes. Through a friend I learned his name, that he was wealthy, of high social standing, and of irreproachable character. Why he should have been so attracted to me is one of those things that we can't analyze. He was said to be rather odd. Well, I finally awoke to my responsibilities, and summoned the courage to do what I should have done at the beginning. My marriage to George was made known to him. The result was quite contrary to my expectations. Knowing him to be somewhat a man of the world, I had presumed that he would awake from his dream and take a cynical view of the affair, and there comes the sad part of it all."

At this point I fancied that I saw a tremor sweep over her, but at the time I felt half inclined to attribute it to the jouncing of the carriage. In a moment she resumed her narrative, but with a slower and more mellowed tone.

"In a sort of desperation he seemed suddenly bent upon ruining himself as quickly as possible. Excessive drinking and gambling drew him rapidly from his high position to poverty and disgrace. He repulsed all his friends' efforts to help him. I racked my brains to discover an honorable means of assisting him, but in vain. Many a time I appealed to George, but he through, I think, a secret jealousy, claimed that all effort was both useless and uncalled-for. Until today I haven't seen him for months, and had hoped that he had at last succumbed to friendly persuasion."

"But does not his strange behavior of this afternoon indicate insanity?"

"No; from what I know of him I think not. More probably a desperate passion released of the bonds of propriety by his degraded condition. Nell, I ought to do something, but what? What can I do?"

For the moment the rattling of the carriage over the pavements was her only answer; then I indiscreetly gave vent to a sudden thought. "Arline, if George were suddenly lost from your life and memory, would you—"

"Nell"—she turned toward me with a startled look and pressed her fingers against my lips—"if you have read my heart, say no more."

A SKIN OF BEAUTY IS A JOY FOREVER.

DR. T. FELIX GOURAUD'S ORIENTAL CREAM, OR MAGICAL BEAUTIFIER

Removes Tan, Pimples, Freckles, Moth Patches, Rash, and Skin Diseases, and every blemish on beauty, and defies detection. It has stood the test of 56 years, and is so harmless we taste it to be sure it is properly made. Accept no counterfeit of similar name. Dr. L. A. Sayre said to a lady of the haut-ton (a patient): "As you ladies will use them, I recommend 'Gouraud's Cream' as the least harmful of all the skin preparations." For sale by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers in the U. S., Canada, and Europe.



FERD. T. HOPKINS, Prop'r, 37 Great Jones St., N. Y.

BRIDGE FOR TORONTO

The City Engineer Comes to Duluth to Get Information.

Situation Is Much the Same There As It Is Here.

Toronto is the latest city to consider the erection of an aerial ferry bridge similar to the one in Duluth.

In Norfolk, Va., a company has already been organized to put up a structure like the one in Duluth, and now Toronto is considering the plan.

The Toronto harbor is formed by a semi-circular island enclosing a bay about three miles long and between a mile and two miles wide. At each end there is a channel connecting the bay with Lake Ontario.

The island is a very popular summer resort for Toronto people, and the ferry traffic across the bay is very heavy. The city now proposes to build an aerial ferry bridge across the western channel, which would connect the mainland with the island. The street cars already run to the edge of the channel, and the bridge would land the people within easy walking distance of the pavilions and the beach at the summer resort.

C. H. Rust, the city engineer and manager of the Toronto waterworks, has been in Duluth several days looking over the Duluth bridge and inspecting the plans, and has just returned to Toronto to lay the facts before the city council for consideration. While here, he retained the services of T. F. McGilvray, the city engineer, in a consulting capacity, and there is every prospect of the bridge being undertaken in the near future. It is possible that the preliminary arrangements will be made this winter so that work can be commenced in the spring.

The Toronto bridge would differ somewhat from the Duluth bridge. It would be used almost exclusively for passengers, and the car could be of larger and lighter construction. It would not have to be built to carry street cars or any heavy wagons, but it would be frequently called upon to carry large crowds of foot passengers, especially since the old ball park is across on the island and occasionally there are large crowds turn out to the lacrosse games which are played there.

Mr. Rust expressed himself as much pleased with the idea of the Duluth bridge, and thought that it would answer the needs of the situation in Toronto completely.

While here, he also examined Duluth's tar macadam pavement. In Toronto the tar macadam has not been a great success. It was very popular for a time, but the city had bad luck with one or two jobs, and the pavement has been given a bad name there. Mr. Rust was given the ingredients of the mixture used in Duluth, which he admitted might make a better pavement than the mixture used in Toronto, and he expressed his intention of giving it a trial.

When in Superior
Take Your Luncheon or Dinner at
The Hotel Superior Cafe
The best at reasonable cost.
J. T. LAWRENCE, Mngr.

PRESIDENT SENDS SON'S GUIDE AN AXE.

Deadwood, S. D., Oct. 24.—Bert Tilley, who acted for guide for Kermit Roosevelt on the latter's hunting expedition in the Black Hills recently, today received from the White House a handsome hunting axe as a present from the president for the courtesy shown the chief executive's son Kermit, who it is stated, expects to make the same trip next summer.

J. H. HANSEN DIES OF MORPHINE POISONING

His Wife Denies That It Was Case of Suicide.

The Tragic End of James F. Tibbitts Is Recalled.

Morphine taken to gain relief from an epileptic fit, was the cause of the death of J. H. Hansen of 231 East Fifth street, early this morning, according to the statement of his wife.

Yesterday afternoon he sent to Le Richeux's drug store for the morphine, the order being made out in the proper form. He took the drug and early in the evening he was taken to St. Mary's hospital, suffering from the effects of morphine poisoning.

At the hospital physicians worked over his unconscious body for hours, but he failed to rally from the stupor. At about 2 o'clock this morning some hopes were entertained of his recovery, but he grew worse, and passed away about 7 o'clock this morning.

Mrs. Hansen when questioned this afternoon, denied that there was any truth in the story that her husband had committed suicide.

"He has been subject to epileptic fits for over twelve years," said Mrs. Hansen. "He took the morphine to gain relief from a threatened spell yesterday afternoon, and he took an overdose of the drug.

"He did not have any troubles that would cause him to commit such an act. He was happy, very happy, and we had no domestic troubles."

If rumors which were current about three years ago, at the time of the tragic death of James F. Tibbitts, the undertaker, were correct, the sad occurrence last evening may have been a sequel to the suicide of Mr. Tibbitts.

The undertaker was found on the morning of September 25, 1902, in his rooms at 7 East Superior street, with a revolver shot through his head. Beside him was a note saying, "I have just found out what an ass I have been."

There were various rumors concerning the cause of the suicide at the time. It was claimed that he had met with business reverses, and also that he had been hopelessly infatuated with a woman, who was said to be Mrs. Hansen. He locked himself in his rooms, and fired a revolver shot into his head, the body not being found until the following morning.

Whether or not the present case was one of suicide or not, is impossible to say. Mrs. Hansen denies that the act was intentional on her husband's part, but it will probably never be known whether or not he took the extra amount of the drug intentionally or accidentally. He had been addicted to the use of the drug for years, to gain relief from his epileptic fits, and the act may have been an accident, or it may have resulted from a sudden impulse to end his life, which might have come to him, as he was measuring out the dose.

AMENDMENT SETTLES IT

County Auditor Halden's Contention As To Salary Is Correct.

A further examination of the new code by the county officials has demonstrated that County Auditor Halden is correct in his contention that the auditor's and the treasurer's salaries will not be increased to $5,000 when the revised laws go into effect next March. House amendments to sections 114 of chapter 7 of the revised laws make specific provisions, which effectually "kill" the revised law provision, which states that the auditor's salary in counties having an assessed valuation of over $60,000,000 shall be $5,000. The clause of the amendment which invalidates the provision of the new code closes with the following sentence:

"Provided that this section shall not apply to counties having a population of more than 40,000, nor any county where such salary or clerk hire is now fixed by special law."

St. Louis county falls within the class of counties having a population of more than 40,000, hence the salary provisions of sections 114 and 115 of the revised statutes will not be applicable.

It is admitted by the county authorities who have been looking up the law that the amendment was overlooked. When it was called to the attention of Mr. Halden today he said that he had not noticed the amendment, but that he believed himself to be in the right anyway, according to the provisions of the new code outside of any amendments. To sustain his position he quoted chapter 110 of the revised statutes in which section 5 says "the provisions of the revised laws, so far as they are the same as those of existing statutes, shall be construed as a continuation thereof, and not new enactments; and references in statutes not repealed to provisions of law which are revised and reenacted herein shall be construed as applying to such provisions and so incorporated in the revised laws."

THE SMART SET
Corset is preferred by knowing women who want the finest. Costs more—but better than common corsets.

Freimuth's
Lake Avenue, Michigan and Superior Streets, Duluth, Minn.

TREFOUSSE GLOVES
Are the finest known to Paris—and Freimuth's sells them exclusively to most of Duluth's society folks.

$5.00 For $6.00 and $6.50 All Wool Blankets

These bankets were bought and paid for nine months ago or else you'd have to pay $6.00 to $6.50 a pair for them. Wool was much lower then—it made a big jump upward two months later—and at the time we bought these, the mills were willing to make us good concessions to clear their warerooms of their surplus stock. That is why we can offer you these 10-4 and 11-4 strictly all pure wool blankets—North Star, Amana Society, California and Amana makes—in scarlet, gray and white for only $5.00. You may pick from white, gray and scarlet, with silk bound or button-holed edges, compare them with $6.00 to $6.50 blankets you have seen, then buy here at $5.00.

$5

The above blankets are strictly all wool, pure wool and nothing but soft, fleecy wool.

Some people prefer mixed wool blankets—we've got two small lots of these in regular six-dollar grades which we will include with the all-wool blankets we will sell at five dollars pair!

Other Wool Blankets $2.98 to $20.00.
White Cotton Blankets, Special, Pr. 49c.
Other Cotton Blankets, up to $2.50.
Robe Blankets, 89c to $6.00.
Infants' Crib Blankets, 50c to $6.00.
Comforters—big assortment—89c to $5.

$2.75 Comforts $2.00
Very fluffy, scroll stitched or hand tufted comforts with corded edges—fancy silkoline top and back—filled with pure clean white cotton batting—size 72x80—bought at last year's prices—50 of them on sale at $2.00 each.

Over 100 pleased customers made last year in buying a Radiant Estate Base Burner from us!
Read what a few wrote us about the Stove they bought:

Duluth, March 11, 1905.
Kelley Hardware Co.—
In reply to your inquiries I would state that the Radiant Estate base burner has given the most perfect satisfaction. A. ARONSON,
426 Twenty-second avenue west.

Kelley Hardware Co., Duluth.
I am well pleased with my Radiant Estate base burner. It is very easily managed and a great coal saver. Yours, DR. L. M. BURNET.

West Duluth, March 11, 1905.
Kelley Hardware Co., Duluth.
Gentlemen: The Radiant Estate purchased from you last fall just fills the bill. Could not keep house without it. Yours truly, F. J. LYNCH.

Duluth, Feb. 20, 1905.
Kelley Hardware Co.—
The Radiant Estate base burner I purchased from you last October has so far given entire satisfaction. It is a fine heater and a great saver of fuel.
Yours truly, V. S. WILKINSON,
722 West Second Street.

Proctor, Feb. 17, 1905.
Kelley Hardware Co., Duluth, Minn.
The Radiant Estate base burner I bought of you last fall has kept my house of five rooms warmed up in good shape all winter. F. G. SUGG.

Proctor, Feb. 18, 1905.
Kelley Hardware Co., Duluth, Minn.
Gentlemen: Replying to your request, will say that I have used the Radiant Estate four months and take pleasure in recommending it as a first-class heater. Yours truly, R. A. HYDE.

Duluth, Minn., Feb. 27, 1905.
Kelley Hardware Co., City.
Sirs: I take pleasure in stating that the Radiant Estate I bought from you has given entire satisfaction. I don't know what more service could be gotten out of a heater than what I get out of the Radiant Estate, and I have used several. If I should buy a heater again I would get the Radiant Estate.
Respectfully, O. H. OLSON,
2701 West Third Street.

Duluth, March 11, 1905.
Kelley Hardware Co.—
Dear Sirs: Will say the Radiant Estate we bought of you in October is giving good satisfaction. We started fire in it the 12th of October and have heated five rooms with it alone all winter and have only used four tons of coal and the house has been very warm day and night. Would not change for any other I have yet seen. Respectfully, MRS. LEE GIBSON.

Duluth, Feb. 18, 1905.
Kelley Hardware Co.—
I am very well satisfied with my Radiant Estate base burner. I am very glad I bought the Radiant Estate. This stove is a regular fuel-saver. I have used a little over one ton of coal to heat four rooms. Some of my neighbors have used over two tons of coal and they do not heat as many rooms. Of course they have a different kind of stove. Yours truly, GEO. STERNAL,
2801 Wellington Street.

Duluth, March 13, 1905.
Kelley Hardware Co.—
Gentlemen: In answer to your inquiry as to how I liked the Radiant Estate stove which I bought of you, will say that it has done all which you claimed for it, and I can cheerfully recommend it as a first-class and economical heater. Respectfully, W. H. LONGSTREET,
Mngr. Metropolitan Theater.

Duluth, Minn., Feb. 17, 1905.
Kelley Hardware Co., Duluth.
I will state the Radiant Estate base burner we got from you last fall has given good satisfaction and my wife would not be without it, nor would she have any other in place of it at any price.
ERNEST BUCHNER,
21 East Ninth Street.

Duluth, March 11, 1905.
Kelley Hardware Co.—
Gentlemen: I am pleased to tell you that the Radiant Estate stove purchased of you Nov. 22 has given me entire satisfaction. I have heated three (3) rooms with half a ton of coal a month, and I cheerfully recommend the stove to be all you claim for it.
Yours truly, MRS. O. C. EKROTH.

Remember, we can show you about one hundred letters like the above; also remember that the RADIANT ESTATE is the best Base Burner made. We can prove it!

ONLY $1 DOWN AND $1 A WEEK

Takes the best we have. We make a good allowance for your old stove.

KELLEY HARDWARE CO.

RAILROADS

WILL COME VIA DULUTH

Great Northern Branch Line Will Divert Corn Traffic.

Twin Cities and Duluth to Be Benefited Instead of Chicago.

St. Paul, Oct. 24.—It is altogether likely that the Great Northern will divert much of the corn traffic from Chicago to the Twin Cities and Duluth from which points it will be distributed to the markets of the world, both in the East and the West. This will, to a great extent, be brought about by the completion of the Great Northern connection between Sioux City, Iowa, and Ashland, Neb. Work on the new branch has been in progress for some time and it is understood that it will be in operation before very long.

For the first time, the Great Northern will have first-class connection with Omaha, through which it will become a direct competitor with the other great systems for the stock shipments. Most important, however, will be the increased facilities of the road for the shipment of corn which up to this time has been cared for largely by roads which pass through Chicago. Most of this trade will now be carried to Minneapolis, St. Paul and Duluth, and especially the latter place, where it will find a ready and cheap highway to the markets of the world.

The distance between Omaha and other Nebraska points and Duluth is less than that to Chicago. Most of the corn traffic has been taken on long hauls to Chicago when a more natural route would be to Duluth or the Twin Cities.

This arrangement will operate for both the benefit of the East and West as a cheaper rate on the great commodity will result. The new connection will also open up an avenue for the shipment of lumber from the Head of the Lakes to Nebraska points and thus guarantee good traffic in both directions.

ADJUST ELEVATOR CHARGES.

A Meeting for That Purpose Is Being Held at Chicago.

The adjustment of elevator charges on export grain is being discussed today at Chicago, at a meeting of interested traffic men, including General Freight Agent Pinckley of the Chicago, Great Western road. Too much grain, proportionately, is said to be moving out of the country by way of the gulf ports, and the Atlantic seaboard lines are apprehensive that shippers are receiving special inducements not to route their grain eastward from the Missouri to the Mississippi.

Another meeting of the Western Trunk Line committee, held yesterday, considered rates on dairy products from Minnesota to New York. A rate of $1.10 on butter and eggs over the Milwaukee road from Granite Falls, Minn. to New York, has partly demoralized, it is said, the dairy tariffs in this territory. Other lines assert that correspondingly low rates may soon be applied from all Minnesota points to the East, unless remedial measures are applied in time.

New Time Table.

The Great Northern has issued a new time table folder. The covers are in color, showing an ocean and a mountain scene. The general effect is pleasing. The Great Northern Steamship company is given considerable space in the folder.

Kaminsky-Grynacz Wedding.

A pretty autumnal wedding was that of Frank Gryuacz and Mary Kaminsky at St. Mary's Polish church this morning at 9 o'clock. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Father Babinski of Superior. The bride was attended by Miss Annie Chalky, and Thomas Kaminsky was the best man.

Directly after the ceremony at the church the wedding breakfast was served at the residence of the bride's aunt, Mrs. Joseph Kaminsky, 1206 West Superior street. The immediate family, intimate friends and bridal party were asked and covers were laid for ten. The house was prettily decorated with pink and white roses. Upon their return from their wedding trip Mr. and Mrs. Gryaocz will take up their residence in Superior.

Sale of Fur Garments For Women.

The sale of high-class fur-lined and fur-trimmed coats at Gidding's tomorrow ushers in the second day of their offerings of close to 300 magnificent fur-lined and fur-trimmed garments, aggregating over $15,000 at retail. And let it be said in passing that every one of them was made to their special order by the very highest grade manufacturers. The coats and wraps not only include those for street and driving wear, but also include beautiful models especially appropriate for evening and party use, coming as they do in the pastel shades as well as in the darker shades of blue, red, brown and also in black. They also wish us to say that they will not guarantee present prices after this sale, but will lay by any garment until wanted, upon part payment.



A Good Glass of Beer for Lunch
Will make the simplest diet palatable and nutritious. Our Moose Brand Beer is a meal in itself, and contains all the nutriment of bread and meat, besides being an appetizer. No one should be without a case of our Moose Brand Beer during the fall season, a pure and refreshing drink.
We deliver it promptly to your order.
Duluth Brew'g & Malting Co
Either 'Phone No. 241.

"The Prudential Insurance Co."
Issues the ideal Life Insurance contract, both as an investment and protection.
Is Your Life Insured?
If not, we have the policy you want, at lowest cost and highest dividends. Policies issued on the annual or five-year dividend plan, as the applicant may desire.
Call or write the representative.
M. A. KEELEY,
No. 517 Torrey Bldg., Duluth, Minn.
New 'Phone, 518-Y.

EDISON PHONOGRAPHS
and a complete line of Edison gold-moulded
RECORDS
at 200-1-2 Alworth Bldg.—headquarters for the wizard's products at the Head of the Lakes.
B. F. HATHAWAY.

Korby Piano Co.,
201 E. Superior St.,
Factory representatives for the W. W. Kimball Co., have just received a carload of Pianos. Terms to suit the purchaser.

Take Your Prescriptions
and have them filled at
Boyce's Drug Store.

DEFECTIVE PAGE



The Strongest Overcoat Store In Duluth.

KENNEY & ANKER

409-411 West Superior Street.

Fur and Fur Lined Coats $15 to $150

The Great Success of the Sale of

S. Samuels & Bro. and Henry W. Cane & Co.s Stock of Men's and Boy's Suits and Overcoats

is convincing proof that Duluth people appreciate real bargains.

$7.75 gives you your choice of S. Samuels & Bro. $10 and $12 Men's Suits and Overcoats.

$9.75 gives you your choice of S. Samuels & Bro. $15 and $16 Men's Suits and Overcoats.

$14.75 gives you your choice of S. Samuels & Bro. $20 and $22 Men's Suits and Overcoats.

$2.95 gives you choice of Henry W. Cane & Co.'s $4 and $4.50 Boys Overcoats. **$4.95** gives you choice of Henry W. Cane & Co.s $6 and $7.00 Boys Overcoats.



See that Coffee Maker. Made of aluminum, in three sizes; cost 35, 50 and 75 cents; by its use you get coffee of the same flavor every time. No egg needed to settle the coffee; it therefore saves its cost to you in a few weeks. We are always looking after your interests and in this item we offer you the best yet. Now on sale. You can't get them elsewhere.

Grand Union Tea Co.

18 West Superior St.

THE DWARFS OF AFRICA

Strange Experience of One Who Penetrated Their Wilderness.

The Pygmies Whom Professor Starr Is Going to Study.

New York, Oct. 24.—In view of the attention excited by the expedition which Prof. Starr of Chicago has organized to go to Africa and study the pygmy tribes, it is interesting to know that there are living in New York a man and a woman who have penetrated to the heart of the pigmy country and visited pigmy villages never before entered by whites. They are the Reverend A. W. Halsey, secretary of the Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions, and Mrs. Halsey, and their home is now at No. 41 King street.

Dr. and Mrs. Halsey returned only a few weeks ago from a trip to the Presbyterian missions in Western Africa, which took them far into the interior. They disembarked at Liberville, in the French Congo, and thence made a long trip up the Gaboon river, turning aside from time to time to ascend tributary rivers. For this trip they used a naphtha launch, the Dorothy, given to the African missions by a family of Orange, N. J., in memory of a daughter.

Returning to the coast, they went to the Benito district further north, and from there made an overland trip of 250 miles into the interior. It was during this trip that they visited the pygmy villages.

At Loledorf, eighty-one miles from the coast, a native Christian reported that a few days' journey distant were twenty-one dwarf villages in the forest. This mission itself at Loledorf was founded by a Scotch woman who wanted to send the Gospel to the dwarfs. Only six dwarfs have not yet been reached.

The pygmies dwell apart by themselves exercising all their ingenuity to keep away from the tribes of normal size, and the other tribes, either through prejudice or self-interest, place every obstacle possible in the way of the missionary penetrating to the dwarf villages. At the first native village encountered after turning from the government road into the forest, Dr. Halsey and his party were told that there were no dwarf villages in the direction in which they were going. They pushed on, however, into the dense forest.

"Even at midday it was twilight," says Dr. Halsey. "Great trees lay across our way. Underbrush was so thick that it had to be cut away with a knife.

"It seemed impossible and absurd to search for anything in that wilderness, but our guide knew what he was about and at times would stop and listen, and at one of these pauses he heard the faint sound of distant chopping.

"Telling us to remain where we were, he went on, and after a long interval came back with two dwarfs. They eyed us suspiciously. They are a timid race and have been much oppressed.

"In stature they were somewhat under five feet, in color a yellowish black. They had retreating foreheads, protruding mouths and chins, eyes bright and keen, and faces much more intelligent and pleasing than I had expected to find. While the lower limbs seemed short and slender, the body was thickest, with long arms and a general aspect of muscular development.

"I saw few ornaments among them. One I noticed with a bunch of black beads, and another were an antelope horn on a string around his neck. He was a rain doctor, and the horn was rain medicine. The only tatooing I saw was a series of irregular pyramids on the neck and arms.

"It was most interesting when the two dwarfs finally decided to conduct us to their village to watch their method of locomotion. Not a stick was broken by their stealthy tread.

"Scarcely a leaf moved as they silently pushed forward into what seemed to us a pathless forest. Their walk spoke volumes for the secrecy in which they are obliged to find safety.

"This village consisted of fourteen huts on the bank of a stream in a clearing of half an acre. The huts cannot be called houses—they are only shelters.

"Two poles are driven into the ground and a cross pole fixed. Against this cross pole other poles are leaned, and the whole covered with sticks and leaves. One end is enclosed; all the rest are open.

"Small beds made of bamboo, rising a foot from the ground, showed that the little people were not insensible to comfort. A bamboo bed is not at all uncomfortable.

"An inventory of all the articles I saw in all these huts would include, aside from the beds, only bows and arrows, small cooking pots, sticks for kindling fires, monkey steaks, a little native grass-cloth and quantities of cassava and plantain.

"Not a woman or a child was to be seen. All had fled to the forest at our approach. Later, when confidence was restored, they all returned.

"It did not take us long to get on good terms with our small friends. It was chilly, and we all sat down about the fire. I gave the head man a box of matches, having first lit one. A present of a $20 gold piece to a beggar could not have been more acceptable.

"He showed us how they got fire with two sticks, one a foot and a half long, the other about a foot. The shorter stock had a round hole near the end. The longer had a point which fitted into this hole.

"He laid the stick with the hole in it on the ground, and stuck the point of the other into the hole. Close by was a little heap of dry bark of a kind used by squirrels to make nests. He twirled the upright stick with great rapidity, a second man assisting by holding the stick down in the hole. In less than a minute by the watch he had his fire, the sparks catching in the bark.

"Then the head man had brought from his hut a parcel done up in a plantain leaf. He unfolded the leaf and revealed a mass of wild honey.

"The chief took some honey and ate it, then passed it to us. I hardly expected to see such courtesy in a primitive dwarf who had not even the semblance of culture. We were now as much his guests as if we had eaten salt with the most courtly of Orientals.

"A juicy bit of monkey steak was then offered us, but on the plea of having plenty of meat we declined, and gave our host a tin of roast beef. The little people were most intent on watching everything we did. The blowing up of an air pillow excited their unbounded curiosity. All examined the pillow, felt the air against their cheeks as we opened the valve, and understood the use to which the pillow was to be placed.

"That afternoon we held a religious service. The whole population attended, thirty-two in all. They listened with strict attention to the missionary preacher, who spoke in Dulu, and then to the interpreter, who translated into Ngumba, many of the dwarfs knowing something of both languages.

"We had hardly sung the opening hymn when darkness fell like a curtain, with no intervening twilight. As I looked at their wondering faces, lit up by the firelight, it seemed to me a very impressive scene. Even in the dwarf village they listened eagerly to the words of the preacher.

"Later they showed us a dwarf dance. The stars shed some light upon the strange scene.

"Two torches made of pitch from the mahogany tree lit up the faces. The music was furnished by the women.

"One little creature held a cutlass in each hand, which she beat in perfect time. The next woman clapped her hands with rhythmetic regularity. Another thumped a small drum with her fingers in regualr time. The drum was made of red wood covered with antelope skin.

"The next woman had four sticks, with which she beat a long heavy bit of timber before her with great rapidity. Next was a woman beating two sticks, and at the end was another woman with a drum, who seemed to be the leader of the orchestra, as all the rest followed her lead.

"A low song with a peculiar refrain was sung all the time. At intervals, apparently at the end of a measure, it would burst out with renewed vigor, weird music, like which I think I have never heard. One seemed to hear in it the music of the forest, the call of the bird, the roar of the lion, the trumpet of the elephant and the sweep of the wind through the trees.

"The dancers were all men, and there was nothing objectionable in the dance. It was the playtime of these little people of the forest, whose amusements are few.

"The dwarf is a hunter. There was no sign of gardening or agriculture. He constructs a unique bow and arrow, and he understands the use of poisons.

"These people are timid; they are nomads, and they seem to be under some sort of servitude to the larger tribes. I know not whether the dwarf is to be placed below the Bushman or the Hottentot, but I know that he appreciates kindness. The whole village came to the river to speed us on our journey.

"The brother of a sick man promised to come to the mission for medicine. The head man promised to send some boys to the school. One old man with gray hair even shed tears as we left. The dwarf has a heart."

CHINK ORDERED DEPORTED.

Milwaukee, Oct. 24.—Sam Wah Kee of Appleton, Wis., charged with being in this country illegally, was today ordered deported by United States Court Commissioner Bloodgood. An appeal was taken. United States District Attorney Butterfield claims that Kee is connected with a system by which Chinamen are brought into the United States illegally.

BLOOD POISON is the worst disease on earth, yet the easiest to cure when you know what to do. Many have pimples, spots on the skin, sores in the mouth, ulcers, falling hair, bone pains, catarrh and don't know it is BLOOD POISON. Send to DR. BROWN, 935 Arch St., Philadelphia, Penn., for BROWN'S BLOOD CURE, $1 a bottle; lasts one month. Sold in Duluth only by Max Wirth, 13 W. Sup. St.

Great Closing Out Sale!

Now going on; the entire stock of the Sommer Shoe Co.; $15,000 worth of seasonable Footwear at about Half Price; every pair must be sold.

Boys' and Girls' School Shoes go at	Queen Quality Fine Shoes on sale at	W. L. Douglas $3.50 and $4 Shoes go at
98c	**$2.19**	**$2.69**

Treadwell Shoe Company

115 West Superior Street. Don't miss this sale.

MARKET HAS NO FEATURES

Calumet & Pittsburg Active Bisbee Stock--Black Mountain at $9.

Copper stocks had no especial featurwes today, except for an upward movement and considerable activity in Centennial which was up 2¼ points at one time. North Butté was $56.25 at the opening and advanced to $57, slipping back to $56.50 at the close, and closing at that price bid and $57 asked. Total trades were 1805 shares.

In the Bisbee stocks Calumet & Pittsburg was the active one today, several sales being made at $38. At the close the market was $38 asked. Lake Superior & Pittsburg continues its strength holding at $39 bid. Pittsburg & Duluth, notwithstanding the fact that it is now sending ore to the smelter, is weaker, and at the close was $26.50 asked. Calumet & Arizona was at $114 asked and Junction at $30 asked.

Black Mountain today sold at $9 quite freely and then at $8.75, the close being with the latter price bid. This stock has more than doubled in price during the present month.

Rahn in the City.

Andrew A. D. Rahn, who was supervisor of the state census in Hennepin county was in Duluth today. Hennepin county showed perhaps the biggest gains of any in the state and Mr. Rahn is enthusiastic over the progress of Minneapolis. Mr. Rahn was secretary of the Hennepin County Republican committee in the last campaign and is a prominent Republican, but he declined to talk politics today.

Well Dressed Men

Who want something away above the commonplace are coming our way.

Young men are apt to want something different from the ordinary without caring to pay a high price.

We're enjoying the trade of more young men than any other tailoring establishment in town.

We make our suits for young men with these ideas in mind. Our suits are full of individuality, both in cut and cloth.

Our new London grays at $30.00 are the joy of all who select one. Quality would suffer were they made up any cheaper, at $33.00 and $35.00. The line of new fabrics is the superior of any other in Duluth.

Don't take our word for it; come and see for yourself. It's time you were ordering that suit. Come in tomorrow.

J. S. LANE

Tailor to Men Who Know

217 W. Sup. St.

Underwear That will keep you warm in cold weather—cotton, wool, silk and mixed. Prices you will like, too. **Buy it here.**

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE — WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

Gloves For winter wear, warm gloves for the street or for dress wear—prices to please every purchaser. **Get them here**

The Herald printers butchered up our Waist "ad" last night

so nobody could tell what it meant. But you can't spoil so good a thing as this Waist Sale with the worst kind of proof reading or "ad" makeup.

Now then, here are the facts—

Our New York buyer has just sent us 100 silk waists that are the best bargain we have seen in many a day. They ought to sell at retail up to $15.00 each, but he got them at a price that lets us do our customers another of our famous favors in the way of a low price.

Embroidered Waists of chiffon taffeta, the entire front beautifully silk embroidered; made with stock collar and deep tucked cuff on wide sleeve.

Shirred Waists of messaline silk, with deep finely shirred yoke with four rows of lace insertion and lace collar, also shirred sleeve and cuff with lace to match.

Watch for the price in tomorrow night's Herald.

COMMITTEE WILL MEET

Business Men Will Discuss Progress of Y. M. C. A. Campaign.

Large Donations Are Being Made Under Pledge Of Secrecy.

At 4 o'clock tomorrow afternoon the Business Men's committee of 100, formed to raise the money for the new Y. M. C. A. building, will hold its first meeting on the call by the chairman, ex-Governor John Miller.

Since the committee was decided upon last Tuesday night, the members have had no opportunity of getting together, and tomorrow's meeting will mark the beginning of the organized work of the committee.

The board of directors will hold a meeting this afternoon at 4 o'clock, and discuss the plans for the campaign.

It is still a little early for the subscriptions to come in very freely, but about $3,500 has already been pledged, and the total has now passed the $53,500 mark.

The reports are not made to headquarters until late in the afternoon, and the day's results are never known until evening, as the actual amount subscribed is never known until all the day's reports are in.

Most of the money collected up to the present time, aside from one subscription of $1,000 secured yesterday, is the result of the work of the young men who are members of the Century club. The business men have been working quietly on the larger subscriptions, and the one for $1,000 secured yesterday is the first one to be announced. Others are expected to follow in rapid succession, and it is likely that quite an addition will be made to the fund as the result of the meeting tomorrow, as some of the members have announcements of subscriptions to be made then.

Most of the large gifts made up to the present time have been made under the pledge of secrecy, in some cases it being stipulated that the gifts would be withdrawn if the name of the donor were made public.

TO CURE A GOLD IN ONE DAY

Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets Druggists refund money if it fails to cure E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

MAY SINCLAIR IS TO VISIT AMERICA

Author of "The Divine Fire" Talks About Her Work.

New York, Oct. 24.—A London correspondent says: Considering the success of that uncommonly fine novel, "The Divine Fire," in the United States, surprisingly little has found its way into print regarding its author, Miss May Sinclair. This matter, however, is likely to be remedied shortly for Miss Sinclair is to make a short visit to America, where she will spend some time in New York as the guest of her American publisher, and then go to stay with her friend Kate Douglas Wiggin, at the latter's place in Maine.

To Miss Sinclair—a bright-eyed, nervous little woman whose accumulated summers cannot total more than an agreeable figure—her approaching visit to the United States is fraught with a special interest, for while the novel which has made her name found many readers and admirers in her own country, it has had by far its greatest vogue in the United States, where its qualities were first recognized.

"And I cannot say," said Miss Sinclair, in talking to me yesterday, "how genuinely I respect the discrimination of American readers in liking that one of my novels"—she has published four—"which I personally know to contain my best work."

This authoress's story is the old one of success after years of plucky fighting. "One of her former books—"Audrey Craven," "Mr. and Mrs. Neville Tyson," and "Two Sides of a Question"—though the last named was lavishly praised by some reviewers in this country—brought her in enough to live on, and before the success of "The Divine Fire" changed the aspect of things she eked out her income by reviewing other people's books and translating. Now, however, Miss Sinclair says she is glad that success did not come at first.

"If it had done so," she said, with characteristic seriousness, "I do not think that, afterward, I should have been able to write without being influenced to some extent by questions of saleability. But the book after book of mine failed, I said to myself, 'Not good enough, but the next will be,' until now I feel sure that I can do whatever I set out to do, without being swayed by reflections as to what the public may think of the matter in hand."

Regarding her next book Miss Sinclair will say little, except that she means to start it shortly after her return to this country, which she expects will be soon after Christmas. It may be finished by the end of next summer. Maybe, because—as no one who realizes what an immense amount of pains had been lavished on "The Divine Fire" will need to be told—the author is an uncommonly conscientious writer, who finds no one less easy to please than herself.

When writing a book, Miss Sinclair commonly works eight hours a day, but her output is comparatively small; she gasped at the mere suggestion of 1,000 words a day. "I may do 600," she said, "and I may do six!" Miss Sinclair remarked, however, that she had never been able to estimate her progress by number of words.

"In that respect," she said, "figures have not the slightest significance to me, and if it is absolutely necessary that my words be counted, I have to turn the work of computation over to somebody else."

On the other hand, this author has a curious faculty of being able to tell within a few pages, at any rate, how big a book the story she is at work upon will make. "I remember," she said, "in the case of 'The Divine Fire,' my publishers here got frightened at the length it was assuming and demanded to know how long it would be? I suggested that they had better allow for 1,010 type written pages, and though at the time I had only a general idea of what I was going to make of the story, the number of pages was within perhaps half a dozen of that which I had mentioned."

Miss Sinclair also is inclined to lay claim to a sort of prescience regarding other matters in connection with her work. "For instance," she said, "I felt sure, though I knew nothing whatsoever about American tastes, that my last book would make its strongest appeal to the United States. Contrary to what actually happened I expected it would be a long time in finding an American publisher, but sooner or later I felt sure of its success across the Atlantic."

With Miss Sinclair, it is never a question of finding a plot for a prospective novel, but a matter of selecting one from the many that are continually suggesting themselves to her mind. "At present," she said to me, "I have the scheme of no less than six books almost completely thought out, and their vague outlines of I should say twenty-five more are clamoring for attention." Ordinarily that would be rather an alarming statement, but in this authoress's case the survival of the fittest may be awaited with confidence.

With the exception of occasional visits to Ireland, all Miss Sinclair's rather quiet life has been spent in England. Beatrice Harraden, and Mrs. William Meredith, the daughter-in-law of the great novelist, are among her intimate friends. In the United States she is looking forward to meeting Mrs. Edith Wharton who wrote to her, as Miss Sinclair says, "most charmingly" about "The Divine Fire."

ALLEN'S ULCERINE SALVE

Is a sure cure for Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, Fever Sores, Gangrene, Blood Poisoning, White Swelling, Poisoned Wounds, all sores of long standing. Positively never fails. Cures also Cuts, Burns, Boils, Felons, Carbuncles, Abscesses. For sale by druggists. Mail 25c and 50c. J. F. ALLEN MEDICINE CO., ST. PAUL, MINN.

You Are Invited

To call at our office and learn how to get a home at LAKESIDE with a small amount of cash and monthly payments as easy as paying rent.

It Is Not Too Late

to get your building under way this fall and have it finished by moving time, May 1st.

Lots on graded streets, water and sewer connections $500 to $600. We loan you five times the price of the lot with which to build.

Lakeside Land Co

303 Lonsdale Bldg.

D. E. H., Oct. 24, 1905.

OUT IN THE COLD!

The cold world is pleasant enough and warm enough if you are dressed as you should be. The first appearance of fresh ice on the streets will remind you of overcoats and underwear, and these will recall to you the word "Columbia."

Here is the busy corner store where all who know us and our merchandise satisfy their wants at the approach of winter.

Times are good and we are prepared for good times. No city with three times the number of inhabitants can boast of a larger or better selected stock of wearables for men and boys than is to be found right here at The Columbia.

Many Department Stores do not carry as large a stock in all their departments as we do in Men's and Boys' wearables only. But you cannot tell by the size of their advertisements how small their stocks are, nor how relatively high their prices.

Our prices are as low as can be for the reliable qualities we sell.
Underwear from 50 cents up.
Overcoats from $8.50 up.

COLUMBIA CLOTHING CO.

Foot Note: Wear the Columbia $3.50 Shoe.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

TO SUBSCRIBERS:

It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed to give both old and new addresses.

SUPERIOR'S GRAIN INSPECTION.

Possibly advice from this source is not sought by Superior and its people, but it is difficult to refrain from suggesting to them that in the matter of the grain inspection they are in a fair way of cutting off their noses to spite their faces, which is neither logical, pretty nor helpful.

Nobody can question the right of the city of Superior to attempt to build up a grain market such as Duluth has built up after many years of work, if she can. Nobody can question, either, the right of that city to choose its own methods of doing what it seeks to do. If the present violent methods seem suitable to the people of Superior, doubtless they will continue to use them, and if the results are widely different from what they expect, that too is their business.

But one would think that a course that results in the closing down of the city's flour mills, throwing many workmen out of employment, and creates an atmosphere hostile to interests upon which, in a measure, the welfare of the city depends, would hardly commend themselves to men of discernment.

The Minneapolis Journal, in discussing the situation, says:

> Great commercial bodies are not built up in a night, nor is their growth facilitated by such radical measures as Superior has adopted. It took twenty-five years to build up the Minneapolis Chamber of Commerce to its present commanding importance, and every exchange has grown slowly. Superior might begin in a modest way, and with many natural advantages in her favor might in time become a grain market; but she seeks rather to capture the trade by a sweeping change, which, however fair in law, and however justified by circumstances, is working nevertheless against conditions long established and long recognized by the trade the world over.

Surely this is sensible advice. If Superior wants to build up a grain market, starting with nothing and handicapped by the growth and fair fame already attained by the Duluth market, she should start in deliberately and steadily to build. She cannot, by one violent effort, carry off Duluth's grain business in a night and start it going next morning on the other side of the bay. Attempts to build up by tearing down somebody else are usually unsuccessful, and they deserve to be. If Superior's efforts were directed toward building up her own market, beginning at the beginning and building brick by brick, instead of trying to start at the top and throwing bricks, she might accomplish something.

This way, the way she is proceeding now, she can do Duluth no harm and may do herself much.

HARD, BUT JUST.

The order of the state board of health forbidding the employment of consumptive teachers in the public schools of the state, and debarring consumptive children from attendance, is just and reasonable, even necessary, though it may seem harsh and needlessly cruel.

It is true that to the unfortunate teacher afflicted with tuberculosis, dependent upon her teaching for her living, the order will work a hardship. This is pathetic, and the innocent victims of the order merit abundant sympathy. But of greater moment still is the safety of the healthy pupils and teachers with whom these afflicted ones will come in contact if they are permitted in the schools, and to whom they may readily communicate their illness.

Consumption is contagious, most dangerously so. The day when this was not known, and when it was believed to be hereditary and incurable, are fortunately past. Today the case of the consumptive is by no means hopeless. The dread disease is being cured, and in a large proportion of cases. But nothing has done more to check its ravages than the discovery of its contagiousness. Forewarned is forearmed, and by the isolation of patients as nearly as may be, and by the exercise of due care, the spread of the disease can be checked in a large measure. With the present knowledge of its characteristics, it will not be a very long time before it is practically wiped out.

But in order to check its further spread, and even for the best interests of the afflicted, such orders as this by the state board of health are necessary and expedient. The close, hot interiors of country school houses, and of many city schoolhouses also, are dangerous breeding grounds for the germs of consumption, and are not only injurious to the afflicted ones, but by facilitating the spread of the germs the conditions become dangerous for healthy people as well.

The order is to be commended, and it should be rigidly enforced in all parts of the state.

PRESIDENTIAL POSTOFFICES.

Definite announcements of the policy of the federal administration as to appointments to presidential postoffices has been made, and it does not differ from that which has been followed in the past—to let the members of congress say who shall be appointed. In view of the fact that Duluth has an appointment coming due next spring, and the further fact that there have been rumors that possibly some touch of civil service rules might be made to apply to presidential offices, the announcement is of local interest.

In numerous instances throughout the country postmasters who had been installed four to eight years have been hoping that perhaps their good records would serve them in lieu of a congressional indorsement, which they lack. This hope is eliminated by the announcement that what the congressman says goes. There is a string to it, however, as the president reserves the right to hear evidence against the appointment of any candidate proposed by a congressman. Besides, there may be cases where the senators will have something to say about it. Usually they leave such matters to the congressmen, except in their own home towns, but the senate has to confirm all presidential postoffice appointments, and if the two senators in any state opposed the appointment of a man proposed by a member of congress, the chances would be very much against confirmation.

In some cases, too, the congressman may become alarmed at the situation where a fight arises, and wish to keep his hands off. In such cases as this doubtless the president will reappoint the incumbent if his service has been satisfactory.

Civil service practically applies to fourth-class offices now. There is no definite term to their incumbency, but all of those appointed since McKinley's first inauguration are safe from removal except for cause. Under the policy adopted by the Roosevelt administration those holding office whose appointments are dated prior to March 4, 1897, can be removed at will, but those appointed subsequent to that date cannot be removed without adequate reason.

The failure of the administration to extend this excellent rule to presidential offices is due to the fact that they are too important politically, and to take the appointive power away from congressmen would be to arouse fierce opposition. That the service would be better if postmasters who had shown special aptitude for their work were allowed to remain cannot be questioned. However, since usually the presidential postoffices are the most important appointments the congressmen have at their disposal, it is too much to hope that the civil service system will be extended to them at this time.

DOING GOOD WORK.

It is difficult to see why there should be criticism of the work of the state dairy and food commission, when it is industriously and effectively pursuing a relentless campaign against impure and adulterated foods, and running them out of the state so far as its jurisdiction will permit. It is true that the criticism is slight, and comes from but one or two sources, but it is hard to imagine why there should be any criticism except perhaps from those personally interested in the dishonest manufacture and sale of adulterated goods.

The commission is regularly issuing bulletins, advertising the goods it finds to be adulterated, giving the nature of the adulterations and the houses that sell them. Some concerns, such as the mail order houses of Chicago and other large cities, are outside of the commission's reach, but it has analyzed some of their goods, found them to be adulterated, and it is advertising the fact through the country press, to which its circulars are sent. For instance, the latest bulletin shows that two samples of strawberry jam sold by a Chicago mail order house are colored with coal tar dyes, dangerous to health and even fatal if taken in large quantities.

Here are some of the things the commission found and advertised in its latest bulletin: Cherry cider, artificial, colored with coal tar dye and preserved with salicylic acid; a Canadian maple syrup with no maple in it, made of cane syrup; condensed milk with but little butter fat, labelled "Evaporated Cream;" strawberry preserves made of glucose; olive oil made of cottonseed oil; grape juice preserved with salicylic acid; French beans colored with iron salts; and raspberry preserves made of glucose and colored with coal tar dyes.

These are only a few of the things the commission has found and declared illegal. Some are simple frauds, whereby poor stuff is sold for good stuff. Others are deadly, being colored with poison and preserved with poison. This is an old story, but it cannot be repeated too often. It is theft to sell a cheap thing by representing it to be a dear thing and getting a price for it accordingly. It is crime to sell people stuff adulterated with drugs that are injurious and even murderous.

These crimes should be punished accordingly, and the Minnesota dairy and food commission is doing good work in exposing them and procuring their punishment.

THE FIELD SURVEY

The recent sad loss of life in the Lake Erie storm marks the advent of the season when lake navigation is not only unpleasant, but often perilous. Safe voyages for those still afloat and a safe port on the other side for those that have gone down, will be the universal prayer around the lakes.

* * *

When these life insurance presidents say they are not going to retire, one wonders whether they can be quite sure of it, considering the possibility that others may have something to say about it.

* * *

The Washington Post notes that no babies are being named after the life insurance presidents. No, but doubtless lot of babies are being scared into goodness by warnings that if they don't behave they will grow up to be life insurance presidents.

* * *

If the president could as effectually attend to the case of an obstreperous senate as he did to the case of an obstreperous chauffeur, all would be forgiven.

* * *

The selection of Republican candidates for mayor of Duluth and for governor of Minnesota are still vexed and unsettled problems. Mayor Cullum and Governor Johnson appear to be about as unconcerned about it as anybody.

* * *

Beef trust prices will do more than Mr. Edison's homily against over-eating.

* * *

President Roosevelt's remarks en route continue to fail to give comfort to the kingdom of graft.

* * *

The question in New York appears to be whether the people prefer a district attorney that will serve them, or one that will serve Messrs. Murphy and Odell.

* * *

Have you contributed toward the new Y. M. C. A. building yet? If so, your money is well spent; if not, there may be some question about it.

* * *

Most of the people that realize that charity begins at home are content that it should end there.

* * *

In twenty years the Mutual Life paid the McCurdys $4,600,000. The United States has paid its presidents, from Washington to Roosevelt, $900,000 less than that.

* * *

Police Commissioner McAdoo of New York told a bunch of new policemen the other day to let him know if the politicians bothered them, and he would see that the politicians got their deserts. Unless rumor has libelled the New York politician, there aren't jails enough in New York to make it possible for Mr. McAdoo to make good.

HOTEL GOSSIP

"I doubt very much if Chicago will ever be surpassed, or even equaled in size by any city in the West," said H. Heath of Minneapolis at the Lenox. "Seattle, the gateway to the Orient and Alaska, is coming to the front with rapid strides, but it is hardly likely that, with all her advantages, she will ever forge ahead of Chicago, or equal the Windy City in size, although Seattle will be a very large city in the course of a decade or two.

"San Francisco has not yet attained its full growth either, by any means, but neither does she stand much show of being placed in the same class with Chicago so far as population goes, for the Windy City is growing about as fast as any of them.

"I became a resident of the Illinois city in the year 1865. It was quite a town then, but, of course, didn't compare with what it is now. There was a lot of business transacted there, though, and it was evident even then that Chicago had a great future before her.

"When the fire came things looked pretty black for a while, in more ways than one. My residence was two miles from the edge of the burned district, but I had an office that was destroyed with the others in its vicinity. I was a merchandise broker at the time. There wasn't much left of the building I occupied. In the whole district, measuring five miles in length, only one building was left standing, and that was a private residence, surrounded by a big lawn, which kept the flames from reaching the house. Wet blankets and plenty of water on the roof and sides of the structure kept the burning brands carried by the wind from doing any harm there. It looked queer after the fire to see that one house standing there all alone in five miles of blackness and ashes.

"I wouldn't care to live in Chicago again. I remained in business there for some little time after the burning of the town, doing business despite the fire, and then removed to the Flour City. I like Minneapolis first rate. I am a loyal citizen, but do not claim that any home town will beat out Chicago, no matter how long a time she takes to do it. She has already beaten St. Paul, and that fact is enough to satisfy the residents of the city. There has been a lot of building done in Minneapolis this year, and extensive public improvements have been made, including needed extensions of the street car tracks. The people down there are always on the hustle to push their city to the front, and they appear to be getting along pretty well in their purpose."

* * *

"Life on the stage isn't all pleasure," said W. D. Emerson, representing Daniel Sully, at the St. Louis. "It's all right when an actor gets at the top of the heap, and is sure of a paying berth with a good company, but until he gets a start it is mighty hard digging. The work is very discouraging at times. Even when a man or woman is starring, there is a lot of hard work about it, for it is no perpetual joy traveling all over the country making one, two and three nights stands.

"Every successful actor has had a hard time at some time or other in his life. Perhaps he went on the road with some small company, and was stranded in some far-off Western town after a few weeks of disastrous business, and if he was not fortunate enough to have a friend to resort to for financial aid, he had to walk back to New York to try it over again, getting a lift now and then on a freight train.

"After he has grasped several such opportunities and failed, the young actor still must possess the moral courage to tackle the next that presents itself. He is losing valuable time. He is constantly being subjected to all kinds of rebuffs and humiliations. He is ruining his health by the loss of sleep and poor hotel accommodations. He is getting up at all times of the night to catch trains that are late and waiting over at junctions in a cold station for trains that are later.

"He gets in town in time to rush up to the theater and prepare for his performance without anything to eat, perhaps, after he has been on the road all day with nothing to satisfy his appetite but a dried-up sandwich and a cup of coffee, bad at that. After a young man has experienced this for a few seasons, and rises no higher than a small bit, he begins to realize what kind of stuff he must be made of in order to achieve success as an actor."

* * *

At the St. Louis: W. C. Pierce, Boston; S. C. Silberman, Minneapolis; D. McLeod, Keewatin; D. McArron, Port Huron, Mich.; J. Runquist, Grasston, Minn.; W. H. Keller, Deer River; R. A. Wilson, Chippewa Falls, Wis.; W. A. Wright, L. J. Dawson, Red Wing, Minn.; T. A. Hobbs, Eau Claire; E. Kissinger, St. Joe; G. H. Thompson, Hibbing; W. H. Shea, Eveleth; A. B. Clair, Grand Rapids; F. W. Smith, Cass Lake; J. F. Wilkie, Hibbing; R. C. Knight, Eveleth; T. McKenzie, St. Paul; R. R. Trezona, Eveleth; A. L. Tuson, Virginia; J. W. Foster, Iron River, Wis.; W. R. Auld, Prentice, Wis.; R. Patchin, Chicago. F. B. Rossom, Virginia.

* * *

At the Lenox: W. H. Williams, Minneapolis; E. Litton, Larimore, N. D.; F. McKnight, Chicago; Mr. and Mrs. D. Oliver, St. Paul; B. F. Jones, New Paris, Ind.; W. Bathian, J. E. Moroney, Minneapolis; H. W. Boyce, Sidney, Ohio; E. Suymer, F. C. Smith, Minneapolis; P. H. Dicke, Washington, D. C.; Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Kerry, St. Paul; F. A. Hetzel, Omaha; M. and Mrs. E. H. Echlem, Two Harbors; J. B. Robinson, Kantow, Ohio; A. L. Loy, Chicago; J. A. Prodger, J. E. McCall, Alexandria, Minn.; E. S. Miller, Milwaukee; C. F. Matteon, Herbster, Wis.

* * *

At the McKay: Annie Glizen, St. Paul; J. Wall, Skibo, Minn.; C. Benyck, Crane Lake, Minn.; E. Nelson, J. Anderson, C. Norlen, G. Sundy, A. Dahlen, Two Harbors; Miss Alta Warren, Mrs. A. J. Warren, Knife River; W. C. Church, Des Moines; H. E. Waalen, Atwater, Minn.; L. R. Sims, Ely.

* * *

At the Spalding: W. D. Chamberlain, Minneapolis; F. B. Morrison, Nelson, B. C.; H. M. Pulker, Brockton, Mass.; E. J. Foley, Milwaukee; D. J. Galvin, W. Galvin, St. Paul; L. F. Davis, Minneapolis; Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Lennon, Cincinnati; Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Conns, St. Paul; O. W. Holmes, Two Harbors; M. Fireside, Cincinnati; E. R. Porch, St. Paul; H. D. Oxley, Minneapolis; A. L. Haman, St. Paul; J. C. Penn, Lancaster, Pa.; D. Maday, Fargo; G. B. Jordan, Chicago; G. S. Hollman, Faribo; W. C. Hyde, Minneapolis; J. H. McLeon, Ironwood, Mich.; D. D. Rundall, Ishpeming.

She Expected That.

Harper's Weekly: It was once the agreeable duty of John Drew, the actor, to be the escort of a French actress, a young woman of great personal charm, on the occasion of her first visit to a New York roof garden. Shortly after they had taken their seats, she turned to her companion and asked the name of the selection the orchestra was playing.

"I Love You, I Love You," replied Mr. Drew.

"Oh, yes, yes, I know," returned the Frenchwoman, with a glance of coquetry, "but ze tune zat zey play, Mistaire Drew, vat ees cet?"

Son Was Well Trained.

Judge: When young Meagles took a train for Harvard his father said, "As soon as you find out let me know if you have passed your entrance examinations."

Two days later, in the midst of making a heavy deal, he received the following telegram: "Yes, J. Meagles, Jr."

Somewhat preoccupied and puzzled, he telegraphed back: "Yes, what?"

The well-trained son wired back: "Yes, sir."

Ten to One on McClellan.

New York Times: Wrenn Brothers & Co. bet Mendhim & Co. $9,000 to $900 recently that McClellan would be elected mayor.

Barnell & Co. bet $500 to M. F. Broderick's $400 that Ivins would poll more votes than Hearst. Alexander L. Lane bet Bryan Coler $1,000 to $1,500 that McClellan's plurality would not be 50,000. Many smaller bets were made.

THE WEATHER

And still not a snowflake. Snow has fallen all about us, in every direction, and not a flake has dropped here yet; the weather man has predicted it on several occasions, and while it has snowed in accordance with his instructions, it has gone around or up or down or somewhere; at any rate it has not come here. The frost came last night all right, but this morning broke as clear as a bell, with a delicately tinted sky undimmed by clouds or smoke. The sun thus had a chance, and he used it by making that frost scatter quickly. Still, the wind was northeast, which brought, on the other hand, a touch of the lake's coolness.

The temperature went lower even than the weather man predicted last night, reaching 20 deg., while on the ranges it reached still lower, in some cases to 15 deg. The snow went east of Duluth and struck the copper country, where they say all snow goes ultimately, anyway.

The outlook is still for snow or rain tonight and tomorrow, with northeast winds and weather freezing, but a little warmer than last night. Says the weather man of conditions:

"The Manitoba high barometer remained about stationary, but caused much colder weather over the Red River valley, Northern Minnesota and Lake Superior, the temperature falling to 6 deg. above zero at Winnipeg and 20 deg. at Duluth. The Arizona disturbance moved to Texas attended by light rains from the Lower Ohio and Lower Missouri valleys southwestward. The Alberta low barometer moved but little. These conditions will likely cause rain or snow in this section tonight and Wednesday."

Following were the lowest temperatures recorded during the twenty-four hours ending at 7 o'clock this morning; as reported by the weather bureau:

Abilene	62	Milwaukee	38
Atlanta	50	Minnedosa	8
Battleford	28	Modena	30
Bismarck	24	Montgomery	46
Boston	42	Moorhead	20
Buffalo	42	New Orleans	62
Calgary	26	New York	46
Charleston	56	Norfolk	44
Chicago	46	Northfield	30
Cincinnati	52	North Platte	40
Davenport	44	Oklahoma	54
Denver	34	Omaha	46
Detroit	50	Phoenix	68
Devils Lake	14	Pierre	28
Dodge	42	Pittsburg	48
Duluth	20	Port Arthur	10
Edmonton	26	Portland	52
El Paso	46	Prince Albert	20
Galveston	70	Qu'Appelle	22
Green Bay	34	Rapid City	30
Havre	32	St. Louis	50
Helena	42	St. Paul	30
Huron	26	San Francisco	50
Jacksonville	58	Santa Fe	28
Kamloops	42	Sault Ste. Marie	28
Kansas City	50	Shreveport	56
Knoxville	44	Spokane	44
La Crosse	30	Swift Current	30
Little Rock	54	Washington	38
Los Angeles	52	Williston	20
Marquette	30	Winnemucca	22
Medicine Hat	22	Winnipeg	6
Miles City	22		

Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Oct. 24.—Local forecast for twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. Wednesday: Duluth, Superior and vicinity—Rain or snow tonight and Wednesday; freezing temperature tonight, but not so cold as last night; fresh to brisk northeast winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

Chicago, Oct. 24.—Forecasts until 7 p. m. Wednesday: Wisconsin—Rain tonight and Wednesday.

Minnesota—Probably rain or snow tonight and Wednesday.

The Dakotas—Partly cloudy tonight and Wednesday.

Upper Lakes—Northeast winds becoming brisk and possibly high on Michigan and Huron by Wednesday morning, fresh on Superior; rain on Michigan and Huron, possibly snow flurries on Superior tonight and Wednesday.

FLASHES OF FUN.

Philadelphia Ledger: Jenks—Why did you say "no" when Mrs. Boston asked you if you'd like to have a drink?

Luschman—She didn't—well, I declare, is that what she meant? She asked me if I'd have a "Caledonian altitudinous sphere."

Detroit Free Press: "Do you think it pays to be generous?" asked the man of doubtful mind.

"Well, that depends," replied the philanthropist. "To tell the truth, it isn't the money I've given away that I regret; it's what I've lent!"

Baltimore American: "Met Scribblerus the other day; says he is going to give up writing poetry and go into the gas business."

"Not such a great change. He never could manage to make his meter work right."

Chicago Tribune: "I never see Throgginsdoing anything. What's his occupation?"

"His occupation? He has a second cousin that's the president of a big life insurance company."

New York Sun: Mrs. Knicker—Did you see Vanderlip's speech on finance?

Mrs. Hooker—Yes, it sounds exactly like Henry when I ask for a new dress.

Puck: "What an immense debt the race owes to tobacco!"

"Oh, immense!"

"Only today I was reading that the cigar shape has proved to be the best not only for airships, but for submarine craft as well."

Pittsburg Post: "I fear she won't enjoy herself in heaven."

"Why not?"

"I don't believe you can send souvenir postal cards from there."

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: A woman pretends that she likes to go off on trips and a man that he doesn't.

It is a sight easier to have a splitting headache than to have to go and call on your wife's family.

If a man could invent a way to have a lot of children without supporting them there would hardly be any use for money.

The better the yarn a man thinks up to tell his wife about what kept him from coming home the more suspicious it makes her.

One nice trick a girl has is to get out of your way when you are trying to kiss her so as to surprise you by getting in your way when you aren't.

Might Better Plead Guilty.

Washington Post: "The Republican party in Philadelphia has no apology to offer," says Senator Penrose. An apology does not help much when a man is caught with the goods on him.

The Lazy Man's Paradise.

Era Magazine: In Paraguay the women are in the proportion of seven to one as compared with the men. The consequence is that the men are taken the greatest care of, and everything which is unpleasant or might be risky to the life of a man is done by the women. The streets are cleaned, ships are loaded, Frenchwoman, with a glance of coquetry, "but ze tune zat zey play, Mistaire Drew, vat ees cet?" oxen are driven by them, and it is even said that they have taken part in their country's wars, acting as substitutes for their men folk.

Pharisecism.

Portland Press: Rejecting Edward Everett Hale, John D. Long and Samuel A. Eliot, the Unitarian delegates to the National Federation of Churches and accepting tainted money seems like straining at a gnat and swallowing a camel.

Sympathy With the Parson.

Philadelphia Telegraph: A Virginia parson has been suspended for six months because he kissed a pretty woman who dared him to do it. Shake, dominie, shake! Do you need any money?

Condemnation Is Futile.

New York American: Kisses have once more been condemned, this time by the International Tuberculosis congress at Paris. Yet the smack of kisses will be heard when the learned delegates to the congress, dead and turned to clay, are stopping holes to keep the wind away.

TWENTY YEARS AGO.

Taken from the Columns of The Herald of this date in 1885.

***This morning there arrived from St. Paul the four commissioners who are to report on a site for a new state lunatic asylum. The four are Dr. C. K. Bartlett of St. Peter, chairman; Hon. R. B. Langdon of Minneapolis; H. G. Stardock of Rothsay, and S. S. Christansen of Rush City. The party were received by Messrs. Hartley, Stuntz and Dr. Walbank and drove out to visit sites at Oneota and elsewhere. They will probably decide this winter where in this state the asylum is to be located.

***Sing Lee, the Chinaman, is quite a scholar. He receives letters with long columns of Chinese characters which he reads readily.

***Elliot Mix fell today over the railing on Superior street near Lake avenue, a distance of about twelve feet. He was removed to St. Luke's hospital where his injuries were found to be slight. Mix is from Fort Arthur and did some work lately for George Foley.

***The vessel masters say they never experienced such heavy weather on Lake Superior as has prevailed during the last few days. A gale raged with unabating fury for nearly sixty hours, attaining a velocity of from forty to sixty miles an hour. Navigation was rendered doubly perilous by the prevailence of furious snow storms. The barges Grace Whitney and Eureka, which became separated from the steam barge S. C. Baldwin of Detroit, are supposed to have gone down with all on board. There were thirteen men on the two boats.

***The village of Park Point has just located a new dock line and established a system for building docks. The idea is a very comprehensive one and provides for the most extensive and best arranged system on the entire chain of lakes. It provides for fifty-two slips at equal intervals the entire length of Minnesota Point. Should the plan be carried out, there will be terminal and dock facilities for all the railroads that will be built to this town for years.

***N. C. Nelson of Two Harbors is in town for a day or two. He speakes highly of the prospects of the village which does so much business in the shipment of ore. He thinks the railroad to Duluth will be built next summer.

***The United States authorities being convinced that the fog signal is all right, have decided that it shall go into commission on Monday next.

***The jury in the interminable case of Whitaker against Wagner could not agree and were discharged today after an all-night session.

***A waiting room at the union depot has been appropriated as an engineer's office, which is in charge of Col. Dodge. Mr. Edwards is now there preparing a plan of the proposed flour warehouses and docks for the St. Paul & Duluth.

MINNESOTA OPINIONS.

Virginia Enterprise: Some of our exchanges are worrying over the ponderous question of "Why Women Pad." Cut it out, boys; nothing to worry over. It is merely a matter of form, that's all.

Hendrum Review: The Moorhead News wants Judge Douglas for governor. This will meet with the approval of most people. Our private opinion is, were the contest to be decided at a primary election, Jacobson—the gentle-man from Lac Qui Parle—would be an easy winner.

Hibbing Mesaba Ore: It has been suggested that the Republican factions fight the fight all over again by bringing Dunn and Collins into the gubernatorial race. Looks right now as though it would be easy enough for Johnson without adding that foolishness.

St. Peter Herald: Frank Eddy tells of being "fired" and "runawayed," but declares he has "one good car left. He does not state whether he has the organ to the ground.

Ada Herald: The Republicans of Minnesota are all united on one thing and that is that it is going to take a mighty strong candidate to defeat Governor Johnson next year.

Le Sueur Sentinel: Mountain Iron mine on the Mesaba range has shipped already this season 2,000,000 tons of iron ore. When you can dip up iron ore with a steam shovel, load it onto cars that will run to the lakes by gravity power alone, and float it to the markets of the world in boats so enormous that the cost of carrying it is merely nominal, it is no wonder that iron and steel are becoming cheap.

Argyle Banner: Knockers of a town should remember that it is impossible to saw wood with a hammer.

Virginia Virginian: Better pay for public servants would do away with a whole lot of grafting by officials, municipal, state and national. With proper recompense more honest men could afford to seek public office. The pay of Minnesota legislators, for instance, is so small that only men of wealth or grafters can really afford to serve the people in those positions. Occasionally an honest poor man is found in the ranks, but they are mighty few and far between.

Mallard Call: We never saw as many women hatching as can be found around Mallard this fall.

Perham Enterprise: It must have been the fear that the Democrats, if elected, would "turn the rascals out" that impelled the presidents of those life insurance companies to contribute so liberally to the Republican campaign funds.

The Depth of Pathos.

Lincoln Evening News: No stronger note of pathos was ever struck than when Henry Irving, the dead actor, said not long ago: "With the applause of the theater ringing in my ears, with the memory of the kind faces still blazoned in my memory, with the consciousness that I have won the affections of multitudes whom I cannot meet in person, I have often gone home from the theater feeling utterly desolate and unsolaced—yearning for the intimate human companionship which fate has denied me."

In how many hearts has such an echo sounded! Men and women there are in plenty, we venture to say, who have gone through life, apparently crowned with the honors of an admiring people, with naught but an ache in their hearts and a longing for one touch of a hand, one sound of a voice. We phlegmatic ones, who are content to accept what fate holds out to us and who make of it, of course, joys the sum and substance of human happiness, have but little conception of the eternal gloom in which some souls walk. We may be thankful that the artistic temperament is not ours, we may be glad that our nerves are sound and our brains free from mould, but the pathos of the situation of those accursed as was Irving appeals to us nevertheless

Will Fight For It Still.

Washington Post: "Kid" McCoy has married a rich widow, and will probably continue to make a business of fighting for money.

It Will Not Work.

Lincoln State Journal: Comments from the country press indicate that most, if not all, of the country editors have been furnished with free copies of a book recently issued by an assistant professor at Chicago university which is devoted to the railroad side of the rate question. A few Nebraska papers are still using the free "magazine section," which is furnished by the railroads, and one or two continue to print the news bureau editorials. One speech on the railroad question, such as the president delivered at Raleigh the other day, is amply sufficient to render this expenditure of railroad money entirely innocuous.

The Arrow and the Song.

I shot an arrow into the air,
It fell to earth, I know not where;
For so swiftly it flew the sight
Could not follow it in its flight.

I breathed a song into the air,
It fell to earth, I know not where;
For who has sight so keen and strong
That it can follow the flight of song?

Long, long afterward, in an oak,
I found the arrow, still unbroke;
And the song, from beginning to end,
I found again in the heart of a friend.
—Longfellow.

Honesty and Wages.

San Francisco Chronicle: There is some criticism of the alleged folly of paying a man intrusted with large sums of money a small salary, but experience does not prove that the receipt of a large one is perfect assurance against temptation. It is a poor kind of honesty that depends on the size of a man's wages.

Altogether Too Many, Perhaps.

Washington Post: Under the president's new civil service order, "inefficiency" will cover a multitude of shortcomings.

CULKIN, BEDE, ET AL.

Elk River Star-News: And now it is said there is a possibility of even J. Adam Bede having trouble in securing a renomination for congressman. The name of our old neighbor, W. E. Culkin, is more frequently mentioned as a possible opponent than that of any other man.

Walker Pilot: The Eighth district has found an opponent to Congressman Bede in the person of W. E. Culkin of the Duluth land office. Mr. Bede ran up against the granite this year in distributing his several appointments, and there seems to be some bitter feeling in Duluth from some quarters. Still, some think that by antagonizing Duluth, Mr. Bede will call in a bigger vote than ever from the rest of the district.

Hibbing Mesaba Ore: If Mr. Hamilton is turned down, it will bring an opposition to Mr. Bede that will prove of the greatest assistance to those who seek his political downfall, a numerous body in and about the Zenith City. Duluth as a majority is pretty sure to oppose Mr. Bede, no matter who he favors with the appointment, while he will no doubt lose much in the outside district by handing Duluth any more of the public pap.

Grand Rapids Herald-Review: The man selected to try conclusions with the congressional humorist is said to be W. E. Culkin, formerly of Buffalo, from which village he was appointed register of the Duluth land office. Bede has let Culkin out, and the former register, now a citizen of Duluth, is said to be ready to make a contest. He is a campaigner of no ordinary ability and may give Bede trouble.

Wadena Pioneer-Journal: It is said that W. E. Culkin of Duluth will be a candidate against J. Adam Bede next year. Mr. Culkin formerly lived in Wright county, and is a good, clean, able man. If the district is ready to retire J. Adam, it could do no better than tie to Culkin.

International Falls Press: The former register of the Duluth land office is said to be ambitious to succeed Adam Bede as congressman for this district. We believe that the people of this district are well satisfied with J. Adam, and it is not likely that a few disgruntled politicians can interfere with his term of office just at present.

Royalton Banner: Old Pease of the Anoka Union is very sore at J. Adam Bede because he has neglected to nominate the old sinner for some office, and the editorial columns of the Union are devoted mostly to dirty flings at the congressman from the Eighth district. J. Adam Bede is one of the ablest men in the Minnesota congressional delegation, and though Pease is working his mud batteries overtime, Bede will be returned to congress by an increased vote.

Hibbing Mesaba Ore: Mr. Bede has not as yet announced the appointment of Little Tammany Morrison of Duluth to the land office berth. The country press is watching Mr. Bede.

Hibbing Mesaba Ore: The path of Congressman Bede is not an easy one to travel, and he is adding to the rocks by trying to bring harmony to the Republican factions in Duluth. It is in no sense his game and he should keep out of it.

The Sage of Sauk Center.

Frank M. Eddy in Sauk Center Herald: Most reformers lose their desire to reform after they are elected to office.

We have a good second-hand buggy top which we will present to the first wheat-maker who will explain to us how a tariff on lumber benefits him.

The way to make the wheels of party machinery go around right is for every member of the party to be square.

The reason that you never see a baldheaded married woman is because she has a husband instead of a wife.

Wherever there is a woman there is a way and she has it.

It is awfully hard for a cow to scare a girl with big holes in her stockings, up a tree.

A man can manage his wife but if he does he don't have time to do anything else.

A genuine matrimonial bureau always has a drawer for baby clothes.

You can't rest in heaven unless you work on earth for your fellowmen hard enough to make you tired.

Some Remarks About Hank.

Howard (Kan.) Courant: A bald head is not necessarily the sign of brains or talent. Hank Glover's head is as destitute of hair as a peeled onion, and his skull is so hard and his head so empty that he should wear a husker in his plug hat to keep it from clanking when he puts it on.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM Tonight and Wed. Wednesday Mat.
The Most Popular Comic Opera
"SAN TOY"
Prices, 25c to $1.50.
Matinee 25c to $1.00.
SATURDAY—"The Show Girl."
Prices 25c to $1.00. Mat. 25c to 75c.

METROPOLITAN
W. H. LONGSTREET, MGR.
Tonight and All Week
Except Saturday
"The Parisian Belles"
From the Gay Boulevards.
Bargain Matinees
Today, Thursday (Ladies' Day) and Friday.
PRICES—15, 30 and 50 cents. Matinees, 20 and 30 cents.



Duluth's Greatest Furniture Store.

Over One Whole Acre of Space Devoted to Home Furnishings Only

BAYHA & CO.
Cor. Second Ave. W. and First St. Duluth.

Quality better or price lower than Elsewhere with greater Assortment.



A Safe Store For You.

The Supremacy of the Bayha Store

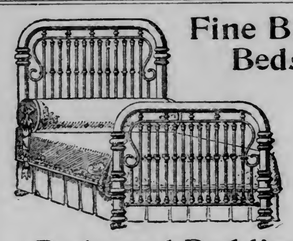
Is clearly shown—not only by the size of the "Big New Store," but the ability of this store to give you Better Quality—Better Assortments—Better Prices—and Better Terms of Credit than any other store—not only in Duluth alone, but in the entire Northwest. There are many things that conspire to make this possible. Extremely low rents on First street in a location the "Wiseacres" said only one year ago a store could not succeed, together with the close and individual attention given to this business at all times by every member of this firm, and strict attention to the many small things that "don't count" in most stores—untill they add on their profits. And yet, depend upon it—

Your Credit Is Good at This Store at all Times!



Duluth's Busy Carpet Dept.

Each and every day sees new visitors in our "great, busy" Carpet, Rug and Drapery department, who go away satisfied and enthusiastic customers. The reasons for this is apparent to anyone who visits this department and notes the quality of goods displayed and the prices at which they are marked. We especially invite you to visit and inspect our stock this week



Fine Brass Beds.

Beds and Bedding!

No store in this city is so splendidly complete to meet your requirements in this department as this store is today. We are ready to supply every need in Beds from the plainest iron bed at $1.25 each up to the finest brass and solid mahogany ones at $225, and you will find our line complete from the cheapest to the best, with no glaring gaps between—every price a good value, right

From $1.25 up to $225.



That Library Table

That you have been wanting so long can be purchased to advantage here this week. We have a big stock to select from and many more coming for the Christmas trade, and "Just-to-keep-the-pot-a-boiling" we pick out several fine tables and mark them at low prices for this week, or as long as they last:

$18 Weathered Oak Table for.....$11.75
$28 Weathered Oak Table for.....$19.75
$10 Students' Golden Oak Table for...$7.75
$22 Weathered Oak Table for.....$14.75



Do Not Face the Winter

With any of the "Home Comforts" lacking, for this store is at your service with the largest and best selected stock to be found anywhere in the Northwest.

Anything and everything you could possibly desire for the diningroom, library or living room, parlor or bedroom, and last but not least, the kitchen—the one room that keeps peace and harmony in the home. Fix for the winter, for it is bound to come. We cordially invite you to take advantage of the "Bayha System" of easy payments to buy one piece or to furnish your home complete.

"Universal" Stoves and Ranges
THE BEST THE WORLD KNOWS ABOUT.

$1.00 Down and $1.00 Per Week and No Interest Charged.

These are the extraordinary liberal terms that will secure for you any "Universal" Stove or Range made. You simply pay while using the stove or range.

THE STAGE

TONIGHT'S ATTRACTIONS.

LYCEUM—"San Toy," also tomorrow afternoon and evening.
METROPOLITAN—The Parisian Belles.

THE PARISIAN BELLES.

New Burlesque and Vaudeville at Metropolitan Pleases Audience.

With funny burlesques that are veritable comic operas as far as music goes and an olio of clever vaudeville numbers, the Parisian Belles made the biggest kind of a hit at the Metropolitan last evening and will undoubtedly draw large houses during their stay in Duluth, which ends with a performance Friday evening.

The opening skit, "The Sultan's Wives" is rather funny and the musical numbers are charming. The finale, the policemen's chorus, from "Pirates of Penzance," was very well received last evening. The dancing of La Belle Marie and Marie Gillette is very good and the young women were obliged to respond to a number of encores.

The olio is sufficiently diverting. Harry and Kitty Sutton are clever acrobats and their comedy is quite as good. Sam J. Adams has a very good monologue which he spoils by stringing out too long. He should have omitted his wretched imitation of James A. Hearne last night.

Burns and Morris are comical Celts, La Belle Marie is a clever slack wire performer and the American March is sure to find favor.

The afterpiece, "The Girl From Manila," is even funnier than "The Sultan's Wives" and includes a screaming burlesque on "Uncle Tom's Cabin." The usual matinees will be given during the week.

"SAN TOY."

The production of "San Toy," which John C. Fisher will offer at the Lyceum this evening and tomorrow afternoon and evening, is by far the most magnificent picture of China and its people that has been staged in this country. The music and book of the play are highly meritorious. Consequently Mr. Fisher does not hesitate in equipping the organization with magnificent scenery and costumes. George Mack, Edward Bagley, Fred Huntley, W. L. Romaine and Nagel Barry are the five comedians that will keep the audience in roars of laughter. Mr. Burcher, the golden-throated baritone of many a musical play, is the lover. Florence Smith, Viola Kellogg, Mabel Strickland and Dorothy Marlow will all be seen in their original roles. The chorus is large and includes many famous beauties.

BOSTON GIRL OF CULTURE ELOPES

Miss Ames Weds Secretly —Mother Denounces the Bridegroom.

Boston, Oct. 24.—The secret marriage of Miss Martha Manning Ames, one of the most cultured and refined young women of this city and a resident of the Back Bay section, to Dr. Michael Chirurg, who is said to be a Russian Jew, which became known yesterday, has caused a big sensation in social circles. Last Monday the couple were quietly married by Rev. Paul Revere Frothingham, pastor of the Arlington Street church, and upon the refusal of Mrs. Abbie Ames, mother of the bride, to bestow her parental blessings upon them, they left for Washington.

The bride is a niece of Minor T. Ames, the multimillionaire coal mine owner of Chicago and Minock, Ill., and Congressman John C. Ames, the rich coal operator of Streator, Ill. From her father, Daniel J. Ames, who died in 1881, she inherited $20,000.

Miss Ames, who, in 1900, graduated from Wellesley with the degree of bachelor of arts, and two years later graduated from Radcliffe with the degree of master of arts, is 27 years old, petite of figure, vivacious, fascinating and charming.

Dr. Chirurg gave his age in procuring a marriage license ten days ago as 38 and his birthplace as Russia, and added that he was a widower. When the couple took out the license, the bride's mother appeared at the registry office in the city hall and caused a scene, and denounced Chirurg as an adventurer.

Last Monday Miss Ames left home, ostensibly to visit a Wellesley classmate. That afternoon they were married. Mrs. Ames says Chirurg first met her daughter at the Playgoers' club and that he represented himself as a responsible man who was a political exile and a Mason of high degree. She, however, learned that he was naturalized in Boston Feb. 4, 1893; that he practiced medicine under a diploma issued in 1888 by "the Indiana college of medicine and midwifery," and that his first wife, Dora Chest, died in 1898 in the Jewish quarters on Hanover street, and was buried with orthodox Hebrew rites.

"My daughter has her $20,000 to do with as she sees fit," said Mrs. Ames last night, "but I have sworn to follow the couple as long as there is a drop of blood in my heart, and so help me God, I'll do it. I firmly believe my daughter was hypnotized by the man."

Dr. Chirurg has had offices at five different places since 1892, his progress from the Jewish quarter to the fashionable Back Bay section being gradual. At the recent peace conference here and at Lake Molonk he figured as "the delegate from Russia," and first got his name in the papers by shaking hands with a Japanese peace envoy.

CONGRESSMAN BEDE

Will Present Bill For Cut-Off Canal at Aitkin.

Washington, Oct. 24.—If there is to be no river and harbor bill at the coming session, J. Adam Bede will present a bill providing for a cut off canal at the bend of the Mississippi river at Aitkin. Congressman Bede says that he considers the cut off as a solution of the high water problem in Northern Minnesota and hopes that the special board of engineers have reported favorably on the proposition.

A DANCE

Will Be Given This Evening

By the Shamrock Club at Columbia hall. Tickets, 50c. La Brosse's orchestra.

SURROUNDED BY FRIENDS.

Men Who Worked With Col. Henderson Remain Near Him.

Eldora, Iowa, Oct. 24.—David B. Henderson, the former congressman of the Third Iowa district and for two terms speaker of the national house of representatives, who has been reported lingering on the brink of death, is said to be ending his days surrounded by the scenes of his long activity.

Col. and Mrs. Henderson occupy rooms at a hotel in Dubuque, where they have held apartments since 1893. They occupy a pretty suite of three rooms on the fourth floor, facing the river bluffs. His lifelong friends are close at hand.

On the same floor of the hotel reside Judge and Mrs. O. P. Shiras, who have been the devoted friends of the Hendersons ever since Judge Shiras took the then young Henderson into his law office and partnership in 1869. Judge Shiras retired from the federal bench in the Northern Iowa district two years ago, and after twenty-one years of service. Though he will be 72 years of age in a few days, he is still hale and hearty.

Other lifelong friends are equally attentive to Col. and Mrs. Henderson, including Col. and Mrs. D. C. Glasser, who for many years occupied apartments adjoining those of the Hendersons. Col. Glasser was for many years Col. Henderson's political manager in the Third Iowa district and his confidant and companion during his public life.

Another close friend is Maj. W. H. Day of Dubuque. Many of Col. Henderson's political plans were first confided to these friends for their counsel and advice. To these friends Col. Henderson first made known his intention of retiring from congress.

MERCHANT ASKS ACCOUNTING

Peter J. Bergstrom Brings Suit Against Max S. Shore.

Judge Ensign is hearing evidence in an accounting case brought by Peter J. Bergstrom against Max S. Shore, a suit that is likely to occupy the court's attention for several days.

Mr. Bergstrom alleges in his complaint that he became involved in financial difficulties, Sept. 20, 1901, and, being unable to meet the demands of his creditors, he assigned to Daniel Waite for their benefit. He says that Mr. Waite took charge of the store and sold the stock to M. S. Shore, the largest creditor, for $3,393. Shore's claim was $5,500. The settlement was made on the basis of 60 per cent on all the claims.

Bergstrom alleges that the money paid by Shore to the creditors was in fulfilment of an agreement entered into between them, Shore to pay the creditors for Bergstrom and then to receive his money back with $500 for the use of it. The money was to be raised by the sale of the merchandise.

In this complaint Mr. Bergstrom is suing for a part of the receipts of the special sale that followed the alleged agreement.

Mr. Shore, in his answer, tells a different story. He claims that the stock of goods and fixtures were bought with the understanding that if the receipts from the special sale amounted to more than his claim and the expense, the net receipts were to be divided. He contends that the receipts were less than the money he had invested and that Bergstrom has nothing coming. Mr. Shore claims that the stock of goods was worth only $2,500 instead of $5,900, as claimed, and that he was forced to add new goods to the value of $4,425 to the stock.

Mr. Shore declares his willingness to produce the books and show that the gross receipts of the sale were less than the amount of his claim.

Don't forget Zigler at the Kelley Hardware company's place when you want to buy, rent or trade a gun of any kind. They say he gets the worth of it every time.

round biscuit
square meal
Apitezo

BRUTAL MURDER IN ONTARIO

Finlanders Head Beaten Off With Club Near Port Arthur.

Port Arthur, Ont., Oct. 24.—Theodore Yansen, a Finlander, who arrived in town yesterday from the Sturgeon Lake country, reports a brutal murder as occurring near St. Anthony Reef mine. Jack Mackay, a Finnish miner of this place, was the victim.

According to the story of Yansen, the body of Mackay was found by miners employed at St. Anthony Reef mine, at the door of the shack of a woman named Morrow, who keeps a disorderly resort about a mile from the mine.

It is supposed that Mackay went to the house, and that a fight took place in which he was slain.

When Mackay was found he was lying in a pool of blood with the top of his head almost pounded off. A large club lying nearby told what instrument had been used to commit the deed. It was covered with flesh and blood.

The body was left just where the crime was committed.

Yansen told the story to the police and Prosecuting Attorney Longworthy. Officers will be sent to the scene to arrest the suspects.

STOCK BEING SOLD.

Good Demand For Shares In Duluth Baseball Company Is Reported.

Already more than one hundred shares of the Duluth Baseball club stock have been subscribed for, and it is believed by the officers that when the issue of 250 shares is printed and placed on the market, it will be rapidly taken up.

The reorganization of the club will place it on a sound basis financially, and with the men that the club has been able to keep on the reserve list, the chances look bright for another pennant-winning team.

TAMMANY LEADERS TO BE CALLED BY COMMITTEE

New York, Oct. 24.—It was stated yesterday that Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany Hall, and Patrick McCarren, Democratic leader in Brooklyn, will be called to testify before the insurance investigating committee. The purpose of summoning them is to discover whether they know anything about the affairs of the New York Dock company, which owns wharf and warehouse property in Brooklyn. The Mutual Life Insurance company owns about $3,850,000 of its securities. It was reported that an attempt to sell this property to the city of New York was made some time ago and that Mr. Murphy and Mr. McCarren will be questioned on that point.

WEST END

ASK BRANCH DOWN THERE

Effort Making To Get Up Y. M. C. A. Interest In West End.

West Enders To Be Entertained Next Friday Evening.

The West end Y. M. C. A. committee has worked well in organizing a class of foreign born young men at the West end to take advantage of the Y. M. C. A. night school training. This committee, which consists of Rev. H. K. Madsen, Sever Morterud and R. R. Forward, obtained the consent of General Superintendent Bevis of the Y. M. C. A. some time ago to establish such a class if organized and have since been working on its assembling. It was organized finally on Tuesday night with the following members:

O. P. Crosby, J. P. Brennan, Stewart Kronstad, Oscar Peterson, Carl Jacobson, Carl Johnson, Peter Rore, Paul Feiring, Paul Finstad, Ole Feiring, Martin Johnson, Einar Vinquist, Axel Wiek, Invald Sveen, John Jacobson, Olaf Tangen, Conrad Rygh, Olf Rygh, Jens Petters, Hans Haugen and John Thyrson.

For next Friday evening the committee has arranged for a meeting and entertainment for West end people in particular, which will take place in the Boys' Y. M. C. A. department at Sixth avenue east and Third street. This entertainment will consist of a musical program, an athletic exhibition and several addresses. The West end committee is busy working up sentiment and interest in this affair.

The purpose of this entertainment is to show West end people what is doing in a Y. M. C. A. branch and it is hoped will work up interest and enthusiasm among West enders to make an effort to get a branch in that part of the city. All West enders are invited to attend, and it is expected that a good many will go.

G. M. PARKER KILLED.

West End Brakeman Crushed Under Train's Wheels Near Staples.

Word has been received that G. M. Parker, a brakeman on the Northern Pacific road, was accidentially killed last evening between Staples and Brainerd while trying to mount the side of a moving freight car. It is understood that he slipped and fell under the wheels. Not much is known about the accident nor about the man.

H. G. Schmitz, who keeps the Twentieth Avenue hotel at 1925 West Michigan street, says that Parker boarded with him and they have been acquainted for several months. Mr. Schmitz understands that Parker came here from Michigan. He says that Parker was a young man of excellent habits, and is deeply grieved over the accident.

It is understood that Parker was engaged to be married, the wedding to take place some time next month, but particulars are at this time unobtainable. Arrangements for the disposal of the remains will probably be made today.

TRENCH CAVES IN

And Catches Men Working on Laying of Water Main.

The West End is having lost of adventures over the making of public improvements these days. Several times since the paving of West Superior street was begun quicksand has been struck and it has proved so dangerous that a roller could not be put over it.

Now comes the "Story of the Water Main." Workmen have been employed for the city, putting a water main in on Twenty-eighth avenue, between Third and Fourth streets, and, by the way, the work was completed yesterday. During the rains just over, several times the sides of the trench have caved in upon the men working in them and they have had to be assisted out.

The treacherous condition of the ground has been a constant menace and has been made worse by the rains which have been soaking the ground off and on for some time.

DEATHS AT WEST END.

Two Occur, One of Which Is of Well Known Young Man.

Francis R. Haskins, aged 25 years, and a postal clerk by profession, died rather suddenly yesterday at the home of his father, Benjamin Haskins, 2601 West Huron street. Uraemia, together with chronic nephritis, was the cause of his death. The young man had been sick only a few days. He was very well known in the West End and his sudden taking off proved quite a shock to his friends.

The funeral took place from Grace M. E. church this afternoon at 2 o'clock and interment was had in Oneota cemetery.

Helen, the 5-year old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Olaf Peterson of 1921 West Third street, died Sunday and will be buried tomorrow afternoon in the Lutheran cemetery.

West End Shortrails.

Invitations are out for the wedding of Miss Anna Olson of 2621 West Huron street to John Sande, which will take place Thursday, Nov. 2 at 8:30 p. m.

The Ladies' Guild of St. Luke's Episcopal church of the West end will hold its regular monthly meeting at the residence of Mrs. E. G. Swanstrom, Twenty-first avenue west and First street next Friday afternoon.

Miss Alice Cooley has been retained as director of St. Luke's Episcopal church choir. Mrs. U. G. Halloway will still be organist. The choir will practice tonight and every member is urged to be present.

H. G. Schmitz, who has been running the Twentieth avenue west hotel, and Walter R. Lear, have purchased the Esmond hotel from Joseph Twaddle and took over the management yesterday. Mr. Twaddle's plans for the future have not yet been announced.

A daughter was born Sunday to Mr. and Mrs. George Nelson of 330 Twenty-third avenue west; and a son to Mr. and Mrs. John Thompson of 2217 West Superior street.

Mrs. L. H. Burnett returned Sunday from a six weeks' visit to New York.

The officers of the Swedish Christian Sick Benefit society are getting ready for the annual meeting which will take place a week from next Friday. Officers will be elected on that evening and other business for the coming year attended to.

The Sunday school teachers of the First Swedish Baptist church will meet Friday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Berquist, 2 Vernon street.

H. G. Schmitz and W. Lear have purchased the Esmond hotel from Joe Twadle and will assume the active management.

Base Ball Season Over.

Millions of baseball admirers, who thoroughly enjoyed the game, were reluctant to see the season close, but it will interest them to know that even now plans are being made for next season. It is also interesting to every sick man and woman to know that in Hostetter's Stomach Bitters they have the best health maker and preserver ever compounded, and being backed by over fifty years of cures is the one they need to make them strong and robust again. It tones up the system, stimulates the flow of gastric juices, keeps the bowels open and cures bloating, heartburn, indigestion, dyspepsia, general debility, female complaints, dizziness, cramps and malaria, fever and ague. Don't fail to try a bottle at once. For sale by all druggists.

Good Watches Cheap

At Harris & Esterly's Jewelry store, 425 W. Superior street, Spalding Hotel.

Look Out For A Bad Cold

Don't let your lungs become inflamed, it is dangerous. Avoid all by taking a treatment of Turkish Baths at Kassuir's Turkish Bath Parlors, 24-26 West Superior street.

LADIES' BATHS upstairs.

Open all night. Look for the big RED sign.

It Quiets the Cough

This is one reason why Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is so valuable in consumption. It stops the wear and tear of useless coughing. But it does more—it controls the inflammation, quiets the fever, soothes, heals. Ask your doctor about it.

We have no secrets! We publish the formulas of all our medicines. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.



Yes, Examine the Heaters

in every stove store in the city —but don't buy until you have seen the "Grand Peninsular" — the king of all Heaters.

Sold Exclusively By

C. O. NELSON

The Housefurnisher

U. S. Block, 19th Ave. West

A Symbol of Quality.

"SALADA"

Ceylon and India Tea is delicious and absolutely pure.

SOLD ONLY IN LEAD PACKETS. Black, Mixed, Green or Oolong. 60c and 70c per lb. BY ALL GROCERS.

HIGHEST AWARD ST. LOUIS, 1904.

To Our Patrons: We are taking care of orders for our regular customers.

PEACHEY & LOUNSBERRY, Printers,

Providence Bldg., 4th Ave. W. and Superior St. Both Phones.

Be Up to Date by Purchasing One of Our VERTICAL

CHAMBERLAIN & TAYLOR **Filing Cabinets**

LIFE LOBBY IS WINNER

All Bills Opposed Beaten and All Favored Are Passed.

Eyes Turn to the Prudential—High Finance In Jersey.

New York, Oct. 24.—Lawyers who have had occasion to make a close study of insurance legislation in this state say that since 1892 no bill hostile to the management—or mismanagement—of the various companies has ever become a law, and that no bill against which the life insurance lobbies have marshaled their resources has failed to be defeated in Albany. It is equally true, they say, that none has been killed which the insurance lobbyists have advocated.

If any doubt existed of the audacity of the life insurance lobbies, recent testimony concerning the establishment maintained for the Mutual Life by Andrew C. Fields and the state capital has dispelled that doubt.

Members of the investigating committee who have been for many years members of the legislature say they not only never visited the Fields house in the capital, but that they never heard of it until newspaper reports were verified by the testimony of Wm. M. Carpenter.

It is the present intention of the legislative committee to put Emory McClintock on the witness stand when the committee resumes its sessions on Tuesday. On several occasions, when asked important questions, Richard A. McCurdy, the president of the Mutual Life, has referred the committee to Mr. McClintock, who is one of the company's actuaries, and interesting testimony is looked for.

Whether the investigation will reach James Hazen Hyde next week remains doubtful at present.

In addition to the Morristown Trust company, the Mutual Life, it is said bought some time ago the controlling interest in the Orange National bank of Orange, N. J., making many changes in its management. It is understood that the committee will take up this topic next week.

New York has not a monopoly of high finance in the life insurance business. In Newark, N. J., is located the Prudential Insurance company of America, of which Senator John F. Dryden is president. Associated with him are two families, named Ward and McCarter. The financial operations of this trio of families, even as they appear on the surface and in annual reports, are remarkable. Although a corporation outside the state of New York, the Prudential does business within this state, and therefore is subject to inquiry by the New York legislative committee.

The Prudential was organized by Mr. Dryden in 1876 to do industrial insurance business of small policies with weekly payment of premiums. It was modeled after the Prudential company of London, which has an enormous number of policy-holders. Mr. Dryden's company has today more than 6,000,000 policies outstanding, mostly held by poor people, who contribute from 25 cents a week upward. The company also has a department for regular insurance, like those of the New York companies, but these number only 234,000, as compared with 5,866,673 industrial policies.

Mr. Dryden began business in a very small way. The Prudential is not a mutual concern, but a stock company with $2,000,000 capital stock. The total amount of cash paid in for this stock was $91,000. The rest was distributed in the form of bonuses and profits. The policy-holders have no rights of participation.

Originally the Prudential stock was scattered in small lots among a number of New Jersey people. Today $999,650 of the $2,000,000 is owned by the Fidelity Trust company of Newark, which, in turn, is owned and controlled by the Prudential company and its trio of families. This scheme of each owning the other is the most remarkable example of high financiering the insurance world has yet offered.

There are three great corporations in Newark so linked together that their relations are in an amazing tangle. Yet the lifeblood of them all is the stream of 25 cents a week contributions from 5,966,673 poor policy-holders of the Prudential, who pour in their saving from every part of the United States.

These corporations are, first, the Prudential; second, the Fidelity Trust company, through which the financial operations are transacted, and third, the Public Service corporation, backed by Prudential funds, which has absorbed nearly all the street railways, gas, electric and water companies of New Jersey.

There is a fourth, newer and smaller adjunct, the Union National Bank of Newark, which gets insurance funds on deposit and makes large profits from the regular banking favors of the corporation trio. The interlocking boards of these companies reveal their common ownership.

Four years ago Mr. Dryden was chosen United States senator. He has a large house in Newark and a luxurious country home in Bernardsville. His salary from the Prudential is reported to be $50,000 a year. Like the McCurdys and McCalls, he is indulgent to his relatives. His son, Forrest, is being trained up in the insurance company and now is third vice president. His son-in-law, Anthony R. Kuser, although holding no office, is let into all the good directorates and financial deals.

Leslie D. Ward and his two brothers have been close allies of President Dryden for years. The elder Ward, as first vice president of the Prudential, is said to draw $75,000 a year salary. The other Wards are in high office. The small sums they invested early in the Prudential have grown into millions.

The McCarters are lawyers. The father of the three brothers was a leader of the Newark bar. Thomas N. McCarter was attorney general of New Jersey when the Public Service corporation was formed. He retired from office and the law to become its president, and was succeeded by his brother Robert, the present attorney general.

The McCarters have acquired much wealth, and are now indulging in the luxury of magnificent country estates. Thomas N. McCarter is building a great house on the Rumson Road, overlooking the Shrewsbury river. Another brother has a place near Long Branch.

As allies in these varied undertakings the family tribe joined forces with financial powers in New York and in Philadelphia to obviate the danger of being crushed between the two cities. In insurance and trust company finance they took in James H. Hyde and the Alexanders of the former Equitable management. This combine was to play a mutually close partnership in all the good things going. The downfall of Hyde weakened the New York end of the arrangement.

In gas and electricity and public service franchises of all kinds, an alliance was entered into with the United Gas Improvement Company of Philadelphia, which now is the object of all the long pent-up wrath of Philadelphians for its nefarious bargains with politicians and the robbing of the city. President Thomas Dolan, vice president Randall Morgan and General Manager S. T. Bodine of the United Gas Improvement company, are directors in the Public Service corporation. As in Philadelphia, the wrath of New Jersey is rising against the monopoly that has seized its franchises, and all over the state outcry is being raised against the Public Service corporation.

Nothing to Fear.

Mothers need have no hesitancy in continuing to give Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to their little ones, as it contains absolutely nothing injurious, to give small children, but it is a medicine of great worth and merit. It has a world-wide reputation for the cures of coughs, colds and croup and can always be relied upon. For sale by all leading druggists.

CATCHES A SUBMARINE.

Fisherman Hooks a Torpedo Boat and Gets Good Scare.

New York, Oct. 24.—A London cable to the Herald says: A five-ton boat recently put out from Brixham in Devonshire and the captain lowered his trawl net of eight feet beam. Soon, with the wind behind him, he was making a steady course when suddenly the boat stopped and began to move astern at a good pace.

Thinking he had caught a whale, which might possibly drag the boat under water, he rushed aft and cut the trawl rope. At once the boat stopped and the captain put about to see what would happen.

In a few moments the dark shiny back of a sea monster appeared above the surface. A submarine which was maneuvering had become entangled in his trawl. The crew of the submarine gravely returned the captain his trawl, and with mutual apologies and much laughter the incident was closed.

The Lanpher Furs

(NORTH STAR BRAND)

Ladies' fur lined coats are popular garments this season.

We make a complete line, from quite inexpensive garments to high priced ones---they are all well made---in a variety of fur linings. Our label in a fur garment means reliability.



Lanpher, Skinner & Co.

St. Paul, Minnesota

If your dealer does not carry our line, write us and we will direct you.

MR. HALDEN DOUBTS IT

Claims New Code Will Not Change His Salary.

Says Revised Statutes Do Not Repeal Law of 1895.

Will the annual salaries of the county auditor and the county treasurer be $5,000 each, after March 1 next, under the revised statutes, or will those officials continue drawing $3,500 and $3,000 respectively after next fall, at which time the 1895 salary law is said to become effective?

This is a question over which a lively dispute has been started, and one in which County Auditor Halden has a decided opinion that is not in accordance with the views of some St. Louis county's legal talent.

Some of the local attorneys claim that under the new code the auditor and treasurer will draw annual salaries of $5,000 each, beginning March 1 next, when the revised statutes take effect. County Auditor Halden, on the contrary, claims that the salaries of the two officials will not be affected by the new code, but will be $3,500 for the auditor and $3,000 for the treasurer, salaries provided by the laws of 1895, on a population basis. The increased salaries specified in the new code are provided for on a valuation basis.

Mr. Halden takes the position that the commission had no authority to make new laws; that its function was to revise the old laws as the commissioners found them. He claims, further, that it is not specified in the new code that the salary law of 1895 is repealed, hence it must continue in effect.

Attorneys who differ in opinion with the county auditor admit that no mention is made of the repeal of the 1895 salary law for county officials, but they claim the law is repealed or superceded "by implication;" that the 1905 revised statutes contain the "later law" and it must be the one, if there is any conflict, that will become operative. The attorneys say the only question that can arise is one of construction, whether the law fixing salaries on a "population basis" shall precede a law fixing salaries on a "valuation basis," as does the revised statute.

The act of 1895 on which Mr. Halden bases his opinion is entitled "An act authorizing and directing the county commissioners of certain counties to reduce the compensation and number of officers and other employes of such counties, and conferring certain duties upon certain officers of such counties in connection therewith, and prescribing a penalty for violation thereof, and repealing all acts and parts of acts inconsistent therewith." The act is embraced in chapter 301 of the laws of 1895 and reads, in part, as follows:

"Section 1. That in all counties of this state having, according to the then last completed state or national census, a population of not less than 100,000 and not over 185,000, it shall be the duty of the board of county commissioners thereof, in the month of December, A. D. 1896, and every five years thereafter, by a like resolution to fix by resolution of such board, adopted by a majority vote thereof, the monthly salary or compensation of every officer thereof, including all officers elected by popular vote, and without regard to whether their offices were established by the constitution or otherwise, or whether the same being of a local nature are executive, ministerial or judicial, except judges and their appointees and clerk of district court, and by like resolution to fix the aggregate amount to be paid to the deputies, clerks and assistants in each of said offices respectively. And in the month of December, 1898, and every five years thereafter, it shall be the duty of said board to fix by like resolution the monthly salary or compensation of the clerk of district court of such county, and the aggregate amount to be paid to the deputies, clerks and assistants.

"Section 2. That there shall not be allowed or paid to any such officer, after the adoption of the resolution relating to his office a greater monthly salary or compensation than shall equal the sum of $4,000 per annum, nor shall there be allowed or paid in the aggregate to the clerks, employes or assistants, in, under or about, any of such offices in any calendar month a greater amount than, nor less than three-fourths of the lowest aggregate amount which has actually been paid during the same calendar month to such clerks, employes and assistants, or their predecessors in the same position, in the same office at any time during the period of three years prior to the adoption of such resolution.

"Provided, however, that such board may allow the county auditor such additional sum, not exceeding $960 per year as in their judgment may be just, in view of the increased duties imposed by this act."

St. Louis county, until the present census was taken, did not come under the class of counties having a population of "not less than 100,000, or more than 185,000." As a matter of fact, if the county, as Mr. Halden says, comes under this law by reason of its present population of 117,000, the law is not really operative until next fall when the new officers are elected.

If Mr. Halden is right in his contention, the salaries of the county officers cannot be raised from the amount they are now receiving, though the county board may reduce them.

The new code under chapter 7, section 114, makes the following provision as regards the auditor's salary:

"County auditors shall receive in full compensation for all services rendered by them in their official capacity annual salaries regulated by the assessed valuation of real and personal property for purposes of taxation in their respective counties, as fixed by the state board of equalization for the preceding year, as follows: In counties where such valuation does not exceed $4,000,000, $1,200; in counties where such valuation is more than $4,000,000 and does not exceed $6,000,000, $1,500; in counties where such valuation is more than $6,000,000 and does not exceed $10,000,000, $2,000; in counties where such valuation is more than $10,000,000 and does not exceed $20,000,000, $2,500; in counties where such valuation is more than $20,000,000 and does not exceed $40,000,000, $3,500; in counties where such valuation exceeds $40,000,000, and where such salary is not fixed by special law, $5,000."

On the last valuation made of real and personal property St. Louis county went over $90,000,000, and will, if the revised law repeals or supercedes all former laws, put the county auditor on a salary basis of $5,000, as there is no special law fixing his salary.

In view of the differences of opinion held by the county authorities as to the precedence which can be legally given either one of the two laws, there is a strong possibility that it may be up to the courts to decide.

It is a matter of interest to the taxpayers of St. Louis county to know that at the time the last legislature met and it was then known that the county would go into the "100,000 population class," Auditor Halden prepared a set of amendments which made ample provision for the salaries of officials of this county, leaving them on the same basis as at present, which amendments he sent to the St. Louis county representatives in the legislature, to be incorporated in the new code. For reasons never made public the members of the legislature never urged or presented the amendments for passage. If the amendments had been passed, it is claimed that the vexatious questions of "officers salaries" could never have arisen.

Attorneys who take the opposite side from Mr. Halden say it does not matter what purpose the code commission was appointed for, whether to draft new laws or codify old ones. If it did not perform the duties as outlined it is for the legislature to take it to task. The legislature is the lawmaking power and when it makes a law it matters not who drafted it or what he was supposed to be drafting, the legislature enacted it and it stands as the law.

GORDON FURS



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MEN'S AUTOMOBILE COATS

DESIGNED primarily for Automobile wear, this Gordon coat has proved so generally useful that we've been tempted to give it a new name.

It's a splendid all around coat for men who must defy the weather.

As comfortable when you stand as when you sit down.

Freedom of action was the first consideration in its designing.

Made from many kinds of skins at as many different prices. $35 to $100.

Ask your dealer for GORDON FURS

COLLECTOR IS SHY.

Martin Olson Arrested On Charge of Holding Back Money.

Charged with failing to turn in his collections to his employers, Martin Olson, a collector for the Interstate Mercantile company, at 231 East Superior street, was arrested last night.

It is claimed by A. A. Page, the manager of the company, that Olson started out Friday night to make collections and that he has not reported since that time. He said that it was hard to estimate the amount of the shortage, but that it must be at least $16.

Olson claimed that he had been ill at the Phillips hotel in West Duluth, and that he had given what money he had collected to a friend for safekeeping.

A charge of petty larceny will probably be preferred against him.



No cocoa equals Lowney's in *strength*. Some are blacker — colored chemically — but inferior in *real* strength.

Lowney's Cocoa is not loaded with ground cocoa-shells, flour, starch, or other adulterants.

It consists of nothing but the choicest cocoa beans ground to flour fineness.

The result is the most delicious, purest and finest flavored cocoa possible.

Such cocoa as Lowney's, if made abroad and duties paid, would cost double the Lowney price.

The Walter M. Lowney Co., BOSTON.

Complete Assortment LOWNEY'S CANDIES

BOYCE'S Drug Store

SHOWS NO WEAKNESS

Price of Copper Continues Firm and Demand Keeps Up to Supply.

Stocks Steadily Gaining and Forward Movement Expected to Continue.

Copper maintains its strength, according to Walker's letter reviewing last week in the market. Conditions, he says, are legitimate and the demand is keeping pace with the supply. He says:

"Copper is strong and quiet at practically unchanged quotations. Lake and electrolytic are selling at 16½ cents to 17 cents per pound, according to brand and date of delivery. Considerable copper has recently been sold for December and January delivery at about 16½ cents per pound. While the demand is urgent and all offerings quickly absorbed, the famine symptoms have disappeared. There is practically no manipulation going on in the market either here or abroad. Conditions are strictly legitimate and demand is keeping full pace with supply even with prices above 16½ cents per pound.

"The exports of copper so far this month amount to a little more than 10,000 tons. About 900 tons of this went to China. That the recent reports of Chinese reselling and reshipment of copper had substantially no basis in fact is now quite generally understood. The Chinese again are negotiating the purchase of large supplies, and the export demand for copper promises to continue heavy for a long time to come.

"There is no secret about the present disposition of the world's copper production. One has but to open his eyes to what is going on around him to realize that we are as yet only on the threshold of the electric age. The American Telephone company is extending its service at a rate which entails for more than 100,000 new telephones monthly. It now has over 5,000,000 instruments connected.

"The electric equipment of steam railroads, long discussed as a theoretical possibility of the future, is now under way and progressing much more rapidly than is generally realized. The New York Central, for instance, has forty-five electric locomotives in its service.

"More than a thousand electric locomotives have already been made and sold by the General Electric company for use on steam railroads, for switching in factory yards, mining and other purposes. Steam railroad men the world over are watching the development of the electric locomotives and motor and making plans for their adoption. The coal mines are very generally equipped with electric haulage, one coal mining company alone owning upwards of fifty electric locomotives. The development of the turbine engine engine is cheapening electric power production and will greatly accelerate its introduction and use.

"The general business situation continues very satisfactory, and until there is a slackening in this direction there is little prospect that the price of copper will decline below 15 or 16 cents per pound.

COPPER SHARES.

"Copper mining stocks are steadily gaining in price. The new buying is coming from all parts of the country, and an unusually large portion of it is cash business. Brokers are carrying very few coppers on margin, and money is easier in Boston than it has been for some time past. The big advance in such stocks as Ahmeek, Allouez, North Butte, U. S. Mining, Utah, Old Dominion, Isle Royale, Osceola, Amalgamated, and nearly all other coppers, have increased the borrowing ability of copper share holders by tens of millions of dollars, and as yet there has been almost no extension of credits on copper shares. As a result the coppers are held very much more strongly now than they ever were in any previous bull market. The market has easily withstood the repeated Lawson attacks, and the large short interest is in a very unhappy position. The best judges of the local market express the belief that the highest prices of the present movement will not be reached earlier than April or May.

"The action of the coppers on Thursday should make it perfectly clear to his few remaining admirers that Lawson is no longer a factor in the local market. His reasoning that something must be wrong because Greene and Calumet & Hecla are not selling as high as they did months or years ago may seem all right to him, but to others it simply means that the bull market in coppers is as yet only fairly under way. Coppers are advancing as a result of natural conditions, and the attempt to resist natural conditions with advertisements and predictions is as foolish as trying to sweep back the tide with a broom."

Of North Butte stock, that in which Duluthians are most interested, Walker says:

"North Butte continues very strong on western buying. Though the company's ore is at present hoisted through the shaft of an adjoining mine, its own shaft being closed for repairs, its monthly net earnings amount to $220,000 to $240,000. After its shaft is in commission again it is estimated that its earnings will reach $300,000 per month, or at the rate of $9 per share annually on its stock."

ALLEGHENY BANK

Is Believed to Have Been Wrecked By Outsiders.

Pittsburg, Oct. 24.—Frederick Gwinner, Sr., president of Enterprise National bank of Allegheny, Pa., now in the hands of Receiver John B. Cunningham, said last night:

"I have decided to say nothing more concerning the condition of the bank until I have something definite on which to comment. As yet, I know nothing concerning the bank's condition. Of course, I understand everything is in a badly muddled state, and I believe that the bank has been wrecked by persons who are neither bankers nor depositors, but I will make no further statements until I am in possession of tagible, definite information."

"When do you expect to learn something definite?" was asked.

"Just as soon as Receiver Cunningham submits his report."

"Mr. Gwinner, do you know anything of the rumors that notes for large amounts have disappeared since the closing of the bank."

"I do not know anything about these notes; not a thing. When there is a final report of the financial condition of the bank, it will be time for the directorate to take action."

An Awful Cough Cured.

"Two years ago our little girl had a touch of pneumonia, which left her with an awful cough. She had spells of coughing, just like one with the whooping cough and some thought she would not get well at all. We got a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, which acted like a charm. She stopped coughing and got stout and fat," writes Mrs. Ora Bussard, Brubaker, Ill. This remedy is for sale by all leading druggists.

WITTE TO BE THE PREMIER

Czar Said to Have Conferred High Honor on Peace Envoy.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 24.—It was persistently reported in the clubs and in government circles late last night that the emperor yesterday had appointed Count Witte premier, with the portfolio of minister of finance to the report.

Observers consider it certain that he will shortly be in active charge of the government as premier and head of responsible cabinet. Since his return from the United States Count Witte has boldly ranged himself on the side of the Liberals and has not only advocated complete liberty of speech, of the press and of assembly as a corrolary of the coming douma, but has urged the extension of the powers of the douma along the lines demanded by the reformers as well as a broader franchise so as to admit of fuller representation from the ranks of labor and the cultured class.

The emperor to whom the count personally outlined his views, displayed much sympathy with them and leading ministers supported Count Witte, including General Trepoff, assistant minister of the interior, who now ranks as one of the broadest minded of his majesty's counsellors and is understood to be working harmoniously with Count Witte.

The reception of the Countess Witte by the empress yesterday is considered singular evidence of the emperor's determination to confide his fortunes to the hands of Count Witte. No other interpretation is placed upon it in court circles, where the reception of the countess created great excitement.

The countess is a Jewess of ordinary birth and had never before been received at court. When Witte was appointed minister the emperor was reported to have said to him: "Remember you are not married."

The fixing of his wife's social status, which has been one of Count Witte's ambitions, must rank as one of the triumphs of his life.

Decrease in the influence of the grand dukes, perhaps, made it easier for the emperor to turn to Count Witte. The resignation of Grand Duke Vladimir, the emperor's uncle, as commander-in-chief of the military district of St. Petersburg, however, has not yet been accepted.

In tendering his resignation the grand duke wrote to the emperor substantially as follows:

"I have served your grandfather, your father and yourself; but now that your majesty has disgraced my son, I no longer have heart to serve you."

The emperor is said to favor even depriving Grand Duke Cyril of the title of grand duke, saying that he should be known as "Monsieur Romanoff."

Remington Typewriter



NEW MODELS NOW READY

Every model of the Remington Typewriter has been a success. There never was a Remington failure.

The New Models represent the sum and the substance of *all* Remington success—plus 30 years of experience in typewriter building

We will be glad to have you call at our office and see the new models or send for illustrated booklet describing the new features.

Remington Typewriter Company

COMPANY DID NOT PAY A CENT

To Influence Legislation, Says President of the Illinois Life.

Chicago, Oct. 24.—Officials of the Illinois Life Insurance company who have been called upon by the state insurance department to explain a transaction involving the alleged payment of some $65,000 expended in 1903, at a time when a measure was pending before the Kansas legislature providing for the taking over of the Kansas Mutual Life Insurance company by the Illinois concern, say the entire affair will be cleared up Wednesday.

Twelve interrogatives in all, it is said, were propounded by the state insurance department. What those interrogatives were the officials of the Illinois Life decline to say.

President James W. Stevens of the Illinois Life said:

"Not one dollar of money was paid by the Illinois Life Insurance company on any one in its interest for the purpose of influencing legislation in Kansas. It is a matter of record that the so-called enabling act, which was passed by Kansas legislature authorizing the reinsurance to be effected was procured to be passed by persons interested in the old company long before the Illinois Life Insurance company was invited to present a proposition for reinsurance."

SITUATION CRITICAL.

Big Strike May Tie Up Cotton Mills at Fall River.

Fall River, Mass., Oct. 24.—The textile situation here was more critical last night than it has been at any time since the close of the great strike last January. The Manufacturers' association representing all of the print cloth mills in the city, with the exception of those controlled by M. C. D. Borden of New York, held a meeting yesterday afternoon and voted to refuse the request of the textile council for a direct restoration of the wage schedule which prevailed previous to the 12½ per cent reduction of July 25, 1904.

The action of the association will be considered at a special meeting of the textile council tonight, when it is probable the entire matter will be referred to special meetings Wednesday evening of all the unions represented in the council.

The association yesterday considered a letter sent by the textile council, which had rejected the manufacturers' proposition, and requested that the full restoration be granted.

The plan of the Manufacturers' association provided for a direct increase of 5 per cent and a profit sharing arrangement. The present condition of the market would net the employes about 8 per cent which would make a total increase in wages of about 13 per cent.

WANTED

1000 School Children

to Compete in the North Western Fuel Co.'s Jingle Contest for

$25 IN PRIZES

Address All Letters to

North Western Fuel Co.,

327 West Superior St., Duluth. 1019 Tower Ave., Superior, Wis.

Woman's Nature

Is to love children, and no home can be completely happy without them, yet the ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass usually is so full of suffering, danger and fear that she looks forward to the critical hour with apprehension and dread. **Mother's Friend**, by its penetrating and soothing properties, allays nausea, nervousness, and all unpleasant feelings, and so prepares the system for the ordeal that she passes through the event safely and with but little suffering, as numbers have testified and said, "it is worth its weight in gold." $1.00 per bottle of druggists. Book containing valuable information mailed free.

Mother's Friend

The BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

FITGER'S BEER

IS NATURE'S TONIC

IT INSTILLS NEW LIFE INTO THE STAGNANT SYSTEM

It is exhilarating, bracing, pure

SEND FOR A CASE

FITGER BREWING CO. DULUTH, MINN.

Burlington Route

THE Day Train to Chicago

is the Burlington's Scenic Line Express, leaving St. Paul at 8:20 a. m., arriving Chicago at 9:35 p. m. Observation car from which to view the magnificent Mississippi river scenery.

THE Night Train to Chicago

is the Burlington's Electric-lighted Limited, leaving St. Paul 8:40 p. m., arriving Chicago 9 a. m. A superb train with every possible contrivance for comfort.

F. M. RUGG, Northwestern Passenger Agent,
Germania Life Insurance Building ST. PAUL.

HOLY TASK IS GIVEN TO HENS

All Sunday Laid Eggs To Be Donated To Church.

Harrodsburg, Ky., Oct. 24.—Barnyard fowl throughout the district of the Cumberland Presbyterian church at Bethel have been made members, vicariously, of the women's mission of the presbytery, and hereafter all Sabbath-laid hens' eggs will be devoted to the Christianizing of the heathen and the sustenance of missionaries in the home charities.

This innovation in the work of raising missionary funds was decided upon at a session of the mission, composed of the women of the presbytery, after a spirited discussion over the "tainedness" of money derived from eggs laid on the Lord's day. Arguments were clinched when it was pointed out that the fact that a hen laid an egg on Sunday was incidental and not the fault of the owner of the hen, that if the providential egg was not sold on Sunday there could be no "taint" to the money, for no one supposed, anyhow, that eggs would be prized from the nest while still warm and hurried to market.

When this line of reasoning was concluded the resolution providing that all the women members of the presbytery would contribute to the cause of the Sunday-laid eggs of their hens went through sweepingly. There are 250 and more members of the presbytery who own chickens.

The question came up originally while the general talk of well-doing was under way, and it was shown that the good women of the district had contributed during the year the generous sum of $23,000 to foreign and home missions. One member said that was "splendid," but that the contributions could be made larger and more substantial. She moved that as a means of swelling the gifts during the ensuing year all the women of the districts donate to charity all the eggs of all the hens laid hereafter on the Lord's day.

One or two of the members whose pin money has been derived from several dozen hens passed up in objection, saying that they preferred to make a stated contribution in lieu of the sacrilegious eggs. Others declared it would be giving in the Lord's name money which was "tainted," even if the eggs were fresh. They declared it would be in direct violation of the mandate to keep the Sabbath holy.

Still others took the view that it would be unjust discrimination in favor of those who had only a few hens, and mostly non-layers at that.

"My hens," declared one of the women, "lay as many as four or five dozen eggs on a Sunday. I am in the egg raising business and while I am not trying to get around doing my duty to the cause of missions, still I believe in equity. Let me keep my eggs and give as I see best."

Then the "tainted money" cry was raised again, only to be silenced by the logic of the woman who advanced the theory that an egg is an act of Providence.

Since the "tainted money" question has been raised in connection with hen's eggs, dairymen nereabouts have been worried a bit by the possibility of the same question arising over milk produced on Sunday and sold for sordid personal gain.

Wounds, Bruises and Burns.

By applying an antiseptic dressing to wounds, bruises, burns and like injuries before inflammation sets in, they may be healed without maturation and in about one-third the time required by the old treatment. This is the greatest discovery and triumph of modern surgery. Chamberlain's Pain Balm acts on this same principle. It is an antiseptic and when applied to such injuries, causes them to heal very quickly. It also allays the pain and soreness and prevents any danger of blood poisoning. Keep a bottle of Pain Balm in your home and it will save you time and money, not to mention the inconvenience and suffering such injuries entail. For sale by all leading druggists.

Use the Telephone.

Ring up 'phone 324, either Duluth or Zenith, and telephone your want advertisements. Each advertisement will receive prompt and careful attention.

GOOD COAL!

We Sell the Celebrated Lehigh Valley Coal.

It gives better satisfaction for the money than any other.

If you will give us a trial order we know you will be our customer.

ZENITH COAL CO.

Phones 492. 210 West Superior St.

REPORT IS CALLED FOR

Council Refers Question of Repairs to Building Inspector.

Will Call Special Meeting to Consider Building Ordinance.

In spite of vigorous opposition from Aldermen Ribenack and Moore, the council last evening, referred to the building inspector the application for a permit to repair the frame building at the corner of Sixth avenue west and Superior street.

The building is owned by the Hamm Brewing company, and it is proposed to expend about $2,000 on it in repairs, changing it into an European hotel and lodging house.

Attorney Frank Crassweller was present in behalf of the owners, and maintained that the council had no right to refuse the permit, on the ground that no extensions or additions were to be made to the building, but that it was merely to be fixed up and renovated.

"It is an unsightly old shack now," said the attorney, "any repairs we put on it will make it just so much better. We could let it stand there until it rots down if we wanted to, and I don't see why the council should refuse us permission to fix the building up and make it more sightly."

"It means literally," said Alderman Ribenack, "that there will be a new frame building constructed within the fire limits. We are trying to improve that part of the city, while the Hamm Brewing company is bound to place another old shack down there. If the council grants that permit, the building will be only another resort for undesirable characters. I would like to know if there is any ordinance allowing $2,000 in repairs to be placed on a building worth $200."

"It looks to me like another robbers' joint," said Alderman Moore.

Alderman McEwen supported it on the ground that it would transform an old shack into a building covered with galvanized sheet iron and lath and plaster.

The motion to grant the permit was finally referred to the building inspector for a report.

* * *

Owing to the illness of Alderman Wilson, the building ordinance was laid over for another week, when a special meeting of the council will be called to take up the discussion of the objections. In a communication received last evening, the council was asked to call such a meeting by the builders' exchange.

* * *

Asking that the name of Dingwall street from Seventeenth avenue, eastward, be changed to Greysolen road, a number of property owners in that district presented a petition to the council last evening. A further request that a building line be established from Twenty-first to Thirtieth avenues east. The easement was granted and the change of name was taken under consideration by the council, action being deferred for one week.

* * *

Two plans for repairing the Lake avenue viaduct were submitted by the city engineer. One plan called for the strengthening of the work with steel at a cost of $4,880, and the other called for the use of concrete in reinforcing the supports and protecting them from the action of the elements. The cost of the latter work would be $6,000. The Northern Pacific railroad company was ordered to make the repairs at once, using concrete in the work.

* * *

At the request of City Attorney Bert Fesler an additional $250 was voted to cover the expense of defending a patent infringement suit brought against the city for using the tar macadam mixing plant. James T. Watson has been employed as patent attorney and has made a number of trips in gathering information for the suit.

* * *

The council authorized the purchase of a new city ambulance at a cost of $750, on the recommendation of Health Commissioner Murray.

BACON INITIATED

As New Member of the Roosevelt "Kitchen Cabinet."

Washington, Oct. 24.—Robert Bacon, first assistant secretary of state and former partner of J. P. Morgan, it is learned, was initiated into the "kitchen cabinet." last Friday by President Roosevelt. The other members of the "kitchen cabinet." are Gifford Pinchot, forester for the United States; James R. Garfield, chief of the bureau of corporations; Senator Lodge of Massachusetts and one or two other close personal friends of the president.

It rained pitchforks last Friday. Bacon and Pinchot arrived at the White House at 4 o'clock in natty business suits and patent leather shoes. They found the president dressed in an old suit, with a rough rider hat and a pair of heavy shoes. The president looked at Bacon and Pinchot, grinned and said:

"Come on; we'll take a tramp."

They went out into the rain. The president led the way and took his companions out Pennsylvania avenue, through Georgetown and down a narrow street to the bank of the canal. There was a bridge about a mile down the canal, but none at the point where the president stopped.

"Oh, well," said Mr. Roosevelt, "It doesn't matter, Bacon, you take our watches and pocketbooks, and Pinchot and I will wade across. You go down to that bridge yonder and meet us on the other side."

"Not by a darn sight," said Bacon. "I came out on this walk with you, and I am going where you go."

"Bully," shouted the president. "Come on, then."

He plunged into the canal, and Pinchot and Bacon followed. The water was about four feet and six inches deep at its deepest point. The three men waded across, the president leading.

They were thoroughly wet from the heavy rain, so the further ducking made no difference, but when the president reached the other side and looked at the patent leather shoes and natty business suits of Bacon and Pinchot he grinned. The party returned to the city about 6 o'clock. The president told Bacon he had been initiated and was a full-fledged member of the "kitchen cabinet." Bacon is now open to all sorts of invitations from the president for exercise in the open air.

Never Before.

Were good watches sold at the low prices quoted by Harris & Esterly, 428 West Superior street, Spalding Hotel.

RETAILERS ARE HAPPY

Business Is Very Good Along Superior Street Now.

Merchants Declare This One of the Best Years Ever.

If every autumn were as good as this, what a happy lot the Duluth merchants would be!

Some of the days have been pleasant and some of them have not, but trade has been brisk during all of them, from one end of Superior street to the other.

When the leaves begin to fall, the merchants begin to cheer up and while the rest of the world is stretching after experiences a state of semi-coma which summer brought on, they are arranging their goods for display and reviewing many bales of goods from the mercantile centers of the East. Its a poor merchant ship that does not bring in a load of the newest fall goods during the lazy summer days.

For one reason and another, the stuff brought by the ships seems to have satisfied the buyers more or perhaps the people have more money than usual for ever since summer ended, the Superior street stores have been the scenes of much trading.

The merchants feel very enthusiastic. More than one declared this morning that their figures showed Saturday's business to have been a great deal larger than for the corresponding day last year or for any Saturday this fall.

Saturday was, in truth, a very busy day. All of Duluth seemed to be down town and some of those who sought to make purchases in the stores thought that at least half the city's population had congregated in that particular place.

The shoppers were so many that the clerks could not wait upon them fast enough, although they did their best to hurry the cash boys and the package carriers. Some of the former broke all precedent by running about laden with goods and change.

All day long the crowds came and went in the establishments and it was not until long after the stores had closed for the night did the street become bereft of the shoppers with the many bundles.

"Looks like Christmas time," remarked a man who had landed on the rear platform of a West Duluth car only after a long sprint and a big jump. He might have been Santa Claus himself from the number of parcels he was carrying.

"That's right," assented a man who stood guard over a new wash boiler and a few other purchases, on the crowded platform of the car.

Inside were many women laden with merchandise of all kinds. Some of them had spent the entire, deliriously happy day in the shops and were just returning home laden with all sorts of bargains.

Every line of the retail business is prospering this season.

The clothing stores are doing very well and those establishments which deal exclusively in boots and shoes report nothing but prosperity. The furniture and hardware stores are all doing a nice business and the dry goods and women's stores are having by far the best season they have experienced in many a year.

All lines are unusually complete and it is safe to say that the stores of Duluth are as well and as completely stocked as any in the United States. It is a certainty that they are doing as good a business as any in the United States.

If you were jostled in the shopping crowds Saturday, you know this.

But Saturday has not been the only good day this fall. Every day has been good and each successive day is better than those which went before. Therefore there are rosy smiles along the city's principal thoroughfare.

WHICH WINS WAGER?

Men Who Wagered $500 Each on Lives Found Dead.

New York, Oct. 24.—When two friends lay a wager as to which will die first, who will settle the bet after both are dead, and who gets the money?

That is the question that the Bay Ridge people are trying to settle. One man's body was found a week ago and the other came out of the river Saturday. Both have been missing long enough so that they may have died together.

Henry Schwanwedel lived with his sister in Brooklyn. He was a confirmed bachelor. When he settled up his business with $150,000 that he had not had time to spend, he tried to learn the trick of doing nothing. It was no use.

Schwanwedel was always of a nervous temperament, and when he stopped work all the symptoms in the doctor books hit on him. He had to have some business, so he took to watching his symptoms. Not far away is a motor works. Schwanwedel used to stroll down there about noon time in his daily walks. He would speak to the workmen as they hung about the place after their dinner pails were cleaned out.

One day he found a sympathetic listener, Adam Hillman, the engineer, who was twenty years younger than the other man, but his victuals did not agree with him. The two men swapped symptoms and each found the other a good comrade in misery. Naturally, however, neither would admit that the other was as badly off as he bragged. Not many weeks ago, the men in the factory say, Hillman was heard to call out: "Well, old man, I'll make you a bet that I die first."

"I'll take you," was the quick answer.

The amount wagered was $500. Both disappeared. The body of one was found a week ago, that of the other Saturday.

Direct from Our Distillery to YOU

Saves Dealers' Profits Prevents Adulteration

HAYNER WHISKEY

4 FULL QUARTS $3.20

WE PAY EXPRESS CHARGES

We will send you, in a plain sealed case, with no marks to show contents, FOUR FULL QUART BOTTLES of HAYNER PRIVATE STOCK RYE for $3.20, and we will pay the express charges. Try it, have your doctor test it, test it any way you like. If you don't find it all right and the purest and best whiskey you ever tasted, ship it back to us at our expense and your $3.20 will be promptly refunded.



At our distillery, one of the largest and best equipped in the world, we distill an average of 9,580 gallons of PURE WHISKEY a day. When you buy HAYNER WHISKEY, it goes direct to you from our distillery, thus assuring you of perfect purity and saving you the dealers' big profits. HAYNER WHISKEY is prescribed by doctors and used in hospitals and by half a million satisfied customers. That's why YOU should try it.

WRITE OUR NEAREST OFFICE

THE HAYNER DISTILLING CO.

ST. PAUL, MINN. ATLANTA, GA.
DAYTON, O. ST. LOUIS, MO.

Orders for Ariz., Cal., Col., Idaho, Mont., Nev., N. Mex., Ore., Utah, Wash., or Wyo., must be on the basis of 4 QUARTS for $4.00 by EXPRESS PREPAID, or 20 QUARTS for $15.20 by FREIGHT PREPAID.

DISTILLERY, TROY, O. ESTABLISHED 1866.
302 Capital $500,000.00 Paid in Full.



WHAT JOY THEY BRING TO EVERY HOME

as with joyous hearts and smiling faces they romp and play—when in health—and how conducive to health the games in which they indulge, the outdoor life they enjoy, the cleanly, regular habits they should be taught to form and the wholesome diet of which they should partake. How tenderly their health should be preserved, not by constant medication, but by careful avoidance of every medicine of an injurious or objectionable nature, and if at any time a remedial agent is required, to assist nature, only those of known excellence should be used; remedies which are pure and wholesome and truly beneficial in effect, like the pleasant laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. Syrup of Figs has come into general favor in many millions of well informed families, whose estimate of its quality and excellence is based upon personal knowledge and use.

Syrup of Figs has also met with the approval of physicians generally, because they know it is wholesome, simple and gentle in its action. We inform all reputable physicians as to the medicinal principles of Syrup of Figs, obtained, by an original method, from certain plants known to them to act most beneficially and presented in an agreeable syrup in which the wholesome Californian blue figs are used to promote the pleasant taste; therefore it is not a secret remedy and hence we are free to refer to all well informed physicians, who do not approve of patent medicines and never favor indiscriminate self-medication.

Please to remember and teach your children also that the genuine Syrup of Figs always has the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—plainly printed on the front of every package and that it is for sale in bottles of one size only. If any dealer offers any other than the regular Fifty cent size, or having printed thereon the name of any other company, do not accept it. If you fail to get the genuine you will not get its beneficial effects. Every family should always have a bottle on hand, as it is equally beneficial for the parents and the children, whenever a laxative remedy is required.

MOVING PICTURES AS LURE TO SEA

The Navy Department Plans Innovation To Get Recruits.

Washington, Oct. 24.—Strong efforts are about to be made by the navy department to secure the enlistment of hardy youngsters in the Middle and Northwestern states as jackies in the navy. To show in an attractive way the life of a sailor on the bounding wave, moving pictures will be used to present attractively scenes of drill on ship, naval maneuvers and the big men-of-war in motion. The pictures will be exhibited in St. Paul and the other cities where the resruiting stations are to be established. In this way it is hoped that desirable young men will be attracted to the service. These pictures were shown at the Portland exposition.

The government is building a training station near Chicago with a view to preparing the recruits who come from the Western country for service in the navy. Officers say that the best material on Uncle Sam's warships hails from the West, and this is what induced congress to make an appropriation for the station now being erected on the west shore of Lake Michigan.

The plan to secure Western boys for the navy is about to be amplified. Announcement has been made at the department that naval recruiting stations will soon be established at St. Paul, Cincinnati, Omaha and Kansas City. The work of these stations will be to secure five hundred marines to take the place of men whose enlistments are about to expire. When this has been done efforts will be made to get a goodly supply of recruits for the navy proper.

HE FEARED TO DIE.

Youth Who Made Suicide Agreement Lost His Nerve.

Berlin, Oct. 24.—Alma and Martha Haars, daughters of a merchant at Brunswick, bright, pretty girls, aged 20 and 22, had as a music teacher a talented youth, Karl Brunke, aged 18; an attachment sprang up between him and the younger woman, but owing to their slender prospects marriage was impossible, so they decided to kill themselves. A few days after this the elder sister received a letter from her betrothed, saying he could not marry her, so she determined to die, too.

At 8 o'clock on Tuesday evening the sisters removed their corsets in order that the bullets might not be obstructed, put on new silk bodices, wrote farewell letters to their parents, and went with Brunke to his home. He had sent his mother to a theater.

The three young people drank two bottles of champagne. The sisters then leaned back in two easy chairs, side by side. Brunke fired twice through his sweetheart's heart. The elder sister, Alma, got up and waited, watching till Martha was dead. Then, upon she resumed her place in the easy chair, and Brunke fired twice through her heart, causing instant death.

At sight of the two corpses Brunke's courage failed him, and instead of shooting himself he went out, walked the streets all night and gave himself up to the police in the morning.

"BREVITY IS THE SOUL OF WIT."

GOOD WIFE! YOU NEED

SAPOLIO

(6125).

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION PERIOD.—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

To Edgar C. Dunlap et al, John Dunphy:

Take notice, that the following described piece or parcel of land, situated in the County of St. Louis and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The undivided 2-3 of Lot number eighteen (18), in Block Number One Hundred thirty-three (133), West Duluth, Fifth Division, according to the recorded plat thereof, was on the Sixth day of May, A. D. 1901, sold for the sum of Seven Dollars and thirty-two Cents, pursuant to a real estate tax judgment entered in the District Court in the said County of St. Louis on the twenty-first day of March, A. D. 1901, in proceedings to enforce payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year 1899, for the said County of St. Louis. That the amount required to redeem such lands from such sale exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice is the said sum of Seven Dollars and thirty-two cents, with interest thereon at the rate of one per cent per month from said Sixth day of May, 1901, to the time of such redemption, and delinquent taxes, penalties and costs accruing subsequent to said sale, with interest thereon to the time of such redemption.

That said delinquent taxes, penalties and costs for the year 1900, accruing subsequent to said sale amounted to the sum of $5.69 on Jany. 9th, 1902, and bears interest at the rate of one per cent per month from said Jany. 9th, 1902, to the time of such redemption. That said delinquent taxes, penalties and costs for the year 1901, accruing subsequent to said sale amounted to the sum of $6.05 on Jany. 14th, 1904, and bears interest at the rate of one per cent per month from said Jany. 14th, 1904, to the time of such redemption. That said delinquent taxes, penalties and costs for the year 1903, accruing subsequent to said sale amounted to the sum of $4.45 on Jany. 17th, 1905, and bears interest at the rate of one per cent per month from said Jany. 17th, 1905, to the time of such redemption. That said amount required to redemption. That said amount required to redeem calculated to the date of this notice is the sum of $11.31, and the time within which said lands can be redeemed from said sale will expire sixty days after service of this notice and proof thereof has been filed in the office of the County Auditor in and for said St. Louis County, Minnesota, in manner prescribed by Section 37 of Chapter 6, General Laws of Minnesota for the year 1877 and amendments thereto.

Dated Duluth, this Twentieth day of September, A. D. 1905.

O. HALDEN,
Auditor St. Louis County, Minn.
(Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Oct-10-17-24-1905.

(6124)

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION PERIOD.—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

To W. F. McKay, Edgar C. Dunlap, et al.

Take notice, that the following described piece or parcel of land, situated in the County of St. Louis and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The undivided 2-3 of Lot Number Seventeen (17) in Block Number One Hundred Thirty-three (133) West Duluth, Fifth Division, according to the recorded plat thereof was on the sixth day of May, A. D. 1901, sold for the sum of Seven Dollars and Thirty-four cents, pursuant to a real estate tax judgment entered in the District Court in the said County of St. Louis on the twenty-first day of March, A. D. 1901, in proceedings to enforce payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year 1900, for the said County of St. Louis. That the amount required to redeem such lands from such sale exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice is the said sum of Seven Dollars and thirty-two cents, with interest thereon at the rate of one per cent per month from said Sixth day of May, 1901, to the time of such redemption, and delinquent taxes, penalties and costs for the year 1901, accruing subsequent to said sale amounted to the sum of $5.69 on Jany. 9th, 1902, and bears interest at the rate of one per cent per month from said Jany. 9th, 1902, to the time of such redemption. That said delinquent taxes, penalties and costs for the year 1902, accruing subsequent to said sale amounted to the sum of $6.05 on Jany. 14th, 1904, and bears interest at the rate of one per cent per month from said Jany. 14th, 1904, to the time of such redemption. That said delinquent taxes, penalties and costs for the year 1903, accruing subsequent to said sale amounted to the sum of $4.45 on Jany. 17th, 1905, to the time of such redemption. That said amount required to redemption. That said amount required to redeem calculated to the date of this notice is the sum of $11.31, and the time within which said lands can be redeemed from said sale will expire sixty days after service of this notice and proof thereof has been filed in the office of the County Auditor in and for said St. Louis County, Minnesota, in manner prescribed by Section 37 of Chapter 6, General Laws of Minnesota for the year 1877 and amendments thereto.

Dated Duluth, this Twentieth day of September, A. D. 1905.

O. HALDEN,
Auditor St. Louis County, Minn.
(Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Oct-10-17-24-1905.

Look Better

Palmo Tablets take tangle out of tortured nerves. Make you brighter.

50 cents. Guaranteed. Book free.

For sale by Max Wirth, Druggist.

Cures Promptly. Acts Pleasantly. Acts Perfectly. Acts Promptly. Acts Pleasantly. Acts Perfectly. Acts Promptly. Acts Pleasantly. Acts Perfectly. Acts

Woman's Nature

Is to love children, and no home can be completely happy without them, yet the ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass usually is so full of suffering, danger and fear that she looks forward to the critical hour with apprehension and dread. Mother's Friend, by its penetrating and soothing properties, allays nausea, nervousness, and all unpleasant feelings, and so prepares the system for the ordeal that she passes through the event safely and with but little suffering, as numbers have testified and said, "it is worth its weight in gold." $1.00 per bottle of druggists. Book containing valuable information mailed free.

Mother's Friend

The BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

FITGER'S BEER

IS NATURE'S TONIC

IT INSTILLS NEW LIFE INTO THE STAGNANT SYSTEM

It is exhilarating, bracing, pure

SEND FOR A CASE

FITGER BREWING CO. DULUTH, MINN.

Burlington Route

THE Day Train to Chicago

is the Burlington's Scenic Line Express, leaving St. Paul at 8:20 a. m., arriving Chicago at 9:35 p. m. Observation car from which to view the magnificent Mississippi river scenery.

THE Night Train to Chicago

is the Burlington's Electric-lighted Limited, leaving St. Paul 8:40 p. m., arriving Chicago 9 a. m. A superb train with every possible contrivance for comfort

F. M. RUGG, Northwestern Passenger Agent, Germania Life Insurance Building ST. PAUL.

REPORT IS CALLED FOR

Council Refers Question of Repairs to Building Inspector.

Will Call Special Meeting to Consider Building Ordinance.

In spite of vigorous opposition from Aldermen Ribenack and Moore, the council last evening, referred to the building inspector the application for a permit to repair the frame building at the corner of Sixth avenue west and Superior street.

The building is owned by the Hamm Brewing company, and it is proposed to expend about $2,000 on it in repairs, changing it into an European hotel and lodging house.

Attorney Frank Crasswellcr was present in behalf of the owners, and maintained that the council had no right to refuse the permit, on the ground that no extensions or additions were to be made to the building, but that it was merely to be fixed up and renovated.

"It is an unsightly old shack now," said the attorney, "any repairs we put on it will make it just so much better. We could let it stand there until it rots down if we wanted to, and I don't see why the council should refuse us permission to fix the building up and make it more sightly."

"It means literally," said Alderman Ribenack, "that there will be a new frame building constructed within the fire limits. We are trying to improve that part of the city, while the Hamm Brewing company is bound to place another old shack down there. If the council grants that permit, the building will be only another resort for undesirable characters. I would like to know if there is any ordinance allowing $2,000 in repairs to be placed on a building worth $200."

"It looks to me like another robbers' job," said Alderman Moore.

Alderman McEwen supported it on the ground that it would transform an old shack into a building covered with galvanized sheet iron and lath and plaster.

The motion to grant the permit was finally referred to the building inspector for a report.

* * *

Owing to the illness of Alderman Wilson, the building ordinance was laid over for another week, when a special meeting of the council will be called to take up the discussion of the objections. In a communication received last evening, the council was asked to call such a meeting by the builders' exchange.

* * *

Asking that the name of Dingwall street from Seventeenth avenue, eastward, be changed to Greysolen road, a number of property owners in that district presented a petition to the council last evening. They further requested that a building line be established from Twenty-first to Thirtieth avenues east. The easement was granted and the change of name was taken under consideration by the council, action being deferred for one week.

* * *

Two plans for repairing the Lake avenue viaduct were submitted by the city engineer, one plan called for the strengthening of the work with steel at a cost of $4,880, and the other called for the use of concrete in reinforcing the supports and protecting them from the action of the elements. The cost of the latter work would be $6,000. The Northern Pacific railroad company was ordered to make the repairs at once, using concrete in the work.

* * *

At the request of City Attorney Bert Fesler an additional $250 was voted to cover the expense of defending the patent infringement suit brought against the city for using the tar macadam mixing plant. James T. Watson has been employed as patent attorney and has made a number of trips in gathering information for the suit.

* * *

The council authorized the purchase of a new city ambulance at a cost of $500, on the recommendation of Health Commissioner Murray.

RETAILERS ARE HAPPY

Business Is Very Good Along Superior Street Now.

Merchants Declare This One of the Best Years Ever.

If every autumn were as good as this, what a happy lot the Duluth merchants would be!

Some of the days have been pleasant and some of them have not, but trade has been brisk during all of them, from one end of Superior street to the other.

When the leaves begin to fall, the merchants begin to cheer up and while the rest of the world is stretching after experiences a state of semi-coma which summer brought on, they are arranging their goods for display and reviewing many bales of goods from the mercantile centers of the East. Its a poor merchant ship that does not bring in a load of the newest fall goods during the lazy summer days.

For one reason and another, the stuff brought by the ships seems to have satisfied the buyers more or perhaps the people have more money than usual for ever since summer ended, the Superior street stores have been the scenes of much trading.

The merchants feel very enthusiastic. More than one declared this morning that their figures showed Saturday's business to have been a great deal larger than for the corresponding day last year or for any Saturday this fall.

Saturday was, in truth, a very busy day. All of Duluth seemed to be down town and some of those who sought to make purchases in the stores thought that at least half the city's population had congregated in that particular place.

The shoppers were so many that the clerks could not wait upon them fast enough, although they did their best to hurry the cash boys and the package carriers. Some of the former broke all precedent by running about laden with goods and change.

All day long the crowds came and went in the establishments and it was not until long after the stores had closed for the night did the street become bereft of the shoppers with the many bundles.

"Looks like Christmas time," remarked a man who had landed on the rear platform of a West Duluth car only after a long sprint and a big jump. He might have been Santa Claus himself from the number of parcels he was carrying.

"That's right," assented a man who stood guard over a new wash boiler and a few other purchases, on the crowded platform of the car.

Inside were many women laden with merchandise of all kinds. Some of them had spent all they had, deliriously happy day in the shops and were just returning home laden with all sorts of bargains.

Every line of the retail business is prospering this season.

The clothing stores are doing very well and those establishments which deal exclusively in boots and shoes report nothing but prosperity. The furniture and hardware stores are all doing a nice business and the dry goods and women's stores are having by far the best season they have experienced in many a year.

All lines are unusually complete and it is safe to say that the stores of Duluth are as well and as completely stocked as any in the United States. It is a certainty that they are doing as good a business as any in the United States.

If you were jostled in the shopping crowds Saturday, you know this.

But Saturday has not been the only good day this fall. Every day has been good and each successive day is better than those which went before. Therefore there are rosy smiles along the city's principal thoroughfare.



WHAT JOY THEY BRING TO EVERY HOME

as with joyous hearts and smiling faces they romp and play—when in health—and how conducive to health the games in which they indulge, the outdoor life they enjoy, the cleanly, regular habits they should be taught to form and the wholesome diet of which they should partake. How tenderly their health should be preserved, not by constant medication, but by careful avoidance of every medicine of an injurious or objectionable nature, and if at any time a remedial agent is required, to assist nature, only those of known excellence should be used; remedies which are pure and wholesome and truly beneficial in effect, like the pleasant laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. Syrup of Figs has come into general favor in many millions of well informed families, whose estimate of its quality and excellence is based upon personal knowledge and use.

Syrup of Figs has also met with the approval of physicians generally, because they know it is wholesome, simple and gentle in its action. We inform all reputable physicians as to the medicinal principles of Syrup of Figs, obtained, by an original method, from certain plants known to them to act most beneficially and presented in an agreeable syrup in which the wholesome Californian blue figs are used to promote the pleasant taste; therefore it is not a secret remedy and hence we are free to refer to all well informed physicians, who do not approve of patent medicines and never favor indiscriminate self-medication.

Please to remember and teach your children also that the genuine Syrup of Figs always has the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—plainly printed on the front of every package and that it is for sale in bottles of one size only. If any dealer offers any other than the regular Fifty cent size, or having printed thereon the name of any other company, do not accept it. If you fail to get the genuine you will not get its beneficial effects. Every family should always have a bottle on hand, as it is equally beneficial for the parents and the children, whenever a laxative remedy is required.

HOLY TASK IS GIVEN TO HENS

All Sunday Laid Eggs To Be Donated To Church.

Hardinsburg, Ky., Oct. 24.—Barnyard fowl throughout the district of the Cumberland Presbyterian church at Bethel have been made members, yearbook, of the world's mission of the presbyterial society, and hereafter all Sabbath-laid hens' eggs will be sold to the Christianizing of the heathen and the sustenance of missionaries in the home churches.

Interest in the work of raising missionary funds was decided upon at a session of the mission, composed of the delegates of the presbyterial society, and in keeping with the "timeliness" of the theme, delegates were clothed in yellow dresses. It was pointed out that the Sabbath egg was that of the providential hen, that if the providential hen was not sold on Sunday she would be held to the money, and it was proposed, to show that eggs laid on Sunday were useful, to have a number of yellow hens present while still in the flock to market.

When this line of reasoning was concluded providing that all ladies in attendance at the presbyterial meeting on the eve of the Sunday-laid eggs of their hens went through they would "bring 25 and more members into the society who could chick a hen."

The session came up originally while the general talk of well-doing was under way, when it was shown that the good women of the district had contributed during the year the enormous sum of $23.-00 in cash and home missions. One member said that was splendid," but that the amount could be made larger and more substantial. She moved that as a means of swelling the gift during the ensuing year all the women of the district donate to charity all the eggs of all the hens laid hereafter on the Lord's day.

One or two of the members whose pin money has been derived from several dozen hens passed up an objection, saying that they preferred to make a stated contribution in lieu of the sacrilegious eggs. Others declared it would be giving to the Lord's name money which was "tainted," even if the eggs were fresh. They declared it would be in direct violation of the mandate to keep the Sabbath holy.

Still others took the view that it would be unjust discrimination in favor of those who had only a few hens, and mostly non-layers at that.

"My hens," declared one of the women, "lay as many as four or five dozen eggs on a Sunday. I am in the egg raising business and while I am not trying to get around doing my duty to the cause of missions, still I believe in equity. Let me keep my eggs and give as I see best."

Then the "tainted money" cry was raised again, only to be silenced by the logic of the woman who advanced the theory that an egg is an act of Providence.

Since the "tainted money" question has been raised in connection with hen's eggs, dairymen and others have been worried a bit by the possibility of the same question arising over milk produced on Sunday and sold for sordid personal gain.

Wounds, Bruises and Burns.

By applying an antiseptic dressing to wounds, bruises, burns and like injuries before inflammation sets in, they may be healed without maturation and in about one-third the time required by the old treatment. This is the greatest discovery and triumph of modern surgery. Chamberlain's Pain Balm acts on this same principle. It is an antiseptic and when applied to such injuries, causes them to heal very quickly. It also allays the pain and soreness and prevents any danger of blood poisoning. Keep a bottle of Pain Balm in your home and it will save you time and money, not to mention the inconvenience and suffering such injuries entail. For sale by all leading druggists.

Use the Telephone.

Ring up 'phone 324, either Duluth or Zenith, and telephone your want advertisements. Each advertisement will receive prompt and careful attention.

GOOD COAL!

We Sell the Celebrated Lehigh Valley Coal.

It gives better satisfaction for the money than any other.

If you will give us a trial order we know you will be our customer.

ZENITH COAL CO.

Phones 492. 210 West Superior St.

Woman's Exchange.

Will meet in the parlors of the Y. W. C. A. this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

Never Before.

Were good watches sold at the low prices quoted by Harris & Esterly, 428 West Superior street, Spalding Hotel.

BACON INITIATED

As New Member of the Roosevelt "Kitchen Cabinet."

Washington, Oct. 24.—Robert Bacon, first assistant secretary of state and former partner of J. P. Morgan, it is learned, was initiated into the "kitchen cabinet." last Friday by President Roosevelt. The other members of the "kitchen cabinet," are Gifford Pinchot, forester for the United States; James R. Garfield, chief of the bureau of corporations; Senator Lodge of Massachusetts and one or two other close personal friends of the president.

It rained pitchforks last Friday. Bacon and Pinchot arrived at the White House at 4 o'clock in natty business suits and patent leather shoes. They found the president dressed in an old suit, with a rough rider hat and a pair of heavy shoes. The president looked at Bacon and Pinchot, grinned and said: "Come on; we'll take a tramp."

They went out into the rain. The president led the way and took his companions out Pennsylvania avenue, through Georgetown and down a narrow street to the bank of the canal. There was a bridge about a mile down the canal, but none at the point where the president stopped.

"Oh, well," said Mr. Roosevelt, "It doesn't matter. Bacon, you take our watches and pocketbooks, and Pinchot and I will wade across. You go down to that bridge yonder and meet us on the other side."

"Not by a darn sight," said Bacon. "I came out on this walk with you, and I am going where you go."

"Bully," shouted the president. "Come on, then."

He plunged into the canal, and Pinchot and Bacon followed. The water was about four feet and six inches deep at its deepest point. The three men waded across, the president leading.

They were thoroughly wet from the heavy rain, so the further ducking made no difference, but when the president reached the other side and looked at the patent leather shoes and natty business suits of Bacon and Pinchot he grinned. The party returned to the city about 6 o'clock. The president told Bacon he had been initiated and was a full-fledged member of the "kitchen cabinet." Bacon is now open to all sorts of invitations from the president for exercise in the open air.

Direct from Our Distillery to YOU

Saves Dealers' Profits

Prevents Adulteration

HAYNER WHISKEY

4 FULL QUARTS $3.20

WE PAY EXPRESS CHARGES

We will send you, in a plain sealed case, with no marks to show contents, FOUR FULL QUART BOTTLES of HAYNER PRIVATE STOCK RYE for $3.20, and we will pay the express charges. Try it, have your doctor test it, test it any way you like. If you don't find it all right and the purest and best whiskey you ever tasted, ship it back to us at our expense and your $3.20 will be promptly refunded.



At our distillery, one of the largest and best-equipped in the world, we distill an average of 9,580 gallons of PURE WHISKEY a day. When you buy HAYNER WHISKEY, it goes direct to you from our distillery, thus assuring you of perfect purity and saving you the dealers' big profits. HAYNER WHISKEY is prescribed by doctors and used in hospitals and by half a million satisfied customers. That's why YOU should try it.

WRITE OUR NEAREST OFFICE

THE HAYNER DISTILLING CO.

ST. PAUL, MINN. ATLANTA, GA.

DAYTON, O. ST. LOUIS, MO.

Orders for Ariz., Cal., Col., Idaho, Mont., Nev., N. Mex., Ore., Utah, Wash., or Wyo., must be on the basis of 4 QUARTS for $4.00 by EXPRESS PREPAID, or 20 QUARTS for $15.20 by FREIGHT PREPAID.

DISTILLERY, TROY, O. ESTABLISHED 1868.

302 Capital $500,000.00 Paid in Full.

WHICH WINS WAGER?

Men Who Wagered $500 Each on Lives Found Dead.

New York, Oct. 24.—When two friends lay a wager as to which will die first, who will settle the bet after both are dead, and who gets the money?

That is the question that the Bay Ridge people are trying to settle. One man's body was found a week ago and the other came out of the river Saturday. Both have been missing long enough so that they may have died together.

Henry Schwanwedel lived with his sister in Brooklyn. He was a confirmed bachelor. When he settled up his business with $150,000 that he had not had time to spend, he tried to learn the trick of doing nothing. It was no use.

Schwanwedel was always of a nervous temperament, and when he stopped work all the symptoms in the doctor books lit on him. He had to have some business, so he took to watching his symptoms. Not far away is a motor works. Schwanwedel used to stroll down there about noon time in his daily walks. He would speak to the workmen as they hung about the place after their dinner pails were cleaned out.

One day he found a sympathetic listener. Adam Hillman, the engineer, was twenty years younger than the other man, but his physicals did not agree with him. The two men swapped symptoms and each found the other a good comrade in misery. Naturally, however, neither would admit that the other was as badly off as he bragged. Not many weeks ago, the men in the factory say, Hillman was heard to call out: "Well, old man, I'll make you a bet that I die first."

"I'll take you," was the quick answer.

The amount wagered was $50. Both disappeared. The body of one was found a week ago, that of the other Saturday.

MOVING PICTURES AS LURE TO SEA

The Navy Department Plans Innovation To Get Recruits.

Washington, Oct. 24.—Strong efforts are about to be made by the navy department to secure the enlistment of hardy youngsters in the Middle and Northwestern states as jackies in the navy. To show in an attractive way the life of a sailor on the bounding wave, moving pictures will be used to present attractively scenes of drill on ship, naval maneuvers and the big men-of-war in motion. The pictures will be exhibited in St. Paul and the other cities where the recruiting stations are to be established. In this way it is hoped that desirable young men will be attracted to the service. These pictures were shown at the Portland exposition.

The government is building a training station near Chicago with a view to preparing the recruits who come from the Western country for service in the navy. Officers say that the best material on Uncle Sam's warships hails from the West, and this is what induced congress to make an appropriation for the station now being erected on the west shore of Lake Michigan.

The plan to secure Western boys for the navy is about to be amplified. Announcement has been made at the department that naval recruiting stations will soon be established at St. Paul, Cincinnati, Omaha and Kansas City. The work of these stations will be to secure five hundred marines to take the place of men whose enlistments are about to expire. When this has been done efforts will be made to get a goodly supply of recruits for the navy proper.

HE FEARED TO DIE.

Youth Who Made Suicide Agreement Lost His Nerve.

Berlin, Oct. 24.—Alma and Martha Haars, daughters of a merchant at Brunswick, bright, pretty girls, aged 20 and 22, had as a music teacher a talented youth, Karl Brunke, aged 18; an attachment sprang up between him and the younger woman, but owing to their slender prospects marriage was impossible, so they decided to kill themselves. A few days after this the elder sister received a letter from her betrothed, saying he could not marry her, so she determined to die, too.

At 8 o'clock on Tuesday evening the sisters removed their corsets in order that the bullets might not be obstructed, put on new silk bodices, wrote farewell letters to their parents, and went with Brunke to his home. He had sent his mother to a theater.

The three young people drank two bottles of champagne. The sisters then leaned back in two easy chairs, side by side. Brunke fired twice through his sweetheart's heart. The elder sister, Alma, got up and waited, watching till Martha was dead. Thereupon she resumed her place in the easy chair, and Brunke fired twice through her heart, causing instant death.

At sight of the two corpses Brunke's courage failed him, and instead of shooting himself he went out, walked the streets all night and gave himself up to the police in the morning.

"BREVITY IS THE SOUL OF WIT."

GOOD WIFE! YOU NEED

SAPOLIO

(6125).

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION PERIOD—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

To Edgar C. Dunlap et al, John Dunphy Take notice, that the following described piece or parcel of land, situate in the County of St. Louis and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The undivided 2-3 of Lot number eighteen (18), in Block Number one hundred thirty-three (133), West Duluth, Fifth Division, according to the recorded plat thereof, was on the Sixth day of May, A. D. 1901, sold for the sum of Seven Dollars and thirty-two Cents, pursuant to a real estate tax judgment entered in the District Court in the said County of St. Louis on the twenty-first day of March, A. D. 1901, in proceedings to enforce payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year 1899, for the said County of St. Louis That the amount required to redeem such lands from such sale exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice is the said sum of Seven Dollars and thirty-two cents, with interest thereon at the rate of one per cent per month from said Sixth day of May, 1901, to the time of such redemption, and delinquent taxes, penalties and costs accruing subsequent to said sale, with interest thereon to the time of such redemption.

That said delinquent taxes, penalties and costs for the year 1900, accruing subsequent to said sale amounted to the sum of $5.80 on Jany. 9th, 1902, and bears interest at the rate of one per cent per month from said Jany. 9th, 1902, to the time of such redemption. That said delinquent taxes, penalties and costs for the year 1901, accruing subsequent to said sale amounted to the sum of $5.95 on Jany. 15th, 1903, and bears interest at the rate of one per cent per month from said Jany. 15th, 1903, to the time of such redemption. That said delinquent taxes, penalties and costs for the year 1902, accruing subsequent to said sale amounted to the sum of $8.03 on Jany. 14th, 1904, and bears interest at the rate of one per cent per month from said Jany. 14th, 1904, to the time of such redemption. That said delinquent taxes, penalties and costs for the year 1903, accruing subsequent to said sale amounted to the sum of $4.45 on Jany. 17th, 1905, and bears interest at the rate of one per cent per month from said Jany. 17th, 1905, to the time of such redemption. That said amount required to redeem calculated to the date of this notice is the sum of $41.31, and the time within which said lands can be redeemed from said sale will expire sixty days after service of this notice and proof thereof has been filed in the office of the County Auditor in and for said St. Louis County, Minnesota, in manner prescribed by Section 37 of Chapter 6, General Laws of Minnesota for the year 1877 and amendments thereto.

Dated Duluth, this Twentieth day of September, A. D. 1905.

O. HALDEN,

Auditor St. Louis County, Minn.

(Seal.)

DuluthEvening Herald, Oct-10-17-24-1905.

(6124)

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION PERIOD—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. ss.—

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Dated, Duluth, this twentieth day of September, A. D., 1905.

O. HALDEN,

Auditor St. Louis County, Minn.

(Seal.)

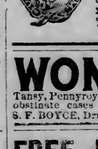
Duluth Evening Herald, Oct. 10-17-24.

Look Better

Palmo Tablets take tangle out of tortured nerves. Make you brighter.

50 cents. Guaranteed. Book free.

For sale by Max Wirth, Druggist.



Scientific. Accurate. Safe. Form.

NEVER KNOWN TO FAIL.

Tarrant's Extract of Cubebs and Copaiba in

CAPSULES.

The tasteless, quick and thorough cure for gonorrhoea, gleet, whites, etc. Easy to take, convenient to carry. Fifty years successful use. Price $1, at druggists, or by mail from The Tarrant Co., 44 Hudson St., New York.

WOMEN FEMALE BEANS

Great monthly regulator; strongest, best, safest; contain Ergot, Tansy, Pennyroyal; not a single failure; longest, most obstinate cases relieved in a few days; $2.00 at S. F. BOYCE, Druggist, 335 Superior St. Duluth, Minn

FREE BOOK TO MEN!



MEN—If you are small, weak or undeveloped, have lost strength, our Acme Vacuum Developer will restore you, without drugs or electricity. Urethral Obstruction and Varicocele permanently cured in 1 to 4 weeks. 75,000 in use, not one failure not one returned. Write for free book, sent sealed in plain envelope.

ACME MFG. CO., 509 Barclay Blk., Denver, Colo.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

BABY'S FACE ALL ONE SORE

Infant's Terrible Humor—Even Eyelids Were Affected—Suffered for Many Months—Nothing Helped Him—Better in a Few Days, and

CURED BY CUTICURA AT EXPENSE OF 75 CENTS

"My boy when an infant was afflicted with a terrible humor. His face was all one big, black sore, even the eyelids were sore. He suffered for many months, and nothing that I tried helped him till I bought a cake of Cuticura Soap and a box of Cuticura Ointment. I washed him three times a day with the Soap and then applied the Ointment. In a few days he was better and before I had used the cake of Soap he was cured and to-day he has got as good a complexion as anybody. I have also used your Soap for my hands to great advantage. They break out once in a while in watery sores, but when I use Cuticura Soap I can keep them in good shape. (signed) Mrs. O. O. Aune, Underwood, Minn., March 28, 1905."

100,000 MOTHERS

Daily Tell Other Mothers

That Cuticura Soap is the best baby soap in the world for cleansing and purifying the skin, and that Cuticura Ointment is of priceless value for soothing and healing itching, torturing, and disfiguring eruptions, itchings, and chafings. A single application of Cuticura Ointment, preceded by a warm bath with Cuticura Soap, gives instant relief, and refreshing sleep for skin-tortured babies, and rest for tired, fretted mothers. Bathe the affected parts with hot water and Cuticura Soap, to cleanse the surface of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle; dry without hard rubbing, and apply Cuticura Ointment freely, to allay itching, irritation, and inflammation, and soothe and heal.

Cuticura Soap, Ointment, and Pills are sold throughout the world. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston.

Mailed Free, "How to Cure Torturing Humors."

ANDREW CARNEGIE

Forgives His Niece Who Eloped With a Coachman.

New York, Oct. 24.—Substantial proof that Andrew Carnegie has forgiven his niece, Miss Nancy Carnegie, for marrying James Hever, a coachman, came yesterday with the announcement that the ironmaster has purchased for the young couple the Silas Albertson farm of seventy-eight acres at Rosyln, L. I.

The birth of a child paved the way to Andrew Carnegie's forgiveness. The newly-purchased farm is in a locality where are the homes of many notable society folk. The selection of the site is taken to mean that Mrs. Hever may make an effort to return to the social circles from which her marriage excluded her.

Hever was formerly groom for Nancy Carnegie's mother. He frequently attended Miss Carnegie. The young couple went to Europe after wedding secretly. Hever was a widower with two children at the time of the marriage. The girl was born last April.

MRS. MAKI ASKS DAMAGES.

Alleges Assault and Malicious Arrest By Officers at Biwabik.

Hannah Maki, of Biwabik, has brought suit in district court against William O'Hara and Joseph Verrill, of that place for damages in the amount of $1,500. Mrs. Maki alleges assault and malicious arrest, and claims that by reason of such treatment she has been caused much mental and physical suffering.

In her complaint Mrs. Maki alleges that she was publicly assaulted by O'Hara and Verrill in the streets of Biwabik without cause, Aug. 1, last, that she was threatened at the point of a pistol while being addressed with vile language. She claims that she was publicly humiliated before her friends and strangers.

No answer has yet been filed by William O'Hara and Joseph Verrill, but it is understood that they will answer in time to bring the case on for trial during the November term of district court.

A UNIQUE RECORD.

Not Another Like It In Our Broad Republic.

To give positive home testimony in every locality is of itself unanswerable proof of merit; but when we add to this the continued endorsement from people who testified years ago, no evidence can be stronger. A Duluth citizen gratefully acknowledges the good received from Doan's Kidney Pills, and when time has tested the cure we find the same hearty endorsement, with added enthusiasm and continued praise. Cases of this kind are plentiful in the work of Doan's Kidney Pills, and such a record is unique in the annals of medicine.

J. E. Watts, bricklayer, living at 918 Tenth avenue west, Duluth, Minn., says: "I have no reason to change the opinion of Doan's Kidney Pills which I expressed in a testimonial given in 1898. At that time it cured me of a bad attack of backache and lameness which made me stop work. I was unable to stoop and the pain was severe just over the kidneys and through the loins. Plasters and other remedies I used brought no real benefit. Doan's Kidney Pills were recommended to me so strongly that I decided to try them. I soon found that they were just the remedy for my case. In a few days the pain left me, and the cure has been permanent."

For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

SERVICE FOR OLD FOLKS

Dr. Rice Sanguine Over Success of First Affair.

Attendance at Wednesday's Function Likely to Be Large.

Dr. M. S. Rice, who is sponsor for the affair, is sanguine over the success of the "Old Folks' Service" which will be held tomorrow afternoon at the First M. E. church, of which he is pastor.

Many Duluthians who are over 70 years of age have been invited and have signified a desire to attend. Those who have passed the seventieth milestone but who have not been formally asked to attend the service will be made most welcome, also. It has been impossible for those in charge to give invitations to all of those whom they would like to have present.

The affair will be in the nature of a reception for old folks, as well as a service. The festivities will begin at 2 o'clock in the church parlors. The boys and girls who are over seventy years may swap experiences until 4 o'clock, when the formal program will begin.

The program has not been definitely made out but it is known that Dr. Rice will deliver an address. He will be assisted in the services by Rev. A. W. Ryan, rector of St. Paul's Episcopal church; Rev. Thomas H. Cleland, pastor of the First Presbyterian church and Rev. Alexander Milne, pastor of Pilgrim Congregational church.

Mesdames Ryan, Cleland and Milne will also be present at the reception to assist Mrs. Rice in receiving. Miss Mary Syer Bardshaw will sing.

The program will conclude about 5 o'clock, at which time refreshments will be served and the exercises will end about 6 o'clock.

"We hope to make this service for old people a permanent thing," said Dr. Rice, this morning. "Next year it will be held october 1, however, as I find that the 25th is a little too late."

LATE DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Teacher Terribly Burned By Falling Down Stairs With Lamp.

Ironwood—Flora Richards, a school teacher, was terribly burned Saturday. She was carrying a lighted lamp down a flight of stairs when she slipped. The lamp fell and in a moment her clothing was ablaze. She may die.

Iron Mountain—Passing sentence upon a saloonkeeper convicted for the second time of violating the liquor laws, Circuit Judge J. W. Stone severely criticised the city government of Iron Mountain and issued a warning to the administration that he would not tolerate passive ignoring of the laws.

The court stated that he had information to the effect that an understanding was in existence between the city authorities and certain saloonkeepers relative to the enforcement of the law, and he wanted it understood that he would not permit such doings in his circuit. The saloonkeepr was fined $100 and costs, with a jail sentence of three months. Later the imprisonment portion of the sentence was remitted.

Marquette—A sensation was caused in high school circles by the suspension of fourteen students for truancy. They were absent from their classes last Friday morning, the stranded steamer Oregon, ashore near here, having proved a greater attraction than books. The boys disciplined include the football team and substitutes. They whiled away most of the time until noon in playing football in front of the school and for the rest of the time rang an Episcopal church bell until the appearance of the marshal.

The Finnish National League of America, a society recently organized in Marquette county by prominent Finns, has filed articles of association with the county clerk. The society is said to be a fraternal and benevolent organization, but the articles also state that it will "take an active part in political and national matters to the extent of its ability, and later, if deemed advisable, establish benevolent and beneficiary departments." One of the objects of the society is to form a union of the Finnish people of America, and also to encourage and foster love of their native land.

Vulcan—Sturgeon Falls on the Menominee river, one of the most beautiful waterfalls in Upper Michigan, is to be harnessed and the power used to run the big mines in this vicinity. The harnessing of the falls will practically destory the most beautiful spot on the entire length of the Menominee river, but the power developed will be sufficient to operate a great amount of mine machinery.

The work of constructing the plant will take many months, and will give employment to a large force of men.

Red Jacket—A dastardly attempt was made to wreck the house of Rev. Father Maciarz, pastor of the Red Jacket Polish church, late Saturday evening. A stick of dynamite was placed under the building and exploded. The entire rear portion of the house was wrecked. Father Maciarz was ill in the house at the time, but he was not injured. The only other person in danger was the housekeeper.

Negaunee—It took the jury in the Sabbarini case just fifty-five minutes to render a verdict of guilty of murder in the second degree and fifty minutes of that time was taken up in making way with the evening meal served the jury just before it made its report. The accused heard the readings of the verdict, and appeared much affected. Throughout the trial he appeared unconcerned, but when the foreman of the jury reported a verdict against him Sabbatini could hardly control his feelings.

MRS. WASHBURN

To Speak at Conference of Charities and Correction.

St. Paul, Oct. 24.—Governor John A. Johnson has been asked to deliver the opening address at the fourteenth Minnesota state conference of Charities and Correction, and has intimated that he will accept unless official business should prevent. The conference will be held at St. Peter on Nov. 13, 14 and 15. Congressman J. Adam Bede has also been asked to deliver an address.

Mrs. J. L. Washburn of Duluth, the newly elected president of the State Federation of Women's Clubs, will speak on "The Influence of the Home in Preventing the Delinquency of Children." Mrs. C. G. Higbee of St. Paul will speak on "Friendly Visiting Among the Poor." J. W. Olson, state superintendent of education, will take for his topic "The Place of Education in Preventing Poverty and Crime." L. E. Rosing of the state board of control will review the state institutions for charity and correction, and Dr. Samuel G. Smith, pastor of the People's church, St. Paul, will deliver an address on "What Minnesota Lacks in Charities and Corrections."

One of the new features to be introduced at this meeting of the conference will be a series of talks by county commissioners on local relief and punishment. Louis Pfund of Norman county speaks on "County Poor Relief." L. P. Case of Olmstead county has "Poorhouse Establishment and Management" for his topic. A. O. Cole, also of Olmstead, is another speaker. A. J. Eckstein of New Ulm will deliver an address on "The Relation of Taxation to the Question of Poverty and Crime."

BOTH FOOD AND MEDICINE.

We like best to call Scott's Emulsion a food-medicine. It is a term that aptly describes the character and action of our Emulsion. More than a medicine—more than a food, yet combining the vital principles of both. It is for this reason that Scott's Emulsion has a distinct and special value in all wasting diseases. There is nothing better to remedy the troubles of imperfect growth and delicate health in children. The action of Scott's Emulsion is just as effective in treating weakness and wasting in adults.

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl Street, New York.

STATE OF MONTANA

After Surety Company to Make Good an Official's Shortage.

Helena, Mont., Oct. 24.—Attorney General Albert J. Gallon yesterday made a demand upon the Union Bank and Trust company as agent of the Fidelity company of Baltimore, for the amount of the alleged defalcation of Charles W. Bailey, the Rosebud county official, amounting to nearly $10,000.

Bailey is supposed to have fled to South America. He was appointed by Governor Toole, when the county was created several years ago, and re-elected. Later he was ousted on account of fradulent votes having been cast. He sold his residence in Forsythe and also disposed of other property.

The defalcation is alleged by the state to have been made through forging county certificates and a state official declares the treasury has been mulcted to the etxent of $25,000 in this manner in Rosebud and other counties. The state will soon begin suit against the Baltimore company.

PLUCKY FRISCO YOUTH

Gives the President of the French Republic a Shine.

Paris, Oct. 24.—Fred Racik, the San Francisco bootblack, blacked the presidential boots at the Elysee in pursuance of his fantastic mission of shining the shoes of all the chiefs of state in the entire world. Fred says he tried for weeks in vain all orthodox methods of obtaining entry to Loubet.

"Finally," he says, "I made up my mind to rush it Sheer in the face. I buckled on my kit, stormed the great gate, the guard did not talk English, but I held on till they just had to bring some one that did. It was a colonel. He laughed and said he would do his best.

"I waited half an hour, every mother's son in the palace coming out to grin at me. But I held good. Then an officer came, and said President Loubet was in a hurry with the Prince of Bulgaria, but that if I could do it quickly to come right along.

"The president is a fine old man; he gave me a real pleasant smile, and I scraped a bow and got to work.

"It didn't take me long, though, I gave him a great shine, three coats of polish and plenty of elbow work. Do you know Loubet has a handsome foot.

"I want these people to treat me as seriously as I treat them. I asked an officer to get me a signed paper to prove that I shined Loubet, and here it is."

Fred hopes to shine Prince Ferdinand and Premier Rouvier, and then will be off to Brussels for King Leopold.

Piles Cured

Suffering for Years, and Bed-Ridden From Piles, A Contractor of Marion, Indiana, is Cured by Pyramid Pile Cure.

Trial Package Mailed Free to All Who Send Name and Address.

"I was troubled with piles for several years before I would let it be known. But at last they became so severe that I could not walk and I had to take my bed. I tried everything and anything the doctors prescribed, and took their treatments for a long time. But nothing ever did me any good. I had seen your ad. in different newspapers, so I got a 50-cent box and began using them. From the very first I got quick relief and by the time I was starting on my third box I saw I was cured. I have not been troubled with them since. Now you can use this as you please, because its genuine. Yours, T. A. Sutton, Stone and Cement Contractor, Marion, Ind."

Instant relief can be gotten by using the marvelous Pyramid Pile Cure. It immediately reduces all congestion and swelling, heals all sores, ulcers and irritated parts.

The moment you start to use it your suffering ends and the cure of your dread disease is in sight.

The Pyramid Pile Cure renders a surgical operation foolhardy. Don't hack to pieces those tender muscles which must be intact if a satisfactory cure is to be obtained.

The Pyramid Pile Cure is put up in the form of "easy-to-use," specially made, suppositories. They are soothing, painless, instant and certain.

A trial treatment will be sent you at once by mail, in plain, sealed wrapper, without a cent of expense to you, if you send your name and address to Pyramid Drug Co., 4226 Pyramid Building, Marshall, Mich.

After you receive the sample, you can get a regular-size package of Pyramid Pile Cure at your druggist's for 50 cents, or if he hasn't it, send us the money and we will send it to you.

ROADS WILL LIKELY PAY

Willing To Pay Inspection Fees Into Court's Hands.

They Want It Where They Can Perhaps Collect.

Judge Vinje has made an important ruling in the hearing of the arguments for and against the injunction applied for by the Wisconsin commission to restrain the railroads from moving their cars of grain until they have paid the fees of the Wisconsin inspection, by ruling that the railroads "pay $500 into court and move your cars."

It is not thought that this will provoke any fight from the railroads. They are said to be perfectly willing to comply with the provisions of such a ruling and they have merely wanted to know "where they were at."

As the order is construed, this money is to be paid into the court and will be retained until it is finally decided in the highest courts, whether the Wisconsin commission can legally collect money for its inspection. Now, the railroads are said to be perfectly willing to pay the money into the court. They feared that if they payed the money to the commission, it would be spent to defray the expenses of that body and if the courts decided against the Wisconsin inspection, the money would be gone and there would be no place from which to collect funds. But keeping the money in the custody of the court is quite another matter and entirely satisfactory to the roads.

Judge Vinje heard the arguments late last night at Chippewa Falls and the attorneys returned to Superior today. The railroads will comply with the court's order and the cars will begin to move soon.

The original restraining order tied up about 700 cars on the Great Northern and Northern Pacific roads in Superior.

MEMORIALS TO BE PLACED

In Vicksburg National Park For the Minnesota Regiment.

St. Paul, Oct. 24.—Gen. C. C. Andrews and Gen. L. F. Hubbard, members of the Vicksburg Monument commission, have returned from Gettysburg, where they saw a number of designs and plans of monuments. Gen. Thomas Wilson, the other member, came from New York to the meeting with a committee from the regular army, including Gen. Chaffee and Gen. Wade, who are going to commemorate the services rendered by the regular army organization which took part in the battle of Gettysburg. The Vicksburg commission will examine other designs in a month or two and then select the memorials to be placed in the national park at Vicksburg for the Minnesota regiments who took part in that battle.

CHILD LABOR

In Northern Minnesota Factories Is to Be Stopped.

St. Paul, Oct. 24.—Child labor in the factories of Northern Minnesota is to be probed by the state labor department. Commissioner W. H. Williams left yesterday for Cloquet, Duluth and other manufacturing centers of the north, for the purpose of investigating conditions there.

Reports have reached the commissioner that, regardless of the state laws, there are many children employed in the northern part of the state that are doing hazardous tasks. The department refused to divulge the names of the establishments, as it desires to catch them unawares. The investigation will likely be stringent and every effort will be made to see that the managers of the factories in the northern part of the state cease from employing child labor.

Pollock Is Transferred.

C. S. Pollock, the Standard Oil company's manager for Duluth and Superior, will leave for Minneapolis, Nov. 1, to take charge of the Southern Minnesota territory for the company, with headquarters in the flour city. He will also have jurisdiction over a portion of South Dakota. Mr. Pollock has been in Duluth for the past four years. He will be succeeded at the Head of the Lakes by T. H. Lang, the company's agent at Houghton, Mich.

Talonen Asks Damages.

John Talonen of Virginia has instituted a suit in district court against Axel Pakkala, of the same place, for $20,000 damages. He alleges that Pakkala assaulted him with a billiard cue, Aug. 11, permanently injuring his health. Talonen claims that before his injury he was able to earn $2 per day.

WORK BEGINS ON NEW COAL DOCK

Contractors Start Construction of Northern Company's Property.

Yesterday, work was begun by the Barnet & Record company on the Northern Coal & Dock company's coal dock at Connor's Point, Superior. The contractors hope to have the piling and filling work completed before everything freezes up tight, so that the upper part of the dock can be finished during the winter.

The workmen spent yesterday in putting in temporary piling. The driving of the permanent piles will begin today and the work will be rushed as much as possible. The 600 feet of crib work will only take three or four days to sink, but it will take some time to put in all the sheet piling.

The dredging company's men have been working at that part of the contract for several days, the "sand sucker" accomplishing nearly as much as the one which was at work at the Havana dock. This was capable of moving 600 cubic yards every twenty-four hours.

French & Bassett
DULUTH, MINN.
Corner First Street and Third Avenue West.

Speaking of Bargains

Here are some from our Drapery Department that are exceptionally inviting. They are money-savers every one of them and worthy your careful consideration and investigation.

Remnants

All short lengths of Muslin Art Ticking, Denim, Burlap, Silkoline, etc.—regular price from 5c to $1.00 a yard—all on the remnant table at—per yard..... 10c

Manufacturer's Samples Tapestry

Pieces carried over by the manufacturer—we bought them in a large lot—pieces 25 to 30 inches square—worth from 85c to $1.50 each—special..... 50c

Oriental Striped Canvas Cloth

One lot in assorted colors—very rich and artistic—regular price 40c a yard—special—per yard..... 25c

Figured Art Tickings

In short lengths of from 3 to 5 yards in a piece—30c quality—on the remnant table—per yard..... 18c

Couch Covers

Beautiful Oriental patterns—60 inches wide, 3 yards long—fringed all around—fine heavy quality—each..... $2.25

Drapery and Shade Work

All our special order drapery work and shade work is in the hands of, and under the supervision of painstaking people—our work will please you.

PAYMENTS TO THE INDIANS

On the Red Lake Agency Being Made By Maj. Scott.

Cass Lake, Minn., Oct. 24.—(Special to The Herald.)—Maj. Geo. L. Scott, acting Indian agent, accompanied by several clerks and helpers, has gone to Red Lake Indian agency, where he will make a large payment to the Red Lake band of Indians. There are 1,500 members of the Red Lake band, and they will receive their regular annuity payment of $5.25 per head. In addition to the annuity, there will be distributed among the band $31,000, a portion of stumpage money derived from the sale of dead and down timber on the Red Lake reservation. This last payment, together with the annuity, will give to each red man, woman and child in the neighborhood of $26. Great preparations were made at the Red Lake agency to handle the trade which always follows a payment to the Indians. A large number of outsiders from towns in the vicinity of Bemidji went to the agency with all kinds of goods which the Indians usually purchase, and the stores at the agency laid in large supplies and hired many clerks in anticipation of the rush of business.

Major Scott is particularly severe on anyone attempting to introduce liquor among the reds and should any person have a supply of wet goods in the vicinity during the payment, he will be summarily dealt with. The Indians at Cass Lake will be paid on Thursday, and at Bena on Friday and Saturday. The payment at McGregor will be made on Monday of next week. The Indians at Cass Lake, Bena and McGregor will receive only the regular $5.25 annuity.

BACK FROM ORIENT.

Miss Roosevelt and Party Arrive on the Steamship Siberia.

San Francisco, Oct. 24.—The Pacific Mail Steamship company's liner Siberia arrived at this port yesterday, direct from Yokohoma, in the record breaking time of ten days and ten hours and twenty-six minutes, the fastest previous trip between the two places having been made by her sister ship, the Korea, in eleven days, eleven hours and five minutes.

The Siberia's time is twenty-eight minutes more than that of the Empress of India's record from the Orient to Puget Sound, though the distance covered was about 275 miles greater.

There were many distinguished passengers on the Siberia, among them being Miss Alice Roosevelt, United States Senator Newlands of Nevada and wife; United States Senator Warren of Wyoming; Representative Longworth of Ohio; Brig. Gen. H. T. Allen, chief of the Philippine constabulary; E. H. Harriman, president of the Southern Pacific company; R. P. Schwerin, vice president and general manager of the Pacific Mail Steamship company, and Miss Mabel Boardman and Miss Amy McMillan of Washington, D. C., the latter being the traveling companion of Miss Roosevelt.

M. Shoraishi, vice president of the Toyo Kisen Kaisha, Japanese Steamship line, also came over from the Orient.

Miss Roosevelt started for Washington yesterday afternoon.

THE RUSSIAN RAILROAD STRIKE IS VERY SERIOUS

St. Petersburg, Oct. 24.—The railroad strike situation has now entered on a highly serious phase. The movement is spreading to all the railroads of the empire, and apparently cannot be stopped, while in many cities it is communicating itself to mill and factory employes. The general strike in all branches of labor, which the Socialists planned for the end of this year, is seemingly bursting forth of its own volition.

Minister of Finance Kokovsoff received a telegram from the governing committee of the Moscow bourse which said that the continuation of the strike for a week longer would force every factory in the Moscow region to shut down owing to the lack of coal, whether or not the factory hands took part in the strike.

The same condition of paralysis threatens all the trades and industry of Russia, unless the strike is speedily settled.

The inhabitants of Moscow are already feeling the effects of the strike in the increased price of food, and they are even confronted by a famine. As the demands of the men are purely political it seems impossible to satisfy them by economic concessions. Prince Hilkoff, minister of railroads, vainly appealed to the Moscow strikers.

ZIENIAP WINS RACE.

New York, Oct. 24.—Zieniap backed from 5 to 1 to 18 to 5 won the Lynbrook handicap for 2-year olds, six furlongs at Jamaica yesterday, defeating Brookdale Nymph by a head. The favorite, Security, after leading his field for half a mile ran out at the turn and finished back in the ruck. Meanwhile Zieniap and Brookdale Nymph who were badly interfered with and knocked back to almost last position closed very strong in the stretch and in a hard drive Zieniap won.

REAL HAVANA CIGARS FOR FIVE CENTS.

Boyce Buys Wadsworth Bros.' Chicos Direct From Maker and Saves Patrons Jobbers' Profit.

The fact that Wadsworth Bros. sell their Chicos direct to the leading retailers thus saving all middlemen's and jobbers' profits enables us to buy the Chicos so that we can sell them for five cents straight.

The Chico is a fine, rich aromatic cigar, with a special selection of high-grade Havana filler, and while it costs us more than any other five-cent cigar in our case, yet we are always glad to recommend it for we know that a smoker who buys a Chico will come back to our store for more.

The best men in this city, the bankers, lawyers, the merchants, those who can afford to spend ten, fifteen cents or more for a cigar prefer the Chico on account of their mildness, and their true Havana fragrance and flavor.

When you can get a real Havana cigar for a nickel what is the use of paying a higher price or smoking a poorer cigar?

Try a Chico and you will agree that it is the best cigar for the money that you have ever smoked.

French & Bassett
DULUTH, MINN.
Corner First Street and Third Avenue West.

BUCK'S STOVES & RANGES "THE PEACE MAKERS"

The Best for the Least Money

And when we say "best"—we mean fully everything that the word may imply—for the Buck has neither superior or equal.

But, we do not ask you to take our word for it—all we ask is an opportunity to show you these splendid stoves. No picture that we can produce or words that we can say—do justice to these stoves.

In appearance—in workmanship—in quality of material used—in their fuel saving construction—they are superior to any other stove.

And for these perfect stoves you pay less than for the inferior kind—then why buy any other kind.

$1 DOWN and $1 a WEEK.

Are the comfortable, easy terms, on which we are selling these stoves—the same terms apply to our entire line—Base Burners—Steel Ranges—Cook Stoves—Hot Blasts—Air Tights or apply

Your Old Stove as Part Payment on a New Buck's

We will make you a good liberal allowance for it as the first payment on any Buck's, the balance you can pay at the rate of $1 a week or $5 a month as you prefer.

ENDS LIFE AT SON'S FUNERAL.

New York, Oct. 24.—Crazed with grief over the death of his son, who committed suicide with illuminating gas last week, Herman Schultz shot himself through the head yesterday while the funeral service was being read over the body of his son. Mrs. Schultz and her three daughters fainted and the funeral of the son was postponed.

MANY KILLED ON RAILROADS.

Washington, Oct. 24.—During the twelve months ended June 20, 1,886 persons were killed and 13,733 injured, as the result of accidents, on railway trains, according to a report of the interstate commerce commission issued today. Comparison with 1904 shows an increase of eleven killed and 4,123 injured among passengers and employes, the increase in killed being wholly among passengers.

California or Florida.

It is time to plan your winter vacation. Early arrangements secure the best accommodations. Choice of routes via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway to California or to Florida, combined with low rates, make the trip to either resort a most attractive one. A postal will bring complete information about rates, train service and resorts, free, and by return mail. Address W. B. Dixon, Northwestern Passenger Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

There are people reading our "To Let" columns today who would make desirable tenants for that vacant house of yours. There will be tomorrow, too; and there's time enough for you to get your ad in these columns for tomorrow. It should have been in today.

COMMISSION NOW ENJOINS THE MILLS

Latest Writ Strikes More Direct Blow at Them.

Wisconsin Commission Springs Another Order In Inspection Fight.

Realizing that the restraining orders which had been issued through their endeavors against the Northern Pacific and Great Northern roads were not having the desired result and bringing the actual cash in to its coffers, the Wisconsin grain commission this afternoon, secured an order enjoining the flour mills of Superior from grinding wheat or shipping flour made from wheat inspected by Wisconsin inspectors, upon which the inspection fees had not been paid.

The Commander is the only mill running in Superior today, but it was thought that the Daisy or the Listman mill would reopen tomorrow, but they will be unable to do so unless this latest order is set aside by Judge Vinje, who is holding court in Chippewa Falls, but who will probably be asked to consider this latest phase of the grain inspection fight, this evening.

The order restraining the mills was issued shortly after noon by Court Commissioner Perkins and the Commander mill was obliged to close its doors almost at once.

The Wisconsin commission is evidently determined to thrust its grain inspection down the throats of the struggling millers, for it has literally plastered the city of Superior with injunctions, temporary staying and restraining orders. An order is ordered to fit every crevice and effectually stop up the holes through which the millers might escape and rid themselves of the Wisconsin inspection.

Unless this latest order is set aside at once, it is probable that the mills will not attempt to reopen. Manager Hurd of the Duluth-Superior Milling company said this morning that that company's mills would not reopen unless the owners were allowed to operate them, so that the chances are that they will remain closed.

An order restraining the railroads from switching a fresh batch of cars over to Duluth, was issued by Court Commissioner Perkins this morning at the urgent solicitation of the Wisconsin commission. This was to hold up the cars which had come in since last evening.

It is not known at this time whether the members of the Wisconsin commission have any more injunctions or restraining writs up their sleeves or not. The Superior authorities are certainly developing a pronounced form of the injunction habit.

SHRINERS' DAY NOV. 3

Aad Temple Will Be Instituted and Hold First Ceremonial.

Special Trains and One Fare Rates Will Bring Outsiders.

Nov. 3, which will be a week from next Friday, will go down in the Masonic history of Duluth as Shriners' day.

On that day Aad Temple, the Duluth Shrine, will formally come into existence and ceremony will be spread on thick. It is expected that the city will be completely turned over to the fezzed denizens of the Northwest and that there will be so much hot sand scattered around Duluth that the worst Forecaster Richardson can do in the line of weather will be rendered nil.

On the evening of Nov. 3, the first ceremonial session of Aad Temple and the institution of that body will take place. The institution of the new temple will be conducted by T. W. Hugo of Duluth, who is authorized to represent the imperial potentate of the United States, and after the ceremony will have been finished a class of about 100 novitiates will cross the hot sands and hang onto the rope.

The initiation of these thirsters for knowledge of the mysteries will be handled by Osman Temple of St. Paul and Zurah Temple of Minneapolis, who will come up from the Twin Cities in a special train, which, it is expected, will bring about 300 Shriners from the two cities in the center of the state.

All roads entering Duluth have made a round trip rate, for the occasion, of one fare and it is expected that many hundreds of Shriners and their ladies will take advantage of the chance to visit the Zenith City. There will be Shriners from Fargo, Marquette, the southern part of Minnesota and different parts of Wisconsin; and the desert will be dotted with caravans from all directions as far as the eye can reach.

Aad Temple will start out with about 250 members, who will demit from the shrines to which they now hold fealty and the class of 100 which will be put through will make the new shrine a comfortably sized body at once. It is expected that there will be much doing.

PHILADELPHIAN IS KILLED BY TRAIN.

Philadelphia, Oct. 24.—Frank Clyde aged 52 years, wealthy and a social leader, head of the shipping firm of William P. Clyde & Co., was killed by a train at the Fifty-second street station of the Pennsylvania railroad in this city today. Mr. Clyde was seen standing on the station platform apparently waiting for a train to take him to Broad street station. Although no one saw him fall, his body was found a moment later ground to pieces under the wheels.

CITY BRIEFS

Francis J. McPartlin of International Falls, Minn., has just been appointed by Judge Morris as United States court commissioner. Mr. McPartlin is a prominent attorney of the border city and will succeed George H. Walsh in the office, the latter's term expiring on Oct. 31.

The funeral of Mrs. Hans Gronseth will be held tomorrow afternoon at 2:30 from the Norwegian Lutheran church, corner of First avenue east and Third street.

Albert Abello, an Egyptian, was yesterday fined $5 and costs by Judge Cutting for peddling the roses of Jericho without a license. Abello said he had peddled the flower from New York to San Francisco and as far south as San Antonio, but had never been arrested before.

Court North Star of the United Order of Foresters entertained at a dancing party last evening at Foiz hall and about fifty couples were present.

Tomorrow evening J. B. Culver post, G. A. R., will give a camp fire at Temple hall. An interesting letter from Col. C. H. Graves, minister to Sweden will be read and Department Commander C. F. Macdonald of St. Cloud will be present.

The Gidding store begins tomorrow the second day of the sale of high class fur-lined and fur-trimmed coats.

Mrs. G. M. Davis of 122 East Third street died at 11:15 a. m. today, after suffering for more than a year with a complication of diseases. Mrs. Davis leaves a husband and four children. Funeral arrangements will be announced later.

The fire department has been summoned to the assistance of the men fighting the fire in the coal piles on the Pioneer Coal company's dock, and a company was sent to the scene this afternoon.

PERSONALS

Miss Gertrude Adams, who has been ill with appendicitis at Minneapolis, has been moved from the hospital to the home of a friend and is recovering.

Fred Engels left yesterday for the East.

Joel S. Dwyer, operator at police headquarters, has returned from a trip to his old home at Au Sable Forks, N. Y.

Frank Spurbeck left last evening for the Bowstring country to hunt ducks.

E. C. Clow is confined to his home with a severe cold.

C. R. Trask left yesterday for the Twin Cities, where he will remain until after the Wisconsin-Minnesota football game, Nov. 4.

F. N. Slocum left for Pacific coast points today.

A. A. D. Kahn, prominent in Minneapolis political circles, is in the city today.

M. B. Riley of Ashland is a guest at the St. Louis.

Mrs. H. L. Vanderboom and son, and Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Vanderboom of Marquette, Mich., are registered at the St. Louis.

A. J. Pertin left for range points today.

Mart Adson left for Chicago last night.

Break in Telegraph Service.

Telegraph service over the North American company's wires between Duluth and the Twin Cities was interrupted twelve hours last night and today. No messages were received over the line between 11 o'clock last night and 11 o'clock this morning. The wires were out of commission below Hinckley, in the St. Paul jurisdiction. The St. Paul office repaired the break. The exact nature of the trouble has not been reported in Duluth. All the local grain and stock brokerage offices were affected by the break, and no messages were received over these lines this morning. It was also reported that the Northern Pacific lines were not in working order, but this report proved to be without foundation.

The Most Important Selling of High Class Fur Lined and Fur Trimmed Coats that Duluth has ever known,



The Gidding Fur and Fur Lined Garments lend an air of distinction not contributed by any other article of wearing apparel.

There is nothing more serviceable or sensible than a fur-lined garment in this climate—For walking, driving and general use, it is supreme.

Close to three hundred of them all told were placed on sale today, aggregating Fifteen Thousand Dollars at Retail!

Every Coat is of fine broadcloths—the Fur linings selected and drummed out by a scientific process which prevents shedding so common in ordinary fur-lined garments—All collars and cuffs are single piece furs, which means they will hold their shape—and, let us make it emphatic—Every coat is as good as fur coats can be made and absolutely guaranteed—

—We contracted for them last spring (long before storekeepers had any idea that Fur Lined Coats would be in such great demand) and saved considerable on the fur linings, trimmings and materials—we had them made up during the dullest summer months when Fur Workers and Tailors were glad to get big orders, even at lowered prices. In addition we are satisfied to clip our profits in order to do a greater volume of business. These things should all be plainly before you in planning your Fur Coat buying and should have you decide where you will buy your garment. We cannot guarantee the prices of these garments after this Sale, but we will lay by any garment until wanted upon a part payment. For those who did not follow our prices and values in our last announcement we repeat them today:

$49.50 Fur Lined—Broadcloth Coats $39.50.

Deep Full Storm Collars of sable, squirrel, natural squirrel, Persian lamb and marten; lined with Siberian squirrel; full 50 inches long; colors navy, tan, brown, green and black.

$49.50 Fur Lined, Party, Street or Evening Coats $39.50.

Beautifully trimmed with braid and velvet, and effectively set off with hand-made French knots; of rich and elegant broadcloth; colors wine, green, tan, These garments are equal to any offered by any house in the Northwest at $65.

$110.00 Lynx Trimmed—Collar and Cuff—Fur Lined Coats $85.00.

Of finest imported broadcloths—deep storm lynx collars and muff-cuffs; lined with selected gray Siberian squirrel; ornamented with large silk frogs; made full length; black only. A coat equal to anything sold in the Northwest at $135.

$59.50 Magnificent Fur Lined Coats $47.50.

Of fine imported broadcloths; lined throughout with selected squirrel, with deep fine storm collars of Eastern mink, Persian lamb, marten, sable squirrel and natural squirrel; full length coats; made roomy and generous in size; each coat made with button fly front and ornamented with five pairs of silk frogs.

$59.50 Handsome Fur Lined Street or Party Coats $47.50.

Of fine imported broadcloths, richly trimmed with velvet and silk braid; lined with black and white squirrel; full length; made generous and roomy; colors wine, red, blue, green, brown and black.

These garments are the equal of any offered in the Northwest at from $69.50 to $75.00.

$42.50 and $45 Fur Lined and Trimmed Broadcloth Coats $36.50.

Two lines on sale at this price; shawl fur collar or deep storm collar of Persian lamb, marten, sable squirrel or natural squirrel; colors tan, blue, green and black; the equal of any coats in the Northwest at $47.50 to $50.00.

The Store That Leads

Giddings

Superior St. and 1st Ave. West.

CHERRY VALLEY BUYS INTEREST

Secures Sellwood's Share La Rue Mine On Mesaba.

Joseph Sellwood has sold his interest in the La Rue mine to the Cherry Valley Iron company.

The exact amount of the transaction involved is not known, but it is said that the deal was made on the basis of $1,000,000 for the mine.

The La Rue mine is located on the Mesaba range at Nashwauk. It is an open pit.

The Cherry Valley Iron company, representing Ohio furnace interests, now owns interests in three mines in Minnesota. Mr. Sellwood's interest was probably the largest individual interest in the mine.

QUESTION OF ENDURANCE

In Job Printers Strike Now and Both Struggle Determinedly.

The condition of the job printers' strike is unchanged. Neither side seems to desire any further effort at compromise, and each seems inclined to fight it out on the flat eight-hour-day question, so that it has resolved itself down to a question of endurance. It is not expected that any chance blow will land the money in this fight.

Tonight a committee from all of the unions in the city will meet at Labor World hall to further plans for the label campaign, which will be started within a few days, and it is desired that there will be a full attendance, as important matters will be discussed.

The members of the Typothetae declare that they are just as determined as ever to fight for open shops, and that they will never give in to the union on the eight-hour day. They also claim that it has gone beyond the matter of eight hours a day now; and that it is a fight for open shops entirely.

BELIEVE THEY HAVE KILLORAN

Vienna Police Think Robber None Other Than Noted American.

New York, Oct. 24.—An American believed to be the noted Joseph Killoran, is under arrest in Vienna, charged with being leader of a gang which recently stole 20,000 crowns from a Vienna bank. It was announced today at the Austrian consulate here that owing to the boldness of the robbery, which occurred during working hours, and the belief of the Vienna police that the man under arrest is backed by powerful friends both in the United States and in Europe, the Austrian authorities have quietly sent to the police of several American cities for descriptions, pictures and records of Joseph Killoran, and are searching in nearly every European capital for evidence against the suspected confederates of their prisoner.

The robbery which Killoran is alleged to have committed recently in Vienna was entirely in keeping with his record for daring exploits in this country. The American, it was stated today, at the Austrian consulate, entered the bank during one of the busy hours of the day and entered into conversation with a depositor of the bank, who had just brought 20,000 crowns to the cashier's window. During this conversation the money disappeared. The Vienna police say that the American had confederates in the room who took the money while he occupied its owner. When arrested the man gave the name of James Howard, which the Vienna police say is fictitious. The amount stolen is equal to about $4,000.

Joseph Killoran is the man who on July 4, 1905, together with the other prisoners in the Ludlow street jail of New York with no other weapons than briar pipes, which they believed were revolvers, cowed the guards and walked out of the jail to freedom.

THOSE WHO HAVE PASSED BEYOND

La Crosse, Wis., Oct. 24.—Frank W. Bartl, head of the Bartl Brewing company, and president of the common council, died today, aged 32.

Towanda, Pa., Oct. 24.—Gen. Jonathan Hill, well known through his connection with the leather industry, died today at his home.

SIR THOMAS LIPTON TO CHALLENGE FOR 1907.

London, Oct. 24.—Sir Thomas Lipton expects to challenge again for the America's cup in 1907. Asked today concerning the reports from America that he had given up the idea of making further efforts, the owner of the Shamrocks declared he was as keen as ever and while too late to challenge for 1905 if all went well, he would be at Sandy Hook with a new challenger the following year.

CONFESSED EMBEZZLER IS LIKELY TO GO FREE.

St. Paul, Oct. 24.—(Special to The Herald.)—Peter August Ecklund, in jail in London, Eng., on his own confession that he embezzled $11,000 while secretary of the Clay County Land company, may go free because of the refusal of his victims to prosecute him. Secretary of State Root today wired Governor Johnson on information from the London embassy that Ecklund was in custody in London, and asking if extradition was desired. Governor Johnson wired the Clay county officials, who replied that the confession of Ecklund was true enough, but that no information had been filed against Ecklund, and that the prospects were that none would be.

WYNNE TO TESTIFY.

London, Oct. 24.—Consul General Robert J. Wynne will shortly visit the United States. The state department has instructed Mr. Wynne to hold himself in readiness to proceed to Washington to testify in the legal prosecution growing out of the investigation of the postoffice frauds.

Get the Habit!

Read the HERALD NOON EDITION

All the news of the world up to 12 o'clock.

The Associated Press Dispatches.

The Associated Press Cables.

The New York Stock Market.

The Boston Copper Market.

The World's Wheat Markets.

At your news stand or on the street—

One Cent!

Esmond Hotel

18 20th Ave. So.

New Management.
New Furnishings.
BEST SERVICE.
Reasonable Rates.

H. G. SCHMITZ and W. LEAR
Proprietors.

STRIKERS SHUT OFF WATER FROM MOSCOW.

Moscow, Oct. 24.—The strikers have damaged the water conduit between Moscow and Mytishtchi, and some sections of Moscow are without water.

A meeting of 10,000 strikers today decided to prevent telegraphic communication, which already is becoming very difficult.

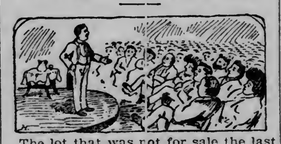
FIFTY PERSONS WERE KILLED ID CHILEAN RIOT

Buenos Ayres, Oct. 24.—A dispatch from Santiago, Chili, says about fifty persons were killed and 500 wounded during the recent rioting there. It is hoped that order will be restored today.

FATHER ASKS TO HAVE HIS SON REMOVED FROM OFFICE

St. Paul, Oct. 24.—(Special to The Herald.)—Erick Erickson has petitioned Governor Johnson to remove his son Charles M. Erickson from office as sheriff of Roseau county, alleging in his petition that his son is addicted to drunkenness and not fit to have charge of the county's affairs. Governor Johnson has wired Sheriff Erickson to turn over his office to his deputy, A. T. Ellenson, until an investigation can be made.

LITTLE BUSINESS TALKS



The lot that was not for sale the last time you inquired about it may be advertised today.

If you are just "waking up" to the fact of Herald want advertising—of its possibilities for YOU—why, "better late than never!"

If half of The Herald want ads were interesting and important to you, then prosperity would be too easy, and money-making a mere pastime. But the fact that there is one now and then which means money and opportunity to you is enough.

Read the want ads tonight.

Through Tourist Cars to California.

The following through Tourist car service to California points has been inaugurated by "The North-Western Line" for the season 1905-6.

Leaving St. Paul every Tuesday at 9:05 p. m., running via Omaha and the Union Pacific and Southern Pacific railways to San Francisco and Los Angeles.

Leaving St. Paul every Thursday at 8:00 p. m., via Omaha, Union Pacific to Ogden, O. S. L. to Salt Lake, thence via the new line San Pedro, Salt Lake & Los Angeles railway to Los Angeles.

Leaving St. Paul every Saturday at 9:40 a. m., running via Council Bluffs, Kansas City and the A. T. & S. Fe railway to Los Angeles.

For reservations, apply to City Ticket Agent, 302 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn.

The Lutheran Church.

Church Economist: The Lutheran church is not one that makes as much fuss as some others, but its growth is remarkable. According to the latest statistics its increase in North America for the four years from 1900 to 1904 has been 534 pastors, 722 churches, 1,298 parochial schools and 1,102,300 members. The total membership for the Lutheran church in the world is now put at 70,158,727. There are 14,314 deaconesses.

Rheumatism Cured in a Day.

Mystic Cure for Rheumatism and Neuralgia radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose greatly benefits. 75 cents and $1. Sold by all druggists.

Too Late to Classify

Hair Dressing, Shampooing, Scalp Treatments, Facial Massage, Manicuring and Children's Hair Cutting at Miss Horrigan's

Heat rash, hives, chafing, wind or sunburn relieved by Satin skin cream. 25c.

WANTED—BY EXPERIENCED BOOKkeeper, office work of any kind. Address E 39, Herald.

FOR SALE—BARBER CHAIR, PORCELAIN bath tub, 180-gal. tank, and other barber outfits; cheap if taken at once. E 41, Herald.

FOR SALE — CIGAR CASE AND counter, 7 feet 6 inches long; mahogany. E 42, Herald.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS WAITRESS—at once. Miller hotel.

I CAN GIVE TWO OR THREE YOUNG men or women work that will net them $5 per day. It's no snap, but just good pay for earnest, hard workers. The work is highly respectable; approved and encouraged by every business man in the city. Call at Hotel Lenox forenoons and evenings.

FOR RENT—BARN AT EAST END. George McGurrin, Torrey building.

POSITION WANTED AS SALESMAN in gent's furnishing dept.; can give best of references. Address E 27, Herald.

WANTED — TO TAKE HOME, DRESSmaking and children's sewing at a reasonable price; neat work done at 329 West Fifth street, upstairs.

YOUNG LADY WITH SOME KNOWLedge of shorthand would like position in office. Address F. J. A. 1702 Piedmont avenue.

I MAKE PHOTOGRAPHS FOR CATAlogues or illustrated advertisements of any kind. Satisfaction guaranteed. H. C. Hubert, 601 Manhattan building.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Ralph J. Davis and Grace E. Richards.
Louis Pierson and Virginia Berine.
Mars Logan and Frida Gripp, both of Superior, Wis.
Ludwik Sobczyk and Mary Anna Kujavva.
Oscar F. Anderson and Mary Sundin.

BIRTHS.

NELSON—To Mr. and Mrs. George E. Nelson, of 332 Twenty-second avenue west, Oct. 21, a daughter.

BUILDING PERMITS.

J. S. Abbott, addition on Minnesota avenue between Erie and Adams streetes, to cost $500
John Anderson, addition to building on Seventh street, between Twenty-first and Twenty-second avenues west, to cost $500

CHILDREN'S CLOTHING



Easy Payments

They wear the goods while paying for them

Boys' Suits ------ $1.50 to $7.00
Boys' Overcoats - $3.00 to $10.00
Boys' Overcoats -- 25c to $1.25
Girls' Coats ----- $3.50 to $15.00
Furs ------------ $2.00 to $10.00

A "Small" Payment down, balance weekly or monthly to suit your payday.

Your Credit Is Good

Open Monday and Saturday Evenings.

Fred W. Edwards

Up stairs over Giddings, 1st Ave. West and Superior St.

ADVANCE IN WHEAT

Upward Course Continues, Though the Gain Is Moderate.

Better Buying In Flax and Market Closes Higher.

Duluth Board of Trade, Oct. 24.—Owing to interrupted wire service the influences and statistics governing the market movements were not obtainable, except in small measure, on this board. Unsettled weather in the Northwest was reported from Chicago to be causing some buying and Armour was supposed to be helping it along a little. He was a heavy buyer in corn, too, and the advance in that cereal added the upward course of wheat. Liverpool also added its support by closing ⅝@1d higher. The visible supply showed a large increase, but this was about the only news of a bearish nature. The cash demand continues good in all markets.

The December option gained ⅝c in Duluth, Chicago and Minneapolis, and ⅝c in New York.

December corn in Chicago advanced ⅝c, and in Liverpool, corn was ½@½d higher. December oats in Chicago advanced ⅛@⅛c.

Car receipts at Duluth were 575 against 408 last year, and at Minneapolis 256 against 499 last year, making a total for the Northwest of 831 against 868 last year. Chicago receipts were 145 against 89 last year.

Primary receipts of wheat were 1,369,000 bus, last year 1,115,000 bus. Shipments 508,000 bus, last year 355,000 bus.

The visible supply of wheat last week increased 3,575,000 bus and is now 27,189,000 bus, against 24,055,000 bus last year.

Primary receipts of corn were 317,000 bus, last year 240,000 bus. Shipments 395,000 bus, last year 228,000 bus. The visible supply of corn last week decreased 642,000 bus and is now 3,795,000 bus against 3,440,000 bus last year.

Trading in wheat in the Duluth market was very quiet. The December option opened ⅛c higher at 82c, advanced to 82⅝c at 10:50 and closed ¾c up at 82¼c. The May option opened unchanged at 83¾c, advanced to 86¼c, and closed at 86c.

Cash wheat was active and firm and at the close No. 1 northern was quoted at 2¾c over December.

Flax was active and firmer, the buying demand showing much improvement. October was strongest, advancing 5c to 96½c, and closing there. November opened unchanged at 86¾c, advanced to 87c, and closed at 96½c. December opened ⅛c higher 96¾c, advanced to 97c, and closed at 96½c. May opened 1c higher at $1.01, advanced to $1.01⅝, and closed at $1.01¾, a gain of 1½c.

Oats gained ½c, and rye was unchanged.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—To arrive, No. 1 northern, 85c; No. 2 northern, 83c; on track, No. 1 northern, 85c; No. 2 northern, 83c; durum, No. 1, 76½c; No. 2, 75½c; October, 84½c; December, 82¼c; May, 86c. Flax—To arrive, 96½c; on track, 96½c; October, 96½c; November, 96½c; December, 96¾c; May, $1.01¾. Oats—To arrive, 28¾c; on track, 28¾c. Rye, 65c. Barley, 34@46c.

Cars inspected—Wheat, 575, last year, 408; oats, 69; barley, 7; rye, 127; flax, 366, last year, 168.

Receipts—Wheat, 482,704; oats, 146,671; barley, 131,820; rye, 6,203; flax, 283,414.

Shipments—Wheat, 168,350; oats, 2,350; barley, 100; flax, 195,141.

Cash Sales Tuesday.

No. 1 northern wheat, 1 car.....89 85/8
No. 1 northern, 1 car.....85
No. 1 northern, 8 cars.....84⅞
No. 1 northern, 7 cars.....85
No. 1 northern, 2 cars.....85⅛
No. 1 northern, 2 cars.....84¼
No. 1 northern, 8,000 bus.....85
No. 1 northern, 5,000 bus.....85⅛
No. 1 northern, 5,000 bus.....85
No. 1 northern, 14,000 bus.....84½
No. 1 northern, 10,000 bus.....84⅜
No. 1 northern, 2,000 bus.....84¼
No. 1 northern, 6,000 bus.....84⅛
No. 1 northern, 1 car.....85⅛
No. 2 northern wheat, 3 cars.....83½
No. 2 northern, 1 car.....83
No. 2 northern, 4 cars.....83¼
No. 2 northern, 7 cars.....83⅛
No. 2 northern, 2 cars.....82⅞
No. 2 northern, 1 car.....82¾
No. 2 northern, 1 car.....82⅝
No. 2 northern, 1,000 bus.....82⅜
No. 2 northern, 9,000 bus.....82
No. 2 northern, 5,000 bus.....82⅛
No. 2 northern, 5,000 bus.....82
No. 3 wheat, 2 cars.....81½
No. 3 wheat, 2 cars.....81
No. 4 wheat, 1 car.....79
No. 4 wheat, 1 car.....80
Rejected wheat, 2 cars.....79
Rejected wheat, 1 car.....79½
Rejected wheat, 1 car.....78
Rejected wheat, 1 car.....78½
Rejected wheat, 1 car.....78
Durum wheat, 13 cars No. 1.....76½
Durum wheat, 13 cars No. 2.....75½
Durum wheat, 3 cars No. 3.....75
Durum wheat, 7,000 bus No. 1.....75½
Durum wheat, 29,000 bus No. 1.....75
Durum wheat, 3,000 bus No. 2.....74½
Flax, 10 cars.....96⅝
Flax, 11 cars.....96⅜
Flax, 2 cars.....96⅛
Flax, 2 cars.....96
Flax, 16 cars.....95⅞
Flax, 5,000 bus.....96¾
Flax, 5,000 bus.....96⅝
Flax, 6,000 bus.....96½
Flax, 4,500 bus.....96⅜
Flax, 500 bus.....96¼
Flax, 5,000 bus.....96⅝
Flax, 1 car.....96⅜
Barley, 1 car.....35½
Barley, 1 car.....38
Barley, 1 car.....37½
Barley, 3 cars.....38
Barley, 2 cars.....39
Barley, 4 cars.....39½
Barley, 3 cars.....40
Barley, 2 cars.....41
Barley, 1 car.....41½
Barley, 2 cars.....42
Barley, 2 cars.....43
Rye, 3 cars.....65
Rye, 1,600 bus.....65
Oats, 3 cars No. 3 white.....29
Oats, 2 cars No. 3 white.....28¾
Oats, 2 cars No. 2 white.....29½
Oats, 1 car No. 4 white.....28½
Oats, 1 car No. 4 white.....28¼
Oats, 1 car No. 3 white.....28

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Unsettled Weather Had a Strengthening Effect on Wheat.

Chicago, Oct. 24.—Unsettled weather in the Northwest had a strengthening effect today on the wheat market here. There was a fair demand from commission houses and some covering by shorts. December opened a shade to ⅛@¼c higher at 87@87⅛c and advanced to 87½c. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 1,076 cars against 508 cars last week and 367 cars a year ago.

After December had touched 87½@87⅝c the market eased off a trifle. A liberal increase in the visible supply was mainly responsible for selling by pit traders. The market, however, closed firm with December up ⅜c at 87¼@87⅝c.

The official forecast for weather throughout the Central West caused firmness in the corn market. The demand was general and offerings were rather light. December opened a shade to ⅛c higher at 45c to 45⅛c and sold up to 45¼@45⅜c. Local receipts were 156 cars, with 46 of contract grade.

The market steadily gained in strength, closing prices being at the highest point of the day. Final quotations on December were up ½@⅝c at 45½c.

Sentiment in oats was bullish as a result of a continued excellent demand from exporters. Commission houses and pit traders were generally bidders, but offerings were small. The weather was unfavorable for the movement of the new crop. December opened unchanged to a shade higher at 29⅝@29¾c to 29⅝c and sold up to 29⅝c. Local receipts were 64 cars.

Notwithstanding a slight decline in the price of live hogs a firm tone prevailed in the provisions market. The strength of coarse grain was the chief influence. A firmness in the cash product was also a factor. January pork was up a shade at $12.30. Lard was also up a shade at $6.72½. Ribs were 2½c up at $6.45.

Close: Wheat—December, 87¼@87⅝c; May 83½c; July, 83⅝c. Corn—October, 45⅜c; December, 45¾c; old, 46⅛c; January, 43⅝c; May, 45¼@45⅜c; July, 45c. Oats—October, 29⅝c; December, 29⅝c; May, 31⅞@32c; July, 29⅝c. Pork—October, $16.10; January, $12.35@12.37½. Lard—October, $7.02½; November, $6.97½; December, $6.75@6.77½; January, $6.50@6.77½; May, $6.90. Ribs—October, $6.67½; January, $6.47½; May, $6.67½. Rye—Cash, 70½c; December, 68½@70c; May, 71⅝@72c. Flax—Cash northwestern, 98c; southwestern, 92c. Timothy—March, $4.60; Clover—Cash, $13. Barley—Cash, 39@52c. Cash wheat—No. 2 red, 83½@90c; 3 red, 87@88c; 2 hard, 86½@88½c; 3 hard, 84@87½c; 1 northern, 89@90c; 2 northern, 86@88c; 3 spring, 83@87c. Corn—No. 2, 52¼@53½c; 3, 52½c. Oats—No. 2, 29c; 3, 28¾c.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Oct. 24.—Close: Wheat—December, 82⅝c; May, 86¼c; 1 hard, 85⅝c; 1 northern, 84⅝c; 2 northern, 82⅝c.

New York Grain.

New York, Oct. 24.—Close: Wheat—December, 93⅜c; May, 92c. Corn—December, 52c; May, 51¼c.

American Wheat Markets.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York
December—				
Open ...	82	82⅜	87-⅛	92¾-⅞
High ...	82¾	82⅞-83	87⅛-⅜	93¼-⅜
Low ...	82	82⅛	87	92¾
Close ...	82½B	82⅝B	87¼-⅜A	93⅛B
Close 23rd	81⅞	82¼	86⅝-87	92½
May—				
Open ...	85¾	86-¼	87⅜	91⅝
High ...	86¼	86⅝	88⅛	92¼
Low ...	85¼	85-⅛	87⅛	91½-⅝
Close ...	86B	86¼A	88¾A	92A
Close 23rd	85¾	86	87¾	91⅝

Chicago Oats, Corn and Pork.

	Oats.	Corn. Dec.	Pork. Jan.
Open ...	29⅛-⅜	45¾	.....
High ...	29⅜-¾	46¼	.....
Low ...	29⅛	45¾	.....
Close ...	29⅜	46¼	$12.35

Duluth Car Inspection.

Wheat: No. 1 hard, 15; No. 1 northern, 107; No. 2 northern, 120; No. 3 spring, 92; No. 4 spring, 23; rejected, 27; no grade, 2; western red, 2; No. 1 durum, 40; No. 2 durum, 88; No. 3 durum, 32; No. 4 and no grade durum, 14; total durum, 183; mixed wheat, 4; total of wheat, 575; cars last year, 408.

Flax: No. 1 northwestern, 117; No. 1, 183; No. 2, 6; total 306; last year, 168.

Oats, 69; rye, 7; barley, 127.

Total of all cars, 1,084. Cars last year, 685.

Liverpool Grain.

Liverpool, Oct. 25.—Wheat—Spot steady; 2 red western winter, 6s 6d; futures steady; December, 6s 11½d; March, 6s 11½d. Corn—Spot firm; American mixed, 5s 1¼d; futures steady; December, 5s 1⅞d; January, 4s 6d; March, 4s 4¾d.

We Are Headquarters for

Bonanza Circle

—AND—

North Butte Copper Stocks.

PAINE, WEBBER & CO

BANKERS AND BROKERS.
328 West Superior Street.

WHEAT

Since the publication of our last review, a number of important developments touching the Wheat situation have come to light. American Wheat is practically on a basis where exports may be made, but the shortage of cars to transport the grain to tidewater has proved a considerable obstacle to a free foreign movement. As a result, stocks have increased at several of the primary points, despite the normal foreign demand.

In the Northwest, however, the intense activity of the mills has a tendency to hold down undue accumulations, and the shipments of Flour are something tremendous.

The speculative Wheat market is strongly supported on each decline by the most powerful interests in the trade. This support is given openly, but without any blare of trumpets. As a direct consequence of the stiffness in our markets, the foreigner has been obliged to come to us, and not we to him, as has been the custom in years past.

Alarmist rumors of locusts in the Wheat fields of Argentina have been published and denied several times. It may be that the insect pests will shorten the yield of that important country, but it is too early to make a definite statement on that subject. Disregarding the locust stories, we advise purchases of Wheat on conditions which are more clearly legitimate.

EDWARDS-WOOD CO.
(Incorporated)
DEALERS IN
STOCKS, GRAIN, PROVISIONS

J. A. MINNEAR & CO.
Brokers
Copper Stocks
Curbs a Specialty
LAURIUM, MICH.

R. B. Higbee says for you to write him for his prices on the Mining Stocks you are buying. 410-411 Germania Life building, St. Paul, Minn.

R. B. HIGBEE,
The Mining Broker.
410-411 Germania Life Building,
ST. PAUL, MINN.

Bonanza Circle Coppers
AND OTHER UNLISTED SECURITIES.
Noon quotations, Oct. 24.

Coppers.	Bid.	Ask.	Miscellaneous.	Ask.
N. Butte..	55	56	Ala. Cen, pfd..	$5.75
C. & A....	112	114	Ariz. & E.....	.25
C. & P....	37	38	Black Rock....	.15
L. S. & P..	39	40	Crooked River	.45
P. & D....	27	27½	LaLuz, Mex....	1.00
Junction..	30	31	Little Chief..	.03
Manhat'n..	7½	8¼	Marconi (A)....	30.00
Black Mt..	8½	.....	N. Queen Bee..	.10
D.-Ariz....	14	14½	Ophir Tunnel..	.35
W. D., Co.	12	13	Parry Sound..	.15
Bruns'k....	13	13½	Shakespeare..	.10
Shattuck..	33	35	Stan. L. & Z...	.25

Wires down; waning moon; weeping market.

H. E. SMITH & CO.,
WILLIAM KAISER, Manager.
Main Floor, Palladio Building.
Phones—Zenith, 636; Duluth, 82.

Treasury Balances.

Washington, Oct. 24.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption, shows: Available cash balance, $131,134,164; gold, $75,722,746; gold certificates, $42,199,020.

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, Oct. 24.—Cattle: Receipts, 11,000; slow; beeves, $3.60@6.25; cows and heifers, $1.15@4.40; stockers and feeders, $2.10@4.30; Texans, $4.00@4.50; Western steers, $3.50@4.80. Hogs: Receipts, 32,000; good strong, others weak; mixed and butchers, $4.35@5.52½; good heavy, $5.25@5.52½; rough heavy, $4.75@5.15; light, $4.60@5.40; pigs, $4.80@5.35; bulk, $4.65@5.45. Sheep: Receipts, 35,000, strong; sheep, $4.00@5.40; lambs, $4.80@7.75.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

Duluth.

Following are the current quotations for goods which change hands in lots on the open market:

BUTTER.

Creamery, prints	33
Creamery, in tubs	32
Dairies, fancy	19
Renovated	21
Packing stock	14½

EGGS.

Fresh	19 @ 20

CHEESE.

Wisconsin flats	12¾
Block and wheel Swiss	14 @ 15
Brick cheese, No. 1	15½
Limberger full cream cheese	15
Primost	7

HONEY.

New fancy white clover	15
Fancy white clover in jars, strained, per lb.	12½@ 13
Goldenrod	14
Dark honey	11
Buckwheat, dark	14

MAPLE SUGAR.

Vermont, per lb	15
Maple syrup, 10-lb cans	1 35

NUTS.

Filberts, per lb	13
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	15
Cocoanuts, per doz	60
Brazils, per lb	12
Pecans, per lb	13
Almonds	16
Mixed nuts	12
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7¼@ 8

FRUITS.

Apples, Ben Davis, per box	4 00
Illinois Jonathans	5 00
Kings	4 50
Pippins	4 00
Talman Sweets	4 00
Cal. Bellefleur, per box	1 65
Wisconsin Longfields	2 75
Bananas, per bunch	2 25 @ 2 75
Dates, Fard, 12-lb box	1 10
Dates, sugar walnut, 10-lb box	1 00
Figs, Smyrna, 10-lb box	1 25
Grapes, Concords, basket	22 @ 22
Grapes, Delawares	20
Lemons, Cal., per box	5 50
Oranges	4 25 @ 4 75
Peaches, per box	1 00
Pears, per box	3 00
York State pears, per bbl.	4 00 @ 5 00

GREEN VEGETABLES.

Beans, wax, per bus	1 50
Beets, per cwt	1 00
Cucumbers, Dill	2 00
Cabbage, per crt	1 50
Cauliflower, per box	2 00
Celery, per doz	30
Carrots, per cwt	1 00
Horseradish, per lb	10
Lettuce, leaf, per bus	1 00
Onions, per cwt	1 50 @ 1 75
Onions, pickling, per box	2 00
Parsley, per doz	25
Sweet potatoes, per bbl	3 50
Potatoes, new, per bus	50
Pumpkins, per doz	05
Radishes, round, per doz	15
Squash, per doz	1 00
Rutabagas, per cwt	1 00
Spinach, per bus	50
Tomatoes, per bus	2 00

POP CORN.

Choice, per lb	3
Rice corn, shelled	6

CIDER.

Clarified, 16-gal keg	3 50
Orange, cherry or pear	3 50
Black raspberry juice	3 50

LIVE POULTRY.

Springs, per lb	11
Hens, per lb	10
Spring ducks	11 @ 12
Turkeys	17
Geese	10

Dressed poultry runs about 1½c to 2c per pound higher.

MEATS.

Beef	5 @ 8½
Mutton	8½
Lard	8
Pork loins	11
Veal	7 @ 9

HAY.

Timothy, per ton	9 00 @10 00
Upland, per ton	10 00 @11 00

FEED.

Bran, per ton	14 50
Oats, per bus	29 @ 30
Shorts, per ton	15 00

FISH.

Trout, per lb	9
Pike, per lb	9
White, per lb	12 @ 12½
Oysters, standard, per gal	1 40
Oysters, select, per gal	1 80

Chicago.

Chicago, Oct. 24.—Butter, firm; creameries, 18½@22c; dairies, 16½@18c. Eggs, firm, at mark, cases included, 16½@18½c. Cheese, firm; daisies, 11¾@12c.

New York.

New York, Oct. 24.—Butter, firm, unchanged; receipts, 13,104. Cheese, firm; receipts, 15,150; state full cream, large and small colored and white fancy, 12¾c; fair to choice, 12@12½c; skims, full to light, 3@10¼c. Eggs, firm, unchanged; receipts, 7,771.

Use the Telephone.

Ring up 'phone 324, either Duluth or Zenith, and telephone your want advertisements. Each advertisement will receive prompt and careful attention.

ADVANCES IN STOCKS

Due to Persistency of Buying, But Close Was Heavy.

Russian Loan Expected to Come Upon the Market Shortly.

New York, Oct. 25.—Opening prices were but little affected by the depression in London and gains were mixed with prevailing losses. General Electric rose ⅞, Delaware & Hudson ¾, Canadian Pacific fell a point and Copper ⅝. Buying orders for round amounts flowed into the market, overcoming the early hesitancy and putting the general list on a firm basis. None of the Western stocks were much affected by the demand, aside from St. Paul, which rose nearly a point above yesterday's close. Profit-taking stopped the rise and the market became heavy and dull at 11 o'clock.

Prices sagged back to the low point and steadied when large transactions were made in C. & O. and Norfolk & Western, the latter gaining a point. The reaction ran to 2 points in Central of Jersey, and 3 in Delaware & Hudson. Rock Island lost 1, Corn Products 1¼, and Rutland preferred sold at a decline of 7 points. Chicago & Eastern Illinois certificates and Kansas City Southern preferred rose 2½, and Federal Mining 1¾. The market was dull and heavy again at noon. Bonds were strong.

Aggressive selling of Rock Island produced an unfavorable effect on sentiment, and there was a general lightening of loans all around. Some of the favorite stocks were driven sharply under yesterday's closing prices, and there was a suspension of the recent confident buying of the industrial specialties. New York Central fell 1, Rock Island 1⅞, and the preferred 1¾. Kansas City Southern and Smelting preferred gained a point each.

A number of special movements were instituted late in the day, but they were of little effect in arousing enthusiasm outside of the stocks concerned. General speculation was dull, but the market showed some recovery from its depression. Sugar and Ontario & Western gained 1, Hocking Valley 2 and Brooklyn Gas 2¾. Reading got up to near 125 again. On the other hand Reading first preferred, Atchison and St. Louis & San Francisco second preferred sagged 1, New York Air Brake 1½ and Kansas City, Fort Scott & Memphis preferred 1¾.

Additional losses were Nashville & Chattanooga 3, Chicago Union Traction preferred 3½, and Northern Pacific, St. Louis Southwestern preferred, Westinghouse Electric, Standard Rope and Twine, and American Snuff preferred a point or more. Revived strength in Reading helped the market and there were recoveries. American Wool gained over a point. Prices drifted off again and, except for a final rise of a point on Brooklyn Transit the closing was heavy.

Quotations furnished by Edwards-Wood Co., Room A, Torrey building:

Stocks—	High	Low	Close
Atchison pfd	105⅜	104⅜	105
do com	89⅝	88⅜	89
Smelter com	131⅜	129⅝	130½
American Woolen	42¾	40½	42⅝
Amalgamated Copper	85½	84⅝	84⅞
Baltimore and Ohio	113⅝	113	113¼
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	78¾	76⅞	78
Canadian Pacific	174½	171⅞	172⅝
Chesapeake and Ohio	58⅛	57⅜	57⅝
Colorado Fuel and Iron	46⅞	46	46⅝
Chi. Gt. West. com	21⅝	21¼	21¾
Erie, 1st pfd	81⅜	81½	81½
Erie com	49½	48¾	49
Illinois Central	180¾	180¼	180⅝
Cent. Leather	47⅛	46⅜	46⅝
Louisville and Nashville	153½	153	153
Mexican Central	25⅜	24⅝	24⅝
Metropolitan Railway	126¼	125½	125⅝
Missouri Pacific	105	104½	104¾
Manhattan	166	166	166
Norfolk and Western	88⅜	87¼	87⅝
New York Central	153⅜	152¾	153⅛
Ontario and Western	55⅝	54¾	55⅛
People's Gas	105⅛	105	105
Pacific Mail	48¾	47½	48½
Pennsylvania Railway	145⅝	144⅝	145
Rock Island com	32⅝	30¾	31¼
Rock Island, pfd	75½	74¼	74½
Reading, com	125¼	123⅝	124⅜
R. I. and S., pfd	97½	96⅝	96⅞
St. Paul and S. com	29⅞	29⅛	29⅛
Rubber, com	53⅜	53⅛	53⅜
St. Paul	182¾	181⅜	181½
Sugar	143⅝	141½	143⅜
So. Railway, com	31⅞	30¾	27⅝
So. Pacific	72⅜	71⅜	71½
Soo, com	137	135	137
T. C. and I	89⅜	88¾	89
Texas Pacific	35⅜	35	35¼
U. S. Steel, pfd	105¼	105	105
U. S. Steel, com	38⅜	38½	38½
Union Pac., com	134⅜	133⅝	133⅞
Western Union	93	93	93
Wabash, com	21⅞	21½	21¾
Wabash, pfd	42½	42	42
Twin City R. T	117½	117¼	117½
Northern Pacific	204⅝	204¼	204⅝
Erie, 2nd	72⅜	72⅜	72⅜

The total sales were 556,200 shares.

Stock Gossip.

Logan & Bryan to Paine, Webber & Co.: The advance in the stock market for the last three days makes it natural that a reaction should now occur, but the strong bull interests are evidently trying to prolong the recession as long as possible, with a view of distributing stocks. The irregular opening made it look as though the expected would occur, but the persistency of the buying caused the market to rally and, under the leadership of the coalers and Sugar, prices advanced and the closing was at about the best prices of the day. That the market can hardly be expected to advance without recessions, especially with a small public interest, is a feature of the situation which should be borne in mind, and we are inclined to think that a break would strengthen the technical position. Bull points are numerous, especially on Sugar, Reading, Kansas City Southern preferred, and Chesapeake & Ohio.

• • •

Dick Brothers to Paine, Webber & Co.: Stocks have been very erratic and nervous today and while there has been no real weakness the tone has been heavy. A few stocks, such as Brooklyn Rapid Transit, Reading, Smelters and New York Central have been strong, but under cover of advances in these, other stocks have been rather steadily supplied. Noteworthy weakness was seen in Rock Island issues, apparently because of liquidation. The foreign markets were somewhat disturbed, however, and disclosures regarding the Russian loan indicated that it will come upon the market very shortly and that New York will get about $20,000,000 of it. The market closed rather heavy in tone.

New York Money.

New York, Oct. 24.—Money on call 3½@4½ per cent; closing bid 3½, offered 3¾; time loans, easy, 60 and 90 days, 4@4¼ per cent; 6 months, 4½@4¾ per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 5@6 per cent. Sterling exchange firm, actual business in bankers bills at $4.86.80@85 for demand and at $4.83.15@20 for 60 days; posted rates, $4.83½@4.84 and $4.87@¼; commercial bills $4.82¾@4.83. Bar silver, 62⅝c; Mexican dollars, 48¾c. Bonds, government, steady; railroad, firm.

St. Paul Live Stock.

St. Paul, Oct. 24.—Cattle—Receipts 3,500; steady. Good to choice grain-fed steers, $4.50@5.50; common to fair, $3.75@4.25; good to choice grain-fed cows and heifers, $3.50@4.25; common to fair, $2.75@3.25; good to choice grass-fed steers, native and western, $3.50@4.50; good to choice grass-fed cows and heifers, $2.75@3.25; common to fair, $2.35@2.65; butcher bulls, $2.30@2.85; good to choice stock steers, $2.75@3; common to fair, $1.75@2.60; good to choice feeding steers, $3.50@4; common to fair, $2.50@3.25; stock heifers, $1.75@2.25; stock and feeding bulls, $1.75@2.25; good to choice milch cows and springers, $35@45; common to fair, $25@30. Sheep—Receipts 14,000; steady. Yearling wethers, $5@5.50; wethers, $4.50@5; good to choice ewes, $4.25@4.60; fair to good, $4@4.25; good to choice lambs, $6@6.85; fair to good, $4.50@6.75; good to choice feeding ewes, $4@4.25; common to fair, $1.75@2.25; breeding ewes, $4.25@4.75; feeding wethers, $4.50@4.75; feeding lambs, $4.25@4.75. Hogs—Receipts 4,000; steady. Light, common to fair, $4.75@5.05; good to choice, $5.10@5.25; mixed, common to fair, $4.75@5; good to choice, $5.05@5.20; heavy, common to fair, $4.40@4.65; good to choice, $4.80@5.15; boars, $2@2.50; stags, $2.50@4; pigs and underweights, $1.25@4.25.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 328 West Superior street:

	Bid	Asked
Amalgamated	85⅛	85½
American Dev. Co.	.....	21
Atlantic	26½	26¾
Arcadian	42⅜	42½
Adventure	9	9¼
Allouez	45	45½
Bingham	32	32½
Black Mountain	83¼	.....
Copper Range	74¾	75
Calumet & Hecla	684	687
Calumet & Arizona	.....	114
Calumet & Pittsburg	.....	38
Centennial	33¾	33⅞
Daly West	14¼	14¾
Franklin	18	18½
Granby	8⅞	9
Green Cons.	27½	27⅝
Isle Royale	25	25½
Junction	.....	33
L. S. & P.	39	40
Michigan	14⅜	15
Mayflower	1¼	1½
Mass.	10¾	11
Mohawk	59⅝	60
Mercur. Cons.	57c	59c
North Butte	56½	57
National	3½	4
Old Dominion	31	31¼
Old Colony	2	2¼
Osceola	113	114
Phoenix	1¾	1⅞
Parrott	27¼	27¾
P. & D.	.....	26½
Quincy	107	108
Rhode Island	7½	7⅝
Santa Fe	2½	2¾
Shannon	8¼	8¾
Tecumseh	13½	13¾
Tamarack	126	128
Trinity	9½	9¾
U. S. Mining	35¾	36
Utah	4	4¼
Union Land	3½	4
Victoria	6⅜	6⅝
Wyandot	2¼	2½
Wolverine	127	128
Winona	10½	11
Warren	.....	13

Copper Gossip.

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market has lost considerable of its snap and has dull periods now when it is hard to sell stocks, but the metal situation is stronger than ever, and each fresh burst of buying orders moves the entire market to a higher level. Centennial was the favorite today, on strong buying by one house on the rumor that a pool had been formed to put the stock to 40. The balance of the list sagged a little, but for the most part closed with prices unchanged.

The Cotton Market.

New York, Oct. 24.—The cotton market opened strong at an advance of 11 to 32 points and sold at an advance of about 30 to 32 points on the active months before the end of the first ten minutes of trading on the local market, showed yesterday's sellersand a continuation of outside support following sensationally firm cables and bullish predictions as to the showing of the ginners' report expected tomorrow. There was enormous realizing, but Liverpool continued to advance and after reaction of about 10 points from the best the local market showed renewed firmness and during the middle of the morning ruled about 25 points net higher.

Cotton, spot closed quiet; 15 points higher; mid ups, 10.65; do gulf, 10.90. Sales none. Futures closed barely steady; October, 10.22; November, 10.57; December, 10.41; January, 10.52; February, 10.69; March, 10.68; April, 10.73; May, 10.80.

Midway Horse Market.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman's report: Week starts in with a stronger tone; receipts normal and of good quality; more liberal orders for all classes allow all offerings to clear; local demand on the increase; outside demand stationary at the decline of the past week. All classes moving at the following values:

Drafters, extra	$180@200
Drafters, choice	160@180
Drafters, common to good	140@160
Drivers, extra	165@175
Drivers, choice	140@175
Drivers, common to good	115@140
Expressers, extra	140@170
Expressers, choice	125@140
Expressers, common to good	100@125
Farm mares, extra	140@165
Farm mares, choice	120@140
Farm mares, common	105@120
Mules	100@225

AN ASPHYXIATED MAN IS REVIVED

Dead For Several Hours and Brought Back to Life.

Cleveland, Oct. 24.—Dead from asphyxiation, Edward Schilling, an employe of the East Ohio Gas company, was restored to life at Mount Sinai hospital by the use of adrenalin. He was asphyxiated at 5 o'clock Saturday night and was taken three miles to a hospital. He was dead when he arrived there.

The house physician, believing the case to be hopeless, but ready to take a desperate chance, cut the clothes from the body and with the aid of nurses, commenced artificial respiration. Fifteen, twenty, thirty minutes elapsed and there was no sign of life; the body was cold, there was no heart action nor a sign of respiration.

Then three physicians gave the body an injection of adrenalin through an incision in the arm. One doctor massaged the heart, while the other two continued with artificial respiration. An hour elapsed before any sign of life was evident through a faint fluctuation of the heart and an almost unnoticeable action of the respiratory muscles.

This process was continued for three hours, during which another injection of adrenalin was given. When natural respiration was set up powerful stimulants were administered. At noon Schilling left his bed and walked about his room. He will return to work today.

Dr. Propper, one of the attending physicians, said:

"Schilling was lifeless when he reached the hospital. It was extremely fortunate for him that we were enabled to give him proper attention at the time and we saved him. I always have believed it an impossibility to bring a man back to life after he is dead, after all life has departed from his body.

"There must have been some life in Schilling's body when we undertook to revive him. But there is a question if there does not exist in the bodies of persons we call dead atoms of energy on which new life can be based."

MARINE

INSPECTOR MAKES REPORT.

A. A. Sinclair Describes Wrecking of Lumber Boats at Grand Marais.

Maj. Charles L. Potter, engineer in charge of the Lake Superior district, received today a report from A. A. Sinclair, government inspector of the repair work on the breakwater at the harbor of refuge, Grand Marais, Mich., describing the wreck of the two lumber schooners Nirvana and Galatea, of the Hines fleet during the big storm of Thursday last. Mr. Sinclair says:

"Between 7 and 8 o'clock this morning the steamer L. L. Barth of Chicago in charge of Capt. C. E. Parsons, with barges Nirvana and Galatea in tow, came to this port for shelter after being out all night in a severe storm. The wind was north by northeast, with an estimated velocity of fifty-five miles per hour, accompanied by rain and snow.

"The steamer made the harbor without accident. The Nirvana, which was next the steamer, struck the center wall of the superstructure at the end of the west pier and smashed a large hole in her bow. The wind and current moved her to the west side of the pier and the Galatea struck her a hard glancing blow amidsh ps. Both barges dropped anchor and sank 500 feet off shore.

"The Nirvana is only 15 years old, but her masts and upper works were all swept away in about an hour.

"Capt. Trudell and crew of the local life saving station did splendid work in saving the crew of seven men who would have been washed overboard in ten minutes more.

"The Nirvana split in two fore and aft and came ashore about 3 p. m. The Galatea is resting on even keel 410 feet west of the pier at right angles to it.

"These boats were all light, bound for Ashland for lumber.

"No damage was done the pier."

Passed Detroit.

Detroit, Oct. 24.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Blackrock, 5:30 Monday night; Majestic, 10:05; Harvard, 1 Tuesday morning; Pontiac, 3; St. Paul, Minneapolis, 4:30; Walker, 5; Watson, Hart, 6; J. C. Gilchrist, 6:30. Down: Crescent City, Tampa, 9:30 Monday night; Tempest and barges, 10; Helena, 12; Mitchell, Chickamauga, John F. Eddy and consort, 1:20 Tuesday morning; Harlow, Weston and barges, 2; Fisk and barges, 2:20; Maruba, Peck, 4; Boston, Haskell, 4:40; Maton, 5; Cowles, 6:40; Chicago, 8.

Later—Up: North Star, Northern Light, 9:40; Buffalo, Joliet, 10:20. Down: Beatty, Eber Ward, St. Louis and barge, 9:30; Republic, 10; B. F. Smith, Monroe Smith, 10:40; Pathfinder, Sagamore, Auburn, 11.

Up yesterday: Panama, Granada, 12:30 p. m.; Pere Marquette No. 16, 2:30; Utica, 6

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO

$1500 Five-room house and lot, 50 by 100 feet, on Fifth street, near Fifth avenue west.

$2300 Nine-room house and barn, with fine well, full size lot, on Seventh street, near Fifth avenue east. Suitable for two families.

$2500 Ten-room dwelling and barn, with good well, lot 50 by 140 feet, on Fourth street, near Sixteenth avenue east.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO
220 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

$1600 Eight-room house at Lake-side, on street car line—50-foot lot. Great big snap.
$700 Cheapest lot on East Fifth street. Want offer.
$3500 Seven-room house, strictly modern; lot 37½x140, on East Second street.
$2000 Seven-room house—water, sewer, bath. West Second street. Central.
$1700 Six-room house—city water—near Franklin school.
$550 25 feet—Sixth street, near Fourth avenue east.

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Bell 'phone 1190-L. 510 Palladio Bldg.
Real Estate, Loans, Insurance.

$3700 buys seven-room house, on corner lot—full stone basement, hot water heat, electric light; fine home.
$6000 will buy an elegant modern house in center of city. All improvements in. Terms easy.
$1550 for a beautiful, 50-foot lot, on upper side of London road, near Fifteenth avenue east. This is a snap.
$19000 for an apartment house proposition on First street. Gross rentals over $3,100. All modern.

Eaton & Wharton,
Lonsdale Bldg. Both Phones.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES

NORTHWESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. †Ex. Sunday	Arrive Duluth
*8:40 a.m.	St. Paul, Minneapolis	†3:25 p.m.
*4:00 p.m.	Twilight Limited	*9:45 p.m.
*5:30 p.m.	Chicago, Milwaukee	*11:10 a.m.
*5:30 p.m.	Appleton	*11:10 a.m.
*5:30 p.m.	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac.	*11:10 a.m.
*5:30 p.m.	FAST MAIL	*11:10 a.m.

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY

Leave		Arrive
* 4:00 p.m	Ashland and East	*11:15a.m
† 8:00 a.m	Ashland and East	† 7:10 p.m
* 7:30 p.m	Minn. and Dakota Express	* 7:55 a.m
* 8:30 a.m	North Coast Limited	* 6:25 p.m
Leave	"Duluth Short Line."	Arrive
* 9:00 a.m	ST. PAUL	* 6:30 a.m
* 1:55 p.m	MINNEAPOLIS	† 2:10 p.m
*11:10 p.m		† 7:00 p.m

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.
Union Depot (at the West Superior Street

THE GREAT NORTHERN.

Leave		Arrive
† 6:20 a.m	ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS	† 9:25 p.m
† 3:45 p.m		† 2:00 p.m
*11:15 p.m		* 6:10 a.m
* 9:30 a.m	Crookston, Grand Forks,	* 6:30 p.m
* 8:15 p.m	Montana and Coast,	* 7:10 a.m
† 2:20 p.m	Red River, Hibbing, Virginia	† 12:20 p.m
† 6:20 a.m	St. Cloud, Wilmar and Soo City	† 9:25 p.m

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday
Twin City express reads at 9:30 a.m. Office Spalding Hotel

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.
City Ticket Office, 432 Spalding Hotel Block. Bell 'Phone 11
All trains arrive and depart from Union Depot.

*6:20 p.m. Lv.	North Country Mail	Ar. *8:55a.m
	All Points East.	
†7:45a.m. Lv.	LOCAL	Ar. †8:40 p.m
	Marquette and Copper Country	

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

Duluth & Iron Range RR

A.M	P.M.	STATIONS	M.	P.M
7:30	3:15	Lv.....Duluth.....Ar	12:00	7:25
11:25	7:05	Ar.....Virginia.....Lv	8:10	3:50
12:30	8:10	Ar.....Eveleth.....Lv	8:00	3:30
11:55	7:45	Ar.....Ely.....Lv	7:30	3:00
A.M.	P.M.	Daily, except Sundays	A.M.	P.M

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY

P. M.	A. M.	STATIONS	A. M.	P. M.
3:50	7:40	Lv.. Duluth ..Ar	10:30	3:40
4:05	7:55	Lv. 57th Av. W. Lv	10:15	3:25
4:20	8:15	Lv.. Proctor..Lv	10:00	3:10
6:15	10:12	Ar. Ir'n Junct'n Lv	8:01	1:13
....	10:40	Ar. M't'n Iron. Lv	....	12:20
7:10	10:37	Ar.. Virginia..Lv	6:55	12:50
6:33	10:29	Ar.. Eveleth..Lv	7:42	12:57
....	10:50	Ar.. Sparta..Lv	....	12:34
....	11:20	Ar.. Biwabik..Lv	....	12:12
6:56	10:56	Ar.. Hibbing..Lv	7:15	12:27

Daily except Sunday.
Morning train from Duluth makes direct connection at Rainy Junction with D. V. & R. L. Ry. for Ashawa and points north of Virginia.

HOTEL LENOX
Most thoroughly equipped in the Northwest. Sanitation perfect. European, $1.00 and up. American, $2.00 and up.

Hotel Superior,
Superior, Wis.
Largest and finest Hotel of the City. Bus meets all trains.
American Plan, $2.00 and $3.50.
European Plan, $1.00 up.

New Building. New Equipment.
RATES—$2.00 AND $2.50.
HOTEL McKAY
Cor. First Street and Fifth Avenue West, Duluth.

The Miller
222-224 W. Superior St.
American and European Plan
Fifty Homelike Rooms.
JOHN W. MILLER, Prop.

THE ALVERADO
Formerly known as Cook's Hotel. Most reasonable rates in the city. Steam heat, baths. Best of service. Joan McLeod proprietor and manager. 210-212 West Superior Street.

METROPOLE HOTEL
101-2-5 Lake Avenue South.
Modern conveniences. Special rates for rooms for the winter.
CARGILL & KENNY, PROPS.

$1450 Double house, five rooms each—water and sewer. Streets improved; in good condition—central at WEST END. Easy terms.
$400 50-foot lot, Grand avenue, near Thirty-seventh avenue west. EASY TERMS.
$300 Lot on Seventh street, near Fourth avenue east.
$2800 Flat building of fifteen rooms—water, sewer, bath, stone foundation; in tip-top condition. Very central at West end ON STREET CAR LINE.
$2000 Six rooms, stone foundation—water, sewer, bath—fronting Lincoln Park.

T. G. VAUGHAN,
400 Lonsdale Bldg.

$1800 New house, containing seven rooms and suitable for one or two families. Corner lot, 50x140 feet in size; on Seventh avenue east; in Norton's division.
For sale exclusively by
W. M. Prindle & Co
First Floor, Lonsdale Bldg.

A Bargain!
Dwelling near Lincoln Park, Lot 25x140.
$1500
5% and 6% Money to Loan—no Delay.
Insurance Written in First-class Companies.
G. G. Dickerman & Co.
Phone 201. No. 5 Alworth Bldg.

4½% 5% Money to Loan
With On or Before Clause.
John A. Stephenson
WOLVIN BUILDING.

LANDS—HOUSES—LOTS.
$400 Lot 25x140 on East Sixth street.
$1000 Corner lot, 50x140, on East Superior street.
$700 Two lots, 25x140 each, Twenty-ninth avenue west and Third street.
30 acres of garden and dairy land, within two miles of city.
11½ acres of garden and dairy land, within two miles of city.
A. H. W. Eckstein & Co
301 Exchange Bldg. Zen. 'phone, 238. Fire Insurance, Real Estate and Loans.

$3,000
A nice home at a moderate price 7 rooms, bath, furnace, electric light, stone foundation. Between Fifteenth and Sixteenth avenues east.
Pulford, How & Co.,
309 Exchange Bldg.

$60 Cash
And $15 per month will buy a cozy five-room cottage, just completed Lot 33x150 feet, level, free from rock, and enclosed with picket fence.
A chance to own your own home and pay for it with the money you are now paying for rent. DO NOT MISS this opportunity.
5%—Money to Loan—5%
Julius D. Howard & Co
Real Estate, Loans, Insurance.
216 West Superior St.

BUILDING
LOANS
WE LOAN MONEY for the construction of substantial buildings and dwellings.
TELL US WHAT YOU NEED. Reasonable terms, prompt service.
We loan for insurance and trust companies.
O. C. HARTMAN & CO.
209-210-211 EXCHANGE BUILDING.

We Lend Money!
Lowest rates, easy terms. We make all kinds of building loans, as you need the money. We issue BONDS and write FIRE INSURANCE.
Cooley & Underhill,
208 EXCHANGE BUILDING.

EDUCATION IS BETTER

Than a Mammoth Charity Trust, Says Andrew Carnegie.

Does Not Agree With the Idea Proposed By Schwab.

New York, Oct. 24.—A London correspondent says: Discussing with Andrew Carnegie the question of trusts, the other day, I told him that a certain millionaire, once very closely associated with him in business, had suggested the formation of a mammoth charity trust composed of millionaires, with Mr. Carnegie as chairman. Quick as lightning the electric philosopher of Skibo Castle flashed forth, "Tell Schwab if I had had charge of his money he would have more of it. They got him into that shipbuilding trust, which was wrong. When Schwab sticks to business and lets speculation alone, he is matchless. So he wants me to be chairman of a charity trust, does he?"

"We all do. There is an idea that a charity or benevolent trust composed of millionaires, with your practical wisdom to direct it, would heal many of the ills of modern humanity. What do you think?"

"No. There is only one royal road to success for people. They have to depend upon themselves. I mean democracy must help to save itself. It must not depend upon either class trusts or millionaire trusts as a panacea. The trust of the classes or castes has failed. I am the very reverse of pessimistic; yet, if I thought democracy was a failure, I should conclude that there is no hope for humanity. Millionaires have their uses, but not for a charity trust. They should use their surplus wealth for the highest good of the people. If they do that they have a raison d'etre and they show that they are far more noble institution than feudalism. I have scant respect for the millionaire who waits until the Angel of Death has knocked at his door before he gives of his wealth. He cannot take it with him. I believe some millionaires would if they could."

"What do you mean by surplus wealth, Mr. Carnegie?"

"I mean all that remains after you have given those dependent upon you the revenue necessary for modest and independent living."

"I have read in The Outlook that you have given away for various purposes $133,532,000. Would this not be more beneficial to the race as a nucleus of a millionaire charity trust?"

"It would not. Besides, you must leave some discretion to the unfortunate millionaire. If I have given libraries and helped some colleges and established an institute for research and provided a new fund and done something by way of pensions for teachers. I have chosen these means of helping people because they seemed to be best."

"What is better than a millionaire trust?"

"Education. But let me explain. A young man intended for a business career is better without a university education. I speak of the young man who has to make his way in the world. The youth born to wealth does not interest me. He amounts to nothing anyway. The basketful of bonds kill his usefulness. The man who has to make his own way should go to work at eighteen. The workshop is the best university. The man who spends four years in the university never catches up with the other. The latter's practicalness superiority are hindrances. I prefer the man who puts on his pumps and goes down in the mines rather than he who stays in the lecture hall and toys with samples. University is all right for those preparing for the professions, except the nobility."

"You would not have an ignorant clergy, Mr. Carnegie?"

"No, but the university leads them to the higher criticism, and the moment they begin that they are no good for religion. As soon as they begin to tear the Bible to pieces, good-bye religion. Bear in mind I am not praising everything in the Bible. Some of the early Jews of the Old Testament were 'run 'uns,' and I would not like to have a son or a daughter of mine read about them. When the people are permeated with the right sort of education there will be no need for a millionaire charity fund. All will be able to take care of their dependents. Of course, we ought to have as many technical schools as possible."

"Give me an example of what you mean by the right sort of education?"

"I prefer to give you an example of the wrong sort of education. Why should English sailors have to learn Greek and Latin? I mean, of course, young men preparing for a career in the navy. Do you suppose that the study of Helen of Troy makes them better seadogs? Reading Horace on his Cynthia at his Sabine farm is a poor preparation for saving the empire of the seas. They may as well spend their time poring over the memoirs of Fanny Hill or reading the life of Sophie Arnold of or any other courtesan of history. Besides, after a year or two, all they can say is agricola arat. The same is true of the British officer. He has the most foolish courage in the world. He lets himself be shot by a savage and believes he is dying for his country. Reading about the swashbucklers of the classics helps toward this diseased condition of mind."

"You are not opposed to charity, are you?"

"Not at all, but I prefer to diminish the necessity for it. A proof that I am not opposed to giving a helping hand, even locally, is this, that I go halves with the duke of Sutherland in his benevolent work here. And I feel bound to say that his duchess works hard at helping others. There ought to be intelligent competition in the helping of our fellowman as well as in trusts."

Oddly enough, the above comes as a reply by Mr. Carnegie to a somewhat striking article in Public Opinion to the effect that a fond should be created by millionaires "to which a doctor or an author, an artist or an engineer, could turn in the hour of difficulty. It would be a boon beyond value to some good and true men who are fighting adversity at the same time that they are trying to carry on their profession. In five cases out of six the money would be returned after a period, and would be available for the assistance of others."

And the article continues: "If millionaires would agree to start a central fund for granting temporary assistance to traders who could give a sufficient and proper explanation as to why they are in need, a great commercial end would be served. Many hard working and honest men would be saved, and the wholesale not less than the retail trade would escape loss and grave inconvenience. If occasionally the fund were victimized by the rogue and the ne'er-do-well, there would be still the satisfaction of knowing that the vast majority were honest and deserving. The millionaire would become the deadly enemy of the money lender, whose exactions do permanent harm, whilst his advances only do temporary good."

HAPPENINGS IN THE DAKOTAS

No Successor Named For Receivership at Grand Forks.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Grand Forks—No action has yet been taken on the resignation of John Nelson as receiver of the Grand Forks government land office. The last of the hearings in the local office are set for the month of November, and officers of the interior department have been advised of this. It is expected that about the first of the year an order will be made closing this office, in which event no appointment will be made to fill the vacancy resulting from the resignation of the receiver. A year ago steps were taken to close both the Grand Forks and Fargo offices, but one order was recalled, and while the Fargo office may not be closed at the same time as the one at Grand Forks, both are nearing the end of their official existence.

A drainage convention will be held in Grand Forks this winter to discuss ways and means for a better system of drainage in the Red river valley. A convention of this sort was held here several years ago, and while a good deal of enthusiasm was aroused, nothing seems to have come of the movement. The conditions have been such this year that the imperative necessity of a better system of drainage is appreciated in the valley as it has never been before, and there is more interest now than there was at the former meeting. There is a state law that provides for drainage through the instrumentality of county drainage commissions, these boards being appointed in each county, one for each project undertaken. Something has been done in some and provided under this law, notably in Grand Forks and Cass counties, and the work thus far has been of great benefit.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Sioux Falls—It is stated here that, largely through the efforts of South Dakota men, arrangements have been completed for the formation of a company whose purpose it will be to abate the growth in business of the big catalogue houses. The company will have branches in practically every state in the Union. Capital to the amount of about $40,000,000 has been enlisted in New York City. It is proposed by those behind the movement to make a catalogue house, so to speak, of every retail store in the country, so that it can compete successfully in goods and prices with any of the so-called catalogue houses. This plan will be vigorously followed out, and the work of perfecting details with retail merchants already has been commenced in South Dakota, and will continue on by states throughout the United States. Those who have formed the company say it is a fight for supremacy between the manufacturer, the wholesaler and the retailer on the one side and the big catalogue houses on the other.

Judge Marquis of the state circuit court for the Third circuit has taken under advisement habeas corpus proceedings instituted by R. J. Sande of Luverne, Minn., for the recovery of his 5-year-old daughter Stella, who for several years has been in possession of Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Dyrdal, residents of Brookings county, S. D.

Judge Jones has disposed of the case, Flandreau state bank vs. the Egan independent school district, by directing the jury to return a verdict in favor of the plaintiff for the full amount of the bonds involved, $6,000, with interest.

Yankton—The speakers for the dedication of the new county courthouse, which takes place Nov. 1, have been selected as follows: Principal address, Judge Bartlett Tripp, and short addresses by Senator Gamble, Mayor Fanslow, Commissioner E. Miner, Rev. B. G. Mattson, A. L. Van Osdel, E. G. Smith of the circuit court and L. B. French, the oldest practicing attorney of the Yankton bar.

The courthouse, which when completed will have cost about $80,000, is an imposing structure and modern in every respect.

Warren, the 4-year-old son of George Osborn of this city, was badly burned by his sister Grace, who was starting a fire with kerosene. The little boy received serious burns on the face, and fears are entertained that his eyes are injured.

Rooms are quickly rented when advertised in The Saturday Herald. If you cannot come to the office phone your ad.

Connections East

No matter which train nor which railroad you select to the Twin Cities, you will find there waiting for you one of the eastbound trains of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway. There are five trains via that line from Minneapolis and St. Paul to Chicago every day. These include the famous Pioneer Limited and Fast Mail. No extra fare to ride on them. But it is necessary to name your route when purchasing tickets. Write W. B. Dixon, Northwestern passenger agent, St. Paul, for full information regarding rates, etc.

Three Houses
On upper side of Fifth street, between Third and Fourth avenues west; modern conveniences and in excellent condition.
Rented at $528.00 a year.
For sale at the very low price of $4,200.00.
This is a genuine snap.
R. B. KNOX & CO.,
1 Exchange Building.

TIMBER LANDS.
In 40, 80 and 160-acre tracts, within driving distance of Duluth, with tamarack, cedar, spruce and hardwood enough on same to pay for lands; for sale on easy monthly or yearly payments. No red tape; good markets; perfect title. No trouble to show lands.
Boston & Duluth Farm Land Co.
18 Fifth Avenue West, Duluth, Minn.

Hunyadi János
Not a medicine but a Natural Laxative Water for sluggish bowels. Get quick, positive relief by taking half a glass on arising.
Hunyadi János
FOR CONSTIPATION

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT AT TUSKEGEE INSTITUTE.

(Continued from page 1.)

interior of a sick room. Girl nurses were in charge of a "fever patient" giving him a sponge bath, taking his temperature, administering nourishments and stimulants and recording systems on a chart as is done in the institute hospital wards. Another division on the same float showed a young woman and a young man in an operating room, preparing surgical supplies. Decorations were white with the Red Cross, also evergreens.

The physics float carried two tables with students demonstrating the properties of the permanent barmagnet and constructing an electric call bell connection; they were also showing mechanical experiments—the relation of mass, density and volume. Two students were operating a telephone line, and two sending telegraph messages to each other. Mechanical and electrical apparati were displayed.

The history float showed a class room with girls and boys reciting. By the time the float reached the president's stand the recitation was on the recent peace conference at Portsmouth. Students were costumed in the dress of different periods of the nation's history.

The library float represented a corner in the Carnegie library. Students were looking up references in connection with their trades and academic classes, reading papers and magazines and drawing books from the library. A class in United States history was looking up reference matter found in President Roosevelt's "Winning of the West." The book shelves were filled with books classified under history, natural science, useful arts and domestic science, and literature.

The float representing chemistry and domestic science carried a group testing the local water supply for potable and laundry purposes; samples collected from all wells, taps, reservoirs, branches and every known source of supply. Students were testing samples for such foreign substances as lead, phosphates and chlorides and suspicious amounts of iron and organic matter. Waters were being examined for hardness, degree of hardness and number of grains to the gallon. How hard water wastes soap; how to soften by boiling and how by chemicals was illustrated; also how to clarify muddy water by filtration and by chemicals.

The training school gardening float showed children working in a plot already set out with cabbage, strawberries and onions; one part represented the soil prepared and the children setting out plants, and still another section showed the children preparing the soil. This float was decorated with green vines and foliage, and had a number of small children on it.

The agricultural department, more than any other, was very largely represented in the parade. The Tuskegee Institute recognizes the fact that 85 per cent of the negroes of the South are engaged in some form of agriculture and places great stress upon agricultural training. As evidence of this fact it may be stated that the school owns between 2,300 and 2,400 acres of land of which about 1,200 acres are under cultivation. The main crops cultivated are corn for ensilage and stover, oats, native hay, cowpeas, vetch, sugar cane and teosinte. Other crops, of course, are raised on a smaller scale for experimental and instruction purposes, including several varieties of cotton in the experimental station. Over 500 tons of silage have been stored away in four large silos for winter feeding and the forage is to be fed as roughage. The farm has over 160 acres in sweet potatoes. The large truck-garden of some ninety-eight acres raises vegetables not only to supply the school's needs but to send out daily two wagons to supply the teachers and families living near the school and to citizens in the town of Tuskegee. The dairy also sends out two wagons through the same communities, morning and afternoon, to supply milk and butter. There is an orchard of 7,000 trees and a canning factory operated by the students in which they put up much of the fruit raised for use in the boarding department of the institute. In the dairy herd, cows, yearling and calves total 483; the beef raising herd 365; horses, mules, etc., 133; hogs number 1,000, and the chickens, geese and ducks make up a total of 800 fowls.

After the parade had passed and the students and teachers and the crowd were repairing to the chapel, the presidential party was driven hurriedly about the grounds, so as to afford some idea as to the extent and scope of same; then to the chapel, where the students sang a number of plantation melodies. The singing was led by the Institute choir composed of 150 voices and heartily joined in by the whole vast and teeming body. The president is a great lover of the old-time plantation melodies and Tuskegee institute has made a great feature of preserving these old-time folksongs.

Principal Booker T. Washington presented the president in the following words:

"This is a great day for the Tuskegee Normal and Industrial Institute; too great to be described by words. We have gathered to hear but one voice; to see but one face.

"In presenting our guest to the students, teachers and citizens, I must not omit to express the gratitude felt by the people of the Tuskegee institute, and by the people of both races in this section of Alabama, for the honor which has been conferred upon them.

"That the chief magistrate of our beloved republic of 80,000,000 people deemed it good and wise to include Tuskegee institute in his trip through the South, and to spend a few hours in seeing the work we are doing here, brings to the heart of every man and woman of our race in this country a degree of encouragement and inspiration which it is impossible for any American citizen, not of our race, fully to appreciate.

"My friends, without further words of mine, I have the pleasure and the honor of presenting to you the president of the United States, Hon. Theodore Roosevelt."

The president was given an ovation as he rose to speak. He said:

To the white population as well as to the black, it is of the utmost importance that the negro be encouraged to make himself a citizen of the highest type of usefulness. It is to the interest of the white people that this policy be conscientiously pursued, and to the interest of the colored people that they clearly realize that they have opportunities for economic development here in the South not now offered elsewhere. Within the last twenty years the industrial operations of the South have increased so tremendously that there is a scarcity of labor almost everywhere, so that it is the part of wisdom for all who wish the prosperity of the South to help the negro to become in the highest degree useful to himself and therefore to the community in which he lives. The South has always depended and now depends chiefly upon her native population for her work. Therefore in view of the scarcity not only of common labor, but of skilled labor, it becomes doubly important to train every available man to be of the utmost use by developing his intelligence, his skill and his capacity for conscientious effort. Hence the work of the Tuskegee Normal and Industrial institute is a matter of the highest practical importance to both the white man and the black man and well worth the support of both races alike in the South and in the North. You 1,500 students are not only being educated in head and heart, but also trained to industrial efficiency, for from the beginning Tuskegee has placed especial emphasis upon the training of men and women in agriculture, mechanics and household duties. Training in these fundamental directions does not embrace all that the negro or any other race needs, but it does cover in a very large degree the field in which the negro can at present do most for himself and be most helpful to his white neighbors.

> Every black man who leaves this institution is better able to do mechanical or industrial work, and adds by so much to the wealth of the whole community and benefits all people in the community.

The professional and mercantile avenues to success are overcrowded; for the present the best chance of success awaits the intelligent worker at some mechanical trade or on a farm; for this man will almost certainly achieve industrial independence. I am pleased, but not in the least surprised, to learn that many among the men and women trained at Tuskegee find immediate employment as leaders and workers among their own people, and that their services are generally sought by white people for various kinds of industrial work, the demand being much greater than the supply. Viewed from any angle, ignorance is the costliest crop that can be raised in any part of this Union. Every dollar put into the education of either white man or black man in head, in hand and in heart, yields rich dividends to the entire community. Merely from the economic standpoint, it is of the utmost consequence to all our citizens that institutions such as this at Tuskegee should be a success. But there are other and even higher reasons that entitle it to our support. In the interest of humanity, of justice and of self-protection every white man in America, no matter where he lives, should try to help the negro to help himself.

> It is in the interest and for the protection of the white man to see that the negro is educated.

It is not only the duty of the white man, but it is to his interest to see that the negro is protected in property, in life, and in his legal rights. Every time a law is broken, every individual in the community has the moral tone of his life lowered. Lawlessness in the United States is not confined to any one section; lynching is not confined to any one section, and there are probably no men in any section of the United States who have deserved so well of the public, as the public men, the clergymen, the countless number of private citizens who have done such heroic work in the South in arraying public opinion against lawlessness in all its forms, especially against lynching. I very earnestly hope that their example will count in the North as well as in the South, for there are just as great evils to be warred against in one region of our country as in another, though they are not in all places the same evils. And when anybody in a community stands bravely for what is right, these men not merely serve a useful purpose in doing the particular task to which they set themselves, but give a lift to the cause of good citizenship throughout the Union. I heartily appreciate what you have done at Tuskegee; and I am sure you will not grudge my saying that it could not possibly have been done save for the loyal support you have received from the white people round about; for during the twenty-five years of effort to educate the black man here in the midst of a white community of intelligence and culture, there has never been an outbreak between the races or any difficulty of any kind. All honor is due to the white men of Alabama, to the white men of Tuskegee, for what they have done. And right here let me say that if in any community a misunderstanding between the races arises over any matter, infinitely the best way out is to have a prompt, frank and full conference and consultation between representatives of the wise, decent, cool-headed men of the white, and wise, decent, cool-headed men among the colored men. Such a course would bring about a better understanding and would be a great help all around.

Hitherto I have spoken chiefly of the obligations existing on the part of the white man. Now, let you remember on the other hand that to help can permanently help you save as you yourselves devote capacity for self help. You young colored men and women, educated at Tuskegee, must by precept and example lead your fellows toward sober, industrious, law abiding lives.

> You are in honor bound to join hands in favor of law and order and to war against all crime and especially against all crime by men of your own race, for the heaviest wrong done by the criminal is the wrong to his own race.

You must teach the people of your race that they must scrupulously observe any contract into which they in good faith enter, no matter whether it is hard to keep or not. If you save money, secure homes and lead honest, decent lives, so that you will win the respect of your neighbors of both races. Let each man strive to excell his fellows only by rendering substantial services to the community in which he lives. The colored people have many difficulties to pass through, but these difficulties will be surmounted if only the policy of reason and common sense is pursued. You have made real and great progress. According to the census, the colored people of this country own and pay taxes upon something like three hundred million dollars of real property and have blotted out over 50 per cent of the illiteracy. What you have done in the past is an indication of what you will be able to accomplish in the future under wise leadership. Moral and industrial education is what is most needed in order that this progress may continue. The race cannot hope to get everything at once. It must learn to wait and bide its time to prove its worth by showing its possession of perseverance, of thrift, of self control. The destiny of the race is chiefly in its own hands and must be worked out patiently and persistently along these lines. Remember also that the white man who can be of most use to the colored man, is that colored man himself. It is the Southern people themselves that can and must solve the difficulties that exist in the South. Of course what help the people of the rest of the Union can give them, most and will be gladly and cheerfully given.

The hope and advancement for the colored man in the South lies in his steady common sense effort to improve his moral and material condition and to work in harmony with the white man in upbuilding the commonwealth. The future of the South now depends upon the people of both races living up to the spirit and letter of the laws of their several states and working out the destinies of both races, not as races, but as law-abiding American citizens.

All of the main buildings of the school were decorated with the American and institute colors—the latter, old gold and crimson—and various native grasses and vines intertwined. The decorations were a departure from the usual thing of the sort and attracted much attention. A series of arches, decorated with agricultural products raised by the school, studded the way, beginning at the main entrance of the grounds to the chapel, and under these arches the president and parade passed. From the reviewing stand the president was able to see 500 yards away, the chapel, where he afterward spoke, and the extensive sloping lawn in front of the building into which the floricultural students had planted a bed of Coleus plants shaped to form a huge anchor, and above it the name "Roosevelt" in different shades of the same plant.

From Montgomery, Mobile, Opelikt, in Alabama; Columbus, Newnan, West Point and La Grange, in Georgia, and all towns near by, hundreds of white and colored citizens came to see the parade and hear the president's address. After the visit to the town of Tuskegee most of those who had gathered there followed the president's party to the institute school grounds. On every side the president was greeted most enthusiastically.

Don't forget to phone your ad to The Saturday Herald.

For the Boys



WEAR PROOF
SUITS that outwear two of the ordinary kind—
$3.00 to $7.00.



WEAR PROOF
For Young Men
Undoubtedly the most stylish and best fitting clothing made in America—
$7.00 to $15.00.
CHILDREN'S CAPS—
25c, 50c, 75c and $1.00
Chas. W. Ericson,
Clothier—Hatter—Furnisher,
219 West Superior Street.

MEETING THE DEMAND.

Wisconsin Loggers Take Advantage of High Prices Offered.

Ashland, Wis., Oct. 24.—The logging camps in the Ashland district are already briskly at work, but inside of a month, when cold weather and heavy frosts set in their capacity will be trebled. There are at present seven camps on the Bad River reservation. These are run the entire year, but an increase in the crews is made as soon as snow is on the ground.

It is estimated that the Foster-Latimer mill at Mellen has a twenty-five year cut in sight, the Stearns Lumber company at least twelve years' cut, the Davis Lumber company at Medford about twenty years' cut and the Edward Hines Lumber company at least a dozen years' cut, depending upon the times and the prices of lumber. As one of the lumbermen expresses it:

"If the present high prices continue, not only Hines, but every other mill man, will cut every log he can get hold of. In a few years—I think about twelve—the white pine will be gone from Wisconsin, so far as big cutting is concerned. But the smaller mills will be running by that time, and they will saw twenty-five years longer. It is a case of Pennsylvania over again, where I used to deal in waney or square timbers. Of course they get no more such timbers in Pennsylvania, but they are discovering that they have large quantities of hemlock and are logging it. It will be the same way in Northern Wisconsin, where we have an inexhaustible supply of hemlock and hardwook and the tanning industry will gradually take the place of the lumber industry."

DEAFNESS CAN BE CURED

Wonderful Medical Discoveries That Act Like Magic Are Attracting Wide Attention.

The case of Mrs. J. Nolan, of 2513 W. 2nd St., Duluth, Minn., who had been deaf for sixteen years, during which time she was suffering from catarrh of the head and stomach, seems a rigid test for this medicinal wonder. The long standing and severity of the case, however, makes no difference, as has been proved in this and other instances, for according to a letter recently received from the lady herself, after she had finished the second bottle, there was an improvement from the very first and she declares that she now hears as well as ever.

The marvelous new medicines not only cure deafness, but as has been illustrated in the case of Mrs. Nolan, catarrh also yields readily to the peculiar influence of their mysterious ingredients, for the letter states: "I feel stronger and better in every way and hear as well as ever."

That these remarkable medicines, which are known as Cooper's New Discovery and Cooper's Quick Relief, are doing the wonderful work that it is claimed, there is no possible douot, for every day brings out reports of cases just as remarkable as Mrs. Nolan's.

Cooper's New Discovery sells for one dollar per bottle, while Cooper's Quick Relief, the assistant remedy, costs fifty cents. The remedies used together will cure the worst cases of Rheumatism, Catarrh, Deafness, Blood Diseases, Stomach and Kidney Trouble and Paralysis, and can be had of Cooper's special agents in this city,

S. F. BOYCE DRUG STORE.

"House Hunting" and "Hunting for Work" Used to Mean "Walking Around."—Now-a-days Herald Want Ads. Reduce This "Walking Around" to the Simple Matter of "Going Somewhere."

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

SHOPPING BY TELEPHONE.

	Old Phone.	New Phone.
MEAT MARKETS—		
B. J. Toben	22	22
Mork Bros	677-M	189
LAUNDRIES—		
Yale Laundry	479	479
Lautes Laundry	447	447
Excelsion Steam Laundry	1003-M	1390
DRUGGISTS—		
Boyce	163	163
COAL AND FUEL—		
Ohio Fuel Co.	76	76
Pinch Fuel Co.	1291	1291
Upham Coal Co.	256	485
FLORISTS—		
Seekins & Le Borlous	1356	1626
BAKERIES—		
The Bon Ton		1166
ELECTRICAL CONTRACTING—		
Mutual Electric Co.	496	496
RUBBER STAMP WORKS—		
Con. Stamp & Printing Co.	792-K	755
FRENCH CLEANING—		
La Rose Dye Works	1201-R	1191
PLUMBING AND HEATING—		
McGurrin Plumbing and Heating Co.	815	
STOVE REPAIR WORKS—		
C. F. Wiggerts & Son	1154-K	554
GOLD AND SILVER PLATING—		
Duluth Plating Works	780	780

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

WOMAN WANTS WASHING, IRONING, house cleaning or any kind of work by the day; is a good worker. Address 204 West First street, room 5.

WANTED—POSITION IN OFFICE OR store clerking, or as cashier by experienced young lady; can do book work. E 22, Herald.

WANTED — CIRCULARS TO MAIL; work done by contract. E 36, Herald.

WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY, DRESSmaking in homes of shop. E 33, Herald.

WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY, POSItion in office or store clerking. E 35, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS TO DO COOKING IN small camp. Address I 35, Herald.

WANTED — HOUSEWORK IN SMALL family where there is no washing. E. 28, Herald.

WANTED —PLACE AS NURSE GIRL for one or two children. E 30, Herald.

WANTED—A POSITION BY YOUNG lady in dental or physician office, or any clerical work. Q 38, Herald.

SITUATIONS WANTED— MALE.

WANTED — BY SEVERAL YOUNG men attending school, a place to work mornings and evenings for board and room. Apply Duluth Business University.

WANTED — BY MAN AND WIFE, SITuation in small camp; woman is good cook, and man is good at all around work; good recommendations. E 31, Herald.

WANTED — BY RELIABLE MAN, place to take care of horses or do chores for the winter. X 21, Herald.

ABLE-BODIED YOUNG MAN, GOOD worker, wishes to work for room and board while attending business college. Address I 32, Herald.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT — A NICE SIX-ROOM cottage, water and sewer; rent reasonable. Inquire at No. 1907 Jefferson st.

FOR RENT—COMPLETELY FURNISHed modern house; rent nominal to right party. Address I 05, Herald.

FOR RENT — NINE-ROOM HOUSE, first-class; water and steam heat furnished; cheapest rent in the city. Myers Bros, 205 Lyceum.

MEDICAL.

MEN AND WOMEN—VITALIZED, "VIRTUama," is a French mode of treatment that is positively guaranteed to cure impotency and incontinence of urine resulting from indiscretions or debility, gives vitality and vigor to old and middle-aged, restoring the desires, ambitions and aspirations of youth and health, fitting for success and happiness in business, professional, social and married life. $2 a package or 3 for $5. Send your money to nearest druggist. He will deliver this vitalizer in plain wrapper at your residence, prepaid. No one should expect cheap or sem-dilet to rejuvenate them. Don't waste time and money with any others. Druggists supplied by jobbers.

FOR WOMEN ONLY—DR. RAYMOND'S Pills for delayed periods absolutely reliable, perfectly safe; no danger; no pain, no interference with work. Relief brought to thousands after everything else failed. By mail $2.00. Dr. R. G. Raymond Remedy Co., room 27, 31 Adams street, Chicago, Ill.

LADIES—Dr. LaFranco's Compound; safe speedy regulator, 25c; druggists or mail. Booklet free. Dr. LaFranco, Phila., Pa.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—DARK BROWN COAT AT CARnival grounds. Finder return to Albin Dahl, 1109 Sixth street, Superior, for reward.

LOST — YELLOW, SMOOTH-HAIRED dog, stag hound and bull; has scar on right side; answers to name "Babe." Reward for return to Paul Curtiss, 3202 Ramsey street, West Duluth.

LOST—SUNDAY AFTERNOON, BEtween 218 West Third street and postoffice, coral necklace, consisting of three strings of beads. Finder please return to Herald office.

FOUND—LADIES' FUR BOA. OWNER can have same by proving property and paying for this ad by calling at No. 125 North Fifty-seventh avenue, West Duluth.

LOST — SILK CENTERPIECE, PORTland, Or., souvenir, between First avenue east and Second avenue west, on Superior street. Finder please return to Tom Reed Cigar company.

LOST—WHITE AND BLACK LLEWELlyn setter dog, wearing Scanlon tax tag. Reward for definent information or return of dog. Dr. J. F. Farsyth.

CHIMNEY SWEEP.

Also furnace cleaning—No dust made in house. Eastman Bros. Zenith, 1289.

CIVIL ENGINEER.

DULUTH ENGINEERING CO.—W. K. Patton, Mgr., 613 Palladio bldg. Specifications prepared and construction superintendent for waterworks, sewers, etc.

STOVE REPAIRS.

DULUTH STOVE REPAIR WORKS, 217 East Superior street. Both 'phones.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKERS, 16 SECOND AVENUE WEST

A. GINGOLD

Has removed his Umbrella Shop from 209 W. Sup. street to 125 E. Sup. street.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

REAL ESTATE, FIRE INSURANCE AND RENTAL AGENCIES.

Wm. Prindle Co., Lonsdale building.
N. J. Upham Co., Burrows building.
John A. Stephenson, Wolvin building.
William C. Sargent & Co., Providence.
Chas. P. Craig & Co., 229 W. Sup. St.
L. A. Larsen & Co., 102 Providence. 'Phones 253.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT — TWO NICE FIVE-ROOM flats on First street and Twenty-fourth avenue west; city water and sewer; newly painted and papered.

A GOOD SEVEN-ROOM FLAT ON EAST Third street; bath, electric light, etc., $23.

EIGHT - ROOM HOUSE. CENTRAL; furnace, bath, electric light.

5705 LONDON ROAD, NINE ROOMS and bath, $20.

THREE GOOD STORES ON WEST SUperior street.

STRYKER, MANLEY & BUCK.

FOR RENT — TWO OR THREE UNfurnished rooms; all modern conveniences. 421 First avenue west.

MODERN, LIGHT, PLEASANT, FURnished room; two gentlemen preferred. 329 West Third street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS with steam heat and bath, with or without board, by day, week or month. Tremont hotel.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM. 125 East Superior street, opposite city hall.

FURNISHED ROOMS IN PRIVATE boarding house, rear postoffice. 422½ West Second street.

FOR RENT — NEWLY FURNISHED rooms, all conveniences; private family; gentleman preferred. 206 East First street.

FOUR ROOMS FOR RENT. 452 MEsaba avenue.

PLEASANT FRONT ROOM WITH board for gentleman and wife, or two ladies. West Third street near Second avenue. Address E. 38, Herald.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED FRONT room, all modern conveniences, suitable for one or two gentlemen. 207 West Third street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM. 315 West Second street.

FOR RENT — LARGE FRONT ROOM steamheated; use of telephone and bath; centrally located. 523 West Second St.

MODERN FURNISHED ROOM TO rent. 114 South Fourteenth avenue east.

ONE LARGE ROOM, DESIRABLE, FOR two ladies; central. E 27, Herald.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, 114 East Fourth and 410 Ninth avenue east. All conveniences. Old 'phone, 1010-M.

FOR RENT—MODERN FURNISHED rooms, with board, at 2829 West Third street. O. Miller.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED front room. Apply 225 Lake avenue north.

FOR RENT—A LARGE, PLEASANT nicely furnished room. 322 Third avenue west.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOMS AND BATHroom, first floor; water and sewer; new, warm house, fine location. 1118 East Fifth street.

FOR RENT—TWO OR THREE UNFURnished rooms for light housekeeping. 429 Sixth avenue west.

FOR RENT—NEWLY PAPERED AND furnished rooms with board if desired. Apply 120 First avenue west.

FOR RENT—FRONT ROOM WITH ALcove, furnished or unfurnished, and small furnished room. House modern. Zenith, 1495-A. No. 320 East Third St.

SIX ROOMS FOR RENT; CITY WATER, also four rooms, city water. Inquire 932 West First street.

FOR RENT — A WELL-FURNISHED room, with all conveniences; newly papered. 511 East Third street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS, double or single, heated, ground-floor. 219 Fifth avenue west.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT — FINE WARM, COZY brick flat; heart of city. T. W. Wahl, 201 Exchange building.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM FLAT NEAR center of town, cheap. Sherwood, Torrey building, Sherwood & Co.

SEVEN-ROOM FLAT, ALL MODERN conveniences except heat. Apply A. H. W. Eckstein & Co., 401 Exchange building.

FOR RENT—FLAT, 928 EAST SUPERIor street.

FOR RENT — THREE-ROOM STEAMheated flat, furnished complete for housekeeping; gas and hot water. 315 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT — THREE-ROOM FLAT, also four-room flat. Seaton terrace, 905 West Michigan street.

TWO STEAM-HEATED FLATS AT NO. 124 East First street. Inquire of Richardson, Day & Co., Exchange building.

FOR RENT—TWO FIVE-ROOM FLATS in Bellevue terrace. Seventh avenue west and First street; all conveniences. N. J. Upham Co., 400 Burrows building.

PERSONAL.



PURE, SAFE AND SURE! Dr. Roger's **Tansy, Pennyroyal** and Cotton Root Pills. A test of forty years in France has proved them to *positively* cure **SUPPRESSION OF THE MENSES.** Special Price reduced to $1.00 per box. Mailed in plain wrapper. Imported direct from Paris, France, by W. A. ABBETT, Druggist, Duluth, Minn., 201 West Superior street.

WANTED—COMPANION BY WIDOW lady, prefer elderly lady who wishes good home for winter, must have references. 431 West Third street.

A YOUNG SCANDINAVIAN WANTS to make acquaintance with young Scandinavian girl, object matrimony and a home. Address H. W. 30, Herald. Answer in Scandinavian. Stranger in city.

SAFE, SURE, GUARANTEED FEMALE Pens—quickly relieve suppression from any cause. $2. French Remedy company, Box 367, Duluth, Minn.

HARDWARE, SPORTING GOODS.

FOR BEST QUALITY AND LOWEST prices see Joseph E. Fox, 628 West Superior street. New 'phone, 602.

COD LIVER OIL.

1905 IMPORT COD LIVER OIL. Alfred Swedberg, 2015 West Superior street.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

L. A. LARSEN,
The Reliable Real Estate Man (formerly with George H. Crosby), sells modern homes and choice building lots in all parts of the city. Land, factory sites and fire insurance. Confidential buyer for corporations and others.
Providence Building.
Both 'phones, 253.

WILL EXCHANGE CARLTON COUNty land for Duluth property. H. E., Herald.

LOAN OFFICES.

WE LOAN MONEY ON WATCHES, diamonds and all articles of value. Established the longest. The most reliable, up-to-date place in the city. All business strictly confidential. Fire and burglar-proof safes. Crescent Brokers, 413½ West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY LOANED ON FURNIture, Pianos, Cattle, Horses, Wagons, and all kinds of personal property; also to salaried people on their own notes. Easy payments. Confidential treatment.
WESTERN LOAN COMPANY,
521 Manhattan Building.
New 'phone, 396. Old 'phone, 759-R.

MONEY TO LOAN
On Salary or Furniture.
DULUTH FINANCE COMPANY,
301 Palladio Building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds and all articles of value from $1 to $1,000. Keystone Loan company, 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, Pianos, horses or other personal property without delay. No publicity. Established twenty years. Minnesota Loan company, 206 Palladio.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

UNION LOAN CO.—Makes loans, buys notes and mortgages. 210 Palladio.

MONEY SUPLIED TO SALARIED people and others upon their own names, without security; easy payments. Offices in 51 cities. Tolmon, 609 Palladio building.

FOR SALE—HORSES.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,
Midway Horse Market, St. Paul, have the largest assortment of horses in the entire Northwest. Auction every Wednesday at 2 o'clock. Private sales daily. Part time given.

FOR SALE — CARLOAD OF HEAVY horses at H. C. Kendall's livery.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS, WELLbred driving mare, weight about 1,250 pounds; safe and speedy. S. Morterud, 1931 West Superior street. Zenith 'phone 317.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD HORSES, JUST received. Must be sold quick. Seventh avenue east and Superior street.

WE HAVE ON HAND THE LARGEST assortment of big draft horses of any concern in the city. Come and see us before you buy. Satisfaction guaranteed. We try to please everybody. Sales stable, two blocks east of store on Fifth avenue. Stone-Ordean-Wells company.,

L. HAMMEL & CO., 300-308 FIRST street, have a carload of fine horses and ponies for sale.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

PROF. ROBINSON—MANDOLIN, GUItar, Banjo. Flaaten's, 212 W. First St.

LADIES' TAILORING.

LADIES' SUITS, COATS, SKIRTS, shirt waists, etc., made in the latest New York and Paris styles by skilled workmen. We carry complete line of all the latest shades in woolens, etc. Frank East, 905 Manhattan Building. Will soon be at our new quarters over the Duluth Music company.

BOARD OFFERED.

BOARD AND NICELY FURNISHED room for two in private family; steam heat; every convenience; at $22.50 each per month. E 40, Herald.

FOR RENT—LARGE MODERN ROOMS, with board, for man and wife or family of adults. 5014 London road.

BUSINESS MEN SAVE VALUABLE time, eating at Mrs. Gruesen's; quick service, home cooking, prices right. 329 West First street.

ROOM WITH BOARD. INQUIRE AT 432 East Second street.

BOARD AND PLEASANT, WARM rooms; modern house, private family. 226 East Third street.

BOARD AND ROOM, 211 WEST SECond street.

BOARD AND ROOM, 517 WEST FIRST street.

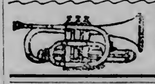
ROOM AND BOARD, 218 WEST THIRD street.

ROOM AND BOARD, 202 WEST THIRD street.

BOARD AND NICELY FURNISHED rooms, 122 East First street.

BOARD AND ROOM, 305 E. THIRD ST.

LEADING MUSIC STORE.



MUSIC and musical merchandise of every description. Edison phonographs, band and orchestra instruments, pianos and organs. INGVALD WESTGAARD, 7 and 9 First Avenue West.

PALMIST.

Mme. De Vernon's Last Month in Duluth.

Learn your future. One dollar reader, 50 cents.

This will be your last chance to consult a recognized authority on the science of palmistry. When she is gone you will regret that you did not avail yourself of her wonderful knowledge and advice. She has read for such noted people as President Roosevelt, McKinley and other famous celebrities. Tells you for what business you are best adapted, family and love affairs. Lost or stolen articles traced. Over Bijou theater, 10 East Superior street. Hours, 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Readings Sundays.

MASSAGE PARLORS.

MRS. C. R. KILEY, at Knauf Sisters.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

REMEMBER "F. F. F."
"F"INCH "F" OR "F"UEL.
BOTH 'PHONES.
109 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

FOR SALE—A GOOD PAYING WHOLEsale and retail candy factory; good location and cheap rent. Parties retiring from business. Address J. B. 270 Herald.

A HOLIDAY SUGGESTION.

	Reg. Price.
Country Life in America	$4.00
World's Work	3.00
Review of Reviews	3.00
Success	1.00

Our Price for all $6.00

$11.00
Order Now.
Everything in Magazines.
ZENITH SUBSCRIPTION AGENCY.
Old 'phone, 987-L. 417 Burrows Bldg.

FERNS—CLEAN UP SALE OF LOVELY ferns, 15 cents to $1.50. Cut chrysanthemums at wholesale prices. Lindsay's greenhouses, Lester Park.

FOR SALE, CHEAP—LOGGING OUTfit, three logging sleighs, three tote sleighs, one wagon, chains, saws, axes, stoves, blankets, etc. Inquire 120 Fifth avenue west.

FOR SALE—ONE OAK HEATER, WILL sell cheap if taken at once. 908 Mesaba avenue.

FOR SALE CHEAP—RESTAURANT and confectionery store; must leave city, account sickness, good paying proposition. 327 Central avenue, West Duluth.

FURNITURE FOR SALE — FIVE rooms. Call at 1229 East Fourth.

FOR SALE, CHEAP—ONE GOOD COAL stove, two good bedroom suites. 239 Mesaba avenue.

FOR SALE—ONE ENGLISH SETTER pup. Thoroughbred. Call at 2115 West Fifth street.

$1,500 BUYS FIRST-CLASS BAKERY and confectionery business; good stand; best town in state; Hubbard oven; No. 17; money maker from start; no opposition; best reasons for selling. Apply Box 76, Langdon, N. D.

FOR SALE—FOLDING BED. 529 SIXTYfirst avenue south.

FOR SALE—ONE NEW SET LATEST edition "Stoddard Lectures," $40; Morocco binding. Address J. A. P., Herald.

FOR SALE—TWO PUPS, BETWEEN full blooded fox terrier and water spaniel, over 3 months old. Call Thirty-first avenue west and Seventh street.

FOR SALE—LARGE HEATING STOVE suitable for store. 109 West Fifth street.

FOR SALE—IRON BED, SPRINGS AND mattress; very cheap. 214 East Third street.

FOR SALE—STEWART COOK STOVE; burns wood only; cheap. 620 Second avenue east.

FOR SALE—FINE NEW FEATHERS. Call 1215 East First street.

MOTHERS, ATTENTION! DO YOU know that you can save from 20 to 50 per cent on your fall and winter purchases in children's and men's clothing, shoes, hats, caps, underwear, gents' furnishings, children's furnishings, and in fact everything that you might need in wearables for men and boys. Special—We have a few sample children's suits that we must close out at once; the suits range in sizes from 5 to 15; they will go at one-third less than wholesale cost, at the Lyceum Clothing and Shie House, 423 West Superior street, in Lyceum building.

THE GOPHER SHOE REPAIR WORKS does it while you wait.

FOR SALE—COWS.

FOR SALE—THREE GOOD COWS, two fresh. Apply 626 Twelfth and one-half avenue east.

O. ANDERSON WILL ARRIVE WITH a carload of fresh milch cows Tuesday, Oct. 24, at Twenty-first and Twenty-third avenues west, Coffin's addition.

JOHN E. JOHNSON, HAS ARRIVED with a carload of fresh milch cows, 701 South Twenty-third avenue east.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

ANDERSON'S DETECTIVE AGENCY—B. F. Anderson, Mgr., 527 Manhattan building, Duluth. Zenith 'phone, 993; residence, 1213.

HALL FOR RENT.

Steinway Hall, for private parties and concerts. Bradbury School of Music.

FARM LANDS.

FARM OF 120 ACRES; 60 ACRES TILLable; highly improved; balance in timber; fine dwelling and outbuildings; located near a good-business town; price $2,800. C. M. Hammond, real estate broker, Milford, Del.

DELAWARE FARM—THIRTY-THREE acres; nicely located along public road; small dwellings and out-buildings, 200 peach trees; big bargain; price $1,250. C. M. Hammond, real estate broker, Milford, Del.

A LARGE NUMBER OF SELECT DELaware farms for sale, beautifully located. Write for free catalogue. C. M. Hammond, real estate broker, Milford, Del.

IMPROVED FARM LANDS OF 40 TO 160 acres in St. Louis, Carlton and Douglas counties for sale at low prices and on easy terms. Guaranty Farm Land company, 416 Lyceum building.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

PRINTERS—KEEP AWAY FROM DUluth. The eight-hour strike is on. Offices are now closed. Duluth Typographical union.

WANTED—100 MEN, BOYS AND WOMen to dig up any old gold jewelry you can find, for which we will pay highest cash price. We need gold in our factory. Harris & Esterly, Jewelers, 428 West Superior street, Spalding Hotel.

NON-UNION PRINTERS WANTED — Compositors willing to work in open shop wanted; wages $18 per week of 54 hours work. Permanent positions guaranteed to competent men or women. Address P. O. Box 139, Duluth.

IF YOUR WATCH IS NOT SATISFACtory leave it at Harris & Esterly's watch hospital and have it made good as new at a small cost. Spalding hotel.

ENERGETIC AND AMBITIOUS MEN, who are willing to work and desirous of bettering their financial condition, can secure pleasant and profitable employment securing members for the Modern Samaritans. Full and complete instructions given. No previous experience necessary. Apply 702 Palladio building, Duluth.

WANTED—HUSTLERS TO HANDLE the greatest money-maker on the market; a household necessity and a winner. Apply between 7 and 8 p. m., 524 Manhattan building.

WANTED—BOY TO DRIVE DELIVERY wagon. Inquire 117 West First street.

WANTED—TWO SOLICITORS AND traveling men, must be able to furnish bonds. Straight salary. Address E 34, Herald.

WANTED — THREE COATMAKERS Parker.

WANTED — INSTALLMENT COLLECtor for merchandise accounts; good salary and expenses. Address Manager, P. O. box 1027, Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED CLERK at Tremont Hotel.

WANTED—BARBER AT ONCE AT 630 West Superior street.

WANTED — GOOD, STEADY MAN, about 18 years of age, to work on dairy; must be good milker. Apply O. M. Anderson, Oakland addition, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED—MAN AND WIFE; MAN TO drive team or chop, woman to cook for small crew of men. J. D. Howard & Co., 216 West Superior street.

WANTED — ONE COATMAKER, steady work all the year around. Hirsh, 201 Manhattan.

WANTED — ELDERLY MAN TO RUN elevator in business block. Apply at once, Columbia Clothing Co.

DRAFTSMAN—Mechanical, experienced heavy machine work; architectural; familiar with high class office; also a first class structural man; salaries $1,000-$2,500; only competent men considered. HAPGOODS, 311 Nicollet avenue, Minneapolis, Minn.

FIVE HUNDRED RAILROAD LABORers for Minnesota, Wisconsin and Nebraska; day or station work; 200 woodsmen for the best companies in Minnesota and Wisconsin; farm hands, city labor, cooks, cookees, sawmill labor. New orders daily. Established 1882. National Employment Co., 431 West Michigan street, also Minneapolis and Chicago.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED GROCERY clerk; no other need apply. F 100, Herald.

WANTED—MEN TO BUY THOR RYE, high grade, six quarts and a suit case for $5.85. We pay express charges. Send money with order and this advertisement. O'Donnell & Co., 4 South Third street, Minneapolis.

WANTED — TWO GOOD PATTERN makers for architectural iron work. Apply The Herzog Iron Works, St. Paul.

MEN TO LEARN BARBER TRADE. Splendid opportunity. Write for Illust. Cat. Moler Barber Co., Minneapolis.

WANTED FOR THE UNITED STATES marine corps. Unmarried men between the ages of 21 and 35, able-bodied, of good character and temperate habits, citizens of the United States, or who legally declare their intention to become such; must speak, read and write English; marines serve at sea on men-of-war, in all parts of the world, on land in our island possessions and at navy yards in the United States. Recruits desiring service in the Philippine Islands may be enlisted accordingly. Apply at 5 South Fifth avenue west, Duluth.

WANTED — PORTER AT ST. LOUIS hotel.

ALL KINDS FURS REPAIRED.

By an exepert furrier, 25 years' experience Charley Keller, 401 East Superior street.

ARCHITECTS.

FRANK L. YOUNG & CO., 201 Pal. Bldg.

BUSINESS MEN'S LUNCHES.

CLUB RESTAURANT, 217 WEST SUperior street, upstairs, is a good place to eat. Try our Business Men's lunch, 25c.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk factory, 220 W. Superior St.

MILLINERY.

MISS FITZPATRICK, 502 E. 4. Old 'phone

M. A. COX, 330 EAST FOURTH ST.

WATCH REPAIRING.

WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING done promptly and in a thorough manner. J. Gruesen, 129 West Superior St.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED—EVERY WOMAN TO TRY Dr. Le Gran's female regulator. Guaranteed. Kugler, Your Druggist, 108 West Superior street.

WANTED — TWO FIRST-CLASS MILlinery salesladies and three makers at once. Miss A. M. Seigne, Superior, Wis.

WANTED—COMPETENT WOMAN TO do washing, ironing, etc., by the day. Apply 2004 West Fourth street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 613 East First street.

WANTED — GIRL; NO WASHING; NO ironing; no children. 1407 East Third street.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; family of three. 1439 East First street.

GIRL FOR KITCHEN AND CHAMBER work; good wages. 2532 West Superior street.

WANTED—DRESSMAKER AT 230 LAKE avenue south.

WANTED — WORKING HOUSEKEEPer at once. Apply Mrs. D. O'Leary, Tremont hotel.

WANTED—GIRL TO ASSIST IN LIGHT housework. 2112 East Superior street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Mrs. S. E. Matter, 212 South Sixteenth avenue east.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 909 East Fourth.

WANTED — GIRL FOR KITCHEN work. 627 West Superior street.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. 515 East Second street.

WANTED — A LADY CLERK, ONE versed in crockery preferred; the position is likely to be permanent; give experience and salary expected. Address T 84, Herald.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS COOK. CALL 234 St. Croix avenue.

WANTED—WOMAN TO COOK FOR small crew of men. J. D. Howard & Co., 216 West Superior street.

FIRST-CLASS GIRL FOR GENERAL housework wanted at 1510 East Second street. Three in family.

WANTED—DISHWASHER AT ONCE; no Sunday work. 207 West Superior street.

GIRLS WANTED TO TRIM CIGAR boxes. No. 30 First avenue west.

COOK, DISHWASHERS, WAITRESSES, laundresses, general housework and nurse girl. Some's Emp., 17 2nd Ave. E.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED TO BUY—GOOD SIZED, young full-blooded water spaniel or Newfoundland dog. Price must be reasonable. Address G. J., Herald.

WANTED—LARGE HEATING STOVE; state description and price. H. E., Herald.

SMALL AND LARGE TRACTS OF CUTover lands. North. Realty Co., Duluth.

WANTED—RIPE PINE NORWAY AND tamarack piling from 20 to 45 feet long; 12 to 14-inch butts; 8 to 10-inch tops; on cars, any station. A. J. McDonald, box 144, Superior.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED TO RENT — ROOMS BEtween Eighth avenue and Third avenue west, on First street. 1322 West Superior street.

TALKING MACHINES.

BRUNSWICK CO.
130 West Superior Street.
Wholesale and retail dealers in Victor Talking Machines and Edison Phonographs. We carry all records in catalogue. Mail orders solicited.

LADIES' AND GENTS' CLOTHES.

G. Shapiro, 721 W. Superior St., pays the highest price for old clothes. Zen. 1582-X.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

Mrs. Banks, midwife, 330 St. Croix ave. Private hospital. 'Phones, old, 749-L; new, 366.

MRS. H. OLSON, GRADUATE MIDwife, 329 North Fifty-eighth avenue, West Duluth. Zenith 3224-X.

DYE WORKS.

DULUTH DYE WORKS, 3 W. SUP. ST., 2023 W. Sup. St. Old, 1341-L; Zenith, 1234.

EXCURSION TO CUBA.

WE WILL HAVE A LAND SEEKERS' excursion to Cuba the first part of November, come with us and see our fine fruit lands we have for sale near Havana. F. AM. LAND CO., 200 Torrey building.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSON, GRADUATE MIDWIFE female complaints, 413 Seventh avenue east. Old 'phone, 549; Zenith, 1225.

STENOGRAPHY.

GRACE BARNETT, 207 FIRST NAtional Bank building.

IF YOU WILL BRING

Suit to 19 Fourth avenue west, we press it for 50c; pants, 15c. J. Oreckovsky.

CHEMIST AND ASSAYER.

C. F. JOYCE, ANALYTICAL CHEMIST and assayer, successor to H. E. James, 631 Manhattan building. Old 'phone 1034.

EXPERT OPTICIAN.

DR. C. C. STAACKE, 306 NEW JERSEY building, 105 West Superior street.

IMPROVED FARM LANDS.

GREAT BARGAINS IN IMPROVED farms. We have fine improved farms for sale in Minnesota, Michigan, Washington and Oregon. Our list of Oregon farms are great bargains. Prices run from $400 and up per farm and on easy payments. Come in and see our list. F. AM. LAND CO., 200 Torrey bldg.

FIRE INSURANCE.

WRITTEN IN BEST COMPANIES. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

IT'S ESSENTIAL TO KNOW.

THAT THE RIGHT PLACE TO BUY your watches and jewelry is at Harris & Esterly's, where you can rely on a square deal. Spalding hotel.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.
PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting, first and third Monday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Nov. 6, 1905. Work—Second degree. Guy A. Eaton, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, Oct. 26, 1905. Work—First degree. William D. Underhill, W. M.; H. S. Newell, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M. —Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, Oct. 25, 1905. Work—M.M.P.M.M.P.M. and Royal Arch degree. William A. McGonagle, H. P.; W. T. TenBrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T. —Stated conclave, first Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p. m. Special conclave Oct. 31, 4:00. Dinner, 6:30. Order of the Red Cross and Temple. Masonic Temple, Lake avenue and Second street. C. W Wilson, Em. Com.; Alfred Le Richeaux, recorder.

SCOTTISH RITE.
Regular meetings every Thursday evening of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, Oct. 26, 1905. Work—General business. Jerome J. Cooley, secretary.

EUCLID LODGE, NO. 188, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings first and third Wednesday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, Nov. 1. Work—Third degree. G. E. Budd, W. M.; A. Dunleavy, secretary.

K. O. T. M.
DULUTH TENT, NO. 1, MEETS EVERY Wednesday in K. O. T. M. hall, 224 West First street. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. J. F. Peterson, commander; Charles J. Hector, finance keeper, 32 West First street. J. B. Gelineau, record keeper, office in hall. For rent of hall apply at record keeper's office. Hours, 10 a. m. to 1:30 p. m. and Saturday evening.

MODERN SAMARITANS.
ALPHA COUNCIL, NO. —, meets at Elks' hall every Thursday evening at 8 p. m. Next meeting Oct. 26. Samaritan degree. F. A. Noble, G. S.; Effie Johnson, L. G. S.; Wallace P. Weithanks, scribe; T. A. Gall, financial scribe.

A. O. U. W.
165 meets at new Maccabee hall, 224 West First street, every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Lee Warner, M. W.; W. W. Feerstermacher, recorder; O. J. Murvold, financier, 217 East Fifth street.

A. O. U. W.
DULUTH LODGE, NO. 20, meets in Odd Fellows' hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. George J. Sherman, M. W.; J. W. Shepherdson, financier; A. E. Blake, recorder. Sick benefit meets 7:30 o'clock.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock sharp at 118 West Superior street, Tuesday, Oct. 24. Social session and dance. G. E. Storms, C. C.; H. B. Young, R. S. All visiting knights invited.

I. O. F.
COURT COMMERCE, NO. 3283, Independent Order of Foresters, meets first and third Friday evenings, at 8 o'clock, at Rowley's hall, No. 112 West First street. Next meeting Nov. 3rd, 1905. R. J. Pickard, C. R.; W. W. Hoopes, R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.
DULUTH AERIE, NO. 79, MEETS every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock p. m. at Eagle hall, Folz building, 116 West Superior street. W. E. Brown, W. P.; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary, 11 First avenue east. Apply to W. E. Brown, 417 West Superior street, for rental of hall.

M. W. A.
IMPERIAL CAMP, NO. 2246, meets at Elks.' hall, 118 West Superior street, first and third Mondays. Visiting members always welcome. F. B. Beaupre, V. C.; N. F. Turnbladt, banker; R. Rankin, clerk.

CLAN STEWART, NO. 50, O. S. C.—Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at 8 p. m., in Folz hall, West Superior street. John G. Ross, chief; Malcolm MacDonald, secretary; John Burnett, financial secretary, 10 Mason flats. Next meeting, Wednesday, Nov. 1. Remember Hallowe'en entertainment in Armory Tuesday evening, Oct. 31.

ROYAL LEAGUE.
ZENITH COUNCIL, NO. 161, Royal league, meets in Elks' hall, second and fourth Monday evenings, at 8 o'clock. J. P. Heffernan, archon; L. P. Murray, scribe, 1815 East Fifth street.

KNIGHTS OF THE LOYAL Guard—Subordinate division, No. 132, meets first and third Wednesday evenings each month, Hall A, Kalamazoo block. E. F. Heller, captain general; H. V. Holmes, paymaster, 415 Fifteenth avenue east; Mrs. Mary P. Foster, recorder, 720 Third avenue east.

MODERN MACCABEES — Zenith City Tent, No. 1044, meets every first and third Thursday of the month at Rowley's hall, 112 West First street. Commander, J. A. McCuen; record keeper, E. R. Gnifke; finance keeper, A. G. Case, care Union depot, after 1 p. m.

U. A. O. D.
DULUTH GROVE, NO. 40, meets the second and fourth Mondays at Kalamazoo hall. F. G. Sandstedt, N. A.; M. Monson, financial secretary.

INTERNATIONAL UNION of Steam Engineers—Local union, No. 15, meets every Thursday evening, third floor, room 2, Axa building. President, John F. Goglns; vice president, Ole Hanson; financial secretary, E. W. Robinson; recording secretary, I. W. Gilland; treasurer, C. J. Wendt; conductor, Andrew Wold; guard, William Beatty.

BOSTON HAIR PARLORS.

FACIAL BLEMISHES, HAIR MOLES, warts removed by electricity. Shampooing, manicuring, hair switches. Miss Kelly, opp. Glass Block. Both 'phones.

Tell It To 'Phone 324

It's very seldom that people who believe in The Herald Want Ad Way are without good help in the office, store or home.

Tell It To 'Phone 324

14 PAGES

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

14 PAGES

TWENTY-THIRD YEAR. LAST EDITION. WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1905. TWO CENTS.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT AND PARTY HAVE NEARLY COMPLETED THEIR TRIP THROUGH SOUTHERN STATES

Spending the Day as the Guests of Little Rock, Ark.

Visit to Fort Logan H. Roots an Event of Prominence.

Thursday Will Be Spent at New Orleans and Then Home.

Little Rock, Ark., Oct. 25.—Today, the last but one of President Roosevelt's trip through the South, was spent for the most part in this city. Elaborate preparations had been made for his entertainment, and an interesting program mapped out. This included a visit to Fort Logan H. Roots, an address in the city park, and an entertainment at lunch by representative citizens.

The president's train arrived here during the early forenoon. The round of festivities and speechmaking will occupy his time until 4 o'clock this afternoon, when his party will return to Memphis, from which point, according to the present arrangements, the president, his secretary and Surgeon General Rixey will proceed to New Orleans, the remainder of the party returning direct to Washington. This diversion of a considerable number of the president's party will be made to avoid any complications which might arise from quarantine regulations, following a visit to New Orleans, it being the president's intention to come from that city to Washington on a warship, on which he will be accompanied by his secretary and Dr. Rixey.

Little Rock, Ark., Oct. 25.—After an all night's journey President Roosevelt and party arrived in Argenta a northern suburb of this city promptly on time this morning. Despite the threatening attitude of the elements a large crowd was present to welcome the president. The city has been decorated with flags and bunting in honor of the president's visit and the only untoward feature of the day's exercises was the fear that rain would occur at any moment. Rain had fallen continuously all yesterday and last night. At 8 o'clock today, however, the precipitation ceased and the streets immediately took on a lively appearance. The city was filled with visitors from all parts of the state. Excursion trains had been run on all lines and it was early apparent that the president's welcome would be a warm one.

When the president's train arrived at Argenta, over the Rock Island line, a reception committee headed by United States Senators Berry and Clark, Governor Davis and Federal Judge Trebider, entered the president's car and warmly welcomed him to Arkansas. The president did not alight from his car at Argenta, and the train proceeded to Big Rock, the nearest stop to Fort Logan H. Roots. Here the president and his party alighted and a visit was made to the post, the party arriving there 9:30 o'clock. After a brief reception the president inspected the barracks and grounds and expressed his satisfaction at the excellent arrangements for the comfort of the troops. Nearly the entire morning was taken up at Fort Roots, after which the start for the city was made. When the carriages were drawn up the mounted escort of honor took their places beside the president. This escort which is known as the Blue and Gray consisted of twenty-four Civil war veterans, twelve Union soldiers and twelve former Confererates and particularly pleased the president. It was announced that this escort would precede the president's carriage throughout the entire day and act as a bodyguard.

The president, headed by his escort of honor and accompanied by the reception committee, reached the city hall before noon. The streets were jammed with people, and every available spot on Main street had its occupants. The president was loudly cheered as he passed along toward the city park. He repeatedly rose in his carriage and bowed his thanks to the people. At one point on the street the way was cleared with difficulty, so great was the crush. The president seemed pleased with the cordiality of his reception.

The party traversed Tenth street to the city park, where an immense throng of people had gathered about the speakers' stand. The meeting was presided over by George W. Rogers of Little Rock board of trade. The president was welcomed to the state and city by Governor Davis, and Judge T. Reiber, in appropriate addresses.

When the president stepped forward to respond, he was again greeted warmly.

JERRY SIMPSON BURIED.

Wichita, Kan., Oct. 25—With Masonic rites the body of ex-Congressman Jerry Simpson was laid to rest today in Maple Grove cemetery. Services were held in Scottish Rite temple, the full Masonic ritual being performed. There was no minister, and the address was delivered by Congressman Victor Murdock, who paid an eloquent tribute to his predecessor in congress.

HARRIMAN LOSING TIME.

Omaha, Neb., Oct. 25.—The special train, having on board E. H. Harriman and party, arrived here from the West at 9:45 a. m., one hour behind schedule time. After changing engines and switching to the tracks of the Northwestern road, the train left at 10:10 a. m. It was stated that no attempt will be made at fast running from here to Chicago.

C. S. BLYDENBERG, IOWA'S MODERN BLUEBEARD, WILL SPEND LIFE IN JAIL



Des Moines, Oct. 25.—E. S. Blydenberg, Iowa's modern Bluebeard, Sunday school teacher and philanthropist, must serve a life sentence for the murder of his third wife. The supreme court today decided that his conviction was legal and affirmed the sentence of life imprisonment, with two judges dissenting.

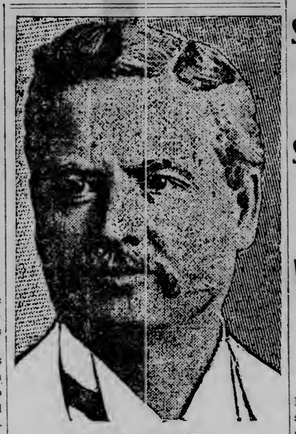
Two years ago, at Eldora, Blydenberg was convicted of murdering his third wife by giving her arsenic in the Sunday dinner he had prepared while the rest of the family was at church. Two other wives had also died mysteriously some years ago and Blydenberg, it was alleged, had obtained their propcrty.

Blydenberg was a pious churchman and deacon in the local church. He always maintained that he did not administer the poison.

AMES MAY RUN AGAIN FOR MAYOR OF MINNEAPOLIS

Considering the Suggestion That He Become a Candidate.

Doctor May Seek the Democratic Nomination This Time.



DR. A. A. AMES.

Minneapolis, Oct. 25.—Dr. A. A. Ames, four times mayor of Minneapolis, is among the possibilities in the mayoralty campaign of 1906. The doctor gave the following statement of his position:

"Since my vindication before this community, I have naturally been an interested observer of the mayors who have succeeded me. Certain so-called reform elements which were comparatively quiet and seemingly satisfied under my last administration are now clamoring and dissatisfied. This condition prompts me to give serious consideration to the suggestion of many loyal friends that I again become a candidate for the mayoralty. The formal announcement, if made, will come in plenty of time for my friends to organize for my support.

"DR. A. A. AMES."

In order that there be absolutely no misunderstanding, his idea was reduced to writing, and the manuscript was then approved by the doctor after careful deliberation.

The announcement that Dr. Ames is seriously considering re-entering the lists as a mayoralty candidate will occasion great surprise in some quarters. However, among those who were his closest political advisers, it has been well understood for some time that he was to be urged to enter the race.

The Journal says that if he appears as a candidate in 1906, as he intimates he may, Dr. Ames will probably seek the Democratic nomination, or run as an independent Democrat. This was Ames' original party, though throughout his remarkable political career his support has never been restricted by sharply defined lines.

Incidentally, the doctor's reason for considering a re-entrance into politics is likely to precipitate heated discussions among and about those elements to whom certain reforms by Mayor Jones have not seemed wholly adequate. If Dr. Ames proceeds to take advantage of the situation, the campaign promises to be one of the most interesting ever fought out in Minneapolis.

STRIKERS' STRENGTH

Source of the Greatest Surprise to the Government Officials.

Social Democrats Claim They Have Country at Their Mercy.

With Tieing Up of Railroads No Troops Can Be Moved.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 25.—Over half of European Russia is in the grip of the striking railroad men and the strike continues to spread rapidly in all directions. The roads in the Volga region are at a standstill and today a general strike was proclaimed on the two remaining lines running out of St. Petersburg. By tomorrow the capital is expected to be cut off from the outside world by way of the continent. This will also involve the suspension of postal communication.

The league of leagues has seized the opportunity to come to the support of the railroad men and has adopted a resolution in favor of a general strike of all professions. The telegraph operators are joining in the movement and the suspension of railroad traffic it is feared will be followed by a complete obliteration of communication between interior points. The situation is critical and pregnant of all sorts of dire possibilities. The factories in the affected districts have been forced to shut down for lack of fuel and Moscow especially faces not only a food but a water famine. Fortunately St. Petersburg will have communication open through Finland.

The British ambassador, Sir Charles Hardinge, who bade farewell to Emperor Nicholas yesterday, previous to leaving St. Petersburg on a mission in connection with the proposed Anglo-Russian understanding, was unable to start for England this morning, because no trains were running. He will leave the capital on the first available steamer.

Telegraphic communication between St. Petersburg and Kharkoff is broken.

The workmen of the Putiloff, Kuringo, Alezadrosky and Nevsky works struck this morning.

The Social Democrats believe they have the government at their mercy, since with the railroads stopped the authorities are powerless to transport troops. This is all the more serious, as bloody collisions already have been reported at various places, and a dangerous agrarian movement has again broken out in the government of Samar. The strength displayed by the Social Democrats has amazed the authorities, who were taken quite as much by surprise at the evidence of their power as they were at the time of the "Gapon rebellion."

The distress in the central provinces is greatly increased by the enforced suspension of the famine relief work.

Prince Hilkoff, the minister of railroads, whose appeals to the strikers at Moscow were so unavailing that he could not get an engineer to bring him to St. Petersburg but who with a fireman stoking drove his own engine, arriving here black and dust begrimed is not blameable for the failure of the government to keep its promises made in the spring to increase the wages of the railroad men. That responsibility rests on the minister of finance. Prince Hilkoff expects to meet the railroad delegates here but apparently they have already burned their bridges at meetings held last night and which continued until dawn this morning. A dozen of these of the most enthusiastic character were held.

The largest, which was held in the university, was attended by about 10,000 persons, including students, who are making common cause with the workmen and whose leaders are making speeches in favor of a resumption of the students' strike unless they are allowed to discuss political questions. The students joined the railroad men in passing a resolution in favor of the immediate convocation of a constituent assembly elected by direct universal suffrage, and demanding that the laws governing labor be sanctioned by the representatives of the people, and the immediate grant of political freedom, and declaring that thus only can an armed revolution be averted.

These resolutions were adopted after a deputation which called on Count Witte had reported. The count received the deputation as a private individual. He spoke to them with his usual bluntness and told them plainly that some of their demands would be granted, while the granting of others was impossible. Count Witte informed his visitors that a law permitting greater freedom of meetings than allowed by the laws of Italy and Austria-Hungary, and providing for freedom of the press had already been elaborated. Martial law on the railroads, he said, was an anarchism which should be abolished.

The demand for a constituent assembly, the count said, could not be realized nor could universal suffrage be admitted as all the people were not prepared to exercise the right of franchise. In this connection the count spoke of the power wielded by capital in America where universal suffrage existed. He thought it possible to meet the demands for an eight-hour day, especially for outdoor workers and warmly favored the general measures advocated with the view to improving the condition of the workingmen, especially in the way of schools, hospitals, etc.

Count Witte warned the deputation that

(Continued on page 3, fourth column.)

COLLATERAL FOR LOANS CANNOT BE LOCATED

Important Securities Are Missing From Wrecked Allegheny Institution.

Pittsburg, Oct. 25.—A new force of employes was at work today with the books of the Enterprise National bank. All the old employes except the bank messenger were notified by Receiver Cunningham that their services were no longer needed and the new clerks were at once put to work. Receiver Cunningham refused to assign his reasons for making the change. William B. Ridgely, comptroller of the currency, who report said yesterday was either in Pittsburg or coming to this city to take personal charge of the affairs of the Enterprise National bank of Allegheny, has not yet been located, and it is not believed he is here or is coming at this time.

The bank directors were in session last night until long after midnight, and when the meeting adjourned nothing as to the proceedings was given out. It is said the purpose of the meeting was to arrange for the immediate collection of all outstanding notes held by the bank.

Within the past forty-eight hours many of the notes have been lifted, but considerable trouble is resulting, it is is said over the discovery that in several instances the collateral that should have been attached to the notes was missing. Whether this collateral has been misplaced or used has not yet been determined. Officials of the bank admit that the collateral cannot be found, but hope that it will turn up in other banks.

Washington, Oct. 25.—The comptroller of the currency has been called upon by the department of justice to send a special examiner to Pittsburg to make an investigation of the affairs of the Enterprise National bank of Allepheny, Pa., recently closed by order of the comptroller. The examiner will make his report directly to the United States district attorney of Pittsburg, whom he will assist in case the legal proceedings are instituted. This, it is stated, is the usual course followed in such cases and is taken in order that the district attorney may be placed in possession of all the facts necessary to determine whether or not action is required by him.

EXCITED MOB WOULD REWARD A RESCUER WITH LYNCHING

Lost Angeles, Oct. 25.—Mrs. Thomas Langhelm of this city was so severely injured in alighting from a street car last night that death may result, and William R. Ruess, salesman for an automobile concern was threatened with lynching at the hands of a mob of excited persons who misconstrued the motive of the latter's kindness in removing the crippled woman to her home. Mrs. Langhelm stepped from a car while it was in motion, was thrown violently to the pavement and seriously hurt.

Immediately following the accident, Reuss, driving an automobile, rounded the corner and comprehending the situation, with the assistance of other passengers on the car, lifted the woman into his machine and started for a physician's office. An immense crowd had gathered in the meantime and the idea gained circulation that he had run her down with his machine and for several minutes an aspect of seriousness surrounded the scene. Cries of "lynch him!" filled the air and the vehemence of the expressions of the assembled crowd made it imperative that Ruess get away hurriedly. Leaving explanations to friends, he departed at full speed and Mrs. Langhelm was soon under the care of a doctor and was later removed to her home where she lay in an unconscious condition throughout the night.

THE NATIONAL CAPITOL RENOVATED.

Washington, Oct. 25.—When the senators and representatives return to Washington to attend the approaching session of congress, they will be astonished at the transformation in the capitol. All the flues have been equipped with exhaust fans and other apparatus to stop the smoke from the fireplaces going the wrong way.

The entire upper portion of the rotunda has been cleaned and painted, and the "steamboat paint" of the sandstone walls has been completely scraped away, revealing the beautiful red-brown color and stratification of the walls. The rotunda now reminds one of the interior of a Greek temple. The color of the walls, the graining or stratification of the stone, harmonize with the historical paintings above, while in place of the old gas jets there has been installed 1,900 incandescent electric lights.

Old and obsolete plumbing has been replaced with an up-to-date system, and the whole building has received a thorough washing and scrubbing from top to bottom.

TARRED AND FEATHERED

Milwaukee Man Roughly Handled By Mob at Granville, Wis.

Wife of Farmer, Where He Boarded, Severely Treated.

Milwaukee, Oct. 25.—John Kenny, a Milwaukee man, who formerly lived at 104 Tenth street, was tarred and feathered by a mob in the town of Granville, several miles north of Milwaukee, at midnight. He was chased several blocks, and then ordered to return to the house of a farmer named Melhorn, by whom he was employed. Mrs. Melhorn, wife of the farmer, was severely handled. The tarring and feathering of Kenny arose from a story of family contentions between Melhorn and his wife. Melhorn left home Monday, after accusing his wife of improper conduct with Kenny.

Upon Kenny's complaint, a warrant was issued today for George Kaul for assault and battery. The faces of the men in the mob were blackened, but Kenny claims he identified Kaul as one of the party.

CAUGHT BY BELT.

Employe at South St. Paul Meets an Awful Death.

St. Paul, Oct. 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—Oscar Mosther, aged 25, unmarried, and a laborer in the laid department of Swift & Co., South St. Paul, was instantly killed while at work at 7 o'clock this morning.

His clothing caught in a belt, and in an instant his body was hurled round a wheel until he was crushed to death. There will be no inquest, as the case was declared by the coroner to be purely an accident.

INSURANCE AGENTS DEVELOP NEW SCHEME.

Los Angeles, Oct. 25.—A new and evidently entirely original form of insurance peculation was unearthed here yesterday when it was disclosed that two solicitors of the United Patriots of America, a local insurance order had been writing the applications of persons buried in the local cemeteries and after reporting the applications at the head office, collected advance moneys due them on the work. The solicitors disappeared a short time previous to the discovery of their scheme.

HAS A WOODEN LEG.

Vienna, Oct. 25.—The man named James Howard, who was arrested here in July, and who was believed to be Killoran, the American robber, also calls himself Pierre John Reed, and says he was born in New York in 1845. His left leg is of wood.

EMPTY WHISKY BOTTLES FOUND IN JURORS' ROOM

Application For New Trial Made on Account of Alleged Misconduct of Jury.

Sacramento, Cal., Oct. 25.—In arguing a motion for a new trial yesterday in the case of Former State Senator Emmons, convicted of bribery, Emmons' attorney, in alleging misconduct on the part of the jury, had brought into court two dozen empty quart whisky bottles which he alleged were found in the jury room after the trial.

C. W. Harb testified that he is keeper of a restaurant where the jury was boarded. He said that the deputy sheriff instructed him to let the jurors have a cocktail before breakfast and beer and wine at meals. Four jurors drank no liquors. At meals, claret and beer were furnished. He further testified that none of the bottles found is of the brand furnished by him. The last meal was brought to the jury room and no liquors were brought there. In the whole month he furnished three dozen quart bottles of whisky.

It is alleged on behalf of the people that it will be shown that when the jurors entered upon occupancy of the room they found a great lot of empty bottles in it; that no liquor was taken into the jury room; that no unusual drinking of any kind was indulged in; that several of the jurors accustomed to regular drinks had medical advice that there must be no sudden stoppage; that by reason of abstention one or two were made sick; that the court had medical advice as to allowing drinks to be supplied in certain cases, and, finally, that no juror was mentally afflicted by reason of anything served at the jurors' meals.

COLLEGE OF METHODIST BISHOPS BEGIN SEMI-ANNUAL CONFERENCE

Washington, Oct. 25.—The college of bishops of the Methodist Episcopal church comprising the governing body of that denomination, met in semi-annual conference here today. Several matters of interest and importance to Methorism are to be dealt with during the week. Particularly interesting will be the assignments which the bishops will give themselves in presiding over the spring conferences.

The disposition of the case of Prof. Hinkley G. Mitchell, elected by the board of trustees of the Boston university, to fill the chair of Hebrew, is perhaps the question of most popular interest. Six months ago the bishops refused to confirm the selection of Prof. Mitchell on the ground that his interest in the "higher criticism" of the Bible unfitted him to teach the fundamentals of Methodism. The trustees of the university have refused to concur in this decision and have reappointed the professor. Five years ago Prof. Mitchell was before the bishops and explained his belief to their satisfaction. Since that time he has published a book called "The World Before Abrahani" in which it is alleged by many churchmen he has made heretical statements concerning the Old Testament. It was this work which was the basis of the adverse action six months ago, at which time the bishops were nearly equally divided over the question.

The sessions of the conference are all held behind closed doors that there may be the greatest freedom in the presentation and discussion of business and other matters. It is expected that the first three days of the conference will be devoted to hearing reports from the superintendents on the work in their particular fields. Each bishop has practically absolute authority in his bishopric and an effort is made at the semi-annual conferences to make their work and decisions harmonious.

Of the total of twenty-eight bishops comprising the college about twenty are present.

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SECRETARY SHAW

Speaks to Students and Bankers Association at Lincoln, Neb.

Lincoln, Neb., Oct. 25.—Leslie M. Shaw, secretary of the treasury, arrived in Lincoln early today. During the forenoon he was taken to the State University Memorial hall, where he addressed more than 1,000 students This afternoon Mr. Shaw spoke to the Nebraska Bankers' association on the subject of national finance, and it is possible that he will attend the bankers' banquet tonight.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

14 PAGES

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

14 PAGES

TWENTY-THIRD YEAR. LAST EDITION. WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1905. TWO CENTS.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT AND PARTY HAVE NEARLY COMPLETED THEIR TRIP THROUGH SOUTHERN STATES

Spending the Day as the Guests of Little Rock, Ark.

Visit to Fort Logan H. Roots an Event of Prominence.

Thursday Will Be Spent at New Orleans and Then Home.

Little Rock, Ark., Oct. 25.—Today, the last but one of President Roosevelt's trip through the South, was spent for the most part in this city. Elaborate preparations had been made for his entertainment, and an interesting program mapped out. This included a visit to Fort Logan H. Roots, an address in the city park, and an entertainment at lunch by representative citizens.

The president's train arrived here during the early forenoon. The round of festivities and speechmaking will occupy his time until 4 o'clock this afternoon, when his party will return to Memphis, from which point, according to the present arrangements, the president, his secretary and Surgeon General Rixey will proceed to New Orleans, the remainder of the party returning direct to Washington. This diversion of a considerable number of the president's party will be made to avoid any complications which might arise from quarantine regulations, following a visit to New Orleans, it being the president's intention to come from that city to Washington on a warship, on which he will be accompanied by his secretary and Dr. Rixey.

Little Rock, Ark., Oct. 25.—After an all nights journey President Roosevelt and party arrived in Argenta a northern suburb of this city promptly on time this morning. Despite the threatening attitude of the elements a large crowd was present to welcome the president. The city has been decorated with flags and bunting in honor of the president's visit and the only untoward feature of the day's exercises was the fear that rain would occur at any moment. Rain had fallen continuously all yesterday and last night. At 8 o'clock today, however, the precipitation ceased and the streets immediately took on a lively appearance. The city was filled with visitors from all parts of the state. Excursion trains had been run on all lines and it was early apparent that the president's welcome would be a warm one.

When the president's train arrived at Argenta, over the Rock Island line, a reception committee headed by United States Senators Berry and Clark, Governor Davis and Federal Judge Trieber, entered the president's car and warmly welcomed him to Arkansas. The president did not alight from his car at Argenta, and the train proceeded to Big Rock, the nearest stop to Fort Logan H. Roots. Here the president and his party alighted and a visit was made to the post, the party arriving there 9:30 o'clock. After a brief reception the president inspected the barracks and grounds and expressed his satisfaction at the excellent arrangements for the comfort of the troops. Nearly the entire morning was taken up at Fort Roots, after which the start for the city was made. When the carriages were drawn up the mounted escort of honor took their places beside the president. This escort which is known as the Blue and Gray consisted of twenty-four Civil war veterans, twelve Union soldiers and twelve former Confererates and particularly pleased the president. It was announced that this escort would precede the president's carriage throughout the entire day and act as a bodyguard.

The president, headed by his escort of honor and accompanied by the reception committee, reached the city hall before noon. The streets were jammed with people, and every available spot on Main street had its occupants. The president was loudly cheered as he passed along toward the city park. He repeatedly rose in his carriage and bowed his thanks to the people. At one point on the street the way was cleared with difficulty, so great was the crush. The president seemed pleased with the cordiality of his reception.

The party traversed Tenth street to the city park, where an immense throng of people had gathered about the speakers' stand. The meeting was presided over by George W. Rogers of Little Rock board of trade. The president was welcomed to the state and city by Governor Davis, and Judge T. Reiber, in appropriate addresses.

When the president stepped forward to respond, he was again greeted warmly.

JERRY SIMPSON BURIED.

Wichita, Kan., Oct. 25—With Masonic rites the body of ex-Congressman Jerry Simpson was laid to rest today in Maple Grove cemetery. Services were held in Scottish Rite temple, the full Masonic ritual being performed. There was no minister, and the address was delivered by Congressman Victor Murdock, who paid an eloquent tribute to his predecessor in congress.

HARRIMAN LOSING TIME.

Omaha, Neb., Oct. 25.—The special train, having on board E. H. Harriman and party, arrived here from the West at 9.45 a. m., one hour behind schedule time. After changing enghines and switching to the tracks of the Northwestern road, the train left at 10:10 a. m. It was stated that no attempt will be made at fast running from here to Chicago.

SITUATION IN RUSSIA ALARMING; COMMUNICATION IS SHUT OFF

STRIKERS' STRENGTH

Source of the Greatest Surprise to the Government Officials.

Social Democrats Claim They Have Country at Their Mercy.

With Tieing Up of Railroads No Troops Can Be Moved.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 25.—Over half of European Russia is in the grip of the striking railroad men and the strike continues to spread rapidly in all directions. The roads in the Volga region are at a standstill and today a general strike was proclaimed on the two remaining lines running out of St. Petersburg. By tomorrow the capital is expected to be cut off from the outside world by way of the continent. This will also involve the suspension of postal communication.

The league of leagues has seized the opportunity to come to the support of the railroad men and has adopted a resolution in favor of a general strike of all professions. The telegraph operators are joining in the movement and the suspension of railroad traffic it is feared will be followed by a complete obliteration of communication between interior points. The situation is critical and pregnant of all sorts of dire possibilities. The factories in the affected districts have been forced to shut down for lack of fuel and Moscow especially faces not only a food but a water famine. Fortunately St. Petersburg will have communication open through Finland.

The British ambassador, Sir Charles Hardinge, who bade farewell to Emperor Nicholas yesterday, previous to leaving St. Petersburg on a mission in connection with the proposed Anglo-Russian understanding, was unable to start for England this morning, because no trains were running. He will leave the capital on the first available steamer.

Telegraphic communication between St. Petersburg and Kharkoff is broken.

The workmen of the Putiloff, Kurlingo, Alexadrosky and Nevsky works struck this morning.

The Social Democrats believe they have the government at their mercy, since with the railroads stopped the authorities are powerless to transport troops. This is all the more serious, as bloody collisions already have been reported at various places, and a dangerous agrarian movement has again broken out in the government of Samar. The strength displayed by the Social Democrats has amazed the authorities, who were taken quite as much by surprise at the evidence of their power as they were at the time of the "Gapon rebellion."

The distress in the central provinces is greatly increased by the enforced suspension of the famine relief work.

Prince Hilkoff, the minister of railroads, whose appeals to the strikers at Moscow were so unavailing that he could not get an engineer to bring him to St. Petersburg but who with a fireman stoking drove his own engine, arriving here black and dust begrimed is not blameable for the failure of the government to keep its promises made in the spring to increase the wages of the railroad men. That responsibility rests on the minister of finance. Prince Hilkoff expects to meet the railroad delegates here but apparently they have already burned their bridges at meetings held last night and which continued until dawn this morning. A dozen of these of the most enthusiastic character were held.

The largest, which was held in the university, was attended by about 10,000 persons, including students, who are making common cause with the workmen and whose leaders are making speeches in favor of a resumption of the students' strike unless they are allowed to discuss political questions. The students joined the railroad men in passing a resolution in favor of the immediate convocation of a constituent assembly elected by direct universal suffrage, and demanding that the laws governing labor be sanctioned by the representatives of the people, and the immediate grant of political freedom, and declaring that thus only can an armed revolution be averted.

These resolutions were adopted after a deputation which called on Count Witte had reported. The count received the deputation as a private individual. He spoke to them with his usual bluntness and told them plainly that some of their demands would be granted, while the granting of others was impossible. Count Witte informed his visitors that a law permitting greater freedom of meetings than allowed by the laws of Italy and Austria-Hungary, and providing for freedom of the press had already been elaborated. Martial law on the railroads, he said, was an anarchism which should be abolished.

The demand for a constituent assembly, the count said, could not be realized nor could universal suffrage be admitted as all the people were not prepared to exercise the right of franchise. In this connection the count spoke of the power wielded by capital in America where universal suffrage existed. He thought it possible to meet the demands for an eight-hour day, especially for outdoor workers and warmly favored the general measures advocated with the view to improving the condition of the workingmen, especially in the way of schools, hospitals, etc.

Count Witte warned the deputation that

(Continued on page 3, fourth column.)

C. S. BLYDENBERG, IOWA'S MODERN BLUEBEARD, WILL SPEND LIFE IN JAIL



Des Moines, Oct. 25.—E. S. Blydenberg, Iowa's modern Bluebeard, Sunday school teacher and philanthropist, must serve a life sentence for the murder of his third wife. The supreme court today decided that his conviction was legal and affirmed the sentence of life imprisonment, with two judges dissenting.

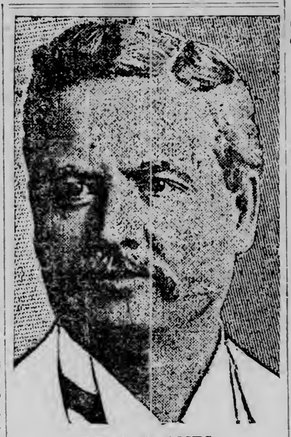
Two years ago, at Eldora, Blydenberg was convicted of murdering his third wife by giving her arsenic in the Sunday dinner he had prepared while the rest of the family was at church. Two other wives had also died mysteriously some years ago and Blydenberg, it was alleged, had obtained their property.

Blydenberg was a pious churchman and deacon in the local church. He always maintained that he did not administer the poison.

AMES MAY RUN AGAIN FOR MAYOR OF MINNEAPOLIS

Considering the Suggestion That He Become a Candidate.

Doctor May Seek the Democratic Nomination This Time.



DR. A. A. AMES.

Minneapolis, Oct. 25.—Dr. A. A. Ames, four times mayor of Minneapolis, is among the possibilities in the mayoralty campaign of 1906. The doctor gave the following statement of his position:

"Since my vindication before this community, I have naturally been an interested observer of the mayors who have succeeded me. Certain so-called reform elements which were comparatively quiet and seemingly satisfied under my last administration are now clamoring and dissatisfied. This condition prompts me to give serious consideration to the suggestion of many loyal friends that I again become a candidate for the mayoralty. The formal announcement, if made, will come in plenty of time for my friends to organize for my support.

"DR. A. A. AMES."

In order that there be absolutely no misunderstanding, his idea was reduced to writing, and the manuscript was then approved by the doctor after careful deliberation.

The announcement that Dr. Ames is seriously considering re-entering the lists as a mayoralty candidate will occasion great surprise in some quarters. However, among those who were his closest political advisers, it has been well understood for some time that he was to be urged to enter the race.

The Journal says that if he appears as a candidate in 1906, as he intimates he may, Dr. Ames will probably seek the Democratic nomination, or run as an independent Democrat. This was Ames' original party, though throughout his remarkable political career his support has never been restricted by sharply defined lines.

Incidentally, the doctor's reason for considering a re-entrance into politics is likely to precipitate heated discussions among and about those elements to whom certain reforms by Mayor Jones have not seemed wholly adequate. If Dr. Ames proceeds to take advantage of the situation, the campaign promises to be one of the most interesting ever fought out in Minneapolis.

COLLATERAL FOR LOANS CANNOT BE LOCATED

Important Securities Are Missing From Wrecked Allegheny Institution.

Pittsburg, Oct. 25.—A new force of employes was at work today with the books of the Enterprise National bank. All the old employes except the bank messenger were notified by Receiver Cunningham that their services were no longer needed and the new clerks were at once put to work. Receiver Cunningham refused to assign his reasons for making the change. William B. Ridgely, comptroller of the currency, who report said yesterday was either in Pittsburg or coming to this city to take personal charge of the affairs of the Enterprise National bank of Allegheny, has not yet been located, and it is not believed he is here or is coming at this time.

The bank directors were in session last night until long after midnight, and when the meeting adjourned nothing as to the proceedings was given out. It is said the purpose of the meeting was to arrange for the immediate collection of all outstanding notes held by the bank.

Within the past forty-eight hours many of the notes have been lifted, but considerable trouble is resulting. It is said over the discovery that in several instances the collateral that should have been attached to the notes was missing. Whether this collateral has been misplaced or used has not yet been determined. Officials of the bank admit that the collateral cannot be found, but hope that it will turn up in other banks.

Washington, Oct. 25.—The comptroller of the currency has been called upon by the department of justice to send a special examiner to Pittsburg to make an investigation of the affairs of the Enterprise National bank of Allegheny, Pa., recently closed by order of the comptroller. The examiner will make his report directly to the United States district attorney of Pittsburg, whom he will assist in case the legal proceedings are instituted. This, it is stated, is the usual course followed in such cases and is taken in order that the district attorney may be placed in possession of all the facts necessary to determine whether or not action is required by him.

TARRED AND FEATHERED

Milwaukee Man Roughly Handled By Mob at Granville, Wis.

Wife of Farmer, Where He Boarded, Severely Treated.

Milwaukee, Oct. 25.—John Kenny, a Milwaukee man, who formerly lived at 104 Tenth street, was tarred and feathered by a mob in the town of Granville, several miles north of Milwaukee, at midnight. He was chased several blocks, and then ordered to return to the house of a farmer named Melhorn, by whom he was employed. Mrs. Melhorn, wife of the farmer, was severely handled. The tarring and feathering of Kenny arose from a story of family contentions between Melhorn and his wife. Melhorn left home Monday, after accusing his wife of improper conduct with Kenny.

Upon Kenny's complaint, a warrant was issued today for George Kaul for assault and battery. The faces of the men in the mob were blackened, but Kenny claims he identified Kaul as one of the party.

EMPTY WHISKY BOTTLES FOUND IN JURORS' ROOM

Application For New Trial Made on Account of Alleged Misconduct of Jury.

Sacramento, Cal., Oct. 25.—In arguing a motion for a new trial yesterday in the case of Former State Senator Emmons, convicted of bribery, Emmons' attorney, in alleging misconduct on the part of the jury, had brought into court two dozen empty quart whisky bottles which he alleged were found in the jury room after the trial.

C. W. Harb testified that he is keeper of a restaurant where the jury was boarded. He said that the deputy sheriff instructed him to let the jurors have a cocktail before breakfast and beer and wine at meals. Four jurors drank no liquors. At meals, claret and beer were furnished. He further testified that none of the bottles found is of the brand furnished by him. The last meal was brought to the jury room and no liquors were brought there. In the whole month he furnished three dozen quart bottles of whisky.

It is alleged on behalf of the people that it will be shown that when the jurors entered upon occupancy of the room they found a great lot of empty bottles in it; that no liquor was taken into the jury room; that no unusual drinking of any kind was indulged in; that several of the jurors accustomed to regular drinks had medical advice that there must be no sudden stoppage; that by reason of abstention one or two were made sick; that the court had medical advice as to allowing drinks to be supplied in certain cases, and, finally, that no juror was mentally afflicted by reason of anything served at the jurors' meals.

EXCITED MOB WOULD REWARD A RESCUER WITH LYNCHING

Los Angeles, Oct. 25.—Mrs. Thomas Langhelm of this city was so severely injured in alighting from a street car last night that death may result, and William R. Ruess, salesman for an automobile concern was threatened with lynching at the hands of a mob of excited persons who misconstrued the motive of the latter's kindness in removing the crippled woman to her home. Mrs. Langhelm stepped from a car while it was in motion, was thrown violently to the pavement and seriously hurt.

Immediately following the accident, Reuss, driving an automobile, rounded the corner and comprehending the situation, with the assistance of other passengers on the car, lifted the woman into his machine and started for a physician's office. An immense crowd had gathered in the meantime and the idea gained circulation that he had run her down with his machine and for several minutes an aspect of seriousness surrounded the scene. Cries of "lynch him!" filled the air and the vehemence of the expressions of the assembled crowd made it imperative that Ruess get away hurriedly. Leaving explanations to friends, he departed at full speed and Mrs. Langhelm was soon under the care of a doctor and was later removed to her home where she lay in an unconscious condition throughout the night.

THE NATIONAL CAPITOL RENOVATED.

Washington, Oct. 25.—When the senators and representatives return to Washington to attend the approaching session of congress, they will be astonished at the transformation in the capitol. All the flues have been equipped with exhaust fans and other apparatus to stop the smoke from the fireplaces going the wrong way.

The entire upper portion of the rotunda has been cleaned and painted, and the "steamboat paint" of the sandstone walls has been completely scraped away, revealing the beautiful red-brown color and stratification of the walls. The rotunda now reminds one of the interior of a Greek temple. The color of the walls, the graining or stratification of the stone, harmonize with the historical paintings above, while in place of the old gas jets there has been installed 1,900 incandescent electric lights.

Old and obsolete plumbing has been replaced with an up-to-date system, and the whole building has received a thorough washing and scrubbing from top to bottom.

CAUGHT BY BELT.

Employe at South St. Paul Meets an Awful Death.

St. Paul, Oct. 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—Oscar Mosther, aged 25, unmarried, and a laborer in the lard department of Swift & Co., South St. Paul, was instantly killed while at work at 7 o'clock this morning.

His clothing caught in a belt, and in an instant his body was hurled round a wheel until he was crushed to death. There will be no inquest, as the case was declared by the coroner to be purely an accident.

INSURANCE AGENTS DEVELOP NEW SCHEME.

Los Angeles, Oct. 25.—A new and evidently entirely original form of insurance peculation was unearthed here yesterday when it was disclosed that two solicitors of the United Patriots of America, a local insurance order had been writing the applications of persons buried in the local cemeteries and after reporting the applications at the head office, collected advance moneys due them on the work. The solicitors disappeared a short time previous to the discovery of their scheme.

HAS A WOODEN LEG.

Vienna, Oct. 25.—The man named James Howard, who was arrested here in July, and who was believed to be Killoran, the American robber, also calls himself Pierre John Reed, and says he was born in New York in 1845. His left leg is of wood.

COLLEGE OF METHODIST BISHOPS BEGIN SEMI-ANNUAL CONFERENCE

Washington, Oct. 25.—The college of bishops of the Methodist Episcopal church comprising the governing body of that denomination, met in semi-annual conference here today. Several matters of interest and importance to Methorism are to be dealt with during the week. Particularly interesting will be the assignments which the bishops will give themselves in presiding over the spring conferences.

The disposition of the case of Prof. Hinkley G. Mitchell, elected by the board of trustees of the Boston university, to fill the chair of Hebrew, is perhaps the question of most popular interest. Six months ago the bishops refused to confirm the selection of Prof. Mitchell on the ground that his interest in the "higher criticism" of the Bible unfitted him to teach the fundamentals of Methodism. The trustees of the university have refused to concur in this decision and have reappointed the professor. Five years ago Prof. Mitchell was before the bishops and explained his belief to their satisfaction. Since that time he has published a book called "The World Before Abraham" in which it is alleged by many churchmen he has made heretical statements concerning the Old Testament. It was this work which was the basis of the adverse action six months ago, at which time the bishops were nearly equally divided over the question.

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INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

DULUTH WEATHER REPORT—Rain tonight and Thursday. Warmer tonight. Fresh to brisk southerly to easterly winds.



The Reefer

Warm as Toast.

It had its origin in the old English pea-jacket, which was worn by seafaring men and others exposed to the elements. Every manly boy likes it. It isn't in the way of the legs, yet it is warmer than mother's old shawl.

Our reefers are not only manly in appearance, but very neat and easily handled.

The line we call especial attention to in this announcement is made in unfinished blue and black materials with warm reliable lining. Just the garment for school and heavy weather. Ages 6 to 15. Price—

$2 to $6

THE DAYLIGHT STORE.

OAK HALL CLOTHING CO

4th Ave. W. and Sup. St

BODY FOUND ON THOMSON ROAD

Settler Comes Across the Corpse of an Unknown Man.

The dead body of an unknown man was found lying on the Thomson road, about six miles from West Duluth, this afternoon.

The body was discovered by a settler, who telephoned the information in to M. J. Filiatrault, the West Duluth undertaker, who left about 2 o'clock this afternoon to get the body.

The coroner has been notified, and as soon as the body has been brought in an investigation will be held to learn the cause of the man's death.

FRANK E. BRADLEY'S DEATH

Many of His Duluth Friends Have Just Heard of It.

Many of the Duluth friends of Frank E. Bradley, for a long time a resident of this city, learned first of his death in St. Paul a month ago through J. E. Meyers, state agent of the Aetna Life Insurance company, by which Mr. Bradley was employed, and who is in the city helping the family settle up some of his personal affairs. A notice was made of it at the time, but as he died in St. Paul, it was not made prominent, and many have just heard of it.

Mr. Bradley came to Duluth about 1888, and after engaging in the grocery business in West Duluth for a time, about five years ago became Duluth representative of the Aetna. A year and a half ago he moved to Minneapolis to take charge of the agency there, at the same time retaining his control of the Duluth office. A short time ago he concluded to give his whole attention to Duluth, and was preparing to do so at the time of his death. He had been here earlier looking for a home.

"Mr. Bradley's loss as a personal friend and as an employe of the Aetna is deeply felt," said Mr. Meyers this afternoon. "He was an invaluable employe, and he left his affairs with the company in an immaculate condition."

NO NEWS RECEIVED FROM THE STEAMER KALIYUGA.

Cleveland, Oct. 25.—Officials of the Cleveland Cliffs Iron company, owners of the steamer Kaliyuga, caught in the gale on Lake Huron, Friday, are still without any news regarding her fate. Many well informed marine men are inclined to think that she is lost with her crew of seventeen men, but J. B. Sheadle, manager of the company, has not entirely given up hope, because no sign of wreckage had appeared anywhere. Wreckage has been reported as sighted off Fairport, in Lake Erie. This may be from the steamer Tasmania, which foundered with all hands last Friday during the big storm. The life saving crew at Fairport has gone to the wreckage seen off that port.

THOSE WHO HAVE PASSED BEYOND

Cleveland, Oct. 25.—Henry S. Storrs, general superintendent of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern railway, died here today of paralysis, aged 57 years. Mr. Storrs was one of the best known railroad men in the country. He started his railroad career with the Burlington system as a switchman and steadily rose from that position. Five years ago he became assistant superintendent of the Lake Erie & Western road, a branch of the Lake Shore. A year later he was appointed general superintendent of the Lake Shore.

Madison, Wis., Oct. 25.—"Aunt" Martha Coon, one of the oldest residents of Wisconsin is dead at Albion, Dane county, aged 99 years. She was born Oct. 2, 1806 in Rhode Island, and married to John Coon in 1833. They settled in Wisconsin in 1842 and in Albion in 1845, she having never left the farm since. Her husband died in 1859.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 25.—Charles R. Searle of California, the American dentist, is dead of typhoid fever.

WISCONSIN'S WOMEN'S CLUBS MEET AT KENOSHA

Kenosha, Wis., Oct. 25.—The ninth annual convention of the State Federation of Women's clubs opened at the First Baptist church today with an attendance of more than 150 delegates representing eighty clubs in the leading cities of Wisconsin. Mrs. Edgar P. Sawyer of Oshkosh, president of the state organization, was in the chair at the opening session and all save two officers were present. As there is to be no election of officers at the convention this year, the main business will be the consideration of the new amendments proposed to the constitution and by-laws. The annual reports were decidedly gratifying to the members and officers of the federation. Mrs. Thomas Hoyt Brown of Milwaukee, the general federation secretary, gave a very interesting report of the work of the national federation during the year.

Mrs. Sarah Platt Decker president of the General Federation of Women's clubs, addressed the convention.

MUSKRATS CUT ROPES.

Madison, Wis., Oct. 28.—The mystery that has surrounded the cutting of ropes whereby many launches and row boats on Lake Mona and Lake Mendota have been let loose is believed to have been solved by the discovery of muskrats doing it. A watch was kept for vandals thought to be guilty.

Get the Habit!

Read the HERALD NOON EDITION

All the news of the world up to 12 o'clock.

The Associated Press Dispatches.

The Associated Press Cables.

The New York Stock Market.

The Boston Copper Market.

The World's Wheat Markets.

At your news stand or on the street—

One Cent!

LOSE PART OF THEIR GAINS

Copper Stocks Up Early, But React—Black Mountain Lower.

Copper stocks were strong and buoyant during the first half of the session today, but in the final hour they began to fall off somewhat. North Butte started at $56.50, advanced to $57.12½, and then fell to $56.12½. The close was at that price bid, and $56.25 asked.

Tecumseh was an active stock, advancing from a closing of $13.50 yesterday to $15.27½. It showed a gain of 1⅛ points at the close. Centennial, which has been an active stock, was off 1 point.

Bisbee stocks were inactive. Junction sold at $30, but aside from that there was nothing doing in them.

Black Mountain showed its first sign of weakening in several weeks. It fell to $8, selling at that price, but closed at $8 bid.

TO APPEAL TO THE PRESIDENT

Senator Clapp Wants Regulations For Sale of Timber Changed.

Washington, Oct. 25.—(Special to the Herald.)—Senator Clapp this morning had an extended interview with Commissioner of Indian Affairs Leupp relative to changing the regulations regarding the sale of timber on the White Earth Reservation. Senator Clapp desires the regulations so amended as to eliminate any chance of a successful bidder for the timber to secure a sawmill monopoly which apparently can be done under the regulations which have been promulgated to govern the sale of this timber. Commissioner Leupp and Senator Clapp apparently could not agree on an amendment of the regulations, and Senator Clapp, at the conclusion of the conference, stated that he intends to remain in Washington until the return of President Roosevelt and take the entire question up with the chief executive.

ARRANGEMENTS MADE FOR BIG RUSSIAN LOAN

Paris, Oct. 25.—Bankers forming the syndicate which is taking up the French portion of the Russian loan received a dispatch today from the French delegates at St. Petersburg announcing that the negotiations have been completed, that the contract is signed and that the delegates are to return to Paris, Oct. 27. The local bankers said the French portion is $12,000,000; the German portion, $80,000,000, and Great Britain and the United States will take $30,000,000 each. The rate is said to be 4 per cent and it is expected to sell the bonds at about 90.

A FORTY-NINER.

Old Fellow Tells of the Gold Seekers, Trials.

James A. Wainwright of Oakland, Cal., one of the original forty-niners, who fought their way to California during the great gold rush, was in St. Louis for a short time last week, says the St. Louis Republic. Mr. Wainwright, who is nearly 80 years old, came here from Philadelphia, where he had been visiting a grandson. He was met here by a nephew, Frank Blair, of Chicago, and the two dined at the Planters, and later departed together for Oakland.

Mr. Wainwright is active and able to travel alone. He made the trip from Oakland to Philadelphia alone, and returned as far as St. Louis, where his nephew met him. The two will finish the journey together. Mr. Wainwright grew reminiscent when he was seen in the lobby of the Planters.

"I can tell you," he said, "it is far different traveling these days than it was fifty-six years ago. That is a long time ago, and I am probably one of the few original forty-niners who have not crossed the great divide. I was living in Ohio when the gold rush came on. I was working on my father's farm, and all the neighbors' boys had caught the fever, and I suppose I caught it from them. I was only 21 years old, but boys in those days seem to me to have been much older and larger than their years.

"There were no railroads, and the trip would have to be made by wagon. A large number of outfits were starting from St. Louis, and four of us boys came here. It was a far different city in those days. I can tell you, from what it is now.

"Outfits were starting for the West every day and I joined one of them. It was a strenuous trip, and we had many an experience. The Indians were cutting up high jinks, and we almost had to fight our way across. In one of the Indian fights one of my companions, who had started on the trip with me, was injured, and died a few days later. We buried him on the plains, poor fellow, and searching for his grave now would be like looking for a needle in a haystack.

"California was reached after months of hard work, and then search for gold began. We were partly successful, but after a few months of prospecting and hard work I made up my mind that I could make my fortune sooner by going into business. I had made some money, and with it I started a supply store, near one of the big camps. A few weeks convinced me that I had adopted the better course.

"Justice in those days was rapid, and such a thing as a small technicality bringing about a stay and a new trial was not to be thought of. As is always the case, a bad element was attracted to the gold fields, and this element lived by robbing the more industrious workers. Robbery was punishable by death, and the guilty man was generally discovered and paid the penalty.

"I remember one incident that was somewhat amusing, and yet rather gruesome. A worthless chap, by the name of Billings, located near our camp. He had a pretty wife and two children, but he was a brute, pure and simple. He never did a bit of work and yet he seemed to have money enough to buy whiskey, and then after getting drunk he would beat his wife. A committee of the reliable citizens of the camp took his case in hand one night and decided that it would be better if Billings was out of the way. He had been suspected of several jobs and was soon brought before the committee charged with the crime. His trial was short and he was sentenced to be hanged.

"Just before the sentence was to be carried into effect one of the committee spoke about the wife and asked how she was to get along without some support. Another man said that the only thing to be done was to get another husband. Well, Billings was hanged and the camp was rid of a bad man. Two days later Mrs. Billings was married to a thrifty miner who had always had a liking for her, and everything was as good as could be.

"Those things all happened many years ago," said Mr. Wainwright, in conclusion, "but they do not seem to be so far back to me."

UP IN SMOKE.

Tobacco Leaf reports the manufacture in this country during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1905, of 7,689,337,207 cigars, an increase of 185,020,437 over the output of the preceding year, says the New York Sun. Our export trade in these goods is quite insignificant, and compared with this enormous total our import trade in foreign made cigars is little more than an inconsiderable incident. Our population of males who may be regarded as of "cigar age" is probably a little less than 24,000,000. Our domestic output was sufficient to supply each one of these with about 320 smokes during the year. As the consumers returns do not include statistics of smokers and nonsmokers, it is impossible to carry the calculation beyond that point.

The cigarette crop for the year was 3,368,212,740, an increase of 141,530,479 over 1904. We produced 21,131,861 pounds of snuff, an increase of 947,281 pounds. The output of smoking and chewing tobacco increased only about 2 per cent., from 328,650,710 pounds to 334,489,110 pounds. The total value of all this is not given, but the figures of the smaller output of that year are given by the census of 1900 as follows:

Tobacco, chewing, smoking and snuff	$103,754,362
Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes	160,223,152
Total	$263,977,514

The development of this industry is indicated by the census figures, which show the value of the product for 1880 as $116,772,631; for 1890 as $195,536,862, and for 1900 as $263,977,514. The increase for last year will certainly bring the figures to more than $300,000,000, which is a very pretty sum to spend for this form of combustibles.

Compared with our domestic trade, our foreign commerce in the weed amounts to little. Our total importation last year of tobacco in all its forms amounted to $22,145,846 and our exportation to $37,123,514.

Estimating our consumption by weight, it appears that we burned at the shrine of our Lady Nicotine something like 300,000 tons of tobacco last year.

CHILD MARRIAGES.

Yesterday at the Caxton hall, Westminster, Sirdar Arjan Singh addressed the East India association on "Early Marriages in India," says the London Post. Sirdar Arjan Singh said in India people married in childhood, sometimes in infancy, and not rarely the promise of marriage was made before birth. If a girl was unmarried at 12 she was regarded as disgraced and her father as a sinner. About 400,000 children in every five years were married when under 5 years of age. Many girls then married became widows while still babies or small children, and the misery of widowhood in India was incomceivable to the European mind.

Don't forget to phone your ad to The Saturday Herald.

Tomorrow Morning at 9 o'Clock

Only One Week More Your Coupons Hold Good—Don't Delay.

We open the second shipment of Women's Outer Garments at the same low prices as before.

Choice $4.95

Misses' and children's heavy Cheviot Coats, lined with red flannel, full loose back, well tailored; can't be matched for less than $7.50.

Ladies' and misses' long loose Coats, made of mannish mixtures and fancy cloakings. Don't pay $6.00, $6.50 and $7.50 when you can buy just as good a garment at $4.95.

$7.50 Coats—Worth $10.00.

$9.50 Coats—Worth $12.50.

We have replenished the assortment of garments at $7.50 and $9.95; considered the best garments at the Head of the Lakes at these figures.

More fur lined garments for Ladies and Misses; ranging from $17.50 to $75.00.

ALBENBERGS

50c for 37c. 36-inch fancy figured Mohairs.

48c for 33c. 27-inch French Flannels; neat stripe effects.

10c for 5c. 100 yards Corticelli Spool Silks; black only.

10c for 6½c. One case of English Flannelettes, standard quality cloth.

$1.25 for 92c. 50 dozen Mercerized Satine Waists; pretty box plaited front; all the appearances of high grade silk waists.

25c for 15c. Women's Fleeced Underwear—the same kind as offered by us last week and we've sold one case in a day.

75c and 98c at 59c. Misses' and Children's Patent Leather Hats and Tams.

$1.25 to $1.50 at 98c. Women's Street Hats—every one of this season's style.

6c and 7c at 3¾c. 100 pieces of standard quality Apron Gingham.

We Are Not

the only makers of Mounted Diamond Jewelry, **BUT** we are the only jewelers that produce distinctly original artistic effects that appeal to the refined trade.—Such goods are "not to be found elsewhere"—hence our phenomenal success.

F. D. DAY & CO.

315 West Superior St. Fashionable Jewelers.

THE GREAT SMOKE SALE

Is the sensation of the week. Thousands of pleased customers have crowded our store to the doors each day. Tomorrow we have planned to make the biggest day of all. Read carefully this list of specials. Every one a money saver:

Men's $12 High Storm Collar Ulsters, $6.98; Men's $15 Overcoats, $7.98; Men's $1 Caps, 50c; Men's Working Pants, 98c; Men's Black Cheviot $16.50 Suits, $9.98; single or double-breasted; Men's Mixed Suits, your choice, $6.98; Boys' $7.50 Long Overcoats, $3.98; Boys' Caps, 2 for 25c; Boys' $1.00 Pants, 50c; Girls' Dresses, 50c; Girls' Coats, 98c to $2.98; Girls' Hats, 50c; Girls' Mackintoshes, 98c; Ladies' Skirts, 98c to $2.98; Ladies' Hats, 50c; Ladies' All Wool Blouse Vests, $1.98; Ladies' Capes, $2.98. Teamsters can get a snap on Storm Coats and Mackinaws. Supply your wants now. Your credit is good.

GATELY'S

8 East Superior Street.

NORWEGIANS WANT PRINCE CHARLES

Storthing Asks For Full Power To Negotiate With Him.

Christiania, Oct. 25.—The government, at a secret session of the storthing today, asked to be endowed with full power to negotiate with Prince Charles of Denmark for his acceptance of the crown of Norway, on the understanding that the people of Norway endorse the decision of the storthing and the government by a referendum, similar to that taken Aug. 13, on the question of the dissolution of the union. The debate was postponed until Friday.

A. B. SIEWERT & CO.

ARRIVING ALMOST DAILY—

SHIRTS, NECKWEAR, GLOVES, UNDERWEAR AND HOSIERY, HANDK'F'S, HATS AND CAPS.

The best foreign and American manufacturers are represented in our large stocks.

A. B. SIEWERT & CO.

Hatters and Furnishers,

304 West Superior Street.



Are You Prepared For a Sudden Fall

In the temperature? Do you need a fall suit, an overcoat or a hat? If so, you can buy it here at the lowest price for which stylish up-to-date clothing can be sold.

EAGLE

CLOTHING AND SHOE HOUSE.

Between First and Second Avenues East.

NEW YORK STORE

Between First and Second Avenues East.

109 EAST SUPERIOR STREET.

FOUR POINTED BARGAINS

AGGRESSIVE BUYING characterizes the way women who desire the right wearables yet cannot afford the fancy nabob stores' prices appreciate what we are doing. They come to us, not to talk, but to buy; and they do buy, bringing others to buy. The following four are SIMPLY BARGAINS, opportune to the SAVING WOMAN. They satisfy the best demands of style, quality and purse.

FOR THURSDAY AND FRIDAY.

$9.98 COATS $9.98

Daily selling from $15 to $18, extremely desirable coats in medium and heavy weights of cheviots, meltons, mannish mixtures and other choice cloaking in all the leading swagger, fitting, half fitting and box back styles—¾, figure and full figure lengths. A stroke of market vigilance gave us these at an under value price. The style, the quality and the price commend them to you.

More Skirts at $2.98.

There are just a few more of that big lot of $4.44 Skirts left and we have decided to let these go also at the low price of $2.98. You know that they are selling everywhere at $5, $6 and $7. In black, blue and brown Panama, with latest box plaiting; two rows of waist shirring.

200 Skirts at $6.83

These must make room for our increasing stock of Coats and Furs. It includes our regular selling values to $10, and means that you get the ordinary stores' $15 and $18 Skirts. Choose freely among Panamas, cheviots, serges, and mannish materials; in black, blue, brown, gray and green. All of the very latest styles and fashions. Your sense of value demands your taking advantage of this offer.

Furs at $6.83.

Did you not know our reliability, we should not dare tell you that our offerings of Furs—to introduce to you warm wintry bargains—include those for which others ask $8 to $15. These are some 100-inch Brown Bear Boas and 80-inch Black Bear Scarfs of long, glossy hair—extra double length sable blend, mink blend, and sable opossum Fur Scarfs of long silky hair, with silk sliding cord and fur tassels.



THE SURTOUT

A THREE BUTTON DOUBLE BREASTED OVERCOAT.

THE PALETOT

A SINGLE BREASTED OVERCOAT, FROCK BACK EFFECT.

The close-fitting, tight collar, heavy lapels, form fitting waist and a full sweep to the skirt give that much desired effect demanded by all fashionably dressed men.

$20, $22.50, $25, $30, $35.

The BIG DULUTH
Williamson & Mendenhall.

E. L. MILLAR STEPS OUT

Says He Is Not Likely to Enter the Mayoralty Fight.

Mayor Cullum Will Probably Have No Opponent In Primaries.

E. L. Millar, who has been prominently mentioned as a Republican candidate for mayor, has practically withdrawn from the field.

"I don't believe I shall be a candidate," said Mr. Millar last evening. "It would be foolish for me to make the race just at the present time. I have just started into some new lines of business, and it will take me all my time to get them organized and keep them running smoothly. I wouldn't like to give that as my final decision, but I don't believe I shall run."

With Mr. Millar and Mr. Segog both out of the field, Alderman R. D. Haven and H. B. Knudsen are about the only ones concerning whom there is any talk.

In ward politics there have been no new developments during the last week or ten days.

Alderman McEwen has not yet decided whether or not he will try for a third term in the Fifth ward.

"Two terms is long enough for a man to seek the office," said Mr. McEwen. "If the people in the ward want me to run again and signify their wishes, I will run, but otherwise I will step out and make way for somebody else."

Efforts are being made to get Alderman Wilson to run again in the First ward, and they will probably be successful.

In the Second ward there is a clear field and nobody is making any active fight for the position as yet.

In the Sixth, Alderman Olson will step out, and some Scandinavian Republican will probably be found for his place.

In the Seventh ward the situation is complicated by the position of Alderman Haven on the mayoralty question. If he should decide to run for mayor M. J. Filiatrault may be induced to make another attempt. His hard fight against Alderman Barnes last year, would warrant some hopes being entertained by the Democrats of his beating out any person that could be put up against him, if Alderman Haven were out of the way.

In the Eighth ward there are signs of a concerted movement by the Democrats to beat out Alderman Chesney, who is planning to run for a second term.

Only five weeks now remain before the last day of filing for the primaries.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Stunning Fur Lined Coats $19.50
Swagger English Coats $12.50
Tomorrow.



Two of our most popular numbers in practical wraps at a small price. The fur-lined Coat also has large fur collar and is lined throughout with Hamster lining. The English coat is a new model and generously made from English and Scotch worsteds.

MORE BEAUTIFUL WRAPS AT $25.00.

At this price we can please the most critical with every stylish and fashionable creation. Tight-fitting broadcloth coats in black and colors; beautiful English models in exclusive effects and many rich fur-lined styles; values usually selling at $35.00 and $40.00, on sale tomorrow at $25.00.

MAN TAILORED SUITS, $18.50.

A large and varied showing of long and short coat effects in smart winter fabrics; English and Scotch tweeds and mixtures; odd numbers from broken lines, selling at $25.00 and $29.50.

NEW WALKING SKIRTS, $5.75.

A serviceable skirt for all occasions at a popular price, made from good quality Panama cloth and thoroughly tailored.

NEW VOILE SKIRTS, $10.75.

A strictly tailor-made skirt in all popular shades and black; made from fine quality voile in an entirely new model; a skirt without an equal at this price.

JAUNTY SUIT HATS, $3.50.

(3rd Floor.)

We place on sale a generous selection of smart Suit Hats that have been selling at $4.50 and $5.00; new conceptions in the most desirable shades, such as new shades in green, blue and brown. Take a look through this splendid showing; you'll find just what you want at a big saving.

Smart Fur Neck Pieces $5.75 Tomorrow.

Smart Neck Pieces, $5.75 tomorrow. A handsome collection of these desirable ties and throws, made from selected natural squirrel. Special tomorrow—$5.75.

The Store of Quality.

Silberstein & Bondy Company. Silberstein & Bondy Company.

WEST DULUTH

CHURCH ON OWN GROUND

Swedish Mission Church Moved to the High-mark Property.

Bad Boy Problem Bobs Up Again In West Duluth.

The Swedish Mission church has been moved from the corner of Cody street and Sixtieth avenue west to the corner of Green street and Fifty-ninth avenue and services will be held at the new location next Sunday. No services were held at the church last Sunday for the reason that the building was being moved and the congregation would not only have to chase the church, but would probably be unsafe within it.

The church is now on ground owned by the congregation through the generosity of L. P. Highmark, who a short time ago presented the lots to the congregation. The church has been set back from the street some distance as it is planned to put additions both on the front and rear.

The Ladies' Aid society of the church will meet at the parsonage, 335 Fifty-ninth avenue west on Thursday evening and the Young People's society will meet at the same place the same evening.

410 Central Avenue.

I can save you money on Cash Orders

For winter supplies of fancy and staple groceries. In our meat market we are cutting prices wide open.

Pork Chops, per lb.....12½c
Boiling Beef, per lb.....4c, 6c and 8c
Round Steak, per lb.....12½c

All kinds of choice meats and poultry at lowest prices. Both 'phones.

W. B. MALLOUGH,

Independent Grocer and Butcher.

Hurry! Hurry!

It is becoming cold fast, and the days remind you of your fur coats and full supply of coal.

How about your BUTTER? We will remind you of that. "NON-EXCELLED" BUTTER—that's the kind.

MURRAY BROS.,
Makers.

NO REASON DISCOVERED FOR THE SUICIDE OF CLEVELAND WOMAN

New York, Oct. 25.—Coroner Scholer today investigated the suicide of Miss Mary Caley of Cleveland, who shot herself in the head at Aberdeen. No reason for the suicide was discovered last night in any of the letters left by the young woman, but the coroner ascertained today that a short time before her suicide yesterday, Miss Caley received a message by telephone to the hotel. The message merely stated that the sender—a man—could not see Miss Caley, and that he was sorry. It is believed that the receipt of this message may have had something to do with Miss Caley's suicide.

Letters found in the possession of Miss Caley, signed "Jack," together with information given by the clerk of the Aberdeen, that a young man who sometimes called on Miss Caley had given the name of Jack, and Mr. McIlvane, led to many inquiries for a Jack McIlvane. It was learned today that Miss Caley was a married woman. The young woman went by her maiden name.

Akron, Ohio, Oct. 25.—Disappointment in a love affair is the only cause that Mrs. George Clark can give for the suicide of her daughter, Mary Jeanatte Caley in New York, but Mrs. Clark cannot be convinced that she took her own life. "She expected to marry 'Jack' as soon as she could get a divorce from Frank Pitzer," said Mrs. Clark. "She thought a great deal of 'Jack' and was trying to get a separation in the courts. She would not live with Pitzer because she said he had another favorite, and she was afraid of the woman for whom Pitzer showed the most love."

BAD BOY MATTER.

Young Ruffians Do Damage to a Residence That Is Building.

The old matter of incorrigible boys in West Duluth has again been brought to the attention of Truant Officer H. C. Withrow. A few days ago some boys entered the house of Mrs. H. Govett on Fifty-seventh avenue west, the house being in course of construction, and the marauders punctured the plaster and did other serious damage. One of them or a suspect was arrested and may be sent to Faribault before he is through with. The Herald has mentioned several times about these boys and the nuisances they make of themselves. It is getting to be a serious problem in West Duluth, but the parents either do not pay attention to the warnings received, or are unable to handle their boys, for the mischief still goes on.

One West Duluthian said concerning this matter:

"Parents by neglecting the boys or by not forcing them to act right if force is necessary, are doing the boys themselves a great injury and preparing the way for later bringing sorrow to themselves. Under the conditions which now exist, I fear that a fine school for criminality is being conducted among the boys at West Duluth, and later when the boys do commit some crime and are sent to prison for it, I suppose these same parents will bewail it and rail against alleged injustice of officers and courts. It appears to me that now is the time to shut off that avenue of grief, but the parents do not seem to do it. I should think the clergy of this end of the city could find a fit subject for a sermon or a series of sermons for that matter in this very evil. It is better to prevent crime, and then the world will not need reforming."

West Duluth Briefs.

H. Richardson and family left today for Seattle, Wash., where Mr. Richardson will be filer in a sawmill. They have been residents of West Duluth for years, living at 216 South Fifty-seventh avenue west, and their departure is much regretted.

M. Murphy of Grand Marais is visiting his daughter, Mrs. Joseph Brotherton, of 519 Fifty-eighth avenue west.

Wholesale prices on all shoes at Lauermann's.

Frank Tims is here from his contract work in Michigan, looking after business in connection with the estate of his late brother, Martin Tims, who died last spring.

Duluth chapter, No. 59, R. A. M., held a meeting last evening.

The cooling atmosphere prevalent at this time, and which seems to be taking hold for keeps, is encouraging the curlers, who are ready for sport as soon as the ice can be made.

Lauermann, the shoe man, is going into manufacturing, and is closing out his shoe stock at cost.

The lack of heat in street cars is causing great inconvenience for those who travel between Duluth and West Duluth.

A number of Odd Fellows from West Duluth visited the lodge at the West end last evening.

John Rollers of Bellingham, Wash., formerly of West Duluth, is visiting friends here for the first time in ten years.

Arrangements are being made by Rev. K. E. Forsell and N. C. Hendricks of West Duluth to try to get a class for foreign-born young men at West Duluth, under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A., similar to the one which is being formed at the West end.

WOMEN'S PRAYERS

To Aid In Fight on the Machine In Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, Oct. 25.—Prayers and ballots are the weapons on which the reform workers of the city rely to overthrow the Republican machine on election day. The women will do the praying, while the men vote. Religious organizations all over the city have taken up the movement started by the Woman's Christian Temperance union to set aside six hours on election day to pray that victory will perch on the banner of Mayor Weaver. In addition to the women will fast.

When the men came home at night they will be asked if they voted "right," and woe betide any one who answers in the negative, for though no official program has been arranged in this regard, it is freely predicted that the wives, sisters and daughters who have been on their knees for six hours and have had nothing to eat all day will be in no amiable frame of mind if they find their efforts have been wasted.

The saloons will be closed on election day, but the churches will be open for the long prayer meetings. In Northwest Philadelphia Mrs. Jennie Morley will preside over the services in one church, and among those who will assist her are Bishop McCabe and Former Bishop Cyrus D. Foss, whose son is secretary of the City party campaign committee.

Cupid has been evoked as an ally of Mayor Weaver by the women's City party committee, which just now is very busy. Every young woman in Philadelphia will be asked to discourage the attentions of young men who do not avow their intention of voting against the machine. House to house canvasses are being made to enlist the aid of the women, young and old. Public meetings also are being held, and these are largely attended by men.

The Methodist ministers of the city have adopted resolutions pledging themselves to stand by Mayor Weaver and to urge members of their congregations to vote for him. The Baptist ministers passed similar resolutions.

Woodsmen Are Decieved.

Very few men are able to tell a new watch from an old one and it is an every day occurrence that the happy purchaser of a watch finds to his sorrow that the watch he bought at what he considered a bargain is only a second hand article polished up to appear like new.

Harris & Esterly, the Spalding hotel jewelers, carry the largest and most complete stock of new watches at the Head of the Lakes and their prices are positively the lowest that new watches can be sold for.

Rogers and Party Here.

W. A. Rogers, president of the Rogers Iron Mining company, Hugh Kennedy, and a party of five mining men arrived in Duluth this morning over the Omaha, from Buffalo, New York.

At noon, they left in a special train over the Duluth, Missabe & Northern road for a tour of the iron ranges. They will probably return this evening.

"A dose in time saves lives," Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup; nature's remedy for coughs, colds, pulmonary diseases of every sort.



Royal AND Radiant Home Stoves

are our leaders and have been for many years.

Every one absolutely guaranteed.

Royal Base Burners.....$33 to $42
Royal Ranges.....$32 to $45
Radiant Home Heaters, $45, $50 and $55
Wood Heaters.....$2.00 to $15.00
Round Oaks.....$6.00 to $30.00

Everything in the stove line at prices that will please you and quality that lasts.

F. H. WADE, Hardware and Stoves WEST DULUTH.

SITUATION IN RUSSIA.

(Continued from page 1.)

a continuation of the strike could only result in bloodshed, either by compelling the interference of the military or by the famine stricken populaces of the cities turning upon the strikers.

"Remember," he said, "the government may fail, but with it you will perish also by playing into the hands of the bourgeoise you are fighting."

In conclusion, Count Witte advised the men to return to work, but his advice, however, was howled down and the resolution to strike was adopted.

Prince Hilkoff believes that the strike cannot be prolonged, as the men are without funds. Besides this, he declares it is impossible for the men to realize their dream of tieing up all the railroads simultaneously. With the assistance of the railroad battalions some trains, the prince says, will be run.

Some of the revolutionary leaders here declare the present strike is simply a test of strength as a prelude to a complete strike of all the social groups.

There was considerable excitement today at all the railroad stations which are in possession of troops. Not a train departed. The railroad battalions were called out and an attempt will be made to man a train to Moscow and the frontier tomorrow. Collisions are feared. Great crowds assembled at the Moscow station and gendarmes interfered twice to restore order, but there was no bloodshed.

The leaders of the strikers on the Moscow and Warsaw lines after the consultation have planned a big meeting for Oct. 29. There are 40,000 railroad employes, and their average wages is $149 per annum. The minister of railroads has ordered that an allowance of $1 per day for food be made in the case of first-class passengers who are detained enroute, and that 50 cents be allowed to second-class, and 25 cents to third-class passengers.

This afternoon's reports show an enormous extension of the strike. All of the Poland lines are tied up, and a strike has begun on the great Southwestern system, covering the territory southward from Kieff toward Odessa.

The German Red Cross which has arrived here from the front is unable to leave St. Petersburg.

Trains in the Baltic provinces are not running and the situation is reported very bad at Riga and Libau.

The railroad stations here are guarded by police and troops, the soldiers in the barracks are kept under arms and squads of Cosacks are in evidence in the streets, which are filled with idle men.

In addition to the strike of the workmen of the Obukhoff, Putiloff, Nevsky, Alexandrovski and Kolpino works, all the employes of the factories on the Schusselburg Chausse walked out today in sympathy with the railroad strikers.

Bloody conflicts have occurred at Ekaterinoslav.

The price of food is increasing. Meat in the markets is one-third higher than yesterday. The people are becoming alarmed.

The postoffice refuses to accept registered letters, parcels or money for transmission abroad.

The radical papers are in open sympathy with the strikers. The Nass Shisn has been confiscated. The Slovo, Liberal, condemns the strike as a colossal blunder. Hospital trains having on board 500 sick and wounded soldiers from Manchuria are held up near Moscow. The condition of the men is said to be pitiable.

Warsaw, Oct. 25.—Communication with St. Petersburg is interrupted. Russian agitators are circulating on the Vienna railroad, calling on employes to join in the strike. Strong patrols of infantry and cavalry occupy the streets, and troops are guarding the railroad and government buildings.

Four hundred and forty employes of the Vienna railroad have decided to strike. The last train leaves Warsaw at 5:20 this afternoon.

Copenhagen, Oct. 25.—Anarchy prevails at Riga, Russia, according to a dispatch received from there by the Politiken. Conflicts are frequent, many persons have been killed or wounded, and the government spirit shops have been looted and destroyed. The pyrotechnic has been closed.

Moscow, Oct. 25.—At a meeting of the engineers here today it was decided that it was imperative that all engineers, whatsoever their employment, cease work from today.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES.

Itching, Blind, Bleeding, Protruding Piles Druggists are authorized to refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

RECTOR PLAYS POOL.

Some Church Members Object and He Is Now Out.

Chicago, Oct. 25.—"Dr. Stone does play a good game of whist, and a better game of pool. And I may add that he is even a better preacher than he is a pool player," said Walter W. Wilcox, a heavy holder of real estate interests in Irving Park, when speaking of Rev. Henry Charles Stone, late rector of St. John's Episcopal church at Irving Park.

Mr. Stone has resigned his charge, the resignation has been accepted, and it is said the former pastor will go to a much larger charge in the East. His fondness for the card games and the pool tables of the Country club were alleged as the reason for the vestrymen asking him for his resignation.

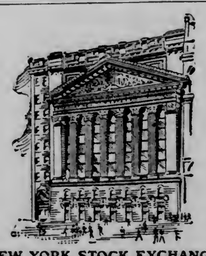
Dr. Stone has not denied the card playing or the ability of pool. Nor has he taken very much trouble to explain matters of any sort. His friends, and they seem to be numerous in the thrifty suburb, declare the influence of the clergyman always was for good.

"His life has been correct. He has attended to the church services. He has induced many young men to quit loafing on the streets or running downtown every night, and has brought them into the club. And a good many of them have followed him to church, as I have done," said a business man who is both a clubman and a member of the congregation of St. John's. "I never went to church until I became acquainted with Dr. Stone, and if a good preacher is to be driven out of the pulpit because he plays whist and pool in his spare time, I don't know that I ever will go again."

Two of Mr. Sone's vestrymen state that they know nothing improper in the late pastor's life, but that his resignation seemed demanded because of a large element of his church thought the moral influence of a clergyman who played games was not for the best.

Galloway Makes Answer.

Prandia Galloway, who has been sued for a divorce by Mercy L. Galloway, has filed an answer to the complaint, in district court, in which he admits that he filed a petition of insanity against his wife, in probate court, for the purpose of having the question of her sanity tested. He denies that the petition was wilfully, wrongfully or maliciously made, but claims that he still thinks Mrs. Galloway is of weak mind and at times irrational and insane, not capable of knowing what she is doing. He still contends that she ought to be committed to an asylum.



NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

To be "dressed like a New York Broker" is easy. Choose the Single or Double Breasted Cheviots, Worsteds, Cassimeres and Thibet Sack Suits labeled

Alfred Benjamin & Co.
MAKERS NEW YORK

The makers' guarantee, and ours, with every garment bearing this label.

We are exclusive agents here.

Oak Hall Clothing Co.

Cor. Fourth Ave. W. and Sup. St.

California

$34.90 for a "colonist" ticket via the Santa Fe, from Minneapolis and St. Paul to California.

Daily until to October 31.
Through Tourists Pullmans and personally-conducted excursions.
Any line to Kansas City, thence on the Santa Fe through scenic Southwest.
Solid, dustless track, and Harvey meals.

Ask C. C. Carpenter, Santa Fe agent at Guaranty Bldg., Minneapolis.

WOODSMAN IS ROBBED OF $100

Anton Thompson Awakes to Find His Roommate Gone.

While sleeping in a room on lower Lake avenue with a man whom he had never met before, Anton Thompson, a woodsman, claims to have been robbed of $100 last night.

Thompson came to the city with about three months' wages, and started in drinking at the Lake avenue saloons. He met a stranger who made himself agreeable, and last night the two men occupied the same room, Thompson being intoxicated when they retired.

When he woke up the stranger and the money were gone, and the police are now looking for both.

It is the old time hold-up game that has been practiced in the Bowery and Lake avenue resorts for years, but the woodsmen apparently never learn to steer clear of the sleek strangers.

Adverse Possession Case Filed.

G. Willis Peters and Lucy Dodge Peters, as executors of the last will and testament of John L. Dodge, deceased, have started adverse possession proceedings in district court against John Larson, who resides on and is in possession of lots E and F, block 39, Hunter & Markell's Grassy Point addition to Duluth.

REGULATION OF RAILROAD RATES

Will Be Considered By Senate Committee on Nov. 21.

Washington, Oct. 25.—Senator Elkins, chairman of the senate committee on interstate commerce, today called a meeting of that committee for Nov. 21, for the purpose of considering testimony taken earlier in the summer, relative to the regulation of railroad rates with the ultimate view of presenting a bill to the senate. Ever since the hearings on the subject closed, the committee has had two experts and a number of clerks employed compiling information for the use of the committee and the senate. They have collected a large mass of data and will have it in shape available for the committee's benefit. The committee will take up the entire subject as if no bill had been considered heretofore, but it is expected the chairman will be prepared to present a measure of his own as a basis for discussion. Senator Foraker also has a bill which will receive consideration. It is expected that when once convened the committee will continue its work until the opening of congress on Dec. 4, and it is by no means probable that it will conclude by that time.

D. E. H., Oct. 25, 1905.

GORDON FURS

are the kind a merchant can guarantee to be all right.

That's the reason why they can be found at the Columbia stores in Duluth and Superior.

We had a fur coat customer last Saturday who weighed 285 pounds and was near 7 feet in height. Of course we could fit him!

COLUMBIA CLOTHING CO.

Foot Note—Wear The Columbia $3.50 Shoe.



Last evening at the Lester Park Methodist church one of the most charming of the fall weddings took place when Miss Grace Eden Richards, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Richards, became the bride of Ralph James Davis. The pretty little church was decorated in green and white. Ground pine, palms and smilax were used and at the back of the chancel, where the bridal party stood a curtain of ground pine was hung, making an effective background for the party. Palms and great white chrysanthemums banked the steps leading to the altar and about the church the greens and beautiful white flowers were used.

At eight o'clock the bridal party entered the church. First came Miss Helen Clothier who sang "Come Forth My Love," as she walked down the aisle scattering rose leaves. Mr. Davis with his best man, Richart T. Close, entered by one aisle while the ushers, Carroll Graff and Ralph P. Moore, walked down the other followed by the bridesmaids, Miss Fannie Howes and Miss Kate Kennedy. The maid of honor, Miss Irma Richards, immediately preceeded the bride and her father. At the altar they were awaited by Rev. J. W. Powell who read the marriage service.

In the gowns and flowers of the wedding party pink and white only appeared. The bride wore a charming gown of white crepe over silk trimmed with lace and wore a veil caught with a pearl brooch, the gift of the groom. A shower boquet of bride's roses and lillies of the valley completed her costume. The maid of honor, Miss Irma Richards wore a gown of white net over pink silk with a pink and white picture hat and carried pink roses. The bridesmaids were gowned in mull daintily trimmed in lace, with white picture hats and carried pink roses. The wedding music was played by La Brosse's orchestra.

There was no formal reception, but following the ceremony an informal reception was held at the Richards home at Lester Park for the relatives only. The rooms were prettily decorated in green and white in the reception room and pink roses and greens in the other rooms. Assisting in the dining room were Miss Virginia deHaas of St. Paul, Miss Florence Smith of Iowa and Miss Judd.

Among the guests were the groom's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John H. LaVaque, Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Macdonald, Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Richards, Mr. and Mrs. Earl Richards of Stevenson, Minn., Carver Richards from the state university, Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Macdonald of St. Cloud, Mrs. F. M. Barnard of Minneapolis, Mrs. R. H. Hankinson of Hankinson, N. D., and Mrs. H. L. Hankinson of Minneapolis.

Mr. and Mrs. Davis left on a night train for a wedding trip to Winnipeg. The bride's going away gown was a blue suit with hat to match. After a short trip Mr. and Mrs. Davis will return to this city where they will be at home.

At St. Paul's Church.

A reception will be held tomorrow evening at the rectory of St. Paul's church at yhich Rev. and Mrs. A. W. Ryan and vestry of the church assisted by the Ladies' Guild, will receive the members, attendants and friends of the church.

The affair is in honor of the thirty-sixth anniversary of St. Paul's church in this city, and those interested have planned to make the reception a most interesting affair. The attendants and friends of the church are especially invited to be present.

Wedded at Beloit.

The wedding of Miss Alberta Stevens, formerly of Duluth, and C. E. Udell of Beloit, Wis., took place Tuesday evening, Oct. 3, at the home of the bride's mother at Beloit. The bride is well known in Duluth, where the family resided for a number of years. Mr. and Mrs. Udell will be at home in Beloit. Among the guests at the wedding were Mr. and Mrs. B. S Riddle of this city.

Literature Class.

The Literature class of the Twentieth Century club held the second meeting of the year yesterday afternoon at the club room of the library. This class is coming to the fore as one of the most interesting and studious of the club's classes, and the program for the year of Russian literature is one that is proving attractive to many. The leader of the class is Mrs. C. H. Merritt, and meetings are held every two weeks. Over twenty were in attendance yesterday.

Browning Class.

The second meeting of the year of the morning Browning class will be held tomorrow at the club room of the library. The lecture will begin promptly at 10:15, and the members are urged to be in the room at that time in order that the lecturer and audience may not be disturbed by interruptions of late arrivals. Before the lecture an opportunity will be given those desiring to join the class, and at the conclusion of the lecture. Rev. J. W. Powell will begin tomorrow the series of five lectures on "The Ring and the Book."

Events of Interest.

Mrs. F. N. Allen was hostess at cards today at her home at 231 West Fifth street.

• • •

The Ladies' Reading club of Duluth Heights will meet tomorrow afternoon with Mrs. Robert Johnston. This class devotes its time to the reading of late novels.

• • •

Last evening the Olcott club of Duluth Heights was entertained by Miss Mary Hendry.

Personal Mention.

Mrs. T. H. Hawkes and Mrs. George S. Richards returned last evening from Minneapolis, where they attended the Minnesota Federation of Women's clubs.

• • •

Mrs. B. H. Bowman of Kansas City is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. George F. Foster of 118 Seventh avenue east.

• • •

Mrs. Joseph Laroche of Cloquet is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Victer of Lake avenue.

• • •

Mrs. Joseph Brown will entertain the Rebecca Thimble Bee tomorrow afternoon at her home, 410 West Fourth street.

QUEER PROFESSION.

Toronto Woman Who Makes Spanking Her Life Business.

It took genius to discover that there is a place in this complex world for a professional spanker. The discovery is a recent one, and the genius who is profiting by her inspiration is Miss Maude Kelly, an attractive, well-educated young woman living in Toronto, Canada. She sends out private circulars notifying parents that she "corrects" children for a reasonable consideration and is ready at all hours to visit homes where her services are required.

Miss Kelly takes pride in her profession and talks about it as it it were the most natural thing in the world. Recently in an interview she talked of her experience and her methods.

"I was formerly a teacher of gymnastic exercises," she said. "One afternoon I visited a friend of mine. Seeing she was greatly worried, I asked her what was the matter, and she told me her son Harry was incorrigible. I suggested a whipping. 'Oh, I couldn't manage it,' she said. 'Ask his father to do it, then,' I pursued. 'He is away in New York,' she replied, 'and will not be back for a week.' Evidently Harry deserved punishment, and the situation demanded that it be inflicted at once. I knew the family very well, and I offered my services as a friend. They were accepted. Harry was a boy of 11, but I took him into the nursery and spanked him very soundly.

"After that Harry's mother came to me frequently, and friends of hers got to hear of my kindly offices and asked me to act for them. My income was small, extra money would be useful, and I decided to make a business of juvenile correction.

"I never punish boys over 12. Not that I am afraid of them. I guess not! I thrashed a brother of mine when he was 15, but the circumstances are different. Rousseau's 'Confessions' illustrate the dangers of women chastising boys who are neither big nor little. It is my object to act always with propriety, and it is for that reason I have adopted an age limit. There is no harm in a woman taking a child across her knee. I am not unduly severe, but I make my patients smart, even though I whip some of them through their clothes."

Miss Kelly's picture shows her to be a young lady of determination and evident vigor. Although some of her ideas are eccentric, her disposition is amiable, and it is said that she has many friends, even among the children she has spanked.

WITHOUT SENTIMENT

Shameless Husband Who Deserves to Be Divorced.

If it wasn't for the children the woman would get a divorce. She has been deceived for ten years. That is the period of her married life. The courtship leading up to the nuptial contract covered two years. In that time the man and the woman wrote many letters. The woman wrote 746 and the man 715, says the New York Press. The day before the wedding the woman said:

"Henry, have you kept all my letters?"

"Every one," said Henry.

"How sweet of you," murmured the woman. "Now, I'll tell you what we will do, I have made two sofa pillows, one for you and one for me. Instead of stuffing them with cotton or feathers or sweet balsam we will fill them with our old love letters and keep them forever and ever. Won't that be lovely?"

Henry said that he though it would be. So the woman gave him his pillow cover. It was very pretty, also it was appropriate. It was made of green satin, embroidered in gold. It said, "From one I love." Her pillow also was an ornate affair.

As soon as the woman and her husband went to housekeeping she placed the two pillows side by side on the sofa. When they began to get dusty she packed them away in scented tissue paper and put them in a dark closet. Once a week she took them out and patted them and said, "Dear Henry."

One day last week the woman remembered a certain poetic effusion she had one time written to Henry. She wished to see just how she had worded it, so she opened the sofa pillow and looked for the letter. It was not there. None of her letters were there. Instead of stuffing the pillow with her loving epistles Henry, the wretch, had used old bills and business letters and circulars, because, as he shamelessly admitted when taxed with his disloyalty, he didn't want to take chances on being made to feel like a fool by having "all that tommyrot brought out against him when he reached the age of gray hairs and discretion.

Offerings In the Market

Pop corn, 2 years old, 4 and 5 cents per pound.

Nuts, black walnuts, butter nuts, etc., 40 to 50 cents a peck.

Hot house tomatoes, 15 cents per pound.

Mushrooms, 60 cents per pound.

Peaches, Michigan October lates, 35 cents a basket.

Oysters, 40 to 50 cents per quart.

Frogs legs, 20 cents a dozen.

The time of cozy fires, rosy cheeked apples and pans of butter-dripping pop corn is suggested in the stores by the baskets of nuts, which are given prominent place, and the quantities of uninteresting-looking yellow corn, which gives no promise of the pans of snowy beauty, which will result therefrom. In getting pop corn, few people realize that the corn is kept two years to mature before placed on sale. And when one remembers that, and the times one has asked for good, fresh pop corn, and the polite clerk has murmured, "Yes, certainly, I'll see to that myself," it seems that the brand new bride is not the only one who makes mistakes which amuse the clerks. When you get pop corn again, or any of the black walnuts, butter nuts, or such like, remember they have all been kept two years and allowed to mature.

The market still holds a few of the late fruits. The last of the Michigan peaches, with a really delicious flavor, are still offered, but the pears which one may get are the cold storage variety, until the "Winter Nelles," a winter russet pear, will come within a few weeks' time, and remain during most of the winter season. The hot house tomatoes are the only kind shown, and the household that will indulge in these "love apples" will do so at the rate of 15 cents a pound.

Oyster stew and oyster cocktails are what everybody is enjoying these days, for cold, crisp autumn days are the days when oysters taste best. Frogs legs are another delicacy that some are enjoying, and will until the ponds and rivers freeze over and the season ends.



ROUGH DIAMONDS.

By F. R. Miles.

(Copyright, 1905, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

The hot summer was drawing to a close; and the slanting rays of the sun cast a long shadow on the prairie of the wooded slope, which was the beginning of a range of hills extending in undulating beauty westward.

The only animate object in sight on the vast wilderness of flatness to the east was a prairie schooner drawn by a pair of lean, straggling horses which was making its way towards the haven ahead.

The weary horses, under the double inspiration of the whip in the hands of the unkempt man on the seat and the suggestion that the trees ahead of forced increased their tired walk to a poor imitation of a trot, which was finally effectual in landing them at the foot of the slope while old Sol was yet quite a distance from the Western horizon.

As the outfit came to a standstill the other occupants of the schooner made themselves manifest. A young woman with an infant in her arms descended the rear steps, and while her husband unhitched and unharnessed the horses, improvised a bed from a miscellaneous collection of clothes, deposited the baby thereon and proceeded to bring from the interior of the wagon the things necessary for the preparation of the evening meal.

The man, his task with the horses finished, collected an armful of dry wood and with the expertness which could result only from long practice, proceeded to light a fire.

At this juncture a prolonged indignant howl from the bundle of clothes attested to the fact that someone was being slighted and the mother, in strict obedience raised the protester from his lowly bed on the prairie and with much coddling and in a language which only babies and mothers understand, succeeded in pouring oil on the troubled waters.

The father, with hands deep in pockets and hat tilted back on head, regarded the pair a moment with a sense of proprietorship, the impulsively striding over to them he gathered both mother and child in his arms.

"Nell," exclaimed the man suddenly, "we're goin' to win out one of these days, see if we don't."

The wife laughed happily. "I think we've won out now, Jim. Who in all the world has a boy like this?"

"Oh, the kid's all there, you bet, but you know, Nell, you ain't used to this sort of life and it's goin' to stop soon now, I can tell you."

"There, there, Jim, don't talk like that. Everything's all right as long as I have you and baby. Now, sir, as a punishment for being so gloomy, you can take that pail and go and look for some fresh water."

He obediently took the pail and started off in the direction of the woods, whistling a merry tune.

He had not penetrated into them very far before unmistakable signs of water began to show themselves. As he proceeded the underbrush and trees began to assume a healthier look and here and there small patches of moss made their appearance, and finally there was borne to his ears that low, sweet sound so dear to every plainsman's heart—the trickle of a running stream.

He dropped on his hands and knees by the side of the brook and sampled the water. The quality suggested springs, so he decided to walk up stream in the hope of finding one of these treasures of the plains.

With this end in view he arose from his knees and had stooped over to pick up the pail when a sharp command—

"Throw up your hands, Jim Williams!" drove the blood back to his heart with a rush. However, he had been brought up in the West and knew what would immediately follow if the command was not promptly obeyed, so the same moment that brought him to his feet brought his hands above his head in which position he waited stoically for further developments.

He had not long to wait.

"I see you've had the right kind of trainin', pal," said the same voice. "Come on, boys," it continued. "We'll git through with this job quick."

In obedience to his orders a half dozen men, mostly cowboys, appeared from behind various hiding places and surrounded Williams.

The leader, handing his rifle to one of the others, produced a lariet and approaching the man in the center of the ring.

"Do you see this rope?" he asked.

Williams nodded.

"Well, this end of it is goin' to be tied to that there limb over there, while this here end of it is goin' to be tied around your neck. You foller me."

"Well, you've shore got me dead to rights, Hank—but look here. I was desprit. I thought the kid was dyin' and my off hoss had giv out an' they wasn't no doctor. I took your hoss, Hank, but there wa'nt no—"

"Be we goin' to let this dashed galoot push hot air all night?" What's wrong with this outfit, anyhow?" interrupted one of the men.

This speech was received with favor by the rest of the crowd.

"My God, men," cried the desperate man, what's become of Nell and the kid if you string me up? I'm all they've got. Let me go and see them first. Give me five minutes, will you, boys?" he pleaded. "You can hide at the edge of the woods and plug me if I make a break."

A silence followed this request which was finally broken by Hank.

"Wal," said he slowly, "I reckon our time ain't so terrible precious but what we can give you five minutes of it. What do you say, boys?" Hank had a wife and children at home.

The "boys", were evidently not in favor of extending this clemency to Williams, but the silence with which they received the question was due partly to the fact that, in that section of the country, it was considered unlucky to oppose the questioner's wishes.

Hank acting on the principle that silence means acquiescence, gruffly ordered Williams to lead the way to the camp.

Arriving at the edge of the prairie, the crowd halted and, after being eloquently advised as to what would happen if he should be so foolish as to attempt any tricks, the condemned man was allowed to proceed alone towards the wagon.

Nell was sitting on the ground before the fire with baby in her arms, rocking back and forth and singing a soft lullaby. She looked up as Williams approached and putting her fingers to her lips, enjoined silence.

Williams bent over her and held out his arms for the baby, and for the first time Nell noticed the absence of the pail. The discovery surprised her into speech.

"Why, Jim, where is the water?"

"Why I—I dropped the pail in the crick and come back to git something to fish it out with," he stammered, "an' I'd jest like to hold the kid a minit before I go back."

The "kid" had opened his eyes during this dialogue and as there was no more need for quiet, Nell arose with a merry laugh and gave the baby to its father.

Williams held the infant with one arm against his breast and extended the other to Nell. She obediently sidled up to him and with bursting heart he held them close a moment.

The footfall of an owl warned him that his time was up, so pushing Nell away almost roughly, he placed the baby in her arms and started off in the direction from which the sound had come.

Arrived at the edge of the woods, he turned for a last look at the ones who held everything dear to him in life. Nell was standing in the same spot where he had left her and as he turned she raised the baby on high in her strong young arms. Williams waved his hand in reply, then turned his back to the pair and plunged doggedly into the woods, where the men were waiting for him.

"Now," he growled, "go ahead with your hangin'."

Hank led the way and the rest followed silently. Arriving at the place where Williams had been surprised they halted. There was an awkward silence for a moment which was broken by Williams.

"You'll see that Nell gits to civilization, won't you, Hank?" he asked wearily. "Nell didn't know I stole the hoss. I intended to pay you for it sometime," he added.

Still the awkward silence continued. The rest of the men were all looking at Hank and shifting uneasily from one foot to the other.

That gentleman, very red in the face, after noisily clearing his throat, finally spoke:

"By all the rules of justice, Mr. Williams," he began, impressively, "your body had orter be danglin' from that there limb over there, but after due and keerful deliberation on the part of these gentlemen here," indicating the others with a wave of his hand, "and myself, we have come to the conclusion that justice must take a back seat in this particular case, so, accordingly there ain't goin' to be no hangin' party here this afternoon. You kin pay me for that durned hoss when you git good and ready."

Williams stood like a man in a dream for a moment after Hank had finished speaking and then the full realization of all that his words implied came to him in overwhelming force, and despite his will power his emotions mastered him and great sobs shook his frame.

The unusual sight of a man in this condition acted like a spur on the others, and they turned hastily and started towards the spot where they had tied their horses, Hank swearing savagely for no apparent reason.

Williams stood where they had left him until the last man had disappeared from view over the top of the ledge. Then slowly stooping he picked up the pail, filled it from the brook and went back to Nell and the "kid."

There is no Rochelle Salts, Alum, Lime or Ammonia in food made with
Calumet Baking Powder
—NOT IN THE BAKING POWDER TRUST—
It makes pure food.

WHEN DRUGS FAIL
Try leaving off Coffee and use
POSTUM
FOOD COFFEE
In its place.
It will solve the Problem.

FOR MEN

Crosette shoes cost you less in our new Annex than equally good shoes sell for elsewhere.

For instance, those new gun-metal finished winter weight shoes on a swagger high arched last—common sense toe and military heels. On sale here at $3.50 instead of $4.50.

Send Mail Orders Today to
Freimuth's
Lake Avenue, Michigan and Superior Sts., Duluth, Minn.

Kayser's Silk-lined Cashmerette Gloves. Smart new warm winter weight gloves—2-clasp style — embroidered backs — choice of navy, brown, gray, black and modes — with fancy linings—genuine Kayser make. Here only, pair 50c.
50c Pair.

New Empire and Loose Coats

We have just put in stock another hundred new Empire and Loose Back Coats—new and nobby styles—we're determined to beat last week's record in cloak selling—and to do it will name prices that mean rich savings to every buyer.



$11.50 Choice of 50 new winter coats—smart mixtures—velvet trimmings — with and without belts—real $15.00 value.

$17.50 for choice of 25 fine black coats, also one lot nobby mixtures—46 to 48 inch lengths — values up to $22.50.

$22.50 for fine kersey coats, with elegant beaver collar—swagger 48-inch styles—would be cheap at $25.00.

Great Sale of Fur Lined Coats.

Over fifty sample coats sent to us by our New York resident buyer—bought from a maker who needed money worse than coats—we shall have them on sale Thursday,

$35.00 Lot 1 includes fine black broadcloth coats, with squirrel lining — natural squirrel or river mink collars—also blended sable coney linings with Persian lamb collars—values up to $45.00.

$39.50 Seven fine fur-lined coats, with squirrel linings—luxurious collars of blended or natural squirrel—46-inch lengths—elegant garments intended to sell at $50—on sale at $39.50.

$47.50 Fine squirrel lined coats—with mink collars, marten collars, Persian lamb collars—shell made of the finest quality broadcloth—values up to $60.00—on sale at $47.50.

EXTRA SPECIAL.
$7.50 Walking Skirts $5.00.
Fifty elegant Panama Skirts—Stylish grays and blacks—good values at $7.50—here for $5.00.

NEW Scotch Panamas.
Something new and very desirable — a handsome mercerized Panama weave—in rich Scotch plaids—just the thing for stunning waists—27 inches wide! Only 50c a yard.

Specials In Cream Goods
We're selling lots of the following weaves—right shades—right qualities—right prices.
40-in. Serge, 50c.
40-in. Henrietta, 62½c.
44-in. Henrietta, 75c.
44-in. Nun's Veiling, 89c.
46-in. Serge, $1.25.
54-in. Broadcloth $1.50

$7.50 Choice of one lot fine Panama skirts worth ten dollars each.

A big lot of $11.50 to $14.50 skirts—all on sale at $10.00 each. $10

$1.00 Waists 75c.
Ten dozen shepherd check waists—made of that popular cashmerino—$1.00 values at 75c—style and fit excellent.

Butterfly Skirts
for women and girls—the season's handsomest novelty—sold at the Head of the Lakes exclusively by Freimuth's

Plaid Waists $1.25.
Just received — new plaid waists in good weight mercerized cottons—for winter wear; only $1.25.

For Cold Weather Comfort.

Women's Union Suits. Silky fleeced white cotton—jersey ribbed—Florence style—buttoned across the chest and taped — best value in Duluth, per suit.. 75c
Perfect-fitting open-front style—fine ribbed and extra elastic—we'd have to get $1.25 if we had bought them this fall—this lot, bought and paid for last spring—on sale tomorrow at, per suit..... $1.00

Women's $1.25 Wool Tights Black wool mixed equestrian top closed tights — very elastic—fast black — always $1.25—Thursday at Freimuth's—a pair.. $1.00

Children's 35c Vests & Pants Choice of flat or ribbed fleeced cotton vests and pants—all sizes—sell regularly up to 35c—Thursday, per garment..... 25c

Women's Fleeced Stockings. Extra good 19c values—fast black—ribbed or plain top—Thursday, two pairs for 25c—or per pair..... 15c

Children's Winter Stockings All wool or fleeced cotton—all sizes from 7 to 10—uncommonly good wearing, heavy warm hose — several styles—choice at..... 25c

Women's $3 Shoes $2.50
Four fine new styles to choose from—including fine vici kid blucher or straight lace lasts with military or Cuban heels—new $3.00 shoes—Thursday's special at—per pair—$2.50

NONE SUCH MINCE MEAT
TWELVE MILLION PACKAGES LAST YEAR: SOME ONE WAS SATISFIED.
MERRELL-SOULE COMPANY SYRACUSE, NEW YORK
IN 2-PIE 10c PACKAGES.

Knauf Sisters (over Smith's Drug Store). Beautiful hair switches from $3.50 up.

HAPPENINGS IN THE DAKOTAS

Fargo May Not Get the Next Stockmen's Convention.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Fargo—The meeting of the Tri-State Grain and Stockgrowers' convention may not be held in Fargo as a result of the indifference of the hotel and restaurant men in the matter. Recently the date of the next meeting was announced for January. It was also stated that half of the expenses could be raised from advertisements on the program and the rest from contributions.

When the latter were sought, the hotel men and restaurant people were naturally first called on as it was considered they would derive the greatest benefits. Almost to a man, they declined to assist. This dampened the ardor of the other workers, who did not care to spend money to draw a great crowd for the hotel people, and the meeting may be abandoned as far as Fargo is concerned. There have been six annual meetings. The attendance has run from 500 to 2,000.

A school of journalism has been organized by the students at the North Dakota Agricultural college. There is a large membership and those interested hope to receive material benefits.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Sioux Falls—The United States grand jury, now in session in this city, returned indictments against George B. McPherson and John H.White, prominent stockmen living in Western South Dakota, on the charge of unlawfully fencing land which belonged to the government.

The reporting by the grand jury of these cases indicates that it has taken up the large number of similar cases which are pending before it. There are fourteen other cases in which the defendants are charged with the illegal fencing of government land yet to be disposed of by the jury.

"No bill" was returned in the case of Aaron Bourbenais of Evarts, and he will at once be released from custody.

Yankton—The dedication of the new $60,000 county courthouse will take place Nov. 1. The speakers will be Judge Bartlett Tripp, principal address, and five-minute addresses by Rev. B. G. Mattson, pastor of the First Congregational church; Ephraim Miner, member of the board of county commissioners; A. L. Van Osdel, member of the state legislature; E. G. Smith, judge of the district court; Senator R. J. Gamble, L. B. French and Mayor Panslow. Arrangements have been made to entertain the county lavishly, and the day will be an important one in the history of Yankton.

The Merchants hotel of this city, leased for the past five years to George V. Francis, has changed hands. Francis selling his lease to F. H. Morgan of Beresford, who will take charge Nov. 1.

Watertown—The records of a case of unusual interest have been received from Clear Lake, where it was heard by Judge Marquis a few days ago. It was an application of R. J. Sunde for a writ of habeas corpus to compel Mr. and Mrs. Derdahl of Deuel county ,to surrender to him the possession of his 9-year-old child, Stella Sunde.

Four years ago Mrs. Sunde, the child's mother, died, leaving her husband to care for three children, of whom Stella was the youngest. Sunde had trouble in securing housekeepers, and was compelled to give his youngest child to Mr. and Mrs. Derdahl to be cared for until she could be confirmed. This was the understanding by letter, but no legal papers were drawn up.

Later, Sunde married again, and he asked for the return of his daughter. Derdahl refused. The child had become greatly attached to her foster-mother, and refused to return to her father, and Mrs. Derdahl has become very fond of the child.

The scene in the court room during the examination of witnesses was pathetic. The father and foster-mother wept, while the little girl sobbed and begged to be allowed to stay with her foster-parents. Judge Marquis has taken the case under advisement.

Deputy Sheriff Elkins and State Attorney Hundredmark are home from Sioux Falls, where they went to testify before the grand jury in the hearing known over the state as the Codington county butter firkin case.

Rates to Pacific Coast Cut $15.00.

Commencing September 15th, the Minneapolis & St. Louis will have on sale daily one way tickets to San Francisco, Los Angeles, Portland and other points in the West and Northwest. Rates $15.00 below ordinary fare. Through tourist cars to California twice a week.

Call on agents for full particulars, or address A. B. Cutts, G. P. & T. A., Minneapolis, Minn.

Vacation Days.

Low rates are in effect daily during September, via the Minneapolis & St. Louis R. R. to Denver, Colorado Springs, Salt Lake City, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth and other Northern Minnesota summer tourist resorts. Tickets limited for return to October 31. Don't fail to consult agents before making your trip, or address A. B. Cutts, G. P. & T. A., Minneapolis, Minn.

Piles
In order to prove to you that Dr. A. W. Chase's Ointment is a certain and absolute cure for any form of itching, bleeding, or protruding piles, the manufacturers guarantee a cure. You can use it and if not cured get your money back. *Mr. Casper Walton, laborer, Michigan City, Ind.*, says: "I work hard and lift a great deal. The strain brought on an attack of piles. They itched and they protruded and bled. Nothing helped them until I used Dr. A. W. Chase's Ointment. That cured them." 50c. a box at all dealers, or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N.Y.
Dr. A. W. Chase's Ointment.

Are You Up to the Mark?
If not feeling as well as you should, do not make the mistake of letting your health take care of itself. Resort to
Beecham's Pills
Sold Everywhere. In boxes 10c. and 25c.

FIGHT FIRE FOR WEEKS

Has Been Smouldering In the Center of Coal Piles.

The Fire Department Is Called In to Drown It Out.

A fire that has been burning for two of three weeks is now being combatted by the workmen on the Pioneer Fuel company's dock, assisted by the Duluth fire department.

Every year the coal companies are more or less troubled with fires in the coal piles, so that the fire on the Pioneer dock is nothing out of the ordinary.

The fires generally start by spontaneous combustion. As the great piles of coal are heaped up forty and fifty feet in the air, the compression at the bottom of the pile becomes so great, that friction causes sufficient heat to ignite the coal. The fire will often smoulder for some time before it is discovered, and then the tedious task of uncovering the flames and drowning them out, is commenced.

The fire is always at the bottom of the pile, and it is a very difficult matter to locate the exact spot. Hundreds of tons of coal sometimes have to be taken from the top of the pile before it is discovered, and the task of fighting one of these coal dock fires is not a question of minutes and hours, but of days and weeks, and sometimes months.

Last winter the Ohlon coal dock was visited by a disastrous fire of this kind, and the present blaze on the Pioneer dock has been smouldering for nearly two weeks.

Yesterday afternoon the fire department was called in for the first time. The fire had been partially uncovered by the workmen on the dock and the department kept the hose playing on the coal piles for an hour or two in an effort to drown out the fire.

It is believed that the blaze has finally been located and if so it will be an easy matter to get it under control and save further damage to the coal piles.

THE STAGE

TONIGHT'S ATTRACTIONS.

LYCEUM—"San Toy."
METROPOLITAN — "The Parisian Belles."

CLEVER PRODUCTION.

"San Toy," a Tuneful Comic Opera, Is Well Presented.

CAST:

Li, a Chinaman.....George E. Mack
Capt. Bobby Preston....H. B. Burcher
Sir Bingo Preston .. ....Nagel Barry
Fo Hop .. ..Fred W. Huntly
Yen How .. ..Edward Begley
The Emperor .. ..W. L. Romaine
Sing High .. ..Fred W. Huntly
Lieut. Harvey Tucken..James Hughes
Yung Shi .. ..Agnes Finlay
Mo Koh .. ..Edna M. Donahue
Si Ou .. ..Madeline David
Shuey Ping Sing ....Connie Hamilton
Li Klang .. ..Mabel Summers
Hu Yu .. ..Frances Hooper
Dudley, Poppy's maid....Viola Kellogg
Poppy, daughter of Sir Bingo.....
.. ..Mabel Strickland
San Toy .. ..Florence Smith

With its aromatic flavor of the tea shop, and as dainty and tuneful as "The Mikado," the successful comic opera, "San Toy," came back to Duluth last evening, to be welcomed by one of the largest and smartest audiences the Lyceum has held this season. The piece will remain for two nights.

A glance at the cast of characters of "San Toy" does not reveal a single name that might be said to be familiar to theater-goers, but the production is a good one from every point of view. It is proof conclusive that it does not always take a star to make the show go.

If you have never seen and heard "San Toy," it is time you did. This little comic opera—surely it is different enough from your modern musical comedy to be called a comic opera—is one of the few reasonably sensible things that have been produced since our glorious country became so enamoured of farce, with a few irrelevant musical numbers on the side. And it is an importation, having been made in England. Of course, it has been thoroughly adapted to this climate.

The production ran very smoothly last evening and one did not miss James T. Powers at all. George E. Mack is playing the role originated by the former, this season. He is screaming as the thieving, ubiquitous Li and a very clever dancer.

Nagel Barry is very good also as Capt. Bingo Preston and W. L. Romaine is sufficiently absurd as the Emperor. Edward Begley wears Yen How's shoes, so long occupied by George Fortesque, in a satisfactory manner. He sings quite well. Harry B. Burcher makes an excellent appearance and displays a good voice in the role of Capt. Bobby. His duets with Miss Smith and his rendition of "Tommy Atkins" were very well received last evening.

Florence Smith is a dainty San Toy. She has not got a wonderful voice but a pleasing personality in a measure makes up for that. Viola Kellogg is by far the cleverest woman in the company and as a dancer she is the daintiest creature that ever tripped across the tried and true stage of the Lyceum. She is very nice looking, too. She was particularly pleasing last evening in her numbers with Mr. Mack, "Samee Gamee" and "Pletty Little Chinee," and in the song, "Rhoda," who we have been told owned a pagoda.

All the other favorite numbers, "Six Little Wives," "The Moon," "A. B. C.," "I Mean, to Introduce it Into China" and "Chinee Sojer Man" came in for a generous amount of applause last evening, an evidence of the fact that "San Toy" is still a great favorite.

THE PARISIAN BELLES.

There will be a matinee for ladies at the Metropolitan tomorrow afternoon The attraction is The Parisian Belles and they are making the biggest kind of a hit in Duluth. It is the opinion of the patrons of this popular theater that the Belles are the best since the Jolly Grass Widows.

GAS FROM PASTE

When Used As Food Is Bound To Make Trouble.

The average cereal food as frequently prepared, forms a pasty, gas-generating mass in the stomach, which gives the digestive apparatus considerable trouble and frequently puts it out of business. A young man writes from Trenton, N. J., to tell what it did for him:

"I lived in a boarding house for three years before I was married," he says, "and every blessed morning there was supplied me some sort of cereal breakfast food, which I ate simply because I had been trained to eat what was set before me—not because I particularly relished any of it. It used to lie heavy on my stomach and within an hour fill me full of gas, making me very uncomfortable. At last this sort of thing brought on a serious disturbance of my digestive apparatus, with loss of appetite, and in time I had to go under the doctor's care.

"He put me on a diet of milk and toast, which in a week or two lost me thirteen pounds in weight. I had a package of Grape-Nuts food in my room, which I had bought as a matter of curiosity, but had never opened. When I finally tired of milk and toast I thought I would try the Grape-Nuts, without any expectation that I would like it, thinking that it was probably similar to all the rest of the prepared foods.

"I liked it with cream from the start, however, finding it entirely different from anything else that I had ever eaten, and indulged in it freely. In one week (I say it on my honor) I regained nine pounds in weight and the Grape-Nuts gave me the power to digest other kinds of food. It put me on my feet in a few days and now is and always will be a regular food item in our house. My only trouble is to keep my wife from eating too much of it, she likes it so well." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason.

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in each pkg.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

Goods not well bought cannot be sold at the right prices!

Any merchant can buy stuff and one merchant can buy just as good goods and just as fashionable goods as the other, provided he has the money to pay for it. But the small dealer seldom buys it as cheap as the merchant with the large outlet and the volume of business backed up with ready money. These are the houses that have first preference in the markets of the world. The small dealer comes in behind, and, in short, has to take what's left. And it's only reasonable that every manufacturer and every importer gives the larger operator the preference; they themselves are looking for volume of business. THIS IS WHERE THE GLASS BLOCK STORE HAS and always has had the advantage in Duluth. We are safe in saying that our volume of business is more than the combined total business of all similar stores in Duluth, and the more patronage you give us the cheaper we can sell you and the more money we can save you. Think it over. Are we right or wrong?

THURSDAY'S phenomenal display of Fall and Winter merchandise combined with our usual splendid Bargains will convince you we are right.

A splendid offering for Thursday's patrons. LISTEN:

Plush pin cushions

Representing apples, pears, peaches, plums, carrots, potatoes, parsnips, etc.—nicely tinted to imitate the real fruit or vegetable—they are worth up to 19c each—but our combination of stores bought all the importer had, seventy-five gross, we taking five gross of them—FOR THURSDAY, THE PRICE EACH. **9c**

Stransky enamel ware

We have a lot of "Stransky" seconds, not stamped with their name, because the goods are not up to the standard, and must be sold as damaged goods. They are not guaranteed, and none of them will be exchanged. They come in water pitchers, large and small sized stew and sauce pans—in dark blue, white, light blue and brown ware—none worth in firsts less than 39c—others worth 50c, 65c, 75c and $1.00—FOR THURSDAY, THE PRICE EACH..... **19c**



A wonderful bargain in ladies' silk waists
(WAIST SECTION—SECOND FLOOR.)

Our resident buyer in N. Y. secures for us a hundred

LADIES' SILK WAISTS
AT JUST HALF THEIR REAL VALUE.



The manufacturer wanted the money and got it. They are made of chiffon taffeta, fine messaline silk; the taffeta ones are beautifully embroidered, with stock collars and deep tucked cuffs. The messaline silk ones have a shirred yoke and shirred sleeves, nicely trimmed with val. laces—worth up to $15.00 each.

$4.98 Thursday your pick for Be on hand early. **$4.98**

As a giver of satisfaction
"Hanseat" copper ware

Has first place among all kitchen and hotel wares. It's made in Germany, and "lasts a lifetime." We've just received a shipment—come and see it.

Stew pots, 3 sizes—59c, 98c and $1.39.

Stock Pots, 2 small handles, $1.48 and $1.98.

Long-handled stock pots—$1.48 and $1.98.

Stew kettles—two large sizes—$1.19 and $1.59.

Better values in Glass Block
Dress goods.

A fact that's being more popularly recognized every day—bigger variety for selection and better satisfaction from the choice you make.

Invisible check broadcloths—they are the finest you'll see in the city—54 inches wide—big variety—per yard..... **$1.75**

Mannish mixtures—handsome colorings in stylish suitings—sponged and shrunk ready for use—50 and 54 inches wide—per yard..... **$1.00**

Comfort all night under our
Blankets and comforters.

Housekeepers, we want to assure you that there never was so good a blanket value as our famous "Buffalo" all-wool blankets. Get wise. We are doing the business because the blankets are right and our prices right.

98c comforters—pure white cotton filled, silkoline- covered—big value..... **98c**

75c blankets—fool 10-4 all-white soft cotton blankets, warm and downy—a pair..... **75c**

We've cotton batts from 6c to 25c—and a complete fine cotton batt, ready for use, and comforter size, at..... **75c**

Flannel night shirts.

Are all the "go" for these sharp nights. Some of our best buying helps us to give superior bargains, such as these:

The "Universal" flannelette night shirts in two exceptionally fine weights—they're extra full cut and extra long—48c and 59c.

Keep your hands warm
Our warm lined and wool gloves

Are just the thing—and we have thousands of pairs of good warm ones that will cost you but little. LADIES' all-wool cashmere two-clasp gloves, silk or mocha lined—all colors—ladies' all-wool golf gloves, plain and fancy—per pair..... **50c**

MEN'S heavy Astrachan gloves in black and browns—two qualities—per pair—25c and 50c.

BOYS' gray Astrachan, with Jersey palms, fleece-lined gloves or meltons—others ask 50c—here they're..... **25c**

The Glass Block for
Warm underw'ar

Not the kind that is peddled from door to door, but the "Sterling" kind that gives the wear your money calls for.

WOMEN'S extra heavy fleece-lined vests and pants, silver gray or Egyptian cotton—35c elsewhere—each..... **25c**

MISSES' AND BOYS' union suits of fine silver gray cotton—drop seat—all sizes—each..... **50c**

MEN'S extra heavy natural merino shirts and drawers—made to sell at 75c each—small lot left that you may have at only. **48c**

Cold driving without
Carriage robes

In this kind of weather and what's coming soon. If you prepare for it wisely, you'll be in to get a selection from our complete line of wool, plush, leather-lined and double-faced robes. Our prices will convince you that we can do you good by saving you money.

"The Crossing"
Winston Churchill's latest novel—people who have read it are wild over it. We bought a big lot of them. They arrived yesterday. Published at $1.50—our special price only..... **$1.19**

Everybody's wearing
Furs! Furs!

Because of the prices we are making on our pretty little scarfs and neckpieces in all kinds of skins—we are selling at prices lower than any others in Duluth.

Genuine mink scarfs—$39.50 to $150.

Blended squirrel blouse at $87.50.

Jap mink boas from $4.98 to $50.

Rich fox scarfs, $4.98 to $42.50.

Handsome squirrel scarfs, $2.98 to $15.00.

Guaranteed Astrakhan coat, $32.50.

TEN YEARS TO BUILD CANAL

Engineer Expects To See It Completed On or Before 1915.

Washington, Oct. 25.—Isham Randoph, one of the members of the board of consulting engineers for the Panama canal has written a letter to Zina R. Carter, president of the sanitary district of Chicago in which he discusses canal conditions. The Isthmian canal commission made the letter public yesterday.

Mr. Randolph says he expects the canal to be completed before 1915. The work of preparation he says is going on speedily and when the equipment is on hand and the organization perfected at least 24,000 men will be required on the canal.

Much of the present labor is worthless because the demand is larger than the supply. The application of the eight-hour system to the canal he regards as a lamentable mistake that will add about 25 per cent to the cost of labor.

Mr. Randolph says the whole line is "cluttered up with abandoned French machinery," which cost $30,000,000 and is now worthless. He declares that Ar.y statements foreshowing the report of the consulting engineers "can be set down as the manufacture of a newsmonger."

TO PROSECUTE THE BANKERS

Who Are Guilty of Wrecking the Bank at Allegheny.

Pittsburg, Oct. 25.—At a late hour last night it was learned that Bank Examiner John B. Cunningham, while making an examination of the bank of Pittsburg, found a discrepancy between the reports made to Comptroller of the Currency Ridgeley by the Bank of Pittsburg and the Enterprise National bank of Allegheny, which led to the closing of the latter institution.

Acting Attorney General Hoyt has directed United States District Attorney John Denkle to made a thorough investigation into the affairs of the enterprise National with a view to criminal proceedings if the evidence warrants such a course.

Mr. Hoyt's order means that all the papers and other evidence in the possession of Bank Examiner Cunningham will be turned over at once to United States District Attorney Denkle and that from now on the legal representatives of the federal government will have charge of the case.

Notwithstanding the fact that mail and telegrams continue to arrive at the Hotel Lincoln for Comptroller Ridgeley, he has not yet arrived in the city, but is expected soon.

A receiver for the Allegheny Mattress and Spring Bed company, of which T. Lee Clark, late cashier of the Enterprise National bank of Allegheny was president, was yesterday applied for on behalf of W. F. Trimble and Sons' company, the largest creditors and stockholders of the company. The petitioners state that although a money making concern capitalized at $120,000 and with plenty of orders, the tragic end of its president, Mr. Clark, has damaged the company's credit, making working capital hard to obtain.

Jaeger

If you want an underwear that *wears* better, *feels* better, and *protects* better than any other in the market, you must have **"Jaeger."** *Seven weights to choose from.*

Catalogue explains everything. Free, with samples.

For Sale By
A.B. SIEWERT & CO.

CHARACTER OF IVINS UNIQUE

The Republican Candidate For Mayor of New York.

Philadelphia, Oct. 25.—Holland, the New York correspondent of the Press, says: Into the apartment reserved at one of the Broadway hotels as headquarters for a candidate for mayor of New York there came this morning, with the manner of one having authority there, an individual whose personality is sure soon to be known to all New York. He surely focused attention when he was upon his way to that apartment. Even those who did not know his name must have studied him and have made comments between themselves upon his peculiar personality. Upon his head, which is large and beautifully symmetrical, rested a silk hat of some unique block, the rim or brim being flat or broad, like the model in some ancient fashion plate. Large as was the wearer's head, yet this silk hat seemed a trifle greater circumference, for the brim appeared to rest upon the tips of his ears. His neck was decorated with a scarf elaborately and artistically arranged, but of the brilliant green color of winter wheat that is just beginning to sprout. His waistcoat was a fancy demonstration of the skill of some tailor, of light color, elaborate dots and tracings being marked upon it. His coat, seen from in front, was of the cut of the latest style of sack, nor would any but an expert have known until the faint imitation of buttons at the back disclosed its character that it was queer, unconventional combination of sack and cutaway. Upon his feet were light tan shoes, and over them were white spats. Those who did not know him might have surmised that he was a vaudeville artist, so-called, just ready to do his turn, that might be a monologue or a comical song.

He was there to do his turn, and it is an employment that will occupy him until the morning after election day, for this is a sartorial description of William M. Ivins, the candidate for mayor whom the Republicans have named, and whose condidacy and campaign, we now feel assured, are to be a delight to New York, which is always seeking the unconventional and new. New York always sighs for something new, and if the novelty appeals pleasantly, attractively and is of sufficient eccentricity to command admiration, and not to inspire in any manner contempt, then for the time being that novelty is the success of the town.

HORSE WITH "JAG" ASLEEP AT BAR

Drank Two Buckets of Beer and Acted Like Drunkard.

Chicago, Oct. 25.—The novel spectacle of a drunken horse in a saloon owned by Frank Weldman, in Vincennes road, while furnishing amusement to the frequenters of the place, so incensed the neighbors, it is said, that, with other aggravating conditions, the matter was brought to the attention of the authorities and the case received a hearing in Justice Grant's court yesterday afternoon, when a fine of $50 was imposed.

It was asserted by witnesses that recently several of the hangers-on around the saloon led a horse into the saloon and stood it before the bar. One of the crowd, it is alleged, filled a bucket with beer and to the surprise of all present, the horse partook of the beverage. A second bucket, it is said, was offered the animal, which drank it with avidity.

Shortly afterward the horse manifested symptoms of intoxication, and several inmates of the saloon sought to lead it out. This aroused the ire of the animal, which proceeded to use its heels, and teeth.

After breaking up chairs and converting the place into a pile of debris, the animal, overcome by the drink and its exertions, placidly stretched itself on its side in front of the bar and went to sleep, where it remained until daylight despite every effort made to remove it.

GIRL OUTWITS JAILER.

Billings Now Busy Searching For Ethel Booth of Denver.

Billings, Mont., Oct. 25.—All Billings was yesterday searching for a pretty girl, scarcely 18 years of age, who escaped from officers Monday night in an unusual manner. The girl is Ethel Booth. She was arrested upon request of the Denver police. So demure and penitent were her actions that the jailor believed he had merely a frightened child to handle.

The jail was crowded with disorderly characters, and a place was fitted to keep her over night in the office of the city attorney, on the second floor of the city hall. Then the jailer went out to get his supper. When he returned she was gone. She had torn bed clothes into strips and made a long rope. One end of this she tied to a radiator, then let herself down out of the window to the ground. No clue as to her whereabouts has yet been found.

The girl's mother lives in Denver and is a respectable woman. She says that the life her little daughter is leading is breaking her heart, and she wants the girl returned to her so that she may be placed in a convent and taught to live a proper life.

STEARNS COUNTY PIONEER

Passes Away After Legal Struggle of Many Years.

St. Cloud, Minn., Oct. 25.—John Goloh, aged 68, one of the oldest citizens of Cold Springs, Stearns county, died at his home at 5:15 yesterday afternoon, putting by his death an end to one of the most intricate and pathetic probate court cases which has ever come on record in Minnesota, and which of late had become an international affair.

Golob, who was a native of Austria came to this country twenty-five years ago, and for years worked in a mill at Cold Springs. He was a hard working man and saved his wages and in a few years he had accumulated a few thousand dollars which he loaned out. He lost a part of this through the failure of those he trusted and the losses thus sustained so bore on his mind that he became, towards the last, in a measure demented.

Marcus Maurin, one of the leading merchants of Cold Springs, was one of Golob's creditors, and some time ago he wished to pay the money back to Golob However, he did not think that the latter was in a mental condition to give a legal receipt for the money, and desired that F. Petters of Cold Springs be appointed his guardian. To this Golob objected, and appointed P. H. Kray the custodian of his funds. The wrangle which followed this drew the Austrian consul into the matter, as Golob was an Austrian subject. The weight brought to bear by the consul who had consulted the Austrian ambassador, at Washington, on the matter, had just about settled the matter to the satisfaction of the aged man, when the strain resulting from the struggle of the fight in getting his rightful money broke Golob down and after a short illness he died.

THE GENERAL STAFF

Regulates Wearing of Medals of Honor and Decorations.

Washington, Oct. 25.—Medals of honor and decorations may not be worn any old way by officers and soldiers of the army. The general staff has labored with the problem, and now decides the precise way in which these symbols of honor shall be worn. In a general order the chief of staffs says:

"The medal of honor may be worn by officers and enlisted men entitled thereto on all occasions of ceremony. When worn with the full dress uniform, the medal will be worn pendant from the neck, and ribbon passing between the upper and lower yokes of the coat collar, so that the medal proper shall hang about one inch below the opening of the collar. When worn with the dress uniform the medal will be worn on the left breast in the manner prescribed for campaign badges and preceding them.

"Officers and enlisted men, who, in their own right or by right of inheritance, are members of military societies of men who served in the armies and navies of the United States in the war of the Revolution, the War of 1812, the Mexican war, the War of the Rebellion and the Indian wars of the United States, the Spanish-American war and the incidental insurrection in the Philippines and the China relief expedition, are members of the regular army and navy union of the United States, may wear on all occasions of ceremony the distinctive badges adopted by such societies, or such other medals as may be authorized by proper authority. Officers and enlisted men who served as officers, noncommissioned officers, privates or other enlisted men in the regular army, volunteer or militia forces of the United States during the War of the Rebellion, and have been honorably discharged from the service or still remain in the same, may wear, on occasions of ceremony, the distinctive badge ordered for or adopted by the army corps or division, respectively, in which they served. Badges to be worn on the left breast of the coat, suspended by a ribbon from a bar of metal passed through the upper ends and tops of the ribbons, forming a horizontal line, the other ends of which will be from 3 to 4 inches below the top of the shoulder, according to the height of the wearer."

The pills that act as a tonic, and not as a drastic purge, are DeWitt's Little Early Risers. They cure Headache, Constipation, Biliousness, Jaundice, etc. Early Risers are small and easy to act. Sold by all druggists.

LAKE FINDS A VICTIM.

Body Bound Near Dugdale Standing Erect In the Water.

Crookston, Oct. 25.—Cold in death, the body of Theodore Ryerson of Waukon was found standing erect in the middle of a small lake near Dugdale. The case is one of the most peculiar on record in Northern Minnesota. Near the body was found a small rowboat which he had evidently used in hunting ducks. In it were cartridges and hunting equipment but no gun. No wounds were found upon the dead man, and he either came to his death through drowning or through sheer fright at falling into the cold water of the lake.

The fact that the body was rigid and erect after death, leads color to the latter theory. His head protruded from the water, and his feet were imbedded in the mud. Had he not become frightened he could easily have walked to the shore, but it is supposed the shock was too much for him.

Ryerson came to this section some weeks ago and was a guest at the home of K. H. Olson, near Dugdale, when the accident occurred. He went out with his gun, saying he was going for ducks. That was the last seen of him by the Olson family. The body was discovered by Andrew Rickey, the Mentor draymen, who was out hunting ducks and geese.

The man was 25 years of age, and was employed in the Dakota harvest fields. His friends and relatives, who live at Waukan, Wis., have been notified.



There are times when lives hang on the hand of a watch—at such times it is well if the watch be an

ELGIN

Every Elgin Watch is fully guaranteed. All jewelers have Elgin Watches. "Timemakers and Timekeepers," an illustrated history of the watch, sent free upon request to

ELGIN NATIONAL WATCH CO., Elgin, Ill.

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TO SUBSCRIBERS:

It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed to give both old and new addresses.

NEWSPAPERS AS TEXTBOOKS.

Newspapers will rank as textbooks in the Northwestern university hereafter, according to an Associated Press dispatch from Chicago.

In the course of his lectures on American history Prof. J. A. James the other morning referred to an article which had appeared in a daily paper. Questioning one of the members of the class, he found that the student was not prepared to discuss current news, and an examination of the class showed that but two of the members had read a paper.

"This will never do," said the professor. "Hereafter I shall expect you to have an accurate knowledge of current events as chronicled each day in the newspapers, and I shall consider it fully as important as the daily lessons assigned from the textbooks."

Wherein the professor shows that he is wise, and that his teaching of history is guided more by common sense and by modern enlightenment than by hoary precedent.

Students of history are too apt to think history has ceased making, and to be content to bury themselves in the musty past, forgetting the swift current of events of today that are making history. A general knowledge of the history of the world is essential, but still more essential should be a grasp of modern life and a familiarity with the world as it goes. A man deeply versed in the doings of the Assyrians, the ancient Romans, the classic Greeks and the extinct Aztecs, yet ignorant of the progress of the world during the past week, is a one-sided man.

Students of history can never attain a grasp of its innermost workings unless they supplement their book study by a study of the newspapers that will keep them in touch with history in the making. To study history as it is made is to get a proper aspect of history already made and embalmed in the printed page.

There never was a period in the history of the world when history was making more rapidly than it is today. The very republic in which we live is passing through a crisis in its history by no means the least important of the many that have awaited it. The test between popular government and the government of "vested interests" is at hand, and before long it will be determined whether the people shall rule in name only, or actually. Without a constant study of the newspapers, with their daily stories of the fight against graft and the fight for equal privileges and a "square deal," no one can keep abreast of the movement.

MUNICIPAL OWNERSHIP.

The proposition of the executive committee of the National Civic Federation to conduct a thorough investigation into municipal ownership in this country and abroad promises much, if it is carried out fairly and judiciously. Of course it would not be well to let it altogether into the hands of the opponents of municipal ownership, or to entrust it entirely to those who favor it. But it should be easy to procure a fair and complete investigation of the subject, and such an investigation would certainly be of tremendous interest and importance.

There can be no doubt that municipal ownership has come to stay, and that the tendency will be to broaden its scope rather than to restrict it. In some places it has partially failed, no doubt, but in those places private ownership would probably be permitted to become an even greater inconvenience, because the failure of municipal ownership is due to municipal incompetency, on which private ownership of public utilities thrives.

Duluth, with its gas and water plant, is a shining example of successful municipal ownership, and it is doubtful if a single individual could be found in this city who would willingly return to the old basis. Not only has the typhoid fever scourge of the days of private ownership disappeared, but prices are much lower, and the system has been a complete success.

The function of such an investigation would not be to prove whether or not municipal ownership is a success; that has been already proven in the affirmative. But by gathering information from all the places in the world where it has been adopted, with complete details of the conditions surrounding it, municipal ownership could be placed upon a firmer and surer basis. Where it had failed, either in whole or in part, it could be ascertained why it failed, and other communities could profit by these failures. Where it has succeeded, the reasons for its success could be made apparent, and municipalities less fortunate could profit from them.

The National Civic Federation seems to be well qualified to undertake this interesting and important work. It includes in its membership many of the ablest minds of the nation, and it is financially equipped as well as it is mentally.

OVERHAUL THE CONTRACTS.

Very pertinently indeed, the Washington Post interjects into the campaign for and against the railway rate control argument the suggestion that congress may, with considerable profit to the country, overhaul the contracts with the railroads for carrying the mail.

There can be no complications of this endeavor, no constitutional issues or questions of politics and policy to impede its progress and defeat its success. It is simply a plain, business proposition: to look over the mail contracts and cut them down to a fair basis; the basis on which the railways do business with the express companies, for instance.

The United States is now paying annually about $40,000,000 to the railways for carrying mail. Though the railways claim that freight rates are steadily decreasing, they cannot claim that the rates for carrying mail have decreased. The total is increasing constantly, because the amount of mail grows larger every year while the rate of pay never goes down. Every three years the mails are weighed in transit, and the pay is based upon the amount of mail then being carried. It has even been charged that there are representatives of the people in congress who have kindly seen to it that the mails during the weighing period went heavily laden with public documents that were printed and carried free of cost by the government—though the government pays the railways just as much for carrying them as it does for carrying letters.

Several attempts have been made to overhaul the mail contracts. Once a commission was appointed by congress for that purpose. It entered upon its duties, labored for a period, produced volumes of figures, passed away, and was forgotten.

Individual shippers who think—with reason—that they are aggrieved by the rates charged them by the railroads ought to experience for a time what Uncle Sam experiences. He is contentedly paying out every year for exactly the same service many times the rate paid by the express companies. He is paying the same rate he paid many years ago, when railroads were newer and really needed the money and the encouragement thus given them in addition to their land grants.

This need not interfere with the fight for rate regulation. Congress will probably be in session six months or more, and it will have ample time—if it wishes—to not only take up these two important matters, but to consider tariff revision.

A MUCH-TRAVELED PEOPLE.

Some idea of the tremendous passenger business now going on across the Atlantic ocean, from American ports to European and back again, may be gained from the fact that during September 30,095 cabin passengers and 56,586 steerage passengers arrived in New York alone from European ports.

The cabin passengers largely consist of Americans on their way back from European trips, with a liberal sprinkling of Europeans coming over on business and pleasure trips. The steerage, on the other hand, includes mostly immigrants coming to this country to make their homes, with a liberal sprinkling of returned tourists who make their trips by way of the steerage from motives of economy.

There was not a single day in September on which vessels did not land passengers in New York from the other side of the Atlantic. The list includes eighty-eight steamers, though some of them got into the list twice by making two trips in the month.

The largest number of cabin passengers coming in on any one steamer was 985 on the Kaiser Wilhelm II, and next was the Deutschland with 823 and the Kronprinz Wilhelm with 815. The Caronia carried the largest steerage list, bringing in 1,928 souls; enough to form a notable village. On the same ship were 533 cabin passengers, so it also carried the largest total list, 2,461 people.

If these passengers paid the very modest price of $125 for the cabin passengers and $30 for the steerage, these figures represent a total expenditure of $5,460,000 for passage money alone.

It has been a wonderful change from the days when one who had been to Europe could swell around and make more or less of a hero of himself, to the days when European visitors are so common all over the country that they will soon, if the rate continues to increase, make the folks that have never crossed the water conspicuous by their scarcity. In every city, village and hamlet of the land there are people that have "been to Europe," so many that usually it is difficult for them to beguile audiences to hear their travelers' tales. This increase of traveled people is due not only to the increased facilities for ocean travel and its decreased cost, but to the increased prosperity of the people—at least to the increased number of those who may be called wealthy.

THE FIELD SURVEY

Those Tammany chieftains who are to be called before the life insurance investigation committee must be shivering when they think of the possibility of Quizzer Hughes springing that awful question: "Where did you get it?"

* * *

"Doc" Ames is going to run for mayor of Minneapolis. Next thing we know "Lon" Whiteman will be coming back to Duluth to run for the state senate again.

* * *

The Lancaster Herald, published in Kittson county by L. H. Boyd, is a bright and newsy newcomer. If the editorial page keeps up to the quality of the salutatory editorial, it will be a welcome visitor at the exchange table, where country papers with bright, keen observations on men and affairs are always appreciated.

* * *

If men did rightly as often as they think rightly, this would be a much better world, for the sins of omission are more numerous than the sins of commission, and not less deadly.

* * *

Have you something to sell that other people want? Let them know by advertising. Has your town advantages that would attract people to it if they knew them? Let them know by advertising.

* * *

A New York young man takes an automobile every morning at 7:45 to a dock where his steam yacht waits to carry him to his office, where he goes to work at a job that pays him $10 per week. His name is W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr., and he has been keeping it up for six months.

* * *

Some masculine old ladies are writing editorials justifying the rejection of Edgar Allan Poe from the Hall of Fame on the ground that his personal habits were not nice. Poe's habits have no more to do with a judgment of his literary output than the style of his coat.

* * *

It will not only help toward a better citizenship but toward a greater city to contribute toward the new Y. M. C. A. building.

* * *

Witte's advancement to the highest place in the Russian cabinet, if it really takes place, will give hope of better things for the Russian people, while Nicholas, in degrading some of the grand dukes, is showing that he has a little more "spunk" in him than most people suspected.

* * *

The government treasury reports "a big demand for small bills." We are not averse to accepting those of larger denominations, however.

HOTEL GOSSIP

"The St. Cloud land office is now the oldest one in the state," said M. D. Taylor of St. Cloud, Minn., register of the land office there, at the St. Louis. "It was not by any means the first office of the kind to be established in Minnesota, but the others that were in existence before it have been consolidated from time to time, until the one at St. Cloud is now the oldest still open to the public of Minnesota.

"There may be more consolidations later on, but it will probably be a good many years yet before this occurs. There are now four land offices in the state, the one at Duluth, one at Crookston, one at Cass Lake, and the fourth at St. Cloud. Our district has less public land left unsettled of any of the four, but the fact that we have all the old records of our own and the consolidated offices means just as much work for our force of clerks as the greater areas of unsettled public lands in their districts means for the clerks in the other offices.

"The government inspector on his last visit to St. Cloud, said that we have more records than any land office in the United States. We are continually getting calls for information that is to be extracted only from these records.

"Although all the government land in our district that is of any use for agricultural purposes was filed upon long ago, there are tracts of good land constantly reverting to the government through failure on the part of the original filers to make final proof. There is a rule to the effect that if a person does not make final proof on his homestead within seven years after the first filing is made the land will revert to the government, provided he does not show satisfactory cause for the delay. In most cases no attempt is made to show cause, for when a piece of land is thus abandoned it generally means that it has been deserted altogether, and that the person who filed upon it has given up all intention of ever taking out final proof."

* * *

"Logging operations in the Cass Lake district will be more extensive this year than they were last," said F. W. Smith, a Cass Lake attorney, at the St. Louis. "In the winter of 1903-04 it was estimated that 3,000 men were employed in the woods in the region directly tributary to Cass Lake. The estimate this year is 5,000. It is hard to realize that so many men are employed in the camps through the cold months, for they are widely scattered through the forests, seldom visiting town.

"Cass Lake isn't the lumberjack center it used to be, despite the fact of the great number of men employed in the woods. The same is true of practically all the small towns through the timber belt. These towns are not so greatly benefited by the lumbering operations as most people imagine, although they formerly depended almost entirely upon the camps for their existence. Now circumstances have changed. Most of the loggers ship in their supplies for the winter from outside points, probably the big cities where they have their headquarters, and the smaller places nearer the seat of operations furnish only such additional supplies as may be needed from time to time.

"When the woodsmen come from the camps in the spring the most of them get on board a train at the nearest station and ride right through to the larger cities of the state. A few years ago they were paid off in towns like Cass Lake and Bemidji, where they would remain for several days, even weeks, spending their money like princes, and thus benefiting the business interests of the town. Of course this is still done to a certain extent, but not so much as formerly. The men receive their checks at headquarters which have been established at the camp, and the checks generally read on some Twin City bank.

"Cass Lake is benefited as much or more by her summer attractions as by the winter logging operations. The excellent fishing there attracts people from all over. At the rate fish are being caught I should say the sport cannot last many years longer. In many cases it seems ruthless slaughter, the way hundreds of pounds of fish are taken. The lakes are fed by the Mississippi river, and this fact would naturally lead one to believe that the fish supply was practically inexhaustible, if it wasn't that all the lakes are being fished the same way all along the Upper Mississippi.

"The Indians are the only ones who catch whitefish. Nets are used. This is permissible on the reservations. Whitefish will not bite on a hook. They are becoming more scarce all the time. When I went to Cass Lake five or six years ago I could buy a great big whitefish for 5 cents, and now none can be purchased for less than 25 cents."

* * *

"It took $18,000 to get the Nelson-Britt fight pictures started on the road," said Meyer Cohen, representing the company which controls the pictures, at the Spalding. Mr. Cohen is now in the city to see about having one of the companies appear here with the fight pictures, but the negotiations with local theater managers have not yet been completed. It is expected, however, that the exhibition will be given here some time in November.

"We have eight companies on the road with the pictures," continued Mr. Cohen, "it being our intention to thoroughly cover the United States. There are numerous infringements, fakes, all of them, and it keeps us busy putting them out of business.

"Nelson showed poor judgment when he sold all rights in the pictures for $5,000. Britt was made the same offer, but he turned it down. His share of the profits week before last, for the one week, was $12,000. Nelson had never had much money, and the $5,000 offer looked pretty big to him. Britt well knew the possibilities of the venture, however, and refused to accept the terms offered. The offer was made before the fight, and the money was to be paid whether the pictures, which are on a film of 5,800 feet in length, were a success or not. Nelson figured that the $5,000 was sure if he accepted before the fight, and that it was a very doubtful proposition if he waited until afterwards, for all kinds of accidents might happen. There was some sense to his reasoning, of course, but he lost thousands of dollars by taking the sure thing. A proper display of the gambler's spirit would have netted him rich returns."

* * *

At the Lenox: A. F. Evenson, E. B. O'Connell, B. B. Knowlton, Minneapolis; H. Spring, La Crosse; H. Hawley, Butte, Mont.; W. A. Schwenher, St. Louis; E. D. Palmer, Albany, N. Y.; J. B. Hildebrand, Montlcello, Ill.; C. F. Cluttick, Minneapolis; R. F. Chute, Harding, Minn.; N. McPhee, Two Harbors; F. Voigt, Lydia Voigt, Bellingham, Minn.; E. A. Lupson, Minneapolis; Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Tompkins, Carlton, Minn.; H. G. Jackson, Omaha; E. E. Everett, Minneapolis; W. M. McCormick, Bay City; A. A. Thomas, C. W. Whittom, Minneapolis; G. R. Brandt, Percy, Minn.

* * *

At the McKay: F. P. Bohmbach, C. H. Kenney, St. Paul; Elof Vitalis, Osceola; O. Kellason, Bay City; Mrs. G. W. Boye, Hibbing; P. L. Edwin, Minneapolis; S. Schwartz, Chicago; F. Eddy, Virginia; Mrs. H. Finger, Port Arthur; D. H. Robinson, Minneapolis; Mrs. P. J. Casey, Biwabik; G. Oberg, Ina Olson, Bemidji; W. Waterman, Chicago; H. W. Malcolm, R. W. Wagner, Minneapolis; M. E. Baird, Minneapolis; S. Johnson, Buffalo, N. Y.; H. E. White, St. Paul; Mrs. G. Slater, Ball Club, Minn.; R. F. McKay, Minneapolis.

* * *

At the Spalding: E. A. Rasch, Detroit; C. B. Crandall, Chicago; L. E. Dunham, Cleveland; F. H. Foley, T. W. Gilmore, Chicago; J. R. Flanagan, New York; H. H. Willis, Newburgh, N. Y.; P. H. Stack, St. Paul; A. A. Teel, C. Cotton, F. E. Little, Minneapolis; L. Conham, St. Paul; J. W. Costin, Jr., Virginia; Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Campbell, Winnipeg; E. Liersech, Montreal; T. G. Jewett, Hibbing; E. Smallwood, Elyria, Ohio; H. D. Dickinson, Minneapolis; J. B. Dunnigan, Wausau; Mrs. C. T. Gordon, Mount Iron; R. T. Jones, North Tonawanda, N. Y.; S. D. Pike, Bayfield, Wis.; R. Hulbert, Wausau, Wis.; S. A. Bunn, St. Paul; J. S. Bradstreet, T. C. Burgess, Minneapolis.

* * *

At the St. Louis: T. C. Swanson, Minneapolis; F. Fadner, Milwaukee; W. Behrisch, Marquette; Mrs. John Bollin, Mazie M. Bollin, Minneapolis; Julius Shanedling, Virginia; H. Johnson, Washburn, Wis.; C. H. Seaman, Detroit; E. H. Jerrard, Bemidji; F. W. Kennay, Minneapolis; S. A. Nelson, Lamston, Minn.; E. H. Smith, S. Bendickson, J. Bendickson, M. Thompson, Austin, Minn.; F. J. King, E. C. Meily, St. Paul; G. Carlson, Hibbing; J. G. Allen, Minneapolis; C. E. McCracken, Shakopee, Minn.; E. R. Clark, Hawkeye, Iowa; A. Thompson, Minneapolis; C. T. Hoagg, New York.

THE WEATHER

It looked like another joke on the weather man this morning, when the day broke with scarcely a cloud in the sky and not a flake of snow on the ground, because he said yesterday, as he has been saying for several days, that it was going to snow. But this time it did not go around us entirely. Later in the forenoon it clouded over, completely, threateningly, and a few faint, modest flakes of snow began to sift down, the first of the season in Duluth, though it has snowed all around Duluth repeatedly.

Conditions looked more like rain during the day, however, as it was not cold, and the weather man looks for rain tonight and tomorrow, with warmer weather tonight. The winds will be fresh and brisk southerly to easterly. Says he of conditions:

"The Texas disturbance has moved to Western Tennessee, causing light to heavy rains in the central valleys, while light rain or snow fell over Saskatchewan and Assiniboia and temperatures rose decidedly in Western Canada, the Dakotas and Montana as a result of the movement of the Alberta low barometer to Assiniboia. The barometer is high over the lake region and Kansas. Freezing temperatures continued in the upper lake region last night. Conditions favor cloudy weather and rain in this vicinity tonight and Thursday accompanying southerly and easterly winds.

Following were the lowest temperatures recorded at the weather bureau during the twenty-four hours ending at 7 o'clock this morning:

Abilene	46	Medicine Hat	50
Atlanta	56	Miles City	42
Battleford	32	Milwaukee	36
Bismarck	26	Minnedosa	22
Boston	48	Modena	30
Buffalo	36	Montgomery	60
Calgary	36	Moorhead	32
Charleston	62	New Orleans	68
Chicago	40	New York	50
Cincinnati	48	Norfolk	54
Davenport	36	Northfield	32
Denver	30	North Platte	28
Detroit	32	Oklahoma	50
Devils Lake	26	Omaha	36
Dodge City	38	Phoenix	48
Duluth	24	Pierre	32
Edmonton	34	Pittsburg	42
El Paso	38	Port Arthur	14
Escanaba	20	Portland	50
Galveston	62	Prince Albert	22
Green Bay	24	Qu'Appelle	20
Havre	48	Rapid City	36
Helena	46	St. Louis	46
Houghton	24	St. Paul	30
Huron	32	San Francisco	52
Jacksonville	64	Santa Fe	32
Kamloops	44	S. Ste. Marie	24
Kansas City	42	Shreveport	58
Knoxville	48	Spokane	46
La Crosse	28	Swift Current	44
Lander	26	Washington	50
Little Rock	56	Williston	38
Los Angeles	50	Winnemucca	26
Marquette	26	Winnipeg	16

Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Oct. 25.—Local forecast for twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. Thursday: Duluth, Superior and vicinity—Rain tonight and Thursday. Warmer tonight. Fresh and brisk southerly to easterly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

Chicago, Oct. 25.—Forecasts until 7 p. m. Thursday: Wisconsin—Fair tonight with warmer in north and west portions. Thursday increasing cloudiness with warmer.

Minnesota—Increasing cloudiness tonight and Thursday with probably showers in north portion. Warmer tonight.

The Dakotas—Probably showers tonight and Thursday. Warmer tonight.

Upper Lakes—Brisk to high winds northeast to southern portions, southeast on northern portions, probably shifting to southerly on all lakes Thursday. Increasing cloudiness tonight, probably showers Thursday.

FLEETING FUN.

New York Sun: Jack the Giant Killer explained his seven league boots.

"It was merely a natural step for me after the campaign managers got through pulling my leg," he said.

Thus we see that even fairy tales are founded on grim realities of life.

Washington Star: "I suppose you are one of the people who long for old-fashioned home cooking?"

"No," answered Mr. Cumrox, "I don't deceive myself. What I long for is the kind of stomach I used to have when I was a boy and lived at home."

Philadelphia Press: Knox—It seems to me, old man, that you're inordinately selfish. Don't you ever perform any act of sacrifice?

Galley—Well, sometimes, when I get home late from the club and find my wife in an inquisitive mood I sacrifice the truth a bit.

Detroit Free Press: Jones—If you had your choice of everything going, what kind of a job would you select?

Bones—I think the fifth wheel on an automobile would just about suit me.

Philadelphia Press: "Here y' are! Extry!" yelled the newsboy. "Big accident!"

"What was the accident, boy?" asked Kloseman.

"Why, de accident wuz dat anuder stingy cuss like you onct found out de news from me widout buyin' a paper."

Sublime Audacity.

Washington Post: Some months ago the Post made brief mention of the astounding fact that the American Economist, the weekly organ of the leagued standpatters, was displaying at the head of its editorial department an extract from Washington's Farewell Address, and had placed over it, in conspicuous type, the title, "George Washington on Reciprocity." As week after week that busy, bustling little organ, with its bold advocacy of special interests, shows up an audacity that really reaches the sublime—nailed to its masthead, the impression grows upon us that simple justice to the genius who achieved it requires a higher tribute than was paid by the Post in the few lines heretofore submitted. The utterance of the first president which the leagued standpatters parade as a justification of the Republican party's repudiation of its policies and pledges, its standing pat on that repudiation at the dictation of enormously overprotected interests, runs thus:

"Harmony and liberal intercourse with all nations are recommended by policy, humanity, and interest. But even our commercial policy should hold an equal and impartial hand; neither seeking nor granting exclusive favors or preferences; consulting the national course of things; diffusing and diversifying, by gentle means, the streams of commerce, but forcing nothing."

Of course, that wise and patriotic deliverance by the Father of His Country, in his farewell address in September, 1796, has no more relation or application to existing industrial and commercial conditions in the United States than it has to steam power and electricity and their application to transportation on land and sea. And to quote George Washington with the idea of making him endorse a tariff that is so iniquitous that no public man dares to deny its injustice or attempt a defense of its most important schedules—well, that is as shocking a caricature of the moral and intellectual endowments of the Father of His Country as the marble figure in front of the capitol is of his habits and manners.

The Broken Down Fox Again.

The fox grew very down-hearted,
But since on this search he had started,
He secured a sharp stave,
Dug up a new grave,
And got some bones from the dearly departed.

—The Police Reporter.

TWENTY YEARS AGO.

Taken from the Columns of The Herald of this date in 1885.

***John Murphy, who represents the P. H. Kelly Mercantile company, arrived in Duluth last night from Ashland. He reports business on the road improving rapidly.

***Work was begun today by Winston Bros. of Minneapolis on the Omaha railroad improvements at Rice's point. The company expects to have the grading done up to the marsh this winter.

***W. P. Blake is about to open a shoe store where Frank Smith lately carried on the drug business.

***Labor continues in demand. Bricklayers earn from $4 to $5.50 per day; joiners, $2.25 to $3; laborers, $1.50 to $2

***C. E. Foote returned to the city today and visited the board of trade. He has requested his creditors to meet him this afternoon.

***The sale has been completed of the Page-Sexsmith timber lands to Richardson & Avery of East Saginaw. The price paid was $50,000 cash which is at the rate of a fraction over $1 a thousand. These lands are on the north shore and in the region traversed by the Iron Range railroad.

***The pine lands owned by Eaton & Merritt on the north shore have been sold to a Michigan syndicate for $36,000 cash. The sale was made through Mayor Moore to the Osterhaut-Hughat company for the Michigan syndicate. The lands are on Knife river.

***Notice has been given that the partnership existing between F. W. Eaton and Leonidas Merritt was dessolved on Oct. 23 by mutual consent.

***The famous Wallace Theater company of New York, under the management of Charles Frohman, appeared at the Grand last evening, presenting "Diplomacy" before a large audience.

***Excitement was up to the highest at the Duluth theater last night when Billy Jackson announced that a friendly glove contest would take place between Blake and Titrod. The first round was won by Titrod, the second by Blake and the third was a draw. The seconds kept each pugilist sponged and the bloodless contest ended amid great hilarity.

***The plans for the new Catholic school which is to be built on Second avenue west near Fourth street show a building that will cover an area of forty-two by sixty feet. It will have two stories and a tower. The plans have been prepared by Wirth & Traphagen.

MINNESOTA OPINIONS.

Little Falls Transcript: A few days after the organization of St. Paul jobbers had emphatically declared against President Roosevelt's plan for government control for railroad rates it is announced that the leading St. Paul jobber will be a candidate for governor.

Thief River Falls Press: The Republicans might do far worse than to nominate Frank Eddy for governor. One thing is sure Eddy would receive practically the entire Republican vote of the state and once elected, he would be governor all the time. And then, think of the chance for some of those cheap, political paysuckers to get an appointment. It would take about three hands to keep the governor's shoes laced and his pants buttoned, and make him generally presentable.

St. Hilaire Spectator: A number of our exchanges were telling last week about picking strawberries in October, and the next day it snowed.

Detroit Record: It is said that Alex McKenzie, the North Dakota politician, is figuring on taking a hand in Minnesota politics with the end in view of accomplishing the defeat of Senator Knute Nelson. Alex had better steer clear of the job or he will know more about Minnesota politics and Nelson's strength than he does now.

Grand Rapids Herald-Review: In the meantime Grand Rapids has no kick coming. Folks here are all quite prosperous, thank you, with a future that will outshine all other towns in this most glorious region of a glorious state.

C. D. I. in Cass Lake Times: Happiness never happens. It comes only to those who strive for it by making others happy.

Fergus Falls Wheelock's Weekly: "A fault confessed is half redressed" is not the way John McCall looks at it. He confesses, but denies any fault.

Red Lake Falls Courier (Dem.): The Republicans seem to have concluded to bury the hatchet—in each other.

Virginia Virginian: Certain newspapers have taken what is called a "saner" view of the railroad rate question since the railroads have been sending out tons of literature opposing government regulation. It beats all how easy some editors are duped by sophistry and special pleading. Some of them get me if it is something new if that railroad managers desire to retain the rate-making power. Of course they desire to retain it. Why not? So do the life insurance managers desire to continue the management of those institutions. No grafter likes to give up a good thing.

Argyle Banner: Some of the life insurance officials should be given a touch of high life in some penitentiary. The change probably would do them good.

The Retort Courteous.

Everybody's Magazine: The friendship existing between Father Kelly and Rabbi Levi is proof against differences in race and religion. Each is distinguished for his learning, his eloquence, and his wit; and they delight in chaffing each other. They were seated opposite each other at a banquet where some delicious roast ham was served and Father Kelly made comments upon its flavor. Presently he leaned forward and in a voice that carried far, he addressed his friend:

"Rabbi Levi, when are you going to become liberal enough to eat ham?"

"At your wedding, Father Kelly," retorted the rabbi.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: Next to widows, children are the most innocent.

A girl falls in love as easily as a man falls out.

People who have no bad habits seem to think there is no fun in the world.

If a man can't spend all his money on automobiles he will find it easy enough by getting married.

Maybe people would crowd to the churches the way they do to the theaters if they had to pay.

How Is It Done.

An ex-journalist in Emerson Hough's new story, "Heart's Desire," gives some inside information regarding presidential progresses and rear-platform speeches. "Comin' into Basswood Junction, People's Choice turns to his honorable secretary, and says he, 'Jimmy, what's this?' Jimmy turns to his card cabinet, and says he, 'Prexie, this is Basswood Junction. Three railroads come in here—and got away as soon as they can. Four overall factories and a reaper plant. Population, 6,000, and increasin' satisfactory. Hon. Charles D. Bastrop, M. C., from this district, on the straight Republican ticket.'

"Then the train would pull into this station to the sad, sweet notes of the oompah horn, and the delegation of leadin' citizens would file in behind the car, and the first leadin' citizen would get red in the face with his welcome talk, while we four slaves of the people were hustling the president's speech to the depot telegraph wire before he said it. People's Choice, he stands on the back platform with one hand in his bosom, and says he: 'Fellow Citizens of Basswood Junction—I am proud to see before me this large and distinguished gatherin' of our noble North American fauna. My visit to your pleasant valley is wholly without political significance. These noble, et cetera; these smiling, et cetera; these beautiful, et cetera, fill me with the proudest emotions of et cetera. Basswood Junction has four magnificent factories, and is the center of three great trunk lines of railroad which radiate et cetera: it is destined to be a great commercial et cetera. And what would be more confirmatory of the sober, practical judgment of this flourishing community than the fact that they have produced and given to the world that distinguished statesman and gentleman, the Hon. Charles D. Bastrop. * * * Fellow citizens, the issue before this country today —and that is where he would hit his gait."

It Is Too Late Now.

Philadelphia Telegraph: The school teachers of Newark, N. J., have emphatically refused to show their vaccination marks to the medical inspectors of that town, and from a disinterested standpoint it seems as if the medical inspectors had made a fatal mistake in not taking a look while the fair ones were frolicking on the beach in bathing garb last summer.

ECHOES OF HARMONY.

Sleepy Eye Dispatch: Republican harmony is becoming quite harmonious in some places. Everybody is standing around waiting for the "right kind of candidate" to appear—but they all reserve the right to judge the candidate when he does show up, and there's where there may be trouble.

Cannon Falls Beacon: Such Republicans as are "nursing their wrath to keep it warm" would do well to recall the fate of the man finding a serpent stupified by the cold placed it inside his blouse and warmed it back to life only to be bitten for his kindness.

Anoka Herald: The Republican party is not harmonizing rapidly after the late unpleasantness. Renegades are too anxious to rule.

Rush City Post: R. C. Dunn is gradually getting his good character established in the minds of the Johnson Republicans. Many of them are sore, and many of them are sorry that they were ever fooled by the Collins craze.

St. Cloud Journal-Press: The Northfield News is against Senator Nelson and in a few short months it will be calling upon the Journal-Press to know how he happened to be elected for the third term. To relieve the News editor of the tension of this long wait, we will tell him right now: Nelson made good with the people, and he has the opposition of our good friend, Joel Heatwole. Nuf sed."

Sauk Center Herald: It is going to be a hard job to pick a gubernatorial candidate that will be satisfactory to Robert C. Dunn and Joel P. Heatwole.

Red Wing Republican: The harmony among Sixth district politicians is so loud that it can be heard all over the state.

Royalton Banner: The editor of the St. Cloud Journal-Press wants Dunn and Collins to again stand for the Republican gubernatorial nomination. The nomination, he says, was stolen from Collins a year ago and the judge must be vindicated. Collins would be nominated and elected in spite of the Dunn bolters before and after the convention. This is a sample of the harmony talk the Collins newspapers are indulging in.

Hibbing Mesaba Ore: The Princeton Union, Bob Dunn's paper, runs a column of dirty stuff every week directed to Governor Johnson. Harmony will come with a bump as soon as Dunn gets into the running again.

Grand Rapids Independent: The Minneapolis Journal says that the idea of a vindication for either participant in the late Republican gubernatorial fight does not appeal to the rank and file of the party as strongly as "forget it" would. The Journal is like the pious old gentleman who thanked the Lord he was always ready to be forgiven for every sin he ever committed.

It Don't Freeze There.

You grow at wintry weather—
Say the burden's hard to bear:
But you'll reach a warmer country,
And it
Don't
Freeze
There.

Then you'll cry, "Oh, for a blizzard,
And coldest skies and drear'"
Oh, you'll have enough of summer—
For it
Don't
Freeze
There.
—Atlanta Constitution.

Truth Beats Yellow Fiction.

Baltimore American: If one of our imaginative yellow fiction writers were to tell of a fire fiend who rushed through a populous district in one of the biggest cities of the country, setting fire to tenement houses as he jumped in and out of an automobile, keeping the fire department chasing in his trail, and then vanished without detection, people would smile at the absurdity of the wild tale. Yet this is what actually happened a few days ago in Brooklyn. Truth is not only stranger than fiction, but it seems to be even a good bit yellower.

Advertising a Revival.

Kansas City Journal: Two revivalists at Neodesha have about reached the limit with a half page ad of their meetings in a local paper, which reads:

"Ho! Ye people! Special Sale. We are here with the goods. The bread of life. The water of life. Our price, 'Come ye and buy without money and without price.' We propose to tell the mean people of Neodesha how to get good and the good people how to get better."

Bully for the Sun!

Boston Herald: Bully for the New York Sun and its incessant appeals for independent voting and for scratching the straight tickets!

AMUSEMENTS.

THE LYCEUM

LAST TIME, TONIGHT!
The Most Popular Comic Opera,
"SAN TOY"
Prices, 25c to $1.50.

Saturday—"The Show Girl." Prices 25c to $1. Mat. 25c to 75c. Seats ready Thursday, Oct. 26—Dan Sully, Oct. 31—Nelson-Britt Fight Pictures.

METROPOLITAN
W. H. LONGSTREET, MGR.

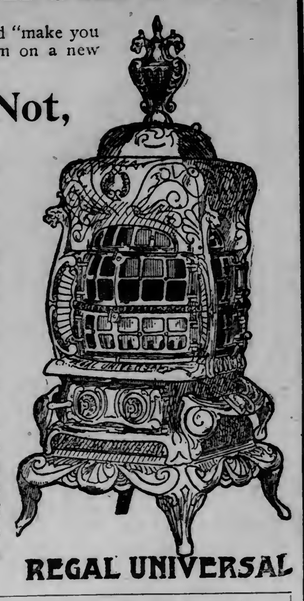
TONIGHT AND ALL WEEK, EXCEPTING SATURDAY,
"The Parisian Belles"
GAY, GLADSOME GIRLIES!
Bargain Matinees Thursday (Ladies' Day) and Friday.

Prices—15, 30 and 50 cents. Matinees, 20 and 30 cents.

DOES YOUR SHOE MAN

Take back your old shoes and "make you a liberal allowance" for them on a new pair?

Certainly Not,



and certainly no dealer in stoves is going to sell you a stove or steel range at an honest low profit and also give you "a liberal allowance on an old stove that he would have to sell for scrap iron—besides being put to the expense of handling the old stove, which is NOT SMALL. We want you to bear in mind that this is the ONLY STORE in this city that marks their stoves at the lowest price possible—that is, measured by actual dollars and cents—and yet give you the advantage of liberal credit. If the best is not too good for you, then buy a "UNIVERSAL."

REGAL UNIVERSAL

$1 Down and $1 a Week and No Interest.

These are the extraordinary liberal terms that apply to ALL "UNIVERSALS" from the fine Base Burner at $27.95 up to the best there is.

BAYHA & CO.

Duluth's Greatest Furniture Store.

Corner Second Ave. West and First St., Duluth.

BEHEADED BY A TRAIN

Severed Remains of Superior Lad Found on Track.

Boy Cut In Two While Playing On Cars.

Thomas Nee, the 15-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Coleman Nee, 324 Cummings avenue, Superior, met a frightful death in the Terminal Railway company yards at Third street and Ogden avenue in that city last evening.

At a late hour, his remains, the head served from the body, were found lying in a pool of blood beside the track. This was at 11:45 and the body was quite cold then, indicating that the boy had been dead for several hours.

No one has been found who saw the boy killed or heard his screams when he fell to his death beneath the cars. The noise of the moving train probably drowned out the shriek of terror which he must have emitted just before the heavy car wheel crunched out his life and cut his little body in two.

The body was found by James Drisco, who was walking along the track and almost stumbled over it. He promptly notified the police and Detective Dill and Patrolman Halberg were immediately assigned to look into the matter.

The police found the body in the place described by Drisco. They learned that the engine crew had stopped for the night at 11 and that no accident had been reported at the yard office.

Boys have been playing on the cars in the neighborhood and stealing rides whenever opportunity has offered and it is thought that young Nee was riding between the cars and that with a sudden jolt of the train, lost his balance and fell to the track, his neck lying almost on the rail. Death was instantaneous.

The grim policeman picked up the mangled remains of the boy and carried them to the yard office, and then set off to break the sad news to the lad's parents. But the parents were evidently in bed and fast asleep when the detective and patrolman arrived, for the united efforts of those two could not arouse them, and they did not learn of their son's sad fate until this morning.

Coroner Dudley is conducting an inquest over the body this morning.

The Ladies, Rector and Vestry of ST. PAUL'S CHURCH OF DULUTH beg to invite all members (old and young) and attendants of the Episcopal church in Duluth to join them in celebrating the thirty-sixth anniversary of the opening of the church at the rectory, Thursday evening, Oct. 26, from 8 to 11, given under the auspices of the Ladies' Guild.

BOY ALMOST CUT IN TWO BY SAW

Ambitious Lad Near Death at Hospital In Superior.

Freeman Widger, the 18-year-old employe of the Superior Manufacturing company, who was almost cut in twain by a circular saw at that establishment yesterday, lies at death's door in St. Mary's hospital.

Young Widger stumbled and fell on a circular saw which almost severed his right side from his shoulder to the abdomen. His right lung was exposed. He has no chance of recovery and only his fresh, boyish strength and grit has kept him alive this long.

He had been working at the mill only four or five days, and had not become entirely used to the machinery. One of his mittens caught in the machinery and his efforts to extricate it, he fell on the whirring saw, which had nearly ploughed its way through his body before it could be stopped.

Although he was cut almost into pieces and bleeding profusely, he still lived, and was removed to the hospital immediately. But little hope for his recovery has been entertained from the outset.

His parents and brother reside at 6213 Ogden avenue, South Superior, but Freeman has been employed at Tomahawk up to a short time ago. He had taken the position at the Superior Manufacturing company's establishment only for a short time, as he intended to go to school this winter.

KILLED BY TRAIN.

An Unidentified Man Struck Down on South Shore Road.

An eastbound train on the South Shore road struck and killed an unidentified man, near Lake Nebagamon, Wis., about 7:30 last evening. Coroner Dudley was notified at once, but he was unable to make connections and could not leave until this morning.

The body was found, mangled, but still warm, at Middle River, by the crew of train No. 8, westbound. It was supposed that the man was walking along the track and was struck by No. 5, the eastbound train.

The man was dead when found, and the remains were taken charge of by section hands, pending the arrival of the coroner.

THE MANAGING OF AIR CRAFT

Now the Problem Before Experimenters In Aerial Navigation.

Washington, Oct. 25.—A grant of $500 was made in the latter part of last year by the Smithsonian Institution from the Hodkins fund to Dr. A. F. Zahm, professor of physical science in the Catholic university for a series of experiments on atmospheric resistence to moving bodies. Prof. Zahm completed the experiments some months ago but has not ceased his investigations of aerial resistance.

Dr. Zahm holds that Secretary Langley has fully proven that aerodrome as finally constructed, will not only fly, but will carry the weight of one man, the problem now to be solved being the mode of managing the craft when it is in the air.

The $500 grant enabled Dr. Zahm to prove that the best shape for the balloon part of the airship was that following the lines of the modern submarine torpedo. Stretching the full length of his laboratory, Dr. Zahm has what he calls an "Air tunnel," built solidly of wood. At one end of this tunnel there is a powerful suction fan which draws the air through with great velocity. The opposite end of the tunnel is covered with wire netting to "straighten" the currents. Dr. Zahm uses models of various shapes. These are placed in the air current, and the velocity of the wind and the model is measured.

ALLEGED FRAUDS BY DISTILLERS

Government Brings Suit Against North Carolina Whisky Men.

Greensboro, N. C., Oct. 25.—Interesting litigation has been begun in the federal court here in the case of the United States against N. Glenn Williams, D. F. Kennedy and the Old Nick Williams distilling company, indicated in fifteen counts for alleged frauds against the government in conducting a big distillery, rectifying and wholesale whisky plant at Williams, in Yadkin county. The trial of the case, which began yesterday probably will require two weeks. Some of the ablest lawyers in the state represent the defendants and there are fifty witnesses. On the part of the prosecution, besides many government documents, there are seventy-five witnesses, some from California. These embrace dispensary managers, wholesale and retail liquor dealers, railroad and express agents, telegraph operators, bankers and revenue officers, the purpose being to show that the defendants transported and sold thousands of gallons of whisky more than their sworn reports to the government for payment of taxes show.

No one would ever be bothered with constipation if everyone knew how naturally and quickly Burdock Blood Bitters regulates the stomach and bowls.

EIGHTY MINERS GO ON STRIKE

Refuse to Take Member Cards In Mine Owners Association.

Telluride, Col., Oct. 25.—Eighty miners employed at the Alta mines and mill struck last night when notices were posted requiring all employes to take out cards of membership in the Mine Owners' association. When the great strike in this district was called off about a years ago by the Western Federation of Miners, the Owners' association made a rule that all men working in the mines and mills must join their association. For a time this rule was enforced but of late has been allowed to become inert. Recently the owners of the Alta properties gave notice to the lessees that they must hire only such men as were sanctioned by membership in the Mine Owners' organization. The attempt to carry out this order caused the Alta men to strike.

Scald head is an eczema of the scalp—very severe sometimes, but it can be cured. Doan's Ointment, quick and permanent in its results. At any drug store, 50 cents.

PRISONER STARVES HIMSELF TO DEATH.

Butte, Oct. 25.—James B. Barnes, awaiting trial for the murder of Patrick Hanley in this city Sept. 3, died in the county jail last night, apparently from self imposed starvation. Barnes for the past three days has refused to touch any food or drink, bemoaning his fate and expressing terror lest a mob should again attempt to lynch him. Some time ago he made an unsuccessful attempt at suicide but his stomach was so weak following a protonged fast that it refused to hold the poison.

ORDER RESTORED IN CHILI.

London, Oct. 25.—A dispatch to Reuter's Telegram company from Santiago, Chili, today says that three thousand troops arrived there last night and that order has been restored. The troops are still patrolling the streets. Probably sixty persons were killed and 200 were wounded during the recent rioting.

MAJ. SCOTT'S APPOINTMENT

May Fail In the Senate, Says Senator Clapp.

Washington, Oct. 25.—The conference between Senator Clapp, Secretary Hitchcock, Indian Commissioner Leupp and Inspector McLaughlin over the White Earth timber sale was merely preliminary. Senator Clapp says he expects to remain here several days, and hopes to have the matter disposed of before he leaves. He has not given the appointment of Maj. Scott's successor as agent at Leech Lake any consideration, and grows sarcastic in referring to that question.

"I suppose if the secretary of the interior wants to appoint Maj. Scott to that position, he will do so," said the senator. "Apparently things are done in Minnesota without consulting anybody in the state. We reserve to ourselves, however, the right to refuse to confirm the nomination if it is made."

The order issued by the war department, retiring Maj. Scott, did not relieve him from his duties as agent at Leech Lake, and it is understood here that he will remain in Minnesota until his successor is appointed, if a civilian is chosen, in order that he may account for property in his charge.

MELLIN'S For the Baby FOOD

A baby who frets, worries, or cries, or sleeps poorly is probably poorly nourished, unless there is actual disease. Mellin's Food provides plenty of good nourishment; easily digestible, and does away with all fretting and crying. Try Mellin's Food; we will send you a sample.

Mellin's Food is the ONLY Infants' Food, which received the Grand Prize, the highest award of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition, St. Louis, 1904. Higher than a gold medal.

MELLIN'S FOOD CO., BOSTON, MASS.

TRAIN SNOWBOUND.

Runs Into Snowdrift and Is Stalled For Twelve Hours.

Butte, Mont., Oct. 25.—A passenger train of several coaches was snowbound for a day on the Montana railroad, according to advices received from Harlowton.

An immense drift of snow was encountered between Harlowton and Garniel and an effort to dash through resulted in the train getting stuck so badly that it required twelve hours' work of a large force of shovelers to free the cars.

The Montana road traverses a remote section of the state. Last winter a train was lost for eight days as the result of deep snow. The railroad is without telegraphic communication.

Heavy snow at this time of year is unusual.

DEAD IN THE WOODS.

Evidence of Suicide---Missing Man Had Burned His Home.

Fergus Falls, Oct. 25.—Coroner Haugan received notice Monday night that the body of an unknown man had been found in the woods in the town of Maplewood, and went out immediately to investigate. He found that the remains were those of Jacob Johnson, who lived alone there for a short time, and afterwards disappeared, his house burning down the night of his disappearance. A bullet hole in the side of his head and a revolver lying close by, indicated that the man had committed suicide, but why he should have set fire to his house before crawling into the woods to die is not quite clear. At the time of the fire he was thought that he might have been murdered and robbed and the house burned to cover up traces of the crime, but as no traces of his remains could be found in the ashes, this theory was considered doubtful and his disappearance has remained a mystery until the finding the the remains.

ON CHARGE OF ARSON.

Eau Claire Woman Is Arrested, But Asserts Innocence.

Eau Claire, Wis., Oct. 25.—Mrs. Elizabeth Pauly, arrested on a charge of arson, pleaded not guilty and furnished a bond of $1,000. The case was adjourned to Nov. 10.

The arrest was due to the alleged discovery by a policeman, on the morning of Oct. 11, of six candles set in pieces of wood in her hairdressing parlors in such a way that when the candles burned down they would ignite kerosene-soaked rubbish. Mrs. Pauly had gone to Augusta that night. She stoutly protests her innocence. She has lived here thirty-two years and is a widow.

LATE DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Menominee Girl Nearly Electrocuted While Turning Off Light.

Menominee—While turning off an electric light Miss Lita Holmes, teacher in the Marinette public schools, was nearly electrocuted. When she was ready to retire she turned off the light and was thrown violently to the floor and was unconscious for a long time. It was first thought that she was dead, but she may recover. Crossed wires is believed to have been the cause.

Hancock—Jack Holland, a well known Hancock man, was pretty badly cut up as the result of a free-for-all fight on Pezcuco street at an early hour yesterday morning. Warrants were sworn out yesterday by Officer Schneider for the arrest of four men, including Holland, charging them with creating a noise and disturbance on the street. The trouble occurred about 1 o'clock. All four men, it is alleged, were drunk at the time.

Munising—Some one who evidently was familiar with the combination of the safe in the barroom at the Hotel Munising opened the safe and helped himself to $150 belonging to the proprietors, McCann & Brown. No clue.

Newberry—Edward Munson, assistant engineer at the Upper Peninsula hospital at Newberry, met with a painful accident which will keep him from duty for several weeks. He was walking on the railroad track, and, the night being pitch dark, when nearing town he walked into a cattle guard. Both his hands were badly lacerated by the sharp prongs.

St. Ignace—Henry Valier, aged 30, was drowned at St. Ignace last week. He is supposed to have fallen from a launch in the mill slip. Search was made for him when he did not return home at the time expected, and his hat was found floating near the dock. A diver recovered the body later. Wife and six children, the oldest 7 years of age, survive him.

Ontonagon—An employe of the telephone force which is working in the southern part of Ontonagon county was run over and instantly killed by a South Shore train at Lake Gogebic. The body was horribly mangled. Little is known of the man. He had been employed by the company only a short time and was known to his companions simply as "Tim." The remains were buried at Bergland.

Stephenson—C. W. Temple of Stephenson lost a pair of valuable horses from poison recently, the animals having drank a mixture of Paris green and water which was in a barrel and left in the field. The horses had been running in the field before and had never touched the poison, but on the fateful day both drank from the barrel and died in great agony shortly after. The horses were valued at about $300.

NEWSPAPER MAY BE CIRCULATED.

Washington, Oct. 25.—El Constitutional, the semi-official Venezuelan newspaper, which has been excluded from the United States mails on account of its publishing lists of lotteries, has, according to private advices received here, ceased puolication of those lists and accordingly will be permitted to circulate in the United States and Porto Rico.

DAKOTA HOUSE THIEF CAUGHT IN WYOMING

St. Paul, Oct. 24.—A special to the Dispatch from Medora, N. D., says: Otto Chenelworth, who it is alleged, stole $40,000 worth of horses from A. C. Huidekoper, of this county in 1901, and afterwards escaped from jail, has been captured in Wyoming. Sheriff Reid left today with a requisition for Chenelworth's return to this state.

CLAIMED BY TWO WIDOWS

Interesting Contest Expected For Late Political Leader's Millions.

Story of a Double Life Led By John McCarty.

New York, Oct. 25.—The recent death of John McCarty, at one time a Democratic leader in Brooklyn, and lieutenant of Boss McLaughlin, is expected to result in a contest for his fortune by two women, each of whom claims to be his widow.

John McCarty was one of that type of men that was peculiar to the politics of thirty years ago in Brooklyn. He began life as a barkeeper in Andrew Coates' saloon on Sands street, and was able to buy out the business with the help of his wife's relatives. His father worked in the quarries about Cold Spring, and it was there John McCarty was born 69 years ago. He was a broad-shouldered, handsome fellow and had the knack of holding the friendship of men without giving much of that product of human nature in return. Soon after he became a full-fledged saloonkeeper McCarty joined the first bolt from the McLaughlin machine ever known in the old Fifth ward. McLaughlin lived then in the adjoining ward, the Fourth.

Like McLaughlin, Shevlin, McCarren and the remainder of the Democratic "council" in Brooklyn, McCarty grew out of the saloonkeeper stage and started on the road to several millions. His prominence in the bolt in 1877 led to his nomination for alderman the following year. He was handy on the board and served McLaughlin well. The friendship of the "Old Man" for the Fifth ward statesman incured the enmity of Shevlin, but McCarty shared with Shevlin the confidence of McLaughlin.

Entering the board of aldermen with almost nothing, McCarty relinquished the presidency of that body after eleven years to go to the senate with a fortune said to have been $2,000,000. In his term of service in the board, the telephone, electric light and trolley lines were introduced to Brooklyn. The McLaughlin confidants made a pile of money on the railroad stock when the power was changed form horses to trolley in 1895. Then came the Nassau Electric Railway company, which added several more millions to the bank accounts of the close corporation of Willoughby street politicians who were in on the deals.

On leaving the board McCarty was elected to the senate in 1891, and again in 1895, but he was unseated by the vote of his old foe, Former Senator Daniel Bradley. Democratic politics had settled down somewhat from the condition that was brought about by the McKane frauds in 1888, when McCarty came up for the third time, in 1895, and he was returned to the senate. At the end of his term he resigned and retired to his farm at Goshen. He has lived there almost continuously in the last eight years, as the climate favored his asthmatic trouble.

Before McCarty was taken under the wing of McLaughlin he was one of the original "Big Four" of Democratic politics in Brooklyn. The other three were John Delmar and James McGarry, both of whom are dead, and James Kane, the only survivor of the turbulent combination that was a powerful lever on patronage distribution in the old days.

While he was on the board of aldermen McCarty's wife separated from him and retired to a convent, but no breath of scandal was heard until two years ago, when a woman who was in an automobile accident in Pittsfield, Mass., gave her name as Mrs. John McCarty, and said she was the wife of a former senator of Brooklyn. The affair was hushed up, but a year ago the same woman raised a hue and cry in Pittsfield that she had been robbed of jewels worth $10,000. She again claimed the former senator as her husband. Then the story of McCarty's double life came out. It developed that the Pittsfield woman was a niece of a relative of the lawful Mrs. McCarty. Her relations with McCarty drove his wife into the convent. Nobody suspected there had been a marriage, and it is not believed there was a second ceremony.

The woman in Pittsfield has three sons, the oldest of whom is 19 years. Those who know the facts are positive she will fight for a big slice of the estate, and if the contest comes to trial there may be interesting disclosures as to McCarty's life and the source of his fortune.

The stock farm at Goshen is one of the most valuable places up the state. On it have been bred many famous trotting horses, including Joe Patch.

Through Tourist Cars to California.

The following through Tourist car service to California points has been inaugurated by "The North-Western Line" for the season 1905-6.

Leaving St. Paul every Tuesday at 9:05 p. m., running via Omaha and the Union Pacific and Southern Pacific railways to San Francisco and Los Angeles.

Leaving St. Paul every Thursday at 8:00 p. m., via Omaha, Union Pacific to Ogden, O. S. L. to Salt Lake, thence via the new line San Pedro, Salt Lake & Los Angeles railway to Los Angeles.

Leaving St. Paul every Saturday at 9:40 a. m., running via Council Bluffs, Kansas City and the A. T. & S. Fe railway to Los Angeles.

For reservations, apply to City Ticket Agent, 302 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn.

Ely

photographs the babies.

California or Florida.

It is time to plan your winter vacation. Early arrangements secure the best accommodations. Choice of routes via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway to California or to Florida, combined with low rates, make the trip to either resort a most attractive one. A postal will bring complete information about rates, train service and resorts, free, and by return mail. Address W. B. Dixon, Northwestern Passenger Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

WANTED

1000 School Children

to Compete in the North Western Fuel Co.'s Jingle Contest for

$25 IN PRIZES

Address All Letters to

North Western Fuel Co.,

327 West Superior St., Duluth. 1019 Tower Ave., Superior, Wis.

Grand-Tallant Co

Comparing Values.



Advertisers are decrying "bargain sales" and offering almost philanthropic reductions in the same breath. They trust to the public's carelessness for acceptance. Fortunately, personal comparison of the various sales of fur-lined coats and cloth coats tells the whole truth to the public.

In the light of our own knowledge we could challenge many of these coat advertisements—not as being untrue—but as being woeful exaggerations. But people are judging for themselves—we know that—because we are selling to many new customers—to people who have looked around and who see where money goes farthest.

As early in the season as this, we are duplicating orders for fur-lined and cloth coats; that tells the story.

Tomorrow we will have more new cloth coats in—very smart styles, in the fashionable grays and mixtures—exactly what women have been wanting. It's a satisfaction to have such a coat and to feel certain that the price is not overloaded.

Fur Trimming at Half Price.

This is a fur year—fur linings, fur collars, fur trimmings—fur everywhere. And here is a chance to buy trimmings for infants' and childrens' coats at half the regular price—think of that. The reason—because the lots are small. Narrow widths of bear, astrakhan, Persian lamb, Angora, etc., at 10c to 74c a yard.

Trimming Collars.

To add charm and finish to your silk or lace waist purchase one of these rich silk escurial collars at the lace department—no two alike—$2.25, $3.00 and $3.25.

Insertion Bargains.

The accumulations of French and Italian Valenciennes lace insertions for the past several weeks. The laces in the sets have been sold and in order to close out the insertions remaining, at once, we will place them in two lots tomorrow at

5c for Insertions up to 10c, **8c** for Insertions up to 18c.

All the patterns are fresh and desirable—no job lots.

Taffeta Ribbons Underprice.

Here is satin taffeta ribbon that is being asked for right along and yet is nearly one-third less than you usually pay. It is an extra fine quality in white, pink, brown and lavender colors.

19c for 25c Ribbon 3½ inches wide.
23c for 30c Ribbon 4 inches wide.
27c for 35c Ribbon 5 inches wide.

Winter Coatings.

Our line of Coatings is one of the largest and most complete in the city. Panne Cheviots, Meltons, Kerseys, in all the desirable colors, and the heavy-weight Tweed Cloths that are to be extensively used this winter for the long coats; mannish styles that you'll want; 50 to 56 inches wide; up to $2 and as low as **89c**

79c MOHAIR SUITINGS 59c.

DOUBLE WARP CLOTHS, EXTRA FIRMLY WOVEN, WITH neat hair line stripes and small broken patterns—brown, gray and tan only. Excellent weight for fall shirt waist suits and skirts. Every woman is thoroughly aware how practical and desirable mohair suitings are, and the mention of this price for our regular 79c qualities will bring to this store Thursday all who recognize a grand bargain..... **59c**

UNDERW'R.

THE BEST ASSORTMENT in the city guarantees a satisfactory selection—which is everything. An extra good quality of fleeced cotton union suits—we are selling hundreds of them at—the suit..... **$1.00**

MUNSING UNION SUITS—light, natural color—all-wool—hand-crochet trimming—$2.75 suits tomorrow **$2.48**

See the display in our show windows tomorrow—note the astoundingly low prices and be on hand promptly Friday morning to share in the remarkable values. Positively none sold before Friday.

FOR SALE!

MEAT MARKET

Good location; with complete fixtures and established paying business. Horses and wagons included. A good bargain. Will stand the closest investigation.

Address—E-29 HERALD.

SPECIAL THIS WEEK!

Gold Crowns $5
Porcelain Crowns..$5
Bridge Work $5

Artificial Teeth $5.00 and up.

DULUTH DENTAL PARLORS

DR. BUDD, Mgr. 3 W. Sup. St.

TONIGHT!

Cook's PalmGarden Grand Free Concert by SCHNEIDER'S LADY ORCHESTRA.

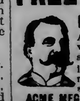
Workingmen and Others.

We are prepared to move you cheaper and better than any one else. Covered vans or open drays, same price. Come and be satisfied.

'Phones 402. 210 West Superior St.

DULUTH VAN & STORAGE CO.

FREE BOOK TO MEN!



MEN—If you are small, weak or undeveloped, have lost strength, our Acme Vacuum Developer will restore you, without drugs or electricity. Urethral Obstruction and Varicocele permanently cured in 1 to 4 weeks. 75,000 in use; not one failure not one returned. Write for free book, sent sealed in plain envelope.

ACME MFG. CO., 509 Barclay Blk., Denver, Colo.

WHERE VALUES REIGN SUPREME.

Stack & Co.

107 West Superior Street.

Unequaled Bargain Offerings In Seasonable Merchandise.

Ready-to-wear Bargains.

$5.00 heavy all-wool Skirts in the new popular box and knife-pleated styles—Thursday's special..... **$3.75**

$7.50 Walking Skirts, in very desirable gray fancy mixtures, handsomely self-trimmed in pleated and self button trimming—special..... **$5.50**

$10 Broadcloth Skirts in black, blue and brown self-strapped and button trimmed—a genuine bargain..... **$7.95**

$8.50 Ladies' Coats, in fancy mannish mixtures—46 inches long—and Thursday's special only..... **$5.50**

$12.50 ladies' heavy winter Kersey Coats—in browns, blues and black—nicely trimmed in silk embroidered buttons—a bargain tomorrow only..... **$9.50**

$20 heavy Kersey Coats—nicely made, with large fur Collar, others ask $22.50 for this same kind—special price only..... **$15.00**

$5 Neck Furs, handsome double pieces in large Coney, special..... **$3.50**

$9.50 beautiful Isabella Fox boas—Thursday's special at..... **$6.75**

See the beautiful neck pieces on sale tomorrow at—

$5.00, $7.50, $8.75 and $9.95

Underwear Values.

Children's heavy fleeced 25c and 35c underwear, in vests only—while they last tomorrow, for only..... **15c**

33c ladies' fleeced Vests and Pants—in white and gray—choice tomorrow only... **25c**

50c heavy wool-fleece underwear—a sale price tomorrow only..... **37c**

$1.25 ladies' fine lambs' wool Underwear—tomorrow special at..... **$1.00**

See the 75c ladies' combination suits on sale special tomorrow at..... **50c**

50c gents' heavy fleeced underwear—a special tomorrow at..... **39c**

Blankets and Comforts.

50c nice fleecy Blankets—only..... **42c**

75c 10-4 Cotton Blankets—heavy and extra full size—a bargain at..... **59c**

$1.00 11-4 heavy Cotton Blankets—in a nice medium tan, with fancy fast colored borders—special..... **75c**

$1.25 11-4 extra heavy Blankets—in handsome silver gray—special at..... **85c**

$1.25 Silkoline Comforts, well-filled with white cotton and tied in fancy yarn—special tomorrow..... **95c**

$1.50 fine Cotton-filled Comforters—silkoline covered and extra size for.... **$1.20**

RAILROADS

WILL ADOPT THIRD RAIL

Electric Locomotives Will Be Used on the Missabe.

To Operate on Hill—New Electric Unloading Apparatus.

Among the extensive improvements planned by the Duluth, Missabe & Northern railroad for next year is a third-rail system for a part of the line, extending from the docks at West Duluth to the hilltop, at least, and used for this distance by electric locomotives.

It is planned eventually to extend the third-rail system to the range mines, it is understood, and to use electric power in operating all of the trains along the line. This will easily be made possible when the Northern Power company's generating and distributing lectric plants are put in operation, for it is the intention of the railroad to use power secured from this source. The electric service, it is believed, will be more satisfactory than steam, and will also be more economical.

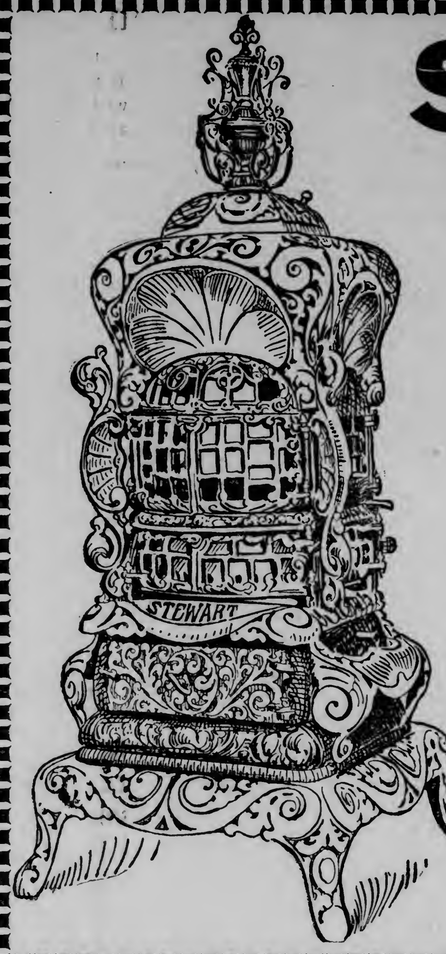
The plans are said to also include the use of an electrical apparatus for the unloading of the big steel ore cars at the docks, performing work now done by men. The new system will unload the cars a good deal more rapidly than the old. No official announcement of any of these improvements has as yet been made, and the details of the new system are not obtainable.

The big hill at the harbor end of the Missabe road caused the company a good deal of trouble in the past. Six locomotives are used in the hill and dock service alone. It is proposed to replace these six locomotives with three of the new and powerful electric type, it is understood. Operated by the third-rail system it is believed that they will give better satisfaction than the old-fashioned locomotives in the hill service.

There has also been talk to the effect that the Iron Range road is thinking of adopting the third-rail system, but, as far as can be learned, no definite plans in that direction have as yet been perfected. Probably the Iron Range line will await the outcome of the experiments on the Missabe before purchasing the electrical equipment necessary to replace the old, if the latter is discarded. It may be several years before the third-rail system is completed clear to the mines, but that it will be completed that far on both of the range roads in the course of time is confidently expected.

Although the railroads owned by them are short, the Missabe and Iron Range companies make it a point to be at all times thoroughly up-to-date in the operation of their lines, and are frequently ahead of some of the large railroads in the East in adopting new improvements. Even now experiments are being carried on with steel ties. The third-rail system and the electric locomotive have been successful elsewhere, and it is believed that they will also come up to expectations when they are brought into use in Minnesota.

If these improvements are adopted, several score of men will be thrown out of work. The dock crews will be decreased to a few men by the new method of unloading the cars, and no firemen on the engines will be required. It is possible that no changes will be made for a year or two in the manner of operating the old docks, and that the new dock which it is proposed by the Missabe to build next year will be constructed with the new apparatus ready for service. If the claims regarding it prove to be well founded, it will probably be only a matter of a short time before the system will also be adopted on the old docks.



STEWART STOVES

$1 DOWN and $1 a Week

Buy now before it turns any colder!

The F. S. KELLY Furniture Co.

226-228 West Superior Street.

RAISE THE GRAIN RATES.

Railroads Increase Proportional Grain Rates From Missouri River Points.

Chicago, Oct. 25.—Executive traffic officials of Western railroads agreed yesterday to raise proportional rates on grain from Missouri river points Jan. 1. The general increase will be 1 cent per 100 pounds on all kinds of grain. The Gould lines were parties to the agreement to advance rates and declared that they were not bound by any contract to maintain lower rates after Dec. 31.

The advance in rates to the Gulf ports will be 1¼ cents per 100 pounds, and to all other points 1 cent per 100 pounds.

AN OUTLET TO THE SOUTH.

Aberdeen, S. D., Oct. 25.—A prominent railroad man who was in Aberdeen over Sunday states that the operations of Minneapolis & St. Louis surveyors who have been working in the vicinity of Aberdeen for several days are of great significance. He states the movement means that the Canadian Pacific and the Soo at last see their way clear to obtain an outlet to the South, and that the proposed extension from Aberdeen to Waterloo and from Aberdeen to a connection with the Soo line in North Dakota is the beginning of a movement by which the roads expect to obtain control of the Minneapolis & St. Louis, and a direct line to St. Louis and Kansas City.

Railroad Notes.

The new Superior union depot will be ready for occupancy within thirty days. The contractors are now putting the finishing touches on the building. The total expense of building the structure will be $40,000.

According to the report filed by the railway and warehouse commission, the Minnesota earnings of the Great Northern system amounted to $18,334,077.79 during the last year. The freight earnings were $3,429,518.68 and the passenger earnings $1,578,584.25. The gross earnings of the entire Great Northern system were $30,577,726.70.

E. J. Cannon of St. Paul will assume th duties of counsel of the Northern Pacific road Jan. 1 on the Pacific coast, with headquarters at Spokane. It is understood that his salary will be $7,500 a year. In the last legislature Mr. Cannon represented the manufacturing interests of the state in all railroad matters.

It is reported at Winnipeg that James J. Hill has secured control of the charter of the Hudson Bay railway, and will build to the bay. Mr. Hill is planning to gridiron the Western Canada plains with branches from his transcontinental line.

Railroad Personals.

W. A. McGonagle, vice president of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern road, returned last night from a flying trip to Chicago and was obliged to leave again almost immediately for that city.

Charles E. Wachtel, secretary to President F. E. House of the Duluth & Iron Range road, is in North Dakota on a hunting trip.

TO SUCCEED CHAPELLE

Bishop Blenk May Be Made Archbishop of New Orleans.

It Depends Upon Recommendation By American Archbishops.

Rome, Oct. 25.—Archbishop P. W. Riordan of San Francisco has arrived here on his regular visit ad limina, and has been received in private audience by the pope, and has had several conferences with Cardinal Gotti, prefect of the congregation of propaganda. It is understood here the consultations included discussion of the appointment soon to be made of an archbishop for New Orleans, and that Mgr. Riordan is to carry the pope's advice on the subject to the meeting of American archbishops soon to occur in Washington. Several weeks ago the most available man for the place was here believed to be Mgr. Broderick, formerly auxiliary bishop of Hong. But he since been given special charge of the placing of the Italian immigrants throughout the United States, and it is doubtful if he will be relieved of that work, unless the agricultural society, organized by him for the purpose, is found effective enough to carry it on without his personal supervision.

Another prelate now mentioned for the New Orleans appointment is Mgr. J. Blenk, bishop of Porto Rico, who is favorably considered for the place, because of his knowledge of Louisiana and his long service as a parish priest in New Orleans. He has many friends at propaganda, although his recent refusal to permit his island diocese to be divided, and his own see made an archdiocese; made an unfavorable impression with some of the prelates. Pius X is anxious to fill the vacancy at New Orleans as soon as possible, but will wait for the action of the American archbishops, who will decide upon three names to be sent to Rome in nomination between now and Christmas.

The custom adopted by the Vatican authorities permitting the heirarchy in England and America to have a voice in the selection of bishops for those countries, and making no appointment before three names are received in nomination from the countries, has proved highly successful. It was inaugurated but a few years ago, and it is likely to be adopted for other countries in the near future. In fact, there is already consideration given to the possibility of appointing the new French bishops by this method. It is seriously proposed that after the abolition of the concordat, when the appointment of French bishops will be made by the holy see without consultation with government authorities, the system now used in England and the United States shall be extended to France. It is said also that the pope has planned to call a national council of all members of the French hierarchy to discuss the new conditions made for the church in France by the laws of separation, and that the part that may be taken by the present bishops in naming their colleagues will then be discussed. Many disciplinary measures will also be considered at the council, which will provide new rules to meet the changed conditions in the French church.

The question of providing the temporal support of the French church after the government shall have withdrawn practically all the support it at present gives is being solved in part by the English Catholics, who, at the request of the church authorities, have formed an association to aid in supplying French priests and prelates the salaries they received from the government before separation and also to furnish the necessary money for the preservation of the French churches It is proposed to secure a number of annual subscribers to a special fund, and, according to "Gil Blas," prominent persons are in the administrative council of the society. Among some mentioned are Robert Herbert, formerly a member of the foreign office; Mr. Chamberlain of the Peninsula and Oriental steamship company, and Mr. Duff-Miller of New Brunswick. Among members already enrolled are included a number of French notables, such as the Duke de Lynes, count of Lazecazes, Count de Sonis, Viscount Villarmois, Urbain du Rhin and Julien de Narfon. The new society is expected to be an efficient factor in solving the financial difficulties of the church in France.

It has been definitely decided by the pope that Mgr. Bourne, archbishop of Westminister, shall be made a cardinal at the next consistory, scheduled to take place before the end of next month, certainly not later than Christmas. At the same time, Mgr. Caglano de Azevedo, the pope's majordomo, will be elevated to the position, as will Mgr. Ancoverde de Albuquerque, metropolitan of Rio Janeiro, whose appointment was agreed upon with the Brazilian government some months ago. Five new bishops of Hungary are to be named at the consistory, and the pope has been particular to select these from among the Hungarian clergy, owing to the present racial tension between Austria and Hungary. Such selection was recommended by the papal nuncio at Vienna, Mgr. Granito de Belmonte, who was recently here, and his advice has been followed notwithstanding pressure brought to bear at the vatican for the appointment of at least one or two Austrian prelates to the vacant Hungarian sees.

Although Pius X. dislikes to dabble in political matters, questions from time to time arise which are connected with the politics of the nations and which are very disturbing to him. A recent instance is the demand made by the Catholic king of Saxony that his marriage with the present countess of Montignoso, who ran away with the family instructor when she was still crown princess, be declared null and void by the vatican, so that the king may take a second wife. The demand created much concern at the vatican, but it is out of the question to accede to it, as the marriage of the princess was performed with the sanction of the church authorities and according to church laws. The numerous issues of the marriage also preclude the possibility of such a step as that asked of the pope. If the king persists in the demand, a rupture between him and the church is to be feared, but the good offices of the king's brother, Prince Max, who is a priest of the church, are relied upon to dissuade the king from contracting another and scandalous marriage.

A monument erected by the offerings of Italian Catholics in honor of Pius X. will be dedicated next Sunday at Riese, the pope's native town. It stands on the large square in front of the parish church which he attended when a boy, and is a bronze bust on a marble pedestal. All the pope's relatives will attend the dedication, and a cardinal and many bishops of Venetian provinces will be also present. Photographs of the monument have been received at the vatican and the pope has expressed himself as greatly pleased at this honor paid him in his birthplace.

Mgr. Ceriani, director of the Ambrosian library in Milan, has sent to the pope the first copy of the photographic reproduction of the ancient codes of the third and fourth centuries, containing the works of Homer. The originals are preserved in the institution named and are illustrated with fifty-eight miniatures which have been faithfully reproduced in the publication. Pius X. was pleased with the gift and donated his copy to the Vatican library, where it will be kept with the Vatican manuscript of the works of Virgil.

It is reported here that Mgr. Rinaldini, papal nuncio at Madrid, has been instructed to absent himself from the Spanish capital when the French president visits King Alphonso there. This is doubtless true, as the French officials have persistently refused to communicate with Vatican messengers. Such action on the part of the Vatican is likely, it is said here, to increase the breach between the French government and the Vatican.

After complete restoration and renovation, the ancient church of the Guardian Angels in Via del Tritone was dedicated last Sunday by the cardinal secretary of state and Mgr. Bartolini, who were delegated for the purpose by the pope. The improvements are said to have been made at the expense of generous patrons, and it is said that the church will soon be made a parish church, as it is centrally located and easily accessible.

BIG DISCOUNT.



Your teeth, if white, even and clean, will do more to make you pleasing and popular than the most expensive clothing. Broken, crooked or decayed teeth are unsightly and revolting and cause the breath to have an offensive odor.

We have the largest office in Duluth. We are here to stay. We do as we advertise.

Full set Teeth.....$4 and up Porcelain Crowns..$4 and $5
Gold Crowns.....$5 and $6 Silver Fillings.....75c

Ask those we have worked for about us. Call on us, have you teeth examined and get advice. It costs you nothing and may save you pain and money.

Open Day and Night. (Push night call after 8 p. m.)

LEE & TURLEY, 114-16 W. Superior St. (OVER FOLZ)

LIVES AS WOMAN; DECLARED A MAN

Resident of Brooklyn Who Has Undergone Remarkable Change.

New York, Oct. 25.—Miss May Best, an estimable woman of Brooklyn, who has lived the life of the sex to which she was born for thirty-four years, has been transformed into a man.

Miss Best went into the French Benevolent hospital two weeks ago. Even then the strange change was creeping over her and masculinity was assuming dominance. She came out of the institution after an operation some days ago, a man.

The completion of the metamorphosis left her a woman in experience and ideas but a man in form and physical attributes.

The necessity of a new environment, a new start in life, was impressed upon her by Dr. Claude N. Finley, the physician who had charge of the case, and she will go to St. Louis, there to don male attire, assume a new name and fit herself for the life which this amazing freak of nature has necessitated.

From childhood Miss Best was a strong, robust girl, with an abnormal fondness for the sports of boys. As she grew older she would have liked to play baseball and done other mannish things, but was restrained by a sense of delicacy.

As a youn gwoman she was tall, broadshouldered and very handsome, with jet black hair and blue eyes. She was strong, had rather large hands and feet for a woman, and walked with a mannish stride. In spite of these things, a slight harshness of voice and the increasing growth of hair on her face, she never had the slightest suspicion of the change in life she was undergoing. Her ideals remained feminine; her tastes were feminine; she chose girl companions. She painted, sewed and did all the other things that woman do. She had men riends and girl friends and was popular with both.

Miss Best devoted herself to several women's clubs to which she belonged, to her church and to her charitable work, living a life of usefulness and endearing herself more and more to her friends.

Miss Best was always aware of the streak of mannishness in her, but did not think it was greater than had manifested itself in many other women whom she had seen. She did think seriously of the matter until a few years ago, when her beard began to grow so fast that it was necessary for her to shave every day. In spite of this growth she keep her secret from every one save those who lived with her. The beard humilitated her to some extent, but never gave her the slightest suspicion that she was undergoing any sexual change.

It was a little over two weeks ago that Miss Best was brought to a sudden realization of her condition. She knew then for the first time that she was not a woman but a man. She was prostrated by the blow and consulted her physician.

Dr. Finley was brought into the case, he had Miss Best removed to the French Benevolent Hospital, where an operation was performed, which confirmed what Miss Best had suspected. When the news was broken to Miss Best she was very ill for a time. She was told, however, that outside of the shock she had nothing to fear, that she could assume the sex of a man freely and without embarrassment, but that it was obviously impossible for her to continue to live as a woman.

Miss Best left the hospital in the clothing in which she entered and went to her home in Brooklyn. There arrangements were quickly made for her removal to St. Louis, from which point she will make her plunge into the world as a man. Before Miss Best could leave, however, the realization of the change that had come over her prostrated her again, and she has been ill in bed ever since.

Dr. Finley would not go into the details of the case, saying that they would all be given in time to the medical world through a report he will make of the case through the columns of some medical journal.

A Good Looker

They are good, too. Wouldn't be here if they weren't. You haven't any use for clothes that are not guaranteed, neither have we.

We give you a hundred cents worth of quality for every dollar you spend with us.

Our line is complete.

PRICES $8.50 to $35

FLOAN, LEVEROOS & CO.

225-227 West Superior St.

Never Before.

Were good watches sold at the low prices quoted by Harris & Esterly, 428 West Superior street, Spalding Hotel.

Homeseekers and Settlers.

On every Tuesday the Minneapolis & St. Louis has on sale round trip excursion tickets to points in Minnesota, the Dakotas, Manitoba, Assiniboia, and the Canadian Northwest. On first and third Tuesdays of each month Homeseekers' tickets are on sale to points South, West and Southwest. Rate, one fare, plus $2. Liberal limits and stop-over privileges. For rates and time of trains, call on agents, or address A. B. Cutts, G. P. & T. A., Minneapolis, Minn.

The salve that heals without a scar is DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. No remedy effects such speedy relief. It draws out inflammation, soothes, cools and heals all cuts, burns and bruises. Sold by all druggists.

The "swapping instinct" is no longer a peculiarly Yankee one—it has become an American trait of character. You may want to buy many things—you may want to sell a few. Try our columns.

DRUNKARDS CURED IN ONE DAY

Any Lady Can Do It Secretly at Home. Costs Nothing to Try.

An odorless and tasteless remedy when put in the drunkard's coffee or food will destroy all desire for drink. This remedy is so simple that anyone can use it and the drunkard need never know why he quit drinking intoxicating liquors.

Many have been cured in one day with a free trial alone.

THE OUTCOME OF A DRUNKEN SPREE.

A Trial Package of the Great Haines Cure Would Have Saved Him From This Awful End.

Lola Pendleton, Rocky Mountain, Va., cured her drunken father with the free package of Golden Specific which Dr. Haines sent to her. She writes: "I hope God will bless you for it."

Mrs. Agnes Carroll, Caledonia, Minn., says: "The trial package so turned my husband against liquor that he hates the sight or smell of it now. My happiness is so great."

Mrs. Mattie Balkins, Vanceburg, Ky., says: "My husband took two doses of your medicine about five months ago and has not taken a drink or had any desire for liquor since then. Our home is so different now."

Mary L. Harris, Lewiston, N. C., writes "The sample you sent me has cured my husband of the drink habit. May God bless you, for you have blessed me with a happy home."

Mrs. Mable Zink, R. F. D. No. 6 Salem, Or., says: "My husband has not touched liquor since I gave him the sample package of your Golden Specific."

It is a physical impossibility for anyone to drink intoxicating liquors and take this medicine.

If anyone desires to try this marvelous remedy, Dr. J. W. Haines, 4567 Glenn Building, Cincinnati, Ohio, will gladly send a free trial package, that they may see how easily it may be used and how positive its effect is.

CHARGES WERE GROUNDLESS

J. M. Bradley Clears Himself Before the Milwaukee Courts.

Discharged by the court fifteen minutes after he was arraigned on the charge of abandonment, J. M. Bradley, who was arrested in Duluth about a week ago at the request of the Milwaukee police, has returned to the city and resumed his position as foreman of J. L. Thwing's printing establishment.

Mr. Bradley was charged with having embezzled some money and abandoned his wife and family in Milwaukee. He was able to prove to the court that both charges are groundless, and he was released within fifteen minutes after being arraigned.

He immediately returned to Duluth, and again assumed his position. He also claims to have made arrangements to bring more printers to the city to aid in breaking the strike.

THREE SPECIAL SHOES

For Thursday, Friday and Saturday



At $2.50 3.00 3.50

For Men and Women

Full Line of SCHOOL SHOES That Are Right

SUFFEL & CO. 131 W. Superior St.

ATTEND THIS SALE



The
Columbus Buggy Co.
has bought the *J. D. Vivian entire stock of vehicles* which will be
CLOSED OUT REGARDLESS OF COST
Never before has such an unusual opportunity been offered---Sale will last about 30 days
COLUMBUS BUGGY CO.
H. H. MARTIN---Manager
8th Street & Hennepin---Minneapolis

WIVES OBJECT TO POLITICS

Republicans Who Would Be Mayor Cannot Because of This.

One explanation has been given for the coyness shown among Republicans in regard to the mayoralty contest, and that is that wives are fighting the idea of their husbands getting into the arena of politics and trying for the chief office of the city. It is claimed that a number of Republicans have the mayoralty itch all right, and way down in their hearts have a feeling for the place, but their better halves are holding them back. That explanation has been given by at least four or five of those whom the matter has been mentioned to—men whom, it is believed, would make a first-rate hustle for the office, and would come at least within the money.

Mrs. Would-Be-Candidate is cutting more ice this year than for some seasons. She is dictating to the Republican party more than any boss has ever dared to, and more than that the rank and file of the party likes her dictation, and accepts it with a smile and words of compliment.

When a few of the principal wheels in the machine call to see an eligible man and he says, "I would like to have a try for it, gentlemen, but my wife won't stand for it," some little protest is raised, but when it is found that the man is determined to please his spouse, the callers will say with one accord, "Well, I guess she's right at that," and from then on feel considerable respect for the man who thought enough of his wife to respect her ideas in the matter when a nomination for mayor was awaiting him, and also feel a good deal of respect for the woman who has made her husband think enough of her as to respect her ideas in such a matter.

The party is still hunting for a candidate, and it may be that R. D. Haven of the West end will be decided upon as bearer of the standards of the Republicans.

FARMER LIVENS UP SLEEPY TOWN

Starts Locomotive Which Crashes Into Car, Injuring Four Italians.

Chicago, Oct. 25.—The efforts of Patrick McGrath, a farmer, of Chesterton, Ind., to "liven things up a bit," proved a success in that town yesterday. He is now in jail and four Italians, who were injured as the result of his efforts to "liven up" are in the hospital.

McGrath found things too dull for him, and noticing an engine standing on the tracks of the Lake Shore road, announced that he would bet anybody 25 cents that he would waken up the town inside of ten minutes.

The wager was taken, and McGrath finding that the train crew was absent, climbed aboard the engine. He investigated the machinery for a few minutes and finally pulled the trottle to the last notch.

The engine darted down the track, and tore into a train of freight cars in which a number of Italians were eating their dinners. Four of the cars and the engine were smashed and four of the Italians seriously, but not fatally hurt. McGrath escaped with a few injuries and was taken to jail.

FORGER GETS FIVE YEARS.

Jury Finds Harroun, Who Obtained $700,000, Guilty.

St. Joseph, Mo., Oct. 25.—W. H. Harroun, charged with having forged $700,000 worth of bills of lading and obtaining money on them, was found guilty by a jury at 8:40 o'clock last night, and the penalty fixed at five years in the penitentiary.

The forgeries were committed about a year ago, and were principally on Burlington route bills of lading.

He formerly was a prominent grain merchant operating large elevators and offices in St. Joseph, Kansas City and St. Louis.

It is said he borrowed money on the forged bills of lading to tide over speculative losses.

HANCOCK'S NEPHEW AND NIECE HELD BY JURY

Washington, Oct. 25.—The coroner's jury to investigate the death of Miss Emma Smallwood, which occurred about ten days ago, yesterday, returned the verdict that the woman died of malpractice and holding Winfield Scott Hancock, a nephew of Gen. W. S. Hancock, and his sister, Mrs. Amanda Mackall, the former having been arrested in connection with the case, to be accessories to the act. Hancock, who is in jail at Upper Marlboro, Md., will be released on $5,000 bail; Mrs. Mackell will be required to give nominal bail in about $1,000.

Joshua Braxton, a negro, also under arrest, will be held as a witness in $500 bail.

After a hearty meal a dose of Kodol Dyspepsia Cure will prevent an attack of Indigestion. Kodol is a thorough digestant and a guaranteed cure for Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Gas on the Stomach, Weak Heart, Sour Risings, Bad Breath and all Stomach troubles. Sold by all druggists.

HEARST ENDORSED BY N. Y. CITY EMPLOYES

New York, Oct. 25.—A meeting of city employes at which the candidacy of William R. Hearst for mayor, held recently, was made public by Police Commissioner McAdoo yesterday, who said:

"I have knowledge that at a meeting at which not only the police department, the fire department the street cleaning department and employes of other city departments were represented, resolutions endorsing Mr. Hearst were adopted."

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

The Pittsburg grand jury returned true bills against Edward C. Cunliffe on two charges of larceny.

At a meeting of the joint conference for Great New York of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters held Tuesday night no action was taken which would lead to a general strike.

Marvin Hart, the champion heavyweight pugilist, has accepted the offer of the Colma club of San Francisco for a match with Al Kauffman. The club's offer, made through Billy Roche, calls for an unlimited round fight for a purse of $15,000. This offer is contingent on Kauffman winning the fight over Jack O'Brien in San Francisco.



Underwear Comfort

When a man is wearing Wright's Health Underwear he knows what *underwear comfort* means. For Wright's is true **HEALTH** underwear and is therefore comfortable. Constructed (as no other underwear is) on the wonderful loop-fleece principle

WRIGHT'S HEALTH UNDERWEAR

permits the skin to get plenty of air allows the pores to breathe, carries off and evaporates perspiration and leaves the skin dry. Wright's Health Underwear has well been called "The Natural Body Covering."

Costs no more than ordinary kinds of underwear. All dealers sell it. Write for free booklet, "The Loop of Health and the Fleece of Comfort."

WRIGHT'S HEALTH UNDERWEAR Co., 75 Franklin Street, New York.

COMMISSION IS CHECKED

Wisconsin Authorities Are Given a Jolt By the Court.

Judge Vinje Gives Injunction Epidemic a Severe Setback.

A pill administered by Judge Vinje late last evening gave the injunction and restraining order fever in Superior a severe set-back, and the Wisconsin grain commission will perhaps not be able to tie up the situation so readily, in the city across the bay, as it has been.

Judge Vinje dissolved the order secured by the commission against the Great Northern and Northern Pacific roads yesterday, but ordered the lines to pay $20 into court before moving their cars. The roads showed a perfect willingness to do this, as the money will not be paid over to the grain commission until it is proved that the body has a perfect right to collect it.

The members of the Wisconsin grain commission must have felt that because Judge Vinje declined to grant a temporary injunction asked for by the grain interests to keep off the Wisconsin inspectors until the validity of the law could be established without a shadow of a doubt, he would stand for anything in the injunction line coming from their side of the fence. Consequently, they have been running to Court Commissioner Perkins every few minutes to secure a restraining writ of some kind.

In setting aside the order against the roads, Judge Vinje said that the injunction process must not be abused in Superior, nor used for spite work.

Four hundred cars, tied up in the Superior yards, were released by the decision of Judge Vinje, and will move today. But the restraining order against the mills still hangs, and the grain grinding establishments are therefore still closed. It is expected, however, that Judge Vinje will set aside this order as he did the other and will not require any deposit by the mills.

It was announced at the offices of the Duluth-Superior Milling company that its mills would in all probability resume grinding as soon as the restraining order against the mills was lifted, but those at Gregory, Cook & company's office declined to say what was going to be done at the Commander mill. One of the officers of the company refused to make any sort of a statement for that concern.

THE SUN IS BEING SLOWLY ABSORBED

Combustion and Friction Will Keep It Aglow Billion Years.

London, Oct. 25.—"The sun grows smaller by sixteen inches every twenty-four hours." Such was the startling statement by Sir Robert Ball, the Irish astronomer, to an audience at the Bishop Gate Institute. A few moments later he calmed the apprehension of his hearers by stating that the sun was in no immediate danger of becoming a cold, black blot in the heavens, but would in all probability last for a few million years.

Sir Robert spoke of the tremendous prodigality with which the sun dispenses its heat, with a jocose reference to it as the prodigal sun, and of the possibilities which arise from that prodigality.

"Ten million years ago," said Sir Robert, dealing with the period as though it were that of an ordinary lease, "the sun was nearly a million times wider than it is at present, owing to the fact that it is getting colder and because of the principle that a red-hot poker is wider than a cold one."

As showing the tremendous combustion that is going on in the sun to keep up its heat, Sir Robert declared that if all the cold in the earth were poured into the sun it would last less than the ten-thousandth part of a second in that tremendous conflagration.

"Fortunately," said the astronomer, "it is not to combustion alone that the sun's heat is due. His process of contraction the particles of the gigantic orb produce such a tremendous friction that the heat from this friction is equal to the burning of 30,000 globes of coal.

"Of late," proceeded Sir Robert, "the idea has prevailed that the sun's energy is due to the presence of that mysterious agent, radium. If that is so, and if radium exists in the sun in the same proportion that it exists in the earth, then, instead of the paltry 24,000,000 years allowed to the sun because of combustion or friction, we can rest comforted in the belief that it will warm this old earth for 1,000,000,000 years. By which time," added Sir Robert, "most of us will be beyond the reach of solar energy."

MAKES ANNUAL LOG CLEAN-UP

Duluth Log Salvage Association Collects 300,000 Feet of Timber.

The annual clean-up of the Duluth Log Salvage association, which has just been completed, shows a total of only 300,000 feet picked up, the smallest amount that the association has had since it began operations.

A falling off in the amount of stray logs picked up in this district is looked on as a favorable condition for the lumbermen. It means they have been more than usually successful in getting their log rafts to the mills without losing many logs by reason of breaks, or because of storms.

A few years ago the salvage association used to pick up from 2,000,000 to 3,000,000 feet of logs on the beach and about the mouth of the rivers emptying into Lake Superior in this region.

Bids for the sale of the salvage timber will be opened Nov. 7 at the office of E. H. Eddy, secretary of the association, and the proceeds, after the expenses have been deducted, will be divided pro rata among the members of the association who had logs among those picked up by the association.

Before the association was formed, each lumberman that lost logs either attempted to pick them up at his own expense or he let them go. After the association was formed it was found practicable to hire persons to pick up all the stray logs and take them to a mill with which the association had a contract for sawing. The log marks were of record, so that when the lumber was all sawed the secretary of the association knew how much lumber to credit to the members who had had timber picked up. The total expense of operation was then taken from the sales of the lumber and the remaining amount was divided among the lumbermen who lost the logs. By this method it is claimed that the lumbermen really get more money out of their stray logs than they would to attempt to pick them up at their own expense.

Gordon Caps

with bands turned down are warm enough for a 20-mile drive with the thermometer way below zero.

They never make your head ache as the warm part is for your ears.

With Eiderdown bands $1
With Fur bands....$1.50
Extra Quality, hand-made $2.00

Full of Tragic Meaning.

Are these lines from J. H. Simmons of Casey, Iowa. Think what might have resulted from his terrible cough if he had not taken the medicine about which he writes: "I had a fearful cough, that disturbed my night's rest. I tried everything, but nothing would relieve it, until I took Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, which completely cured me." Instantly relieves and permanently cures all throat and lung diseases; prevents grip and pneumonia. At all druggists; guaranteed; 50c and $1.00. Trial bottle free.

MR. BEDE ASKED TO ACT QUICKLY

In Breakwater Matter—Now Is Time To Have Commission Visit.

"I see," said Capt. Alexander McDougall yesterday, "that Congressman Bede has just returned from Santo Domingo and is now, or was a few days ago, in Washington. His attention should be called to the matter of that breakwater for Duluth, which he promised about a year and a half ago to try to obtain for this harbor. Of course the war department will move slowly in the matter, but this is the very time of year when Mr. Bede should get busy and have the war department appoint a commission or whatever they call it, to look over the situation, and see the necessity of some protection for the shipping here.

"The northeast gales will soon begin operations and that is the time such a commission should see the canal and bay, for it will be very easy then to prove to them that a shield of some sort is needed. If the congressman proposes to do anything with this matter, now is the time for him to act. It will be poor policy to delay and have the commission come here some time when the weather is calm and the bay is not troubled by the swell from outside.

"I find that even the slightest wind, which raises a few whitecaps on the lake, sends swells in through the canal and inconveniences matters inside to a great degree. The tossing which tugs and large vessels get inside the harbor not only pounds up the docks, but the boats themselves."

SOMEBODY MAKES FOOLS OF HARDY LIFE SAVERS

Erie, Pa., Oct. 25.—Capt. Andrew P. Jansen and his life saving crew of eight men of the Erie life saving station were towed in to port by the tug Desmond at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon after sixteen hours on Lake Erie without sleep or food, the result of a bogus call from Northeast, Pa., sixteen miles east of this city.

At 11 o'clock Monday night Capt. Jansen received the message which stated that a vessel off that port was flying signals of distress. In the teeth of a thirty-five mile per hour gale the men put off in a large boat and nothing further was heard from them until towed into port yesterday and anxiety gave place to indignation when it was learned that there had been no vessel in distress since the wreck of the Mautenee last Friday, and that the call last night was bogus.

Messengers to every town and observation point on the lake between Erie and Dunkirk failed to elicit any information of a vessel in trouble. Capt. Jansen said that he and his crew had gone down the lake to the wrecked Mautenee, twenty-one miles east and had found no vessel in distress.

ONLY A SUGGESTION.

But It Has Proven of Interest and Value to Thousands.

Common sense would suggest that if one wishes to become fleshy and plump it can only result from the food we eat and digest and that food should be albuminous or flesh forming food, like eggs, beefsteak, and cereals; in other words the kinds of food that make flesh are the foods which form the greater part of our daily bills of fare.

But the trouble is that while we eat enough and generally too much, the stomach, from abuse and overwork, does not properly digest and assimilate it, which is the reason so many people remain thin and under weight; the digestive organs do not completely digest the food forming beefsteak and eggs and similar wholesome food.

There are thousands of such who are really confirmed dyspeptics, although they may have no particular pain or inconvenience from their stomachs.

If such persons would lay their predjudices aside and make a regular practice of taking, after each meal one or two of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets the food would be quickly and thoroughly digested, because these tablets contain the natural peptones and diataste which every weak stomach lacks, and by supplying this want the stomach is soon enabled to reach its natural tone and vigor.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets digest every form of flesh forming food, meat, eggs, bread and potatoes, and this is the reason they so quickly build up, strengthen and invigorate thin, dyspeptic men, women and children.

Invalids and children, even the most delicate, use them with marked benefit as they contain no strong, irritating drugs, no cathartic nor any harmful ingredient.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets is the most successful and most widely known of any remedy for stomach troubles because it is the most reasonable and scientific of modern medicines.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are sold by every druggist in the United States and Canada as well as in Great Britain, at 50 cents for complete treatment.

Nothing further is required to cure any stomach trouble or to make thin, nervous, dyspeptic people, strong, plump and well.

FORTS FOR THE CANAL

Plans to Make Isthmian Waterway Entrances Impregnable.

Naval Stations Will Be Established on Each Ocean.

Washington, Oct. 25.—The United States purposes making the Panama canal absolutely impregnable. Naval stations will be created on both sides of the isthmus for the use of American fleets, and fortifications will be constructed at the entrances of the waterway and at suitable points along the route.

It is a big work which the war and navy departments have undertaken, and it is begun now in order that the defenses of the canal may be completed when the canal itself is inaugurated. The navy department has been preparing for some time to provide means for the naval defense of the canal, and Secretary Taft will take with him to the isthmus within the next ten days the high ranking officers of the artillery and engineer corps to draft plans for the construction of fortifications.

This action on the part of the military arms of the government has created considerable comment among diplomats, especially those representing European powers.

"What," they ask, "has become of the principle of neutralization, which was the basis of the treaty between the United States and Great Britain, and which made American construction of the isthmus waterway feasible?

Nothing indicates more clearly the purpose of President Roosevelt to make the canal an American project and to defend it against the world in force if need, than his decision to erect fortifications at commanding points upon the route. It is the contention of the administration that there is no ground for objection by any government; that in taking measures to fortify the canal it is simply following the course which was determined upon when the senate amended the first Hay-Pauncefote treaty, by stipulating that the principle of neutralization should not apply to measures which the United States might find it necessary to take for securing by its own forces the defense of the United States and the maintenance of public order.

The second Hay-Pauncefote treaty, which the senate ratified, contained no reference to fortifications, omitting, in fact, a prohibition against their erection in the original convention. The second section of article 2 of the treaty merely provides that the canal should never be blockaded, nor any right of war exercised, nor any act of hostility committed within it. The United States is given power, however, to maintain such military police along the canal as might be necessary to protect it against lawlessness and disorder. The treaty specifically stipulates that it does not impair the "general principles of neutralization" established by the Clayton-Bulwer treaty.

The administration always has gone on the theory that the United States had the right to fortify the canal, if it saw fit, and the Spooner act of 1902 authorized the president to enter into contracts, among other things, for the defense of the canal. In the treaty made with Panama article 23 provides if it should become necessary at any time to do so, the United States may establish fortifications for the safety or protection of the canal. Another article of the same treaty binds Panama to sell or lease to this government lands on the Pacific and Caribbean sea coasts for use as naval stations.

The navy department has been receiving reports from ships which have been making surveys, and in a few weeks it will send Lieutenant Commander Logan, one of the most capable young officers in the service, to Chiriqui Lagoon, a large bay on the Caribbean coast, to make an exhaustive survey to determine whether that spot is suitable as a site for a large naval station.

Secretary Taft will take with him to the isthmus when he sails the last of this month: Brig. Gen. John P. Story, chief of artillery, Maj. William M. Black and Maj. George W. Goethals, the last two men being engineers. Gen. Story is one of the senior members of the board which has been preparing plans for the fortification of the United States and its dependencies, revising, in fact, the plans of the Endicott board of 1886, which has been followed in the construction of the land defenses of the country. Maj. Black spent a year upon the isthmus of Panama and is thoroughly familiar with the conditions along the route of the canal. He has been preparing tentative plans of fortification, which have been considered by the fortifications board. Maj. Goethals is an accomplished engineer and is the recorder of the fortifications board.

These officers, under the direction of Secretary Taft, will examine the strategical situation and will obtain data for use in the preparation of plans for the defense of the canal. For this purpose it may be deemed advisable to acquire three islands in the Bay of Panama, which have sugar loaf hills, and erect guns upon them. It will be necessary, of course, to establish fortifications at two entrances of the canal and install guns of long range and great power.

The cost of this work has not been even guessed at by the engineers. There is a question, too, whether the war department will find it necessary to go to congress for the money. The Spooner act indicates that this expense should be met out of the $145,000,000 appropriated for the construction of the canal; at least, this is the view of some of the officials of the war department. Secretary Taft is of the opinion, however, that it will be wiser to transmit to congress the views of the board as to the nature of the fortifications to be built in order that a separate appropriation may be made for this work.

KILLED BY A LOG.

Tower, Minn., Oct. 25.—Edward Kent, an employe of the Tower Lumber company's camp at Pike river, was instantly killed by a log Monday night. He was working on the landing where the logs were being dumped, and in some way failed to get from in front of the logs he had loosened and several rolled over him.

NOT ALL ARE BAD.

Lincoln, Neb., Oct. 25.—Before the meeting of the State Bankers' association yesterday Charles G. Dawes of Chicago, defended the financial methods of corporations. Replying to an attack on Eastern financiers made by C. M. Brown of Cambridge, Neb. Mr. Dawes declared that while there are bad corporations, there are also good ones and that criticism of methods should not be offered without announcing a remedy.

A MOTHER'S LOVE.

What Is More Beautiful than a Mother's Love?

"Who ran to help me when I fell
And would some pretty story tell,
Or kiss the place to make it well,
My mother."

A mother's worries are many. She sometimes forgets her own bodily discomforts because of her overpowering love for the child. She becomes broken down, sleepless, nervous, irritable and feels tired from morning until night. Many mothers of experience can tell you that at such a time they have been relieved, benefited and strengthened and put into proper health by taking a prescription which their mothers had told them was the best woman's tonic and nervine to be taken at such times. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription has enjoyed an enviable reputation for over a third of a century. In all that time it has sold more largely in the United States than any other tonic for woman's needs, and to-day its sales are greater than ever. Dr. Pierce made up this prescription from native medicinal roots without the use of a particle of alcohol and for the single purpose of curing those diseases peculiar to women and when there is a lack of womanly strength to bear the burdens of maternal duty. How few women come to this critical time with adequate strength. The reason why so many women sink under the strain of motherhood is because they are unprepared. Is preparation then required for motherhood? asks the young woman. And every experienced mother answers—"Yes." "I unhesitatingly advise expectant mothers to use Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription," writes Mrs. J. W. G. Stephens, of Mila, Va. The reason for this advice is that Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the best preparative for the maternal function. No matter how healthy and strong a woman may be, she cannot use "Favorite Prescription" as a preparative for maternity without gain of health and comfort. But it is the women who are not strong who best appreciate the great benefits received from the use of "Favorite Prescription." For one thing its use makes the baby's advent practically painless. It has in many cases reduced days of suffering to a brief few hours. It has changed the period of anxiety and struggle into a time of ease and comfort.

A DUTY WOMEN OWE THEMSELVES.

"Good actions speak louder than words," so, too does the testimony of many thousands of women during a third of a century speak louder than mere claims not backed by any such record of cures.

Miss Emma Petty, 1126 S. Olive Street, Indianapolis, Ind., Past Vice-President, Daughters of Pocahontas, Minneola Council, also Organist, South Baptist Church, Indianapolis, writes: "For several years I suffered with leucorrhœa, which was a serious drain on my vitality, sapping my strength and causing severe headaches, bearing-down pains and a general worn-out feeling, until I really had no desire to live. I had many medicines recommended to me and tried many, but did not get permanent relief until I took Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. In two months I was much better and stronger, and in four months I was well. Have had no more disagreeable discharge, no more pain; so I have every reason to praise 'Favorite Prescription.' I consider it without an equal for ills of women."

All the ingredients entering into Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription are printed in plain English on each bottle wrapper. Dr. Pierce thereby shows that he is not afraid to tell his patients just what this medicine is made of. This is not true of any other medicine especially designed for the cure of woman's peculiar ailments. This "Prescription" is also the only woman's medicine sold through druggists that does not contain a large percentage of alcohol; it contains not a drop.

As an indication of the high esteem in which the medical profession are coming to regard the several ingredients of which Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, for weak and ailing women is composed, we have room here to insert only the following:

Dr. John Fyfe, of Saugatuck, Conn., Editor of the Department of Therapeutics in THE ELECTRIC REVIEW says of Unicorn root (*Helonias Dioica*) one of the chief ingredients of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription: "A remedy which invariably acts as a uterine invigorator and always favors a condition which makes for normal activity of the entire reproductive system, cannot fail to be of great usefulness and of the utmost importance to the general practitioner of medicine."

"In Helonias we have a medicament which more fully answers the above purposes *than any other drug with which I am acquainted.* In the treatment of diseases peculiar to women it is seldom that a case is seen which does not present some indication for this remedial agent."

"The following are among the leading indications for Helonias: Pain or aching in the back, with leucorrhœa; atonic (weak) conditions of the reproductive organs of women, mental depression and irritability, associated with chronic diseases of the reproductive organs of women, constant sensation of heat in the region of the kidneys: menorrhagia, ("flooding") due to a weakened condition of the reproductive system; amenorrhœa, arising from or accompanying an abnormal condition of the digestive organs and an anæmic (thin blood) habit; dragging sensations in the extreme lower part of the abdomen."

If more or less of the above symptoms are present, no invalid women can do better than take Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, one of the leading ingredients of which is Unicorn root, or Helonias.

MEN AND WOMEN

should have a medical book handy, for knowledge is power. They should know about anatony and physiology. They should have a book that treats of the sexological relations of both sexes out of and in wedlock, as well as how and when to advise son and daughter. Has unequaled endorsement of the press, ministry, legal and medical professions. The main cause of unhappiness, ill-health, sickly children, and divorce is admitted by physicians and shown by court records to be the violation of the laws of self and sex. A standard work is the People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, by R. V. Pierce, M. D. Send 31 one-cent stamps for the cloth-bound book, or 21 stamps for the paper-covered volume. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

PIONEER HAS A RECORD.

Ira Isham Claims to Be Wisconsin's Oldest Resident.

Hayward, Wis., Oct. 25.—Ira Isham of this county proudly claims the distinction of having been a resident of Wisconsin longer than any other white man now living, at least in the northern half of the state.

His career has been an extraordinary one. He was born in Vermont in the year 1819, eighty-six years ago, but came to Chippewa Falls with his father, who was an Indian trader, when a child. On their way West the Isham family rode on the first passenger train operated in America, over the old Boston & Maine railroad, about the year 1830. The train was drawn by horses, and they traveled at the then marvelous rate of seventy-five miles per day.

At the age of 28 Mr. Isham married Pas-ki-ink, a quarter-blood Chippewa woman, with whom he lived fifty-seven years, until her death last spring. As the offspring of this marriage there were thirteen children, eleven of which are yet living; ninety-two grandchildren and eighteen great-grandchildren. Of the grandchildren forty-seven are living and forty-five dead.

Mr. Isham was the first sheriff of Chippewa county, which then embraced a great portion of Northern Wisconsin. In this capacity he had many encounters and narrow escapes from the lawless element which then pervaded the region. On one occasion he fought and captured three desperadoes who were armed with a scythe, a pitchfork and a rifle, respectively, after desperately wounding one of their number. It was during his incumbency of the shrievalty that he made the acquaintance of Gen. Winfield Scott and Col. Jefferson Davis, later president of the Southern Confederacy, but at that time an officer in the United States army, and then engaged in the work of building Fort Prairie du Chien.

The venerable gentleman now lives on his farm near the village of Court de Oreilles, where he does his own work with a neatness and expedition that would do credit to a man many years his junior.

AT CLOQUET.

Cloquet, Minn., Oct. 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—Miss Helen Eldred of Barnum, who has been the guest of Miss Bernice S. Rich for the past week, returned to her home on Monday.

Miss Grace Craig entertained a number of her friends at her home Monday evening.

Miss Elizabeth Hannacamp of St. Paul was visiting friends in Cloquet this week.

Phil Walker has accepted a position at Chisholm, Minn., and expects to be gone all winter.

Miss Fayrene Young spent Sunday in Duluth with her Uncle Feeley.

Harry Skelton spent Saturday and Sunday with relatives at Barnum.

Kolseth & Anderson have moved into their handsome new building at the corner of Ninth street and Cloquet avenue.

The Cloquet high school will give a Hallowe'en party at Elm's hall Friday evening.

Marc Atkinson of Hibbing was calling on Cloquet friends Saturday.

Maud Phalon was in Duluth Saturday.

Harry Davis is building a residence on Avenue B and Chestnut street.

Jay Petche, setter at the Cloquet Lumber company's mill, had several fingers badly hurt yesterday. He will be laid up for a few days.

A. S. Rich is in Cloquet this week.

J. B. Carey has rented the house recently vacated by H. Lovely and will move into it this week.



$5.00

PER MONTH
FOR TREATMENT AND MEDICINE.

DR. COLE'S CREO TREATMENT

We treat and cure Nervous Debility, Varicocele, Impotency, Unnatural Losses, Milky Urine, Enlarged Prostate, Stricture, Blood Poison, Kidney and Bladder Diseases, and other complications.

We have no free trial treatment to offer, but if you are in need of medical care we will give you the best that can be had in the Northwest, and it will cost you only Five Dollars per month, including all necessary medicines, if you commence treatment before **OCTOBER 31st.** No extra charge of any kind. We will give you better treatment and do more for you for $5.00 than you have ever received at any price.

OFFICE CONSULTATION AND EXAMINATION FREE.

If you cannot call, write full particulars in first letter or ask for free symptom list and we will promptly advise you what we can do for you.

Remember the Five Dollar offer expires the last day of October.

DR. ALFRED L. COLE and COUNCIL OF PHYSICIANS

24 Washington Avenue South, Minneapolis, Minn.
The Largest, the Oldest Established, the Best Equipped and Most Reliable Medical Institution in the Northwest.

The Success of

American Family Soap

Is the result of years of research, work and experiment. The purest materials, conscientiously blended with scrupulous care and cleanliness. Every atom cleanses.

Send for complete list of the many valuable premiums given for American Family Soap Wrappers. Address Premium Dept., 360 No. Water St., Chicago, Ill.

JAMES S. KIRK & COMPANY.

AMERIKA IS A MONSTER

The Largest Boat That Carries Passengers Over Atlantic.

Another, Even Greater In Size and Equipment, Is Planned.

New York, Oct. 25.—The Amerika, the largest steamer afloat, has entered the harbor, and her arrival is an important event in ocean travel. Her displacement is 42,000 tons and her gross tonnage 23,000 tons. With a cargo of 16,000 tons, she also has accommodations for 3,400 passengers, as well as for her crew of 600, making a total of 4,000 persons that she can transport across the ocean without any overcrowding. She far surpasses in modern improvements the great vessels of the White Star line, such as the Celtic, Baltic and Oceanic. The passenger elevator on the Amerika is operated by electricity and runs between five decks of the ship, giving easy access to all quarters of the leviathan. This steamer has also a restaurant, a la carte, where passengers who prefer their meals thus can receive prompt attention, and they will be served as well as in New York or London.

The very best and latest methods of closing the bulkheads and of extinguishing fires has been fully provided, and the new system of vessels communicating with the shore through the water has been installed, so that the navigating officers of the ship can locate lighthouses and light ships by means of bell signals, regardless of weather conditions, such as fogs or storms of snow or sleet. The Amerika is the most complete vessel for freight and passenger business that has ever been built to this date. The same company, the Hamburg-American line, have now in course of construction another vessel, which will be launched in May, 1906, of still greater size than the Amerika, and in addition to all the novel features of the Amerika others will be added to the Kaiserin.

Speed is not the objective of these new vessels; great capacity and safety are the essentials, and seven days across the ocean will probably be their best record. They will afford passengers greater comfort than the greyhounds like the Deutschland and the Kaiser Wilhelm, and they will be more profitable to the owners, as to feed the furnaces to get speed costs more money than to feed the passengers for the additional time. It will not do to think for a moment that the size limit has been reached even in these two ocean monsters. The other great ocean steamship companies will study the work of the Amerika and carefully note expenses and profits, advantages and disadvantages of the newcomer, and there is but little doubt that within less than two years' time the White Star or the Cunard lines will surpass in size and in improvements these latest of marine creations.

Enterprise is as keen for public favor and for profit on the ocean as it is on the land, and competition forbids any cessation in the endeavors to surpass all others and win patronage from the traveling public. The great revival of trade and commerce in Great Britain has stimulated the building of vessels to a very marked degree. The shipbuilders of the Clyde have orders for an aggregate of more than 450,000 tons at the present time, which is fully three times the tonnage that they had orders for eighteen months ago. All the other great shipyards of England, Scotland and Ireland are working to their full capacity, turning out modern vessels of great size, which are taking the places of vessels that ten or even five years ago were thought to be the finest and largest that could be constructed. This additional shipping is absolutely needed to carry the cargoes offered from all parts of the world.

South Africa, North Africa, including Egypt, Asia, from Vladivostok all around to the Arabian Sea are offering hundreds of thousands of tons of freight and demanding the manufactured articles of Europe and America in immense quantities. The whole world is busy. No idle nations now. Japan has her large fleet of commercial steamers released from war service, and they are filled already with the products of the loom, the shop and the field, bringing to Europe and America the results of the labors of the little brown people to go back with food supplies and implements of all kinds that those industrious islanders will put to good use.

Russia has ended her foreign war, but the domestic strife will continue until human freedom and constitutional rights are fully recognized in the domains of the czar and autocrat. The repression of free thought and free speech and denial of individual right for life and for safety to person and property cannot long be continued, and a greater Russia will soon be evolved by her struggling people. This once accomplished that great empire will become the seat of the most rapid development that the world has ever witnessed. In magnitude of the demand for all that goes now to make up modern progress and modern civilization, Russia will be a close second to the United States. Railways, telegraphs, telephones, printing presses, literature of all kinds, machinery of every description, from the smallest to the largest, will be needed and speedily called for. The Russian people for centuries have had but little to live for other than to serve the czar and be as serfs and slaves to the landed magnates of the provinces.

Their sons have gone to the ranks of war and the tomb of death; their daughters to the poorly rewarded hard labor of the grain fields or the pasture lands and the forests. Existence was theirs in its most miserable form and their lives were spent to enrich the landlords and the nobles. The yoke will be thrown off and the freed millions of Russia will enter the commercial, industrial and financial activities of the present generation, and, bare as they are of the articles now used in the homes of the people of the United States, and even in the homes of the people of other European countries, when once the improvement is commenced their demand will, as said before, be enormous and unprecedented.

Individual liberty and commercial freedom have not only taken root in Russia, but are determined to live and flourish there, and the czar and his courtiers know that they cannot prevent their successful growth. They may yield or they will be uprooted trunk and branch. A few years from now and Russia will be duplicating such orders as the Southern Pacific railway gave last week, and which is a sample of what all our great railway systems are doing at the present time. The Southern Pacific placed orders for 100 locomotives, 120 passenger coaches, 8 observation cars, 6,000 steel freight cars and three steamships of 10,000 tons burden each. These steamships are for their ocean freight from the Atlantic seaboard to their Gulf of Mexico railway terminals. What a witness this order is to the great foresight and business acumen of Collis P. Huntington, Leland Stanford and their associates!

Don't Borrow Trouble.

It is a bad habit to borrow anything, but the worst thing you can possibly borrow, is trouble. When sick, sore, heavy, weary and worn-out by the pains and poisons of dyspepsia, biliousness, Bright's disease, and similar internal disorders, don't sit down and brood over your symptoms, but fly for relief to Electric Bitters. Here you will find sure and permanent forgetfulness of all your troubles, and your body will not be burdened by a load of debt disease. At all druggists. Price, 50c. Guaranteed.

Prominent Yachtsman.

Sidney Russell, a member of the Century Yacht Club of Detroit, Mich., and a member of the crew of the yacht St. Claire, which won the Lipton cup in the races at Chicago, as conducted by the Interlake Yachting association, was in the city for a time yesterday. He came to the Head of the Lakes on the steamer Superior, on an engineering test.

GRAND MARAIS HARBOR WORK

Inspector Sinclair Tells of Progress Made on Dike Repair.

The government harbor improvement work at Grand Marais, Mich., which comprises the repairing of the United States pile dike at that harbor of refuge, has been making excellent progress this season. According to the recent reports from the inspector the protection work was given a severe test during the big storm that raged over the other end of Lake Superior last Tuesday, but it withstood the attacks of the waves, although settling a little.

Inspector A. A. Sinclair, who is in charge of the repair work on the dike, under date of Oct. 21, makes the following report to Major Potter, concerning the repairs, and the storm damage:

"During the week Powell & Mitchell, the contractors, have driven twenty piles, placed thirty-two linear feet of wale timber and make up a raft of about 100 cords of timber for filling in between the piles. W. C. Davidson pulled up seven piles and blew up three more.

"Saturday, Oct. 14, the rock scows left here at night and while loading stone Sunday the valve stem in the swinging engine was broken. Repairs were had from Munising and loading was finished Tuesday. About 9 o'clock Tuesday evening, a northwest storm struck them near AuSable point. Both scows were heavily loaded. The derrick scow broke her tow chains and laid in the trough of the sea for an hour and a half, causing her to spring a leak. She came into this port with about two and one-half feet of water in her, after midnight. About eighty cords of rock were lost off the other scow. The total amount of rock left on the scows is 270 tons.

"The derrick scow has been repaired and the new grappling apparatus for digging small rock has been rigged up so that everything is in good shape to do business when good weather ensues.

"Tuesday night the wind blew from the north for about twelve hours at the rate of from fifty-five to sixty miles per hour. The rock embankments stand all the storms like a ledge of granite and all the other work stands equally as well. The timber piling settled about a foot, which was not unexpected.

"Powell & Mitchell lost twenty cords of timber piling off a raft Oct. 16. The 100-cord raft is anchored in the west end of the harbor and is safe. The heavy seas tore down the guard shaft for the weights that run the fog bell and some of the braces at the outer light house. The wind blew down the smokestack of the Grand Marais Lumber company's mill, the iron roof from the new hardwood mill, the oil house on the railroad dock and all the telephone poles in this part of the country.

"Twenty-eight men worked two days and lost four days on account of the bad weather.

"The sand fence will probably be completed Tuesday or Wednesday of next week."

New Cure for Cancer.

All surface cancers are now known to be curable, by Bucklen's Arnica Salve. Jas. Walters of Duffield, Va., writes: "I had a cancer on my lip for years, that seemed incurable, till Bucklen's Arnica Salve healed it, and now it is perfectly well." Guaranteed cure for cuts and burns. 25c at all druggists.

IS STEADILY IMPROVING

High School Team In Saturday's Game Will Be Stronger.

Men Out of Condition at Ironwood Will Be In Form.

Undaunted by their defeat at the hands of the Ironwood team Saturday, the high school football men are straining every effort to hammer the team into shape for the game with Minneapolis Central next Saturday. The boys feel that they have little cause to be discouraged over the defeats of the last two games, as the team which they will put in the field next Saturday will be much stronger than any that has represented the school this year.

Edward Parks, a player of three years' experience and considerable reputation, will be in the game, and will hold down left half. Maginnis who played right end part of last season is to play the position again. He is the fastest man on his feet in the school, a gritty player and a sure tackler, and is fully capable of handling anything Minneapolis may send around that end of the line. Sarvela, who proved to be a whirlwind at half last year is back in the game with fifteen pounds more weight and as fast as any man on the team.

Capt. McDevitt is not sure whether he can get into the game by Saturday or not as he has a bad knee that bothers him considerably, but he hopes to be in condition by that time. With McDevitt in the game the entire back field will be made up of fast, heavy and experienced men and, with a line averaging more than 190 pounds per man, Duluth should be able to give Minneapolis the hardest game she has played this season.

Robert Forsyth, who has not been playing his regular position at right tackle for the last two weeks on account of the objections of his parents, will be out again by Saturday, and his presence will strengthen the line to no small degree. Earl Cummings has been playing left end on the first team this week and looks like the real thing. This seems to be Cummings' natural place, as he is a good tackler and fast, but has not the weight to play half back.

Coach Phillips lays the blame for Saturday's defeat to the poor condition of the men, and on Monday gave them a severe talk on training, but he says this need be no cause for worry, as the boys have plenty of time to improve in this department of the game before Saturday. Of the new men, Sarvela has been playing with a heavy team in West Duluth and is in first-rate condition already, and Maginnis and Parks have both been doing enough so that this week's practice will put them in good shape.

Principal Smith called a meeting of the boys of the school yesterday afternoon to assist in taking care of the financial end of the game, as the Athletic association has lost heavily on the games played here so far. He spoke to the boys about getting out for practice, emphasizing the necessity of a second team, and denounced as a quitter the boy who leaves the squad with no better reason than that he failed to make the first team. He has no place in school athletics, he said. He assigned sections of the city for a number of the boys to cover with tickets for the game, and all the business houses will be visited during the week. If the weather is favorable and the team receives anything like the support it deserves, the association will be easily able to get rid of its debt.

TICKETS ON SALE.

Advance Demand For Seats For Wisconsin Game Is Very Heavy.

Tickets for the Minnesota-Wisconsin game will be placed on sale in Minneapolis tomorrow morning.

Advance orders have been recognized this year, and a large number of tickets have already been sold. The heaviest demand for seats seen since the great Michigan game two years ago is reported by the management of the team.

The railroads will probably offer a single fare return rate for the game, and the Duluth contingent at the game is expected to be a large one.

This coming Saturday the Gophers will meet the Lawrence team, Michigan will play Drake, and Wisconsin has an open date.

CANADIAN HUSBAND

Seeks Dead Sea Marriage Remedy After Fourteen Years.

Victoria, B. C., Oct. 25.—A prosaic application in supreme court chambers a few mornings ago veiled the facts of a romantic marriage, the fair promise of which very early proved to be but dead sea fruit. Fifteen years ago there lived in Toronto Mackenzie Campbell, aged 19, and Mary Benson, aged 16, who made the once fatal mistake of marrying before they knew their own minds. Worse still, they plighted their troth and made their contract by stealth, the girl returning to her mother with whom she lived for seven months before disclosing to her that she had a husband. When the secret was let out she went to her husband, with whom she lived but three months, however, before deserting him for another man much older than either of them, whom eventually, without law or license, she is said to have married. There is no divorce law for Ontario, and Campbell found himself legally in a net from which there is no escape save via the senate, a course beyond his means. Five years ago he came to British Columbia, but not until very recently did he become aware that the remedy he could not obtain in Ontario was open to him here. He at once went back to Toronto for the purpose of getting together the necessary evidence. The couple he had left behind, however, heard that he was coming, and made arrangements for flight. Taking tickets for the next station out of Toronto, the pair boarded a train and paid their fares to some unknown point beyond. And now Mackenzie Campbell seeks to free himself from the galling chain he has dragged about with him for fourteen weary years. The necessary preliminary documents have been filed.

INTO LOTS.

The Historic Farm of Thomas Paine Will Be Divided.

New Rochelle, N. Y., Oct. 25.—The largest real estate transaction in several years in Westchester county is the sale of the historic 115-acre farm given to Thomas Paine in 1780 by the state of New York on account of the services he rendered to the colonies during the Revolutionary war. The farm was owned by Charles W. and Wesley See, and the price paid for it is said to have been $140,000.

The purchasers are a syndicate of New York real estate men, who will lay out the property in acre plots.

OLD SORES SURE SIGNS OF BAD BLOOD

OFTEN LEAD TO CANCER

The deep, underlying cause for every old sore is a bad condition of the blood. This vital fluid is not pure and healthy, but has become infected with some germ or poison which prevents the place from healing. These poisons in the blood may be the result of an inactive or sluggish condition of the system, leaving the refuse matters in the body to be absorbed into the circulation, instead of throwing them off through the usual channels of nature. Another cause is the weakening or polluting of this life stream by the remains of some constitutional trouble, or the effects of a long spell of sickness.

When the blood is in this condition, a great running sore or deep offensive ulcer may develop from a slight scratch, bruise or pimple; a harmless looking wart or mole, roughly handled, often becomes an ulcerating spot which may degenerate into Cancer dangerous and destructive. Persons with inherited blood taint are also apt to be afflicted with sores and ulcers. Being born with an unhealthy blood supply, the different parts of the body are never fully nourished, and when middle life is reached or passed, the tissues in some weak point break down and a chronic sore is formed, and kept open by the poisons in the blood.

How aggravating and stubborn these sores and ulcers are is best known by those who have treated and nursed one for years, applying salves, lotions, plasters, etc., with no good results. The place remains and continues its work of destruction by eating deeper into the surrounding flesh; festering, discharging, requiring constant attention, and undermining the general health by its action on the system. One of the most common evidences of impure blood is dry sores, which are usually on the face. These continue sometimes for years with apparently no change, the scab dropping off and re-forming at intervals; but when the vital energies begin to weaken, the place grows red and tender, a slight discharge commences, it takes on an angry, inflamed appearance, and usually terminates in Cancer.

It is a waste of valuable time to treat these places with external applications and expect a cure. True these keep the parts clean and are beneficial in this way, but they do not reach the real trouble. You may glaze the surface over with them for awhile, but the poison is at work deeper down, and constantly eating nearer the vital parts and damaging the entire health. The practice of cutting out the diseased parts and scraping the bone is often resorted to, but even these severe measures do no good. The sore may be removed, and for a time heal over, but the same poison which produced it the first time is still in the blood, and it will return, because ***THE BLOOD CANNOT BE CUT AWAY.***

The only treatment that can do any good is a competent blood purifier—one that goes to the very root and removes the cause, and for this purpose nothing equals S. S. S. It begins at the fountain-head and drives out all poisonous matter and germs; freshens and strengthens the deteriorated blood and makes a lasting cure. As soon as the system gets under the influence of S. S. S. the sore begins to improve, the inflammation gradually leaves, the discharge grows less and less, the flesh takes on healthy color, a scab forms, and when it drops off the place is permanently healed. S. S. S. is purely vegetable, and while cleansing the blood, it builds up the entire system by its fine tonic effect. If afflicted with an old sore or ulcer, do not waste time with experimental remedies and risk its becoming a Cancer, but get the poison out of your blood with S. S. S. Write for our special book on Sores and Ulcers, and any medical advice desired, will be furnished by our physicians, without charge.

S.S.S.

PURELY VEGETABLE

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC COMPANY, ATLANTA, GA.

Sometime ago I had a sore to come on my foot, and nothing I used did any good. It continued to grow worse and eat deeper into the surrounding flesh all the time, and gave me a great deal of worry and trouble. I applied most everything I could hear of in the way of salves, etc., and was getting very much discouraged when I heard of S. S. S., and commenced its use. In a short time I began to improve and was so much encouraged that I continued the medicine until my foot was entirely cured. S. S. S. also toned up my entire system and thoroughly purified my blood.
442 9th Ave., New York, N. Y. DAVID C. MILLER.

THE REASON DISCOVERED

Engineers Find Hydrostatic Pressure Tore Up Decking Planks.

Immense Force Was Exerted on the Superior Entry Cribbing.

Hydrostatic pressure and the dynamic force of huge waves falling from a height are credited with the United States engineering department as being responsible for the damage that has been done to the decking at the protection crib at Superior entry.

Assistant United States Engineer Clarence Coleman, who is in charge of the new pier work at Superior entry, under Maj. Charles L. Potter, says that the brief storm which lashed this end of the lake last Thursday was one of the three heaviest storms experienced here this season, and that while it was in progress the engineers were enabled to see the principle of hydrostatics applied on a large scale.

Some days ago the six-inch hemlock decking planks were torn off during a storm. It was found that the planks were taken off with the 12-inch steel spikes sticking in them, but none of the timbers were broken.

The planks were replaced, and secured by 14-inch spikes, with heads an inch and a half square over washers, to prevent their being pulled through.

While the engineers were watching the cribbing during Thursday's storm they saw the heavy 16-foot planks of six-inch thickness begin to fly into the air, with the 14-inch spikes still remaining in them. The engineers were no longer in doubt as to the trouble.

The cribbing is built pretty tight to hold the sand, and the decking was put down close on top, the crevices between the planking not exceeding a half inch at any place. From the nature of the structure considerable water is mixed with the sand inside the closed cribbing.

Mr. Coleman says that when the storm came on, and the immense waves began to strike and break onto the decking, the hydrostatic pressure of the volume of water on the decking for the 100-foot length of the cribbing caused a tremendous force to be exerted from beneath the planks, so that they were lifted off and thrown in the air as though they were made of paper. Besides the pressure from the heavy volume of water, after the point of contact, the dynamic force of the falling weight of water, also, so the engineers say, exerted a tremendous force to tear up the planks, and they would not have been held in place had there been double the amount of big spikes used.

Some idea of the upward pressure exerted on the planks can be formed from Mr. Coleman's statement that when a hoisting derrick, with a 25-ton lifting capacity, was attached to the end of one of the six-inch hemlock planks, the timber broke short off, where it was spiked down in the center to across-tie. The derrick was then attached to the middle of the plank, but with full power on the hoisting apparatus was unable to tear up the plank.

The pressure from underneath during the storm was exerted equally on all the under surface of the plank, and it was lifted off with the spikes remaining, these having been drawn from an eight-inch penetration of the cross-ties.

Since last Thursday, and after the demonstration of the law of hydrostatics on the crib structure, the engineers have replaced the decking planks, with an interval between them, so that there is a total uncovered area of about 165 feet in the 100 by 30-foot structure. By reason of this uncovered portion, which gives ample vent, it is claimed that there will be no more hydrostatic pressure, and experience has shown that very little of the sand washes out of the cribbing, anyway, during a storm.

DRINK

Bars Men from Employment

Every line of business is beginning to shut its doors absolutely to drinking men.

Business competition has become so keen that only men of steadfast habits can find employment.

Employers do not want men that are addicted to drink. A drinking man is not in fit condition to handle responsible work. Continual drinking diseases the nerve system. No "will power" can cure; treatment is necessary.

ORRINE

Cures Whiskey and Beer Habit

Take ORRINE Quietly at Home!

To cure without patient's knowledge, buy ORRINE No. 1; for voluntary treatment, buy ORRINE No. 2. Price, $1.00 per box.

Cure Effected or Money Refunded

Book on "Drunkenness" (sealed) free on request. ORRINE mailed (sealed) on receipt of $1 by THE ORRINE CO., Inc., Washington, D. C., or sold in this city by

F. W. KUGLER, 108 W. Superior St., Duluth.

TAKEN TO POOR FARM.

Paralyzed Horse Carted Away to Be Doctored In Country.

The sight of a paralized horse being carted out to the poor farm, attracted quite a little attention yesterday afternoon.

The horse was a valuable young animal owned by Barrett & Zimmerman. It was apparently suffering from partial paralysis, and the veterinary surgeon decided that there was just a chance that its life might be saved if it could be given an opportunity to run about on the poor farm. There is also an abandoned barn there which can be used as a temporary hospital, and accordingly the animal was loaded into a wagon and taken out to the farm.

BAD EYE SHOWS

From Dignified Statue of Washington on Capitol Esplenade.

Washington, Oct. 25.—The elements, or maybe living vandals, have so abused the heroic statue of George Washington, on the United States Capitol Esplanade, that the father of his country has been made to look atrociously cross-eyed.

All kinds of things have been done by vandals to this marble statue of Washington, which is by Greenough. The only thing about the statue that appears to have been left absolutely intact is the group on the north side, representing Apollo driving his three horses at a furious pace.

The cross-eyed effect of the statue has been produced by either the elements or a vandal removing the inner part of the right eyeball. The new surface thus made has been blackened by dust, so that now the aspect of the once dignified and serious figure makes one laugh. It produces the effect of the father of his country engaged night and day in an effort to look at the top of his nose with his right eye.

On one side of the statue is an inscription, part of which is to the effect that the statue can only last as long as liberty lasts. On the top of the capitol is the great statue of Liberty, which has been lately repainted, and bids fair to last a century or two more. Something oughtt o be done, however, to make the Greenough prediction good, to straighten the right eye of this statue, and to save it from the elements or other destroying forces.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Boar Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable. *Brent Good*

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

"Doctor,

Established in Duluth 1899



I want to tell you that you are the tenth physician to treat my case, and the first to understand it and benefit me," said one of our patients the other day. Well, this is our Specialty. We devote our entire time and attention to maladies peculiar to the Male sex. We get ten cases to every one the general practitioner receives, and it is only natural to suppose that we DO KNOW how to treat and CURE Pelvic Diseases. To men afflicted with Private Diseases, either contracted or brought on by abuses, we want to say these cases are not "idle dreams"—they are WORSE THAN "COLDS"—and may lead to wrecking maladies if not properly treated. We offer you the SUREST and QUICKEST CURE for VARICOCELE, HYDROCELE, STRICTURE, GONORRHOEA, GLEET, PROSTATIC TROUBLES, KIDNEY, BLADDER and URINARY DISEASES, LOST MANHOOD and NERVOUS DEBILITY, and the care and attention of a noted Specialist in Pelvic Diseases. Consultation free and confidential.

The Northwest's Most Successful and Reliable SPECIALIST IN DISEASES OF MEN.

PROGRESSIVE MEDICAL ASS'N,

No. 1 West Superior Street—Corner Lake Avenue.

OFFICE HOURS: 8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

The Bee-Hive

115 East Superior Street
Next to Oppel's Grocery

SPECIALS for TOMORROW

Ladies' and children's fleece-lined Underwear, all sizes—regular 35c values; tomorrow.. **19c**

Ladies' all-wool underwear—regular $1.50 values—special tomorrow..... **69c**

Men's heavy fleece-lined Underwear—regular value 75c—tomorrow..... **39c**

Ladies' Satin Calico Waists—50c and 75c values—at.... **19c**

Ladies' Flannel Waists—assorted patterns—regular $2 value tomorrow..... **98c**

$2.50 sable Blend Short Neck Scarf—cluster tails—tomorrow..... **98c**

Ladies' Dress and Walking Skirts—made in the best style, all wool and Cheviots, regular value $4—tomorrow..... **$1.89**

Men's Australian Wool Underwear—$1.25 value, at.... **89c**

2,000 yards of Outing Flannel of the very best qualities—regular 10c and 15c value—tomorrow—per yard..... **5½c**

1,200 yards Cameron plaid—reg. value 15c—tomorrow a yd. **7c**

Ladies' heavy black Satin Underskirts, regular $1.00 value—tomorrow..... **69c**

Large size Comforters, elegantly designed and assorted colors, filled with clean white batting..... **79c**

Boys' and youths' heavy all-wool Flannel Waists, sold elsewhere at $1.25—special..... **59c**

Boys' and girls' strong school Shoes—regular price $1.50—special tomorrow..... **98c**

Ladies' Shoes—regular price $2.50—tomorrow... **$1.48**

White Australian Blankets—assorted colored borders, size 11-4—sells regular for $5.00—tomorrow..... **$2.39**

THE BEE-HIVE

"'Tis true, 'tis pity, and pity 'tis, 'tis true."

Too many of us are careless in our economies. Put every spare dime in the bank. Start a savings account and watch it grow.

"We'll help you along."

We Pay 3 Per Cent Interest On Deposits.

Duluth Savings Bank,
216 W. Superior St.
Under State Supervision.

Chrysanthemums!

ONLY ONE PLACE TO GET THE RIGHT KINDS!

Eischen Bros.
Home Grown Flowers.
Duluth. Superior.

OCTOBER'S FIGURES BIG

Total Ore Shipments May Exceed Those of September.

If present indications and some figures count for anything, the total ore shipments from Minnesota mines for this month will make as good, if not better showing than those of September.

Although there have been many wet days since the first of October, the shipments have been going on steadily, and the result will be the large figures at the end of the month. Even if they do not quite reach September's figures, it is safe to say that the shipments of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern and Duluth & Iron Range roads will exceed one million tons each.

The Missabe road shipped the most ore in September, and its figures for the month were 1,197,888 tons. The Iron Range road shipped 1,015,955 tons, and $16,203 tons have been shipped from this road's docks from October 1 to and including Oct. 24. The other roads have done as well in comparison.

Hunyadi János

Natural Laxative Water. Half a glass upon arising acts gently and quickly, giving positive relief. Try it NOW—to-day. Ask distinctly for Hunyadi János. Grand Prize, St. Louis Exposition, 1904.

FOR CONSTIPATION

CITY BRIEFS

The funeral of Mrs. G. M. Davis will be held at 2 p. m., Thursday, from the residence, 122 East Third street. Interment will be made at Forest Hill cemetery. Mrs. L. L. Kugler and Miss Cora Davis of Hibbing, two daughters of Mrs. Davis, are in the city to attend the funeral. The other children are Miss Eva Davis and John Davis of this city. Mr. Davis was formerly president of the trades assembly.

Ducks are rather scarce about Mud Lake, according to the reports brought in by James A. Ferguson, B. F. Smith, T. H. Glaskin, Frank Chandler, and Frank Whitney who have returned from a hunting trip in that vicinity.

The remains of George A. Mason will be interred at Forest Hill cemetery, the funeral services being held at Durkan & Crawford's undertaking rooms tomorrow morning at 9:30 o'clock.

Alpha Council of the Modern Samaritans will enjoy a smoker Thursday evening, when a class will be initiated, and visiting members in the city will be welcomed.

Mrs. C. L. Rakowsky will entertain the ladies of the Missionary society of Hope church at her home, 213 West Fifth street, at 2 p. m., Thursday.

The funeral of Frank Haskins was held yesterday afternoon from Grace M. E. church, the services being conducted by Rev. J. M. Robinson and Rev. Charles Fox Davis. A large number of friends attended the services.

Fire threatened the warehouse of the Hammond Packing company on Michigan street, about 12 o'clock last night, but the blaze was extinguished before any damage was done.

While working on the Duluth, Missabe & Northern road between the ore docks and Proctor yesterday afternoon, Gust Hytanen, a section hand, was struck by a passing train, and sustained a minor injury to his leg. He was taken to St. Mary's hospital. His hurts are not serious.

Three new brick flats will be constructed at the corner of Superior street and Twenty-fifth avenue east, by Walter Turle. The work will cost about $8,000 and the plans are now being prepared by W. T. Bray.

For sale—ten shares in the Vending Machine company of Duluth, backed by B. C. Church as president, F. H. White as treasurer, A. Fitger and other prominent Duluth business men. Address C. T. Glasser, box 226, Minneapolis, Minn.

Fur boas advertised by Fred W. Edwards, $1 down, $1 weekly.

The detailed plans for the Great Northern Power company's new building at Fifteenth avenue west, were filed with the building inspector yesterday for his approval, and the permit will probably be issued during the coming week.

The first joint meeting of Duluth's "White City" committees, representing the public affairs committee, the Retail Merchants' association, the Builders' exchange and the Real Estate exchange, is being held this afternoon at the Commercial club. An organization will be perfected and plans made for carrying on the work.

PERSONALS

J. Hermanson left over the Northern Pacific today for Portland, Or.

E. A. Lindgren has returned from a trip to the ranges.

A. E. Hathaway, city passenger and ticket agent of the Great Northern, is able to be at the office for a time each day again. He has been seriously ill for several weeks.

H. Richards and family of West Duluth left today over the Northern Pacific for Bellingham, Wash.

Mrs. T. A. Merritt left today for Lexington, Neb.

W. G. Sutherland of Eveleth is at the St. Louis.

E. Fallas of Grand Rapids, Minn., is stopping at the St. Louis.

M. A. Sprague and daughter of Washburn, Wis., are guests at the Spalding.

Mr. and Mrs. M. D. Smith of Winnipeg are at the Spalding.

A. C. Stewart of Toronto is at the Lenox.

Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Kelzer of Cloquet are guests at the McKay.

Miss Florence Christianson and Mrs. S Hunter of Skibo are at the McKay.

The Lyceum Clothing and Shoe House

Is making great reductions on seasonable wearing apparel for men and boys.

Note The Following Prices:

MEN'S SUITS.

Men's all-wool Suits—$10 values at..... **$6.75**

Men's fancy cassimere Suits worth $12, at..... **$7.75**

Men's fancy worsted Suits, latest styles; regular $16 values... **$9.75**

Men's hand-tailored Suits—$18 and $20 values—at..... **$12.75**

MEN'S OVERCOATS.

Men's 52-inch Belt Overcoats—regular value $10—for..... **$6.75**

Men's 52-inch fancy Overcoat—regular $12 values—for..... **$7.75**

Men's 52-inch double-breasted Belt Overcoat—latest styles—regular value $16 and $18—choice **$10.75**

Our complete line of Boys' and Children's Clothing, Gents' Furnishings and Shoes for men and boys are included in this sale.

DON'T FORGET THE NUMBER,
423 WEST SUPERIOR STREET

RACE FOR BIG PRIZE

Duluth Y. M. C. A. Is Fighting Against Time For $150,000.

Citizens Committee of 100 Will Hold First Meeting.

The race against time for $150,000, which is being run by the Y. M. C. A., is beginning to grow warm as Nov. 15 approaches.

The association must have the sum of $100,000 pledged by that date, or the $50,000 which has been promised by six prominent business men, will be forfeited, and unless the men can be induced to extend the time limit, the building movement will receive a very severe setback, and perhaps fall through.

That the interest in the movement is widespread is evidenced by the manner in which the members of the two committees have been met. One office boy in the Wolvin building, who is not yet 18 years of age, subscribed $20 to the fund, and a clerk in the Northern Pacific freight office came in to headquarters today and voluntarily raised his subscription from $25 to $50.

All that remains to be done, apparently, is to go after the money. The Citizens' committee of 100 will meet this afternoon at 4 o'clock and prepare for a more active canvass. Only a very few of the business men have been seen as yet, and the work has not been done in a systematic manner. The card index system will be shown to the members of the committee this afternoon, and each man will be given a list of the men whom he is supposed to interview.

Two subscriptions of $1,000 each and one of $500 were announced yesterday afternoon, and the fund is now between $55,000 and $56,000.

All of these subscriptions were made on the understanding that the names of the donors were not to be made public.

Five thousand pamplets containing the complete description and the proposed plans of the new building have been printed, and are being distributed broadcast throughout the city.

Just three week remain in which to raise the balance of the sum needed, or nearly $95,000. This means that more than $30,000 a week, or about $5,000 a day, will have to be raised during the next three weeks.

CALENDAR FOR SEPTEMBER TERM

Indications Point to a Busy Season For District Court.

Today is the last date for the filing of notes of issue of the cases to be brought on for trial during the November term of district court, which will convene next Wednesday. Tomorrow morning the calendar for the term will be made up and will be placed in the hands of the printers.

It is expected that the November term will be a very busy one, there being fifty-three cases on the calendar which were continued over from this term, besides the new cases, which, up to this noon, numbered over sixty-five. It is probable that the November calendar may have 120 civil cases for trial by jury and by the court, to say nothing of the criminal cases. Of the latter there is not, so far as known, a possibility of a large calendar. The size will depend on the action taken by the next grand jury.

The grand jurors have been summoned to meet the opening day of the term. The petit jurors do not assemble until the following week.

FORESTERS!

Members of Court Commerce, No. 3283, are requested to attend the funeral of our late Brother George A. Mason, from Durkan & Crawford's undertaking rooms, at 9:30 a. m. tomorrow (Thursday). Interment at Forest Hill. By order
W. W. HOOPES, R. S.

ACTUARY M'CLINTOCK CONTINUES TESTIMONY

New York, Oct. 25.—Emory McClintock, actuary of the Mutual Life Insurance company, was the first witness before the insurance investigating committee, when the investigation was resumed today. Mr. McClintock was recalled to give further details of the technical phases of life insurance in addition to those he gave yesterday.

Engineers Hold Meeting.

Maj. Charles L. Potter returned today from St. Paul, where he was in attendance at a meeting of the board of government engineers appointed by the chief of engineers of the United States to investigate and make recommendations relative to the system of reservoirs and dams on the upper Mississippi river.

INSURANCE MEN DISCHARGED.

Chicago, Oct. 25.—General Manager E. I. Rosenfeld, President George M. Moulton and Ed Moore, members of the board of directors of the Western Life Indemnity company, were today discharged from a rule to show cause why they should not be held incontempt of court.

A RUSSIAN HERO

Dragged Savage Lion Back to Its Cage.

A crowd of hostlers, white-faced and trembling, burst unceremoniously into the chief tamer's room, says the Chicago Tribune.

"The lion has broken loose," one blurted.

"And the three lionesses as well," chorused half a dozen in a breath, glancing furtively down the passage, as if fearing that the animals were on their track.

In disjointed and startled sentences they poured their story into the bewildered tamer's ears, when the lion burst suddenly into their midst, followed closely by three lionesses. Terrified at the sight they had all fled to the far end of the stable and there had seen the lion attack Roberto.

Roberto! The tamer paled as he heard the name, for it belonged to the most valuable and accomplished horse that the Devigne Circus of Odessa possessed.

More he did not want to hear. Seizing his heavy thonged whip he rushed from the room. A few yards down the passage he met the manager of the circus, who, having heard of the animal's escape, had armed himself with a double-barreled gun and a pocketful of blank cartridges.

Together the two men hastened to the stable. There a terrible sight met their eyes. The fierce and hungry animals had borne Roberto to the ground. The air was filled with the screams of half a hundred terrified horses, who seemed conscious of the danger near them.

Raising his gun the manager fired two shots in the face of the nearest lioness. She cowered, then, with a howl, fled from the stable, followed by the other two.

Only the lion remained.

Again the manager fired. A roar of rage shook the stable, and the infuriated animal, forsaking the horse, sprang toward him. But the manager was ready, and, firing both barrels, he checked the threatened rush.

By this time the assistant tamer had arrived, and together with the chief tamer, stood awaiting the moment when the lion should be sufficiently cowed for them to drive him to his cage.

The manager ceased firing. As long as firing had continued it had stood motionless, but for the great tail that lashed ominously up and down.

Bang, bang! Both barrels spoke as one, and the lion leaped backward with another loud roar.

The manager clubbed his rifle. A thrill of horror passed over both tamers.

"What is wrong?" they cried.

"I have fired my last cartridge!"

As if knowing that victory was within its grasp the lion advanced. Step by step, as a cat stealing upon a bird, it drew within five yards, then crouched its long, shaggy mane bristling with fury. Pale, but determined to fight hard for his life, the manager awaited the onslaught. He could see the muscles quivering beneath the long, fawn back. The spring was near.

Suddenly the assistant tamer leaped forward. As he did so the lion sprang. But the tamer already had seized the thick mane. And the lion fell heavily to the ground. Back, half dragging, half lifting, the tamer threw the struggling animal.

Then followed a scene that in circus life has never had its equal. The man bent down and picked the lion up as if it had been a lamb. In vain the savage creature snarled and struck furiously with its paws. The tamer held it in a vise-like grip. Right across the courtyard into the arena he bore the lion, and then, gathering his muscles together, he hurled the animal through the door back into the cage.

SET RIGHT.

Americans in London are apt to be confused by the fact that the same thoroughfare bears many different names as it pursues its oftentimes crooked course through the fascinating old city, says Lippincott's.

Two young Chicago women, wandering through what they affectionately called "Dickens' London" last summer, went into a bun shop to ask the nearest way to one of the less frequented spots that the great writer has made sacred to all lovers of his stories.

A good-natured clerk gave them minute directions, to which they listened attentively and with strong efforts to be intelligent when he spoke of the "top" or the "bottom" of certain streets, told them to go "straight away," and that the place was only "ten minutes off."

"Thank you so much," said the younger girl, "but I'm afraid that we may lose our way after all. Your streets here have such a perplexing habit of changing their names every few minutes that we are never really sure just where we are."

"Why, Madame," remonstrated the clerk in a tone of mingled reproof and pity, "these streets don't change their names. They have had the same names for hundreds of years!"

A GOOD REASON.

It was in one of the elevators of a big Broadway skyscraper, says the New York Globe. There were six men aboard, and when at the second floor a pretty stenographer entered the car off came five hats. The sixth hat remained on the head of its owner.

"Tut, tut," mumbled the man who had ignored elevator etiquette, "this taking off hats is all humbug."

"Is, eh?" challenged a broker.

"Sure, it is. Why, I wouldn't take my hat off in an elevator if a queen came on."

"H'm! Where are you from?"

"Right here in New York. Born and raised here, and never took off my hat in an elevator, and never will."

"Thought maybe you came from the Fiji Islands,"

"That shows your ignorance. This is a land of liberty, and a man don't have to remove his hat if he don't want to.

"Of course not."

"Well, then, you don't see me doing it. Some silly fad inaugurated by some of these women writers in the papers, I guess."

And the protestant stepped out of the car at the tenth floor.

"Wonder why he was so bitter about removing his hat?" asked the banker.

"Didn't you notice?" asked the broker.

"No."

"Why, he was baldheaded."

WHISKY IN CHURCH.

Concealed somewhere in the old Presbyterian church at Fairton there is said to be a bottle of whisky at least 100 years old, says the Philadelphia Record. When the edifice was being built, it is said, the workmen struck for whisky, which in those days seemed to be a necessity. A quart was furnished them, but according to Hosea Husted, then an apprentice, the liquor was so "arnery" that the men couldn't drink it, but buried it in the walls. Robert Wescoat, who relates the incident, says the bottle is still there.

FUR COATS

sold on

Easy Weekly Payments

You can have one. Not necessary to have all cash. Try my easy payment plan and you won't feel paying for it.

FUR BOA
$1.00 DOWN
$1.00 WEEK

YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD

FRED W. EDWARDS
Upstairs over Gidding's.
First Ave. W. and Sup. St.

The Cloth Coats Now Join the Sale of Fur Lined Coats.



Beginning with tomorrow we expect to double each day's business within the next few weeks. To do this it will be necessary to offer inducements to the buying public such as will appeal to every discriminating buyer of wearing apparel.

The Gidding Fur and Fur Lined Garments lend an air of distinction not contributed by any other article of wearing apparel.

You all know about the quality and style of the "Gidding Clothes" for women, and you know too that the prices, notwithstanding the superiority of our garments, are lower every day in the week than at any other store ot the head of the lakes.

Besides many other lines have been passed along to us at great savings in prices, because we were willing to place good sized orders, so you can see at a glance that the values are quite unusual.

Several hundred winter coats in all, and the savings are $5.00—$10.00 and even $15.00 in women's garments.

Same reductions in garments for girls.

Fall Gloves, Special
One line of silk-lined Mochas — browns, tans, modes and gray; one large clasp; good value at $1.50 — tomorrow at $1.00.

"Perrins" Gloves
Famous the world over. You'll find them here only—the prevailing shades for Fall—$1.50, $2 and $2.50. Special lines at $1.00.

At $10.00 $14.50 and $16.50 girls' coats in beautiful mixtures and plain cloth. All brand new and beautiful coats, 48 to 56 inches long; some are trimmed with velvet, some are plain tailored, not one garment in this lot worth less than $14.50, all will be on sale at one price, $10.00.

At $21.50 Many beautiful coats in mixtures and plain cloths, regularly $25.00 and $29.50. Many of the handsomest models of the present season are included, in gray, tan and other mixtures. Not one of these garments have ever been sold in a regular way for less than $25.00 and up to $29.50, in the various lengths, from the 45-inch down to the full length, will be offered tomorrow in full range of sizes at $21.50.

At $25.00 **Magnificent New Model Coats of High Class Scotch and English Mixtures and Plain Colors That Sell at $37.50.** Box pleats at back and front and over shoulders with new style pockets and nobby belt. Sleeves and shoulders lined with a heavy satin. One of the very nobbiest coats of the present season. 54 inches.

At $8.75 **Finely Made Full Length Coats—of Excellent Heavy Weight Wool Materials**—If you can match this value in town for $12.50 come back and get your money. Each and every coat is splendidly tailored, has a natty, velvet collar, which is neatly trimmed—full velvet cuffs—has three box pleats running to the shoe tops—a good, stylish coat in every way—$8.75.

At $19.50 **Beautiful Coats of Imported Novelty Cloths with Broad Shoulder Effect. Regularly sold at $27.50.** Heavy weight materials in several shades of mixtures. Gray, etc., with straps of cloth over shoulders and back.

At $10.50 **Splendidly Made, Heavy Weight and Warm Kersey Coats with Bearskin Storm Collar**—This is another instance of our splendid value giving—if we had to buy it today we would be compelled to ask you from $15 to $16.50 for it—but we placed our orders in May, when makers were anxious for orders and cloths were still to be had at last season's prices—as a result we are able to offer these coats for as long as they will last at the above price. We could get two shades only—black and castor. We will place fifty of them on sale tomorrow morning, in sizes that will fit women and misses—at $10.50.

At $16.50 **Splendid Styles in Kersey Coats With Fur Storm Collar**—Made of winter weight materials—three-quarter length, with military frogs and loops—full swing—new cuffs—in black, navy, brown and castor—a coat that bargain-counter stores would proclaim cheap at $20—all sizes to 44—$16.50.

At $5.00 School girls' "Regulation" Coats — Splendid heavy weight materials, deep storm collar, military buttons, full and generous in size—blue and brown—sizes to 14—$5.00.

At $7.50 **Girls' Flannel Lined "Swagger" Coats —** Full and generous in size—velvet broadcloth storm collar, with swagger strap at back—velvet trimmed lined throughout with a warm, red flannel—a coat fully $10 in value—all sizes to 14; colors—black, blue and green—$7.50.

Save Considerable By Buying Your Rain Coats Now.

$12.50 for Rain Coats that were $19.50.
$ 9.75 for Rain Coats that were $15.00.
$15.00 for Rain Coats that were $21.50.
$18.50 for Rain Coats that were $27.50.
Tans, Olives, Grays, Oxfords and many mixed materials—and a complete range of sizes.

The Store That Leads

Giddings

Superior St. and 1st Ave. West.

Too Late to Classify

Hair Dressing, Shampooing, Scalp Treatments, Facial Massage, Manicuring and Children's Hair Cutting at Miss Horrigan's

An invisible, instantaneous skin perfuming beautifier, describes Satin skin powder.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED SHOE clerk; steady work; good salary. Address D. B. H., care of Herald.

I MAKE PHOTOGRAPHS FOR CATALOGUES or illustrated advertisements of any kind. Satisfaction guaranteed. H. C. Hubert, 601 Manhattan building.

BIRTHS.

ANDERSON—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Gottfried Anderson of Sixty-first avenue west and Cody street, Sept. 23.

McGINTY—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Joseph McGinty of 111 East Fifth street, Oct. 22.

SWENSON—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Albert Swenson of Spirit Lake, Oct. 17.

MONSON—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Nels Monson of 6916 Raleigh street, Oct. 24.

CARD OF THANKS.

WE DESIRE TO HEREBY MOST SINCERELY thank our friends who so kindly assisted and sympathized with us in our loss of our brother, Edward Bourdage.
JOS. BOURDAGE AND BROTHERS.

SPECIAL!

Just received, a shipment of fine Skirts of the latest shades and patterns and of this season's very latest styles. Come and see them!

DULUTH CONSIGNMENT CO.
24 East Superior Street.
Duluth's original house of bargains.

Use the Telephone.

Ring up 'phone 324, either Duluth or Zenith, and telephone your want advertisements. Each advertisement will receive prompt and careful attention.

Does Your Heart Beat

Yes. 100,000 times each day. Does it send out good blood or bad blood? You know, for good blood is good health; bad blood, bad health. Ask your own doctor about taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla for thin, impure blood.

We have no secrets! We publish the formulas of all our medicines.

J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

THE EXPORT SITUATION

Demand For Grain From Abroad Sustaining American Markets.

Wheat Has Another Advance—Flax Is Active and High.

Duluth Board of Trade, Oct. 25.—Wheat was very strong this morning and it was the foreign situation that made it so. Russian news had much to do with the strength, reports from there saying that offerings have practically ceased. The railroad strikes in Russia also will complicate matters by stopping the movement of wheat. London wired that Manitoba would have to be depended upon for the supply there. The Duluth exporters say the foreign bids for grain follow the advances in American markets very well. The foreign demand for coarse grains is very sharp.

The Southwest has been clamoring for rain for the betterment of the winter wheat crop and good rains were reported this morning, but they exerted little influence on the market. The world's visible showed 7,000,000 bus increase.

The Liverpool market closed 1½ to ¾d higher, Berlin 1¼c higher, and Budapest ¾c higher.

The December option advanced ⅝c in Duluth and New York, ⅝-¾c in Chicago, ½-⅝c in Minneapolis, and ¼c in St. Louis and Kansas City. The Winnipeg market was very strong, showing 1⅜c gain for all options.

December corn in Chicago advanced ⅝c, and in Liverpool corn was ⅜ to 1½d higher. December oats in Chicago advanced ¼c.

Car receipts at Duluth were 417, against 199 last year, and at Minneapolis 400, against 458 last year, making a total for the Northwest of 817, against 657 last year. Chicago receipts were 138, against 89 last year. Winnipeg received 342 cars of which 1 graded No. 1 hard, 180 No. 1 northern and 80 No. 2 northern. Last year's receipts were 226 cars.

Primary receipts of wheat were 1,265,000 bus, last year, 1,044,000 bus. Shipments, 655,000 bus, last year, 328,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 614,000 bus.

Bradstreet reports an increase of 7,602,000 bus in the world's visible supply of wheat. East of the Rockies there was an increase of 4,702,000 and in Europe and afloat an increase of 2,900,000.

Primary receipts of corn were 240,000 bus, last year, 231,000 bus. Shipments, 297,000 bus, last year, 179,000 bus. Clearances were 246,000 bus. Bradstreet reported a decrease of 3,038,000 bus in the world's visible supply of corn.

In the Duluth market there was more activity in wheat than has been shown for some time. The December option opened ¼c higher at 82½c, advanced to 83¼c at 11:35, and fell off from there, closing ⅝c up at 82⅝c. The May option opened ¼c higher at 89¼c, advanced to 89⅞c, and closed ⅝c up at 86⅝c.

Cash wheat was firm and No. 1 northern sold at 2½c over December price. Durum wheat loses none of its strength and today it had an advance of ½c.

Flax was active and strong. October opened ⅝c higher at 96⅞c, and advanced to 97⅜c, closing at 97¼c, a gain of ⅜c. November opened ⅜c higher at 97¼c, sold up to 97⅝c, and closed ⅜c up at 97¼c. December opened unchanged at 96⅝c, advanced to 97⅛c, and closed at 97¼c, an advance of ¼c. May opened ¼c higher at $1.01⅛, advanced to $1.02, and closed ⅝c up at $1.01⅝.

Oats made a gain of ⅜c and rye was unchanged. Barley is strengthening under the improved foreign demand and is from 1c to 2c higher.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—To arrive, No. 1 northern, 85¼c; No. 2 northern, 83½c; on track, No. 1 northern, 85¼c; No. 2 northern, 83½c; durum, No. 1, 76c; No. 2, 75c; October, 84⅜c; December, 82⅝c; May, 86⅝c. Flax—To arrive, 97¼c; on track, 97¼c; October, 97¼c; November, 97¼c; December, 95¼c; May, $1.01⅜. Oats—To arrive, 29c; on track, 28c. Rye, 65c. Barley, 30@46c.

Cars inspected—Wheat, 417, last year, 199; oats, 62; barley, 6; rye, 99; flax, 153, last year, 120.

Receipts—Wheat, 258,676; oats, 62,213; barley, 91,248; rye, 4,328; flax, 160,822.

Shipments—Wheat, 267,676; flax, 59,464.

Cash Sales Wednesday.

No. 1 hard wheat, 1 car $0.86½
No. 1 northern wheat, 3 cars 85¼
No. 1 northern, 3 cars 85
No. 1 northern, 2 cars 84¾
No. 1 northern, 6,000 bus 84⅜
No. 1 northern, 2,000 bus 83⅝
No. 1 northern, 10,000 bus 83½
No. 1 northern, 2,000 bus 86
No. 1 northern, 5,000 bus 85¼
No. 1 northern, 8,000 bus 85¼
No. 1 northern, 18,000 bus 85¼
No. 1 northern, 4,000 bus 85¼
No. 1 northern, 16,000 bus 85½
No. 1 northern, 5,000 bus 85
No. 1 northern, 10,000 bus 85⅝
No. 1 northern, 2,000 bus 85⅜
No. 1 northern, 1 car 85⅜
No. 2 northern wheat, 1 car 83½
No. 2 northern, 1 car 83⅜
No. 2 northern, 1 car 83⅜
No. 1 northern, 1,000 bus No. 3 white 29½
Oats, 1 car No. 3 white 29¾
Oats, 1,000 bus No. 3 white 29
Oats, 1 car No. 2 white 28⅝
Oats, 1 car No. 3 ..... 28½

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

General Demand For Wheat Causes Strong Market For Cereal.

Chicago, Oct. 25.—Active general demand for wheat caused a strong market today for that cereal here. The foreign situation was the chief factor although unsettled weather in the American Northwest had some influence. Selling was largely by small holders. December opened ⅛@¼c to ⅜@⅝c higher at 87½@87⅝c and advanced to 87¾c. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 955 cars, against 611 cars last week and 736 cars a year ago.

For a time the market continued to gain in strength, December advancing to 88¼c. Late in the day liberal profit-taking caused some recessions, but the close was firm. Final quotations on December were up ⅜@¼c at 87¾c.

Owing to a sharp advance in the price of corn in Liverpool, smutty No. 3 yellow corn market here was decidedly bullish. Several prominent commission houses were active purchasers. In addition, bulls covered freely. December opened ½@¾c up at 45⅝@45¾c and sold up to 46⅞c. Local receipts were 92 cars with 37 of contract grade.

For December the highest point of the session was touched at 46c. The market closed firm, with December up ¼c at 45¾c.

Smaller receipts and fair export demand caused a firm tone in oats. December opened unchanged to ⅛c higher at 29⅝@29¾c and sold up to 29⅞c. Local receipts were 222 cars.

Provisions were easier as a result of small offerings from packers. January pork was off a shade at $12.35. Lard was down a shade at $6.75. Ribs were unchanged at $6.47½.

Close: Wheat—December, 87¾c; May, 88⅞c; July, 84¼c. Corn—October, 51¾c; December, 46¾c; old, 46⅝c; January, 44½@44⅝c; May, 43¾c; July, 45¾c. Oats—October, 29⅝c; December, 29⅞c; May, 32¼@32⅝c; July, 31¼c. Pork—October, $16; January, $12.37½. Lard—October, $7.05; November, $7.02½c; December, $6.77½; January, $6.75@6.77½c; May, $6.90. Ribs—October, $7.47½; January, $6.47½@6.50; May, $6.67½@6.70. Rye—Cash, 71c; December, 71c; May, 72½c. Flax—Cash northwestern, 96c; southwestern, 92c; May, $1.00. Timothy—March, $3.40. Clover—Cash, $13. Barley—Cash, 38@53c. Cash wheat—No. 2 red, 88¾@89c; 3 red, 86¾@88¼c; 2 hard, 86½@88¾c; 3 hard, 82½@89c; 1 northern, 88¾@90c; 2 northern, 86@88c; 3 spring, 86@87c. Corn—No. 2, 53¼c; 3, 52¾@53c. Oats—No. 2, 29⅝@29½c; 3, 29c.

American Wheat Markets.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
December—				
Open	83⅛	83¾-⅞	87½-⅝	93¼
High	83⅜	83⅞	87⅞	94
Low	82½	82¾	87½	93¼
Close	82½	83⅛-¼A	87⅝A	93¾A
Close 24	82¾	82⅝	87¼-⅜	93⅛
May—				
Open	86¼	86½	88½-⅝	92¾
High	87⅜	87⅝	89½	93⅝-⅞
Low	86¼	86⅜	88½	92-⅛
Close	87⅛	87⅜B	89⅛A	92⅝B
Close 24	86	86¼	88½	92

St. Louis—
December ..... Close 87⅛ Close 24. 84¼-⅜
May 87¾-⅞ 87⅞

Kansas City—
December 78⅜ 78¼
May 80⅜ 80⅛-¼

Winnipeg—
October 77⅜ 76¾
December 75⅝ 74½
May 80¾ 79⅝

Chicago Oats, Corn and Pork.

	Oats. Dec.	Corn. Dec.	Pork. Jan.
Open	29⅝@29¾	46⅝	$12.35
High	30	46⅞	12.37
Low	29⅝	46½	12.37
Close	29⅞A	46⅝	12.37

Duluth Car Inspection.

Wheat—No. 1 hard, 5; No. 1 northern, 88; No. 2 northern, 91; No. 3 spring, 59; No. 4 spring, 15; rejected, 14; western red, 2; No. 1 durum, 26; No. 2 durum, 60; No. 3 durum, 35; No. 4 and no grade durum, 22; total durum, 143; mixed wheat, 2. Total of wheat, 417; cars last year, 199.

Flax—No. 1 northwestern, 29; No. 1, 121; No. 2, 3; total, 153; last year, 120.

Oats, 62; rye, 6; barley, 99.

Total of all cars, 737; cars last year, 432.

Liverpool Grain.

Liverpool, Oct. 25.—Wheat—Spot, steady; No. 2 red Western winter, 6s 6d; futures, strong; December, 5s; March, 6s 1½d. Corn—Spot, firm; American mixed, 5s 1¾d; futures, strong; December, 5s 3⅜d; January, 4s 6⅝d; March, 4s 5d.

New York Grain.

New York, Oct. 25.—Close: Wheat—December, 93¾c; May, 92⅝c. Corn—December, 56½c; January, 54⅝c; May, 51½c.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Oct. 25.—Close: Wheat—December, 83¼@¾c; May, 86⅞c. No. 1 hard, 85¾@⅞c; 1 northern, 85¾@86c; 2 northern, 82⅞c.

Grain Gossip.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—Best buying seemed to be by professional shorts coming ashore. There was too much realizing by longs around 88 cents for the market to go through calls. The market was strong with volume of business much larger. Primary receipts a little larger today than a year ago, and Bradstreet increased 4,000,000 bushels over a year ago. This encouraged some longs to take profits. However, we think May wheat should be bought on all recessions.

Corn—The market opened higher, and the volume of business was considerably larger than it has been of lat. The buying was scattered. Think the advance was temporarily checked by a large professional long taking profits on some of his lines. Think this May corn should be bought on all the soft spots.

Oats—Strong and higher today, due to a large export house absorbing all the offerings. This cereal seems to have plenty of friends and would continue to buy on all reactions.

Provisions—The volume of business done today was light. Packers seem disposed to force prices lower without selling any more than is necessary, evidently for the purpose of getting hogs at lower prices. Think the January option should be bought on all slight recessions.

* * *

Edwards, Wood & Co.: Wheat—There was more life in the wheat market today than there has been of late and everywhere there are indications that trade is picking up and the market in the near future will be broader and more active. The market stiffened and rose steadily until for the third successive day call price was passed. All the railroads in the Northwest were besieged today by country elevators and independent holders of wheat who are anxious to take advantage of the prevailing high prices.

* * *

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: The following cablegrams received this morning show the strength of conditions: "London—The market is affected by advance in Russia, whence offerings practically ceased. Dependent Manitobas almost entirely."

Liverpool—"The situation in the market is strengthening, owing to Russian Danubian demand."

There is also one from Rosario saying: "Having too much rain for good of wheat crop."

* * *

Chicago Inter-Ocean: A feature of the visible supply of wheat was the small increase at Canadian ports, 39,000 bushels at Port Arthur and 27,000 bushels at Fort William, a total of 66,000 bushels. This is light, considering the size of the receipts. The wheat was put on the lakes, the quantity afloat increasing 1,640,000 bushels, all of which has been sold for export.

Dennis, Chicago: There is so much wheat headed for Chicago that we prefer to be long the May and believe new purchases should be made in May. Without more than tentative support the December will likely drag a little as compared to May. With the foreign developments constantly coming to the front May wheat might sell at quite an advance next spring, anyway, and probably sooner.

We Are Headquarters for

Bonanza Circle

—AND—

North Butte Copper Stocks.

PAINE, WEBBER & CO

BANKERS AND BROKERS.
328 West Superior Street.

EDWARDS-WOOD CO.
(INCORPORATED)

DEALERS IN

Stocks, Grain, Provisions

MAIN OFFICE
Fifth and Robert Sts. ST. PAUL, MINN.

J. A. MINNEAR & CO.

Brokers

Copper Stocks
Curbs a Specialty

LAURIUM, MICH.

R. B. Higbee says for you to write him for his prices on the Mining Stocks you are buying. 410-411 Germania Life building, St. Paul, Minn.

R. B. HIGBEE,
The Minning Broker.
410-411 Germania Life Building, ST. PAUL, MINN.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

Duluth.

Following are the current quotations for goods which change hands in lots on the open market:

BUTTER.	
Creamery, prints	23
Creamery, in tubs	22
Dairies, fancy	19
Renovated	21
Packing stock	14½
EGGS.	
Fresh	19 @ 20
CHEESE.	
Wisconsin flats	12¾
Block and wheel Swiss	14 @ 15
Brick cheese, No. 1	12½
Limberger full cream cheese	13
Primost	7
HONEY.	
New fancy white clover	15
Fancy white clover in jars, strained, per lb	12½@ 13
Goldenrod	14
Dark honey	11
Buckwheat, dark	14
MAPLE SUGAR.	
Vermont, per lb	15
Maple syrup, 10-lb cans	1 35
NUTS.	
Filberts, per lb	13
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	15
Cocoanuts, per doz	60
Brazils, per lb	12
Pecans, per lb	13
Almonds	16
Mixed nuts	12
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7¼@ 8
FRUITS.	
Apples, Ben Davis, per box	4 00
Illinois Jonathans	5 00
Kings	4 50
Spitzs	4 00
Talman Sweets	4 00
Cal. Belleflour, per box	1 65
Wisconsin Longfields	2 75
Bananas, per bunch	2 25 @ 2 75
Dates, Fard, 12-lb box	1 10
Dates, sugar walnut, 10-lb box	1 00
Figs, Smyrna, 10-lb box	1 25
Grapes, Concords, basket	21 @ 22
Tokay grapes, per crate	1 75
Grapes, Delawares	20
Lemons, Cal., per box	5 50
Oranges	3 25 @ 4 75
Peaches, per box	1 25
Pears, per box	3 00
York State pears, per bbl	4 00 @ 6 00
GREEN VEGETABLES.	
Beans, wax, per bus	1 50
Beets, per cwt	1 00
Cucumbers, Dill	2 00
Cabbage, per cwt	1 50
Cauliflower, per box	2 00
Celery, per doz	30
Carrots, per cwt	1 00
Horseradish, per lb	10
Lettuce, leaf, per bus	1 00
Onions, per cwt	1 50 @ 1 75
Onions, pickling, per box	2 00
Parsley, per doz	25
Sweet potatoes, per bbl	3 50
Potatoes, new, per bus	50
Pumpkins, per doz	05
Radishes, round, per doz	15
Squash, per doz	1 00
Rutabagas, per cwt	1 00
Spinach, per bus	50
Tomatoes, per bus	2 00
POP CORN.	
Choice, per lb	3
Rice corn, shelled	6
CIDER.	
Clarified, 16-gal keg	3 50
Orange, cherry or pear	5 50
Black raspberry juice	5 50
LIVE POULTRY.	
Springs, per lb	11
Hens, per lb	10
Spring ducks	11 @ 12
Turkeys	17
Geese	10

Dressed poultry runs about 1½c to 2c per pound higher.

MEATS.	
Beef	5 @ 8½
Mutton	8½
Lamb	9
Pork loins	11
Veal	7 @ 9
HAY.	
Timothy, per ton	9 00 @10 00
Upland, per ton	10 00 @11 00
FEED.	
Bran, per ton	14 50
Oats, per bus	30 @ 30
Shorts, per ton	15 00
FISH.	
Trout, per lb	9
Pike, per lb	9
White, per lb	12 @ 12½
Oysters, standard, per gal	1 00
Oysters, select, per gal	1 80

Chicago.

Chicago, Oct. 25.—Buter, firm; creameries, 17½@21c; dairies, 17@20c. Eggs, firm; at mark, cases included, 16½@18 c. Cheese, firm; daisies, 12@14c; twins, 11¾@12c; Young Americas, 12@13c.

New York.

New York, Oct. 25.—Butter, steady, unchanged; receipts, 7,457. Cheese, firm, unchanged; receipts, 5,497. Eggs, firm; receipts, 7,075; state, Pennsylvania and nearby fancy selected white, 31@35c; do choice, 29@32c; do mixed, extra, 28c; Western fancy selected, 29c; do average best, 24@25c; Southerns, 18@22c.

THE MEANEST WOMAN.

Miss Caroline Powell of Boston is a wood engraver, a pupil of Timotny Cole, and at a dinner recently she said of her master, according to the Philadelphia Bulletin.

"Mr. Cole had a horror of stingy persons. He was continually pointing out to us glaring examples of meanness and greed.

"He said one day that he had heard that morning of one of the meanest women in the world.

"She called before breakfast at the house of a neighbor of his and said:

"'Madam, I see that you have advertised in the papers for a cook.'

"'Yes, I have,' returned the other, 'but surely you are not after the place.'

"'No,' said the stranger, 'but I only live two blocks away from you, and since I need a cook myself, I thought you might send to me all the applicants you reject.'"

THE KAISER'S TIP.

The Kaiser is popularly supposed to be economical, says the Fatler.

It is not generally known that he pushes his principles of economy to absolute niggardliness.

It will be remembered that he visited Constantinople some time back and was received with unexampled magnificence and inundated with handsome presents. During his stay in the Ottoman capital the Emperor's aide de camp was instructed by his imperial master to distribute such gifts as were usual among the servants attached to his person.

He offered a dollar to the head coachman. The latter without a moment's hesitation returned it. "Thanks," he said, "I am not thirsty."

CLOSE WAS IRREGULAR

Stock Market During Early Part of Day Decidedly Strong.

Liquidation Caused Sharp Declines, But a Rally Followed.

New York, Oct. 25.—Opening prices in the stock market today showed mixed changes which were small in nearly all cases. The coalers showed signs of strength, Delaware & Hudson rising 1¼ and Reading nearly a point. Amongst the declines Corn Products lost a point. The depression of the London market was without decisive effect.

Pronounced strength and heavy transactions in Reading which touched 127⅞ a record price, and an advance of 2⅜ over yesterday imparted a good tone to the early market and numerous stocks were bought with confidence. There was steady liquidation in Rock Island the preferred losing 1⅝ and the common a large fraction. The coal stocks in general were the strongest features, but there was also a demand for some of the railroad equipments. Delaware & Hudson improved 2⅝, Central of Jersey 1½, Sugar 1⅜ and New York Central, Locomotive and Pacific Mail 1. Realizing drove prices down sharply and Reading was also affected, but the market steadied towards 11 o'clock. Chicago & Alton preferred dropped 3 and Northern Pacific 1⅜.

Coalers rose to record prices, the speculation in them being stimulated by reports of large buying of Lehigh Valley at Philadelphia by a published analysis of the Reading property and by assertions that Delaware & Hudson had secured an option on the Wilkesbarre & Eastern. Reading touched 127⅞, Delaware & Hudson 236½, Central of Jersey 234 and Ontario & Western 56¾. Erie, Pennsylvania and Norfolk & Western were freely bought and advanced large fractions. A few specialties made large advances, but the recovery in the general list from the setback of the first hour was moderate, outside of the rise of a point in Union Pacific. Bonds were firm at noon.

Some Western and Southern stocks joined the advance after noon. The coal stocks, however, continued the dominant feature. Delaware & Hudson extended its rise to 6. Lackawanna got up to 5, Canada Southern, 2½, Pittsburg, Cincinnati, St. Louis & Cleveland, Cleveland & Pittsburg, Louisville & Nashville and American Woolen 1½, St. Paul and Copper 1. Free selling of local traction weakened the market and St. Paul, Louisville & Nashville and Union Pacific lost about their gains. The railroads held up well, Allis-Chalmers preferred lost 1¼ and Wisconsin Central 1⅜.

Stocks were quite dull in the afternoon. The tone improved after the pressure against the local stocks ceased and Locomotive rose to 71. Later on prices went off again. Chicago Terminal fell 2 and Kansas City Southern preferred 1. Northwestern gained 1.

An attack centered on Rock Island and the local tractions and was effective in weakening the whole market. Prices fell abruptly under an outpouring of stocks and a general level below yesterday's closing was touched. Rock Island lost ½, the preferred 2, the Metropolitan stocks 2½ each and Brooklyn Rapid Transit 1¾. Other notable losses established were Wisconsin Central preferred and Colorado Fuel 2, Hide & Leather preferred 2¼ and Louisville & Nashville, New York Central, Canadian Pacific, Kansas City Southern, Pressed Steel Car, Tennessee Coal, Smelting, Sugar and others 1 to 1½. Reading and Locomotive reacted 2 and Delaware & Hudson 3. Covering by shorts at the decline rallied the market and the closing was active and irregular.

Quotations furnished by Edwards-Wood Co., Room A, Torrey building:

Stocks—	High	Low	Close
Atchison, pfd	105⅛	105	105
do com	86⅞	86⅛	86⅜
Smelter, com	131¼	129⅝	130⅝
American Woolen	43⅞	42⅝	43
Aml. Copper	85	84¾	85⅛
B. and O. Ry	113¾	112⅝	113
B. R. T.	78⅜	76¾	76¾
Can. Pac. R.	172⅝	171½	172½
C. and O.	58	56⅝	57
C. F. I.	46¾	44¾	45⅝
C. G. W., com	22	21½	21½
Erie 1st, pfd	81⅞	81¼	81½
Erie, com	49⅜	48½	49
Ills. Cent.	181	180¼	180¾
Cent. Leather	46⅞	45½	45½
L. and N.	154½	152	152⅝
Mex. Cent.	24⅞	24	24⅞
Met. Ry.	130½	127¾	127⅞
Mo. Pac.	104½	103⅞	104
Norf. and West.	88⅛	87¼	87⅝
N. Y. C.	154	151	152½
O. and W.	59¼	54⅝	55
People's Gas	105⅝	104½	104⅝
Pacific Mail	48¾	48⅜	48⅝
Penn. Ry.	145¾	144⅝	145
Rock Island, com.	31¼	29¾	29⅝
Rock Island, pfd.	74¾	75¼	73¼
Reading, com.	127⅞	124⅜	125¼
R. I. & S. pfd.	97¼	95⅞	96
R. I. & S. com.	25⅞	25⅜	25
Rubber, com.	54	53¾	53¾
St. Paul	182⅜	180⅜	181⅛
Sugar	144½	142⅛	143
Southern Railway, com.	37¼	36¾	36¾
Southern Pacific	72⅜	71	71⅝
T. C. & I.	89	87¼	88½
Texas Pacific	35	35	35
U. S. Steel, pfd.	105½	104⅜	105
U. S. Steel, com.	39	38¼	38⅞
Union Pacific, com.	135	133½	134⅛
Wisconsin Central, com.	31	30½	30⅝
Wisconsin Central, pfd.	62½	61½	61⅞
Wabash, com.	22⅛	21¾	21¾
Wabash, pfd.	42⅜	41¾	41¾
Twin City Rap. Transit.	117½	117¼	117½
Northern Pacific	204	202¾	202½
Erie, second	73	72¾	73

The total sales were 1,234,600 shares.

Stock Gossip.

Logan & Bryan to Paine, Webber & Co.: The continued ease in money stimulated pool operations, and bull points were so numerous that it was difficult to make a choice. Locomotive common, Woolen common, Reading common, Delaware & Hudson, and Jersey Central were the features with marked strength in the standard rails. Amalgamated was taken in hand and advanced, and the bullish feeling on this issue had increased on account of the strength in copper metal. A selling movement near the close caused prices to ease off, but the undertone still seems strong. The weakness of the Rock Island issues and Metropolitan are said to have caused the selling movement, but no doubt a great deal of realizing took place during the session under cover of the manipulation in specialties. The bull interests still hold the bulk of securities, and they are able thereby, practically, to determine the movements in accordance with their special aims, and apparently they are not yet prepared to permit the reaction which is now overdue. Market rallied at the close, recovering part of the late loss.

* * *

Walker Bros. to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market during the early part of the day was decidedly strong and, influenced by heavy buying of Reading, attained in many instances a new record for prices in the present movement. Rock Island was noticeably weak, and the weakness in this stock and in Metropolitan caused a sudden change in sentiment and caused heavy liquidation sales throughout the general list and there was a sharp decline extending from 1 to 2 points. The market rallied from the bottom and closed fairly strong, but with the bullish enthusiasm for the moment somewhat checked. The chief news of the day was the declaration on Ontario & Western at the rate of 1½ per cent.

New York Money.

New York, Oct. 25.—Money on call, steady, 3½@4¼ per cent; closing bid, 3; offered at 4; time money, steady; sixty and ninety days, 5; six months, 4½. Prime mercantile paper, 5@6 per cent. Sterling exchange, strong, closing steady with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.86.85@90 for demand and at $4.83.25@30 for sixty days; posted rates, $4.83½@4.84 and $4.87@4.87½; commercial bills, $4.83@¼c. Bar silver, 62¾c. Mexican dollars, 48c. Government bonds, easy; railroad bonds, irregular.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 328 West Superior street:

	Bid	Asked
Amalgamated	85⅛	85¼
American Dev. Co		21
Atlantic	27	27¼
Arcadian	4	4½
Adventure	8⅝	9
Allouez	45¼	45½
Bingham	31¾	31⅞
Black Mountain	8	8½
Copper Range	74¼	74½
Calumet and Hecla	680	685
Calumet and Arizona	110	113
Calumet and Pittsburg	36½	37½
Centennial	32¾	33
Daly West	14	14¼
Franklin	18⅜	18⅝
Granby	9	9½
Green Cons	26¾	26⅞
Isle Royale	25½	26
Junction		29⅞
Lake Superior and Pitts	39	39½
Michigan	14½	15
Mayflower	1½	1⅝
Mass	10¼	10½
Mohawk	59	59½
Mercur Con	60c	62c
North Butte	56½	53¾
National	3½	4
Old Dominion	31½	32
Oscoola	112½	113
Phoenix	1¾	2
Parrott	26¾	27
Pittsburg and Duluth		26
Quincy	106	107
Rhode Island	7¾	8
Santa Fe	2¾	2⅜
Shannon	8¼	8⅜
Tecumseh	14⅜	16
Tamarack	126	128
Trinity	9¾	9½
United States Mining	33½	33¾
Utah	46½	47
Union Land	3½	4
Victoria	6¾	7
Wyandot	2¼	2½
Wolverine	125	128
Winona	10½	11
Warren		13

The Cotton Market.

New York, Oct. 25.—The cotton market opened steady at a decline of 5 to 10 points in response to lower cables. At first business was quiet and prices reacted to about the closing figures of yesterday's trading promoted by unfavorable weather reports, but later the market turned very nervous and weak and sold off to a net loss of 15 to 16 points under rumors that the news would be bearish. Demand was good at the decline and during the middle of the morning prices were about 5 points up from the lowest.

Spot closed quiet; middling uplands, 10.65; middling gulf, 10.90. Sales, 108 bales. Futures closed steady; October, 10.42; November, 10.40; December, 10.40; January, 10.71; February, 10.75; March, 10.88; April, 10.93; May, 10.98.

Cotton Ginned.

Washington, Oct. 25.—The census bureau issued a bulletin today placing the cotton ginned in the United States up to Oct. 18 at 4,940,728 bales, round bales being counted as half bales.

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, Oct. 25.—Cattle: Receipts, 22,000; strong; others steady; beeves, $3.70@6.50; Texas steers, $3.10@4.30; stockers and feeders, $2.10@4.30; Texans, $3.50@4.40; Westerners, $3.25@4.75. Hogs: Receipts, 28,00; tomorrow, 22,000; 5c@10c lower; mixed and butchers, $4.85@5.40; good heavy, $5.15@5.40; rough heavy, $4.70@4.90; light, $4.90@5.35; pigs, $4.75@5.30; bulk of sales, $5.00@5.30. Sheep: Receipts, 14,000; slow; weak; sheep, $4.00@5.30; lambs, $4.75@7.05.

Midway Horse Market.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman's report: Horses sell well; general receipts lighter than last week, with the demand broader; drivers and expressers are active, as are the blocky loggers; gradual recovery from the reaction has started. Al clases moving at the following values:

Drafters, extra	$180@200
Drafters, choice	160@180
Drafters, common to good	140@160
Expressers, extra	135@165
Expressers, choice	125@135
Expressers, common to good	110@125
Farm mares, extra	140@170
Farm mares, choice	120@140
Farm mares, common to good	100@120
Drivers, extra	150@200
Drivers, choice	140@175
Drivers, common to good	115@140
Mules	100@250

St. Paul Live Stock.

St. Paul, Oct. 25.—Cattle—Receipts, 3,800; steady; good to choice grain-fed steers, $4.50@5.60; common to fair, $3.75@4.25; good to choice grass-fed cows and heifers, $3.50@4.25; common to fair, $2.75@3.25; good to choice grass-fed steers, native and western, $3.50@4.60; common to fair, $2.75@3.25; good to choice, grass-fed cows and heifers, $2.75@4.25; common to fair, $2.25@2.65; butcher bulls, $2.30@2.85; veal calves, $2@5.50; good to choice feeding steers, $3.25@3.75; common to fair, $2.50@3.25; stock heifers, $1.75@2.25; good to choice milch cows and springers, $35@45; common to fair $25@30. Sheep—Receipts, 5,000; steady to strong; yearling wethers $5.65@5.75; wethers, $4.50@5.10; good to choice ewes, $4.20@4.60; fair to good, $4@4.25; good to choice lambs, $6@6.20; fair to good $5.50@5.75; good to choice feeding lambs, $4@4.25; common to fair, $3.75@4; feeding lambs, $5@5.50; breeding ewes, $4.25@4.75. Hogs—Receipts 5,500; 5@10c lower; light, common to fair, $4.65@4.95; good to choice, $5@5.20; mixed, common to fair, $4.65@4.90; good to choice, $5@5.15; heavy common to fair, $4.40@4.75; good to choice, $4.80@5.05; boars $2@2.50; stags, $2.50@4; pigs and underweights, $1.25@4.25.

Treasury Balances.

Washington, Oct. 25.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption, shows: Available cash balance, $130,640,857; gold, $75,488,628; gold certificates, $42,771,500.

HARRISON'S GLOVES.

The special train bearing Secretary Taft and the members of his party was gliding around the curves on the westward slopes of the Sierra the other day, on its way to San Francisco, says the San Francisco Chronicle.

"It was 'long about here," remarked the conductor to Secretary Taft, "that an amusing incident occurred on President Harrison's first trip to California. President Harrison was standing on the observation platform of his special train, viewing the scenery, and ready for a brief address to the people at every town where the train stopped. The president wore a pair of white kid gloves. At the time the incident happened he was holding one of the gloves looscly in his hand. The train struck a sharp curve, and in grabbing the railing to steady himself the president allowed the glove to slip from his grasp and fall to the ground between the rails. Quick as a flash he tore the other glove from his hand and threw it after the first one.

"'What did you do that for?' asked one of the members of the president's party.

"'Well, one glove will do me no good,' replied the president, 'and the tramp that picks up the lost glove might as well have the mate to it.'"

"H'm!" was the eloquent and thoughtful comment of Secretary Taft.

Many people keep boarders "who don't have to." You can secure boarders quickly and quietly through our classified columns.

SMOKE SALE!

The Best Bargains of the Year.

Fine all wool cheviots, tweeds, serges, cassimeres and fancy silk mixtures are being made up to order at a **GREAT BIG CUT** in prices. They are going fast. You'll miss a big bargain if you miss these snaps. Good work and the **best fit in Duluth.**



MORRISON,

8 Lake Ave. S., Duluth.

MARINE

To Move 4,000,000 Tons of Ore.

Cleveland, Oct. 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—It is expected that about 4,000,000 tons of iron ore will be moved this month. Chartering is very light, with rates firm all around.

The Vessel Rate.

The grain rate continues at 3½c for wheat to Buffalo. Some barley is said to have been taken at 3¼c, but wheat has not attained a higher notch than 3½c as yet. A charter of considerable size was made this morning at 3½c.

Passed Detroit.

Detroit, Oct. 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Iowa, Thomas C. Smith, 9:20 Tuesday night; Toltec and consort, 10; Lizzie Madden, 12:40 Wednesday morning; Mecosta, 1; Bielman and consort, 1:10; Yonkers, Pratt, 2; Jenks, 2:40; Merida and consort, 4; Castalia, Oliver, 4:40; Sylvania, 7; La Salle, Ralph and barges, Hines and barges, 7:20; Cambria, 7:40; Castle, Montpelier, 8; Down: Rockefeller Manila, 9:15 Tuesday night; Ellwood, Sawyer and barges, Cuba, Yosemite, 9:40; Hawgood, Meyer and consort, 10:40; Trevor, Carrington, 11; Matadi, 11:30; Roumania, Crete, Seneca, 1 Wednesday morning; Wiehe and barges, Cornell, Thomas, 2; Volunteer, 2:30; Bellinger, 3:40; Pioneer, Chattanooga, 3:40; Whitaker and barges, Bunsen, Roebling, Warner, Thompson, 7:

20% Net

A four-flat building, conveniently situated to railroad yards, Garfield avenue and business center of West end. Rents for $35 per month. Will net 20 per cent on investment. Offered for quick sale at.... $1200

A very neat, comfortable home at Lakeside, on car line, convenient to school and church; 7 rooms and bath—easy terms..... $2200

An eight-room house with bath and furnace, on Dingwall street, near Nineteenth avenue east $2200

A good home, convenient to business, in the West end—nine rooms and bath, furnace, electric light, grate and mantel; some hardwood finish and floors. Also a good five-room flat renting for $15 per month. Easy terms..... $3600

$200 cash and $15 per month will take five-room house with city water, sewer and toilet, in good location at West end $1000

An eight-room house, near Twenty-first avenue west and Fourth street—city water and sewer—good lot $2100

MONEY TO LOAN.
HOUSES AND STORES FOR RENT.

Stryker, Manley & Buck.

HAVE YOUR

Fire Insurance

WRITTEN BY

Mendenhall & Hoopes

208 First National Bank Building.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES

NORTHWESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. †Ex. Sunday	Arrive Duluth
*8:40 a.m.	..St. Paul, Minneapolis..	*3:25 p.m.
*4:00 p.m.	..Twilight Limited....	*9:45 p.m.
*5:30 p.m.	..Chicago, Milwaukee...	*11:10 a.m.
*5:30 p.m.	.....Appleton	*11:10 a.m.
*5:30 p.m.	..Oshkosh, Fond du Lac..	*11:10 a.m.
*5:30 p.m.	.....EAST MAIL.....	*11:10 a.m.

Pullman Sleepers. Free Coach Cars. Dining Car

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY

Leave		Arrive
* 4:00 p.m.	....Ashland and East.....	*11:15 a.m.
† 8:00 a.m.	....Ashland and East.....	† 7:10 p.m.
* 7:30 p.m.	Minn. and Dakota Express	* 7:55 a.m.
* 8:30 a.m.	...North Coast Limited...	* 2:25 p.m.
Leave	"Duluth Short Line."	Arrive
† 9:00 a.m.		* 6:30 a.m.
† 1:55 p.m.	ST. PAUL	† 2:10 p.m.
*11:10 p.m.	MINNEAPOLIS	† 7:00 p.m.

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.
Union Depot at 4th Ave. West and Superior Street

THE GREAT NORTHERN.

Leave		Arrive
† 6:20 a.m.	ST. PAUL AND	† 9:25 p.m.
* 3:45 p.m.	....MINNEAPOLIS	* 2:00 p.m.
*11:15 p.m.		* 6:10 a.m.
* 9:30 a.m.	Crookston, Grand Forks,	* 6:30 p.m.
* 8:15 p.m.	Montana and Coast,	* 7:10 a.m.
† 2:20 p.m.	...wan River, Hibbing, Virginia...	†12:20 p.m.
† 6:20 a.m.	St. Cloud, Wilmar and ..Soo City....	† 9:25 p.m.

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday
Twin City Express Tech. Solid Vestibuled Train

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.

City Ticket Office, 432 Spalding Hotel Block. Bell 'Phone 44
All trains arrive and depart from Union Depot.

*6:20 p.m. Lv.	North Country Mail.	Ar. *8:55 a.m.
	All points East.	
†7:45 a.m. Lv.	LOCAL	Ar. †8:40 p.m.
	Marquette and Copper Country.	

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A.M.	P.M.	STATIONS	M.	P.M.
7:30	3:15	Lv.....Duluth.....Ar	12:00	7:25
11:25	7:05	Ar.....Virginia.....Lv	8:10	3:10
11:30	7:10	Ar.....Eveleth.....Lv	8:00	3:30
11:55	7:45	Ar.....Ely.....Lv	7:30	3:00
A.M.	P.M.	Daily except Sundays.	A.M.	P.M.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY

P.M.	A.M.	STATIONS	A.M.	P.M.
3:50	7:40	Lv...Duluth...Ar	10:30	3:40
4:05	7:55	Lv...57th Av. W...Lv	10:15	3:25
4:20	8:15	Lv...Proctor...Lv	10:00	3:10
6:15	10:12	Ar. Ir'n J'nct'n Lv	8:01	1:13
.....	10:40	Ar. M't'n. Iron. Lv	.....	12:20
7:10	10:37	Ar...Virginia...Lv	6:55	12:50
6:33	10:29	Ar...Eveleth...Lv	7:42	12:57
.....	10:56	Ar...Sparta...Lv	.....	12:34
.....	11:20	Ar...Biwabik...Lv	.....	12:12
6:56	10:56	Ar...Hibbing...Lv	7:15	12:27

Daily except Sunday.

Morning train from Duluth makes direct connection at Rainy Junction with D. V. & R. L. Ry. for Ashawa and points south of Virginia.

HOTEL LENOX

Most thoroughly equipped in the Northwest. Sanitation perfect. European, $1.50 and up. American, $2.00 and up

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, October 18th, 1905.

In the Matter of the Estate of Clara H. Fleming, Deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Arthur H. Fleming, the executor of the estate of said Clara H. Fleming, deceased, representing, among other things, that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It Is Ordered, That said account be examined, and petition heard by this Court, on Monday, the 13th day of November, A. D. 1905, at ten o'clock a. m., at the Probate office, in the Court House, in the City of Duluth, in said county.

And It Is Further Ordered, That notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this Order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at the City of Duluth, in said County.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., the 18th day of October, 1905.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal, Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)

Duluth Evening Herald, Oct. 18-25, Nov. 1, 1905.



CURES GONORRHOEA AND GLEET WITHOUT OTHER TREATMENT.

Sold by all Druggists.

PHEW!

BUT IT'S— ENOUGH IS SAID

CALL UP

Finch Fuel Co., and have your coal bin filled. 1291 both 'phones, 109 West Superior street.

GEO. W. STRAYER, City Agent.

DENIES THAT IT WAS SUICIDE

Mrs. Hansen Was With Husband When He Took Morphine.

The funeral of J. H. Hansen, who died yesterday from an overdose of morphine, will be held tomorrow afternoon from the residence. The exact hour has not yet been announced.

Mrs. Hansen denies that there was any possibility that her husband committed suicide. She states that she was with him when he took the morphine, and that the overdose was taken through a mistake.

He had been threatened with one of the epileptic fits with which he had been troubled for years, and took the morphine to relieve himself. He immediately became unconscious, and a doctor was summoned.

Three children are living. They are all boys, the oldest being 16 years of age, and the youngest 10 years.

Good Watches Cheap

At Harris & Esterly's Jewelry store, 428 W. Superior street, Spalding Hotel.

People are looking around now for houses and flats for the winter. A little ad in The Saturday Herald will tell them of the ones you have for rent.



One Way Colonist Rates.

Tickets on sale up to and including Oct. 31st.

$34.00—San Francisco, Los Angeles, and main-line points in California.

$25.00—Seattle, Vancouver, Tacoma, Portland and North Pacific Coast points.

$22.50 — Spokane, Nelson, Rossland, Fernie, B. C., Denver and Salt Lake.

$20.00—Great Falls, Helena, Butte, Anaconda, Kalispell, Mont.

Very low homeseekers' round trip rates, to points in Southwestern states, first and third Tuesdays of November and December.

Round-trip homeseekers' rates to Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota and Canadian Northwest, on every Tuesday until December 1st.

Round-trip homeseekers' rates to Montana, Idaho, Washington (east of Biggs, and Wenatchee inclusive) and British Columbia, on first and third Tuesdays until Nov. 21st.

For further information call at City Ticket Office, 432 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS.—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, Oct. 18th, 1905.

In the Matter of the Estate of Joseph St. George, Deceased:

Letters of administration on the estate of Joseph St. George, deceased, late of the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, being granted to Caroline St. George.

It Is Ordered, That six months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the Probate Court of said County, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It Is Further Ordered, That Monday, the 23rd day of April, 1906, at 10 o'clock a. m., at a special term of said Probate Court to be held at the Probate Office in the Court House in the City of Duluth, in said County, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said Probate Court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And It Is Further Ordered, That notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said County.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 18th day of October, A. D. 1905.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
BALDWIN, BALDWIN & DANCER,
Attorneys for Administratrix.
Duluthh Evening Herald, Oct-18-25-Nov-1-1905.

BY ORDER OF UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—

The undersigned, as Trustee in Bankruptcy of Edgar L. Bangle of Deer River, Minn., will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, at the store building formerly occupied by said Bangle in Deer River, Minn., on the 21st day of October, 1905, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, a $5,000.00 stock of merchandise, fixtures and accounts and notes receivable.

This is a good opening for a new merchant and is an exceptional business opportunity.

For further information write or call upon

AMBROSE GUITERMAN, Trustee, care of Guiterman Bros., St. Paul, Minn., or MORPHY, EWING & BRADFORD, his attorneys, Manhattan building, St. Paul, Minn.

FOR DRUNKARDS

WHITE DOVE CURE never fails to destroy craving for strong drink, the appetite for which cannot exist after using this remedy. Given in any liquid with or without knowledge of patient; tasteless; $1 at S. F. BOYCE, Druggist, 335 Superior St. Duluth, Minn



Every Woman

is interested and should know about the wonderful

MARVEL Whirling Spray

The new Vaginal Syringe. *Injection and Suction.* Best—Safest—Most Convenient. It Cleanses Instantly.

Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. MARVEL CO., 44 E. 23d ST., NEW YORK.

FOR SALE BY MAX WIRTH, DRUGGIST.

PERSONAL INJURIES

Claims For Damages Aggregating More Than $15,000 Are Filed.

City of Duluth Is Sued By Mrs. Reilly For $4,400.

Three new personal injury cases, for trial during the November term of district court, and aggregating $15,350, were filed this morning. One of the cases is brought against the city of Duluth for injuries claimed to have been received because of negligence on the part of the board of public works, another against the Duluth, Missabe & Northern Railway company, by a former employe, and a third case against the D. G. Cutler company, also by a former employe.

Mrs. Nora Reilly, who resides at 501-503 West Superior street, where she is engaged in renting furnished rooms, has started suit against the city of Duluth, in which she demands judgment for $4,400, for personal injuries alleged to have been received by stepping off an unfinished piece of sidewalk on Mesaba avenue, near Fourth avenue west.

Mrs. Reilly claims she was on her way to visit a friend and stepped in a hole, causing a sprained ankle and numerous bruises which have made her unable to attend to her household duties. By reason of this disability she claims she has been put to an expense of $97 for help and nurses, $30 for doctors' bills and has lost $200 on account of roomers that she had to turn away. She asks special damages in the amount of $4,000.

Mrs. Reilly claims that her injuries were sustained by reason of an unfinished sidewalk, which was being rebuilt on the order of the board of public works.

Mrs. Reilly is represented by J. D. Holmes.

Peter Rosen, formerly an assistant car repairer in the Duluth, Missabe & Northern company's yards at Proctorknott, has filed suit against the railway corporation for damages in the amount of $5,000 for injuries alleged to have been received Sept. 27, 1904. In this complaint, Rosen claims that the company carelessly and negligently placed a "bad-order" car in the yards in dangerous proximity to another track. He alleges that while he was performing his work in the car he was run down and struck by an engine and car on the adjoining track, causing him injuries that are claimed to have made him sore and sick, and which disabled him for a long time. John Jenswold, Jr., represents Rosen.

John Latta has started suit in district court against the D. G. Cutler company, to recover damages in the amount of $2,250 for personal injuries alleged to have been received while in the employ of the company, and by reason of the company's alleged negligence.

In his complaint, filed today by J. D. Holmes, Mr. Latta alleges that May 1, last, he was carrying wood from a box car to a small car, walking across the intervening space on a board placed there for the purpose. He claims that the board split and turned on its edge in such a manner that he fell astraddle of it and sustained painful and permanent injuries. Latta further claims that the board was weak and decayed, full of knots, and that the company or its employes knew it to be liable to break at any time.

CLAIMS JACOB SLANDERED HER

Hilda Pykilla Sues For $5,500 as Balm For Wounded Feelings.

Charging Jacob Kyllonen with a false and malicious statement affecting her reputation for virtue, Hilda Pykilla, a Finnish woman residing at Eveleth, has instituted proceedings for libel, demanding judgment for $5,500.

The statement which Kyllonen is alleged to have made in Finnish is unprintable after translation into English, and the Pykilla woman claims it was made in the presence of others. She alleges that the words were so vile and slanderous that she was thrown into hysteria and her nervous system has been ruined, in addition to the shame and humiliation which she has suffered. It is also alleged that by reason of her sickness, extending over a period of three weeks she has had to employ physicians, and nurses and purchase drugs, her damage in this respect amounting to $500. The remainder, $5,000 is demanded for the damage done the woman's reputation.

Davis & Ferry of Eveleth appear for Hilda Pykilla.

Cures croup, sore throat, pulmonary troubles.—Monarch over pain of every sort. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil.

RAILWAYS WIN IN THE FIRST BOUT WITH CITY

Chicago, Oct. 25.—The first clash between the street railway companies and the city in the quo warranto proceedings brought against the Chicago City Railway company and the Union Traction company and their subsidiary companies resulted today in a victory for the street railways when Judge Dupuy of the superior court upheld the right of the railway companies to contest the validity of the filing of the quo warranto proceedings. Arguments which will affect the entire proceedings, began at once.

NEW ORLEANS AWAITS ARRIVAL OF PRESIDENT

New Orleans, Oct. 25.—Showers were predicted for today for New Orleans, with the probability of cooler tomorrow. The outlook, therefore, is for a successful reception to the president, whose visit is regarded as having largely contributed to the early removal of quarantine restrictions. Anxiety to see the president has resulted in reopening practically the whole of Louisiana and Mississippi. The removal of quarantine has resulted in a resumption of the levee building industry.

Persian Nerve Essence

RESTORES VITALITY—Have cured thousands of cases of Nervous Debility, Insomnia. They clear the brain, strengthen the circulation, make digestion perfect and impart a magnetic vigor to the whole being. All drains and losses stopped permanently. $1.00 per box; 6 boxes guaranteed to cure or refund money, $5. Mailed sealed. Book free. Persian Med. Co., 935 Arch street, Philadelphia. Sold in Duluth only by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.

TRIED TO GIVE AWAY $6,351

Ranch Owner From Nevada Gathered In By Chicago Police.

Chicago, Oct. 25.—A. Mueller, a ranch owner from Nevada attempted to give away $6,351 in front of the Palmer house this morning. He might have succeeded had it not ben for Policeman O. Peterson, who was attracted from across the street by Mueller's actions. When the policeman neared Mueller, the Nevadan threw the money on the sidewalk and called out, "Will no one take it?" "Yes, I will," said Peterson as he picked up the money and seized Mueller. Peterson believing he had in custody one of the men had robbed a bank in Indiana, took Mueller to the station. Mueller told the police he arrived in Chicago Tuesday and had disposed of two car loads of cattle at the stock yards. He then left the place and went out for a drink. The prisoner was unable to tell the police where he had been recently. The money was placed in the treasure vault at the station, and Mueller was turned over to a police sergeant for safe keeping.

SAYS HUSBAND WAS VERY CRUEL

Mrs. Irene Poulind Asks Divorce—Makes Strong Charges.

Charging Daniel Poulind, her husband, with cruel and inhuman treatment, non-support and desertion, Mrs. Irene Poulind of this city has instituted proceedings for a divorce, her complaint being filed in district court this morning, by J. D. Holmes.

They were married in Grainville, Province of Quebec, Can., Dec. 9, 1895, and have one child, Arthur Poulind, born in March, 1901. After their marriage, Mr. and Mrs. Poulind moved to Butte, Mont., coming to Duluth in 1901.

In her complaint, Mrs. Poulind claims her husband is of a very jealous and suspicious disposition and that about a year after their marriage he became abusive, accusing her of infidelity and using profane language.

Mrs. Poulind says that when they moved to Butte, her husband undertook to punish their 9-year-old niece, Malvena Legan, who lived with them. This punishment is alleged to have been in the form of kicks, at which Mrs. Poulind remonstrated and was kicked for her pains.

Specific mention was made of another instance when their 6-months-old daughter started to cry and Poulind is alleged to have choked the infant and knocked the mother downstairs when she interfered.

It is alleged by Mrs. Poulind that her husband always carried a revolver which he is said to have pointed at her and threatened to shoot her.

Mrs. Poulind claims that her husband finally forbade her leaving the house or to have any of her friends visit her, on penalty of being killed and that he left her on November, 1902, taking all the household effects which she had purchased with money she had earned, leaving her destitute. She says he told her that he did not care if she starved. Mrs. Poulind alleges that her husband made the statement that he did not care for his family and would do nothing for their support. He is claimed to have sold the personal property which belonged to Mrs. Poulind.

Mrs. Poulind alleges that after her husband deserted her, she accepted a position as housekeeper for a family on Garfield avenue, which position she now holds as a means of support for herself and child. She demands custody of the child in case a decree is granted.

THE NEW PRESIDENT OF OLIVET TAKES OFFICE

Olivet, Mich., Oct. 25.—Elisworth Gage Lancaster was inaugurated today as president of Olivet college, before a distinguished body of educators from all parts of the country, and a gathering of enthusiasts and alumni of the college that filled the Congregational church. President James B. Angell of the University of Michigan, presided at the exercises. Prof. George Harris of Amherst college delivered the first address of the inauguration program, and President Eaton of Beloit college delivered the charge to President Lancaster. President Lancaster's inaugural address followed.

GENTLEMEN!

Make Life's Walk Easy.

Wear

STACY ADAMS

FINE SHOES

$5.00 and $6.00

Can be worn from start with ease and satisfaction. Stylish and graceful looking.

Flexible and long-wearing.

Heavy water-proof shoe to the finest full dress shoe.

Those who wear them come back time and again.

A larger line than ever this Fall.

WIELAND'S

TWO MILLS OPERATING

Daisy and Commander Do Business Despite Restraining Order.

This Has Not Been Set Aside By the Court as Yet.

Although the order restraining the mills from grinding wheat inspected by the Wisconsin inspectors until the fees of the latter had been paid has not been dissolved, both the Daisy and Commander flour mills were running in Superior this afternoon. The Listman was the only mill which was idle.

The Commander mill is running this morning and seemed to have been little affected by the grain commission's second coup yesterday.

The order restraining the mills was issued by Court Commissioner Perkins through the superior court, over which Judge Smith presides. As the attorneys were in Chippewa Falls last evening arguing against the restraining order against the railroads and did not return until late this afternoon, Judge Smith will probably be asked to set aside the order as soon as they are in Superior again.

The rebuke administered late last night by Judge Vinje seems to have had an effect upon the members of the Wisconsin grain commission for they brandished no restraining orders from Court Commissioner Perkins, today.

The old ones, with the exception of that against the mills, have been set aside already and the roads have begun moving their cars.

The Northern Pacific road did not have to furnish a bond in court in order to secure permission to move its cars, it having successfully proved to the court that they were consigned to responsible parties and to parties within the jurisdiction of the court. The Great Northern could not prove all of this and was ordered to produce $150. This has not been done yet but probably will be before night.

Grand Scotch **DANCE**

AT ARMORY,

Halloween, Oct. 31st, 8 p. m.

KOHLER WANTS PROMISED DEED

Brings Suit Against McDougall of Hibbing, In District Court.

Claiming that Lina and Malcolm McDougall of Hibbing have refused to live up to their written agreement for the sale of lot 3, block 9, Southern division in that city, Albert Kohler has instituted suit in district court to compel them to deliver to him a warranty deed of the premises.

In the agreement, according to the complaint filed, Kohler paid the McDougalls $100 last August, to be applied on the purchase price of $900, and, Sept. 27 last, made a tender of the remaining $800, which was refused. Kohler claims the McDougalls will not accept the payment and transfer the property. He is represented by H. B. Fryberger.

WILL GO TO PROCTOR.

Duluth Samaritans Are Planning Big Outing For Thursday Night.

The members of Alpha council, Modern Samaritans, have arranged for an outing at Proctor, Thursday afternoon. Carriages will leave the council chamber of Elks' hall at 1 p. m., and Beta council's hall at 1:30. The return will be made at 6 p. m.

Work will be done in the beneficent degree and a large class will go over the road to Jericho.

VAN HORNE RE-ELECTED AN EQUITABLE DIRECTOR

New York, Oct. 25.—At the monthly meeting of the directors of the Equitable Life Assurance society, Sir William Van Horne of Montreal, J. D. Kernan of Utica and William C. Redfield of Brooklyn, were nominated to fill vacancies. They will be elected to the board at the November meeting. Sir William Van Horne was a director of the society under the Alexander administration, but resigned during the progress of re-organization.

CUT TELEPHONE WIRES.

Burglars Then Proceeded To Rob Bank at Barker, N. Y.

Niagara Falls, N. Y., Oct. 25.—The private bank of Harvey Hoag, at Barker, Niagara county, was robbed early today by three men who cut all the telephone wires entering the village and blew open the safe of the bank. They got away with about $5,000 in gold after an exchange of shots with citizens. Hoag found $2,000 in bills later which the robbers had accidentally dropped.

WAIT AND SEE HIM



DR. HOAG.

Dr. Hoag will be in Superior, Wis., at Hotel Superior, Thursday, Oct. 26th. Office hours 11 a. m. to 9 p. m.; and in Ashland at the Commercial House, Friday, Oct. 27th, where he can be consulted privately and free of charge.

THE SUCCESSFUL CHICAGO SPECIALIST.

Cures all affections of the Nose, Throat, Lungs, Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, together with all Nervous derangements, and this reflex action upon the system: all affections of the Brain and Spinal Cord, Blood impurities and taints, Skin Diseases, Rectal Diseases, Stubborn, unyielding cases of long-standing, chronic in nature which refuse to yield to all other methods of treatment.

DISEASES OF MEN.

Those secret ailments, peculiar to the sex, including Varicocele, Hydrocele, Nervous Debility, Errors of Youth, and their baneful results, Infectious Diseases and all Blood Taints and Skin Eruptions of every nature he cures in less time than by any other treatment.

CONSULTATION FREE

Address for home treatment, Dr. Chas. A. Hoag, 662 Minerva Ave., Chicago Ill.

THE GOLDEN RULE

17 & 19 EAST SUPERIOR STREET

Specials for Thursday!

Just received one lot of Remnants of Suitings for Children's Dresses and Waists, in lengths of 3 yards up to 6 yards; sold regular for 25c per yard. Your choice, per yard **14c**

63-inch Unbleached Table Damask, all pure linen; regular 75c quality. Thursday only, per yard..... **43c**

Full size COMFORTERS, good filling; a bargain at $1.25. Thursday only..... **75c**



WINTER COATS!

On sale first time at these prices: $5.98 for Women's and Misses' 42-inch, winter-weight, loose-fitting Coats, finished with plaits and belts—an exceedingly good coat at

$5.98

MILLINERY.

All our $2.00 Street Hats tomorrow 75c

ALL KINDS OF HATS

Made over, cleaned, blocked, dyed and retrimmed into latest styles equal to new. Our fall blocks and shapes are here.

Hats called for and delivered promptly. Zenith 'phone 1027-D.

C. VOLLAND

20 First Avenue East. The Hatter.

BE CAREFUL

A bad cold is worse than a broken leg, so if you are troubled with a severe cold, go to Kassmir's Turkish Bath parlors and try a treatment of Turkish Baths. Guaranteed to cure.

Kassmir's Turkish Bath Parlors,

24-26 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

Ladies' baths, upstairs. Open all night.

Look for the big red sign.

Connections East

No matter which train nor which railroad you select to the Twin Cities, you will find there waiting for you one of the eastbound trains of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway. There are five trains via that line from Minneapolis and St. Paul to Chicago every day. These include the famous Pioneer Limited and Fast Mail. No extra fare to ride on them. But it is necessary to name your route when purchasing tickets. Write W. B. Dixon, Northwestern passenger agent, St. Paul, for full information regarding rates, etc.

Personally Conducted Tour of the Pacific Coast.

"The North-Western Line" in connection with the Union Pacific system have arranged for personally conducted tour of the Pacific Coast, on the basis of $180 from Duluth. Trip to be of twenty days' duration, and the amount named covers railroad and sleeping car fares, meals en route in dining cars and dining stations, four days at hotel at Los Angeles, and three days at Saint Francis Hotel, San Francisco.

Itinerary, one day at Denver, Colorado Springs to visit Manitou, The Garden of the Gods, and other points of interest, a delightful daylight ride in observation cars through the mountain scenery of the D. & R. G. and Sunday at Salt Lake. From Salt Lake to Los Angeles via the new San Pedro, Los Angeles & Salt Lake railway. Train leaves Omaha Oct. 18. For further particulars apply to City Ticket Office, 302 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn.

Rooms are quickly rented when advertised in The Saturday Herald. If you cannot come to the office phone your ad.

Send for Free Book & Free Advice

If you want to buy a stove, let us give you our expert advice free, and our free books on stoves.

We may save you the bother and expense you might experience were you to buy a "cheap" stove. Address the Michigan Stove company, Detroit or Chicago. Largest makers of stoves and ranges in the world.



They Have Arrived!

Nettleton's Shoes

FOR GENTLEMEN.

$5 $6 $7

PHILLIPS & CO.

218 W. Superior St.

BUSINESS CAPITAL SHOULD BE AS EASY TO GET AS A GOOD BUSINESS LOCATION---AND HERALD WANT ADVERTISING CAN FIND THEM BOTH, IF THE MAN IS "ALL RIGHT."

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

SHOPPING BY TELEPHONE.

	Old Phone.	New. Phone.
MEAT MARKETS—		
B. J. Toben	22	22
Mork Bros	677-M	189
LAUNDRIES—		
Yale Laundry	479	479
Lautes Laundry	447	447
Excelsion Steam Laundry	1003-M	1390
DRUGGISTS—		
Boyce	103	103
COAL AND FUEL—		
Ohio Fuel Co.	76	76
Finch Fuel Co.	1291	1291
Upham Coal Co.	256	485
FLORISTS—		
Seekins & Le Borious	1356	1626
BAKERIES—		
The Bon Ton		1109
ELECTRICAL CONTRACTING—		
Mutual Electric Co.	496	496
RUBBER STAMP WORKS—		
Con. Stamp & Printing Co.	702-K	755
FRENCH CLEANING—		
La Rose Dye Works	1201-R	1191
PLUMBING AND HEATING—		
McGurrin Plumbing and Heating Co.	875	
STOVE REPAIR WORKS—		
C. F. Wiggerts & Son	1154-K	554
GOLD AND SILVER PLATING—		
Duluth Plating Works	780	

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

WOMAN WANTS WASHING, IRONING, house cleaning or any kind of work by the day; is a good worker. Address 204 West First street, room 5.

WANTED—POSITION IN OFFICE OR store clerking, or as cashier by experienced young lady; can do book work. E 32, Herald.

WANTED — CIRCULARS TO MAIL; work done by contract. E 36, Herald.

WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY, DRESSmaking in homes of shop. E 33, Herald.

WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY, POSition in office or store clerking. E 35, Herald.

WANTED — TO TAKE HOME, DRESSmaking and children's sewing at a reasonable price; neat work done at 329 West Fifth street, upstairs.

YOUNG LADY WITH SOME KNOWLedge of shorthand would like position in office. Address F. J. A. 1702 Piedmont avenue.

WOMAN WANTS TO DO COOKING IN small camp. Address 1 35, Herald.

WANTED — HOUSEWORK IN SMALL family where there is no washing. E. 28, Herald.

WANTED —PLACE AS NURSE GIRL for one or two children. E 30, Herald.

WANTED—A POSITION BY YOUNG lady in dental or physician office, or any clerical work. Q 88, Herald.

SITUATIONS WANTED— MALE.

POSITION WANTED AS SALESMAN in gent's furnishing dept.; can give best of references. Address E 27, Herald.

WANTED—BY EXPERIENCED BOOKkeeper, office work of any kind. Address E 39, Herald.

WANTED — BY SEVERAL YOUNG men attending school, a place to work mornings and evenings for board and room. Apply Duluth Business University.

WANTED — BY MAN AND WIFE, SITuation in small camp; woman is good cook, and man is good at all around work; good recommendations. E 31, Herald.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR SALE — THREE-ROOM HOUSE and household goods, cheap; owner leaving city. 4402 Oneota street.

FOR RENT — A NICE SIX-ROOM cottage, water and sewer; rent reasonable. Inquire at No. 1907 Jefferson st.

FOR RENT—COMPLETELY FURNISHed modern house; rent nominal to right party. Address I 65, Herald.

FOR RENT — NINE-ROOM HOUSE, first-class; water and steam heat furnished; cheapest rent in the city. Myers Bros, 205 Lyceum.

MEDICAL.

FOR WOMEN ONLY—DR. RAYMOND'S Pills for delayed periods absolutely reliable, perfectly safe; no danger; no pain, no interference with work. Relief brought to thousands after everything else failed. By mail $2.00. Dr. R. G. Raymond Remedy Co., room 27, 34 Adams street, Chicago, Ill.

LADIES—Dr. LaFranco's Compound; safe speedy regulator, 25c; druggists or mail. Booklet free. Dr. LaFranco, Phila., Pa.

CHIMNEY SWEEP.

Also furnace cleaning—No dust made in house. Eastman Bros. Zenith, 1589.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO

$1500 Five-room house and lot, 50 by 109 feet, on Fifth street, near Fifth avenue west.

$2300 Nine-room house and barn, with fine well, full size lot, on Seventh street, near Fifth avenue east. Suitable for two families.

$2500 Ten-room dwelling and barn, with good well, lot 50 by 140 feet, on Fourth street, near Sixteenth avenue east.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO
220 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

LITTLE & NOLTE — INSURANCE — REAL ESTATE — LOANS — UNDER AM. EX. BANK. — ESTABLISHED 1886

Some of all Sorts

$6800 Takes a modern ten-room house, two blocks from high school. Lot 50x140, fine view, hot water heat, everything first-class. 32-12.

$2400 For cosy six-room house, conveniently located and well finished. Lot, 25x140 feet. 4-8.

$1100 Upper side of London road, fine view, all improvements in street. 167-3.

$750 Double corner on South street. City water in street. Either lot separately, if wanted. 164-3.

$500 Upper side of London road, near Twenty-fourth avenue east. 165-9.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

REAL ESTATE, FIRE INSURANCE AND RENTAL AGENCIES.

Wm. Prindle Co., Lonsdale building.
N. J. Upham Co., Burrows building.
John A. Stephenson, Wolvin building.
William C. Sargent & Co., Providence.
Chas. P. Craig & Co., 220 W. Sup. St.
L. A. Larsen & Co., 102 Providence.
'Phones 253.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT — TWO NICE FIVE-ROOM flats on First street and Twenty-fourth avenue west; city water and sewer; newly painted and papered.

A GOOD SEVEN-ROOM FLAT ON EAST Third street; bath, electric light, etc., $25.

EIGHT - ROOM HOUSE. CENTRAL; furnace, bath, electric light.

5705 LONDON ROAD, NINE ROOMS and bath, $20.

THREE GOOD STORES ON WEST SUperior street.

STRYKER, MANLEY & BUCK.

FOR RENT — TWO OR THREE UNfurnished rooms; all modern conveniences. 421 First avenue west.

MODERN, LIGHT, PLEASANT, FURnished room; two gentlemen preferred. 329 West Third street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS with steam heat and bath, with or without board, by day, week or month. Tremont hotel.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM. 125 East Superior street, opposite city hall.

FURNISHED ROOMS IN PRIVATE boarding house, rear postoffice. 422½ West Second street.

FOR RENT — NEWLY FURNISHED rooms, all conveniences; private family; gentleman preferred. 206 East First street.

FOUR ROOMS FOR RENT. 452 MEsaba avenue.

PLEASANT FRONT ROOM WITH board for gentleman and wife, or two ladies. West Third street near Second avenue. Address E. 38, Herald.

FOR RENT—THREE ROOMS IN REAR of lot. Inquire 616 West Third street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM FOR two; electric light and heat; rent reasonable. 204 East Third street.

FOR RENT — NOV. 1, FURNISHED front room, cheap, at 303 West Fourth street.

FURNISHED ROOMS FOR LIGHT housekeeping. 110 West Second street.

MODERN, NICELY FURNISHED, large front room, with alcove. 1532 East First street.

FOR RENT — TWO ROOMS FOR housekeeping. 426 First avenue west.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED FRONT room, all modern conveniences, suitable for one or two gentlemen. 207 West Third street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM. 315 West Second street.

FOR RENT — LARGE FRONT ROOM steamheated, use of telephone and bath; centrally located. 523 West Second St.

MODERN FURNISHED ROOM TO rent. 114 South Fourteenth avenue east.

ONE LARGE ROOM, DESIRABLE, FOR two ladies; central. E 27, Herald.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. 114 East Fourth and 410 Ninth avenue east. All conveniences. Old 'phone, 1010-M.

FOR RENT—MODERN FURNISHED rooms, with board, at 2829 West Third street. O. Miller.

FOR RENT—A LARGE, PLEASANT nicely furnished room. 122 Third avenue west.

FOR RENT—TWO OR THREE UNFURnished rooms for light housekeeping. 420 Sixth avenue west.

FOR RENT—FRONT ROOM WITH ALcove, furnished or unfurnished, and small furnished room. House modern. Zenith, 1405-A. No. 329 East Third St.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS, double or single, heated, ground floor. 219 Fifth avenue west.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—FLAT, 109 WEST MICHIgan street; house, Fifty-sixth avenue west, near Irving school. H. H. Hanford, Providence building.

FOR RENT—THREE-ROOM FLAT, 212 East Third street.

FOR RENT — EIGHT-ROOM FLAT. 319 East Fifth street.

FOR RENT — FINE WARM, COZY brick flat; heart of city. T. W. Wahl, 201 Exchange building.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM FLAT NEAR center of town, cheap. Sherwood, Torrey building, Sherwood & Co.

SEVEN-ROOM FLAT, ALL MODERN conveniences except heat. Apply A. H. W. Eckstein & Co., 401 Exchange building.

FOR RENT—FLAT, 928 EAST SUPERIor street.

FOR RENT — THREE-ROOM STEAMheated flat, furnished complete for housekeeping; gas and hot water. 315 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT — THREE-ROOM FLAT, also four-room flat. Seaton terrace, 905 West Michigan street.

TWO STEAM-HEATED FLATS AT NO. 125 East First street. Inquire of Richardson, Day & Co., Exchange building.

PERSONAL.

WANTED—COMPANION BY WIDOW lady, prefer elderly lady who wishes good home for winter, must have references. 431 West Third street.

A YOUNG SCANDINAVIAN WANTS to make acquaintance with young Scandinavian girl, object matrimony and a home. Address H. W. 30, Herald. Answer in Scandinavian. Stranger in city.

"D"—SUPERIOR LETTERS RECEIVED. My address, Thomson. Mail for you at Superior. "Secretary."

SAFE, SURE, GUARANTEED FEMALE Pens—quickly relieve suppression from any cause, $2. French Remedy company, Box 267, Duluth, Minn.

FOR RENT—BARN AT EAST END. George McGurrin, Torrey building.

HARDWARE, SPORTING GOODS.

FOR BEST QUALITY AND LOWEST prices see Joseph E. Fox, 628 West Superior street. New 'phone, 602.

COD LIVER OIL.

1905 IMPORT COD LIVER OIL. Alfred Swedberg, 2015 West Superior street.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

L. A. LARSEN,
The Reliable Real Estate Man (formerly with George H. Crosby), sells modern homes and choice building lots in all parts of the city. Land, factory sites and fire insurance. Confidential buyer for corporations and others.
Providence Building.
Both 'phones, 253.

FOR SALE—TWO CORNER LOTS, 50 by 140, Eighth avenue east and Second street. Inquire 731 East Second street.

FOR SALE—SEATTLE REAL ESTATE; Washington timber land in large or small tracts. 412 and 413 Hinckley block, Seattle. P. H. Casey.

LOAN OFFICES.

WE LOAN MONEY ON WATCHES, diamonds and all articles of value. Established the longest. The most reliable, up-to-date place in the city. All business strictly confidential. Fire and burglar-proof safes. Crescent Brokers, 403½ West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY LOANED ON FURNIture, Pianos, Cattle, Horses, Wagons, and all kinds of personal property; also to salaried people on their own notes. Easy payments. Confidential treatment.
WESTERN LOAN COMPANY,
521 Manhattan Building.
New 'phone, 936. Old 'phone, 759-R.

MONEY IS KING.
You can borrow it from us on your plain note, at low rates and easy terms.
We also make furniture loans.
DULUTH FINANCE COMPANY,
301 Palladio Building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds and all articles of value from $1 to $1,000. Keystone Loan company, 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, Pianos, horses or other personal property without delay. No publicity. Established twenty years. Minnesota Loan company, 205 Palladio.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

UNION LOAN CO.—Makes loans, buys notes and mortgages. 210 Palladio.

MONEY SUPLIED TO SALARIED people and others upon their own names, without security; easy payments. Offices in 51 cities. Tolmon, 669 Palladio building.

FOR SALE—HORSES.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN, Midway Horse Market, St. Paul, have in the largest assortment of horses in the entire Northwest. Auction every Wednesday at 2 o'clock. Private sales daily. Part time given.

HAVE ONLY A FEW LEFT—CHEAP— Another load in Thursday morning, with some extra good ones. Seventh avenue east and Superior street. C. H. Dibbell.

FOR SALE — CARLOAD OF HEAVY horses at H. C. Kendall's livery.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS, WELLbred driving mare, weight about 1,250 pounds; safe and speedy. S. Morterud, 1531 West Superior street. Zenith 'phone 317.

WE HAVE ON HAND THE LARGEST assortment of big draft horses of any concern in the city. Come and see us before you buy. Satisfaction guaranteed or they go to please everybody. Sales stable, two blocks east of store on Fifth avenue. Stone-Ordean-Wells company.

L. HAMMEL & CO., 300-308 FIRST street, have a carload of fine horses and ponies for sale.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

PROF. ROBINSON—MANDOLIN, GUItar, Banjo. Phalen's, 212 W. First St.

BOARD OFFERED.

BOARD AND NICELY FURNISHED room for two in private family; steam heat; every convenience; at $22.50 each per month. E 40, Herald.

FOR RENT—LARGE MODERN ROOMS, with board, for man and wife or family of adults. 5014 London road.

BUSINESS MEN SAVE VALUABLE time, eating at Mrs. Gruesen's; quick service, home cooking, prices right. 229 West First street.

ROOM WITH BOARD, INQUIRE AT 432 East Second street.

BOARD AND PLEASANT, WARM rooms; modern house, private family. 236 East Third street.

BOARD AND ROOM, 211 WEST SECond street.

BOARD AND ROOM, 517 WEST FIRST street.

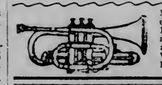
ROOM AND BOARD, 218 WEST THIRD street.

ROOM AND BOARD, 202 WEST THIRD street.

BOARD AND NICELY FURNISHED rooms, 122 East First street.

BOARD AND ROOM, 305 E. THIRD ST.

LEADING MUSIC STORE.



MUSIC and musical merchandise of every description. Edison phonographs, band and orchestra instruments, pianos and organs. INGVALD WESTGAARD, 7 and 9 First Avenue West.

PALMIST.

Mme. De Vernon's Last Month in Duluth.

Learn your future. One dollar reader, 50 cents.

This will be your last chance to consult a recognized authority on the science of palmistry. When she is gone you will regret that you did not avail yourself of her wonderful knowledge and advice. She has read for such noted people as President Roosevelt, McKinley and other famous celebrities. Tells you for what business you are best adapted, family and love affairs. Lost or stolen articles traced. Over Bijou theater, 10 East Superior street. Hours, 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Readings Sundays.

MASSAGE PARLORS.

MRS. C. R. KILEY, at Knauf Sisters.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

FOR SALE— MISCELLANEOUS.

REMEMBER "F. F. F."
"F"INCH "F" OR "F"UEL.
BOTH 'PHONES.
109 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

FOR SALE—A GOOD PAYING WHOLEsale and retail candy factory; good location and cheap rent. Parties retiring from business. Address J. B. 270 Herald.

A HOLIDAY SUGGESTION.

	Reg. Price.
Country Life in America	$4.00
World's Work	3.00
Review of Reviews	3.00
Success	1.00

Our Price for all $6.00

$11.00
Order Now.
Everything in Magazines.
ZENITH SUBSCRIPTION AGENCY.
Old 'phone, 987-L. 417 Burrows Bldg.

FERNS—CLEAN UP SALE OF LOVELY ferns, 15 cents to $1.50. Cut chrysanthemums at wholesale prices. Lindsay's greenhouses, Lester Park.

FOR SALE CHEAP—RESTAURANT and confectionery store, must leave city, account sickness, good paying proposition. 327 Central avenue, West Duluth.

FURNITURE FOR SALE — FIVE rooms. Call at 1220 East Fourth.

FISCHER PIANOS.
FISCHER PIANOS.
HOWARD, FARWELL & CO., Hunter block, 17 West Superior St.
W. J. Allen, Local Manager.
EXPERT PIANO TUNING.

FOR SALE CHEAP — TWO GOOD counters and one show case. Oppel Grocery Co., opp. City hall.

FOR SALE, CHEAP—ONE GOOD COAL stove, two good bedroom suites. 239 Mesaba avenue.

FOR SALE—JOHNSON'S RESTAURANT. Business getting better every day. Have made $12,000 in five years. 2532 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—ONE ENGLISH SETTER pup. Thoroughbred. Call at 2415 West Fifth street.

FOR SALE—BARBER CHAIR, PORCElain bath tub, 180-gal. tank, and other barber outfits; cheap if taken at once. E 41, Herald.

$1,500 BUYS FIRST-CLASS BAKERY and confectionery business; good stand; best town in state; Hubbard oven; No. 17; money maker from start; no opposition; best reasons for selling. Apply Box 76, Langdon, N. D.

FOR SALE — CIGAR CASE AND counter, 7 feet 6 inches long; mahogany. E 42, Herald.

FOR SALE—ONE NEW SET LATEST edition "Stoddard Lectures," $40; Morocco binding. Address J. A. P., Herald.

FOR SALE—TWO PUPS, BETWEEN full blooded fox terrier and water spaniel, over 3 months old. Call Thirty-first avenue west and Seventh street.

FOR SALE—LARGE HEATING STOVE suitable for store. 109 West Fifth street.

FOR SALE—STEWART COOK STOVE; burns wood only; cheap. 620 Second avenue east.

FOR SALE—FINE NEW FEATHERS. Call 1215 East First street.

MOTHERS, ATTENTION! DO YOU know that you can save from 20 to 50 per cent on your fall and winter purchases in children's and men's clothing, shoes, hats, caps, underwear, gents' furnishings, children's furnishings, and in fact everything that you might need in wearables for men and boys. Special—We have a few sample children's suits that we must close out at once; the suits range in sizes from 5 to 15; they will go at one-third less than wholesale cost, at the Lyceum Clothing and Shoe House, 423 West Superior street, in Lyceum building.

THE GOPHER SHOE REPAIR WORKS does it while you wait.

FOR SALE—COWS.

FOR SALE—NICE FAMILY COW, $20. 910 Fourth avenue east.

FOR SALE—THREE GOOD COWS, two fresh. Apply 526 Twelfth and one-half avenue east.

O. ANDERSON WILL ARRIVE WITH a carload of fresh milch cows Tuesday, Oct. 24, at Twenty-first and Twenty-third avenues west, Coffin's addition.

JOHN E. JOHNSON, HAS ARRIVED with a carload of fresh milch cows. 701 South Twenty-third avenue east.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

ANDERSON'S DETECTIVE AGENCY—B. F. Anderson, Mgr., 527 Manhattan building, Duluth. Zenith 'phone, 660; residence, 1213.

HALL FOR RENT.

Steinway Hall, for private parties and concerts. Bradbury School of Music.

FARM LANDS.

FARM OF 120 ACRES; 60 ACRES TILLable; highly improved; balance in timber; fine dwelling and outbuildings; located near a good business town; price $2,800. C. M. Hammond, real estate broker, Milford, Del.

DELAWARE FARM—THIRTY-THREE acres; nicely located along public road; small dwellings and out-buildings, 300 peach trees; big bargain; price $1,250. C. M. Hammond, real estate broker, Milford, Del.

A LARGE NUMBER OF SELECT DELaware farms for sale, beautifully located. Write for free catalogue. C. M. Hammond, real estate broker, Milford, Del.

IMPROVED FARM LANDS OF 40 TO 160 acres in St. Louis, Carlton and Douglas counties for sale at low prices and on easy terms. Guaranty Farm Land company, 416 Lyceum building.

DRESSMAKING.

DRESSMAKING AND PLAIN SEWING, upstairs 209 West Third.

DYE WORKS.

ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS, LARGest and most reliable dye works in Duluth. First-class work guaranteed. Work called for and delivered. Both 'phones, 6 East Superior street.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKERS, 16 SECOND AVENUE WEST

A. GINGOLD

Has removed his Umbrella Shop from 209 W. Sup. street to 125 E. Sup. street.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

PRINTERS—KEEP AWAY FROM DUluth. The eight-hour strike is on. Offices are now closed. Duluth Typographical union.

WANTED—100 MEN, BOYS AND WOMen to dig up any old gold jewelry you can find, for which we will pay highest cash price. We need gold in our factory. Harris & Esterly, Jewelers, 428 West Superior street, Spalding Hotel.

NON-UNION PRINTERS WANTED — Compositors willing to work in open shop wanted; wages $18 per week of 54 hours work. Permanent positions guaranteed to competent men or women. Address P. O. Box 139, Duluth.

IF YOUR WATCH IS NOT SATISFACtory leave it at Harris & Esterly's watch hospital and have it made good as new at a small cost. Spalding hotel.

ENERGETIC AND AMBITIOUS MEN, who are willing to work and desirous of bettering their financial condition, can secure pleasant and profitable employment securing members for the Modern Samaritans. Full and complete instructions given. No previous experience necessary. Apply 702 Palladio building, Duluth.

WANTED—HUSTLERS TO HANDLE the greatest money-maker on the market; a household necessity and a winner. Apply between 7 and 8 p. m., 624 Manhattan building.

WANTED—BOY TO DRIVE DELIVERY wagon. Inquire 117 West First street.

WANTED—TWO SOLICITORS AND traveling men, must be able to furnish bonds. Straight salary. Address E 34, Herald.

WANTED — THREE COATMAKERS Parker.

EVENING CLASS IN WINDOW card writing for clerks and salesmen; small cost; competent instructor. Apply Y. M. C. A.

WANTED — PORTER AT SPALDING hotel; steady work. Apply head porter.

I CAN GIVE TWO OR THREE YOUNG men or women work that will net them $5 per day. It's no snap, but just good pay for earnest, hard workers. The work is highly respectable; approved and encouraged by every business man in the city. Call at Hotel Lenox forenoons and evenings.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED HOTEL clerk. Apply in own handwriting, stating experience and salary wanted. X. Y. Z.

WANTED—A SOBER MAN TO DO chores. Good for all winter. Apply to J. S. Sutherland, Central hotel, Virginia.

SALESMEN OR ANY ACTIVE MAN please note this. A very responsible Duluth firm wants you at once if you have relatives or friends in the range towns or in any community in Minnesota or Dakota who can introduce you there. Please investigate this at once and call up Herald office for our name.

WANTED—BARBER AT ONCE AT 639 West Superior street.

WANTED — GOOD, STEADY MAN, about 18 years of age, to work on dairy; must be good milker. Apply O. M. Anderson, Oakland addition, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED—MAN AND WIFE; MAN TO drive team or chop, woman to cook for small crew of men. J. D. Howard & Co., 216 West Superior street.

WANTED — ONE COATMAKER, steady work all the year around. Hirsh, 201 Manhattan.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED GROCERY clerk; no other need apply. F 100, Herald.

WANTED—MEN TO BUY THOR RYE, high grade; six quarts and a suit case for $5.85. We pay express charges. Send money with order and this advertisement. O'Donnell & Co., 4 South Third street, Minneapolis.

MEN TO LEARN BARBER TRADE. Splendid opportunity. Write for Illust. Cat. Moler Barber Co., Minneapolis.

WANTED FOR THE UNITED STATES marine corps. Unmarried men between the ages of 21 and 35, able-bodied, of good character and temperate habits, citizens of the United States, or who legally declare their intention to become such; must speak, read and write English; marines serve at sea, on men-of-war, in all parts of the world, on land in our island possessions and at navy yards in the United States. Recruits desiring service in the Philippine islands may be enlisted accordingly. Apply at 5 South Fifth avenue west, Duluth.

ALL KINDS FURS REPAIRED.

By an exepert furrier, 35 years' experience Charley Keller, 401 East Superior street.

ARCHITECTS.

FRANK L. YOUNG & CO., 201 Pal. Bldg.

BUSINESS MEN'S LUNCHES.

CLUB RESTAURANT, 217 WEST SUperior street, upstairs, is a good place to eat. Try our Business Men's lunch, 25c.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk factory, 220 W. Superior St.

MILLINERY.

MISS FITZPATRICK, 502 E. 4. Old 'phone

M. A. COX, 330 EAST FOURTH ST.

WATCH REPAIRING.

WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING done promptly and in a thorough manner. J. Gruesen, 129 West Superior St.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

CASH FOR YOUR REAL ESTATE OR business, no matter where located. If you desire a quick sale send us description and price. Northwestern Business agency, 313 X, Bank of Commerce building, Minneapolis, Minn.

LADIES' TAILORING.

LADIES' SUITS, COATS, SKIRTS, shirt waists, etc., made in the latest New York and Paris styles by skilled workmen. We carry complete line of all the latest shades in woolens, etc. Frank East, 605 Manhattan Building. Will soon be at our new quarters over the Duluth Music company.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—ABOUT $37 IN BILLS, REWARD if returned to 328 Third avenue east.

LOST—DARK BROWN COAT AT CARnival grounds. Finder return to Albin Dahl, 1109 Sixth street, Superior, for reward.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED—EVERY WOMAN TO TRY Dr. Le Gran's female regulator. Guaranteed. Kupler, Your Druggist, 108 West Superior street.

WANTED — TWO FIRST-CLASS MILlinery saleslades and three makers at once. Miss A. M. Seigne, Superior, Wis.

WANTED — GIRL; NO WASHING; NO ironing; no children 1407 East Third street.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS WAIST makers. La Ferte, 24 West Superior St.

GIRL FOR KITCHEN AND CHAMBER work; good wages. 2532 West Superior street.

WANTED—DRESSMAKER AT 210 LAKE avenue south.

WANTED — WORKING HOUSEKEEPer at once. Apply Mrs. D. O'Leary, Tremont hotel.

WANTED—GIRL TO ASSIST IN LIGHT housework. 2114 East Superior street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Mrs. S. E. Matter, 212 South Sixteenth avenue east.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 909 East Fourth.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. 515 East Second street.

WANTED — A LADY CLERK, ONE versed in crockery preferred; the position is likely to be permanent; give experience and salary expected. Address T 84, Herald.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED GIRLS ON factory sewing. Schulze Bros. Co. 304 West Michigan street.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 1116 East Second street.

WANTED—APPRENTICE GIRL UNder 17 to learn hairdressing. Apply Miss Horrigan over Gidding's.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; small family; best wages. Apply 1426 East First street.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS COOK. CALL 224 St. Croix avenue.

WANTED—SECOND COOK, 627 WEST Superior street.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR CLEANING and repairing clothes. One that can handle the iron for pressing. 113 West First street.

WANTED — OFFICE GIRL IN DENTAL office; must understand shorthand and typewriter and be willing to work. Hours, 8 a. m. to 6 p. m. Wages, $6. If you are not a stenographer don't apply. Address E 45, Herald.

WANTED—WOMAN TO COOK FOR small crew of men. J. D. Howard & Co., 216 West Superior street.

GIRLS WANTED TO TRIM CIGAR boxes. No. 30 First avenue west.

COOK, DISHWASHERS, WAITRESSES laundresses, general housework and nurse girl, Somer's Emp., 17 2nd Ave. E.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED TO BUY—GOOD SIZED, young full-blooded water spaniel or Newfoundland dog. Price must be reasonable. Address G. J., Herald.

SMALL AND LARGE TRACTS OF CUTover lands. North. Realty Co., Duluth.

WANTED—RIPE PINE NORWAY AND tamarack piling from 20 to 45 feet long; 12 to 14-inch butts; 8 to 10-inch tops; on cars, any station. A. J. McDonald, box 144, Superior.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED TO RENT — ROOMS BEtween Eighth avenue and Third avenue west, on First street. 1022 West Superior street.

LADIES' AND GENTS' CLOTHES.

G. Shapiro, 721 W. Superior St., pays the highest price for old clothes. Zen. 1582-X.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

Mrs. Banks, midwife, 330 St. Croix ave. Private hospital. 'Phones, old, 749-L; new, 966.

MRS. H. OLSON, GRADUATE MIDwife, 329 North Fifty-eighth avenue, West Duluth. Zenith 3724-X.

DYE WORKS.

DULUTH DYE WORKS, 3 W. SUP. ST., 2023 W. Sup. St. Old, 1341-L; Zenith, 1324.

EXCURSION TO CUBA.

WE WILL HAVE A LAND SEEKERS' excursion to Cuba the first part of November, come with us and see our fine fruit lands we have for sale near Havana. F. AM. LAND CO., 200 Torrey building.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSON, GRADUATE MIDWIFE female complaints, 413 Seventh avenue east. Old 'phone, 549; Zenith, 1225.

STENOGRAPHY.

GRACE BARNETT, 307 FIRST NAtional Bank building.

IF YOU WILL BRING

Suit to 10 Fourth avenue west, we press it for 50c; pants, 15c. J. Oreckovsky.

CHEMIST AND ASSAYER.

C. F. JOYCE, ANALYTICAL CHEMIST and assayer, successor to H. E. James, 631 Manhattan building. Old 'phone 1634.

EXPERT OPTICIAN.

DR. C. C. STAACKE, 306 NEW JERSEY building, 106 West Superior street.

IMPROVED FARM LANDS.

GREAT BARGAINS IN IMPROVED farms. We have fine improved farms for sale in Minnesota, Michigan, Washington and Oregon. Our list of Oregon farms are great bargains. Prices run from $400 and up per farm and on easy payments. Come in and see our list. F. AM. LAND CO., 200 Torrey bldg.

FIRE INSURANCE.

WRITTEN IN BEST COMPANIES. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

IT'S ESSENTIAL TO KNOW.

THAT THE RIGHT PLACE TO BUY your watches and jewelry is at Harris & Esterly's, where you can rely on a square deal. Spalding hotel.

CIVIL ENGINEER.

DULUTH ENGINEERING CO.—W. K. Patton, Mgr., 613 Palladio bldg. Specifications prepared and construction superintendent for waterworks, sewers, etc.

STOVE REPAIRS.

DULUTH STOVE REPAIR WORKS, 217 East Superior street. Both 'phones.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting, first and third Monday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Nov. 6, 1905. Work—Second degree. Guy A. Enten, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, Oct. 26, 1905. Work—First degree. William D. Underhill, W. M.; H. S. Newell, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M. —Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, Oct. 25, 1905. Work—M.M.P.M.M.E.M. and Royal Arch degree. William A. McGonagle, H. P.; W. T. TenBrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T. —Stated conclave, first Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p. m. Special conclave Oct. 31, 4:00. Dinner, 6:30. Order of the Red Cross and Temple. Masonic Temple, Lake avenue and Second street. C. W. Wilson, Em. Com.; Alfred Le Richeaux, recorder.

SCOTTISH RITE.
Regular meetings every Thursday evening of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, Oct. 26, 1905. Work—General business. Jerome E. Cooley, secretary.

EUCLID LODGE, NO. 188, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings first and third Wednesday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, Nov. 1. Work—Third degree. G. E. Budd, W. M.; A. Dunleavy, secretary.

K. O. T. M.

DULUTH TENT, NO. 1, MEETS EVERY Wednesday in K. O. T. M. hall, 224 West First street. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. J. P. Peterson, commander; Charles J. Hector, finance keeper, 32 West First street. J. B. Gelineau, record keeper, office in hall. For rent of hall apply at record keeper's office. Hours, 10 a. m. to 1:30 p. m. and Saturday evening.

MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1 meets at Elks' hall every Thursday evening at 8 p. m. Next meeting Oct. 26. Samaritan degree. F. A. Noble, C. S.; Effie Johnson, L. C. S.; Wallace P. Wellbanks, scribe; T. A. Gall, financial scribe.

A. O. U. W.

105 meets at new Maccabee hall, 224 West First street, every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Lee Warner, M. W.; W. W. Fenstermacher, recorder; O. J. Murvold, financier, 217 East Fifth street.

A. O. U. W.

DULUTH LODGE, NO. 10, meets in Odd Fellows' hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. George J. Sherman, M. W.; J. W. Shepherdson, financier; A. E. Blake, recorder. Sick benefit meets 7:30 o'clock.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock sharp at 118 West Superior street, Tuesday, Oct. 24 Social session and dance. G. E. Storms, C. C.; H. B. Young, R. S. All visiting knights invited.

I. O. F.

COURT COMMERCE, NO. 5383, Independent Order of Foresters, meets first and third Friday evenings, at 8 o'clock, at Rowley's hall, No. 112 West First street. Next meeting Nov. 3rd, 1905. R. J. Pickard, C. R.; W. W. Hoopes, R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.

DULUTH AERIE, NO. 79, MEETS every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock p. m., at Eagle hall, Folz building, 116 West Superior street. W. E. Brown, W. P.; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary, 11 First avenue east. Apply to W. E. Brown, 417 West Superior street, for rental of hall.

M. W. A.

IMPERIAL CAMP, NO. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, first and third Mondays. Visiting members always welcome. F. B. Beaupre, V. C.; N. P. Turnbladt, banker; R. Rankin, clerk.

CLAN STEWART, NO. 50, O. S. C.—Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at 8 p. m., in Folz hall, West Superior street. John G. Ross, chief; Malcolm MacDonald, secretary; John Burnett, financial secretary, 10 Mason flats. Next meeting, Wednesday, Nov. 1. Remember Hallowe'en entertainment in Armory Tuesday evening, Oct. 31.

ROYAL LEAGUE.

ZENITH COUNCIL, NO. 161, Royal league, meets in Elks' hall, second and fourth Monday evenings, at 8 o'clock. J. P. Heffernan, archon; L. P. Murray, scribe, 1815 East Fifth street.

KNIGHTS OF THE LOYAL Guard—Subordinate division, No. 12, meets first and third Wednesday evenings each month, Hall A, Kalamazoo block. E. F. Heller, captain general; H. V. Holmes, paymaster, 415 Fifteenth avenue east; Mrs. Mary P. Foster, recorder, 720 Third avenue east.

MODERN MACCABEES — Zenith City Tent, No. 1044, meets every first and third Thursday of the month at Rowley's hall, 112 West First street. Commander, J. A. McCuen; record keeper, E. R. Gnifke; finance keeper, A. G. Case, care Union depot, after 1 p. m.

U. A. O. D.

DULUTH GROVE, NO. 40, meets the second

16 PAGES

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

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TWENTY-THIRD YEAR. LAST EDITION. THURSDAY, OCTOBER 26, 1905. (ON TRAINS, FIVE CENTS.) TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

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Shown City and Surroundings From Deck of Big Steamer.

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Traveling towards his southern journey's end, the president traversed through the night the whole length of state of Mississippi. He entered it after darkness had fallen and he left before the day had dawned, so that there was no opportunity for a friendly demonstration by the citizens of Governor Vardaman's state. The sun was not beginning to show when the train ran across the boundary line into Louisiana and then for an hour or more sped through the strawberry fields of Tangipahoa parish. At Hammond there was a stop of a few minutes which gave opportunity for a large crowd of country people to express their good will and enabled Senator Foster and Congressman Davey to board the train. There were no stops on the fifty-two mile run from Hammond to New Orleans except at Kenner where the train arrived ahead of time and lay until it was time to enter New Orleans.

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On Board the Comus were 400 of the leading men and women of the city representing the various committees connected with the reception, the commercial exchanges, the professions, the business community, and the women's clubs. On it also were Governor Blanchard and his staff, brilliant in gold lace; Dr. White, who fought the good fight as the government's representative against the fever, together with all his surgeons in full uniform; officers of the army and navy; Mayor Behrman, and leading federal, state and city officials. On the wharf were assembled railroad officials, dock workmen, sailors from the ships and such of the general public as had been able to run the gauntlet of special police protection.

It was just 9 o'clock when the train ran into the docks, and there was an enthusiastic demonstration from the steamer as the president passed from his car and walked with beaming face to the ship's side. On behalf of the city, Mayor Behrman extended a brief welcome, and then the guest was escorted by the governor, the mayor and President Sanders of the Progressive union, to a point of vantage, whence he might have pointed out to him the features of interest connected with the trip along the city's water front. While the steamer backed out into the stream he held a brief levee, during which he was presented to a large majority of those who filled the steamer's decks. The president manifested the pleasure he felt over the distinct cordiality of his reception, and spoke with animation to the groups that surrounded him.

The Comus headed up stream, and ran round the Crescent, past Southport, where the president was enabled to obtain a view of the great levees of the Pontchartrain district, and see vast fields of ripening sugar cane on the plantations lying on either side of the river. A few miles above the city the Comus turned, and then came slowly down the river, passing along the whole front of the southern metropolis. On either bank people lined the levees as the steamer, aflutter with flags, proceeded on her way amid the din of the sirens of river craft and shrill whistles of manufacturing industries. Passing the Algiers point, the Comus hugged the west shore, and the president saw for the first time the immense steel floating dock of the government, and the naval reservation. Further down on the east bank of the river he saw the historic Ursulines convent, enshrouded in the national colors, the United States barracks, where several hundred of the regular soldiers escaped infection during the yellow fever visitation, and the unfinished shaft at Chalmette, marking the battlefield of New Orleans. Still further on he had a glimpse of the federal cemetery, where lie thousands of bodies of those who perished for the Union. The Comus carried the presidential party beyond the immense terminals under construction at Port Chalmette, and then turning, headed back to the city.

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House Patronized Largely By Invalids and Cripples Under Treatment.

Hot Springs, Ark., Oct. 26.—Six bodies have been taken from the ruins of a railroad hotel, located at the corner of Elm and Olive streets, which was gutted by fire early today. Of these, two unidentified are charred beyond recognition.

The dead:

HARRY BRADLEY, a waiter.
EDWARD SNYDER, a porter.
MRS. MACK, a musician.
A. L. MANN, railroad conductor, believed to be from Denver.
Two unknown men.

The ruins have not yet been thoroughly searched, and there may be other bodies in them.

The hotel is a two-story frame building and was patronized by invalids and cripples who were under treatment.

The fire is believed to have been caused by an exploding lamp. There was only one narrow exit, that being a stairway, and dozens were compelled to jump from the second story, in many instances in their night clothes. One man, Fred Iverson of Hot Springs, was probably fatally injured.

Collide Head-On While Running About Thirty Miles an Hour.

Four Are Killed and Fifteen or Twenty Are Injured.

Collision Due to Failure of Operator to Deliver Orders.

Fairfield, Iowa, Oct. 26.—Two fast passenger trains on the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific railroad, collided head-on at a point one mile south of Fairfield early today. The wrecked trains were No. 11, which left Chicago at 8:20 last night for the west and No. 12, which departed from Kansas City at 6:30 last evening. Four persons were killed and between fifteen and twenty injured, none fatally.

The dead:

F. J. MILKES, Muscatine, Iowa, engineer of No. 11.

GLEN CANFIELD, Murray, Iowa, mail clerk.

DETECTIVE GRIFFITH, Lucas, Iowa.

A tramp, name unknown.

The most seriously injured: W. H. Dunham, Eldon, Iowa, engineer No. 12, leg broken, foot smashed; E. W. Witte, Eldon, Iowa, fireman No. 11, head bruised; H. G. Pottorf, Eldon, Iowa, fireman No. 12; O. F. Helmar, mail clerk No. 11, head cut, leg crushed; J. E. Hickman, mail clerk, bruised and cut; G. W. Williams, George Fisher, J. Quakens, and F. S. Eagle, passengers on No. 12, cut and bruised, not seriously; Trainmaster Kennelly.

The collision was caused by the failure of the telegraph operator at Fairfield to deliver to the crew of No. 11 an order to meet No. 12 at Fairfield.

At the time of the accident the trains were running at the rate of about thirty miles an hour. Both engines, which are of the large Pacific type, were demolished by the impact. Four cars of No. 12 were derailed and seven damaged and most of the injured were on this train. All the killed were on No. 11 which also was badly damaged.

A relief train with physicians was sent to the scene from Eldon and the injured were removed to the latter point. Traffic was tied up for nearly twelve hours. Several of the injured were able to continue their journey and these with other passengers were detoured over the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul tracks by way of Ottumwa and Eldon.

Chicago, Oct. 26.—An official statement issued by the Rock Island road gives the number of dead as four and places the number of injured at from twenty-five to thirty. Present official information leads to the belief that the collision was caused by the failure of the operator at Fairfield to deliver an order for No. 11, west bound, to meet No. 12, east bound at Fairfield.

Both locomotives were demolished, four cars of No. 12 derailed and seven damaged. The damage to No. 11 has not been reported, but all the killed were on this train, including an unidentified tramp who was stealing a ride. Those injured were nearly all on No. 12. A relief train with seven physicians was sent to Fairfield from Eldon. Passengers on No. 12 able to travel will be sent over the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road part of the way to Washington, Iowa, and put aboard Rock Island train No. 44 bound for El Paso, Tex. A train to continue No. 11's journey West was made up as the track it was expected would be clear by 1 p. m. Trainmaster Kennelly was among the injured.



GEN. TREPOFF,
Placed in Command of Garrison of St. Petersburg, With Orders to Preserve the Peace.

ORDERS ARE ENORMOUS

Iron and Steel Plants Have Work For a Long Time.

Bookings Almost Equal Record-Breaking Month of September.

New York, Oct. 26.—The Iron Age says today: Bookings of finished iron and steel continue on an enormous scale and thus far this month are nearly up to the record breaking rate of September. The pressure in many quarters is enormous and the plants are provided with work for long periods. In the Eastern steel trade there has been another outburst of buying of basic pig iron for delivery during the winter and fully 75,000 tons have been taken at adancing prices with negotiations pending for at least half as much more.

A scarcity of pig iron for steel making is developing in the Chicago district and it is likely that iron may be shipped from lower lake ports to that district by water before navigation closes.

The United States Steel corporation has secured options at $16 and $16.50 on practically all the Bessemer pig available in the Mahoning and Shenango valleys until the end of the year, the only exception being one lot of 10,000 tons held by a merchant. These purchases of iron are necessary in spite of the fact that the steel corporation is operating all its blast furnaces except three of which two are out for repairs.

In the steel rail trade a number of orders have been bookd. Inability to make prompt deliveries of structural material continues to be the only serious phase of the situation in that branch.

The amount of business done in bars has been large and sellers are holding back. Among the orders for merchant pipe just placed is one for thirty-three miles in Louisiana.

The cast iron pipe shops are very busy with some large work coming up, included in the latter is a good order for New York City.

There has been a heavy movement in tin plate, and there are included in recent sales nearly 7,500 tons of tin plate for export.

Canadian buyers are very urgent for steel and finished material, the volume of business there being extraordinary, but our mills are not in a position to take much of it.

The reports from foreign markets are excellent, the bookings of ship building material in England in particular, having been very large.

THE STRIKE SITUATION IS GROWING RAPIDLY WORSE

International Train Service on All Lines Has Now Virtually Ceased.

Men Will Either Be Starved Into Submission, or Bloodshed Will Follow.

The Czar Has Placed the Garrison Under the Command of Gen. Trepoff.

St. Petersburg Oct. 26, 3:30 p. m.—By imperial order the garrison of St. Petersburg has been placed under the command of Gen. Trepoff, assistant minister of the interior, who is held responsible for the safety and order of the capital and the troops distributed in various parts of the city, but martial law, with its accompanying hardships to the people, has not been proclaimed. The garrison of St. Petersburg has hitherto been included in the military district of St. Petersburg, of which Grand Duke Vladimir is chief.

All the ministers today were in conference with Gen. Trepoff. They are deliberating on an enlarged law of assembly.

St. Petersburg Oct. 26, 1:15 p. m.—Russia is practically isolated today from the rest of the continent of Europe as the international train service on all the lines has virtually ceased. The tie up in the harbor is more complete than yesterday. The only trains running are operated by the railroad battalions.

The strike contagion is spreading. All classes of workmen are organizing sympathetic strikes and industrial life in the country is coming to a standstill. The situation cannot long continue. Either the workmen will soon be starved into submission, or pillage with military interference and bloodshed on a large scale are bound to follow.

At Moscow 600 cabmen have already fought the strikers whom they charge with taking the bread out of their mouths. In many cities, especially at Moscow, the question of food is becoming extremely serious.

Collisions between troops and strikers are reported to have occurred at several places.

At Ekaterinoslaa regular pitched battle between the soldiers and strikers was fought and the city was left in darkness. But as a rule the revolutionary leaders are keeping their men in hand.

Communication by telegraph with many interior points is interrupted.

The whole country is becoming alarmed and in St. Petersburg an incipient panic prevails. The boats and the Finnish trains, now the only means of egress, are crowded with people fleeing abroad. The situation here has grown much worse over night. The ranks of the 40,000 workmen from the mills and factories who joined the strikers yesterday were increased by 30,000 more this morning. All the employes of the port, 4,000 in number, walked out and 12,000 other men from the steel works left work in a body.

The inhabitants of St. Petersburg awoke to find the capital resembling a beleaguered city. The shops in the Vasiliostrov district and in all the suburbs are closed, windows are boarded up and barred and mounted patrols are to be seen everywhere in the streets. Except in the heart of the city women and children are afraid to venture out. Workmen are gathering at all the places frequented in the days of Father Gapon, but they are quiet and the Cossacks have had no provocation to interfere. The general appearance of the town is menacing.

The prices of food have gone up and the supply of beef is only sufficient for three days, but there are ample supplies of wheat and rye for two months. The emperor and the court at Peterhof are supplied by a warship from St. Petersburg. All the families who can afford it have hastened to lay in supplies to stand a siege. The suffering falls the heaviest on the poor, who live from hand to mouth. All the bakers sold out their bread before noon. The meat dealers have been ordered by the revolutionists not to deliver meat to the troops under pain of death, and consequently the soldiers are living on canned food. The butchers have notified their patrons that the meat markets will probably be closed tomorrow, because of lack of meat.

All the St. Petersburg schools were closed today, and the children were sent home, with instructions not to return until their parents think it safe to do so.

The great strike promises to delay and possibly interrupt the negotiations for the new Russian loan. The international bankers who are here, do not seem greatly disturbed by the situation, although they are constantly in receeipt of threatening letters from the revolutionists warning them that if they contract a loan without the consent of the national assembly it will be repudiated. Nevertheless they are not disposed to close with the government until the situation has cleared up. The fact that the strike may jeopardize the success of the loan is one of the most potent levers behind the allies of the advocates of the far-reaching reforms which are about to be promulgated.

Warsaw, Russian Poland, Oct. 26.—Agitators are organizing revolutionary meetings in the factory districts and a general strike is anticipated Oct. 28. The prices of food are rapidly increasing.

Telephone communication with Lodz is interrupted.

POSITION NOT DESIRABLE

Appeal Is Made For Paymasters' Clerks In the Navy.

Washington, Oct. 26.—Urgent recommendation is contained in the annual report of the paymaster general of the navy and for the warranting of paymasters' clerks in the navy and for the creation of a retired list for this branch of the service. "The present anomalous position of paymasters' clerks in the navy could not be more aptly illustrated," says Paymaster General Harris, "than by the sad case of Henry O. Metius, who lost his life in the Bennington disaster. No right to pension, no hope of retirement, none of the privileges which pertain to all other officers—just hard work is their lot with absolutely nothing to look forward to except to wear out or rust out, or perchance to die in the line of duty, leaving no provision for dependent ones."

Attention is called to the serious embarrassment caused the bureau of supplies and accounts by its lack of an adequate clerical force; to the fact that supplies are not inspected as satisfactorily and expeditiously as they would be if more officers were available for duty at various navy yards and a recommendation is made that the naval supply fund be immediately increased from $2,700,000 to $5,000,000.

FIRST OF THE WHALING FLEET REACHES PORT

San Francisco, Oct. 26.—The first of the whaling fleet to come back to port was the bark Gayhead arriving last night direct from the Behring and Okhotsk seas. She brought 200 barrels of sperm oil, 200 barrels of right oil and 2,000 pounds of bone. Her catch is the product of five sperm and two right whales. The bark Alice Knowles was spoken about a month ago in Behring sea, with a catch of 700 barrels of sperm oil and 2,000 pounds of bone.

ARE TOO MANY SURGEON GENERALS, SAYS O'REILLY

Washington, Oct. 26.—Surgeon-General O'Reilly, of the army, has prepared a statement showing there are three medical officers with the same title he holds which has led to confusion which might become more serious in time of war. The title of surgeon general of the army was bestowed on the head of the medical department of the army in 1818. In 1871 the chief of the bureau of surgery and medicine of the navy was made surgeon general of the navy. In 1902 the supervising surgeon of the marine hospital service was made surgeon-general of the marine hospital service. General O'Reilly says telegrams addressed to the "Surgeon-general" may be sent to any one of these officers. He thinks that as his corps has had the title so much longer than the others it is entitled to keep it. Legislation by congress would be necessary to effect the change.

STATUE TO VON MOLTKE.

Berlin, Oct. 26.—A statue of Field Marshal Von Moltke, the gift of the army to the German people, was unveiled here today, the one hundred and fiftieth anniversary of his birth, in the presence of Emperor William, the imperial family, all the great personages of state, and many thousands of people.

COLLISION OF TROLLEY CARS

Causes Serious Injury to Fourteen Persons in New York.

New York, Oct. 26.—Fourteen persons were seriously injured, one of the number fatally it is believed, when a trolley car on the Fourteenth street line crashed into another car standing at the foot of the incline at the Manhattan end of the Williamsburg bridge this morning. The injured were removed to the Delancey street police station, where they received emergency medical treatment. One of the injured, a man, it was said by the physicians, could hardly survive. A score of others received minor cuts and bruises but were able to go to their homes.

WOMAN BURNED TO DEATH.

Can of Tar Explodes Setting Her Clothing Afire.

Grundy Center, Iowa, Oct. 26.—Mrs. John Cea, aged 80 years, was burned to death Tuesday by the explosion of a can of tar which her son had placed on the stove to melt. While he was absent, the can exploded, and the burning tar set fire to the house.

It is supposed Mrs. Cea tried to extinguish the flames, and her clothing caught fire. She ran to the door and was met by her son, who quickly smothered the flames by rolling her on the ground. She was so badly burned, however, that she never regained consciousness.

MANY CLAIM BOUNTY.

Extermination of Wolves From Eastern Iowa a Difficult Problem.

Clinton, Iowa, Oct. 26.—Despite the war which has been waged on the timber wolf throughout Eastern Iowa for half a century, the animal is far from extinct, as is proven by the fact that about thirty wolf scalps have been brought to the auditor of Clinton county during the past year, and bounty claimed. The county pays $5 for full-grown wolves and $2 each for cubs. Most of the wolves are killed in the upper part of the county.

O. G. Walker, a prominent business man from Roswell, N. M., is in a critical condition, in the Revere hotel, suffering from the effects of a stroke of paralysis. He had been unconscious for several hours before he was found by the hotel clerk, who, unable to rouse him, climbed through the window of his room, on the second floor of the hotel, and found him lying on the bed. Physicians say the man's condition is critical.

GIRL ACCEPTS DARE AND WILL LOSE LIFE

Bloomington, Ill., Oct. 26.—Miss Florence Morner accepted the dare of a party of girl friends to climb the iron spiked steps of an electric light pole at Petersburg, last evening, while returning from a social affair. She touched her hand to a live wire at the summit and was hurled to the pavement below, breaking her back. She cannot live.

WILL BAR INFANTS.

Iowa Theater Decides to Make Heavy Charge For Babies.

Iowa Falls, Iowa, Oct. 26.—One of the leading Iowa theaters will charge $1 for every baby that attends a performance in that house. It hopes by making this charge that it will do away with the infants at regular performances. Like other managements, that of the Grand at the state capital has found that babies in arms disturb the performance and bother people in the audience. Finding that the babies cannot be barred in any other way, the managers hope to so discourage parents in bringing their infants that they have decided to make this charge.

DROVE FAMILY AWAY.

Marshalltown, Iowa, Oct. 26.—Driven violently insane by the use of morphine, Albert Johnson, a young farmer living near this city, stripped all the clothing from his body and then attacked his mother and sister, driving them from his home. At first it was thought he would regain his reason when the effects of the drug had worn off, but he did not improve, and Tuesday his arrest was caused. Last evening the insanity commissioners examined the man, and adjudged him insane. He will be taken to the hospital at Independence.

CRUSHED BETWEEN CARS.

Thief River Falls, Oct. 26.—Frank Burjan, a brakeman on the Soo railroad, was killed while trying to couple two freight cars together. Burjan was 27 years old and had been working for the company but a short time.

ONEIDA INDIAN HELD UNDER SERIOUS CHARGE

Appleton, Wis., Oct. 26.—Elias Cornelius, an Oneida Indian, who for three years was a student at the Educational home, Philadelphia, is being held in jail here charged with responsibility for the expected death of Katie John, and Indian girl, who, after a dance, Oct. 5, was found unconscious on the roadside, terribly beaten and without a stitch of clothing. Gerritt Johnson and Wilson Skier, Indians, are also wanted on the same charge. If the girl dies it is thought the case will be taken by the federal authorities. There was much drinking at the dance which preceded the affair.

CUNLIFFE PLEADS GUILTY TO THEFT

Pittsburg, Oct. 26.—Edward Cunliffe, the Adams express robber, went into court today and pleaded guilty to two charges of larceny, representing a theft of $101,000. Sentence was suspended until Saturday.

CHIEF CLERK HAS BEEN REMOVED

A. F. Dueber of St. Cloud Bounced by Secretary Hitchcock.

Washington, Oct. 26.—A. F. Dueber, chief clerk of the St. Cloud land office for several years, has been summarily removed, by order of Secretary Hitchcock. Charges which were preferred against Dueber, some time ago, were found to be true.

From reports of the special agent who was sent out to investigate, it developed that Dueber had been selling and speculating in scrip and that his transactions were quite extensive. Under an existing statute, any employe of the general land offices is strictly prohibited from buying or selling scrip or dealing in it in any manner whatever. It is understood that no criminal prosecution will be commenced against Dueber, there being no law to cover that point.

Dueber had a good record and it is understood that he was about to be promoted to a position in the land office in Washington or to a position on the road as an inspector.

STORY OF MURDER.

Boy Tells How His Father Killed His Mother.

Souix City, Iowa, Oct. 26.—At the preliminary trial of Nic. Baldes on the charge of wife murder at Orange City, Henry Baldes, aged 14, son of the defendant, testified that at noon Oct. 13, he saw his father attack his mother while the latter was engaged in filling a straw tick. He threw her down, jumped on her stomach with his feet and chocked her. His 17-year-old sister grabbed a pitchfork and attacked Baldes, whereupon the latter turned upon her and drove her away.

Mrs. Baldes then arose and sat upon a wagon box until she was strong enough to walk back to the house. Baldes followed, renewed the attack and chocked her and flourished a butcher knife, but did not use it. The boy threw an ax at his father, but missed him. Baldes then chocked and beat the woman again, hurled her to the floor and left the house. The woman got up and attempted to follow, but dropped dead outside the door.

Baldes then went to Hawarden, where he summoned an undertaker, saying his wife had died of heart disease. The story of the tragedy was told graphically and convincingly by the boy and caused a sensation.

SEVERE SENTENCE FOR A. J. WHITEMAN

Eight Years and Five Months In Prison, Says Judge.

Buffalo, Oct. 26.—A. J. Whiteman was sentenced this morning to serve eight years and five months in Auburn prison. He will appeal. Whiteman was convicted of defrauding the Fidelity Trust company of Buffalo by means of raised and forged checks.

CLERK CHARGED WITH TAMPERING WITH JURY

St. Paul, Oct. 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—Edward W. Bennett, chief clerk for General Manager Hannaford, of the Northern Pacific Express company, who was arrested Wednesday on the charge of attempting to tamper with a jury, was released during the evening on $1,000 bail, his sureties, being Senator Hiler H. Horton and C. J. Miss of the Gothian Shoe company. The case will be heard Nov. 3.

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POSITION NOT DESIRABLE

Appeal Is Made For Paymasters' Clerks In the Navy.

Washington, Oct. 26.—Urgent recommendation is contained in the annual report of the paymaster general of the navy and for the warranting of paymasters' clerks in the navy and for the creation of a retired list for this branch of the service. "The present anomalous position of paymasters' clerks in the navy could not be more aptly illustrated," says Paymaster General Harris, "than by the sad case of Henry O. Mathus, who lost his life in the Benningston disaster. No right to pension, no hope of retirement, none of the privileges which pertain to all other officers—just hard work is their lot with absolutely nothing to look forward to except to wear out or rust out, or perchance to die in the line of duty, leaving no provision for dependent ones."

Attention is called to the serious embarrassment caused the bureau of supplies and accounts by its lack of an adequate clerical force; to the fact that supplies are not inspected as satisfactorily and expeditiously as they would be if more officers were available for duty at various navy yards and a recommendation is made that the naval supply fund be immediately increased from $2,700,000 to $5,000,000.

FIRST OF THE WHALING FLEET REACHES PORT

San Francisco, Oct. 26.—The first of the whaling fleet to come back to port was the bark Gayhead arriving last night direct from the Behring and Okhotsk seas. She brought 200 barrels of sperm oil, 200 barrels of right oil and 2,000 pounds of bone. Her catch is the product of five sperm and two right whales. The bark Alice Knowles was spoken about a month ago in Behring sea, with a catch of 700 barrels of sperm oil and 2,000 pounds of bone.

ARE TOO MANY SURGEON GENERALS, SAYS O'REILLY

Washington, Oct. 26.—Surgeon-General O'Reilly, of the army, has prepared a statement showing there are three medical officers with the same title he holds which has led to confusion which might become more serious in time of war. The title of surgeon general of the army was bestowed on the head of the medical department of the army in 1818. In 1871 the chief of the bureau of surgery and medicine of the navy was made surgeon general of the navy. In 1902 the supervising surgeon of the marine hospital service was made surgeon-general of the marine hospital service. General O'Reilly says telegrams addressed to the "Surgeon-general" may be sent to any one of these officers. He thinks that as his corps has had the title so much longer than the others it is entitled to keep it. Legislation by congress would be necessary to effect the change.

STATUE TO VON MOLTKE.

Berlin, Oct. 26.—A statue of Field Marshal Von Moltke, the gift of the army to the German people, was unveiled here today, the one hundred and fiftieth anniversary of his birth, in the presence of Emperor William, the imperial family, all the great personages of state, and many thousands of people.

COLLISION OF TROLLEY CARS

Causes Serious Injury to Fourteen Persons in New York.

New York, Oct. 26.—Fourteen persons were seriously injured, one of the number fatally it is believed, when a trolley car on the Fourteenth street line crashed into another car standing at the foot of the incline at the Manhattan end of the Williamsburg bridge this morning. The injured were removed to the Delancey street police station, where they received emergency medical treatment. One of the injured, a man, it was said by the physicians, could hardly survive. A score of others received minor cuts and bruises but were able to go to their homes.

WOMAN BURNED TO DEATH.

Can of Tar Explodes Setting Her Clothing Afire.

Grundy Center, Iowa, Oct. 26.—Mrs. John Cea, aged 80 years, was burned to death Tuesday by the explosion of a can of tar which her son had placed on the stove to melt. While he was absent, the can exploded, and the burning tar set fire to the house.

It is supposed Mrs. Cea tried to extinguish the flames, and her clothing caught fire. She ran to the door and was met by her son, who quickly smothered the flames by rolling her on the ground. She was so badly burned, however, that she never regained consciousness.

MANY CLAIM BOUNTY.

Extermination of Wolves From Eastern Iowa a Difficult Problem.

Clinton, Iowa, Oct. 26.—Despite the war which has been waged on the timber wolf throughout Eastern Iowa for half a century, the animal is far from extinct, as is proven by the fact that about thirty wolf scalps have been brought to the auditor of Clinton county during the past year, and bounty claimed. The county pays $5 for full-grown wolves and $2 each for cubs. Most of the wolves are killed in the upper part of the county.

O. G. Walker, a prominent business man from Roswell, N. M., is in a critical condition, in the Revere hotel, suffering from the effects of a stroke of paralysis. He had been unconscious for several hours before he was found by the hotel clerk, who, unable to rouse him, climbed through the window of his room, on the second floor of the hotel, and found him lying on the bed. Physicians say the man's condition is critical.

GIRL ACCEPTS DARE AND WILL LOSE LIFE

Bloomington, Ill., Oct. 26.—Miss Florence Morner accepted the dare of a party of girl friends to climb the iron spiked steps of an electric light pole at Petersburg, last evening, while returning from a social affair. She touched her hand to a live wire at the summit and was hurled to the pavement below, breaking her back. She cannot live.

Collide Head-On While Running About Thirty Miles an Hour.

Four Are Killed and Fifteen or Twenty Are Injured.

Collision Due to Failure of Operator to Deliver Orders.

Fairfield, Iowa, Oct. 26.—Two fast passenger trains on the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific railroad, collided head-on at a point one mile south of Fairfield early today. The wrecked trains were No. 11, which left Chicago at 8:20 last night for the west and No. 12, which departed from Kansas City at 6:30 last evening. Four persons were killed and between fifteen and twenty injured, none fatally.

The dead:

F. J. MILKES, Muscatine, Iowa, engineer of No. 11.

GLEN CANFIELD, Murray, Iowa, mail clerk.

DETECTIVE GRIFFITH, Lucas, Iowa.

A tramp, name unknown.

The most seriously injured: W. H. Dunham, Eldon, Iowa, engineer No. 12, leg broken, foot smashed; E. W. Witte, Eldon, Iowa, fireman No. 11, head bruised; H. G. Pottorf, Eldon, Iowa, fireman No. 12; O. E. Helmar, mail clerk No. 11, head cut, leg crushed; J. E. Hickman, mail clerk, bruised and cut; G. W. Williams, George Fisher, J. Quakens, and F. S. Magie, passengers on No. 12, cut and bruised, not seriously; Trainmaster Kennelly.

The collision was caused by the failure of the telegraph operator at Fairfield to deliver to the crew of No. 11 an order to meet No. 12 at Fairfield.

At the time of the accident the trains were running at the rate of about thirty miles an hour. Both engines, which are of the large Pacific type, were demolished by the impact. Four cars of No. 12 were derailed and seven damaged and most of the injured were on this train. All the killed were on No. 11 which also was badly damaged.

A relief train with physicians was sent to the scene from Eldon and the injured were removed to the latter point. Traffic was tied up for nearly twelve hours. Several of the injured were able to continue their journey and these with other passengers were detoured over the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul tracks by way of Ottumwa and Eldon.

Chicago, Oct. 26.—An official statement issued by the Rock Island road gives the number of dead as four and places the number of injured at from twenty-five to thirty. Present official information leads to the belief that the collision was caused by the failure of the operator at Fairfield to deliver an order for No. 11, west bound, to meet No. 12, east bound at Fairfield.

Both locomotives were demolished, four cars of No. 12 derailed and seven damaged. The damage to No. 11 has not been reported, but all the killed were on this train, including an unidentified tramp who was stealing a ride. Those injured were nearly all on No. 12. A relief train with seven physicians was sent to Fairfield from Eldon. Passengers on No. 12 able to travel will be sent over the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road part of the way to Washington, Iowa, and put aboard Rock Island train No. 44 bound for El Paso, Tex. A train to continue No. 11's journey West was made up as the track it was expected would be clear by 1 p. m. Trainmaster Kennelly was among the injured.

WILL BAR INFANTS.

Iowa Theater Decides to Make Heavy Charge For Babies.

Iowa Falls, Iowa, Oct. 26.—One of the leading Iowa theaters will charge $1 for every baby that attends a performance in that house. It hopes by making this charge that it will do away with the infants at regular performances. Like other managements, that of the Grand at the state capital has found that babies in arms disturb the performance and bother people in the audience. Finding that the babies cannot be barred in any other way, the managers hope to so discourage parents in bringing their infants that they have decided to make this charge.

DROVE FAMILY AWAY.

Marshalltown, Iowa, Oct. 26.—Driven violently insane by the use of morphine, Albert Johnson, a young farmer living near this city, stripped all the clothing from his body and then attacked his mother and sister, driving them from his home. At first it was thought he would regain his reason when the effects of the drug had worn off, but he did not improve, and Tuesday his arrest was caused. Last evening the insanity commissioners examined the man, and adjudged him insane. He will be taken to the hospital at Independence.

CRUSHED BETWEEN CARS.

Thief River Falls, Oct. 26.—Frank Burjan, a brakeman on the Soo railroad, was killed while trying to couple two freight cars together. Burjan was 27 years old and had been working for the company but a short time.



GEN. TREPOFF,
Placed in Command of Garrison of St. Petersburg, With Orders to Preserve the Peace.

ORDERS ARE ENORMOUS

Iron and Steel Plants Have Work For a Long Time.

Bookings Almost Equal Record-Breaking Month of September.

New York, Oct. 26.—The Iron Age says today: Bookings of finished iron and steel continue on an enormous scale and thus far this month are nearly up to the record breaking rate of September. The pressure in many quarters is enormous and the plants are provided with work for long periods. In the Eastern steel trade there has been another outburst of buying of basic pig iron for delivery during the winter and fully 75,000 tons have been taken at adancing prices with negotiations pending for at least half as much more.

A scarcity of pig iron for steel making is developing in the Chicago district and it is likely that iron may be shipped from lower lake ports to that district by water before navigation closes.

The United States Steel corporation has secured options at $16 and $16.50 on practically all the Bessemer pig available in the Mahoning and Shenango valleys until the end of the year, the only exception being one lot of 10,000 tons held by a merchant. These purchases of iron are necessary in spite of the fact that the steel corporation is operating all its blast furnaces except three of which two are out for repairs.

In the steel rail trade a number of orders have been bookd. Inability to make prompt deliveries of structural material continues to be the only serious phase of the situation in that branch.

The amount of business done in bars has been large and sellers are holding back. Among the orders for merchant pipe just placed is one for thirty-three miles in Louisiana.

The cast iron pipe shops are very busy with some large work coming up, included in the latter is a good order for New York City.

There has been a heavy movement in tin plate, and there are included in recent sales nearly 7,500 tons of tin plate for export.

Canadian buyers are very urgent for steel and finished material, the volume of business there being extraordinary, but our mills are not in a position to take much of it.

The reports from foreign markets are excellent, the bookings of ship building material in England in particular, having been very large.

ONEIDA INDIAN HELD UNDER SERIOUS CHARGE

Appleton, Wis., Oct. 26.—Elias Cornellus, an Oneida Indian, who for three years was a student at the Educational home, Philadelphia, is being held in jail here charged with responsibility for the expected death of Katie John, and Indian girl, who, after a dance, Oct. 5, was found unconscious on the roadside, terribly beaten and without a stitch of clothing. Gerritt Johnson and Wilson Skier, Indians, are also wanted on the same charge. If the girl dies it is thought the case will be taken by the federal authorities. There was much drinking at the dance which preceded the affair.

CUNLIFFE PLEADS GUILTY TO THEFT

Pittsburg, Oct. 26.—Edward Cunliffe, the Adams express robber, went into court today and pleaded guilty to two charges of larceny, representing a theft of $101,000. Sentence was suspended until Saturday.

ST. PETERSBURG PEOPLE ARE FILLED WITH TERROR

THE STRIKE SITUATION IS GROWING RAPIDLY WORSE

International Train Service on All Lines Has Now Virtually Ceased.

Men Will Either Be Starved Into Submission, or Bloodshed Will Follow.

The Czar Has Placed the Garrison Under the Command of Gen. Trepoff.

St. Petersburg Oct. 26. 3:30 p. m.—By imperial order the garrison of St. Petersburg has been placed under the command of Gen. Trepoff, assistant minister of the interior, who is held responsible for the safety and order of the capital and the troops distributed in various parts of the city, but martial law, with its accompanying hardships to the people, has not been proclaimed. The garrison of St. Petersburg has hitherto been included in the military district of St. Petersburg, of which Grand Duke Vladimir is chief.

All the ministers today were in conference with Gen. Trepoff. They are deliberating on an enlarged law of assembly.

St. Petersburg Oct. 26. 1:15 p. m.—Russia is practically isolated today from the rest of the continent of Europe as the international train service on all the lines has virtually ceased. The tie up in the harbor is more complete than yesterday. The only trains running are operated by the railroad battalions.

The strike contagion is spreading. All classes of workmen are organizing sympathetic strikes and industrial life in the country is coming to a standstill. The situation cannot long continue. Either the workmen will soon be starved into submission, or pillage with military interference and bloodshed on a large scale are bound to follow.

At Moscow 600 cabmen have already fought the strikers whom they charge with taking the bread out of their mouths. In many cities, especially at Moscow, the question of food is becoming extremely serious.

Collisions between troops and strikers are reported to have occurred at several places.

At Ekaterinosla a regular pitched battle between the soldiers and strikers was fought and the city was left in darkness. But as a rule the revolutionary leaders are keeping their men in hand.

Communication by telegraph with many interior points is interrupted.

The whole country is becoming alarmed and in St. Petersburg an incipient panic prevails. The boats and the Finnish trains, now the only means of egress, are crowded with people fleeing abroad. The situation here has grown much worse over night. The ranks of the 40,000 workmen from the mills and factories who joined the strikers yesterday were increased by 30,000 more this morning. All the employes of the port, 4,000 in number, walked out and 12,000 other men from the steel works left work in a body.

The inhabitants of St. Petersburg awoke to find the capital resembling a beleaguered city. The shops in the Vasilostrov district and in all the suburbs are closed, windows are boarded up and barred and mounted patrols are to be seen everywhere in the streets. Except in the heart of the city women and children are afraid to venture out. Workmen are gathering at all the places frequented in the days of Father Gapon, but they are quiet and the Cossacks have had no provocation to interfere. The general appearance of the town is menacing.

The prices of food have gone up and the supply of beef is only sufficient for three days, but there are ample supplies of wheat and rye for two months. The emperor and the court at Peterhof are supplied by a warship from St. Petersburg. All the families who can afford it have hastened to lay in supplies to stand a siege. The suffering falls the heaviest on the poor, who live from hand to mouth. All the bakers sold out their bread before noon. The meat dealers have been ordered by the revolutionists not to deliver meat to the troops under pain of death, and consequently the soldiers are living on canned food. The butchers have notified their patrons that the meat markets will probably be closed tomorrow, because of lack of meat.

All the St. Petersburg schools were closed today, and the children were sent home, with instructions not to return until their parents think it safe to do so.

The great strike promises to delay and possibly interrupt the negotiations for the new Russian loan. The international bankers who are here, do not seem greatly disturbed by the situation, although they are constantly in receipt of threatening letters from the revolutionists warning them that if they contract a loan without the consent of the national assembly it will be repudiated. Nevertheless they are not disposed to close with the government until the situation has cleared up, the fact that the strike may jeopardize the success of the loan is one of the most potent levers behind the allies of the advocates of the far-reaching reforms which are about to be promulgated.

Warsaw, Russian Poland, Oct. 26.—Agitators are organizing revolutionary meetings in the factory districts and a general strike is anticipated Oct. 28. The prices of food are rapidly increasing.

Telephone communication with Lodz is interrupted.

CHIEF CLERK HAS BEEN REMOVED

A. F. Dueber of St. Cloud Bounced by Secretary Hitchcock.

Washington, Oct. 26.—A. F. Dueber, chief clerk of the St. Cloud land office for several years, has been summarily removed, by order of Secretary Hitchcock. Charges which were preferred against Dueber, some time ago, were found to be true.

From reports of the special agent who was sent out to investigate, it developed that Dueber had been selling and speculating in scrip and that his transactions were quite extensive. Under an existing statute, any employe of the general land offices is strictly prohibited from buying or selling scrip or dealing in it in any manner whatever. It is understood that no criminal prosecution will be commenced against Dueber, there being no law to cover that point.

Dueber had a good record and it is understood that he was about to be promoted to a position in the land office in Washington or to a position on the road as an inspector.

STORY OF MURDER.

Boy Tells How His Father Killed His Mother.

Souix City, Iowa, Oct. 26.—At the preliminary trial of Nic. Baldes on the charge of wife murder at Orange City, Henry Baldes, aged 14, son of the defendant, testified that at noon Oct. 13, he saw his father attack his mother while the latter was engaged in filling a straw tick. He threw her down, jumped on her stomach with his feet and chocked her. His 17-year-old sister grabbed a pitchfork and attacked Baldes, whereupon the latter turned upon her and drove her away.

Mrs. Baldes then arose and sat upon a wagon box until she was strong enough to walk back to the house. Baldes followed, renewed the attack and chocked her and flourished a butcher knife, but did not use it. The boy threw an ax at his father, but missed him. Baldes then chocked and beat the woman again, hurled her to the floor and left the house. The woman got up and attempted to follow, but dropped dead outside the door. Baldes then went to Hawarden, where he summoned an undertaker, saying his wife had died of heart disease. The story of the tragedy was told graphically and convincingly by the boy and caused a sensation.

SEVERE SENTENCE FOR A. J. WHITEMAN

Eight Years and Five Months In Prison, Says Judge.

Buffalo, Oct. 26.—A. J. Whiteman was sentenced this morning to serve eight years and five months in Auburn prison. He will appeal. Whiteman was convicted of defrauding the Fidelity Trust company of Buffalo by means of raised and forged checks.

CLERK CHARGED WITH TAMPERING WITH JURY

St. Paul, Oct. 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—Edward W. Bennett, chief clerk for General Manager Hannaford, of the Northern Pacific Express company, who was arrested Wednesday on the charge of attempting to tamper with a jury, was released during the evening on $1,000 bail, his sureties, being Senator Hiler H. Horton and C. J. Miss of the Gothian Shoe company. The case will be heard Nov. 3.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

DULUTH WEATHER REPORT—Rain or snow and colder tonight. Friday generally fair and colder. Brisk and possibly high northwest winds.

OUR

FURNISHINGS

Are Not a Side Line

We do not coincide with the views of a great many merchants who believe that the furnishings department will "take care of itself" as long as the proper attention is given to the buying of the clothing stock. Our furnishings are selected with the same careful discrimination and attention to detail that we give to our clothing and the result is that you cannot find in our entire store a single article of furnishings that is not the product of a celebrated, reliable maker. Now this is not just talk. We mean it, and we've got the goods to prove it.

Fleeced Ribbed Underwear, 75c values, 50c.

15 styles of All Wool Underwear at $1.00; 10 styles at $1.50, 5 styles at $2.00, 5 styles at $2.50, and others at $3.00, $3.50, $4.00 and $5.00. Also Pure Dye Silk Garments, Union Suits, all wool, $2 to $5 a garment. Fleeced Garments 50c to $1.50.

"THE DAYLIGHT STORE"

Oak Hall Clothing Co.

331-333-335 Superior St., Cor. 4th Ave. W.

BASEBALL PLAYERS.

Bunch of Stories About Noted Knights of the Diamond.

Odd stories of the acts of managers of big league clubs, players who have won renown on the green diamond, and the wise retorts of the "man behind the mask," are always well received by the lovers of the national game, says the Louisville Times. Whenever the members of a team are compelled to remain idle and sit around hotel lobbies because of rainy weather, they invariably start a discussion of queer points about the game or some freakish act of a manager, umpire or player. The members of the Louisville club are no exception to the rule, and among them are some of the best story-tellers in the country.

Edward Kenna, the poet-pitcher, can tell of funny experiences that he has witnessed upon the field or heard of. Kenna claims to hold two freak records in the game, and if he can keep up his present record for relating good stories will hold another before the season is over.

* * *

"When I was in Denver last season," said the twirling hard, "there was a member of the team who was fond of looking upon the wine when it was red. Tebeau was informed of this player's conduct, and warned the player that if he did not quit drinking that he would fine him all the money that would be due him for seven years. The player refused to heed the advice and continued to carouse. He was a good man, and Tebeau did not want to release him, so he hired two Pinkerton detectives to watch the player and report regarding his actions.

"The player in question had two friends on the regular force, who notified him that he was being watched, and advised him to refrain from drinking. Instead, the player went direct to a saloon, where he knew he would meet the detectives. He was not long before he bought each of them a bottle of wine. The next morning he went to Tebeau's office and informed the local magnate that he had purchased wine for the detectives, saying, 'Now, if you will pay me to act as your detective you will save money.'"

* * *

Chas. Dexter, former manager of the Colonels, told many funny stories about famous players. One of his best was about Rube Waddell, the eccentric twirler with Philadelphia. Waddell pitched for the Colonels when Dexter was playing the outfield, and he says he can bring evidence to prove that what he says is true. Dexter claims that Rube had never been on a boat until he left this city for Cincinnati. The players forced him to wear a life preserver during the night, and after he was happily wrapped in slumber began to throw water against his stateroom. Waddell ran out in his night shirt, and it was all they could do to prevent him jumping overboard.

Another Dexter story is the one about Jack Katoll, who formerly pitched in this city. Katoll joined the Louisville team in Chicago. He had never been on a train before, and after inspecting his berth asked the players what the hammocks were intended for. "They are placed there for the especial use of pitchers," was the reply of his teammates. When Katoll retired that evening he placed his arm in the hammock in order to rest it. The next morning when he arose he found that his arm was so stiff he could hardly lift it, and it was at least a week before he was able to take his turn on the slab.

* * *

Local fans all remember Ernest Phelps, the colored groundkeeper at the old ball park. Ernest aspired to be a great player and spent all of his time practicing with the Louisville players. He became fairly proficient and had enough speed to warrant being given a show by a big league club had he not been a negro. One day just before the game started Ernest walked up to Tim Hurst, who was the umpire, and said:

"Mr. Hurst, don't you think that I would make a fine man for some league if I wasn't colored?"

Hurst looked at the little negro for fully a minute before replying, and then said:

"Yes, Ernest, you would make a fine man for the Epworth league."

* * *

According to Ed Dunkle, Harry Davis, first baseman of the Philadelphia Americans, holds the world's record for unique base stealing. According to his claim Davis is the only player that ever stole first base. Dunkle says:

"I was pitching for Philadelphia one afternoon and at the time we came to the but in the ninth inning the score was a tie. We had a runner on third and two hands down when Davis walked. He started to steal on the first ball pitched, but no attempt was made by the opposing catcher to nail him. On the second ball pitched Davis turned around and stole back to first. Again the catcher did not try to head him off. On the third ball he started down to to second and when an attempt was made to put him out, the runner on third came home and we won the game."

Dunkle also states that he holds a record for the fewest number of pitched balls for five innings. He says that for five innings he retired Cincinnati batters on seventeen pitched balls, which is only two extra balls to a batter. After that time the Reds got onto his delivery and in the remaining four innings of the contest landed on him so hard that they batted out ten runs and won the game with something to spare.

* * *

In this connection Kenna has a good claim to a freak pitching record. He officiated against Des Moines one afternoon and was touched up for nineteen safe hits and yet his opponents failed to get a runner over the pan. In one inning he was hit for a triple, a double and three singles and still his opponents failed to get a man home. The first batter up hit for a triple, but was nailed trying to stretch it into a homer. The next man doubled down the left field foul line, but was afterward caught off second by the poet. The next three batters hit safely, and then Kenna got down to work and fanned the next batter with the bases full. He says that the following morning he was roasted by the sporting writers for loose work on the slab, although he shut out his opponents.

Two days later Kenna was sent in against the same team. For eight innings he did great work. Not a batter placed the ball in safe territory and his teammates made but one error. He had perfect control and during this period gave only one base on balls. The Denver team managed to get one runner across the pan, which looked as good as a hundred when the ninth inning was about to close. The bard fanned the first two batters, but the third reached first base on a fluke. Then Gunley, who is now with Pittsburg, stepped to the plate and drove out a home run which won the game. Only one hit was made off his delivery and yet Kenna lost the contest by one score.

* * *

Dan Kerwin tells one on Joe Cantillon, manager of the Milwaukee team, but who was formerly an American association umpire. Kerwin says that one day Cantillon gave an awful raw decision against the Chicago team. Fielder Jones, who was playing center, started to register a kick. He came running up at a great rate of speed shaking his fist at the official. Cantillon stood still and waited until Jones almost reached the plate, when he said: "Keep on running, Jones, you are out of the game."

* * *

Tim Hurst tells more funny stories about himself and his experiences on the field than any other man who ever handled the indicator. He says that one day he was umpiring a game between Pittsburg and New York when he suddenly noticed a new player step up to the plate. The youngster, who had just been graduated from the bush league, and desired to impress himself upon Tim, said: "You are a fine umpire, Mr. Hurst, and I know that I will get a fair deal from you." Tim wanted to give the youngster a little the best of it for a starter and called several strikes balls, which enabled him to make three hits.

"I never saw a kid whose head became so inflated in a short time," added Hurst, "as this youngster. When he stepped to the plate for the fourth time he had a haughty air, which was just as much as to say 'I am the whole show. You will have to take off your hat to me.'

"The first ball the pitcher sent up was a trifle wide as I afterwards knew, but I called it a strike. The kid looked at me but did not say a word. The next ball was a little better, but not quite good enough to be called a strike, and I cried 'One ball.' This gave the youngster a chance and he said: 'The other one was in the same place.' 'All right,' was my rejoinder, 'it is then strike two.'"

CHANCE TO GET RICH.

New York Press: A fortune is waiting for the man who could give us a pocketknife that will never rust, a latch-key that will never miss the keyhole, an ink that will not corrode a pen, a pen that will not allow itself to be corroded by any ink, a glue that will stand heat, cold and water; a window screen that will admit light and air without any dust, a stove that will consume its own ashes, a watch that does not have to be set every day to be on time, a cuckoo clock that cuckoos, a mineral water that doesn't sour, a whisky that won't make a man drunk, a railroad that goes according to schedule, a shoe that cures corns, a tooth paste that prevents receding gums, an ointment that prevents the human finger nail from picking up real estate, a gas range that doesn't burn more than $17 a month.

MUST OBEY STATE LAWS

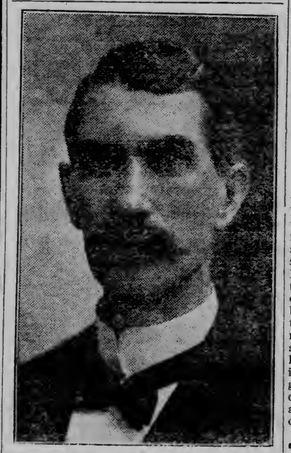
Commissioner W. H. Williams After Employers of Child Labor.

Churches and School Superintendents Are Helpidg In Movement.

"From now until Nov. 15 practically all of my attention will be given to the child labor question," said W. H. Williams of Minneapolis this morning. Mr. Williams, who is in the city for two or three days, a guest at the Lenox, is state labor commissioner, and his visit here is the result of a complaint entered by R. E. Denfeld, superintendent of schools, regarding the employment of a child after the regulation hours.

"After the middle of next month we will be working on factory inspection matters," continued the commissioner, "but until then we will be straightening out child labor difficulties through the state. There are laws governing the employment of children under sixteen years of age, and I intend that these laws shall be obeyed. They are observed more strictly in Duluth than in any other city in the state, and we have little trouble here from this source, owing, in part, to the valuable assistance rendered us by Mr. Denfeld, who is exerting every effort to help us.

"The one case I am investigating now is that of a boy who, though he attends school regularly, is compelled by his father to work in the store until 11



W. H. WILLIAMS of Minneapolis, State Labor Commissioner.

o'clock at night, beginning in the afternoon. There is a state law to the effect that children shall not work after 7 o'clock in the evening, without a special permit from the state authorities. This applies to theaters as well as to all other lines of work, and it frequently happens that we order traveling theatrical companies to keep children who are in the cast off of the stage. This happened to the Mrs. Wiggs of the Cabbage Patch company in St. Paul. Our request is always complied with, and the show goes on without the children.

"We have gone at this work in a systematic and thorough manner, and are meeting with great success. We are working directly in conjunction with State Superintendent of Schools Olson, otherwise we would be meeting with more difficulty than we are. The churches all through the state are also helping us to a very considerable extent. Every church organization in the state has endorsed our work, and all are aiding us where opportunity offers.

"Mr. Olson furnished us with a list of all the city and county superintendents of schools in the state, and letters explaining our purpose, that of keeping children under 16 years of age in school, and asking the assistance of the superintendents, were sent to them. The replies received have been highly encouraging. Our object is to settle all disputes on the child labor question without serious trouble. We do not prosecute unless it is really necessary. We have prosecuted twenty employers this year, however, and we won out in every case, but one. We would have been victors in that also, only for the fact of an error on the part of the prosecuting attorney. Before the thing was over we accomplished our end and the boy in question was returned to school.

"Many manufacturers and other employers of the state are interesting themselves in the movement, and in their advertisements for help insert a clause to the effect that no one under 16 years of age will be engaged. There are other employers that are opposed to us at all stages of the game, because they believe the state labor commission was started and is working for the sole benefit of the labor unions. Absolutely no reason for such a belief exists. We are impartial in all our dealings, as is shown by the work of the state employment bureau, where the employer may get either union or non-union labor. We supply him with either, if men are available, and make as great an effort to fill orders for non-union men as for any other kind.

"It is not our intention or desire to work any hardship on a single family by keeping away from work a child whose earnings are necessary to the parents. In cases where it is absolutely essential in order that the necessaries of life may be purchased, we grant a special permit, allowing the child to work. In the present case in Duluth it is not necessary for the child to work, because the father is making good money. We shall see to it that the son is employed in the store no later than 7 o'clock. In some instances we grant permits allowing the child to work until 9 o'clock in the evening.

"We are endeavoring to have truant officers appointed in all the towns of the state. It is a part of their duties to look after matters of this kind. Cases they cannot handle they refer to us, and thus we are kept in touch with the situation. If it were not for some assistance in each of the many towns, such as the truant officer and Superintendent Denfeld are rendering us in Duluth, we would be unable to keep track of all the cases. The law compels city and county attorneys to prosecute offenders without extra charge for their services, if done under the direction of state authorities.

"I came here from Cloquet, where ten children under 16 years of age were employed in a box factory. The proprietor was obstainate, and at first refused to discharge them. The question was taken up by citizens of the town, and thus brought to our attention. As a result of my visit to Cloquet eight of the ten have returned to school. Two were given special permits to work. In one place in St. Paul, a bottling factory, we found fifteen children working last month. All of them are now attending school, and older persons are employed in their places.

"I am also looking over the factories in Duluth on this trip. I find two of them where the ventilation is not what it should be. The proprietors, however, have promised to remedy the evil."

Base Ball Season Over.

Millions of baseball admirers, who thoroughly enjoyed the game, were reluctant to see the season close, but it will interest them to know that even now plans are being made for next season. It is also interesting to every sick man and woman to know that in Hostetter's Stomach Bitters they have the best health maker and preserver ever compounded, and being backed by over fifty years of cures is the one they need to make them strong and robust again. It tones up the system, stimulates the flow of gastric juices, keeps the bowels open and cures bloating, heartburn, indigestion, dyspepsia, general debility, female complaints, dizziness, cramps and malaria, fever and ague. Don't fail to try a bottle at once. For sale by all druggists.

TYPOTHETAE BUYS MACHINES

Arranges For Doing All of its Own Typesetting Henceforth.

The situation in the job printers' strike is unchanged with the exception that the master printers have taken steps toward getting type-setting machines of their own for the reason that the concerns which have been setting the machine stuff for the job offices now refuse to set it because of the strike.

John Christie said today that two machines have been ordered and will leave Chicago for Duluth within the next three days and will likely be here within a week. Then it will take about a week to set them up and when that is done the master printers will be in shape to meet every demand. The place where the machines will be located has not yet been decided upon but they are being purchased by the Duluth Typesetting company, a new corporation just formed by all of the members of the Typothetae of Duluth, for the purpose of buying and operating typesetting machines.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets Druggists refund money if it fails to cure E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

SHEPHARD IS SENTENCED FOR KILLING FRENCH GIRL

Paris, Oct. 26.—The ninth correctional tribunal of the Seine today sentenced Elliot Fitch Shephard, son of the late Col. Shephard of New York, to three months imprisonment and $120 fine and to pay $4,000 deamages to the parents of Madeline Marduel, who was killed by Shephard's automobile at St. Ouen, April 24. The imprisonment part of the sentence will not be carried out while awaiting the future course of procedure on the part of Mr. Shephard who was in court.

UNSPARING OF JACOB HEYL

Attorney Fawcett Says That He Is a Human Parasite.

Milwaukee, Oct. 26—Attorney Charles F. Fawcett was unsparing of Jacob Heyl in the opening argument today for the contestants of the Schandein will in Judge Carpenter's court. Mr. Fawcett declared that Heyl was a parasite—that everything he has now, an income three times as great as that of the president of the United States, is due to his benefactor.

"I challenge counsel to show that Jacob Heyl ever neglected an opportunity to take advantage of this woman," declared Mr. Fawcett.

"I will go further. I will say that he never neglected to create an opportunity to take advantage of her.

"Heyl was Mrs. Schandein's shadow after the death of her husband, whose relations with his son-in-law were not cordial."

Mr. Fawcett sketched the life of Heyl. He showed how Heyl came to the United States a poor boy.

"He never earned more than $100 a month before the death of Mr. Schandein. During the greater part of the time he earned about $25 a month."

The attorney said that Heyl's example of avarice and greed in gaining control of the Schandein estate has never been paralleled anywhere.

The attorney for the contestants declared that the undue influence alleged to have been exerted by Heyl on his mother-in-law dates back for years.

Only Four Days Left

On Oct. 31, I retire from business. There are still left a few

SWELL DRESS HATS

which will be sold regardless of their actual value.

DON'T FAIL

To come before Nov. 1. The sooner the better as these fashionable creations will not last long at the prices.

MISS SWENSON,

106 W. Superior St.

Next to Ten-Cent Store.

FOR WEST END PEOPLE.

Reception Will Be Given at Boys' Department of Y. M. C. A.

West end people who are interested in the establishment of a branch Y. M. C. A. in that part of the city, are invited to attend a reception given at the boys' department, tomorrow evening.

An entertainment will be given, consisting of an exposition of this branch of the Y. M. C. A. work, and it should be of especial interest to the West end people at this time.

BEGGARS' TRICKS.

Dodges They Put Up To Fool The Sympathetic Public.

Begging as a fine art has attracted a large following in the Greater City, so much so that efforts to repress it on the part of the police are wholly unavailing, although in Manhattan alone an average of thirty arrests are made each week, says the Brooklyn Union. Of course it is only the clumsy and inartistic beggar who gets caught. The ones who make the greatest profit, and who are by far the greater in number, usually manage to elude the police, although they are sometimes trapped with the aid of agents from the Charity Organization society, which is a general clearing house for the detection of imposters as well as the distribution of information for the organized charities of the metropolis.

One successful Brooklyn beggar had somewhere picked up a second-hand G. A. R. uniform, well decorated with medals. He was a tall, martial-looking chap, with a mass of white hair, mustache and goatee, and a nose which must have cost him to color a large share of the alms he received. He hobbled about Fulton street, with the tale that he belonged in the Soldiers' Home at Dayton, Ohio. He had been on a spree while on a furlough visiting relatives, and was short a couple of dollars of the sum needed to buy a railroad ticket. He did an excellent business until he made the drunken blunder of going over the same route before the people had time to forget him. He was run out of Brooklyn, but is very likely no nearer the Soldiers' Home than before, though telling the same sad story.

A very artistic mendicant used to hang out on the stairway of the "L" station at Flatbush avenue and Fulton street, last winter, to "milk" the theater crowds. He had one leg doubled under him, a beautiful simulated deformity of the arm, and some nice painted scars. When a staid married couple walked along he held his breath, but the moment a young fellow with his best girl appeared, the beggar would begin to moan in a most heart-rending way. Well did he know that no young man wishes to appear ungenerous in the eyes of his girl.

At the central office of the Charity Organization Society in Manhattan, where the records of some of the most notorious professional beggars are kept, there is a sort of museum of placards, which have been appropriated when arrests have been made. The goggles with which the blind imposter helped to deceive his victims; the rosaries that the apparently crippled beggar held up imploringly to the passerby; the crutches that were used by other fakers; the tin cups into which many coins had been dropped by charitably disposed pedestrains; all these specimens are on exhibition. The signs of tin with large white letters on them, catching the eye a square away, are some of them most ingeniously gotten up. Some of the beggars compose their own sad stories and others less ingenious hire some one else to do it for them.

This very polite appeal was the result of the fertile brain of the beggar himself: "Ladies and Gentlemen—Please patronize the blind. If you want to know how I got blind, I fell in a cellar and this is how I got blind. I have a wife and children. I pay my rent for rooms and am a citizen of the United States." The story in a nutshell. To appeal to the German citizen he had shortened the story and had it printed in German.

One old fellow who was a professional gambler in his younger days, has developed into a most artistic beggar in his later years. He is six feet tall and wears a silk hat, and rather imitates Uncle Sam in the cut of his beard. He has a most suspicious nose, so very suspicious, in fact, that many of the artists in Manhattan have had him pose for them as "The Inebriate." He sits himself down on the curb, looks up and down the street most carefully, then digs from out his pocket a few shoe laces. Then he has a small board with little pools on it. When a passerby gives him a nickel he juggles it into the nickel pool. When he is fortunate enough to get another victim to the extent for five cents more he juggles both nickels into the dime pool. When he accumulates five coppers he juggles them into the nickel pool. All this mode of procedure attracts attention and then his sign is noticed, which reads not so elegantly as the preceding one, perhaps, but most appealing: "Ladies and Gents—This is the Lord's truth. I have extreme nervous prostration the result of old age. Born 1826. Shoe laces 2c a pair."

Then this artist had another sign which read, and more politely, though probably taking a great deal for granted: "Ladies and Gentlemen—Please do not let an old man starve. Shoes laces, 2c a pair." This time he was 72 years old. He had saved up during his begging days, and he will save more, for, although he is now in the workhouse, he will be out again and be at the same old game, $7,000 which he has in bank.

Another blind begger wore this sign, which tells his story most briefly: "Ladies and Gentlemen—Please buy something from me. I am blind from an explosion, and am unable to work. I have a big family to support. I sell Pencils, Balloons, Tobacco, Pouches."

Womankind is largely represented in the begging profession. One woman has this story written for her:

"This poor old woman is suffering from a cataract in both eyes. Kindly help her along." She was evidently helped along by the police, as her sign is in.

Sometimes these characters dupe young M. D.'s who, wishing to show how thorough is his knowledge of his profession, writes this:

"To certify that John —— suffers from eye weakness and he is not able to work. The right eye is practically blind, the left has only ½ per cent normal vision. This is insufficient for work."

This the begger has enlarged and wears. The M. D.'s knowledge did not extend to spelling.

This man ran into verse in telling of his misfortune:

"I once was happy, the same as you.
But now I'm a cripple, with nothing to do;
I am compelled to ask strangers some assistance to give—
Live and let live.
I pray God to reward you;
My wants you will relieve;
And remember it's more
Blessed to give than receive."
"Price—Give what you wish."

NATURAL CURIOSITY.

Prof. D. P. Cropp of the University of Colorado has invented a machine that increases the height from to five that increases the height from one to five inches and the chest girth from one to four inches, says the Los Angeles Times.

"It is amazing," said Prof. Cropp the other day, "what an interest people take in any change in their physique—the gain of an inch around the chest or forearm, the loss of an inch in the neck or stomach.

"I know a fat woman who spent July at the seashore, taking an ocean bath and a hot bath daily, so as to reduce her weight.

"The day she was to leave for home, she entered a butcher shop and told the old man to cut her off twenty pounds of pork.

"He cut and weighed this great chunk of meat, and then said:

"'Where, madam, shall I send it?'

"But the woman, as she feasted her eyes on the pork, replied:

"'Oh, don't send it anywhere. I don't want to buy it. You see, I have lost twenty pounds since I have been down here, and I just wanted to see how much it was.'"

People are looking around now for houses and flats for the winter. A little ad in The Saturday Herald will tell them of the ones you have for rent.

Rooms are quickly rented when advertised in The Saturday Herald. If you cannot come to the office phone your ad.

Seven Minutes from Down Town. Ten Minutes from West Duluth.

Johnson & Moe
The West End Big Department Store
Right in the Low Rent District.

We Refund Car Fare on all $3.00 Purchases and over. Mail orders solicited

We Are Having the Biggest Business in Our History These Days.

Large and well assorted stocks of latest and best merchandise, together with strenuous bargain-giving is the reason. Come with the rest and save money.

Women's Fur Lined Coats

We make a fine showing of these very popular garments. To all who contemplate getting a fur-lined coat, we say, don't fail to see and try on ours. They are all made up from best wool Kerseys, lined with fine soft skins and fitted with wide, thick fur collars. The values we offer are the best obtainable at moderate prices like these—

$22.50, $25, $38.50, $50, $55, $60

It will absolutely pay you to examine our line of women's and children's coats. You will be surprised at the savings made possible for you here.

Women's Empire Effect Coats.

45-inch lengths in plain wool kersey, tastily trimmed at $7.50, $10, $12.50, $15, $16.50, $19.00 and upwards.

Skirts For Less Than Cost of Material.

We have for quick closing, about 75 skirts made up of Meltons, Cheviots and Fancy Mixtures. There are only one or two of a kind. The styles are varied, including flared circular skirts and pleated gored skirts. Here's a great opportunity to get a good runabout skirt at half the regular value. We divide them into two lots—

Lot No. 1. Skirts worth up to $5.98—choice $2.98

Lot No. 2. Skirts worth up to $8.50—choice $3.98

Oil Cloth Stove Rugs.

Oil Cloth Stove Rugs—1½ yards square—fine patterns, each 80c

A lot of Stove Rugs carried over from last year—slightly cracked or roughed on edges—to close out, at each 50c

Our Old Reliable Camel's Hair Underwear.

We have sold this underwear almost since we began business in Duluth, and have never found anything to equal it. It is warm and strong, of a medium weight.

Men's, per garment $1.00
Women's, per garment $1.00
Children's, per garment 30c

and upwards, according to size. This is only one kind. Come and see all the other styles.

Timely Snaps From Basement.

Sapolin Stove Pipe Enamel—19c ½-pt cans, special 15c

35c cans—1-pt, special 29c
19c Stove Brushes, special each 12c
5c Jap. Coal Shovels, special 3c
8c Coal Shovels at 5c
Stove Pipe Collars, special 3c and 4c
Night Lamps, white, green and blue, worth 19c, special 14c

AT 5c and 10c—Look over our tables for bargains in small wares of every kind. Little every day needs supplied cheap in our basement salesroom.

How is Blanket Time.

Now we have an immense lot to pick from, and now we are making prices that make it an object for you to "see us first."

65c Gray and Tan Cotton Blankets, our price now 49c
75c Fancy Gray Cotton Blankets, our price now 65c
$1.25 Thick Cotton Blankets—large size, our price now 98c

A most excellent line of Woolen Blankets at $3.50, $4.50, $5.00, $5.50, $6.00, up to $10 a pair.

See our Comforters. They are the best at the price that can possibly be made. Each $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $1.98, $2.50 and $3.00.

For Friday Only.

(TOMORROW.)

GREAT HOUR SALE OF PRINTS.
9 to 10 a. m.

1,000 yards Gray and Black Dress Prints—regular 7c quality, for one hour—per yard 4½c

FOR ALL DAY FRIDAY.

1,000 yards French Flannelettes, beautiful light styles for wrappers and kimonos, 18c kind, all day Friday—per yard 12½c

A SPECIAL LOT OF LADIES' SATEEN WAISTS—and what is left of summer waists put in one bunch for Friday's Bargain sale—your choice each 25c

Prices have been up to $2.50. Sizes are somewhat broken, being mostly 32 and 34.

For Saturday Only.

1,000 yds Standard Apron Ginghams of the kind you usually pay 7c for—Saturday per yard 5c

1,000 yards choice Outing Flannels, of the regular 8c quality—Saturday per yard 5c

No. 9 Nickel-plated Tea Kettles—the genuine nickel-on-copper kind, worth $1.48—Saturday's special each 98c

SPECIAL LOT of Ladies' Percale Wrappers—the lot contains both light and dark colors—values are 75c and 98c—they go Saturday at only 49c

DEFECTIVE PAGE



Seldom is it given to the society of a city to enjoy such a beautiful and unusual affair as that in which Duluth society engaged last evening, when the golden wedding anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. Clinton Markell was celebrated at their home on East Second street. Mr. and Mrs. Markell have been prominently identified with Duluth society since the earliest days, and their guests last evening were the representative people of the city, the first families here being among the guests, and the later arrivals to the city being welcomed in large numbers.

A more beautiful function would be hard to imagine. The rooms were gorgeous in great golden chrysanthemums, and the light from the many chandeliers was unshaded, so that the first impression one received upon entering the house was that of golden brightness. In the reception room, which is done in gold brocade, the guests were received. Upon the mantel a large golden loving cup, engraved with the date, "1855—1905," and a monogram of "W" and "M," held the place of honor. The cup was presented to Mr. and Mrs. Markell by their oldest friends. The gorgeous chrysanthemums used in the decorations in this room were also the gift of friends. The mantels throughout the house held a low bank of green, and rising from this at regular intervals were single blossoms. Graceful vases of the flowers were placed about the house.

Receiving with Mr. and Mrs. Markell were Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Markell, Mr. and Mrs. H. T. Abbott and Miss Markell.

The hall was decorated in American beauties, and at the end the punch bowl was placed amid a perfect bower of golden chrysanthemums. Presiding here during the evening were Mrs. William Dalrymple, Mrs. Walt Talcott of Rockford, Ill.; Mrs. E. P. Towne, Mrs. A. M. Miller, Jr., and Mrs. W. B. Silvey.

The living room followed the general color scheme, and here Mrs. A. M. Marshall, Mrs. W. J. Olcott, Mrs. W. M. Prindle and Mrs. D. G. Cutler presided. In the dining room beside the chrysanthemums, candles bearing silken shades in the shape and color of a large chrysanthemum, added to the general beauty. In this room Mrs. A. M. Miller, Mrs. J. H. Upham, Mrs. J. B. Culver and Mrs. George G. Barnum presided, and assisting throughout the rooms were Mrs. J. D. Ensign, Miss Carlotta Simonds and Miss Ruth Markell. La Brosse's orchestra played from the stair landing a program of music during the evening, and one of the most delightful features was the singing by Miss Mary Syer Bradshaw of the "Bridal Chorus" from Lohengrin, with orchestral accompaniment. During the evening Miss Bradshaw also sang "Auld Lang Syne."

In the ball room, on the third floor, the beautiful yellow flowers were used for decoration, and an orchestra played a program of dances.

Among the out-of-town guests were: Mr. and Mrs. Walt Talcott of Rockford, Ill.; Mrs. William Nettleton of Spokane, and Mrs. Markell Snow of Madison, Wis.

Mr. Markell and Miss Kate W. Watrous, daughter of Winthrop Watrous of Ashtabula, Ohio, were married Oct. 25, 1855. They came to Duluth early in May, 1869, and have resided here continuously for thirty-six years. On their arrival there were not more than 200 inhabitants, but during the next year the population increased to more than 5,000. Mr. Markell has been one of the foremost in promoting the interest of Duluth; has served the city as mayor, member of the council and held other positions of honor and responsibility. In the early days he was sent to New York and Washington a number of times in the interest of the city. In the year of 1869, when in Washington, he met the Hon. William L. Banning of St. Paul, who was trying to secure the passage of a bill before congress granting lands in aid of the Lake Superior & Mississippi railroad, now the Northern Pacific short line. Mr. Markell was receiving many courtesies at the hands of the Hon. Ben Wade, then president of the senate and ex-officio vice president of the United States. Through Mr. Markell, Mr. Banning became acquainted with Senator Wade, whose warm support of the pending measure was no small element in securing its passage.

In 1872 he formed a partnership with R. S. Munger, and erected the second elevator built at Duluth. In 1883 they built the Grand Opera house, which at that time was considered a great credit to the city. He has always been actively engaged in the business life of Duluth, and ever one of its progressive citizens and most confident believers in its future.

BROWNING LECTURE.

Rev. J. W. Powell Discusses "The Ring and the Book."

The second lecture in the series which is being delivered before the Browning class of the Twentieth Century club was given this morning at the club room of the library. Rev. J. W. Powell is the lecturer for the year and this morning an introductory lecture to the study of "The Ring and the Book" was given. Mr. Powell related the story of this wonderful poem and the principal characters were spoken of and their relation to the story told. In speaking of the poem Mr. Powell said:

"There is nothing that I know of in the whole realm of literature like 'The Ring and the Book.' It is a unique piece of literature. It is not an epic except in length. The epic poem deals as we generally accept the term, with heroic deeds, myths or legends; with the councils of high heaven as in Milton's 'Paradise Lost,' of the destiny of man in the nether and upper worlds as in Dante's great poem. 'The Ring and the Book' is not a versified story as 'Marmion,' 'Lady of the Lake' or Mrs. Browning's 'Aurora Leigh' might be called.

"In this poem under discussion, the interest is not in the story. After reading the first few pages you have the whole of the plot and the remainder of the poem is the telling and retelling of the same few facts from the point of view of the different characters. The interest in the poem lies in the deeper relation of truth as it is brought out in telling of the story from so many points of view. In most novels and many poems the interest lies in the plot but in this poem the insight comes by getting back of the story and seeing the truth underlying these few little facts which may be truth but which are the raw material from which truth must be extracted.

"'The Ring and the Book' has been criticized as being intellectual and not imaginative as a poem should be. It has been called a novel put in the form of blank verse. If one is looking for delicate description of sensuous beauty this poem may not be poetry, but if you are looking for the imaginative interest which can reproduce perfectly the atmosphere of a bygone period, presenting it to us so that we really live the life of the drawing room, get into touch with the gossip of the street, 'The Ring and the Book' is a great poem. It reproduces a cross section of human life and from that point of view it is a marvel. It is not for those who would be amused. But for those who desire to see life there is nothing like it.

"The poem deals with the most commonplace incident of a Roman murder trial, and in the telling of the incidents of the story from so many points of view, Browning's purpose was two fold. First, the complexity of life and the intricacy of truth and the way the seeker must search out to find the truth is shown and second that in spite of the complexity the fundamental principles are easily grasped by the intuition of a pure heart. And under this complexity is a marvelous simplicity that will reveal itself to the eye that is keen because the heart is pure."

Cover By Ericson.

The cover of Life for this week's issue is by the Duluth artist, David Ericson and his many friends here will be pleased to note this cover in the series of his poster work. An Indian warming himself by a fire in the woods is the suggestion theme of the picture. To those who have a liking for the poster effects and have been wearied with the endless array of vapid girls in posy attitudes, meaningless and poorly executed, a poster like Mr. Ericson produces, finished with a nicety of detail and some thought suggested, comes as a rare pleasure. To those interested in his work, this cover will be viewed with pleasure.

Card Reception.

Mrs. F. N. Allen entertained at a delightful card reception yesterday afternoon at her home at 231 West Fifth street. Progressive euchre was played and the prizes were won by Mrs. H. E. McCollom and Mrs. E. M. Kelly. The guests were:

Mesdames—

J. T. Armstead,	D. VanBalen.
A. H. Gibson,	Henry VanBrunt,
James K. Meakin,	M. W. Turner,
J. E. Cooley,	E. M. Kelly,
W. W. Bates,	Robert Casson,
S. T. Staples,	D. C. Wakeman,
A. Snyder,	Oscar Longren,
E. L. Cass, of Superior,	Kesler,
Henry Bridgeman,	E. L. Fisher,
T. J. Rowe,	R. F. Edmonds,
W. M. Bergen,	H. E. McCollom,
J. H. Darling,	J. D. Warren,
C. W. Wilson,	M. A. Fedji,
T. M. Pugh,	J. L. Crawford,
	Charles Freimuth.

For All Attendants.

The anniversary reception to be held this evening at the rectory of St. Paul's Episcopal church is for all attendants of the Episcopal churches in the city, whether young or old. Some have gained the idea that it is only for old members, but this is incorrect. It is to be a social event, and an entertaining program will be given.

Moer-Barthe.

The wedding of Mrs. Belle Smith Moer and Arthur C. Barthe took place yesterday afternoon at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Martha Smith, of 2 Chester terrace. The service was read by Rev. T. H. Cleland, and the wedding was a very quiet one. Mr. and Mrs. Barthe left for a short wedding trip, and will return to Duluth, where they will be at home.

Events of Interest.

Tomorrow evening the first of the season's Assembly dances will be given at the Spaulding. La Brosse will play the program of dances and the affair is expected to be a most delightful one.

* * *

This evening the first of the dances of the Bachelor club will be given at Temple Dancing hall. Preparations have been made for a most enjoyable affair and these dances promise to be among the most enjoyable of the winter.

Personal Mention.

Mrs. Julia M. Barnes left today for a trip to the Twin Cities and Council Bluffs, Iowa, where she will attend the wedding of a niece.

* * *

Mrs. A. E. Paul of 16 East Superior street has returned from a six week's visit at Saginaw, Toledo, Ohio, Grand Rapids and Chicago. Her brother accompanied her here and will make his home in this city.

* * *

Mr and Mrs. C. F. Macdonald of St. Cloud, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Macdonald of 225 Fifteenth avenue East, returned home this morning.

* * *

Sir Harcourt James Lees, Bart., accompanied by his daughter, Mrs. George Nelson of Washington, D. C., is visiting his daughter, Mrs. John Franey, of Jefferson street.

* * *

Mrs. Ray T. Lewis has returned from a visit at Boston.

USE OF RIBBONS

Employed to an Unusual Extent In Trimming of Hats.

The fashion of ribbons is so decided this season that they are used to an unusual extent for trimming hats, for ornamenting gowns, for a numberless variety of sashes and bows, and even for embroidery. They are therefore seen in widths varying from the narrowest, so tiny that they are suitable for fashioning the daintiest floral designs, to gorgeous sash ribbons twelve inches wide, says the Brooklyn Eagle.

The variety of widths is exceeded only by the variety of qualities and the perfect riot of colors, among which are seen all of the season's new shades; the gunmetal grays, delft and gendarme blues, plum and prune, the raspberry shades and greens particularly in bronze and olive. In the soft ribbons, louisine and peau de soie, all of these tints appear in solid colors for trimming hats, and there is also an exquisite collection of pastel shades in the same qualities of ribbon. One of the prettiest of this year's ribbon fashions in millinery is the combination of the light, medium and dark shades of the same color, or of several of the pastel shades instead of using shaded ribbon, and with the shaded tips so much in vogue this combination gives the most beautiful effect.

More ribbons are used to some extent on hats though they are not extremely fashionable and they come chiefly in black, purple and the darker colors. Velvet ribbons are conspicuous in all colors, some of the new shades being particularly beautiful; in fact this ribbon, which is used in 1½ and 2 inch widths is one of the strong features of the season. Shaded ribbons in beautiful effects are seen and in the wide louisines for sashes the shading is so gradual that it is hardly noticeable, and yet one edge of the ribbon is in the palest possible shade while the other edge is decidedly dark. A new idea illustrated in some shaded ribbons, is the separation of the different shades by means of corded stripes accentuating very strongly the graduation from light to dark.

Soft ribbons in shepherds plaid checks come in the 4-inch width, presumably intended for neckwear, and in the gay plaids there are as many different varieties of coloring in ribbons as there are in dress materials. Many of the handsome wide ribbons for sashes show enormous flowers more or less indistinct in design and usually in the more delicate colors. A distinctly new and very attractive design this season is of fern leaves done in the palest shades of red and brown that appear very effectively on 12-inch ribbon. Much of this wide ribbon has a satin border of about half an inch either in one of the colors of the design or else matching the background.

The Persian ribbons, both wide and narrow, are particularly beautiful, a novelty being sash ribbons that in coloring and pattern are strikingly like the old fashioned Paisley shawls. For belting there is a ribbon in widths from one to three or four inches, the background of which is of gold thread with a handsome Persian design done in rich colors, and for trimmings there are the daintiest narrow Persian ribbons in all varieties of color.

Taffetas and liberty satin ribbons which are always in demand are to be had in all of the standard widths and shades beside meeting the demand for novelty in the way of the latest fashions in color.

A SKIN OF BEAUTY IS A JOY FOREVER.

DR. T. FELIX GOURAUD'S ORIENTAL CREAM, OR MAGICAL BEAUTIFIER.



Removes Tan, Pimples, Freckles, Moth Patches, Rash, and Skin Diseases, and every blemish on beauty, and defies detection. It has stood the test of 66 years, and is so harmless we taste it to be sure it is properly made. Accept no counterfeit of similar name. Dr. L. A. Sayre said to a lady of the haut-ton (a patient): "As you ladies will use them, I recommend 'Gouraud's Cream' as the least harmful of all the skin preparations." For sale by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers in the U. S., Canadas, and Europe.

FERD. T. HOPKINS, Prop'r, 37 Great Jones St., N. Y.

OFFERINGS IN THE MARKET.

Lake Superior trout, 12½ cents lb.
Fresh pike, 15 cents lb.
Salmon, 20 cents lb.
Halibut, 15 cents lb.
Smoked white fish, 12 cents lb.
Red cabbage, 10 cents head.
Cauliflower, 10 to 15 cents a head.
Apples.

Have fish tomorrow. They are "bleedin' fresh" says the market man and really although you may not know one from the other as they lay there so cool and fresh looking in their bed of ice. Fish on a platter with a little something green for garnish and a squeeze of lemon seems the only thing to be desired. The housewife of Duluth has a splendid fish market to choose from and it must remain her own fault if an appetizing, brain-cell-producing fish does not appear at her table at least once a week.

The apples for the winter are arriving by the boat load and the price is high. The stock is fine and Kings and Baldwins, Greenings, Wagners, Hubbards and Nonsuch repose in the barrels and invite purchase. Apples are almost a luxury this year, however, and many housekeepers are waiting before purchasing their winter supply to see if the price will not come down. It won't, says the market man, and there is no object in waiting.



HUNTING A RIVAL.

By Edgar Gunn.

(Copyright, 1905, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

When Harry Emmerson came home crowned with success and honor, the uppermost thought in his mind was of Helen Ashton. It was not only uppermost, but all-pervading. Sweet as were the anticipations of his parents' pride and joy over his accomplishments, even these were secondary to the welcome he expected to receive from his boyhood sweetheart.

To be sure, no formal engagement existed between them, but it had been tacitly understood when he went forth into the world that when he attained a sufficient measure of success he would return and claim her for his own bride.

The struggle had been fierce and consuming. Success had not descended upon him like a gentle dove. It never does in real life. He had wrested it from an unwilling world by desperate energy, self-abnegating persistence, tireless persistence. With no backing of money or influence the young engineer had found it very hard to get a foothold in the slippery path to achievement.

It had seemed at first that he never would be given an opportunity to show what he could do. But with iron determination he had forced himself to be thorough with the inconsequential things he was set to do and to wait patiently the opportunity he resolutely believed would come to him. Nor was a moment wasted. Every leisure hour was devoted to perfecting himself in all the branches of his profession.

So when the opportunity came he was thoroughly prepared and able to avail himself of it. His performances had startled the engineering world and his resources and mastery of principles surprised the older engineers. Then, of course, opportunities crowded upon him and he rose rapidly, until at last he saw an assured career before him and felt his feet upon the rocks of safety.

Then he turned back to the old town and the friends of his boyhood. Then did he feel that he could go back to Helen and lay his heart and his achievements at her feet. Then did he permit himself to go back and hear the old father say, "Well done," and to see the light of pride beam in his mother's eyes.

Now, all this had taken much time. Ten years had gone by since he left, a lad of 20, to do battle with the world. He had not taken time from his strenuous work to so much as visit the old home. Indeed, he had no desire to do so until he could take with him the laurel wreath. He had corresponded with Helen, but not very regularly, and had kept out of his letters all the tender sentiment he felt, because he felt that she must come to him only as the crown of success. Nor did she feel justified in paying court to her until he had proven himself worthy. Now he hastened to her with the consciousness of his deserts and eager for his bliss.

But the absorbed young man had forgotten that the years had brought their changes and their experiences to other people as well as to him. What, then, was his surprise and dismay to learn before he had fairly arrived at the home town the universal gossip that Helen Ashton was about to become the bride of Herbert Nieman, the heir to the Nieman millions. At first he was full of unreasoning anger and rushed off post haste to accuse her of fickleness and reproach her for broken faith. But she received him with such evident cordiality and pleasure and her clear eyes looked so honestly into his that his purpose failed.

Besides, it was a very different person into whose presence he was ushered than the laughing, mischievous, vivacious girl of 16 from whom he had parted ten years ago. As she came forward to greet him in the full glow of young womanhood, tall, serene, self-poised and beautiful as a Greek goddess, he felt a shock as from a bucket of ice water, and instantly it came to his clear intelligence that while he had been growing in his life she had been growing in hers. He realized also that he had established no claim upon her excepting in his own consciousness. He saw the injustice and selfishness of his years of silence and he saw the poetic justice of the losing of the main prize of his efforts, after all, as a result of his blind pride.

More than this, as he talked with her he felt the power of her personality and began to wonder if he was not presumptuous in aspiring to his beautiful cerature, despite all his success.

In fact, as he walked the floor that night he began to doubt the measure of his own accomplishments when viewed relatively. Why, indeed, should this glorious creature, upon whom the luxuries of the world would sit so well, choose a life of ordinary domesticity when the treasures of the world were laid at her feet? After all his success meant only the privilege to keep on working hard, tunneling more mountains, battling more of the difficulties of nature. He never could hope for great riches. Indeed, he never had coveted them. A liberal increase he was assured of—but palaces and yachts and leisure and travel and princely luxuries he could hope for, if at all, only after many years more of work and then only by changing his motives and his ideals and his methods.

On the other hand, there was Nieman with all his millions inherited from both his father and his mother, invested in securities which brought an income beyond the hope of spending—he could give her every heart's desire and permit her to shine as she was meant to shine. With him she could become but a part of his life, and radiate only his achievements. With Nieman her own world opened before her. Emmerson admitted this to himself with great bitterness.

Manlike he accepted his conclusions as established facts, and even in his repentance failed to declare his love. He showed it plainly enough and railed to her at his ill fortune. She was provokingly insensible and teasingly coquettish. Emmerson was driven distracted by her and the love he had felt for the girl sweetheart he had left seemed puny beside the great passion he conceived for the woman he found.

"When are you going to Midas' Cleft?" he asked savagely one day.

"When he asks me—maybe," she replied.

"Are you engaged to him?" he persisted.

"That's rather impudent," she replied. "Well if you are not, it is all understood, I reckon," he went on, disregarding the danger signals in her eyes. "The Lord knows I don't blame you. What has a poor devil like me to offer you excepting a decent living and a heart full of love."

Just then a servant announced Mr. Nieman.

"You never offered me anything as yet," she said audaciously, as she arose and turned toward the door.

Emmerson leaped to his feet and started toward her. Just then Nieman entered, tall, cadaverous, his death-white complexion accentuated by the monocle he affected and Miss Ashton received him warmly, while Emmerson sank back into his seat with a surly nod.

Nieman was to take her to the opera, so it seemed and soon they went, leaving Emmerson still sitting gloomily in his chair.

"Curse the luck. What did she mean?" he muttered. "Have I missed still another chance? That fellow looks like he was going to propose tonight."

He was right. On the way home in his carriage, Nieman formally laid himself and the Nieman millions at her feet.

When they returned she found Emmerson still there, greatly to her surprise.

"Well," he said, "I thought I would wait and learn the worst," he said. "Did he ask you?"

"Yes," she replied demurely, flushing deeply."

"And when are you to become a happy bride?" he persisted.

She walked straight up to him and looked into his eyes mischievously.

"Whenever you ask me, you great goose," she said.

THE SERPENT TALKS

And Refers to an Episode in the Gaiden of Eden.

The woman stood by the railing in the serpent house looking at the snake, says the New York Sun.

The big snake in the bath eyed her sharply. So did the one in the corner. She looked appealing up at the one in the tree and found him looking quietly down on her.

He seemed exaggeratedly large coiled there. She was glad that the glass intervened between them.

"If you please," she began with a smile, "I should like you to come down from your perch and talk with me a while. I have been sent to interview you."

The tree began to shake as the serpent obligingly uncoiled himself, and it shook so creakingly that the woman threw up her hands.

"Never mind," she cried. "You can talk with me quite as well up there. Stay! Stay!"

The serpent coiled himself up again and looked down at her in a fatigued way as much as to say that he was exceedingly wearied but not surprised; that he knew a few things about the changeableness of woman. The woman put in her time wondering what would happen if all three snakes pressed themselves suddenly against the glass and wished she hadn't come.

"I should like to ask you a few questions," she said timidly, when she had mustered sufficient courage, "in regard to that apple."

The eyes of the serpent brightened. He turned his head sharply and shot out his tongue.

"It's an old story," he hissed.

"Never mind. I have heard some of Chauncey's," the woman rejoined, coaxingly. "What I want is to hear your version of it."

The serpent eyed her a trifle suspiciously out of his lidless eyes as one who knew women to his sorrow.

"I see how Eve had the best of it there in the garden," continued the woman. "You hadn't the ghost of a show. There were no reporters or lawyers or anything about. I think it's about time you should have a square deal."

At this the eyes of the serpent gleamed in such a winning smile that the woman was again glad that the glass intervened or he might have charmed her and swallowed her, and she had some work to do before she would be ready to be swallowed.

"It's a fact," he said complacently. "There was nothing square about it. Eve had the first say and nobody was allowed to contradict her. If you could only have seen me then!" bitterly.

"I know," said the woman, nodding understandingly. "Mr. Ditmars told me. You are a lizard."

"A lizard!" and at the deeptoned resentment of the voice the woman with difficulty restrained a mad impulse to leap over the rail.

"I was a splendid dragon. I was the most magnificent thing in the way of a dragon you ever laid eyes on. Every color of the rainbow I was, iridescent, winged. Look at me now."

"You are beautiful," the woman said encouragingly, and as he showed some inclination to approach nearer at this compliment, "from that distance," she concluded suavely, "I can see you much better up there."

The serpent did a serpentine twist that would have turned a Waldorf waiter green with envy and smiled with a pleased show of fangs.

"You women," he said, "you are the ruin of serpents and men with your flattering ways."

The woman turned her head sideways as she looked at him.

"I want to know the truth," she said. "I am a woman too, but women are tricky creatures. I must acknowledge it. They are like cats. You can't trust them to be truthful with each other, so how can you trust them to be truthful with serpents and men? You weren't in it there in the garden. Tell me," leaning closer, "did you tempt that young woman Eve to eat the apple or did she tempt you? Or maybe she tempted you to tempt her to eat the apple. Was that how it was?"

The serpent coiled himself a time or two turning it over. The tree creaked heavily. He paused and fixed one eye upon her.

"It shan't go any further, promised the woman recklessly, then remembering, "that is," she added, "not much."

The serpent appeared to consider.

"I promise not to embroider it or fill up more space than is absolutely necessary," said the woman, taking out her pencil and pad. "I'll put it down word for word and let you look it over before it goes to press, if you like."

The serpent went coiling about the tree again, turning it over. Part of the time his head hung down and part of the time his tail.

"Eve was a beautiful woman," he said by and by with apparent irrelevance.

Another whirl.

"And a very charming woman, too," and the way he did those serpentine twists was a thing to look at.

"I was a magnificent dragon," he mourned, "and I was forced forever afterward to crawl on my face on account of that story of hers. It was a terrible humiliation; a terrible humiliation. But Eve was a beautiful woman and a charming one," lingeringly. "A charming one."

There was silence for a space. He broke it.

"Many a man has died for a woman," he reasoned. "It is the least we serpents can do to crawl on our faces for her and bite the dust."

The serpent coiled himself uneasily for a time, and then arranging himself comfortably in the original coil, looked down upon the woman with an eye in which dwelt a melancholy resignation.

"It has been a long time," he concluded, "and it's such an old story that it may as well remain as it is. There's no use changing it. Eve was a pretty woman and a charming one, and as for us, we have crawled so long on our faces that we have got used to it."

He laid his face on his topmost coil and his lidless eyes contracted.

"We won't give her away," he decided, and was still.

The woman bowed low as she looked up at the tree.

"It seems to me, Mr. Serpent," said she, "that you are very much of a gentleman."

Wounds, Bruises and Burns.

By applying an antiseptic dressing to wounds, bruises, burns and like injuries before inflammation sets in, they may be healed without maturation and in about one-third the time required by the old treatment. This is the greatest discovery and triumph of modern surgery. Chamberlain's Pain Balm acts on this same principle. It is an antiseptic and when applied to such injuries, causes them to heal very quickly. It also allays the pain and soreness and prevents any danger of blood poisoning. Keep a bottle of Pain Balm in your home and it will save you time and money, not to mention the inconvenience and suffering such injuries entail. For sale by all leading druggists.

An ad in our real estate or for sale columns, containing as many words as this paragraph, will cost you 20 cents, and will probably sell that piece of property for you.

Watch!

Tomorrow night's Evening Herald for an important announcement.

French & Bassett
DULUTH, MINN.
Corner First Street and Third Avenue West.

A New Dept.

The opening will be announced in Friday night's Evening Herald.

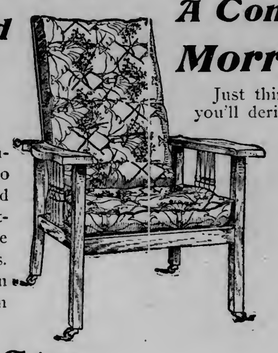
Time Spent In Investigation

In going carefully through our immense stocks, comparing our qualities and prices with those of other stores will be time well spent. A thorough investigation will convince you that quality for quality our prices are the money-saving kind, and that here is the place for you to buy your Furniture and Homefurnishings.



These Splendid Sideboards $10.75

An excellent piece of furniture—containing a large linen drawer—two silver drawers—and a good-sized cupboard at bottom. Tops are neatly carved and have good-sized plate mirror — neat brass mountings. These sideboards are the equal in every respect of boards priced in other stores at $18.



A Comfortable, Easy Morris Chair, $5

Just think of it, what lots of comfort you'll derive from one of these splendid chairs, for but $5—and they are splendid chairs, too. The frames are of solid oak—in the golden finish—are a solidly constructed chair — cushions are reversible and covered with the best grade of figured velour—backs adjustable with rod — such chairs are priced at $8 and $10 in other stores. We offer them to you at but $5.

The Heater Store

The Home of the Great Bucks,



Yes. "The Heater Store" has been for many years past and is this season more popular than ever.

Is THE heater store where time-tried and proven satisfactory heaters (the Great Bucks) are, where the best known and most widely used heating stoves are gathered and in the most attractive, the most satisfactory and easiest priced way.

You are ABSOLUTELY safe in heater buying here; you'll have no annoying "heater troubles"—you'll find here just the heater you want and at the price you have in mind to pay.

$1 Down and $1 a Week— or Your Old Stove as First Payment

and the balance $1 a week or $5 a month are the special liberal terms on which we are selling ANY Stove or Range in the store. Better examine this splendid line of Stoves before you buy. You'll be money ahead on your purchase and on your fuel bill.

F. N. Matthews & Co.
CHICAGO

The Well-Known Makers of

Women's High-Grade Apparel

Will be in this City with a Collection of

Exclusive Models in Cloth and Fur

Representing Tailored Suits, Tailored Coats, Evening Coats, Automobile Clothing, Silk Waists, Lingerie Waists, Fur Muffs, Scarfs, Fur Coats in Seal, Persian and Broadtail, and Fur-lined Coats in their various combinations.

WILL BE AT

SPALDING HOTEL

FRIDAY and SATURDAY

OCTOBER 27th and 28.

THOUSANDS HAVE KIDNEY TROUBLE AND DON'T KNOW IT



To Prove what Swamp-Root, the Great Kidney Remedy, will do for YOU, Every Reader of The Herald May Have a Sample Bottle Sent Free by Mail.

Weak and unhealthy kidneys are responsible for more sickness and suffering than any other disease, therefore, when through neglect or other causes, kidney trouble is permitted to continue, fatal results are sure to follow.

Your other organs may need attention—but your kidneys most, because they do most and need attention first.

If you are sick or "feel badly" begin taking Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy, because as soon as your kidneys begin to get better they will help all the other organs to health. A trial will convince anyone.

The mild and immediate effect of Swamp-Root the great kidney and bladder remedy is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. Swamp-Root will set your whole system right, and the best proof of this is a trial.

53 Cottage St., Melrose, Mass.

Dear Sir:

"Ever since I was in the Army, I had more or less kidney trouble, and within the past year it became so severe and complicated that I suffered everything and was much alarmed—my strength and power was fast leaving me. I saw an advertisement of Swamp-Root and wrote asking for advice. I began the use of the medicine and noted a decided improvement after taking Swamp-Root only a short time.

I continued its use and am thankful to say that I am entirely cured and strong. In order to be very sure about this, I had a doctor examine some of my water today and he pronounced it all right and in splendid condition.

I know that your Swamp-Root is purely vegetable and does not contain any harmful drugs. Thanking you for my complete recovery and recommending Swamp-Root to all sufferers I am,"

Very truly yours,

I. C. RICHARDSON.

Swamp-Root is not recommended for everything, but it promptly cures kidney, liver and bladder troubles, the symptoms of which are—obliged to pass your water frequently night and day, smarting or irritation in passing, brickdust or sediment in the urine, headache, backache, lame back, dizziness, poor digestion, sleeplessness, nervousness, heart disturbance due to bad kidney trouble, skin eruptions from bad blood, neuralgia, rheumatism, diabetes, bloating, irritability, wornout feeling, lack of ambition, loss of flesh, sallow complexion, or Bright's disease.

If your water, when allowed to remain undisturbed in a glass or bottle for twenty-four hours, forms a sediment or settling or has a cloudy appearance, it is evidence that your kidneys and bladder need immediate attention.

Swamp-Root is pleasant to take and is for sale at drug stores the world over in bottles of two sizes and two prices—fifty cents and one dollar. Remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

EDITORIAL NOTE.—In order to prove the wonderful merits of Swamp-Root you may have a sample bottle and a book of valuable information, both sent absolutely free by mail. The book contains many of the thousands upon thousands of testimonial letters received from men and women cured. The value and success of Swamp-Root are so well known that our readers are advised to send for a sample bottle. In sending your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure to say you read this generous offer in The Duluth Evening Herald. The genuineness of this offer is guaranteed.

IS RUNNING SMOOTHLY

No Signs of Wear Appear On the Bridge Trucks.

Roof Will Protect Passengers While Repairs Are Made.

"The ferry bridge has never been running more smoothly than it is now," said City Engineer McGilvray this morning.

'No signs of wear appear upon the trucks, which have been recently made at the Clyde Iron works in this city, and installed by the foreman, Gus Rakowsky.

"I have recommended to the board of public works that in view of the fact that the Waukesha company is about to install an entirely new overhead system, it would be a proper precaution to cover the uncovered portion of the car, as a portion of a bolt fell from above some time ago. This precaution should be taken to safeguard the motorman and the drivers of teams on the bridge, especially since no shelter has been provided for the motorman.

"This roof would be a protection against any article that might be dropped from above while the work is being done. A wrench or some other tool might drop at any time, and it would probably result in a fatal accident if it struck any person.

"The tracks on which the trucks run will be aligned at the same time that the new gear is put in. About half of the new machinery has arrived, and it will be put in as soon as possible and before the very cold weather arrives.

"Some kind of a heating apparatus, such as is used on the large street cars, should be installed in the waiting rooms at the same time.

"We hope to keep the bridge running during the greater part of the time that the new machinery is being installed. The foreman managed to put in a new truck a few days ago without shutting down the bridge more than twenty minutes, and the bridge will keep right on running just as regularly as possible during the time the repairs are being made."

That the trouble experienced with the machinery is not looked upon very seriously by outside engineers is evidenced by the fact that in at least two other cities bridges are now in contemplation, and the engineers who have inspected the Duluth bridge have not looked upon the trouble with the machinery as any material drawback, but have reported favorably on the plans.

THE BLIND AND THE HALT

Of the Winnebago Tribe to Parade Through Streets.

Black River Falls, Wis., Oct. 26.—Something of a sensational and out-of-the-ordinary event is expected at the annual payment of the Winnebago Indians here, to begin about the fourteenth of November. The United States government has decided that these Indians are no longer "wards of the government," but that they are citizens of the United States and therefore subject to the same treatment that any other citizen should receive.

There are now about sixty of the Indians near here, who are practically paupers and should be on the poor house list, but which the authorities have never put there. In order to make it an object lesson it has been decided to have these sixty indigents paid on the first day and to have them all here at once. There are among these nine that are blind, five cripples and one feeble-minded.

After their payment it is proposed to have them form a line of march from the city hall down Main street to Water street, where a great feast will be spread for them by the business men of the city.

It is thought that such a display will show more the actual needs of these unfortunates than can be done in any other way, and that in this way it may arouse some one to efforts in their behalf.

The majority of these sixty are entirely dependent upon the charity of Indians themselves and it is thought that if the United States government has rejected all claims to their care then the state or county should make some provisions for them at once, as it does for its white paupers.

What will be done about them at the next payment in regard to intoxication is being considered by the agents of the government and in order to have anything like a respectable payment it is suggested that every one of them may be put on the black list, as the saloon keepers have heretofore shown that they intend to get every cent they can from them at these times.

DENTIST FOR DOLLS.

The very latest is a doll's dentist, says the New York Sun. One of the doll hospitals in the shopping district now advertises that it has an expert and is prepared to do any kind of dentistry required by any doll. The next will probably be doll massage parlors and doll manicure establishments.

BULL WAS AN OUTLAW

Great Northern Attorney Raises Novel Point of Law.

Disclaims Responsibility of the Road For Its Death.

Claiming that Louis Oust, a St. Louis county farmer, violated the state law in allowing his bull to run at large, Heber McHugh, attorney for the Great Northern road, disclaimed all responsibility on the part of the road for the bull's death which was caused by a Great Northern train on Aug. 2.

The case is being tried in the municipal court before Judge Windom. The plaintiff, who is represented by Leo Ball, asks to recover $45 as the value of the animal, whose death he claims, was due to the negligence of the road in failing to provide proper fences and cattle guards.

The road's attorney claims that the bull should have been kept confined, in accordance with the state law, and that the farmer in allowing it to run at large forfeited all legal rights to the protection of the animal.

"The bull was an outlaw," said Mr. McHugh, "and as such it had no right to protection under the law."

The point is a rather novel one, and was brought on a motion to dismiss the case, made by the attorney for the road. If it is sustained by Judge Windom, it will result in all cases to collect for bulls, stallions and other animals mentioned in the statute, being thrown out of court. Should the motion be denied the case will go to the jury on the evidence.

It was only a few days ago that another St. Louis county farmer was given a verdict for $110 for a bull and and a cow which had been killed by the Great Northern road, but this point was not raised concerning the bull at that time.

PEARL STEALER CAUGHT.

Trick of Parisian Adventuress Is Detected at Marseilles.

Paris, Oct. 26.—One of those cosmopolitan adventuresses who are common in Paris has been arrested for stealing jewels and precious stones from the shops. She is known as "the pearl stealer," and has carried on operations with the assistance of confederates in Italy and Austria, as well as in France. She fleeced both jewelers and old curiosity shop proprietors who had antique ornaments and rare gems for sale.

She usually went to order jewelry with a man given out to be her fiance. Both talked glibly of their approaching marriage, their noble relations and their future prospects to the jeweler on whom they had designs, and while he was interested in their conversation one of the adventurers generally managed to abstract some of his valuables.

Sometimes the woman was accompanied by a distinguished looking elderly man, who was represented as her father. The elderly person was either an Austrian count, a South American colonel or a Hungarian magnate, the adventuress herself being by turn a blonde and a brunette.

She was apprehended at Marseilles, whither she went recently, as she found Paris too dangerous. Entering a shop of a dealer of antique gems at Marseilles she tried her usual tricks of conversation and fascination, but after she left several precious stones were missing. The dealer's daughter went after the adventuress and had her arrested at the railway station.

ELOPED WITH A BOY.

Sioux City, Iowa, Oct. 26.—The elopement of Mrs. Mary Essa, aged 40 years, with her cousin, Tom Essa, a beardless boy of 17 years, is a revelation of love run riot. Infatuated with the boy since he lay in his cradle at the foot of Mt. Lebanon, the woman has never conquered her curious longing for the association of the lad. When he arrived here from the old country, two weeks ago, the woman fell on his neck and cried for joy. The two have since been almost inseparable, although the boy's mother has endeavored to keep him away from Mrs. Essa. Now they have run away together, it is thought to Sioux Falls.

It is believed here that the woman has a husband living in Canada, to which country she went from her native land.

Piles Cured.

Suffering for Years, and Bed-Ridden From Piles, a Contractor of Marion, Indiana, is Cured by Pyramid Pile Cure.

Trial Package Mailed Free to All Who Send Name and Address.

"I was troubled with piles for several years before I would let it be known. But at last they became so severe that I could not walk and I had to take my bed. I tried everything and anything the doctors prescribed, and took their treatments for a long time. But nothing ever did me any good. I had seen your ad. in different newspapers, so I got a 50-cent box and began using them. From the very first I got quick relief and by the time I was starting on my third box I saw I was cured. I have not been troubled with them since. Now you can use this as you please, because it is genuine. Yours, T. A. Sutton, Stone and Cement Contractor, Marion, Ind."

Instant relief can be gotten by using the marvelous Pyramid Pile Cure. It immediately reduces all congestion and swelling, heals all sores, ulcers and irritated parts.

The moment you start to use it your suffering ends and the cure of your dread disease is in sight.

The Pyramid Pile Cure renders a surgical operation foolhardy. Don't back to pieces those tender muscles which must be intact if a satisfactory cure is to be obtained.

The Pyramid Pile Cure is put up in the form of "easy-to-use," specially made, suppositories. They are soothing, painless, instant and certain.

A trial treatment will be sent you at once by mail, in plain, sealed wrapper, without a cent of expense to you, if you send your name and address to Pyramid Drug Co., 4226 Pyramid Building, Marshall, Mich.

After you receive the sample, you can get a regular-size package of Pyramid Pile Cure at your druggist's for 50 cents, or if he hasn't it, send us the money and we will send it to you.

THE LEGEND OF MANITOA

Pastor Discovers the True Religion of the Iowa Indians.

Report to Be Filed With the State Historical Society.

Des Moines, Iowa, Oct. 26.—Rev. Duren J. H. Ward, after three months with the Musquakie Indians at Tama City, Iowa, has at last discovered the religion and faith of the only band of redskins left on Iowa soil.

For years the chiefs of the tribes of this people have baffled all efforts of missionaries to find out their beliefs. It took Dr. Ward three months to get a statement of the Musquakie creed. In a few days he will file with the State Historical society the result of his summer's work.

"For years our Christian people have marveled because of the unbelief of the Indians," said Dr. Ward, who returned yesterday to report at the Iowa Unitarian conference. "Now we find that their faith is not so different from ours. After I had been with the tribe three months I succeeded in getting a council of war.

"It was only after an hour's conversation with aid of an interpreter that I was able to make Chief Pashatanequa believe that I meant his tribe no harm. When with his counselors he appeared before me, I explained that I was the agent of the State Historical society and that all I wanted was some record to place under the great gilded dome at the statehouse. The chief said he would talk. Then he told me the legend of Manitoa, the great spirit. In this legend is all the religion of the Indians of Iowa, and it is a beautiful religion, too, if we will but study it."

The legend as it will appear in the state records when Dr. Ward files his report, will read as follows:

"In the beginning, when the great Manitca created the clouds and the sky and the earth and the big rivers, he looked at them and said: 'It is all good.' Then he looked about him and he said: 'What shall I now make?' And he cut out a piece of his own heart, bright and red, and he made a man and spoke life into him and spoke to him, and said, 'Look at yourself and tell me what you see,' and he answered, 'I see Musquakie' (which means made from the red heart).

"The great Manitoa took yellow and red and black earth and made other men and we have told them this legend and they liked it not. Strife arose, and that was the beginning of war. This is the true story of the creation."

Dr. Ward says that all the religion that can ever be pounded into the Musquakie Indians is contained in this legend. It is their Bible.

"After my long interview with Pashatanequa I knew that the faith could never be shaken," said Dr. Ward. "I knew that the best we can ever do for the Indian is to incite in him a desire to be a good Musquakie, and that is what I tried to do during the remaining portion of my visit. If we send missionaries we must send men who will leave out the story of the Christ and dwell upon the Manitoa instead. After all, if the Indians are honest, industrious and sober, and lovers of right, what does it matter whether they emulate the example of Manitoa or some other spirit or being which could mean nothing more to them."

Dr. Ward's report will show that there are 232 Indians now in the tribe. They own their own farms and are not on a reservation as commonly supposed. They have increased in twenty years from eighty to 232. The death of thirty of their number from smallpox last year sobered them up. Their doctors could not treat the cases. Paleface doctors had to be called in and the efforts of the state to stop the plague caused a kindlier feeling than would any number of missionary teachers.

MAN ACTS LIKE DEMON.

Kicks Infant and Threatens His Wife With Death.

Fergus Falls, Minn., Oct. 26.—A sad story was related in the probate court here yesterday. Ferdinand Brakob, a prominent farmer of the town of Gorman, appearing to see what could be done to restrain his brother-in-law, John Weise, also of that town.

Weise is a man of about 34, and is married to Julianna Brakob. He has been drinking heavily of late, and about a week ago came home in an intoxicated condition, and after striking his wife several times about the head, seized the infant child which she was holding in her arms, dashed it to the floor and kicked it across the room. He then turned to his wife, declaring that he would kill her, but she succeeded in breaking away from him and ran screaming from the house.

A neighbor, who happened to be passing, came to her rescue and Weise, seeing him coming, returned to his wagon, jumped in and drove furiously to Perham. He left the team in a livery barn there and disappeared.

The horses were returned to Mrs. Weise, and a few days after his departure she hitched up the team and took a load of wheat to Luce station, as she needed money to buy family necessities. The saloon man who had furnished Weise with liquor appeared on the scene and demanded money for the drink bill, and the elevator man turned it over to him.

Last night someone appeared at the window of her home, rapped several times and then fired a pistol into the air and disappeared. Mrs. Weise fears that it was her husband, and that he will yet return and murder her, and Mr. Brakob will file information of insanity against him and the sheriff has been directed to make a search and apprehend him if possible.

Brakob states that Weise is a man of kindly disposition when sober, but a perfect demon when drunk, and that excessive drinking appears to have weakened his mind lately, so that he frequently goes about talking incoherently.

YOUNG WINCHELL'S JOB.

Son of $50,000 Railway President Gets $60 Per Month.

Fort Worth, Tex., Oct. 26.—B. L. Winchell, Jr., has a job. The young son of the president of the Rock Island railway system is now in the engineering department of the Trinity and Brazos valley. It is not much of a job, but he can make enough out of it to keep the wolf away from the door if he applies himself. His headquarters are in Mexia, and reports from that place are that he is "making good."

B. L. Winchell, Sr., is earning $50,000 a year. B. L. Winchell, Jr., gets $60 a month. And he is paying every cent of his own expenses on this salary. He says he has to, as his father has turned his loose to hustle for himself.

Young Winchell is 22 years old. His father has given him some pretty good advice, and has let it go at that. The young fellow was at Fort Worth for a day or so looking for something to do, but failing to make a landing he went further south. He got the job at Maxia because there was an opening there at the time. He is being shown no favoritism. His father commanded him not to trade on his name, and young Winchell is following the instructions.

"I believe I will make a go of it," said young Winchell. "But I must confess that from a strictly pleasure standpoint I enjoyed touring Europe in an automobile more than I do working at my present job."

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DULUTH, MINN.

Select your holiday books now —special prices on sets.

Book Dep't. Is Now in New Quarters.

Our book business is growing—growing so rapidly we have had to give it new and larger quarters in a more prominent position in front of the elevator.

We have increased the stock—and now offer you all the popular books of the day—all the standard works of poetry, prose and fiction—history, travel and adventure—at Duluth's lowest prices.

Following are some of the books recently published and which the people are asking for:

	Publisher's Price.		Publisher's Price.
"Nedra," by George Barr McCutcheon	$1.50	"Rejuvination of Aunt Mary," by Anne Warner	$1.50
"The Man of the Hour," by Octave Thanet	$1.50	"The Breath of the Gods," by Sidney McCall	$1.50
"The Speculations of John Steele," by Robert Barr	$1.50	"The Garden of Allah," by Robert Hitchen	$1.50
"The Gambler," by Katherine C. Thurston	$1.50	"Pam," by Bellina Von Hutten	$1.50
"The Social Secretary," by David Graham Phillips	$1.50	"Cecelia's Lovers," by Amelia E. Barr	$1.50
"Pipetown Sandy," by John Philip Sousa	$1.50	"The Resurrection of Miss Cynthia," by Florence M. Kingsley	$1.50

Our Price $1.19

"Rose O' the River," by Kate Douglas Wiggins, publisher's price $1.25—now $1.05
"At the Sign of the Jack O'Lantern," by Myrtle Reed, net price $1.50
"Howdy, Honey, Howdy," by Paul Lawrence Dunbar—net price $1.50

Crosette Shoes for Men, $3.50 @ $4, in the Annex.

Freimuth's
Lake Avenue, Michigan and Superior Streets, Duluth, Minn.

Get a Good Shine Tomorrow for 5c, in the Annex.....

FRIDAY is BARGAIN DAY IN THE DAYLIGHT BASEMENT!

$10 WASHING MACHINES FOR $5.98.
High-grade Washing machine—installment houses get $10.00—special tomorrow at each..... $5.98



BROILERS, 10c—Wire broilers, like cut—nothing better for small steaks, each.... 10c

25c COAT AND PANTS FORMS, 15c.
Coat and Pants Forms—will hold a suit and two extra pairs of pants—regular 25c—special each..... 15c

$3.00 GARBAGE BARRELS, $2.19.
Best galvanized iron garbage cans—barrel size—reg. $3—special each... $2.19

25c FLOUR SIFTERS, 15c.
Shober's Flour Sifters—the 25c kind—at each..... 15c

50c COAL SIFTERS, 29c.
Barrel Top Coal Sifters—hardware store price is 50c—special each..... 29c



35c FRUIT PRESS, 25c.
Fruit Press like cut—regular 35c—special—each 25c

15c CARPET WHIP, 10c.
Best steel wire Carpet Whips—regular 15c—special—each... 10c



LITTLE THINGS AT SMALL PRICES.

5c Dover Egg Whip, each....
5c Flue Stops, each.....
5c Wax Tapers, each.....
5c Vegetable Brush, each 3c

8c Lid Lifters, each.....
10c Nickel Pokers, each.....
8c Coal Shovels, each.....
10c Cake Turners, each..... 5c

NOW HARVESTING PEANUT CROP

Busy Days In Virginia—How the Yield Is Handled.

Suffolk, Va., Oct. 26.—Peanuts are harvested this month and this is the largest market in the world for homegrown nuts. When it is remembered that Americans consume annually more than 6,000,000 bushels of peanuts grown in this and other Southern states, and at a cost of over $14,000,000, it is not to be wondered that a short crop has caused the producers to demand a high price.

In suitable soil the peanut will grow in any latitude where Indian corn will thrive, but a good crop depends entirely on the climate—conditions which are found on the Atlantic seaboard from New Jersey southward, in the Mississippi valley as far north as Wisconsin, and on the Pacific coast, south to the Columbia river. In the Virginia peanut section—and it is a very extensive one—it has been found that where the land is properly prepared there is little to be done in the way of cultivation after the seeds are placed in the ground.

It is always a nip and tuck race with Jack Frost to get the crop harvested before he shows his work, for a biting frost injures the nut and lessens the value of the vines for foliage purposes. Plows are made for harvesting the crop. The plow is long and keen and goes deep into the soil, thus preventing the bruising of the nuts. As the plowman loosens the vines from their beds, laborers with pitchforks follow him and remove the vines from the earth, shake off the loose soil and pile the vines, with their roots laden with nuts, in great piles. These workers are followed by others, who take the nut-laden vines and "shock" them around seven-foot poles. When the shock is finished, it is capped to keep out the rain and the shock is left undisturbed until ready for the "pickers," who are generally women and children, and are paid so much per bushel. The picking of the nuts is slow and tedious work and one of the largest items of expense to the grower. Some planters have invested in threshing machines, but nuts picked this way are not as marketable as the hand picked, the machine cracking and breaking the hulls.

In former years most planters had the nuts cleaned before sending to market, but since the establishing of "peanut factories" the nuts are brought in just as they are picked from the vines. The factories, which are in fact recleaners and graders, buy the output of the planters as farmer's stock, and after treatment of cleaning, polishing and sorting by both hand and machinery, the nut is ready for the consumer.

The factories are four-story buildings, but the machinery is neither costly nor complicated, consisting of fans, brushes, polishers, sifters and separators. As the great loads of nuts are brought to the factory they are sacked and carried to the top floor by elevators, where the nuts are dumped into large hoppers. Then they pass into large cylinders on the next floor, where they are cleaned by attrition, fans taking out the dust as they pass around the cylinders. From this floor the nuts pass to the second floor, where they go through fans which blow out and separate the lightweights and the others pass on to tables on endless movable belts. At these tables the hundreds of negro women and children pick out the discolored and faulty nuts and allow the better ones to pass on into a grader which grades the nuts as to size. Through all this machinery the nuts have been polished until they come out looking as clean and polished as a pearl. In this condition they are placed in chutes running to the lower floor, where they are sacked in burlap bags which have been stenciled with the names of the several brands, and are ready to be shipped to the cities throughout the country.

Every year the crop is becoming more valuable, and, while almost all Americans are peanut eaters, great inroads are being made on the crop by its utilization for other purposes. Millions of bushels are now being used in the Old World for the production of oil, which is regarded as fully equal to olive oil. The meal or cake after the oil has been pressed out is an excellent food for cattle.

At least $3,000,000 may be added to the value of the peanut crop as a direct benefit to the farmer, who turns his hogs into the fields as soon as the crop is harvested. The nuts left in the ground furnish sufficient food for almost the entire winter. The razorbacks get down to business when they are hungry, and with their long snouts turn up the ground, finding the nuts where they had been pulled from the roots of the vines. The vines are carefully saved and cured, making excellent forage for all kinds of live stock.

DAWES WAS VERY ANGRY

And Was Vigorously Hissed By the Nebraska Bankers.

Defender of Rich That Prey Through Frenzied Finance.

Lincoln, Neb. Oct. 26.—Former Controller of the Currency Charles G. Dawes was the stormcenter of a virulent debate at the meeting of the Nebraska Bankers' association Tuesday afternoon.

President Brown of the First National bank of Cambridge, Neb., had just concluded an address in which, after picturing the misdeeds of trusts, he had pleaded with the bankers to refuse to stand in the attitude of apologists for every crime wealth commits, but to line up with the people and fight predatory wealth.

Mr. Dawes took the platform with fire in his eyes. Shaking his fist vigorously and stamping the floor emphatically with his right foot, he declared he was tired of hearing such "miasmatic pessimism" as that of the preceding speaker. "To hell with platitudes," he declared, and as he did so, vigorous hissing assailed him, as well as some applause.

Angered still more by the disapproval shown, he launched forth into a vigorous defense of good corporations. He said what was demanded was the solving of the problem by clear-headed, right-thinking business men, not by candidates for office or writers of political platforms. He said stock swindles are traceable to the inherent dishonesty of the promoters of corporations, and every man had the opportunity to protect himself by finding out for himself what proportion of the true value of the property each share represented.

Mr. Dawes advised his hearers to leave off attacking wealth, stop indefinite criticism and stop fighting Rockefeller, but pick out specific wrongs and direct their efforts towards their correction.

Mr. Dawes vigorously was called down by the bankers. One declared he was sent out here to do what he had done, another taunted him with securing the controllership through Wall street influences. The meeting broke up in a row.

SATAN'S KINGDOM.

The unfortunate disaster by which a life has been lost on the Welsh mountain known as the Devil's Kitchen has drawn attention to the curious but seemingly universal practice of past times in naming peculiar natural formations after his satanic majesty, says the Dundee, Scotland, Advertiser. It is scarcely an exaggeration to say that hardly a county in the British Isles is without some place or thing with the designation devil. All of which prompts the thought that his satanic majesty must be a holder of a considerable amount of property on this terrestrial globe. The Devil's Punch Bowl, the Devil's Bellows, the Devil's Beef Tub, the Devil's Frying Pan, the Devil's Lake, the Devil's Dyke, the Devil's Caldron are a few instances which occur at random, scattered about in various parts of the country.

Korby Piano Co.,
201 E. Superior St.,

Factory representatives for the W. W. Kimball Co., have just received a carload of Pianos. Terms to suit the purchaser.

Take Your Prescriptions and have them filled at Boyce's Drug Store.

"The Prudential Insurance Co."
Issues the ideal Life Insurance contract, both as an investment and protection.

Is Your Life Insured?

If not, we have the policy you want, at lowest cost and highest dividends. Policies issued on the annual or five-year dividend plan, as the applicant may desire.
Call or write the representative,

M. A. KEELEY,
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New 'Phone, 518-Y.

WANTED

1000 School Children

to Compete in the North Western Fuel Co.'s Jingle Contest for

$25 IN PRIZES

Address All Letters to

North Western Fuel Co.,

327 West Superior St., Duluth. 1019 Tower Ave., Superior, Wis.

THE DANGER TO HUNTERS

Many Accidents In Woods Caused By Long Range Rifles.

Bullets Strike Mile Away —Men and Beasts Are Hit.

Lachine, Can., Oct. 26.—A young sportsman from the neighborhood of Boston has been brought down from the Laurentians by his guides suffering from a chance bullet which found him in the woods and tore a wound across his shoulders as it passed by. At least the general supposition is that it was a bullet from a long range rifle which came from across the lake near which the young man was hunting.

No report was heard. No other hunters had been noticed in that locality. It was not the time of day for deer shooting, yet a bleeding furrow which grazed the shoulder blades and spine, and a splintered bone in the arm showed that some missile had come from somewhere as sudden as a thunderbolt, and the guides have no doubt but it was thrown from one of the Mauser or Lee-Metford rifles so commonly used by the hunting fraternity.

"Why, it may have come a mile before it struck him and, like as not, some ignorant youngster did the mischief," one of the guides remarked. "Last year I was watching my hound Dick playing with a rabbit skin while the breakfast was stewing, when on a sudd- he seemed to be thrown over on his side, gave a yelp and before I could get to him he was dead, with the tip of his heart shot away.

"That was done by a fellow who stood on a mountain a mile and a half away and fired at the pond to see how his new rifle carried. Of course, he never thought of the ball glancing, or where it would go before it stopped."

"You remember Paul Vanosta's cow?" the other guide interposed. "Paul was driving her out of the underbrush where she had hidden her young calf, and all at once she let out a bellow, and went down on her knees, struggled and died. One of those silver coated bullets about four inches long had gone through her lungs and heart, and yet Paul never heard a sound, and the clearing was only a few acres across."

"You can never tell how far those bullets will travel through the woods. There is something in my own house to make a man think about it, though.

"My lad George went out with a neighbor after a bear in his cattlefield one night. He took one of those new rifles with him, which had been given to me after a young chap shot me through the arm with it three years ago.

"The lads went over my land and through a long piece of brush to the next clearing, very nearly two miles. They had a scrap with a bear, fired a good many shots at it and got him at last with the skin ruined, it was that full of holes.

"Next morning I noticed a crack in the door, and on the other side of the room was a bullet lying crosswise in the log, just imbedded in the wood. What most bothered George was the height of the hole.

"He had aimed downward and low at the bear, and as you'll see in my kitchen the ball was sailing along over five feet up when it reached our place. I expect it was the knocking about among the trees that altered its elevation.

"But I often thought that if George had fired an hour earlier, he would have caught his mother at the kitchen table, and that would have been the last of her."

"Is there any need for these long range rifles in the woods?" the men were asked.

"Not a bit of it," was the reply. "It never happens that you get a chance at a deer at a range longer than half a mile. The greater number are killed at less than 150 yards distance.

"Across lakes or swamps you sometimes get long shots, but never in the woods. In fact, the best shooting I see done nowadays is with such rifles as we used twenty years ago, with a .44 bullet. You know you can get lots of fun after the deer with a good shotgun, and many a good hunter uses nothing else now that the woods are so full of them in the fall.

"But the trouble is that when a young fellow has fooled himself into paying a big price for a small bore, he hates to give it up, or to come down to one of the old style of guns."

"Don't you think it would be a good plan for hunters and guides to wear hats of red or some other prominent color?"

"Oh, pshaw, no!" was the contemptuous reply. "You would hardly ever get venison with the average city man along, and there would be no protection in that way.

"The chances are about two to one in favor of the deer when the still hunter is dressed right. They would be increased a deal if hunters took to wearing colors.

"No one ever mistook a man for a deer if he could see him. The trouble with the murdering green horn is that he fires point blank into the woods when he sees the boughs move, because his excitement will not let him keep still and wait.

"Most of the gun accidents in the woods are caused by men who never see what they are really aiming at at all. Of course, no real sportsman ever fires until he sees the spot upon the deer he ought to hit.

"Oh, yes, I know the Indians used to wear gaudy colors sometimes. But that was not, as some say, because the deer doesn't mind bright colors. It was a bit of bravado, and meant to show how good a hunter the man was when he could so hide himself from the deer in spite of the red or parti-colored shirt or scarf as to get near enough to kill them. It was the young bucks, never the old hunters, who wore colors.

"The pure fact of the matter is that there are too many people going to the woods nowadays. Men who really know nothing about firearms, who only handle guns for maybe three weeks every year cannot know anything about the right way to use them in the woods.

"By and by the fad will pass away, and only real hunters will hunt. The others will find some other amusement, and hunting will be safe for the hunters once more."

WELCOME FOR ENSIGN OLIVER

The New Salvation Army Worker Is Tendered a Reception.

An informal reception was given at the Salvation Army's new headquarters in the Parlor theater building last evening, for Ensign William Oliver, who arrived from St. Paul to take charge of the religious services of the local corps.

He was accompanied by Lieutenant Lungren, who will also become a member of the local corps. Ensign Oliver takes the place here made vacant by the retirement of Ensign Hayes, whose poor health made a leave of absence necessary.

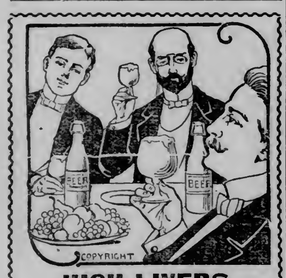
He was given a cordial welcome last evening on the behalf of this division by Staff Captain Dale, and welcoming speeches were also made by George Barrett and Mrs. Gray, on behalf of the rank and file of the local corps. Ensign Oliver responded very happily. All the local Salvation Army workers had an opportunity of meeting him.

Ensign Oliver is planning to put new life into the services of the local corps. Ensign Hayes had been in poor health for some time and was consequently unable to put the enthusiasm into his work that he would have liked. But Oliver is fresh for work and has had great experience. In St. Paul he conducted the services of the No. 1 corps there.

TO RAISE ROMAN GALLEYS.

One Belonging to Tiberius and the Other to Caligula.

Rome, Oct. 26.—Several years have passed since the proposal to recover two Roman galleys, one belonging to Tiberius and the other to Caligula, which were buried in the lake of Nemi near Rome, was made to the Orsini family who owned the lake, but as yet the ships rest in their muddy bed. A number of articles from one of the ships, consisting of heads of animals and including a finely worked head of Madusa, all in bronze, were recovered in 1895 and recently the interest of Prof. Niapi-Laudi and Chevalier Guiria has revived the hopes of an attempt to recover the vessels. The galleys are reported to be about seventy-five yards in length. They were not used for navigation, being merely large floating stands from which the emperors witnessed the nautical feats on the lakes. The financial part of the scheme involves the formation of a company with a capital of $100,000.



HIGH LIVERS

People who know and appreciate the good things of life, people who possess taste as to eatables and drinkables, people who believe in being happy instead of morose, are always good judges of beer as of other beverages. Their "say so" is worth something. A hint, therefore, from them means a whole lot. Good judges of beer unanimously endorse Moose Brand Beer. Follow their lead and you will make no error.

Duluth Brew'g & Malting Co

Either 'Phone No. 241.

DO-NOTHING CONGRESS

Is Expected Because of the Great Conflict of Interests.

Both Parties Divided on the Tariff and Railroad Rates.

Washington, Oct. 26.—Old-timers in politics say that they cannot recall the time when partisanship was at so low an ebb in this country at it is at present; that is, in a national sense. To be sure, there is occasional rivalry between the two great parties in the states, but there is little indication of healthy antagonism nationally. These observers go on to say that it might be better for the country if there was more vigorous friction between two great masses of the electorate. They are not quite able to figure out just at this time wherein sharp lines of opposition could be successfully drawn, and that fact accounts, of course, for the lassitude in partisanship. The action or nor-action of the next congress may bring a crisis which will again set the voters facing each other in old-fashioned battle array.

The issue may arise over the question of lower tariff, but the political sharps are asking each other which party will carry the banner. One wing of the Republican party is for tariff revision, and undoubtedly a considerable fraction in the Democratic party is of the "standpatters'" faith. Republicans want currency legislation; so do Democrats, and the only disagreement between them is shared by members of both parties alike as to the character and class of the legislation. Democrats are largely opposed to ship subsidies, and the same is true of a potential faction in the Republican party, powerful enough to have thus far stood in the way of action. On railroad-rate legislation Democrats and Republicans divide alike, mainly with regard to their business interests. Neither party could at this time claim an exclusive trade mark for that brand of political capital. The Philippine question is not an issue, and if the Democrats came into power they could not depart from the policies the Republicans are enforcing in the islands, while there is no evidence that they could better enforce them.

With the continuation of the present prosperous conditions of the country the party which is opposed to the party in power will be deprived of one of the favorite resources of the opposition—calamity cry. The democracy has more than once fattened temporarily upon this, although it has never been able to retain the flesh it took on. There is no question that many thousands of voters in this country are earnest adherents of the Republican party today because they believe in the economic policies of that party work out into dollars and cents, of which they themselves received a share.

It is said that the coming congress will see Republicans and Democrats voting together upon more than one question, and Republicans and Democrats each separating from their party upon other questions. These divisions, however, will be upon shades of opinion rather than upon vital issues. That is where it will be difficult, the politicians say, to make practical party capital.

Even failure of fulfilment may be with difficulty placed in responsible quarters because the voting will be of such non-partisan character. Republicans say that in this very situation may be found a safeguard for them from criticism and recrimination. It is the opinion of the best informed men in congressional and political life that this congress is very likely to be a "do-nothing congress" because of the great conflict of interests and conglomeration of opinion.

Connections East

No matter which train nor which railroad you select to the Twin Cities, you will find there waiting for you one of the eastbound trains of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway. There are five trains via this line from Minneapolis and St. Paul to Chicago every day. These include the famous Pioneer Limited and Fast Mail. No extra fare to ride on them. But it is necessary to name your route when purchasing tickets. Write W. B. Dixon, Northwestern passenger agent, St. Paul, for full information regarding rates, etc.

California or Florida.

It is time to plan your winter vacation. Early arrangements secure the best accommodations. Choice of routes via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway to California or to Florida, combined with low rates, make the trip to either resort a most attractive one. A postal will bring complete information about rates, train service and resorts, free, and by return mail. Address W. B. Dixon, Northwestern Passenger Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

The "swapping instinct" is no longer a peculiarly Yankee one—it has become an American trait of character. You may want to buy many things—you may want to sell a few. Try our columns.

BOYCE'S OFFER.

Smoke Five Wadsworth Bros.' Chicos and if not Pleased Your Money Back.

"We have been recommending Wadsworth Bros.' Chicos now for about four months," said S. F. Boyce, the druggist, "and judging from the sale we have on this brand, nearly every smoker in Duluth is today a friend of Chicos."

There may be, however, a few readers of The Herald who have not tried the Chico. If so, we want them to come to our store and get five of these clear Havana filled cigars, just 25 cents worth, and we will agree that if they do not prove just what I claim for them, the best cigar for the money, that was ever sold, we will give them back their price and the five cigars will not cost them a cent. We don't know as we can make any better offer than this to show how strongly we recommend Wadsworth Bros.' Chicos.

"Just put this notice in The Herald, and we will have the cigar department ready to sell Wadsworth Bros.' Chicos on 'your money back if not suited' plan."

ACTUARY'S STATEMENT

Concerning Reductions In Insurance Dividends Not Satisfactory.

The Mutual Life Company Proposes to Investigate Itself.

New York, Oct. 26.—Actuary McClintock at yesterday afternoon's hearing before the investigating committee, said the Mutual Life Insurance company, in writing a policy, reserved to itself to say what amount shall be apportioned at the end of the dividend period. One reason for decreasing dividends was that policies that had been in force three years did not lapse on the failure of the policyholder to pay premiums as formerly. The establishment of the surrender value system kept from the surplus the premiums on lapsed policies previously going into the surplus fund. The company, he said, made no profit out of the policy lapsing within the three-year limit.

He said that the reduction in the rate of interest made the dividends paid on previous policies misleading and that agents who predicted that a new policy would earn as much as an old one, misled the policy holder. He thought the rate of interest would go lower than it is now. A decrease of savings and increase of enterprise was probable, he said, about the low rate of interest. In explaining how the probable dividends were estimated Mr. McClintock said the various cotningencies were susceptible of accurate calculation. Asked how he would calculate the risk of lapses through a legislative investigation, he said he would call it an extraordinary risk to be allowed for arbitrarily.

Mr. McKeen read a letter from a policy holder whose dividends had decreased from $305 in 1883 to $10 in 1901.

"From the apparent decrease of dividends," said Mr. McKeen, "it would seem that the companies either are spending too much or getting too little. The committee would like to know if that is so and what could be done to stop it, lest eventually the reserve be entrenched upon."

In reply Mr. McClintock recited efforts he had made to secure an agreement between the New York Life Insurance company, the Equitable society and the Mutual to limit the amount of business each company should write, first to $1,000,000,000 and then to $1,500,000,000, but first James H. Hyde declined to assent and then George Perkins, vice president of the New York Life Insurance company objected.

Mr. Hyde told him it was his ambition to make the Equitable the largest business in the world and then to make it the best company.

Then in 1901, a bill was introduced in Albany by Senator Brackett to limit the risk of an insurance company to $1,500,000. It failed. In answer to a direct question the actuary said he thought a law limiting the risk would be a good thing. A bill for that purpose, he was sure, would receive the Mutual's support.

These views expressed by Mr. McClintock did not coincide with those expressed by President McCurdy of the Mutual Life Insurance company, when he testified a few days ago that he did not think the life insurance companies business should be limited even at the point where is failed to be profitable to the company. The philanthropic exception of the insurance business, President McCurdy said, demanded that its benefits be extended as widely as possible.

Reverting to the computation of dividends Mr. McClintock said that the Northwestern Mutual had gone back to the annual dividends plan.

Mr. McClintock's story of the reason for the Northwestern Mutual's decision was interesting. Some years ago that company issued policies under which the holders, after two years, could choose between annual and deferred dividends. More than 95 per cent chose the annual dividends and finally the deferred plan was abandoned altogether.

Then arose considered the possibility of keeping separate accounts for each deferred dividend policyholder, without creating a lien on the money?" asked Mr. McKeen.

"I thought I was doing that when I was with the Northwestern company," said Mr. McClintock, "but it appeared later that I had only succeeded in creating a liability."

Mr. McClintock said he thought any legislation compelling a declaration of dividends at stated periods would be unwise. About 30 per cent of deferred dividend policyholders in the Mutual Life, he said, take the accumulations of their policies in cash and sever their connection with the company. The total gains of the Mutual Life Insurance company in 1904, were $6,624,676, said Mr. McClintock, and it applied about $800,000 or $900,000 of that to dividends. Including the gain in the market value of securities, the total gain was $9,159,958. He said the proportion paid on dividends was selected upon his judgment: It was not a matter of exact calculation, but was based on the figures of previous years. In reply to a question how the Mutual Life Insurance company, kept the policyholders contented in spite of the fluctuations in the earnings of their policies, Mr. McClintock said:

"Suppose the earnings of the Mutual are this year $5,000,000, last year $6,250,000, the year before $6,300,000, we take what we consider a fair average of these results. We take the figures we think will maintain a substantial degree of uniformity in the results."

"Now," said Mr. Hughes, "when you determined the amounts to be paid to paid up policies do you consider the actual amount of interest earned by your company?"

"I did not figure it with great exactness. Merely a fair allowance."

Mr. McClintock said the net percentage of interest gain had been calculatd at 4.1 per cent, while according to methods in the state of Connecticut, it would have been 3.99 per cent.

The distribution of dividends out of the interst gained when it was more than 4 per cent had been a custom for forty years. The company was adding constantly to interest earnings by occasional profits, which were calculated as a certainty.

Mr. McClintock said this was not a mathametical calculation, but involved a large element of prophecy.

Mr. McClintock said the reason for the large reduction in dividends on ordinary life policies entitled to annual dividends was the gradual reduction in the proportion of surplus earnings to the total. There was a reduction in the value of the company's securities in 1903, but witness said this did not influence him in the amount of the reduction of the dividends. He said this was an element of danger and tended to make his mind more cautious than it would otherwise have been.

Pressed for a direct answer, witness said the reduction of the value of the company's securities induced him to make a greater reduction in the dividends than he otherwise would have done.

In 1904, the company's securities increased in market value, so that eight millions of depreciation of 1903 were recouped and a million more besides. When the dividend for 1904 was fixed, the only influence this increased valuation had, witness said, was to deter him from making a further decrease in dividends. He replied, when asked why he did not increase it, that the decrease was not figured in connection with the losses on securities, it was figured in connection with the surplus earning power of the company, which remained unchanged by that fluctuation.

Further explaining the cause of decrease in dividends, Mr. McClintock said that the years of 1903 and 1904 were not as prosperous as previous years in the matters of gains on mortality. Mr. McClintock was still on the stand at adjournment, which was taken until Wednesday, Nov. 8.

Chairman Armstrong in adjourning, said: "The committee feels that it would be impedient to hold any further sessions this week or next. It has pressed this inquiry beyond the endurance of some of the members of the committee who are candidates for nomination for members of the legislature, and I desire to very frankly state that it is going to take an adjournment until after election."

The affairs of the Mutual Life Insurance company are to be investigated by a committee of three members of its board of trustees. A resolution providing for such an investigation as arose from the testimony before the legislative investigating committee was offered for consideration by the board yesterday by Richard A. McCurdy, president of the company, and was unanimously adopted. The members of the committee are William H. Truesdale, E. B. Morris and John W. Auchincloss.

SIGN OF "DOG AND THE POT"

An Old Favorite of Charles Dickens Still Hanging.

London, Oct. 26.—Dickens lovers have to thank that tireless authority on "Boz," Percy Fitzgerald, for pointing out that a curious old sign which was an unfailing object of interest to Dickens as a boy, and to which he often referred in later years, still hangs in the Blackfriars road of London. This sign, which advertises a long-established hardware firm, is a typical example of the queer trade emblems which from the sixteenth century distinguished practically every shop of any importance in the metropolis, but of which few specimens now exist. It represents a dog apparently licking something out of an overturned crock or pot, and is generally referred to as "The Sign of the Dog and the Pot." Dickens evidently first discovered it in, as Fitzgerald says, "those heartrending blacking days in Warren & Co.'s factory, when the poor lad distracted his career by noting all the odd things that met his eyes." And he quotes the novelist as saying of that time, "My usual way home (that is, to Lane street, where he had a lodging so as to be nearer his family in the Marshalsea prison) was over Blackfriar road, which has Rowland Hill's chapel on one side and the likeness of a golden dog licking a golden pot over a shop door on the other." Fitzgerald adds: "When the little Boz saw it first it must have been about the twenties—1823 or 1824—and the dog has licked on ever since to this year of grace 1905. I should say there is no memorial of this kind at all associated with Boz that has stood in its place so long and so undisturbed. I always wonder how it can have escaped, for some serious, pragmatical shopkeeper must thought it a grotesque hindrance to his business. It appears, however, that the 'ironmongers' who own the sign, far from being 'pragmatical,' are decidedly proud of it, and perhaps future American visitors may find interest in this relic of former days which is so closely associated with Dickens.

SAVE YOUR HEALTH.

It Is Worth Saving and Some Duluth People Know How to Save It.

There are some people who take their lives in their hands by continuing to neglect their kidneys, when they know these organs need help.

Sick kidneys are responsible for an immense amount of suffering and ill-health, but there is no need to suffer or to remain in danger when all diseases and sufferings arising from sick kidneys can be quickly and permanently cured by the use of Doan's Kidney Pills.

Here is the statement of one Duluth person who has reclaimed good health by the use of this remedy:

A. Ebmer of 331 Fifth street east, Duluth, Minn., says: "My experience has demonstrated the fact that Doan's Kidney Pills are a remedy of exceptional merit, and one that can be relied upon in treating different phases of kidney trouble. Six years ago I suffered from a most distressing dull, heavy pain in the small of the back and through the loins. It broke my sleep at night, and in spite of the various remedies I used from time to time I had obtained no relief. At length I got Doan's Kidney Pills and began using them with the most gratifying results. In a short time I found a cure, and this has proved lasting and permanent. I am an earnest advocate of Doan's Kidney Pills and have already recommended them in the local newspapers."

For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

NIGHTCAPS FOR SOCIETY.

The Countess Fabricott Responsible For tha Quaint Revival.

London, Oct. 26.—Society has taken to wearing nightcaps—not the old-fashioned kind, but exquisite creations of muslin and lace elaborately trimmed with ribbon. Countess Fabricott, the famous society beauty and one of the latest recruits to the ranks of titled milliners, is responsible for the quaint revival. The countess discovered for herself the becoming properties of dainty little mob caps frilled with lace and decorated with dainty ribbons, and now she is teaching her assistants how to make nightcaps for her customers.

"The revival of the nightcap has been extraordinarily successful," said the countess, in an interview last week. "When I first introduced the little caps of lace a few weeks ago, I never thought they would have such a vogue. Of course the old style of nightcap was terribly unhygienic, but that cannot be alleged against the little caps that I make, for they are made entirely of lace or open netting. Young people as well as old wear them. Indeed, I have just got an order for two dozen real lace nightcaps for a bride."

CONTRACT AWARDED

To Dowling Bros. For Eveleth's Sewer and Water Mains.

Eveleth, Minn., Oct. 26.—At a meeting of the city council last night, the bid of Dowling Bros. for the laying of 1,000 feet of 8-inch sewer and 640 feet of water main on Jackson street, in separate trenches, was accepted, and the contract awarded to them. Their bid was $2,900, and the other bid was that of J. D. O'Connell of Duluth, whose figure was $2,950.

Work will be begun at once, and Mr. Dowling stated that Eveleth will be provided with water by a week from Saturday.

ALBERS SENTENCED TO THIRTY-TWO MONTHS.

Washington, Oct. 26.—Official information comes to the state department from Nicaragua that the so-called Leon court has confirmed the decision of the lower court in the case of the American citizen, Albers, and has fixed his sentence at thirty-two months' imprisonment. Albers, it is alleged, will take an immediate appeal to the supreme court at Managua. The state department has instructed Mr. Merry, the American minister to send his secretary of the legation, J. G. Bailey, to Managua to observe the progress of the case so as to be in a position to inform the department regarding the treatment the Albers case receives.

"Clearlight" Gas lamp, with Welsbach mantle, opal shade with airhole and check draft — complete—only— **69c each.**

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

Gas Mantle The "P. & W." double wire, triple weave, cap mantle — equal to any mantle on the market— **25c each.**

LAST FRIDAY

was a hummer at the Big Glass Block Store. The bargains we gave did the work. Fridays used to be the quietest day of the week. Now Friday is one of the busiest. We have educated the people to do part of their Saturday shopping on Fridays because we can give more and better attention than we can on Saturdays. Besides, our Bargains pay you to visit this Store on BARGAIN FRIDAY.

Tomorrow Is Friday Again

and here are the Bargains we will offer you. They take in the two extremes devoted to Retail of our Building, namely the

Basement and the Fourth Floor.

Basement bazaar

The thrifty housewife is well acquainted in this part of our store. She watches our advertisements for just such offerings as these:

Coal hods
24 dozen of them in 16 and 17-inch black japanned coal hods, corrugated body, worth 25c and 30c—either size—for Friday..... **15c**

Stove boards
12 dozen zinc stove boards, nicely decorated—lined with felt paper—size 28x28—regular price 69c—for Friday..... **39c**

Air-tight stoves
50 airtight stoves—nickel trimmed with front draft—why pay other dealers $1.75 and $2.00 for them—the price here (delivered at your house, but not set up), for Friday..... **98c**

Stove pipe
1,000 piece No. 6 common Stove Pipe, the kind you pay 15c for around town—regular lengths—our price for Friday..... **10c**

Ladies, listen!
For Friday we will offer you a genuine Hartz Mountain Canary Bird—guaranteed a singer—with a nice brass cage for..... **$3.39**

Furniture bazaar

The entire fourth floor is stacked with furniture made by the best factories in America—the dependable, well-made kinds (not the $1.00-a-week kinds) are all we handle.

Brass and iron beds—
Enameled iron with brass top rail, brass knobs and brass spindles, extra strong angle iron head and foot—our own regular $5.00 value—for Friday only..... **$3.95**

Morris chair
Finely made quartered oak, in golden finish or weathered finish, has large arms, has hair-filled cushions, covered with velour in brown, red and green, has carved front and shaped legs—a chair well worth $12—Friday for..... **$5.95**

Mission oak rocker
Housekeepers, here's where you get a great value—a heavy dark solid oak rocker, large size, shaped seat, wide arms—installment stores ask you $7.00—our Friday price..... **$3.50**

A kitchen table
The neatest style that's made—with or without drawers—turned legs—a regular $2.00 table—for Friday..... **$1.49**

China rack
For cups and saucers, solid oak with double rack and top shelf—the same thing was offered us at wholesale this week for 75c—we retail them Friday for only..... **25c**

STAGE FRIGHT

Can Be Cured by Cultivating the High Nerve Centers.

London, Oct. 26.—"Stage fright or nervousness may be described as an attack of brain blushing," said Dr. John Warriner this week when he gave some valuable hints on the cure of stage fright. He explained that one's actions were either dominated by the higher nerve center, the brain or the lower or reflex center in the spinal cord. Unintelligent repetition of a certain piece of music for example, would ultimately lead to its being performed automatically, when the action is governed by the lower nerve centers. These impressions, however, are at the mercy of the emotions of the moment, and the mental anxiety caused by an appearance in a public way may wipe them out for the time being. The remedy was to take care that the pupil or student never allowed him or herself to become an automaton. The higher centers of the brain should never be ignored when practicing, and the mental concentration necessitated by this method would tend to prevent stage fright.

TO BUILD NEW FLEET.

San Francisco, Oct. 26.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, a rich Japanese company, is about to build a fleet of passenger steamers to ply between Japan and Seattle, Australia and European ports.

Rheumatism Cured.

50,000 BOXES Free



Deformity of the hands in general Chronic Articular Rheumatism.

I discovered a simple cure for Rheumatism and Gout. To introduce this wonderful remedy among the suffering readers of this paper I have set aside 50,000 Boxes for Free distribution and every afflicted reader is courteously invited to write for one.

This remedy has cured where all others failed besides it is absolutely safe to take and will not harm the delicate tissues of your stomach like other rheumatism remedies do. This simple remedy has cured many persons who were so decrepit and pain-racked that they could neither clothe nor feed themselves, among them persons of 80 years and over. Recently it cured an old gentleman who had suffered 33 years and whom seven doctors had called incurable. Address:

JOHN A. SMITH,
2666 Gloria Bldg. Milwaukee, Wis.

WANTED

1000 School Children

to Compete in the North Western Fuel Co.'s Jingle Contest for

$25 IN PRIZES

Address All Letters to

North Western Fuel Co.,

327 West Superior St., Duluth. 1019 Tower Ave., Superior, Wis.

THE DANGER TO HUNTERS

Many Accidents In Woods Caused By Long Range Rifles.

Bullets Strike Mile Away —Men and Beasts Are Hit.

Lachine, Can., Oct. 26.—A young sportsman from the neighborhood of Boston has been brought down from the Laurentians by his guides suffering from a chance bullet which found him in the woods and tore a wound across his shoulders as it passed by. At least the general supposition is that it was a bullet from a long range rifle which came from across the lake near which the young man was hunting.

No report was heard. No other hunters had been noticed in that locality. It was not the time of day for deer shooting, yet a bleeding furrow which grazed the shoulder blades and spine, and a splintered bone in the arm showed that some missile had come from somewhere as sudden as a thunderbolt, and the guides have no doubt but it was thrown from one of the Mauser or Lee-Metford rifles so commonly used by the hunting fraternity.

"Why, it may have come a mile before it struck him and, like as not, some ignorant youngster did the mischief," one of the guides remarked. "Last year I was watching my hound Dick playing with a rabbit skin while the breakfast was stewing, when on a sudden he seemed to be thrown over on his side, gave a yelp and before I could get to him he was dead, with the tip of his heart shot away.

"That was done by a fellow who stood on a mountain a mile and a half away and fired at the pond to see how his new rifle carried. Of course, he never thought of the ball glancing, or where it would go before it stopped."

"You remember Paul Vanosta's cow?" the other guide interposed. "Paul was driving her out of the underbrush where she had hidden her young calf, and all at once she let out a bellow, and went down on her knees, struggled and died. One of those silver coated bullets about four inches long had gone through her lungs and heart, and yet Paul never heard a sound, and the clearing was only a few acres across."

"You can never tell how far those bullets will travel through the woods. There is something in my own house to make a man think about it, though.

"My lad George went out with a neighbor after a bear in his oatfield one night. He took one of those new rifles with him, which had been given to me after a young chap shot me through the arm with it three years ago.

"The lads went over my land and through a long piece of brush to the next clearing, very nearly two miles. They had a scrap with a bear, fired a good many shots at it and got him at last with the skin ruined, it was that full of holes.

"Next morning I noticed a crack in the door, and on the other side of the room was a bullet lying crosswise in the log, just imbedded in the wood. What most bothered George was the height of the hole.

"He had aimed downward and low at the bear, and as you'll see in my kitchen the ball was sailing along over five feet up when it reached our place. I expect it was the knocking about among the trees that altered its elevation.

"But I often thought that if George had fired an hour earlier, he would have caught his mother at the kitchen table, and that would have been the last of her."

"Is there any need for these long range rifles in the woods?" the men were asked.

"Not a bit of it," was the reply. "It never happens that you get a chance at a deer at a range longer than half a mile. The greater number are killed at less than 150 yards distance.

"Across lakes or swamps you sometimes get long shots, but never in the woods. In fact, the best shooting I see done nowadays is with such rifles as we used twenty years ago, with a .44 bullet. You know you can get lots of fun after the deer with a good shotgun, and many a good hunter uses nothing else now that the woods are so full of them in the fall.

"But the trouble is that when a young fellow has fooled himself into paying a big price for a small bore, he hates to give it up, or to come down to one of the old style of guns."

"Don't you think it would be a good plan for hunters and guides to wear hats of red or some other prominent color?"

"Oh, pshaw, no!" was the contemptuous reply. "You would hardly ever get venison with the average city man along, and there would be no protection in that way.

"The chances are about two to one in favor of the deer when the still hunter is dressed right. They would be increased a deal if hunters took to wearing colors.

"No one ever mistook a man for a deer if he could see him. The trouble with the murdering green horn is that he fires point blank into the woods when he sees the boughs move, because his excitement will not let him keep still and wait.

"Most of the gun accidents in the woods are caused by men who never see what they are really aiming at at all. Of course, no real sportsman ever fires until he sees the spot upon the deer he ought to hit.

"Oh, yes, I know the Indians used to wear gaudy colors sometimes. But that was not, as some say, because the deer doesn't mind bright colors. It was a bit of bravado, and meant to show how good a hunter the man was when he could so hide himself from the deer in spite of the red or parti-colored shirt or scarf as to get near enough to kill them. It was the young bucks, never the old hunters, who wore colors.

"The pure fact of the matter is that there are too many people going to the woods nowadays. Men who really know anything about firearms, who only handle guns for maybe three weeks every year cannot know anything about the right way to use them in the woods.

"By and by the fad will pass away, and only real hunters will hunt. The others will find some other amusement, and hunting will be safe for the hunters once more."

WELCOME FOR ENSIGN OLIVER

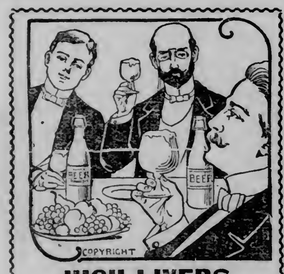
The New Salvation Army Worker Is Tendered a Reception.

An informal reception was given at the Salvation Army's new headquarters in the Parlor theater building last evening, for Ensign William Oliver, who arrived from St. Paul to take charge of the religious services of the local corps.

He was accompanied by Lieutenant Lungren, who will also become a member of the local corps. Ensign Oliver takes the place here made vacant by the retirement of Ensign Hayes, whose poor health made a leave of absence necessary.

He was given a cordial welcome last evening on the behalf of this division by Staff Captain Dale, and welcoming speeches were also made by George Barrett and Mrs. Gray, on behalf of the rank and file of the local corps. Ensign Oliver responded very happily. All the local Salvation Army workers had an opportunity of meeting him.

Ensign Oliver is planning to put new life into the services of the local corps. Ensign Hayes had been in poor health for some time and was consequently unable to put the enthusiasm into his work that he would have liked. But Oliver is fresh for work and has had great experience. In St. Paul he conducted the services of the No. 1 corps there.



HIGH LIVERS

People who know and appreciate the good things of life, people who possess taste as to eatables and drinkables, people who believe in being happy instead of morose, are always good judges of beer as of other beverages. Their "say so" is worth something. A hint, therefore, from them means a whole lot. Good judges of beer unanimously endorse Moose Brand Beer. Follow their lead and you will make no error.

Duluth Brew'g & Malting Co

Either 'Phone No. 241.

TO RAISE ROMAN GALLEYS.

One Belonging to Tiberius and the Other to Caligula.

Rome, Oct. 26.—Several years have passed since the proposal to recover two Roman galleys, one belonging to Tiberius and the other to Caligula, which were buried in the lake of Nemi near Rome, was made to the Orsini family who owned the lake, but as yet the ships rest in their muddy bed. A number of articles from one of the ships, consisting of heads of animals and including a finely worked head of Madusa, all in bronze, were recovered in 1895 and recently the interest of Prof. Niapi-Laudi and Chevalier Guiria has revived the hopes of an attempt to recover the vessels. The galleys are reported to be about seventy-five yards in length. They were not used for navigation, being merely large floating stands from which the emperors witnessed the nautical feats on the lakes. The financial part of the scheme involves the formation of a company with a capital of $100,000.

DO-NOTHING CONGRESS

Is Expected Because of the Great Conflict of Interests.

Both Parties Divided on the Tariff and Railroad Rates.

Washington, Oct. 26.—Old-timers in politics say that they cannot recall the time when partisanship was at so low an ebb in this country at it is at present; that is, in a national sense. To be sure, there is occasional rivalry between the two great parties in the states, but there is little indication of healthy antagonism nationally. These observers go on to say that it might be better for the country if there was more vigorous friction between two great masses of the electorate. They are not quite able to figure out just at this time wherein sharp lines of opposition could be successfully drawn, and that fact accounts, of course, for the lassitude in partisanship. The action or non-action of the next congress may bring a crisis which will again set the voters facing each other in old-fashioned battle array.

The issue may arise over the question of lower tariff, but the political sharps are asking each other which party will carry the banner. One wing of the Republican party is for tariff revision, and undoubtedly a considerable fraction in the Democratic party is of the "standpatters'" faith. Republicans want currency legislation; so do Democrats, and the only disagreement between them is shared by members of both parties alike as to the character and class of the legislation. Democrats are largely opposed to ship subsidies, and the same is true of a potential faction in the Republican party, powerful enough to have thus far stood in the way of action. On railroad-rate legislation Democrats and Republicans divide alike, mainly with regard to their business interests. Neither party could at this time claim an exclusive trade mark for that brand of political capital. The Philippine question is not an issue, and if the Democrats came into power they could not depart from the policies the Republicans are enforcing in the islands, while there is no evidence that they could better enforce them.

With the continuation of the present prosperous conditions of the country the party which is opposed to the party in power will be deprived of one of the favorite resources of the opposition—plausibility. The minority party has more than once fattened temporarily upon this, although it has never been able to retain the flesh it took on. There is no question that many thousands of voters in this country are earnest adherents of the Republican party mainly because they approve the economic policies of that party work out into dollars and cents, of which they themselves received a share.

It is said that the coming congress will see Republicans and Democrats voting together upon more than one question, and Republicans and Democrats each separating from their party upon other questions. These divisions, however, will be upon shades of opinion rather than upon vital issues. That is where it will be difficult, the politicians say, to make practical party capital.

Even failure of fulfilment may be with difficulty placed in responsible quarters because the voting will be of such non-partisan character. Republicans say that in this very situation may be found a safeguard for them from criticism and recrimination. It is the opinion of the best informed men in congressional and political life that this congress is very likely to be a "do-nothing congress" because of the great conflict of interests and conglomeration of opinion.

Connections East

No matter which train nor which railroad you select to the Twin Cities, you will find there waiting for you one of the eastbound trains of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway. There are five trains via that line from Minneapolis and St. Paul to Chicago every day. These include the famous Pioneer Limited and Fast Mail. No extra fare to ride on them. But it is necessary to name your route when purchasing tickets. Write W. B. Dixon, Northwestern passenger agent, St. Paul, for full information regarding rates, etc.

California or Florida.

It is time to plan your winter vacation. Early arrangements secure the best accommodations. Choice of routes via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway to California or to Florida, combined with low rates, make the trip to either resort a most attractive one. A postal will bring complete information about rates, train service and resorts, free, and by return mail. Address W. B. Dixon, Northwestern Passenger Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

The "swapping instinct" is no longer a peculiarly Yankee one—it has become an American trait of character. You may want to buy many things—you may want to sell a few. Try our columns.

BOYCE'S OFFER.

Smoke Five Wadsworth Bros.' Chicos and if not Pleased Your Money Back.

"We have been recommending Wadsworth Bros.' Chicos now for about four months," said S. F. Boyce, the druggist, "and judging from the sale we have on this brand, nearly every smoker in Duluth is today a friend of Chicos."

There may be, however, a few readers of The Herald who have not tried the Chico. If so, we want them to come to our store and get five of these clear Havana filled cigars, just 25 cents worth, and we will agree that if they do not prove just what I claim for them, the best cigar for the money, that was ever sold, we will give them back their price and the five cigars will not cost them a cent. We don't know as we can make any better offer than this to show how strongly we recommend Wadsworth Bros.' Chicos.

"Just put this notice in The Herald, and we will have the cigar department ready to sell Wadsworth Bros.' Chicos on 'your money back if not suited' plan."

ACTUARY'S STATEMENT

Concerning Reductions In Insurance Dividends Not Satisfactory.

The Mutual Life Company Proposes to Investigate Itself.

New York, Oct. 26.—Actuary McClintock at yesterday afternoon's hearing before the investigating committee, said the Mutual Life Insurance company, in writing a policy, reserved to itself to say what amount shall be apportioned at the end of the dividend period. One reason for decreasing dividends was that policies that had been in force three years did not lapse on the failure of the policyholder to pay premiums as formerly. The establishment of the surrender value system kept from the surplus the premiums on lapsed policies previously going into the surplus fund. The company, he said, made no profit out of the policy lapsing within the three-year limit.

He said that the reduction in the rate of interest made the dividends paid on previous policies misleading and that agents who predicted that a new policy would earn as much as an old one, misled the policy holder. He thought the rate of linerest would go lower than it is now. A decrease of savings and increase of enterprise was probable, he said, about the low rate of interest. In explaining how the probable dividends were estimated Mr. McClintock said the various contingencies were susceptible of accurate calculation. Asked how he would calculate the risk of lapses through a legislative investigation, he said he would call it an extraordinary risk to be allowed for arbitrarily.

Mr. McKeen read a letter from a policy holder whose dividends had decreased from $395 in 1883 to $10 in 1901.

"From the apparent decrease of dividends," said Mr. McKeen, "it would seem that the companies either are spending too much or getting too little. The committee would like to know if that is so and what could be done to stop it, lest eventually the reserve be entrenched upon."

In reply Mr. McClintock recited efforts he had made to secure an agreement between the New York Life Insurance company, the Equitable society and the Mutual to limit the amount of business each company should write, first to $1,000,000,000 and then to $1,500,000,000, but first James H. Hyde declined to assent and then George Perkins, vice president of the New York Life Insurance company objected.

Mr. Hyde told him it was his ambition to make the Equitable the largest business in the world and then to make it the best company.

Then in 1901, a bill was introduced in Albany by Senator Brackett to limit the risk of an insurance company to $1,500,000. It failed. In answer to a direct question the actuary said he thought a law limiting the risk would be a good thing. A bill for that purpose, he was sure, would receive the Mutual's support.

These views expressed by Mr. McClintock did not coincide with those expressed by President McCurdy of the Mutual Life Insurance company, when he testified a few days ago that he did not think the life insurance companies business should be limited even at the point where is failed to be profitable to the company. The philanthropic exception of the insurance business, President McCurdy said, demanded that its benefits be extended as widely as possible.

Reverting to the computation of dividends Mr. McClintock said that the Northwestern Mutual had gone back to the annual dividends plan.

Mr. McClintock's story of the reason for the Northwestern Mutual's decision was interesting. Some years ago that company issued policies under which the holders, after two years, could choose between annual and deferred dividends. More than 95 per cent chose the annual dividends and finally the deferred plan was abandoned altogether.

"Have you considered the possibility of keeping separate accounts for each deferred dividend policyholder, without creating a lien on the money?" asked Mr. McKeen.

"I thought I was doing that when I was with the Northwestern company," said Mr. McClintock, "but it appeared later that I had only succeeded in creating a liability."

Mr. McClintock said he thought any legislation compelling a declaration of dividends at stated periods would be unwise. About 30 per cent of deferred dividend policyholders in the Mutual Life, he said, take the accumulations of their policies in cash and sever their connection with the company. The total gains of the Mutual Life Insurance company in 1904, were $6,624,675, said Mr. McClintock, and it applied about $800,000 or $900,000 of that to dividends. Including the gain in the market value of securities, the total gain was $9,159,958. He said the proportion paid on dividends was selected upon his judgment. It was not a matter of exact calculation, but was based on the figures of previous years. In reply to a question how the Mutual Life Insurance company, kept the policyholders contented in spite of the fluctuations in the earnings of their policies, Mr. McClintock said:

"Suppose the earnings of the Mutual are this year $6,000,000, last year $6,250,000, the year before $6,300,000, we take what we consider a fair average of these results. We take the figures we think will maintain a substantial degree of uniformity in the results."

"Now," said Mr. Hughes, "when you determined the amounts to be paid to paid up policies do you consider the actual amount of interest earned by your company?"

"I did not figure it with great exactness. Merely a fair allowance."

Mr. McClintock said the net percentage of interest gain had been calculated at 4.1 per cent, while according to methods in the state of Connecticut, it would have been 3.99 per cent.

The distribution of dividends out of the interst gained when it was more than 4 per cent had been a custom for forty years. The company was adding constantly to interest earnings by occasional profits, which were calculated as a fair certainty.

Mr. McClintock said this was not a mathametical calculation, but involved a large element of prophecy.

Mr. McClintock said the reason for the large reduction in dividends on ordinary life policies entitled to annual dividends was the gradual reduction in the proportion of surplus earnings to the total. There was a reduction in the value of the company's securities in 1903, but witness said this did not influence him in the amount of the reduction of the dividends. He said this was an element of danger and tended to make his mind more cautious than it would otherwise have been.

Pressed for a direct answer, witness said the reduction of the value of the company's securities induced him to make a greater reduction in the dividends than he otherwise would have done.

In 1904, the company's securities increased in market value, so that eight millions of depreciation of 1903 were recouped and a million more besides. When the dividend for 1904 was fixed, the only influence this increased valuation had, witness said, was to deter him from making a further decrease in dividends. He replied, when asked why he did not increase it, that the decrease was not figured in connection with the losses on securities, it was figured in connection with the surplus earning power of the company, which remained unchanged by that fluctuation.

Further explaining the cause of decrease in dividends, Mr. McClintock said that the years of 1903 and 1904 were not as prosperous as previous years in the matters of gains on mortality. Mr. McClintock was still on the stand at adjournment, which was taken until Wednesday, Nov. 8.

Chairman Armstrong in adjourning, said: "The committee feels that it would be impedient to hold any further sessions this week or next. It has pressed this inquiry beyond the endurance of some of the members of the committee who are candidates for nomination for members of the legislature, and I desire to very frankly state that it is going to take an adjournment until after election."

The affairs of the Mutual Life Insurance company are to be investigated by a committee of three members of its board of trustees. A resolution providing for such an investigation as arose from the testimony before the legislative investigation was offered for consideration by the board yesterday by Richard A. McCurdy, president of the company, and was unanimously adopted. The members of the committee are William H. Truesdale, E. B. Morris and John W. Auchincloss.

"Clearlight"

Gas lamp, with Welsbach mantle, opal shade with airhole and check draft — complete—only—

69c each.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE

WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

Gas Mantle

The "P. & W." double wire, triple weave, cap mantle — equal to any mantle on the market—

25c each.

LAST FRIDAY

was a hummer at the Big Glass Block Store. The bargains we gave did the work. Fridays used to be the quietest day of the week. Now Friday is one of the busiest. We have educated the people to do part of their Saturday shopping on Fridays because we can give more and better attention than we can on Saturdays. Besides, our Bargains pay you to visit this Store on BARGAIN FRIDAY.

Tomorrow Is Friday Again

and here are the Bargains we will offer you. They take in the two extremes devoted to Retail of our Building, namely the

Basement and the Fourth Floor.

Basement bazaar

The thrifty housewife is well acquainted in this part of our store. She watches our advertisements for just such offerings as these:

Coal hods

24 dozen of them in 16 and 17-inch black japanned coal hods, corrugated body, worth 25c and 30c—either size—for Friday..... **15c**

Stove boards

12 dozen zinc stove boards, nicely decorated—lined with felt paper—size 28x28—regular price 69c—for Friday..... **39c**

Air-tight stoves

50 airtight stoves—nickel trimmed with front draft—why pay other dealers $1.75 and $2.00 for them—the price here (delivered at your house, but not set up), for Friday..... **98c**

Stove pipe

1,000 pieces No. 6 common Stove Pipe, the kind you pay 15c for around town—regular lengths—our price for Friday..... **10c**

Ladies, listen!

For Friday we will offer you a genuine Hartz Mountain Canary Bird—guaranteed a singer—with a nice brass cage for..... **$3.39**

Furniture bazaar

The entire fourth floor is stacked with furniture made by the best factories in America—the dependable, well-made kinds (not the $1.00-a-week kinds) are all we handle.

Brass and iron beds—

Enameled iron with brass top rail, brass knobs and brass spindles, extra strong angle iron head and foot—our own regular $5.00 value—for Friday only..... **$3.95**

Morris chair

Finely made quartered oak, in golden finish or weathered finish, has large arms, has hair-filled cushions, covered with velour in brown, red and green, has carved front and shaped legs—a chair well worth $12—Friday for..... **$5.95**

Mission oak rocker

Housekeepers, here's where you get a great value—a heavy dark solid oak rocker, large size, shaped seat, wide arms—installment stores ask you $7.00—our Friday price..... **$3.50**

A kitchen table

The neatest style that's made—with or without drawers—turned legs—a regular $2.00 table—for Friday..... **$1.49**

China rack

For cups and saucers, solid oak with double rack and top shelf—the same thing was offered us at wholesale this week for 75c—we retail them Friday for only..... **25c**

SIGN OF "DOG AND THE POT"

An Old Favorite of Charles Dickens Still Hanging.

London, Oct. 26.—Dickens lovers have to thank that tireless authority on "Boz," Percy Fitzgerald, for pointing out that a curious old sign which was an unfailing object of interest to Dickens as a boy, and to which he often referred in later years, still hangs in the Blackfriars road of London. This sign, which advertises a long-established hardware firm, is a typical example of the queer trade emblems which from the sixteenth century distinguished practically every shop of any importance in the metropolis, but of which few specimens now exist. It represents a gold dog apparently licking something out of an overturned crock or pot, and is generally referred to as "The Sign of the Dog and the Pot." Dickens evidently first discovered it in, as Fitzgerald says, "those heartrending blacking days in Warren & Co.'s factory, when the poor lad distracted his eares by notking all the odd things that met his eyes." And he quotes the novelist as saying of that time, "My usual way home (that is, to Lane street, where he had a lodging this week or so, it has pressed this inquiry beyond the endurance of some of the members of the committee who are candidates for nomination for members of the legislature, and I desire to very frankly state that it is going to take an adjournment until after election."

SAVE YOUR HEALTH.

It Is Worth Saving and Some Duluth People Know How to Save It.

There are some people who take their lives in their hands by continuing to neglect their kidneys, when they know these organs need help.

Sick kidneys are responsible for an immense amount of suffering and ill-health, but there is no need to suffer or to remain in danger when all diseases and sufferings arising from sick kidneys can be quickly and permanently cured by the use of Doan's Kidney Pills.

Here is the statement of one Duluth person who has reclaimed good health by the use of this remedy:

A. Ebmer of 331 Fifth street east, Duluth, Minn., says: "My experience has demonstrated the fact that Doan's Kidney Pills are a remedy of exceptional merit, and one that can be relied upon in treating different phases of kidney trouble. Six years ago I suffered from a most distressing dull, heavy pain in the small of the back and through the loins. It broke my sleep at night, and in spite of the various remedies I used from time to time I had obtained no relief. At length I got Doan's Kidney Pills and began using them with the most gratifying results. In a short time I found a cure, and this has proved lasting and permanent. I am an earnest advocate of Doan's Kidney Pills and have already recommended them in the local newspapers."

For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

NIGHTCAPS FOR SOCIETY.

The Countess Fabricott Responsible For tha Quaint Revival.

London, Oct. 26.—Society has taken to wearing nightcaps—not the old-fashioned kind, but exquisite creations of muslin and lace elaborately trimmed with ribbon. Countess Fabricotti, the famous society beauty and one of the latest recruits to the ranks of titled milliners, is responsible for the quaint revival. The countess dressed for herself the becoming properties of dainty little mob caps frilled with lace and decorated with dainty ribbons, and now she is teaching her assistants how to make nightcaps for her customers.

"The revival of the nightcap has been extraordinarily successful," said the countess, in an interview last week. "When I first introduced the little caps of lace a few weeks ago, I never thought they would have such a vogue. Of course the old style of nightcap was terribly unhygienic, but that cannot be alleged against the little caps that I make, for they are made entirely of lace or open netting. Young people as well as old wear them. Indeed, I have just got an order for two dozen real lace nightcaps for a bride."

CONTRACT AWARDED

To Dowling Bros. For Eveleth's Sewer and Water Mains.

Eveleth, Minn., Oct. 26.—At a meeting of the city council last night, the bid of Dowling Bros. for the laying of 1,699 feet of 8-inch sewer and 640 feet of water main on Jackson street, in separate trenches, was accepted, and the contract awarded to them. Their bid was $2,900, and the other bid was that of J. D. O'Connell of Duluth, whose figure was $2,950.

Work will be begun at once, and Mr. Dowling stated that Eveleth will be provided with water by a week from Saturday.

ALBERS SENTENCED TO THIRTY-TWO MONTHS.

Washington, Oct. 26.—Official information comes to the state department from Nicaragua that the so-called Leon court has confirmed the decision of the lower court in the case of the American citizen, Albers, and has fixed his sentence at thirty-two months' imprisonment. Albers, it is alleged, will take an immediate appeal to the supreme court at Managua. The state department has instructed Mr. Merry, the American minister to send his secretary of the legation, J. G. Bailey, to Managua to observe the progress of the case so as to be in a position to inform the department regarding the treatment the Albers case receives.

STAGE FRIGHT

Can Be Cured by Cultivating the High Nerve Centers.

London, Oct. 26.—"Stage fright or nervousness may be described as an attack of brain blushing," said Dr. John Warriner this week when he gave some valuable hints on the cure of stage fright. He explained that one's actions were either dominated by the higher nerve center in the brain or the lower or reflex centers in the spinal cord. Unintelligent repetition of a certain piece of music for example, would ultimately lead to its being performed automatically, when the action is governed by the lower nerve centers. These impressions, however, are at the mercy of the emotions of the moment, and the mental anxiety caused by an appearance in a public way may wipe them out for the time being. The remedy was to take care that the pupil or student never allowed him or herself to become an automaton. The higher centers of the brain should never be ignored when practicing, and the mental concentration necessitated by this method would tend to prevent stage fright.

An Awful Cough Cured.

"Two years ago our little girl had a touch of pneumonia, which left her with an awful cough. She had spells of coughing, just like one with the whooping cough and some thought she would not get well at all. We got a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, which acted like a charm. She stopped coughing and got stout and fat," writes Mrs. Ora Bussard, Brubaker, Ill. This remedy is for sale by all leading druggists.

TO BUILD NEW FLEET.

San Francisco, Oct. 26.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, a rich Japanese company, is about to build a fleet of passenger steamers to ply between Japan and Seattle, Australia and European ports.

Rheumatism Cured.

50,000 BOXES Free



Deformity of the hands in general Chronic Articular Rheumatism.

I discovered a simple cure for Rheumatism and Gout. To introduce this wonderful remedy among the suffering readers of this paper I have set aside 50,000 Boxes for Free distribution and every afflicted reader is courteously invited to write for one.

This remedy has cured where all others failed besides it is absolutely safe to take and will not harm the delicate tissues of your stomach like other rheumatism remedies do. This simple remedy has cured many persons who were so decrepit and pain-racked that they could neither clothe nor feed themselves, among them persons of 80 years and over. Recently it cured an old gentleman who had suffered 33 years and whom seven doctors had called incurable. Address:

JOHN A. SMITH,

2606 Gloria Bldg. Milwaukee, Wis.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

GARFIELD AVENUE GAS HOLDER EXPLODES

Buildings For Blocks Around Shaken But None Injured.

Flames Shoot Far Into the Air But Quickly Die Out.

With an explosion that shook buildings two or three blocks away, the old city gas tank on Garfield avenue exploded about 3 o'clock this afternoon, and almost instantly burst into flames.

The flames shot up into the air thirty or forty feet with a roar that was plainly audible for nearly a block distant.

The sides and top of the tank were blown out by the explosion, but fortunately no one was injured. The shock caused by the explosion resembled an earthquake, and all the houses and buildings within a radius of two or three blocks shook and quivered on their foundations.

The residents, terrified by the noise and the shaking of their houses, rushed out of doors to see the flames shooting up into the air. For a few moments all kinds of rumors were current. It was stated that the Northern Pacific round house was ablaze, and that the boiler of one of the engines had exploded.

The fire was as short as it was sudden. The West end department made a record-breaking run down Garfield avenue, and the firemen were at work within two or three minutes of the explosion. It was a matter of but a few minutes to get the blaze under control, and it was quickly extinguished.

The damage done by the fire itself was slight, but the tank was wrecked by the explosion.

In the confusion resulting from the affair, it was impossible to get any explanation of the cause of the explosion up to 3:30 o'clock this afternoon. There are several causes given for the explosion, but none of them from reliable sources.

DENIES HIS CANDIDACY

Senator E. B. Hawkins Says That Rumors Are Not True.

Declares He Will Not Seek the Lieutenant Governorship.

Senator E. B. Hawkins seems to have been as much surprised as any of his friends to learn that he was to become a Republican candidate for lieutenant governor.

The announcement was purported to have been made by former Senator F. B. Daugherty of Duluth at the Merchants hotel in St. Paul. But Senator Hawkins denies everything and says that while he thinks St. Louis county should be properly recognized, it should have a better office than the lieutenant governorship as a reward for good work.

The senator returned this morning from Chicago. He smiled a big, broad smile when asked to make a statement regarding his candidacy.

"I think my good friend, Senator Daugherty, has become a bit too enthusiastic over me," said the genial legislator to a reporter of The Herald. "I have not been figuring on securing the nomination for lieutenant governor; I am not a candidate nor do I intend to become a candidate. I have no political aspirations, none whatever, and if I did, I hardly believe I would seek the office rumor has connected my name with.

"I am not seeking any office, but I am ready to pitch in and help the other members of the party. If Mr. Halden decides to become a candidate for state auditor, I will do all I can to help his candidacy along.

"I certainly think that St. Louis county deserves considerable recognition and it should have something better than the lieutenant governorship. That office is, after all, merely a complimentary affair and this county is of enough importance to demand something better.

"There, I think I have explained my position precisely. I say again, I have no intention of becoming a candidate for lieutenant governor."

Senator Hawkins declined to discuss other phases of the political situation of the state.

NO AMBIGUITY IN THE CALL

Former Governor Van Sant Justifies Rejection of Railroad Delegates.

Chicago, Oct. 26.—At the interstate commerce law convention at Steinway hall today, Former Governor Van Sant of Minnesota said in part:

"There is no ambiguity in the call for this convention. We at least know why we are here and what we want. The object is plainly stated. No one has been deceived or brought here under false pretences. Our fight is an open one and our platform proclaimed to the world. We stond squarely upon that platform and will fight it out upon that line. We are not the enemies of the railroads.

"We do not stand ready with pick ax and crowbar to tear up their tracks. Time will demonstrate that we are their best friends. In my opinion they are making a mistake to oppose so conservative a measure as the proposed amendment to the interstate commerce laws. There will be government regulation or government ownership of railroads before this fight is ended. Which will be depends largely on the managers of the railways. The rate question will not down. It is the paramount question of the people. It affects every man, woman and child in the United States. A freight rate is a tax on everything which enters into the life and commerce of the country.

"Unreasonable rates are charged and discriminations are common. What is the remedy? Your contention opens the way. I agree with you that we must look to congress for redress. Additional power should be given the interstate commission along the lines suggested by the president in his last message to congress. I am heartily in sympathy with your movement. This is no sudden impulse. I have advocated it for years."

Range Lakes Frozen Over.

Ice sufficiently thick to permit of people walking across Robinson lake, a good-sized body of water between Tower and Ely, was noticed by Deputy Sheriff Sig Levy, who returned this morning from a range trip. Mr. Levy says that he saw people crossing on the ice yesterday, and, out of curiosity, he broke the ice near the shore, finding it to be something over three-quarters of an inch thick. Mr. Levy says that all the small rivers between Tower and Ely, where the current is not too swift, are frozen over and will bear up a considerable weight. No snow has accompanied the freezing process.

SAVED FROM CONSUMPTION



Take Dr. Bull's Pills for Constipation. Read the inside of this wrapper.

THE BULL FAMILY MEDICINES
A. C. MEYER & CO.
TRADE MARK

Dr. BULL'S
Celebrated
COUGH SYRUP,
For Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Bronchitis, Asthma, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Incipient Consumption, and for the relief of consumptive patients in advanced stages of the disease.
AS PREPARED BY THE
Rev. Dr. J. W. Bull,
Baltimore, Md.
For Sale by all Druggists.
Price 25 Cents.
(Directions inside.)

Mrs. A. Whittington, Homestead, Pa., cured of consumptive cough by Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

"I have used Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup for over 20 years and have always found it a successful cure. This winter I had the worst cough that I ever had in my life, and I took Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. It did me a lot of good. Every one thought that I was going into consumption, but I am all right now. I have told many of my friends about this remedy." Mrs. A. Whittington, 240-17th Ave., Homestead, Pa.

Coughs, colds and grippe are prevailing generally, and few people realize how dangerous they are. No man, woman or child ever escapes them, and what is first considered only a trifling cold or cough, eventually develops consumption, and causes death.

When you have a cold; when you cough much; when you expectorate often; when there is shortness of breath, hoarseness, rattling and wheezing sensations in the throat and lungs, it tells the approach of consumption.

For this very dangerous condition

DR. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP

is an absolute cure. It has given hope and restored health to thousands whom physicians had foredoomed to an early grave, and will do the same for you. Consumption is positively prevented by taking Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

Every testimonial published is absolutely genuine.

Sample Sent Free
to all readers. We want you to have absolute confidence in Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, and to that end will cheerfully send you a free sample. Send no money, simply write a postal card or letter and give the name of this paper. Address
A. C. Meyer & Co., Baltimore, Md.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE.
Ask for Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup and insist on having it. There is no remedy "better or just as good." Do not experiment with a substitute; it is dangerous to health. Use Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup; it always cures. Sold by all druggists. Price, 25 cts., 50 cts. and $1.00 a bottle.

A QUESTION OF COST.

In any number of stores you'll see various preparations of cod liver oil at as many different prices. You'll wonder, perhaps, why Scott's Emulsion costs more than some other kind in as large a bottle. Hearing only one side of the question you may be led into buying the "just as good as Scott's" at the lower price. That's false economy. Scott's Emulsion costs more because its more expensive to make. Every ingredient is tested and guaranteed of the purest quality. No adulteration, no shaving of quality. There's no economy in bargain medicine. If you can afford to experiment with your health, substitutes may satisfy you. We take it, however, that you want a pure preparation, a reliable remedy and something that's going to help you. That's what you get in Scott's Emulsion. Thirty years the standard.

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl St., New York.

SITUATION ALARMING

Russians Buy Oil and Candles For Fear of Darkness.

Gen. Trepoff Takes Possession of Water and Light Works.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 26.—During the afternoon the alarm in St. Petersburg increased. The meat markets were raided by anxious purchasers and all the oil and candles were sold out. The people feared that the city would be plunged in darkness, but Gen. Trepoff acted energetically.

The troops took possession of the water, gas and electric light works, and a strong guard was placed around the treasury.

Jewelers hurriedly sent their stocks to places for safe keeping and the shopkeepers continued the work of boarding up their windows this afternoon. During the afternoon striking workmen began marching into the outlying districts and inviting their comrades to join them. The police and troops did not interfere, but by Gen. Trepoff's orders the spirit shops were closed. During the day the pharmacists formally struck.

The police are becoming frightened, many of them offering their resignations.

Reports from the interior say that troops are moving a few trains, but with difficulty. The strikers are tearing up the tracks in some places.

On the bourse prices were weak, Imperial fours dropping to 88.

London, Oct. 26.—A dispatch to the Evening Standard from Odessa says it is reported there from Sebastopol that the Russian battleship Pateleimon (formerly the Kniaz Potemkine) has been destroyed by incendiaries.

A special dispatch from Odessa says it is reported that a mutiny has occurred on the Russian battleship Catherine II. at Sebastopol and that four hundred of her crew have been arrested.

A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph company from St. Petersburg says that the emperor has decided to grant a constitution similar to that of Germany.

Kursk, Russia, Oct. 26.—The local government institutions have ceased work in accordance with the demands of the strikers.

Lodz, Russian Poland, Oct. 26.—Posenaskis' great spinning mills and other establishments here ceased work today and a general strike has been declared for tomorrow.

PRICES SHOW SOME DECLINE

Bisbee Copper Stocks Are Somewhat Weaker—North Butte Steady.

Copper stocks were fairly firm today, but the market was without much out of the ordinary. North Butte, in which local interest predominates, opened at $37 bid, advanced to $37.37½, and then fell off to $36.50. The close was at $36.50 bid and $36.75 asked. Total sales were 3,311 shares.

Bisbee stocks were all dull and heavier. Calumet & Pittsburg sold at $36.50, and closed with that price bid and $37.50 asked. Junction was softer, closing at $29 asked, and Lake Superior & Pittsburg, which has been holding at $39 bid, went to $39 asked. Pittsburg & Duluth is off to $25.50 asked.

Black Mountain sold at $8 quite freely, and just at the close sold at $8.50, and closed with $8.50 bid.

The Kindly Pope.

Los Angeles Times: Every once in a while his holiness the pope forgets that the weight of the triple crown is on his head, and he becomes that lovable old "Beppo" who used to wander by the stretches of the sea and the highways of windy trails. No kindlier man has ever sat in the chair of Peter, amid the seven hills.

TO RESUME TESTIMONY

Gasser Injunction Case Will Be Taken Up Friday.

Rumors Current That Important Evidence Has Been Unearthed.

Tomorrow morning, at 9:30 o'clock, the hearing on the petition of the M. M. Gasser company against the Retail Grocers' association and wholesale grocers, for an injunction restraining the grocers and jobbers from the alleged attempt to boycott and discriminate against the Gasser company, will be resumed before Judge Cant, in district court.

The case was continued from Tuesday evening of last week, for the reason that Judge Cant had to go to Grand Marais to hold a session of court for Cook county. He returned yesterday from his north shore trip, and efforts will be made to complete the Gasser case, if possible, before the new term begins next Wednesday.

When the continuance was taken last week evidence was still being introduced by the M. M. Gasser company, and Mr. Arnold, attorney for the company, intimated that he still had considerable evidence that he would introduce, some of it is understood to be documentary.

The attempt thus far made by the M. M. Gasser company has been along the line of getting evidence to establish a conspiracy or agreement between the Grocers' association and the grocery jobbers or wholesale produce men whereby the association was to patronize the jobbers that stood by the association. In other words, the jobbers were to refuse to deal with persons who are outside the association, or to discriminate against them in such a way as to force them into the organization of Retail Grocers. Up to the present time the witnesses, members of the association, or jobbers, have denied any agreement, secret or otherwise to the effect that the jobbers were not to sell to non-members of the association, but several have made admissions that there was a sort of understanding that the jobbers were to stand by the association so far as possible and encourage those outside of the organization to become members. These same witnesses, however, denied that the understanding is lived up to, but claimed the wholesalers sold to whom they pleased. One witness, a jobber, claimed the right of personal privilege to sell to whom he pleased, after testifying that he does not and would not sell any goods to the M. M. Gasser company.

Since the continuance was had last week Mr. Arnold, attorney for the M. M. Gasser company, is said to have been looking up some documentary evidence, and there is a rumor that some interesting developments may result when the hearing is resumed. Although Mr. Arnold is not saying what he has discovered, it has been rumored that he has something in the nature of a purported contract between the association and the Produce Exchange. The nature of the contract, if such he has, Mr. Arnold has not yet divulged.

It will be recalled from the testimony already given by several members of the exchange, that they knew of no contract or agreement between the exchange and the grocers' association.

The defense, represented in its various interests by H. F. Fryberger, H. H. Phelps and Arthur Crassweller, has not yet indicated how much evidence will be introduced in its behalf. Considerable testimony favorable to the defendants has already been brought out in the direct examination of the witnesses called by the M. M. Gasser Company for cross examination under the statutes.

NOTICE.

The Ladies of the Lester Park M. E. church have changed the location of their Rummage Sale from Lenox Hotel to First avenue east and Superior street.

OLD TIME TROTTERS.

Boston Blue Won Fame By Going Mile in Three Minutes.

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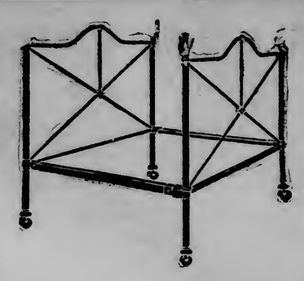
IMAGINATION'S LIMITS.

Providence Journal: "When it comes to the four seasons, give me the autumn for mine," observed the man who was sitting directly in front of the conductor. "I've heard that before," replied his matter-of-fact neighbor on the end. "There's wine in the air, I believe, and a tang that's borne in with the early suspicion of frost, and there's a soft hazy, dreamy, golden glow resting on the face of nature, while the gorgeously painted leaves that are falling and silently drifting away, like our hopes and ambitions and aspirations, give a melancholy touch to the canvas that invites retrospection and harmonizes with it. The outer shell of the nuts are cracking, the squirrels are chattering and laying in their stores and the shrivelled stacks of cornstalks stand like yellow, worn out sentinels in the brown fields that have yielded their harvests. All that's been written; everything's been written and written pretty badly if the truth must be told. Autumn is great theoretically. You're roaming the woods with a dog and a gun and drinking in its beauties—in your mind. When you hew to the line and foot up the column, the while business is your mind. What difference does it make to you whether it's autumn or spring or winter or summer? A ride in a trolley to business, a short walk to a restaurant at noon and a car ride home. The only gun you see is in the window of a hardware store. Could you load and fire one if you had one—honest? Probably not. A few people, that is, comparatively few people, are free to take advantage of the seasons; but for the most of us who enthuse over them it's the same old grind, whether the weather conditions are one thing or another."

"Well, I'm not sorry I have a little imagination anyway," said the first speaker.

"The imagination is all right," concluded the mater-of-fact person, "but it won't clothe and feed you and pay rent even if you overwork it."

A Mattress, a Spring an Iron Bed Like Cut, all three for $4.44



The mattress is a wool top, with good heavy ticking; the spring is made with hard maple frame and woven wire top. Spring, Mattress and Bed, all three for $4.44.

Four sizes to choose from—3 feet wide, 3½ feet wide, 4 feet wide or 4½ feet.

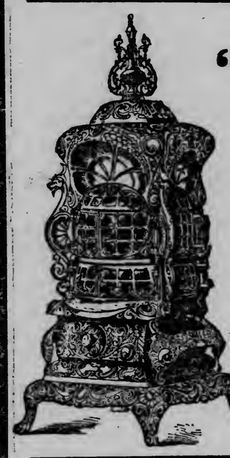
Wood Folding Beds at Big Reductions



Cotton Felt Mattresses

We would call attention to our "Orient" Elastic Cotton Felt—with 60-day trial offer only $9.00.
Better grades Elastic Felt at $10.50, $13.00 and $15.00.

Never carry out ashes till spring.



"Moore" Base Burners are Best

Best because you get most heat on least fuel. Best because you can heat more rooms than with other patterns. Handsomest stoves and with patent ash chute. You need not carry out ashes until spring.

Written guarantee with each Heater or Moore Range. Base burners—

$35 and up

Some second-hand heaters at bargains.

We Trade Stoves

R. R. Forward & Co. HARDWARE AND FURNITURE

21st Avenue West on Superior St. Duluth.

R. R. Forward & Co. HARDWARE AND FURNITURE

Connections East

No matter which train nor which railroad you select to the Twin Cities, you will find there waiting for you one of the eastbound trains of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway. There are five trains via that line from Minneapolis and St. Paul to Chicago every day. These include the famous Pioneer Limited and Fast Mail. No extra fare to ride on them. But it is necessary to name your route when purchasing tickets. Write W. B. Dixon, Northwestern passenger agent, St. Paul, for full information regarding rates, etc.

Happy Medium Wanted.

Washington Post: Some day, let us hope, the college will produce a graduate who is a happy compromise between the football player who is all brawn and the physical wreck who is all brain.

Don't forget to phone your ad to The Saturday Herald.

Why "K-B" Clothes

Are Equal to Custom Made



WHY shouldn't they be? The makers of "K-B" clothes have the pick of the choicest fabrics in the country, because they buy in immense quantities.

They have specialties for each part of the tailoring. These are advantages the custom tailor can't have. And the immense volume of business done by

Kohn Brothers
Chicago
Makers of Men's Fine Clothes

enables them to turn out clothes which are equaled only by the best and highest priced custom tailors in the country.

And at half the ordinary custom tailor's price. Every garment guaranteed by us.

$10 to $35

Sold in this City only by

EAGLE CLOTHING AND SHOE HOUSE

D. C. Casmir 321 W. Superior St.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

GARFIELD AVENUE GAS HOLDER EXPLODES

Buildings For Blocks Around Shaken But None Injured.

Flames Shoot Far Into the Air But Quickly Die Out.

With an explosion that shook buildings two or three blocks away, the old city gas tank on Garfield avenue exploded about 3 o'clock this afternoon, and almost instantly burst into flames.

The flames shot up into the air thirty or forty feet with a roar that was plainly audible for nearly a block distant.

The sides and top of the tank were blown out by the explosion, but fortunately no one was injured. The shock caused by the explosion resembled an earthquake, and all the houses and buildings within a radius of two or three blocks shook and quivered on their foundations.

The residents, terrified by the noise and the shaking of their houses, rushed out of doors to see the flames shooting up into the air. For a few moments all kinds of rumors were current. It was stated that the Northern Pacific round house was ablaze, and that the boiler of one of the engines had exploded.

The fire was as short as it was sudden. The West end department made a record-breaking run down Garfield avenue, and the firemen were at work within two or three minutes of the explosion. It was a matter of but a few minutes to get the blaze under control, and it was quickly extinguished.

The damage done by the fire itself was slight, but the tank was wrecked by the explosion.

In the confusion resulting from the affair, it was impossible to get any explanation of the cause of the explosion up to 3:30 o'clock this afternoon. There are several causes given for the explosion, but none of them from reliable sources.

DENIES HIS CANDIDACY

Senator E. B. Hawkins Says That Rumors Are Not True.

Declares He Will Not Seek the Lieutenant Governorship.

Senator E. B. Hawkins seems to have been as much surprised as any of his friends to learn that he was to become a Republican candidate for lieutenant governor.

The announcement was purported to have been made by former Senator F. B. Daugherty of Duluth at the Merchants hotel in St. Paul. But Senator Hawkins denies everything and says that while he thinks St. Louis county should be properly recognized, it should have a better office than the lieutenant governorship as a reward for good work.

The senator returned this morning from Chicago. He smiled a big, broad smile when asked to make a statement regarding his candidacy.

"I think my good friend, Senator Daugherty, has become a bit too enthusiastic over me," said the genial legislator to a reporter of The Herald. "I have not been figuring on securing the nomination for lieutenant governor; I am not a candidate nor do I intend to become a candidate. I have no political aspirations, none whatever, and if I did, I hardly believe I would seek the office rumor has connected my name with.

"I am not seeking any office, but I am ready to pitch in and help the other members of the party. If Mr. Haldeu decides to become a candidate for state auditor, I will do all I can to help his candidacy along.

"I certainly think that St. Louis county deserves considerable recognition and it should have something better than the lieutenant governorship. That office is, after all, merely a complimentary affair and this county is of enough importance to demand something better.

"There, I think I have explained my position precisely. I say again, I have no intention of becoming a candidate for lieutenant governor."

Senator Hawkins declined to discuss other phases of the political situation of the state.

NO AMBIGUITY IN THE CALL

Former Governor Van Sant Justifies Rejection of Railroad Delegates.

Chicago, Oct. 26.—At the interstate commerce law convention at Steinway hall today, Former Governor Van Sant of Minnesota said in part:

"There is no ambiguity in the call for this convention. We at least know why we are here and what we want. The object is plainly stated. No one has been deceived or brought here under false pretenses. Our fight is an open one and our platform proclaimed to the world. We stand squarely upon that platform and will fight it out upon that line. We are not the enemies of the railroads.

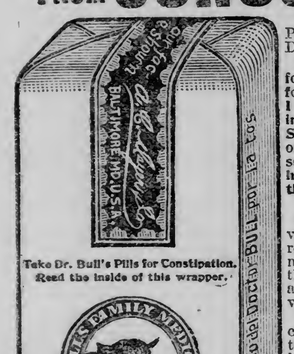
"We do not stand ready with pick ax and crowbar to tear up their tracks. Time will demonstrate that we are their best friends. In my opinion they are making a mistake to oppose so conservative a measure as the proposed amendment to the interstate commerce laws. There will be government regulation or government ownership of railroads before this fight is ended. Which will be depends largely on the managers of the railways. The rate question will not down. It is the paramount question of the people. It affects every man, woman and child in the United States. A freight rate is a tax on everything which enters into the life and commerce of the country.

"Unreasonable rates are charged and discriminations are common. What is the remedy? Your contention opens the way. I agree with you that we must look to congress for redress. Additional power should be given the interstate commission along the lines suggested by the president in his last message to congress. I am heartily in sympathy with your movement. This is no sudden impulse. I have advocated it for years."

Range Lakes Frozen Over.

Ice sufficiently thick to permit of people walking across Robinson lake, a good-sized body of water between Tower and Ely, was noticed by Deputy Sheriff Sig Levy, who returned this morning from a range trip. Mr. Levy says that he saw people crossing on the ice yesterday, and, out of curiosity, he broke the ice near the shore, finding it to be something over three-quarters of an inch thick. Mr. Levy says that all the small rivers between Tower and Ely, where the current is not too swift, are frozen over and will bear up a considerable weight. No snow has accompanied the freezing process.

SAVED FROM CONSUMPTION



Take Dr. Bull's Pills for Constipation. Read the inside of this wrapper.



Dr. BULL'S
Celebrated
COUGH SYRUP,
For Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Bronchitis, Asthma, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Incipient Consumption, and for the relief of consumptive patients in advanced stages of the disease.
AS PREPARED BY THE
Rev. Dr. J. W. Bull,
Baltimore, Md.
For Sale by all Druggists.
Price 25 Cents.
(Directions inside.)

Mrs. A. Whittington, Homestead, Pa., cured of consumptive cough by Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

"I have used Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup for over 20 years and have always found it a successful cure. This winter I had the worst cough that I ever had in my life, and I took Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. It did me a lot of good. Every one thought that I was going into consumption, but I am all right now. I have told many of my friends about this remedy." Mrs. A. Whittington, 240-17th Ave., Homestead, Pa.

Coughs, colds and grippe are prevailing generally, and few people realize how dangerous they are. No man, woman or child ever escapes them, and what is first considered only a trifling cold or cough, eventually develops consumption, and causes death.

When you have a cold; when you cough much; when you expectorate often; when there is shortness of breath, hoarseness, rattling and wheezing sensations in the throat and lungs, it tells the approach of consumption.

For this very dangerous condition

DR. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP

is an absolute cure. It has given hope and restored health to thousands whom physicians had foredoomed to an early grave, and will do the same for you. Consumption is positively prevented by taking Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

Every testimonial published is absolutely genuine.

Sample Sent Free
to all readers. We want you to have absolute confidence in Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, and to that end will cheerfully send you a free sample. Send no money, simply write a postal card or letter and give the name of this paper. Address A. C. Meyer & Co., Baltimore, Md.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE.
Ask for Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup and insist on having it. There is no remedy "better or just as good." Do not experiment with a substitute; it is dangerous to health. Use Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup; it always cures. Sold by all druggists. Price, 25 cts., 50 cts. and $1.00 a bottle.

A QUESTION OF COST.

In any number of stores you'll see various preparations of cod liver oil at as many different prices. You'll wonder, perhaps, why Scott's Emulsion costs more than some other kind in as large a bottle. Hearing only one side of the question you may be led into buying the "just as good as Scott's" at the lower price. That's false economy. Scott's Emulsion costs more because its more expensive to make. Every ingredient is tested and guaranteed of the purest quality. No adulteration, no shaving of quality. There's no economy in bargain medicine. If you can afford to experiment with your health, substitutes may satisfy you. We take it, however, that you want a pure preparation, a reliable remedy and something that's going to help you. That's what you get in Scott's Emulsion. Thirty years the standard.

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl St., New York.

SITUATION ALARMING

Russians Buy Oil and Candles For Fear of Darkness.

Gen. Trepoff Takes Possession of Water and Light Works.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 26.—During the afternoon the alarm in St. Petersburg increased. The meat markets were raided by anxious purchasers and all the oil and candles were sold out. The people feared that the city would be plunged in darkness, but Gen. Trepoff acted energetically.

The troops took possession of the water, gas and electric light works, and a strong guard was placed around the treasury.

Jewelers hurriedly sent their stocks to places for safe keeping and the shopkeepers continued the work of boarding up their windows this afternoon. During the afternoon striking workmen began marching into the outlying districts and inviting their comrades to join them. The police and troops did not interfere, but by Gen. Trepoff's orders the spirit shops were closed. During the day the pharmacists formally struck.

The police are becoming frightened, many of them offering their resignations.

Reports from the interior say that troops are moving a few trains, but with difficulty. The strikers are tearing up the tracks in some places.

On the bourse prices were weak, Imperial fours dropping to 86.

London, Oct. 26.—A dispatch to the Evening Standard from Odessa says it is reported there from Sebastopol that the Russian battleship Patcleimon (formerly the Kniaz Potemkine) has been destroyed by mecndiaries.

A special dispatch from Odessa says it is reported that a mutiny has occurred on the Russian battleship Catherine II. at Sebastopol and that four hundred of her crew have been arrested.

A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph company from St. Petersburg says that the emperor has decided to grant a constitution similar to that of Germany.

Kursk, Russia, Oct. 26.—The local government institutions have ceased work in accordance with the demands of the strikers.

Lodz, Russian Poland, Oct. 26.—Posenaskis' great spinning mills and other establishments here ceased work today and a general strike has been declared for tomorrow.

PRICES SHOW SOME DECLINE

Bisbee Copper Stocks Are Somewhat Weaker—North Butte Steady.

Copper stocks were fairly firm today, but the market was without much out of the ordinary. North Butte, in which local interest predominates, opened at $57 bid, advanced to $57.37½, and then fell off to $56.50. The close was at $56.50 bid and $56.75 asked. Total sales were 3,811 shares.

Bisbee stocks were all dull and heavier. Calumet & Pittsburg sold at $36.50, and closed with that price bid and $37.50 asked. Junction was softer, closing at $29 asked, and Lake Superior & Pittsburg, which has been holding at $39 bid, went to $39 asked. Pittsburg & Duluth is off to $25.50 asked.

Black Mountain sold at $8 quite freely, and just at the close sold at $8.50, and closed with $8.50 bid.

The Kindly Pope.

Los Angeles Times: Every once in a while his holiness the pope forgets that the weight of the triple crown is on his head, and he becomes that lovable old "Beppo" who used to wander by the stretches of the sea and the highways of windy trails. No kindlier man has ever sat in the chair of Peter, amid the seven hills.

TO RESUME TESTIMONY

Gasser Injunction Case Will Be Taken Up Friday.

Rumors Current That Important Evidence Has Been Unearthed.

Tomorrow morning, at 9:30 o'clock, the hearing on the petition of the M. M. Gasser company against the Retail Grocers' association and wholesale grocers, for an injunction restraining the grocers and jobbers from the alleged attempt to boycott and discriminate against the Gasser company, will be resumed before Judge Cant, in district court.

The case was continued from Tuesday evening of last week, for the reason that Judge Cant had to go to Grand Marais to hold a session of court for Cook county. He returned yesterday from his north shore trip, and efforts will be made to complete the Gasser case, if possible, before the new term begins next Wednesday.

When the continuance was taken last week evidence was still being introduced by the M. M. Gasser company, and Mr. Arnold, attorney for the company, intimated that he still had considerable evidence that he would introduce, some of it is understood to be documentary.

The attempt thus far made by the M. M. Gasser company has been along the line of getting evidence to establish a conspiracy or agreement between the Grocers' association and the grocery jobbers or wholesale produce men whereby the association was to patronize the jobbers that stood by the association. In other words, the jobbers were to refuse to deal with persons who are outside the association, or to discriminate against them in such a way as to force them into the organization of Retail Grocers. Up to the present time the witnesses, members of the association, or jobbers, have denied any agreement, secret or otherwise to the effect that the jobbers were not to sell to non-members of the association, but several have made admissions that there was a sort of understanding that the jobbers were to stand by the association so far as possible and encourage those outside of the organization to become members. These same witnesses, however, denied that the understanding is lived up to, but claimed the wholesalers sold to whom they pleased. One witness, a jobber, claimed the right of personal privilege to sell to whom he pleased, after testifying that he does not and would not sell any goods to the M. M. Gasser company.

Since the continuance was had last week Mr. Arnold, attorney for the M. M. Gasser company, is said to have been looking up some documentary evidence, and there is a rumor that some interesting developments may result when the hearing is resumed. Although Mr. Arnold is not saying what he has discovered, it has been rumored that he has something in the nature of a reported contract between the association and the Produce Exchange. The nature of the contract, if such he has, Mr. Arnold has not yet divulged.

It will be recalled from the testimony already given by several members of the exchange, that they knew of no contract or agreement between the exchange and the grocers' association.

The defense, represented in its various interests by H. F. Fryberger, H. H. Phelps and Arthur Crassweller, has not yet indicated how much evidence will be introduced in its behalf. Considerable testimony favorable to the defendants has already been brought out in the direct examination of the witnesses called by the M. M. Gasser Company for cross examination under the statutes.

NOTICE.

The Ladies of the Lester Park M. E. church have changed the location of their Rummage Sale from Lenox Hotel to First avenue east and Superior street.

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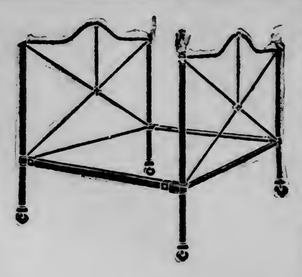
IMAGINATION'S LIMITS.

Providence Journal: "When it comes to the four seasons, give me the autumn for mine," observed the man who was sitting directly in front of the conductor. "I've heard that before," replied his matter-of-fact neighbor on the end. "There's wine in the air, I believe, and a tang that's borne in with the early suspicion of frost, and there's a soft hazy, dreamy, golden glow resting on the face of nature, while the gorgeously painted leaves that are falling and silently drifting away, like our hopes and ambitions and aspirations, give a melancholy touch to the canvas that invites retrospection and harmonizes with it. The outer shell of the nuts are cracking, the squirrels are chattering and laying in their stores and the shrivelled stacks of cornstalks stand like yellow, worn out sentinels in the brown fields that have yielded their harvests. All that's been written; everything's been written and written pretty badly if the truth must be told. Autumn is great theoretically. You're roaming the woods with a dog and a gun and drinking in its beauties—in your mind. When you hew to the line and foot up the column, the while business is your mind. What difference does it make to you whether it's autumn or spring or winter or summer? A ride in a trolley to business, a short walk to a restaurant at noon and a car ride home. The only gun you see is in the window of a hardware store. Could you load and fire one if you had one—honest? Probably not. A few people, that is, comparatively few people, are free to take advantage of the seasons; but for the most of us who enthuse over them it's the same old grind, whether the weather conditions are one thing or another."

"Well, I'm not sorry I have a little imagination anyway," said the first speaker.

"The imagination is all right," concluded the mater-of-fact person, "but it won't clothe and feed you and pay rent even if you overwork it."

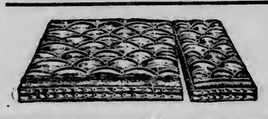
A Mattress, a Spring an Iron Bed Like Cut, all three for $4.44



The mattress is a wool top, with good heavy ticking; the spring is made with hard maple frame and woven wire top. Spring, Mattress and Bed, all three for $4.44.

Four sizes to choose from—3 feet wide, 3½ feet wide, 4 feet wide or 4½ feet.

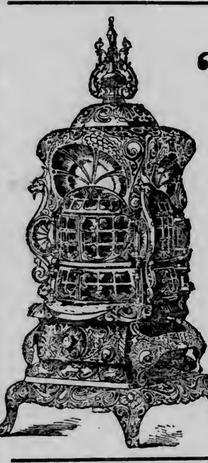
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Cotton Felt Mattresses

We would call attention to our "Orient" Elastic Cotton Felt—with **60-day trial offer only $9.00.**
Better grades Elastic Felt at **$10.50, $13.00 and $15.00.**

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"Moore" Base Burners are Best.

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Written guarantee with each Heater or Moore Range. Base burners—

$35 and up

Some second-hand heaters at bargains.

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Makers of Men's Fine Clothes

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Every garment guaranteed by us.

$10 to $35

Sold in this City only by

EAGLE CLOTHING AND SHOE HOUSE

D. C. Casmir 321 W. Superior St.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

WILL JOIN SQUADRON

Minnesota Naval Militia Plans on Interesting Event Next Year.

Fern Will Join Ships From Michigan, Illinois and Ohio.

Unless something unforseen interferes to change the plans now being formulated, the Minnesota naval militia, comprising the two bodies of reserves in this city, will participate in the cruise and joint manuevers of the naval militia from Michigan, Ohio and Illinois, next summer.

It has been proposed to meet at a rendezvous satisfactory to the naval militia from the four states bordering on the Great Lakes, under the command of the commanding officer of the United States steamship Wolverine, stationed at Erie, Pa., which acts as a flagship, and have squadron drill for a period of three or four days, possibly a week.

The proposed plan has been submitted by the comananding officers of the militia in the other states to Commander Guy A. Eaton of the Minnesota reserves and he has signified his willingness and intention to co-operate with the other naval militia bodies in every way to make the squadron meeting a success.

Monday, Aug. 5, has been suggested as the date of the rendezvous, and this, it is said, will be as satisfactory a date as could be arranged for the naval reserves here for the reason that August will be the best month for the members to get away from their various vocations on a vacation of a week or ten days. This is also the usual period of good weather on the lakes.

Duluth and Cleveland are the extremes of the line of naval militia stations on the Great Lakes, and it has been suggested that some point in Lake Huron would be, possibly, the most convenient rendezvous for the four states. Illinois is willing, so it is stated, to come to any suitable place in that lake, without special choice of any of the harbors.

The Illinois division of the militia, through its officers, has suggested South Manitou island, in Lake Michigan, as the best place for a rendezvous known to the reserve on those waters. It is claimed to be a perfect shelter from all storms, has no shoals, and is large enough for squadron boat drill. The island is said to be thinly populated so that a landing force would have ample opportunity for skirmish drill without disturbing the inhabitants. Six hours distant from the island, to the northeast is Harbor Point, and about equally distant to the south is Ludington, with a wide entrance and anchorage room for the squadron in Lake Pere Marquette.

It is considered that the commanding officer of the Ohio naval militia may recognize South Manitou island as too far distant, notwithstanding its advantages, though there are, so far as known at this end of the lake no places in Lake Huron that are likely to offer such good advantages.

If it were not for the matter of distance, the Minnesota Naval Militia could probably offer choice of the best advantages to be found on any one of the Great Lakes, right out in Lake Superior, but the organization in this state is by far the youngest and, while glad to co-operate with the older organizations, it is not yet in a position where it would feel like pushing its claims. It is not unlikely that, in the future, however, a squadron drill may be had on Lake Superior.

These squadron drills are looked on very favorably by the government, and are recognized as a valuable part of the training of the Naval Militia members. It is believed necessary to offer special advantages to the Duluth soldier sailors for the reason that they are still young in the business and will have the opportunity of learning many points in the way of drills from the older organized reserves.

In case a squadron drill is held, it is likely that six ships will participate, carrying an aggregate of 900 men. Besides the Fern of Minnesota, there are the Yantic and the Essex of Michigan, stationed at Detroit; the Dorothea of Illinois, stationed at Chicago; the Hawk of Ohio, stationed at Cleveland, and the United States steamship Wolverine, stationed at Erie, Pa.

Before the Fern participates in the cruise and squadron drill, however, she will undergo a number of repairs and will come out next season in a coat of white paint. All the other naval reserve training ships, except the Essex, are painted white.

Commander Eaton has received word from Washington that the guns for the Fern, three six-pounders, are to be shipped to Duluth immediately.

During the coming winter there will be considerable activity in naval militia circles. The schools for the officers and men in navigation will be kept up, also the drills of the enlisted men. Everything possible will be done to have the men in good condition and well drilled for the campaign next season when the lakes are open to navigation.

The steamer Fern, which has been at anchor in the harbor basin off the foot of Fifth avenue west, will go into winter quarters in the Lake avenue slip this week. A dock has been rented close to the naval militia boathouse, where the boat will be tied up and where she can be visited this winter at regular intervals to be announced later by the officers. The six caretakers, who are detailed with the ship by the government, will remain on her all winter and the boat will, it is understood, be housed in such a manner that drills can be carried on aboard her without exposure to the weather.

PHEW!

BUT IT'S—— ENOUGH IS SAID

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Porcelain Crowns..$5
Bridge Work $5

Artificial Teeth $5.00 and up.

DULUTH DENTAL PARLORS

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TONIGHT!

Cook's PalmGarden Grand Free Concert by SCHNEIDER'S LADY ORCHESTRA.

OLD PEOPLE AT CHURCH

Service For Aged Duluthians Proves Grand Success.

Many Denominations Represented at First M. E. Church Gathering.

If Dr. Osler, of chloroform fame, had looked in on the gathering in the parlors of the First Methodist Episcopal church in Duluth, yesterday afternoon, the chances are that he would have felt ashamed of himself.

That gathering was the first non-denominational "Old Folks' service" to be held in Duluth, and was attended by about seventy-five men and women who had passed the seventieth milestone. There were more women than men present, the males being outnumbered more than tow to one.

But the service was a grand success, and it has been decided to hold similar services every year. Aged men and women of all denominations were present at the reception, which was held from 2 until 3:30, and during the short program of exercises held from that time until the assemblage sat down to a tasty repast, prepared by the ladies of the church.

All the guests over 80 years of age sat at a table of state in the center of the room. All of the tables were daintily decorated, and the occasion was one of good cheer rather than a sort of farewell banquet. The old people were not impressed all the time with the fact that they were not to have many more years to live. Dr. M. S. Rice, pastor of the First M. E. church, and father of the Old Folks' service in Duluth, urged all of them to attend the service to be held next year. A roll call will be taken then.

The other speakers adopted this same cheery manner, and the afternoon passed very pleasantly indeed. Rev. A. W. Ryan, reetor of St. Paul's Episcopal church, was the first speaker.

"I understand that a new day is about to begin," said he. "Employers are beginning to think that while young men can think quicker, they can think too quick, and are thinking too much about other peoples' money. I think the day is coming when gray hairs will be considered of more importance from a business viewpoint.

"There is another thing upon which I want to congratulate you. And that is, upon being able to grow old gracefully. Our burdens are often heavy to bear, but we should accept them as gracefully as we can.

"There are pleasant things in every epoch of our life. It is a great thing to be a child and have all the carefree innocence which goes along with it; it is a great thing to enjoy glorious youth; it is pleasant to be matured, and there are many things which old age gives us that are valuable. When you are old, you can discriminate in life's matters; you need not worry yourself about the little things in this world, but rather sit back and look on and get occasional glimpses a little beyond, to the rest which lies there. May the world bless you."

"I want to thank Dr. Rice for his suggestion for this old folks' service; it should have been thought of before," said Rev. Thomas H. Cleland, pastor of the First Presbyterian church. "As the first speaker has said, young America displays a tendency to make the old people sit at the second table but this should not be.

"I want to congratulate you, my revered brothers and sisters, for what you have seen. These have been wonderful seventy years. At the beginning of your lives, there were no telephones or automobiles or other modern things, which sometimes annoy but on the whole gratify us.

"What impresses me the most is what Christ has done. You may say that years ago, people went to church more but I doubt it very much. I think, too, that more is being done for the poor and nations are becoming missionaries themselves. There was a time, not very long ago, when we had a hard time to secure permission for our missionaries to work in foreign fields.

"I can congratulate you not only on what you have seen but what you have felt. And another thing, I don't want you to think that you are out of it altogether and that there is nothing left for you to do but to die. We are all only as old as we feel. Every one of you is a link in some family chain and your death would break that chain all to pieces so don't thing of dying just yet.

"This is rather a remarkable gathering and in many respects it shows the progress of seventy years or more. Here we are all gathered together and we are not thinking of whether we are Methodists, Episcopalians, Congregationalists, Presbyterians or anything else. We are learning to love one another as Christians. When some of you were young, it was almost a crime to attend the services of another denomination, even as a visitor."

Rev. Alexander Milne, pastor of Pilgrim Congregational church, was present but did not speak. Mary Syre Bradshaw gave a number of vocal numbers, including "Auld Lang Sang" and "A Wayward Traveler."

The church parlors were decorated with autumn leaves and a number of old spinning wheels gave the rooms a sort of pioneer look.

Mrs. A. W. Bradley, Mrs. M. S. Rice, Mrs. Edward Bradley and Mrs. A. C. Taylor received the old people.

After the old timers had enjoyed a hearty supper, they left for their homes. The day was rather unpleasant and some of them went home in carriages. It is planned to hold the service earlier in October, next year.

HEMY'S GREAT SEA PICTURE

Showing Nelson's Famous Fight at Copenhagen Completed.

London, Oct. 26.—Thomas M. Hemy, the famous marine painter, has just completed a picture which covers an area of ninety square feet, has on it half a hundredweight of colors and took 500 hours to paint. The picture illustrates the famous incident at the Battle of Copenhagen, when Nelson refused to see the signal of recall. In the center is Nelson's ship, the Elephant. Around it are congregated the Danish fleet. On the quarter-deck of the Elephant stands the little man with only one arm and one eye. Near him is the lieutenant to whom he is supposed to be saying, "I really do not see the signal." No one is better fitted to paint such a picture than Mr. Hemy, for he was born at sea, and at any early age ran away from school and joined the mercantile marine. He has been shipwrecked, and has been on ships whose crews have mutinied, and he saw active service with the United States navy.

Mr. Hemy in describing how great historical pictures are painted, said: "I find that the cost of painting a picture of large dimensions varies from £50 to £150. Costume pictures are always most expensive, for every detail must be quite accurate; £900 was recently paid by a famous R. A. for a single suit of armour. First of all an artist has to spend weeks, and sometimes months, in going round various museums collecting and checking historical details. Next he must find models, and after this comes a few weeks of real pleasure, while the picture is being painted in with broad flat brushes. Months of hard work follow, during which several of the principal figures may have to be repainted thirty and forty times. There is a considerable amount of bodily fatigue in painting a great canvas," concluded Mr. Hemy. "While doing the top part of the picture the artist must continually climb up and down a step-ladder." The following list may give some idea of the expenses in connection with a large historical picture:

Canvas, 90 feet square	£6 10
Paints, 250 tubs	25 0
Models, 200 hours	10 0
Brushes, 50	7 10
Framing	50 0
	£99 0

Costumes may cost anything from £10 to £1000. Considering the cost and labor involved, and in view of the fact that British art committees prefer pictures of sea nymphs to those illustrating great national events, it is not surprising that only a few artists attempt historical works.

Never Before.

Were good watches sold at the low prices quoted by Harris & Esterly, 428 West Superior street, Spalding Hotel.

Apitezo delicious

WILL NOT MARRY ALFONSO.

Duke of Connaught's Daughter Not Desirous of Being Queen.

Madrid, Oct. 26.—The proposed match between the king of Spain and the elder daughter of the duke of Connaught is said to be "off," though of course no one in court circles will talk of the matter. It appears that the princess would have none of it. She is said to have stated to friends in Spain that she had no wish to become a queen, and that the position of queen of Spain did not possess for her the slightest attraction. About all that is known about the matter here is that the duke and duchess are taking her to South Africa for the winter, and that the rumored visit to Madrid has been canceled.

One report has it, however, that King Edward will pay the young king of Spain a return visit during the winter season, and that about this time the betrothal of the king to the Princess Louise of Orange will be announced. She is the younger sister of the duke of Orleans, and her sisters are the queen of Portugal, the Duchess D'Aosta, and the Duchess De Guise, who is just now laid up as the result of a bad riding accident at Wood Norton. The Princess Louise is handsome, belongs to an ancient family and being a Catholic there is no religious difficulty to be got over.

BURIED TREASURE.

A West Virginian Tells of Two Hoards In Oklahoma.

Guthrie, O. T., Oct. 26.—Charles Naylor, of Oren, W. Va., who claims to hold the secret of the location of $80,000 in buried treasure in Oklahoma, has written to United States Marshall W. D. Fossett in regard to the matter, and offers to "divvy" with the marshall and his deputies in return for their assistance in getting possession of the treasure.

As near as can be determined from the letter the money is at the bottom of an abandoned well somewhere near Kaw City. According to Naylor's story, it belonged to Gen. Zachary Taylor, who was surprised by a band of Indians, and buried the money near an old outlaw fort, not far from the Arkansas river. Taylor and his men were not able to return for the money at that time, and it still remains there, according to the West Virginian. He gets his information from a former member of a gang of outlaws, who went East because he was pursued too closely in the West, and who gave Naylor the information when on his deathbed.

From the same man, Naylor claims to have information regarding a fabulous amount of money buried somewhere near Guthrie. That was taken from a party of forty soldiers who were returning from a trip into Texas and Mexico, and was evidently the spoil of some old Spanish mission. They were attacked near the present site of Guthrie by a band of Indians and renegade white, which included the outlaw befriended by Naylor. Until better arrangements could be made, the outlaws buried their booty near the scene of the massacre.

It is described as consisting of money, candlesticks, beaten gold and silver and all manner of silver images, the entire amount being worth close to $400,000. The soldiers were carrying it in three wagons, eight boxes to the wagon, the boxes being made of oak planks two inches thick. The massacre is said to have occurred not far from the old army trail from Kansas to Fort Sill.

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ESTABLISHED 1891.
Manufacturers of art, leaded and metal glass for churches, residences and public buildings. All kinds of plain and beveled French mirrors. Designs and estimates on application.
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ANOTHER INVESTIGATION.

There is a most affecting atmosphere of ingenuousness and naivete about the announcement from New York that the Mutual Life is going to investigate itself.

President Richard A. McCurdy states that a committee of the board of trustees of his company had been appointed to investigate the company and its methods. This action was taken yesterday at a meeting of the board at which it was introduced by President McCurdy himself.

Of course this will be a fair, full and fearless investigation. It must be, because President McCurdy must know that if it is not it cannot deceive anybody. As a matter of fact, in view of the disclosures made before the legislative investigation committee, the public will hardly accept in good faith anything in the nature of a report that does not show up a lot of iniquities and propose a lot of reforms. Nothing in the nature of a whitewash will serve any useful purpose at all. Indeed, should a fair investigation result in an honest report that the company was managed admirably and with a view solely to the best interests of the policyholders, there might be some difficulty in securing an implicit belief in it on the part of the public.

In the meantime, there is already an investigation in progress, the one by the committee of the New York legislature appointed for that purpose, upon the fairness of which not a hint or suspicion of taint has yet been cast. That this investigation will work for the good of the insurance business, and particularly of the companies being investigated, there can be no question. The discovery of improper methods of handling the funds of these companies should mean that such methods must cease, and that if the men now in control of them are not judged fit to conduct them upon proper lines, they must be replaced by others who will.

It has been shown pretty conclusively that vast sums of money that should have gone to the policyholders have gone elsewhere, without proper excuse. In view of the possession of this knowledge by the public, it would seem inevitable that such practices must cease, and that therefore policies in these companies will be much more valuable than they have ever been before.

If the McCurdy investigation is an attempt to deceive the public by a whitewash, it is childish and will be useless; if it is an honest attempt to establish the business of the Mutual upon a new and fairer basis, it will be hailed with pleasure by the policyholders and encouraged in every manner possible. However, judgment will probably be reserved to be used upon the results.

PUBLIC GOOD OR PRIVATE GREED?

The recognition of the danger there is to popular government and to the welfare of the people in gigantic combinations of capital will do more to lead to popular control of such interests, if it ever comes, than all the theoristic reasoning the keenest minds could put out in a thousand years.

It is small wonder, in view of the revelations of the past few months regarding the manner in which the large accumulations of the big insurance companies have been handled, that there should be talk of government insurance. Not of government control of insurance, but of government insurance, such as other countries have managed successfully. When the life insurance companies, benevolent as their inception was and as the life insurance idea is when properly carried out, accumulate great funds and use them to corrupt legislatures and to finance the questionable deals of high financiers whose success comes through plundering the public, the condition becomes a menace, and it is not surprising that the matter of taking the control of such enormous power away from private interests and handing it over to the government should be seriously considered.

The discussion of such things as this has not come from socialists, but from public men, men who are patriotic and who wish the people well. For instance, Governor Folk of Missouri said recently that the insurance companies now control a total sum greater than the money supply of the nation.

"It has become of nearly as much importance to the welfare of the nation," he said, "what individual controls the millions of dollars of this or that life insurance company as it is who is secretary of the treasury of the United States."

His conclusion from these discussions was that the time may come when the state may insure her own citizens at far less cost, and with far more safety to those who need that protection.

THE BANKRUPTCY LAW.

The movement to repeal the Nelson bankruptcy law, while it has never gained noticeable strength, still continues, though it is difficult to see why it should.

It is true that there are defects in the law, and that in a measure it has outgrown its usefulness. It was adopted to relieve the country from a great burden of insolvency following the last financial panic, and it served its purpose well. Thousands of insolvents sought relief through its provisions, many of whom are again in active business life and prospering. Instances are not unknown where men who were enabled by its provisions to shake off their loads of debt and thus get into business again, have upon the return of their high tide of prosperity paid off their debts, though under no legal obligation to do so. Doubtless they were under a moral obligation to do so, but doubtless, also, moral obligations are not nearly so generally binding as one might hope.

But when the Nelson law was passed thousands of men were in a corner, goaded by their creditors and prevented from engaging in business or getting on their feet again. The bankruptcy law enabled them to shake off their creditors and get to work once more. That some have failed to remember their creditors when they became flush with money again is no reflection upon the law.

Practically every objection that has been made to the bankruptcy law can be remedied by amendment. If it has faults, they can easily be corrected without destroying the law itself.

Recently the association of New York credit men held its annual meeting, and the bankruptcy law came up for consideration. If there were any bitter opposition to it one would look for it from such a source as this. None appeared, however, and while the law was criticized, the general sentiment was not hostile to it. The president of the association said it was better than no law at all, and that while it had its faults these could be corrected by amendment. He said that its repeal would be a calamity to the commercial world, and added that whereas before the law came into being it was a scramble, under it every creditor and the honest but unfortunate debtor is more fairly treated than ever before.

There certainly should be a national bankruptcy law. If this law is defective, it should be easy to cure the defects. A defect in a measure is not an argument against the expediency of the measure itself.

THE PRESIDENT'S TRIP.

Curiously enough, there are newspapers that express surprise that the reception of the president by the people of the South is so cordial.

Why should it not be cordial? The South is a part of the United States, and Theodore Roosevelt is president over it just as much as he is over the North. Furthermore, the people of the South are noted for their cordiality and hospitality, and this outburst of enthusiasm was to be expected. Forgetting a little affair of forty years or so ago, the patriotism of the South has been as full and vigorous and as self-sacrificing as that of any other part of the country. Besides, the South has more native born Americans in proportion to population than any other part of the nation. This is not to say that the citizen of foreign birth is not patriotic; for he is often more truly patriotic than many in whose veins flows the blood of colonial ancestry. But in a people whose traditions extend back for generations the outburst of loyalty toward the head of the government should be more exuberant than that from a people to whom the sensation of being a citizen of the republic is newer.

This little trip of the president's is doing whatever may have been left undone by the Spanish-American war, when for the first time since the war with Mexico the manhood of the South and the manhood of the North stood side by side upon the field of battle. If there were any need of showing the world that we are one people, that there is no longer a North or a South, this would supply the need.

Besides, the president is taking pains to show that he is the president of the people; not the president of the Republican party, or the president of the "vested interests," but the president of the whole people, rich and poor, Northerners and Southerners, black and white.

In the fullest appreciation of this, the people of the South have risen at the president as one mass, and have vied with each other to show their enthusiasm and loyalty. Southern hospitality, now extended toward the president of the United States, shines as it has never shone before. Since the Civil war, one by one the barriers between the people of the divided sections have melted away. The Spanish-American war levelled nearly all that were left. Today, in loyalty to the people's president, in faith in his vigor and earnestness in behalf of the common people, North and South are clasping hands in brotherhood, while with the unengaged hands they are wildly engaged in tossing up their hats for President Roosevelt.

Here is a voice from the South, the words of Henry Watterson in his Louisville Courier-Journal:

> Though we differ tomorrow, never again shall there be from us acerbity of thought, or speech. Today, at least, shall he given to the love of God, to the fellowship of manhood, and to the unity and glory of our country. Let mean and paltry bigots, let glum-faced partyism, for a moment stand aside. Room, room alone, whilst the president passes through "the states lately in rebellion," for the Grandeur of the Nation and the Majesty of the People!

THE FIELD SURVEY

Peter "Dooley" Dunne has propounded the interesting question "Why do people marry Lillian Russell?" He might ask Lillian.

* * *

Bovey, the new Itasca county iron mining town, has a newspaper, the Iron News, published by A. L. LaFreneire, the Northern Minnesota Hearst, who runs several very good papers. The new one is a creditable exponent of the new town, and deserves the success which The Herald cordially wishes it.

* * *

The Oslo Tribune, published in Marshall county by Nelson & Peterson, is another new face in Northern Minnesota. Its first number, just received, is promising, and it argues well for Oslo that its advertising columns are well filled.

* * *

The beef trust people, with their demurrers and special pleas and other legal dodging devices, continue to postpone as long as may be the settlement of the only question in the case: Guilty or not guilty?

* * *

Whether the government drains government lands or not, Minnesota should drain its own swamp lands; and to that end Northern Minnesota must select a high class of senators and representatives who will go down to St. Paul at the next session of the legislature and get things started.

* * *

The Baltimore News, burned out in the fire of two years ago, is installed in a handsome new seven-story building, and celebrates it in a special supplement, descriptive, reminiscent and historical. The News is one of the great evening newspapers of the country, and a little thing like that fire only spurs it to higher things.

* * *

Since District Attorney Jerome of New York concluded to be his own party, it is to be hoped that there are enough honest men in New York to become his partisans and elect him.

* * *

If the president has to pay the $60,000 duty on Miss Alice's presents, it ought to produce a pretty vigorous tariff reform speech from him.

* * *

"Adulteration is the thief of good digestion," wisely says C. D. I. in the Cass Lake Times.

HOTEL GOSSIP

"I have been hoping that I would be able to get up in this part of the country for a deer hunt this fall," said Fred Fadner of Milwaukee, at the St. Louis. "But the way things look now I guess I will not be able to do it. I formerly lived in Superior, and generally managed to get out pretty often in the fall after game, for it was only a few years back that good hunting was to be had right around Superior. I understand there are quite a few deer near town yet.

"There was pretty good deer hunting for a time in the vicinity of Saunders, two or three miles south of South Superior, and a good many of the animals were killed west of the South end, too. I never shot more than a few deer myself, but that wasn't because I didn't try. It's queer how a fellow will miss the good shots and then hit a deer that he doesn't half expect to, that is maybe standing 400 or 500 yards distant.

"I remember being out on an old logging road near town one day when I saw two or three deer about 300 yards away. There was quite a lot of brush in the road, and the only time I could see the animals was when they stepped into a sort of a trail that had been made through the bushes. I saw there was small chance of getting any closer without being seen or heard, and so I took snap shot from where I stood. I was on a small hill and could see only a patch of the deer's back, but I shot anyway, hardly hoping that my aim would be straight enough to down my quarry.

"The bullet hit the mark, however, and the deer was mine. It didn't fall to the ground, but ran straight toward me, and got within 200 feet of me before I dropped it with another bullet. The first had struck a little too high to drop him in his tracks."

* * *

"The car shortage is felt by the Western lumberman," said R. S. Merrill of Spokane, Wash., at the Spalding. "Unless the railroads grant speedy relief from the present unsatisfactory conditions in the lumber trade, occasioned by this shortage, the situation will become serious, indeed. The mills of Washington are crowded to capacity, and a large volume of new business is rejected daily because of inability to guarantee immediate delivery, or at a time specified in the contracts.

"This is the season of the year when the lumbermen get the best prices possible for their products, and if they cannot make deliveries they naturally lose the business. The Burlington has been turning over to the Northern Pacific sixty cars daily for the lumber trade, but these cars, it is claimed, are being diverted, and North Dakota farmers are getting the benefit of them. The coast lumbermen are compelled to manufacture lumber and let it remain in their yards until such time as the railroads move it, and the result is a heavy loss to the industry. The car shortage problem is not a new one in the state of Washington. It is an old, old story.

"Every year the amount of lumber and timber shipped east from the coast country grows larger. The demand for it back here is increasing as the supply of timber in the Central West is becoming exhausted. Everywhere there is a plentiful supply of timber east of the Rockies it is not of the right quality for the heavier classes of construction work, and the Washington fir is brought into service.

"I am not as much interested in lumbering as I am in mining and the fish industry. The latter is important along the coast. Spokane is not on the coast, of course, but a good many residents of the city are interested there. Just now, salmon packers are speculating as to the probable future of the Alaska Packers' association, in view of the recent disclosures from the inside of the corporation, which show the affairs of the organization to be in anything but a satisfactory shape.

"The association, which controlled about two-thirds of the pack of the season just closed, is the largest institution of its kind in the world. As its base of operations is in San Francisco, thousands of miles from the canneries in the Alaska waters, it is viewed as being top-heavy. The association has been conducted to a disadvantage, and the management has been such that grave fears are expressed for the future of the association, which owns about twenty-three canneries in Puget Sound and Alaska waters. Of these they operated sixteen during the past season. For the first time since 1894, the company a short time ago suspended the payment of monthly dividends. Despite the fact that a big bond issue was floated early in the season, and the finances of the corporation given a decided brace, its stock has declined from 100 to 58½."

* * *

"My visit here at this time has nothing to do with the printers' strike," said W. H. Williams of Minneapolis, state labor commissioner, at the Lenox. "I am here principally on matters relating to child labor, and while I am watching the progress of the strike with interest, and am a union printer myself, I am not taking any hand in the controversy, and shall not do so unless asked to. The strike is a matter that, it would appear, should be settled between the International Typographical union and the National Typothetae.

"To enforce the law of the state in regard to child labor is one of the duties in which I am deeply interested. Children should be kept in school during their tender years, and, besides, the number of accidents in factories is lessened when children are kept out of them. It is against the principles of organized labor to countenance child labor.

"I find the law in this respect is being lived up to in Duluth and vicinity by employers of labor. We have to work in this matter in conjunction with the superintendent of schools. R. E. Denfeld of Duluth has assisted us greatly. There are fewer violations of the child labor law in the state now than ever before, and employers are less inclined to violate it."

* * *

At the Lenox: H. S. White, Skibo; T. A. McGlynn, Minneapolis; J. A. Bowman, M. Berchardt, Sparta, Minn.; H. J. Hall, New York; J. G. Niemi, Biwabik; J. J. Pritt, San Francisco; O. A. Otte, Pittsburg; H. K. White, Chicago; E. S. King, Minneapolis; Louis Pavian, St. Paul; F. L. Engbey, Minneapolis; J. G. Bauer, Ironwood; O. Rosen, Rhinelander; F. A. Meek, St. Paul; F. Herrett, Hibbing; Ina Olson, C. Berg, Minneapolis; J. T. Frederick, St. Paul; H. F. Girard, Dubuque; W. J. Jalley, Tower; E. R. Smith, St. Paul.

* * *

At the St. Louis: T. Kennedy, Mt. Pleasant; C. McKay, D. L. McKay, Chippewa Falls; J. Willis, St. Paul; A. G. Ames, Chicago; S. Berglum, St. Paul; F. L. Solon, Solon Springs; G. Turney, Port Wing; T. W. Kennedy, Eau Claire; C. G. Bowman, Syracuse, N. Y.; O. H. Leech, Boston; J. C. McGilvey, Eveleth; G. E. Richardson, Iowa; A. J. Otterson, Houghton; Miss L. C. Hegginst, Miss Hilda Ion; Miss L. C. Hegginst, Miss Hilda Mason, Two Harbors; N. J. Benson, Tower; O. E. Erickson, St. Paul; Mr. and Mrs. T. E. Tornius, Stillwater; J. Rayburn, Biwabik; A. J. Thomas, Ely; A. E. Nott, A. E. Higbee, Minneapolis; L. P. Ordemell, Grand Forks; J. Dosey, Pine City, Minn.; Mrs. N. Olson, Ester Petersen, Jennie Nistrom, Eveleth; E. Olsen, Lurz, Mt. Iron; L. G. Sicard, Hibbing.

* * *

At the McKay: A. Clark, Selkirk, Minn.; H. J. Hall, New York; J. McGregors, St. Paul; E. Vitalis, Osceola, E. D. Boardmen, Stillwater; R. B. O'Kane, Virginia; A. J. Warren, J. Lindberg, Knife River; C. O. Gibian, F. A. Renlieux, Menominee, Mich; Miss Florence Christianson, Ms. S. Hunter, Skibo; Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Kelzer, Cloquet; M. C. Bubbs, Ball Club, Rudy Patterson, V. Lentine, New Brunswick.

* * *

At the Spalding: L. F. Brayton, St. Paul; J. A. Holland, Grand Rapids, Mich.; R. S. Morton, St. Louis; W. N. Cholis, Munising, Mich.; B. C. Sheahan, St. Joseph, Mo.; Nellie P. Heppert, Akron, O.; H. B. Cutting, Toledo; M. A. Whitcomb, New Haven, Ct.; E. Hines, I. Baker, S. J. Cusson, J. W. Cochrane, M. L. Hudson, M. McDurmott, Chicago; A. E. Schaffer, Evanston, Ill.; C. A. Neal, Wilmington, Del.; Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Coates, Virginia; F. R. Winship, St. Paul; Mr. and Mrs. C. Kelly, Two Harbors; R. Adams, T. R. Pass, Detroit.

How It Happened.

Washington Post: Some men are born rich, some achieve riches, and some get jobs under their fathers in the life insurance offices.

THE WEATHER

The first, few, faint, fleeting flakes of snow yesterday, which left no trace on the ground and were barely discernable in the air, and which could hardly be called the first real snow of the season, gave away last evening to a steady drizzle, which kept up much of the night. This morning there was still moisture in the air, though the clouds grew lighter and during the forenoon the sun peeped out. The outlook is still for unsettled weather. Rain or snow and colder weather tonight, with generally fair weather tomorrow, is the weather man's outlook; and there will be brisk and possibly high northwest winds. Last night the thermometer got down to 22 deg., almost as low as the lowest yet recorded for the season.

Says the weather man of conditions: "Rain or snow fell throughout the Northwest and light to heavy rains from the Ohio valley south and east attending the easterly movement of disturbances to Lake Superior and the Carolina coast. High barometric pressure with much colder weather has developed in the extreme Northwest. The easterly movement of the North Pacific high and Lake Superior low barometer areas will be attended by a return to brisk northwest winds and freezing temperature in this vicinity tonight and Friday, with rain or snow tonight and fair Friday."

Following were the lowest temperatures recorded by the weather bureau during the twenty-four hours ending at 7 o'clock this morning:

Abilene	42	Medicine Hat	34
Atlanta	56	Milwaukee	36
Battleford	24	Minnedosa	32
Bismarck	36	Modena	32
Boston	52	Montgomery	56
Buffalo	28	Moorhead	36
Calgary	16	New Orleans	58
Charleston	62	New York	38
Chicago	38	Norfolk	58
Cincinnati	36	Northfield	14
Davenport	34	North Platte	34
Denver	44	Oklahoma	42
Detroit	36	Omaha	44
Devils Lake	30	Phoenix	52
Dodge City	42	Pierre	30
Duluth	22	Pittsburg	42
Edmonton	24	Port Arthur	34
El Paso	58	Portland	58
Escanaba	28	Prince Albert	20
Galveston	58	Qu'Appelle	24
Green Bay	32	Rapid City	38
Helena	36	St. Louis	38
Houghton	24	St. Paul	32
Huron	40	San Francisco	52
Jacksonville	70	Santa Fe	32
Kamloops	32	Sault Ste. Marie	20
Kansas City	44	Shreveport	48
Knoxville	50	Spokane	34
LaCrosse	40	Swift Current	22
Lander	34	Washington	44
Little Rock	46	Winnemucca	42
Los Angeles	58	Winnipeg	32
Marquette	34		

Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Oct. 26.—Local forecast for twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. Friday: Duluth, Superior and vicinity: Rain or snow and colder tonight. Friday generally fair and colder. Brisk and possibly high northwest winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

Chicago, Oct. 26.—Forecasts till 7 p. m. Friday: Wisconsin—Probably showers tonight with colder in west and north portions. Friday partly cloudy and colder.

Minnesota—Partly cloudy and colder tonight with probably showers in east portion. Friday generally fair and colder.

North Dakota and South Dakota: Generally fair tonight and Friday. Colder tonight.

Upper Lakes—Brisk southwest shifting to northwest winds tonight except high on Eastern Superior and Northern Michigan and Huron where storm northwest warnings are displayed. Showers tonight and Friday, turning to snow flurries on Superior.

Five Ages of Excuses.

He comes with shining morning face
Per William Shakespeare's rule;
In misspelled scrawl he makes excuse
Why he was not in school.
He next becomes a college youth
For brawn and muscle picked,
Exploiting reasons wierd and strange
Just why his team got licked.
Third age, he is a benedict,
Excuse is his delight,
And to his better half he makes
A new one every night.
Fourth age, with beard of formal cut
And fine financial frown
To bleating lambs he will explain
Why stocks go up and down.
He last in slipped pantaloon
And thoughts of long ago
Makes controversy with the cause
Some candidates ate crow.
—McLANDBURGH WILSON in New York Sun.

Reputations and Slander.

Atlanta News: There is nothing so ephemeral, nothing so sensitive as reputation.

A man who has labored for years to establish among his neighbors the repute of honesty and sanity, may be stabbed by a sullen secret slander that will corrode and destroy the structure builded through patience and pain and tears.

A little word, a whisper, a shrug of the shoulder and a woman's good name is soiled, and the jewel of a woman's honor is lost in the mire of suspicion and distrust. A hint in time of stress and trouble that a man's mind is unbalanced, and no subsequent denial can ever reinstate in public trust a man whose straining faculties have been simply wearied in the tension of strenuous endeavor.

A malignant spirit with a busy tongue can magnify and dignify trifles light as air into confirmation strong as proofs of holy writ against the good name of a score of years.

What a monstrous thing is slander. It is worse than assassination. It ought to be punished by imprisonment.

How Mark Twain Met Greeley.

Mark Twain in Harper's Weekly: I always recall that talk with Hay with pleasure, not only for its own sake, but because it was incidentally the occasion of my getting acquainted with Horace Greeley, a man whom I greatly admired and longed to see and whose memory I still revere. It was difficult to get any interview with him, for he was a busy man, he was irascible and he had an aversion to strangers; but I not only had the good fortune to meet him, but also had the great privilege of hearing him talk. The Tribune was in its early home at that time, and Hay was a leader writer on its staff. I had an appointment with him and went there to look him up. I did not know my way and entered Mr. Greeley's room by mistake. I recognized his back, and stood mute and rejoicing. After a little he swung slowly around in his chair, with his head slightly tilted backward and the great moons of his spectacles glaring with intercepted light; after about a year—though it may have been less, perhaps—he arranged his firm mouth with care and said with virile interest:

"Well? What the hell do you want?"

Fighting Reveals Nationality.

Indianapolis Journal: "By the way they fight I can tell men's nationality," said a policeman.

"An Englishman, when he is going to fight, throws his hat and coat in a blustering way to the ground.

"A Scot pulls his hat down tight on his head, and buttons his coat carefully. The canny Scot is not going to endanger any of his property.

"An Irishman appeals to the crowd to hold his coat. The Celtic nature desires sympathy, and tries to build it up.

"A German—methodical, precise—folds his coat in a neat bundle, and lays his hat on top of it to hold it down.

"An American is so anxious to pitch in and have the thing over that he starts fighting without giving a thought to hat or coat."

Its Spelling Is Bad.

Boston Herald: The new Hamburg-American liner Amerika is something ornate, beautiful and immense, but its spelling is bad. It needs a dictionary in its library.

A Nebraska Slam.

Lincoln State Journal: An epidemic of rheumatism prevails in Minnesota. This seems to confirm an ancient prejudice against the flesh of the muskrat as a steady article of diet.

TWENTY YEARS AGO.

Taken from the Columns of The Herald of this date in 1885.

***Mrs. Pearson left for Detroit today on account of the death of her brother, who was 18 years old.

***The four members of the Duluth Glee club who went to Tower are Messrs. Doran, McWhorter, Sherwood and Burke. County Treasurer Johnson went with them.

***E. F. Barrett, editor of the Aitkin Age, was in the city today.

***Mr. Beneteau has rented his new five story building on Michigan street to the Duluth Warehouse and Storage company who will occupy it when completed, which will be about Nov. 1. This company will carry on business on the same basis as the Lake Empire company of Chicago.

***The arrangements for the Produce exchange are making fair progress. The number of incorporators will exceed the original limit, which was twenty-five.

***To see the large number present at the rink last evening, one would think that roller skating had regained its old popularity. General skating was indulged in until 10 o'clock, when Mr. Summers called "skates off" and dancing was enjoyed until 11:30.

***The log cut this winter will be much greater than last year.

***The members of Hose Company No. 1, who were to disband next Saturday, will hold on until the end of the year. It now seems certain that a permanent arrangement will be reached that will please the hose company and satisfy the city. The increase of $9,000 in the levy for the fire department will enable the city to provide for the company more liberally than heretofore.

***The new Hotel Tower, West Superior, will be opened Thursday, Oct. 29. Dancing will commence at 9 o'clock. Boats will make trips from Rice's Point all evening.

***J. W. Brown, engineer on switch engine No. 64, and Dick McLager, engineer of engine No. 37 in the Northern Pacific yards, concluded to try their hand at deer hunting. They shouldered their guns and started off through the woods towards the Amnicon. Along in the afternoon a deer was sighted. Dick crawled around on the opposite side of the deer and wounded him. As the deer came bounding out of the brush towards where Brown was standing, Brown climbed on to a stump and shouted "Stop right where you are; if you come any closer I'll shoot." But he didn't and they lost the deer.

***The Catholic fair at Tower has opened with bright prospects. Dr. Alden, P. H. Smith and Robert Williams have charge of the dancing. A lady's toilet set will be given to the young lady receiving the largest number of votes. The candidates are Misses Ella Robinson and Jennie Welsh.

MINNESOTA OPINIONS.

Badger Herald-Rustler: Mormon women are taught to believe that it is sinful to wear costly gowns or bonnets. There is no use talking, the apostles of the Mormon church are a foxy bunch of old codgers.

Red Wing Republican: Several prominent politicians of the state are haunted by the fear that the Republican nomination for governor is chasing them around. It's a pleasant dream but it should not be allowed to become a nightmare at this early stage of the proceedings.

Red Wing Republican: News comes from the Eighth district that W. E. Culkin is likely to contest the nomination for congress on the Republican ticket with J. Adam Bede. This may not be a joke.

Warroad Plaindealer: Men can drown in popularity.

Glencoe Reporter: Most of our exchanges up in the northern part of the state have a bad case of drainage fever. They say it is superinduced by the proximity of too much swamp land, and the only cure for it is for the state to remove these swamp lands with great floating ditching machines. It can, and should; and we hope the fever will continue to rage till the state doctor gets busy with his curing apparatus.

International Falls Border Budget: The drainage movement has begun to take root in the southern part of the state, where the papers are not slow to perceive that the state at large will be benefited by the reclamation and sale of the swamp lands.

Red Lake Falls Courier: There is a senatorial election in 1907 and Knute Nelson is beginning to sit up and take notice.

Fergus Falls Wheelock's Weekly: "Can't bother with insurance matters this fall," says the president. "Got to 'tend to railroad rates first." And the unholy protective tariff, condemned in the house of its friends, sits up nights to pile up the proceeds of its graft-laden schedules.

C. D. I. in Cass Lake Times: Sunshine unconsciously bestowed carries more wealth than dollars perfunctorily given.

Anoka Herald: A good many people put in so much time preaching good deeds that they have no time in which to do any.

Cass Lake Voice: The week must be poor, indeed, that does not hatch out at least two candidates for the governorship.

Eddy's Typesetting Machines.

Sauk Center Herald: The proprietors of the Long Prairie Leader, the Todd County Argus, the Moorhead News, the Alexandria Post-News, the Glenwood Gopher-Press, and several other prosperous and enterprising papers have put in type-setting machines, and they are putting on more airs than a city girl at a country picnic, and are prouder than a boy with a new pair of red pants.

Don't get stuck up, boys. We have installed two type-setting machines in our office, and for beauty of exterior finish, diversity of accomplishments and general adaptability to country newspaper work your old rattletraps don't come within thirteen thousand nine hundred and forty-one miles of being in the same class. We don't have to use a handspike to move them from one part of the room to another. They require no oil; furnish their own belts; are not run by gas; they can not only set and distribute type, but they can sweep the room, kick if the editor spits on the floor or smokes up. They can flirt with the devil; chew gum; belong to secret societies; sing; dance; and talk a blue streak while their mouths are full of pins. They are worth a million dollars apiece, but we dare say if some nice young men should happen along they could be had for the asking.

A Parent's Plea.

My little boy is eight years old,
He goes to school each day;
He doesn't mind the tasks they set—
They seem to him but play.
He heads his class at rattle work,
And also takes the lead
At making dainty paper boats—
But I wish that he could read.

They teach him physiology,
And, oh, it chills our hearts
To hear our prattling innocent
Mix up his inward parts.
He also learns astronomy
And names the stars by night—
Of course he's very up to date,
But I wish that he could write.

They teach him things botanical,
They teach him how to draw,
He babbles of mythology
And gravitation's law;
And the discoveries of science
With him are quite a fad.
They tell me he's a clever boy,
But I wish that he could add.

—Life.

Delicacy for Invalids.

Atchison Globe: Two Germans were discussing the high price of cabbages. "I tell you, dese cappages is way up high dis year. Me and my wife puts up six or seven or eight parrels of sauerkraut efery year, yes. But ve can't do ut dis year, no. Der cappages dey cost too much," one German said. "But you put up some sauerkraut, don't you, Chris?" asked his friend. "Oh, so! Yes, we put up some, not much—two or t-t-three parrels, shust to half in der house in case of sickness, yes."

An Appropriate Tune.

The Bystander: The chaplain of one of his majesty's ships was giving a magic lantern lecture the subject of which was "Scenes from the Bible." He arranged with a sailor who possessed a gramophone to discourse appropriate music between the slides. The first picture shown was Adam and Eve in the Garden of Eden. The sailor cudgeled his brain but could think of nothing suitable. "Play up," whispered the chaplain. Suddenly a large idea struck the jolly tar, and to the great consternation of the chaplain and the delight of the audience the gramophone burst forth with the strains of "There's Only One Girl in the World for Me."

MIRTHFUL REMARKS.

Chicago Tribune: Tommy—Paw, what is a campaign slogan?

Paw—It is the political watchword, or rallying cry, of our political party, my son.

Tommy—Don't the other fellows have a slogan, too?

Paw—No, my son. Theirs is a yawp.

Detroit Free Press: She—Do you know anything worse than the odor of onions?

He—Yes, seeing someone else eating them when I don't dare!

Judge: "Is Mr. Davis a man of high breeding?"

"He is, indeed. Why, the other day he raised his hat to me when he knew he hadn't his wig on."

Washington Star: Did you ever contribute to a campaign fund?"

"Not consciously. But I have paid premiums on a life insurance policy."

Philadelphia Press: Dumley—Say, you'd better take something for that cold, old man. Now—

Wise—Don't offer me any more, please, I've taken too much already.

Dumley—Too much what?

Wise—Advice.

Cleveland Leader: Mobberly—Is your picture going to be hung?

Dobberly—I don't know. I heard a member of the committee say that hanging was too good for it.

Philadelphia Ledger: "The apartments on the tenth floor," said the manager of the Skyscraper flats, "command a higher rent than any others because they're the safest in the building."

"Indeed?" remarked the homeseeker.

"Oh, yes; you see, few airships ever fly that low and automobiles never jump that high."

Philosophy.

Don't fret if things go wrong today,
They'll all come right tomorrow,
A time of joy, the wise men say,
Will follow every sorrow.
If you have failed, don't sit and mourn,
Just get to work and hustle,
Success is sure to come in time
To active brain and muscle.

The man who mopes, and frets, and pines,
Will never be a winner.
He's in great luck if every day
He gets a decent dinner.
The sought-for secret of success
I'll tell you, on the level:
Just hustle! hustle! that's the way
To circumvent the devil!

—Somerville Journal.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: The more a man loves a woman, the more he has to tell her so, or she won't believe him.

A girl has an awfully deceptive way of making a man believe he is doing the proposing.

A woman is mighty clever to make a man think the reason she loves him is that he loves her.

You can never make a man believe, when he is carrying a bundle, that everybody does not think it contains some awful queer woman's clothes.

A curious thing about women is that either they find fault with the way cheap cigars smell in the house or with the money you waste on good ones.

The Other Side.

New York correspondence Pittsburg Dispatch: Steady-going, home-loving citizens of far-away towns do not dream how many girls drift from their ken to the theatrical colony of New York city. Occasionally they read of a neighbor's daughter who has risen suddenly to fame as a singer or actress, and they bask contentedly in her reflected glory. They gossip somewhat boastfully of her diamonds, her auto and the money which she sends home to "mother and the girls." When her company plays at the local theater they crowd it to the doors and applaud hysterically. But what do they know of the girls who score, not success, but failure—girls who slip away quietly and back again; girls whose lips are sealed to all that happened during that brief but strenuous absence? Only those who work and live on the Rialto, or on its edge, know this side of the picture.

Locating the Rooms.

Perry, Mo., Enterprise: J. M. Hurley has let a contract to W. A. Patterson to erect an addition of two rooms, two stories high—one room below and one above—to his house in the east part of town.

Uncle Nat's Hard Luck.

Price correspondence Gainesville, Ga., News: Uncle Nathan Pruitt happened to a very painful accident last week. He broke his wooden leg.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM | Saturday Matinee and Night.

D. C. Whitney's Company,

"The Show Girl"

Prices—Night, 25c to $1.00. Matinee, 25c to 75c. Seats Now on Sale.

Monday, Daniel Sully in "Our Pastor." Tuesday and Wednesday, The Britt-Nelson Pictures.

METROPOLITAN
W. H. LONGSTREET, MGR.

Tonight, Tomorrow Afternoon and Tomorrow Night,

"The Parisian Belles"

GAY, GLADSOME GIRLIES!

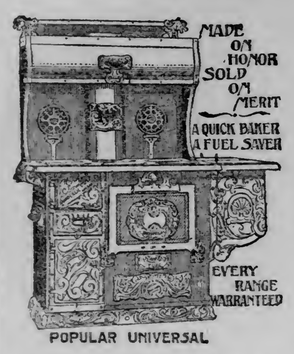
BARGAIN MATINEE TOMORROW.

Night Prices—15, 30 and 50c. Matinees—20 and 30c.

"UNIVERSAL"

STOVES AND RANGES.

The Best the World Knows About.



POPULAR UNIVERSAL


SPARKLING UNIVERSAL

Yet by the "Bayha System" of selling Stoves and Ranges, this best kind—this absolutely guaranteed kind costs you no more than the other kind costs you elsewhere—in fact, we aim to have them cost you less. We want you to bear in mind that this is the only store in this city that does not mark their stoves so high that they can "make you a liberal allowance" for an old stove. This fact enables us to mark our stoves at a lower percentage of profit. Isn't this true? Use your brain. Then, too, don't you see that the customer that has no old stove to trade back does not have to pay the "long" price that has been "fixed" for the "trade back" customer, when you buy here?

$1.00 DOWN AND $1.00 PER WEEK AND NO INTEREST CHARGED will secure for you any "Universal" Stove or Range made.

STORE OPEN UNTIL TEN O'CLOCK SATURDAY NIGHT.

Over one whole acre of space devoted to house-furnishings only.

BAYHA & CO

Cor. Second Ave. W. and First St., Duluth

Quality better or price lower than elsewhere with greater assortm't

Duluth's Greatest Furniture Store.

SHOULD NOT LOSE TIME

Next Year's Paving Petitions Should Be In Early.

Large Amount of Work Will Tie Up the Fund.

"Get your petitions in early and get the preliminary work out of the way as soon as possible," is the advice given property owners who want improvements made next year, by the city engineer and the members of the board of public works.

This year, the inadequacy of the revolving fund to handle all the work desired, resulted in the postponement of the letting of contract for paving West Superior street, until it was so late that the work cannot be finished this season. It was only by careful economy that the fund was put in a condition where the contract could be let at all.

The First street contract, coming early in the season, tied the fund up until the work was completed, and the work on the West Superior street job could not be commenced until late in the summer. Had the preliminary work been out of the way sooner, the work on First street might have been commenced earlier in the spring and Superior street could then have been finished this fall.

Next year conditions will be even worse than they were this summer, unless the preliminary work is cleared up before spring comes. Several large contracts are in prospect. Second street, which has been in need of a new pavement for several years, will probably be improved for twelve or fourteen blocks.

Property owners on Third and Fourth streets are also considering putting in petitions for the paving of those streets, and several of the avenues are likely to be improved.

In addition to these paving jobs there are innumerable small sewer contracts to be let, and unless the work on the petitions is started early in the winter, paving affairs will become even more involved than they were this summer.

It is generally the policy of the board and the council to follow the plan of "first come, first served," and those property owners who get in their petitions first, will have the satisfaction of seeing their improvements undertaken first, and will be given the assurance of having it completed before cold weather puts an end to the work.

The preliminary work on a paving petition takes anywhere from two to five months, and if the contractor is to be ready to commence work when the ground thaws out in the spring, it is none too early now to begin the work of securing signatures to some of the three large paving petitions which are in contemplation for next year.

Buy one for stormy days **10c**

Gray-Tallant Co

Buy one for work days **10c**

The Great Sale of Hats

At One-Fourth the Wholesale Price

Starts at 8 o'clock tomorrow morning in the Millinery Department—second floor—and ends with the closing of the store doors tomorrow night. None sold to milliners.

THE ENTIRE COLLECTION OF

938 Untrimmed Felts



to be sold at the lowest price, by all odds, that new, fresh felts were ever sold. A jobbing milliner made a clean sweep to us of all his short lines of untrimmed felts—sold them as we sell remnant stocks—at a very great loss. The wholesale price for the least expensive was 37½c—the best at retail, were

Worth 50c and 75c.

Every hat as bright and fresh as a new dollar—not a scramble lot of shop worn and soiled hats. Every woman or miss who gets one gets many times the value of her money. Whatever you are accustomed to pay for a hat, don't miss this opportunity.

Come early Friday, for choice at

10c

SIX DIFFERENT STYLES of flats and turbans in several colors, including grays, browns, blues, tans, mode, castor and black. Very smart and attractive when trimmed with a quill, a bit of velvet or ribbon or a drape veil or a pair of wings.

10c

TOO BIG FOR FEW TO DO

City and Not Individuals Must Fight For Train Service.

Lawyers Believe Road's Right-of-Way to Fond du Lac Insecure.

The question of the validity of the Northern Pacific's right-of-way between Duluth and Fond du Lac, which Attorney J. H. Brigham raised some days ago, is still in an uncertain condition, and it is doubtful if Mr. Brigham will push it. He says it is a hard proposition for three or four people to fight a railroad on such a fight as this would require and therefore it is highly improbable that individuals will take the matter before the courts. However, Mr. Brigham may take it before the state grain and warehouse commission, but as yet that is only supposition.

Some have advocated that the city should take hold of the matter and force the road to put more trains over the Fond du Lac right-of-way than are sent over now. Several lawyers have expressed the opinion that the road's right-of-way to Fond du Lac is not at all secure with the service which they afford the residents of that place and believe that in case the city should take hold of it, the road could be forced to either give better service or take up its tracks and give some other corporation a chance.

As it is the road sends one train a day over the road, going up in the morning and returning in the evening. The road claims that the line does not pay. One man has declared that the crew which takes this train up and back loafs all day and could just as well go up and back several times, the only additional cost to the road being the price of coal burned on the trips.

If such is the case it is believed that the road can be induced to put on regular train service and keep it up. The road holds down a right-of-way 200 feet wide over a territory twelve miles in length and it is believed to be a territory which would be populated if adequate train service can be secured.

Examine Swanson for Insanity.

Ole Swanson, an alleged insane man, was examined before Probate Judge Middleton yesterday afternoon and was committed to jail to await a continuance of the hearing. While Swanson's sluggish actions indicated that there might be something to the claims of those filing the information, it was deemed best to hold Swanson for further evidence as to his condition.

STATE LAND SALES.

St. Paul, Oct. 26.—Word was received at the state auditor's office yesterday that at the sale of state lands held at Hallock last Monday, 8,000 acres of land was sold at an average price of $7 per acre. At the sale at Warren, 4,300 acres brought the same average price. A sale was held yesterday at Crookston, another will be held today at Red Falls, and Saturday a sale will be held at Roseau. At Roseau, 60,000 acres will be offered, which is the largest amount offered in any single sale.

BE CAREFUL

A bad cold is worse than a broken leg, so if you are troubled with a severe cold, go to Kassmir's Turkish Bath parlors and try a treatment of Turkish Baths. Guaranteed to cure.

Kassmir's Turkish Bath Parlors,

24-26 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

Ladies' baths, upstairs Open all night.

Look for the big red sign.

ALPINISTS HAVE DOUBLED.

Continental Europe Carried Off Honors In Past Season.

Geneva, Oct. 23.—A review of the mountaineering season in the Alps, which has just closed, shows some interesting figures. In spite of the ever increasing fatalities on the mountains, the devotees of th sport have more than doubled during the past five years. A large percentage of this increase is said to be due to the influx of Americans.

In 1899 a Swiss statistician calculated that 10,000 climbers made ascents in the Alps annually, whereas 25,000 would now be nearer the total.

Not more than 25 per cent of those are Alpinists in the true sense of the word—men and women who are at home in the mountains and who reach the highest and most difficult summits. It is this case of climber rather than tourist Alpinist that is really interesting.

Englishmen and Americans have accomplished little that is startling in the way of ascents this season, most of them being content to follow in the lead of others. Of course there are always exceptions to prove the rule, but it is only fair to say that the most notable ascents of the year have been performed by Continental Europeans. Two Germans were the first to plant their pickets on the top of Mount Blanc, and Herr Bachmann of Lucerne, with the guide, Emile Graven, were the first also to attain the summit of the Matterhorn. Dr. Loeden, of Cologne, arrived at the top of the latter peak only an hour later than the Swiss Alpinist, and the past portion of the climb was practically a race up the rugged slope.

The Matterhorn was mounted from the Italian side—a much more difficult feat—by Mlle. G. Morel of Lyons, and her brother. At the most dangerous part the party found the rails and the cords destroyed and took over an hour to cover 300 yards. As these climbers had also crossed the Zurutt glacier, they were bombarded with questions on arriving at Zermatt as to whether they had come across the body of Lord Francis Douglas, which is was expected the glaciers would yield up early this season.

The other first conquests of the Zermatt guides were Castor and Pollux, by Captain Killmer and Dr. Vogler, who also mounted the Lyskamur the following day; and the Dome by Herr Arbogast of Leipsic, while three Swiss crossed from Zermatt to Saas over the Alphubel.

SEARCHING FOR SINGERS.

Music Hall Mosaic Worker Turns Out a Valuable Find.

London, Oct. 26.—The story of the manner in which Oscar Hammerstein, the New York manager, succeeded in finding a singer with a wonderful voice at Coney Island during the season last summer, has reached London and ever since the English managers have been on the lookout for persons of similar promise. Albert Gilmer, the manager of the Oxford Music hall, has in this way discovered what he believes to be a new Italian baritone of great promise The new baritone introduced himself in a curious way. At the present time the entrance to the Oxford is being relaid with mosaic work, a number of Italians being employed on the job. During their dinner hour two of the men waited upon Mr. Gilmer. One of them, who could speak English, introduced his mate, G. D'Amato, who, he urged, was a singer of beautiful songs, and suggested that Mr. Gilmer should submit to being serenaded by the ambitious mosaic worker.

"I took him on the stage," said Mr. Gilmer in explaining the matter, "and he sat down at the piano and fairly astonished me with a beautiful light baritone voice. I was all the more astonished, as the man's work is almost that of a navvy. When I saw the condition of his hands I thought it was absolutely impossible for a man of this kind to sit down at a piano and so ably accompany himself. I certainly mean to give the man a chance to show what he can do.

D'Amato sang an Italian air and selections from "Pagliacci." He keeps right on laying mosaic, and is particularly modest with reference to his vocal powers. It was mainly due to the persuasion of his mates that he brought himself to the notice of Mr. Gilmer.

"I have had no training whatever," said D'Amato, "and I have never sung in public except at small smoking concerts among my fellow workmen."

GREAT INCREASES

In Trade Movements Are Shown During Month of September.

Washington, Oct. 26.—Decided increases in trade movements are shown during September, and as well as in the total for the nine months of this year, over corresponding periods of last year by summaries issued by the department of commerce and labor. The grain exports for the nine months this year amounted to 165,210,893 bushels, as compared with 48,573,706 for the same months last year. These reports for this year are preliminary, and estimated to include 97 per cent of the actual shipment. This year the corn exports have been 82,752,212 bushels, as compared with 34,441,771 bushels for the corresponding months last year. The September export of grain this year amounted to more than 10,000,000 bushels over September of 1904.

The domestic movements of trade during September show the same increase. Nearly 2,000,000 head of livestock arrived at five of the largest distributing centers in excess of September a year ago, while the increase in the receipts of grain in twelve important interior centers aggregates over 27,000,000 bushels more than the corresponding month last year.

The total increase in lake shipments this year to and including Sept. 30, as compared with 1904, aggregated 14,-786,265 net tons, a gain in the flour outbound movement of 211,225 tons; grain and flaxseed, 22,394,715 bushels; coal, 531,310 tons; ore and mineral, 11,743,751 tons; lumber, 78,810,000 feet; unclassified freight, 468,661 tons.

At New York receipts of grain during September totalled 9,518,490 bushels, as against 6,123,651 a year before. New York's grand total receipts of grain and flour and cornmeal, the first nine months of this year, aggregated 80,742,-696 bushels, against 63,117,941 in 1904. Philadelphia's grain receipts during September reached 2,779,025 bushels, being over 1,500,000 bushels in excess of a corresponding movement in 1904. Total grain receipts at Philadelphia during the first nine months aggregated 13,203,016 bushels, in contrast with 11,221,783 bushels in 1904.

At Baltimore receipts of grain during September reached 2,919,041 bushels, an increase of 1,652,576. During a nine-month period, 16,891,325 bushels of grain were received at this city, over 3,500,000 bushels in excess of a like movement in 1904.

A NEW DEPARTMENT IS CREATED AT WEST POINT

Washington, Oct. 26.—An order has been issued by the war department creating a department of military hygiene in the military academy at West Point. The object is to instruct the cadets in medicine and surgery to the extent of imparting knowledge of the care of troops from a hygienic standpoint, and also in the use of medicine for the more common ailments likely to happen in small commands. There is no intention of graduating cadets for the medical department of the army in creating this new department of study.

FOR SALE!

MEAT MARKET

Good location; with complete fixtures and established paying business. Horses and wagons included. A good bargain. Will stand the closest investigation.

Address—E-29 HERALD.

MORE DAMAGE SUITS FILED

November Calendar Will Contain Many Personal Injury Actions.

Among the additional personal injury cases that were noted for trial, late yesterday afternoon, was one against Cole & McDonald for over $10,-000, and another against the Duluth & Iron Range Railway company for over $25,000.

Martin Skadel, who sues the Cole & McDonald Exploring company for a judgment of $10,693, alleges that in August, 1903, while exploring mineral lands for the company, near Ely, with a crew of three men, somebody turned a force of steam under the boiler of the engine, causing a violent eruption of sparks and cinders. Skadel claims that a live coal thus forced out struck him in the eye and destroyed his sight in that organ. It is further alleged by Skadel that he was not properly protected by reason of a spark arrester and a safe place to work. He asks $693 for his loss of time and for medical expenses. The $10,000 is asked as general damages.

In the other case Paul Nicholsen is suing the Duluth & Iron Range Railway company to recover $25,775 for the loss of his left leg and a part of his left hand, under an engine. Nicholsen claims that he was removing the bolts from the rails on an old spur track, north of Old Highland, in April, 1904, when he was run down by one of the company's engines.

SMALL NUMBER OF PRECINCTS

Alderman Wilson's New Ordinance Will Save Election Expenses.

Following the plan suggested by the city clerk last spring, Alderman Wilson will submit to the council, Monday evening, an ordinance cutting down the number of voting precincts from forty-three to thirty-seven.

By the rearrangement of precincts in the eight wards, six precincts will be either abolished or consolidated with some other precincts. The Second, Third, Fifth and Seventh wards are left unchanged as they now stand. In the First ward, the little sixth precinct of Colbyville, where the number of clerks and judges nearly equals the number of voters, will be abolished, the voters going to Hunter's Park.

One of the Fourth ward precincts will be combined with the others, and in the Sixth ward the six precincts will be combined into four, the Fifth and Sixth being made into one, and the First, Second and Third into two.

In the Eighth ward the eight precincts will be cut down to six, making a total of thirty-seven in place of forty-three.

It is estimated that the change will effect a saving of from $1,200 to $1,400 per year to the city in election expenses.

TAFT WILL NOT BE CANDIDATE

For the Presidency—Says Cabinet Is Good Enough.

Washington, Oct. 26.—The Post says: Secretary Taft's announcement: "I have no intention whatever of making a campaign for the office of the nation's chief executive."

Secretary of War Taft is not planning to enter a campaign for the presidency, has no intention of doing so, is content with his seat in the cabinet and means to stay there as long as the president desires it.

Such is the substance of an announcement made by him yesterday, and which will tend to put at rest, temporarily at least, the talk of his being a presidential candidate.

"I am satisfied with my present place and shall be pleased to remain in the cabinet as long as I can," added Mr. Taft. "I have already said I had no intention of becoming a candidate for the presidency and authorized no one to spring the presidential boom, as it has been called."

The Post adds that Secretary Taft's statement was called forth by published reports in connection with his recent Akron, O., speech that he has presidential ambitions.

STUDENTS BATTLE WITH POLICEMEN

Embryo Tooth Pullers Fall Into Hands of the Law.

Chicago, Oct. 26.—Twenty-five policemen and 200 students of the Chicago college of dental surgery engaged in a fierce fight this afternoon and before order had been restored fifteen of the students had been arrested.

At one point during the fight the police were forced to fire shots over the heads of the students to scare the later back. The freshmen and junior classes of the institution met in their annual class rush yesterday and the battle became so desperate that a riot call was sent in to the two police stations in the vicinity. When the police arrived the battle between the students had been in progress for half an hour and had blocked all street car and wagon traffic in nearby streets. The battling students joined forces as soon as they saw the approach of the patrol wagons and the blue coats were pelted from all sides with stones and vegetables, while water was poured on them by students from the upper floors of the college. After this state of affairs had been going on for some time and the police were getting decidedly the worst of the battle, the blue coats drew their revolvers and fired several shots. This brought the students to a halt, and before they could collect themselves the police were upon them with their clubs and fifteen of the students were arrested. All the students bore signs of the conflict in their rent garments and a number of them suffered severe cuts about their heads and faces from the punishment administered by the police. An investigation has been begun by the faculty and the ringleaders of the disturbance will be punished.

Hunyadi Janos

The Natural Laxative Water was awarded the Grand Prize at the St. Louis Exposition, 1904, for its Purity and Excellence. Easy to take—Easy in action—Ease for all stomach ailments.

FOR CONSTIPATION

OFFICIALS DECIDE TO PROSECUTE EKLUND.

St. Paul, Oct. 26.—Governor Johnson, late yesterday, telegraphed to Elihu Root, secretary of state, to hold Peter August Eklund, who is under arrest at London on his confession that he embezzled nearly $11,000 entrusted to him as secretary of the Clay County Land company, when he was a resident of Moorhead.

Governor Johnson stated that the state would take steps to extradite Eklund and has notified the secretary of state to that effect.

It is thought the county will be spared the cost of bringing Eklund to justice, as it has been discovered that he is wanted by the federal authorities for tampering with the United Statesmail. At the federal building at St. Paul yesterday is was discovered that Eklund had opened a letter addressed to Gustaf Eklund, no relative of his however, and had forged the name of Gustaf Eklund of Sioux Falls, S. D., to a draft found in the letter. The papers concerning this charge have all been sent to Washington, so nothing definite could be done. Senator Nelson will be asked to see that the government brings Eklund back for the offense and then have him arrested here for the other offense, thus saving the county the great expense of bringing Eklund from London to Moorhead.

THE FAIRY HOBO.

Played Piccolo and Charmed Bugs Out of Station House.

This is the story of John M. Collins, chief of police, and the cub reporter, and it goes to show what a crew-el man the chief of police is.

The cub reporter walked into the chief's office yesterday afternoon while the chief was writing a bulletin, and sat down in a chair. Smiling beamingly, so as to put the chief entirely at his ease, he said:

"How do?"

But the chief kept on writing, so the cub took out a telegram dated St. Paul, which said that Sheriff Carey of Milwaukee had told a sheriffs' convention that music in police stations tends to soothe and soften prisoners, and that under its influence, more readily than under the influence of the sweatbox, the prisoners are impelled to confess crimes of which they are guilty, and so a great deal of money can be saved to the city.

"I've been sent over here to see what you think about it," said the cub reporter gently.

The chief said he was too busy to think about it, because he had to appear before the city council finance committee in a few minutes, but since he had never met any one with the consummate gall of the cub reporter, he would like to know what the cub reporter thought of it.

The cub reporter said it had not occurred to him to think. He had looked up the matter in his dictionary of quotations and found that Milton had said:

"Such sweet compulsion doth in music lie."

That appeared to settle it until he ran across a quotation from Young:

"And waste their sweetness on the savage race."

Therefore the cub reporter begged the chief to enlighten him.

"Well," said the chief with a reminiscent air, "when I was lieutenant in command of the Rogers Park police station—get out your paper and pencil; I don't want to be misquoted—when I was at Rogers Park a most peculiar thing happened that is right in line with your investigation."

"Yes, chief."

"Yes. A bum came into the station one cold-d-d winter's night—good story for today, yes?—and he wanted a night's lodging, so O'Hallaran, the desk sergeant, who was alone in the station, and lonesome, said it was all right and put him in the cell room. Well, pretty soon O'Hallaran heard the bum a-playing the most beau-ti-ful music."

"What kind of music, Mr. Chief?"

"Well, O'Hallaran never knew. The bum had some kind of a wooden instrument, with silver frets on it, that looked like a piccolo, but it couldn't have been that, because nobody ever could have made such beautiful music on a piccolo. Anyway, O'Hallaran invited the bum to come upstairs and play 'The Wearing of the Green' for him, and then a most peculiar thing happened."

"What, chief?"

"Well, you know the Rogers Park station always had been infested with cockroaches. Yes, sir, the Rogers Park station was generally considered headquarters for the cockroach family. Tons and tons of cockroach powder had been scattered around the station, but the cockroaches thrived on it. Now, then—are you taking this down?"

"Yes, chief."

"Well, when that bum began to play 'The Wearing of the Green' the cockroaches all came out of their holes in every room in the station and formed in line and marched in to listen to the music. O'Hallaran said the room where he and the bum sat was fairly black with them."

"Honest, chief?"

"Honest. But O'Hallaran understood, finally. It was a fairy flute, like those he had heard back in County Roscommon. But O'Hallaran was a brave man. He pronounced a charm against the fairies, and then he ordered the bum to get out of the station right away and keep on playing.

"'Don't ye stop till ye get to th' turn o' the road,' he shouted.

"The bum obeyed, and just as O'Hallaran expected, every blessed one of the cockroaches marched out of the station after him. Of course, O'Hallaran did not forget to scratch a fairy mark on the front of the station. And that was the last ever seen at Rogers Park station either of the bum or the cockroaches."

QUEER SNAKE BITE.

"Take a hair of the dog that bit you" is an old saw that, as a suggested remedy, has led many a man out of the frying-pan into the fire, and it cannot certainly be recommended as a cure suitable for modern times, when an antidote is more recommendable, says Chamber's Journal. Dogs are not, however, the only animals whose bite is to be feared; and those people whose travels have led them to far lands know that poisonous snakes are much more to be dreaded. Though by far the greater proportion of those persons thus bitten die, there is a certain number who recover, thanks to prompt measures, and thanks also to the administration of the exact remedy which any particular snake-bite requires. The poison ejected by the tooth of asps and serpents varies as much as does the poison from the spoken words of the wicked; and it has lately been discovered—especially in Brazil, which seems to hold the record for its variety of death-giving snakes—that the serum with which those bitten are treated should vary according to the kind of snake. But this, though advantageous to know in theory, is of small practical use, since the traveler cannot be sure of having exactly the right serum with him at the moment of the fatal bite. It has lately been reported that, on the principle of the old adage mentioned above—which thus serves a turn—an almost certain cure for snake-bite is the injection of a small portion of the bile of the reptile which has attacked anyone, and which—the snake being generally killed on the spot—is naturally at hand. The gall-bladder is extracted, its contents filtered, and the fluid injected under the skin. The method sounds somewhat complicated; but no snake-bitten person will complain if by this means he escapes a rapid death. The experiments made have given the best results, those recovering from the poisonous bite of a South American snake coming off with nothing worse than an abcess at the point of penetration of the serpent's tooth.

Vacation Days.

Low rates are in effect daily during September, via the Minneapolis & St. Louis R. R. to Denver, Colorado Springs, Salt Lake City, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth and other Northern Minnesota summer tourist resorts. Tickets limited for return to October 31. Don't fail to consult agents before making your trip, or address A. B. Cutts, G. P. & T. A., Minneapolis, Minn.

OLD SORES CURED

ALLEN'S ULCERINE SALVE.

Cures Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, Fever Sores, Gangrene, Blood Poisoning, White Swelling, Milk Leg, Poisoned Wounds, All Sores of long standing. Positively never fails. Draws out all poison. Saves expense and suffering. Cures permanent. For sale by druggists. Mail 50 and 100. J. P. ALLEN MEDICINE CO., St. Paul, Minn.

BABY'S VOICE

Is the joy of the household, for without it no happiness can be complete. How sweet the picture of mother and babe, angels smile at and commend the thoughts and aspirations of the mother bending over the cradle. The ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass, however, is so full of danger and suffering that she looks forward to the hour when she shall feel the exquisite thrill of motherhood with indescribable dread and fear. Every woman should know that the danger, pain and horror of child-birth can be entirely avoided by the use of Mother's Friend, a scientific liniment for external use only, which toughens and renders pliable all the parts, and assists nature in its sublime work. By its aid thousands of women have passed this great crisis in perfect safety and without pain. Sold at $1.00 per bottle by druggists. Our book of priceless value to all women sent free. Address

Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

MOTHER'S FRIEND

HERES TO THE HEALTH of *Fitger's Beer*



Drain your glass to the last drop and you find no dregs.
Fitger's Beer is absolutely pure.
Send a case to your club.
Your name will be on every tongue, so will the Beer.

FITGER BREWING CO. DULUTH, MINN.

Burlington Route

THE Day Train to Chicago

is the Burlington's Scenic Line Express, leaving St. Paul at 8:20 a. m., arriving Chicago at 9:35 p. m. Observation car from which to view the magnificent Mississippi river scenery.

THE Night Train to Chicago

is the Burlington's Electric-lighted Limited, leaving St. Paul 8:40 p. m., arriving Chicago 9 a. m. A superb train with every possible contrivance for comfort.

F. M. RUGG, Northwestern Passenger Agent,
Germania Life Insurance Building ST. PAUL.

CANNOT COMPLY WITH DEMANDS

New York Life Says Missouri's Order Is Impossible of Fulfillment.

Jefferson City, Mo., Oct. 26.—After a three hours' conference yesterday between Attorneys F. M. Judson and E. C. Crow, representing the New York Life Insurance company, and State Superintendent of Insurance W. D. Vandiver, concerning the probable action to be taken by the latter official towards annulling the state license of the insurance company, Superintendent Vandiver stated he would take no action until the expiration of the original thirty days' notice which will be Nov. 7. During the argument Attorney Judson contended that the state superintendent of insurance had no power to revoke the license of the New York Life except on the grounds that the company was insolvent or that its capital fund had been impaired, substantiating his argument by quoting decisions of the courts of this and other states.

Further Mr. Judson said, the demands made by Mr. Vandiver could not be complied with.

"These demands are absolutely impossible," he said, "because the superintendent demands that the officers refund the money ($48,000) contributed to the Republican campaign fund within thirty days."

He said no legal process could be forced in thirty days to collect the money and no court action could secure a final judgment in thirty days.

Mr. Vandiver contended that the directors were liable for the money misappropriated by the officers. He then said that this contribution came under the head of embezzlement and that the directors, if they knew of it, were in his opinion, also criminally liable, and if they did not know of it, they were guilty of gross neglect of duty.

"They should be removed from office," said Mr. Vandiver, "and hence the action I have marked out would protect, by causing the policyholders to remove such directors."

Mr. Vandiver concluded by stating that he had received hundreds of letters from policyholders and that 95 per cent of them favored his proposed policy, but that he would take no action until the expiration of the original thirty days' notice, which will be Nov. 7.

Good Watches Cheap

At Harris & Esterly's Jewelry store, 428 W. Superior street, Spalding Hotel.

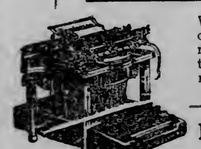
STREET CAR CONDUCTOR KILLS FELLOW WORKER.

Chicago, Oct. 26.—Joseph F. Messeine, a street car conductor, was last night shot and instantly killed by Ole Oleson, also a conductor on the same line. The men had previously quarreled about labor matters and last night when Oleson boarded Messeine's car as a passenger, Messine struck him across the face with a switch rod, cutting his face and breaking his nose. Messeine was arrested, but being released on bail, started out to find Oleson. The latter seeing Messeine approaching, shot and killed him instantly.

Remington Typewriter

When the REMINGTON TYPEWRITER offers something new to the public the public knows, without being told, that it's something good.

NEW MODELS NOW READY



We will be glad to have you call at our office and see the new models or send for illustrated booklet describing the new features.

REMINGTON TYPEWRITER CO.

THEY TAKE NO ACTION

Joint Meeting of the Committee on White City Project.

Mayor Cullum Says $50,000 Investment Will Be Sufficient.

Until another meeting of the joint committees is held, the date of which has not yet been set, no definite plan of action for the establishment of a "White City" in Duluth will be formulated.

This was decided yesterday afternoon, at a meeting in the Commercial club rooms, of the committees appointed by the different organizations of the city to promote the enterprise.

It is desired that individual interests which have offered to contribute large sums toward starting the place of amusement be given an opportunity of being heard before the backers of the movement take any step toward organizing a stock company, as has been proposed.

It was voted to instruct chairmen of the committees present to ask the bodies they represented to vote on the proposition of contributing $50 each toward a fund for defraying the expenses of a committee of two on a tour of investigation to the several cities in the West where "White Cities" were operated. The committee will advise Duluth in regard to the matter of establishing a place of amusement along similar lines.

At the second joint meeting, it will be definitely decided whether or not it will be necessary to send out the investigating committee. The permission and financial assistance of the organizations interested will be obtained, in any event, so the move may be made if deemed advisable.

Those present at yesterday's meeting were Mayor M. B. Cullum, Charles A. Marshall, manager of the Lyceum theater; Whitney Wall, J. L. Cromwell and Thomas Olafson, representing the Real Estate exchange; E. O. Little, Herbert Warren and E. L. Millar, representing the public affairs committee of the Commercial club; John Panton and E. Mendenhall, representing the Retail Merchants' association, and C. B. Woodruff, James Smith and H. A. Hall, representing the Builders' exchange. Mayor Cullum, Mr. Panton and Mr. Marshall were among those speaking in favor of starting a "White City" in Duluth.

Mr. Panton said the Merchants' association to a man favored the establishment here of such a place of amusement. He mentioned the fact that he had visited Luna park, Dreamland and one of two similar resorts during the past summer, besides the one at Chicago, and spoke of the success that these ventures had met with, and of the different amusement features to be found in them. He said it would not be necessary for Duluth to begin on a scale as large as did Chicago and the other places mentioned, and advised against this, saying it would be better to start in a small way and then make additions from time to time, as conditions warranted.

"Wonderland in Minneapolis cost about $100,000, I understand," he said. "This year $65,000, over and above all expenses, was cleared. The Chicago White City cost about $750,000, and the profits this year were $500,000. I am in no position to substantiate these figures, but believe them to be correct. Similar places at Danville, Ill., and at Des Moines, Iowa, paid well. In Dansville there are only 25,000 people, but the $25,000 investment there paid a dividend of 65 per cent this year.

"Everyone can readily see the necessity of such a place of amusement in Duluth. Its establishment here would undoubtedly be a fine thing for the city. Thousands of outsiders visit Duluth every year. We have not enough here to keep them entertained for more than a few hours. They complain that they have no place to go where they may enjoy themselves as they do in other cities.

"I believe a $50,000 investment in a White City for Duluth would be sufficient. This amount should be large enough to provide for the necessary attractions. The location of the amusement place can be decided upon later. Some are in favor of the West end and others are in favor of a site on Park Point. For myself, I would favor the latter. It is more centrally located, as regards the city as a whole, and offers better opportunities for the building of such a place than does any other part of the city, for a body of water is necessary to some of the attractions. Park Point could also easily be reached from Superior.

"I favor the appointment of a committee, to be selected from the organizations represented here today, to visit Chicago, Minneapolis, Dansville and such other places as deemed advisable to get information on the matter in hand, so that no false steps be taken in planning for and starting the White City. The merchants are willing to contribute their share toward paying the expenses of such a committee, and I believe the same can be said of the other bodies which have betrayed an interest in the matter."

Mayor Cullum said the value of this kind of an amusement place in Duluth could not be overestimated. He remarked that the need of it was particularly strong when excursions were run here during the summer. Excursionists had complained to him that there are general local committees appointed to look after the entertainment of the visiting delegates, he said, but it is different with the excursionists, who most of them have to shift for themselves in seeking amusement while at the Head of the Lakes. A gap is left in Duluth which is filled in other modern cities. He thought Duluth a little behind the times in this. Des Moines, he said, cleared $17,000 this year on a $35,000 White City investment. The mayor could see no reason why the venture would not turn out as well at the Head of the Lakes, with a direct population of at least 100,000 people to draw from, including Superior.

"It appears to me that this would be a splendid and perfectly legitimate investment," continued the city's chief executive. "I am satisfied the project can be floated for $50,000 and made to pay, and pay well. I am in favor of the business men of the city remaining in control of the resort, and not allowing a few individuals to get hold of all the stock. I do not believe that any one should be allowed more than, say $500 worth of stock in the company. If this limit were placed the venture would not be controlled by private interests."

Mr. Marshall spoke of the kind of attractions that are usually to be found at resorts of this sort, but said he had not investigated the White City proposition, and was not well enough posted to speak as an authority on the subject. He said that nice weather and first-class transportation facilities were necessary to the success of a venture of this kind. Without the best transportation facilities, the project would be sure to be a failure, he believed.

Mr. Warren, superintendent of the Duluth Street Railway company, said the concern he represents could better handle the people if the White City were built near Athletic park, for cars could be run there over two lines. He was not very strongly in favor of the Park Point location, although the mayor assured him that the Lake avenue viaduct would be in first-class condition for use by next summer.

Mr. Panton said the stock should sell at $10, or possibly $25, a share, and urged that it be scattered among as many people as possible. He said all the stock would very quickly be subscribed for on this basis.

Whitney Wall expressed himself as believing that the venture would surely meet with success if one or two men own a controlling interest, for more activity would then be displayed in promoting the business.

He was afraid that scattering the stock in small blocks all over the city would result in injury to the movement, and that the proposition would not be so well managed if this were done. He advised against creating such an amount of enthusiasm over the project that the poorer class of people would be influenced to risk their all in the hope of getting rich returns.

THE STAGE

TONIGHT'S ATTRACTION.

METROPOLITAN — "THE PARISIAN Bells."

COMING ATTRACTIONS.

LYCEUM — SATURDAY AFTERNOON and evening, "The Show Girl."

THE SHOW GIRL.

"The Show Girl," which appears at the Lyceum Saturday afternoon and evening, is one of H. C. Whitney's attractions. Mr. Whitney is known throughout the theatrical field as being one of the best producers of the day. At the Majestic theater, New York city, he has another musical extravaganza entitled the "Isle of Spice," which he sent on the road, after a successful run of 150 nights at that theater, where it did a phenomenal business, and which caused no end of interest in the musical line, and Mr. Whitney has spared no amount of expense in making the "Show Girl" an attraction an equal of "The Isle of Spice" in splendor and scenic beauty. The company numbers sixty people, with a car-load of scenery and electrical effects.

Nothing to Fear.

Mothers need have no hesitancy in continuing to give Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to their little ones, as it contains absolutely nothing injurious, to give small children, but it is a medicine of great worth and merit. It has a world-wide reputation for its cures of coughs, colds and croup and can always be relied upon. For sale by all leading druggists.

MEMORIAL TO BARNARDO.

Homes Established By the Philanthropist to Be Continued.

London, Oct. 26.—There must be many thousands of men and women in the British empire who will rejoice to hear that it is proposed to continue "Dr. Barnardo's Homes" as a memorial to their founder. The decision has been formally communicated by Lord Brassey, president; Mr. William Baker, chairman of council; and Mr. Howard Williams, treasurer. It may be remembered that the queen, in a gracious message of condolence on the death of Dr. Barnardo, spoke of "that great philanthropist whose existence was devoted to alleviating the sufferings of all poor and forsaken children," and she prayed "that his splendid life-long work may be kept up as an everlasting tribute to his memory." The council says they feel that in this suggestion her majesty expresses the feelings of all who have supported the institutions, and that the "most fitting recognition of Dr. Barnardo's unique services to the state and to humanity would be the establishment of his life-work upon a permanent basis."

In announcing this decision the council send a few details of the multitudinous work carried on at the homes on behalf of the institute. While during Dr. Barnardo's lifetime the income of the homes sufficed for maintenance, it was not enough for bricks and mortar. "Hence" (the council write) "has arisen a burden of mortgage, a banker's overdraft, and other financial liabilities which, in the best interests of the work, should be promptly extinguished." The liabilities now existing are summarized as follows: Mortgages, $502,500; special loans, $60,000; Canadian liabilities, $70,000; tradesmen's accounts, builders' contracts, bills payable, interest created on mortgages, $408,500; and overdraft at bank, $114,800—a total of $1,245,000.

Against this amount is placed as a set-off the value of the buildings, which, according to recent valuation, form an asset well in excess of the liabilities. It is to place the future of the homes in a position of security that the council ask for a national memorial fund of $2,500,000. They "earnestly commend this appeal not only to all who love little children, but to all who are concerned for the welfare of the empire and for the continuance of this great undertaking of organized rescue for the benefit of so many future citizens."

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

One Way Colonist Rates.

Tickets on sale up to and including Oct. 31st.

$24.50—San Francisco, Los Angeles, and main-line points in California.

$25.00 — Seattle, Vancouver, Tacoma, Portland and North Pacific Coast points.

$22.50 — Spokane, Nelson, Rossland, Fernie, B. C., Denver and Salt Lake.

$20.00—Great Falls, Helena, Butte, Anaconda, Kalispell, Mont.

Very low homeseekers' round trip rates, to points in Southwestern states, first and third Tuesdays of November and December.

Round-trip homeseekers' rates to Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota and Canadian Northwest, on every Tuesday until December 1st.

Round-trip homeseekers' rates to Montana, Idaho, Washington (east of Biggs, and Wenatchee inclusive) and British Columbia, on first and third Tuesdays until Nov. 21st.

For further information call at City Ticket Office, 432 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn.

THE LAXATIVE OF KNOWN QUALITY



There are two classes of remedies; those of known quality and which are permanently beneficial in effect, acting gently, in harmony with nature, when nature needs assistance; and another class, composed of preparations of unknown, uncertain and inferior character, acting temporarily, but injuriously, as a result of forcing the natural functions unnecessarily. One of the most exceptional of the remedies of known quality and excellence is the ever pleasant Syrup of Figs, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., which represents the active principles of plants, known to act most beneficially, in a pleasant syrup, in which the wholesome Californian blue figs are used to contribute their rich, yet delicate, fruity flavor. It is the remedy of all remedies to sweeten and refresh and cleanse the system gently and naturally, and to assist one in overcoming constipation and the many ills resulting therefrom. Its active principles and quality are known to physicians generally, and the remedy has therefore met with their approval, as well as with the favor of many millions of well informed persons who know of their own personal knowledge and from actual experience that it is a most excellent laxative remedy. We do not claim that it will cure all manner of ills, but recommend it for what it really represents, a laxative remedy of known quality and excellence, containing nothing of an objectionable or injurious character.

There are two classes of purchasers; those who are informed as to the quality of what they buy and the reasons for the excellence of articles of exceptional merit, and who do not lack courage to go elsewhere when a dealer offers an imitation of any well known article; but, unfortunately, there are some people who do not know, and who allow themselves to be imposed upon. They cannot expect its beneficial effects if they do not get the genuine remedy.

To the credit of the druggists of the United States be it said that nearly all of them value their reputation for professional integrity and the good will of their customers too highly to offer imitations of the

Genuine—Syrup of Figs

manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., and in order to buy the genuine article and to get its beneficial effects, one has only to note, when purchasing, the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—plainly printed on the front of every package. Price, 50c. per bottle. One size only.

EVIDENCE WEIGHS TON

Clerk of Court of Stearns County Faces Difficult Problem.

Subpoenaed to Bring 2,000 Pounds of Records to Duluth.

A trip from St. Cloud to Duluth in custody of 2,000 pounds, or an even ton, of transcripts, files and court records, is the unenviable job that is said to confront Hermann Mueller, clerk of district court in Stearns county, Minn.

Clerk Mueller has been subpoenaed to appear before district court here next week, with all the transcripts and records that are to be used as evidence in the trial of the suit of Theodore Bruener, trustee in bankruptcy for N. P. Clarke, against the McClure estate. The case is a very important one, in view of the large interests involved.

The litigation involves title to pine lands in St. Louis and Carlton counties, said to have a value of more than $500,000. The case was to have been heard next Monday, but arrangements have been made to have it go over until next Thursday.

How Clerk Mueller will furnish and care for such an immense quantity of the files of his office is no easy problem for that officer to solve. Not only will it necessitate an immense amount of research by his own clerical force, and a host of inconvenience in the way of getting the matter properly shipped, but even after he gets to Duluth he will not find any adequate facilities at the courthouse for taking care of his ton of transcripts and files. The St. Louis county authorities are themselves crowded for space to take care of the papers that are regularly filed with them, and valuable records are at the present time being stowed away in the basement room of the jail, in proximity of the heating plant, because the vault space in the courthouse was years ago filled to overflowing.

It has been facetiously suggested that Clerk of Court Hermann either bring with him, or rent, a tent, which he might set up on the courthouse square to shelter his records, while he stand guard over them.

Attaches of the courthouse declare that the records cannot all be taken up to the court room at the same time, anyway, that so great a weight would not be safe, because of the old age which has attacked the pinning and joist construction of the decrepit structure known as St. Louis county courthouse.

A VERY HARD PLACE TO FILL

Mr. Bradley's Death Leaves Aetna Without Duluth Representative.

"I want a man to represent the Aetna Life in Duluth," said J. E. Meyers, state agent for that company, this morning, "but I want the right kind of a man and can offer him a particularly attractive opening. In the death of the late Frank Bradley, the Duluth representative of the company, we lost an unusually good employe, and one whose place it will be hard to fill. He had been educated fully in the conservative methods of the Aetna, and was therefore just the sort of man we needed for the place.

"We should very much prefer a man from the regular business walks of life, and under no circumstances would we consent to take an insurance agent accustomed to the "high pressure" methods of some companies that have become so well known of late. We have been accustomed to getting our business on a conservative basis, because that is in harmony with the policy of the Aetna throughout.

We have made our reputation with our policyholders on that basis, and that it has succeeded in Duluth is evident from the fact that we have as many policyholders here as we have in either St. Paul or Minneapolis.

"We want a man who can establish himself upon these lines. It is an excellent opening for a man of character and industry. Given a man with the proper qualifications, we shall take pleasure in supplying the training necessary. The best friends we have, and the best friends Mr. Bradley had, are among the policyholders of the Aetna. We want a man who can keep things going along the lines that have been successful not only in getting business but in making friends.

"This is an advertisement, pure and simple. I know there are men of the kind we want in Duluth, and I am taking this method of advertising our need in order that I may reach them."

Applications for position as district representative of the Aetna Life Insurance company should be addressed to J. E. Meyers, Guaranty Loan building, Minneapolis. All communications on this subject will be treated as strictly confidential.

BREVITY IS THE SOUL OF WIT.

GOOD WIFE! YOU NEED

SAPOLIO

Inflammatory Rheumatism Cured in Three Days.

Morton L. Hill, of Lebanon, Ind., says: "My wife had inflammatory Rheumatism in every muscle and joint; her suffering was terrible and her body and face were swollen almost beyond recognition; had been in bed for six weeks and had eight physicians, but received no benefit until she tried the Mystic Cure for Rheumatism. It gave immediate relief and she was able to walk about in three days. I am sure it saved her life." Sold by all druggists.

ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE ON FILING PETITION TO SELL LAND—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, October 11th, 1905.

In the Matter of the Estate of Elizabeth Bateman, Deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of W. G. Bonham, administrator of the above estate, setting forth the amount of personal estate that has come into his hands, the disposition thereof, and how much remains undisposed of; the amount of debts outstanding against said deceased, as far as the same can be ascertained; the legacies unpaid, and a description of all the real estate, excepting the homestead, of which said deceased died seized, and the condition and value of the respective portions or lots thereof; the persons interested in said estate, with their residences; and praying that license be to him granted to sell all of said real estate. And it appearing, by said petition, that there is not sufficient personal estate in the hands of said administrator to pay the expenses of administration, and that it is necessary for the payment of such expenses to sell all of said real estate, and that it will be for the best interests of said estate and of all persons interested therein to sell said real estate;

It Is Therefore Ordered, That all persons interested in said estate appear before this Court on the 6th day of November, 1905, at ten o'clock a. m., at the Court House in Duluth, in said County, then and there to show cause (if any there be) why license should not be granted to said administrator to sell all of the real estate of said deceased.

And It Is Further Ordered, That this Order shall be published once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said County.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., this 11th day of October, A. D., 1905.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald—Oct. 12-19-26.

ORDER FOR HEARING PROOF OF FOREIGN WILL.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis, ss.—

In Probate Court, Special Term, October 11th, 1905.

In the Matter of the Estate of Simon J. Murphy, Deceased:

Whereas, Certain writings purporting to be duly authenticated copies of the Last Will and Testament of Simon J. Murphy, late of Detroit, Michigan, deceased, and the probate thereof in the Probate Court of the County of Wayne, State of Michigan, have been delivered to this Court;

And Whereas, William H. Murphy has filed therewith his petition, representing among other things that said Simon J. Murphy lately died in said County of Wayne, Michigan, testate, possessed of certain real estate, situated in said County of St. Louis, Minn., and that said petitioner is one of the executors named in said will, and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be to William H. Murphy, Selwy Eddy, and Elisha H. Flynn issued thereon;

It Is Ordered, That the proofs of said instrument and the said petition, be heard before this Court at the Probate Office in said County, on Monday, the 6th day of November, A. D. 1905, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when all persons interested may appear for or contest the probate of said instrument;

And It Is Further Ordered, That notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said County.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., this 11th day of October, A. D., 1905.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Oct. 12-19-26.

Don't fret—forget. This is easy if your nerves be right.

PALMO TABLETS

soothe the nerves and give you double brain and muscle capacity.

50 cents. Guaranteed. Book free.

For sale by Max Wirth, Druggist.



New Form.
NEVER KNOWN TO FAIL.
Tarrant's Extract of Cubebs and Copaiba in
CAPSULES.
The *tasteless, quick* and *thorough* cure for gonorrhoea, gleet, whites, etc. Easy to take, convenient to carry. Fifty years successful use. Price $1, at druggists, or by mail from The Tarrant Co., 44 Hudson St., New York.

MEN NERVE BEANS quickly cure Nervousness, all results of abuse, failing manhood, drains, losses. Married men and men intending to marry should take a box; astonishing results; small weak parts and lost power restored. $1.00 at S. F. BOYCE, Druggist, 335 Superior St. Duluth, Minn

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.



SAFE, Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

Mention this paper

DEFECTIVE PAGE

BABY'S VOICE

Is the joy of the household, for without it no happiness can be complete. How sweet the picture of mother and babe, angels smile at and commend the thoughts and aspirations of the mother bending over the cradle. The ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass, however, is so full of danger and suffering that she looks forward to the hour when she shall feel the exquisite thrill of motherhood with indescribable dread and fear. Every woman should know that the danger, pain and horror of child-birth can be entirely avoided by the use of Mother's Friend, a scientific liniment for external use only, which toughens and renders pliable all the parts, and assists nature in its sublime work. By its aid thousands of women have passed this great crisis in perfect safety and without pain. Sold at $1.00 per bottle by druggists. Our book of priceless value to all women sent free. Address

Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

MOTHER'S FRIEND

HERES TO THE HEALTH of *Fitger's Beer*



Drain your glass to the last drop and you find no dregs.

Fitger's Beer is absolutely pure. Send a case to your club.

Your name will be on every tongue, so will the Beer.

FITGER BREWING CO. DULUTH, MINN.

Burlington Route

THE Day Train to Chicago

is the Burlington's Scenic Line Express, leaving St. Paul at 8:20 a. m., arriving Chicago at 9:35 p. m. Observation car from which to view the magnificent Mississippi river scenery.

THE Night Train to Chicago

is the Burlington's Electric-lighted Limited, leaving St. Paul 8:40 p. m., arriving Chicago 9 a. m. A superb train with every possible contrivance for comfort.

F. M. RUGG, Northwestern Passenger Agent,
Germania Life Insurance Building ST. PAUL.

CANNOT COMPLY WITH DEMANDS

New York Life Says Missouri's Order Is Impossible of Fulfillment.

Jefferson City, Mo., Oct. 26.—After a three hours' conference yesterday between Attorneys F. M. Judson and E. C. Crow, representing the New York Life Insurance company, and State Superintendent of Insurance W. D. Vandiver, concerning the probable action to be taken by the latter official towards annulling the state license of the insurance company, Superintendent Vandiver stated he would take no action until the expiration of the original thirty days' notice which will be Nov. 7. During the argument Attorney Judson contended that the state superintendent of insurance had no power to revoke the license of the New York Life except on the grounds that the company was insolvent or that its capital fund had been impaired, substantiating his argument by quoting decisions of the courts of this and other states.

Further Mr. Judson said, the demands made by Mr. Vandiver could not be complied with.

"These demands are absolutely impossible," he said, "because the superintendent demands that the officers refund the money ($18,000 contributed to the Republican campaign fund within thirty days."

He said no legal process could be forced in thirty days to collect the money and no court action could secure a final judgment in thirty days.

Mr. Vandiver contended that the directors were liable for the money misappropriated by the officers. He then said that this contribution came under the head of embezzlement and that the directors, if they knew of it, were in his opinion, personally liable, and if they did not know of it, they were guilty of gross neglect of duty.

"They should be removed from office," said Mr. Vandiver, "and hence the action I have marked out would protect, by causing the policyholders to remove such directors."

Mr. Vandiver concluded by stating that he had received hundreds of letters from policyholders and that 95 per cent of them favored his proposed policy, but that he would take no action until the expiration of the original thirty days' notice, which will be Nov. 7.

Good Watches Cheap

At Harris & Esterly's Jewelry store, 428 W. Superior street, Spalding Hotel.

STREET CAR CONDUCTOR KILLS FELLOW WORKER.

Chicago, Oct. 26.—Joseph F. Messeline, a street car conductor, was last night shot and instantly killed by Ole Oleson, also a conductor on the same line. The men had previously quarreled about labor matters and last night when Oleson boarded Messeline's car as a passenger, Messeline struck him across the face with a switch rod, cutting his face and breaking his nose. Messeline was arrested, but being released on bail, started out to find Oleson. The latter seeing Messeline approaching, shot and killed him instantly.

Remington Typewriter

When the REMINGTON TYPEWRITER offers something new to the public the public knows, without being told, that it's something good.

NEW MODELS NOW READY



We will be glad to have you call at our office and see the new models or send for illustrated booklet describing the new features.

REMINGTON TYPEWRITER CO.

THEY TAKE NO ACTION

Joint Meeting of the Committee on White City Project.

Mayor Cullum Says $50,000 Investment Will Be Sufficient.

Until another meeting of the joint committees is held, the date of which has not yet been set, no definite plan of action for the establishment of a "White City" in Duluth will be formulated.

This was decided yesterday afternoon, at a meeting in the Commercial club rooms, of the committees appointed by the different organizations of the city to promote the enterprise.

It is desired that individual interests which have offered to contribute large sums toward starting the place of amusement be given an opportunity of being heard before the backers of the movement take any step toward organizing a stock company, as has been proposed.

It was voted to instruct chairmen of the committees present to ask the bodies they represented to vote on the proposition of contributing $50 each toward a fund for defraying the expenses of a committee of two on a tour of investigation to the several cities in the West where "White Cities" were operated. The committee will advise Duluth in regard to the matter of establishing a place of amusement along similar lines.

At the second joint meeting, it will be definitely decided whether or not it will be necessary to send out the investigating committee. The permission and financial assistance of the organizations interested will be obtained, in any event, so the move may be made if deemed advisable.

Those present at yesterday's meeting were Mayor M. B. Cullum, Charles A. Marshall, manager of the Lyceum theater; Whitney Wall, J. L. Cromwell and Thomas Olafson, representing the Real Estate exchange; E. C. Little, Herbert Warren and E. L. Millar, representing the public affairs committee of the Commercial club; John Panton and E. Mendenhall, representing the Retail Merchants' association, and C. B. Woodruff, James Smith and H. A. Hall, representing the Builders' exchange. Mayor Cullum, Mr. Panton and Mr. Marshall were among those speaking in favor of starting a "White City" in Duluth.

Mr. Panton said the Merchants' association to a man favored the establishment here of such a place of amusement. He mentioned the fact that he had visited Luna park, Dreamland and one of two similar resorts during the past summer, besides the one at Chicago, and spoke of the success that these ventures had met with, and of the different amusement features to be found in them. He said it would not be necessary for Duluth to begin on a scale as large as did Chicago and the other places mentioned, and advised against this, saying it would be better to start in a small way and then make additions from time to time, as conditions warranted.

"Wonderland in Minneapolis cost about $100,000, I understand," he said. "This year $65,000, over and above all expenses, was cleared. The Chicago White City cost about $750,000, and the profits this year were $566,000. I am in no position to substantiate these figures, of course, but believe them correct. Similar places at Danville, Ill., and at Des Moines, Iowa, paid well. In Dansville there are only 25,000 people, but the $25,000 investment there paid a dividend of 65 per cent this year.

"Everyone can readily see the necessity of such a place of amusement in Duluth. Its establishment would undoubtedly be a thing of the city. Thousands of residents visit Duluth every year. We have not enough here to keep them entertained for more than a few hours. They complain that they have no place to go where they may enjoy themselves as they do in other cities.

"I believe a $50,000 investment in a White City for Duluth would be sufficient. This amount should be large enough to provide for the necessary attractions. The location of the amusement place can be decided upon later. Some are in favor of the West end and others are in favor of a site on Park Point. For myself, I would favor the latter. It is more centrally located, as regards the city as a whole, and offers better opportunities for the building of such a place than does any other part of the city, for a body of water is necessary to some of the attractions. Park Point could also easily be reached from Superior.

"I favor the appointment of a committee, to be selected from the organizations represented here today, to visit Chicago, Minneapolis, Dansville and such other places as deemed advisable to get information on the matter in hand, so that no false steps be taken in planning for and starting the White City. The merchants are willing to contribute their share toward paying the expenses of such a committee, and I believe the same can be said of the other bodies which have betrayed an interest in the matter."

Mayor Cullum said the value of this kind of an amusement place in Duluth could not be overestimated. He remarked that the need of it was particularly strong when excursions were run here during the summer. Excursionists had complained to him that there are general local committees appointed to look after the entertainment of the visiting delegates, he said, but it is different with the excursionists, who most of them have to shift for themselves in seeking amusement while at the Head of the Lakes. A gap is left in Duluth which is filled in other modern cities. He thought Duluth a little behind the times in this. Des Moines, he said, cleared $17,000 this year on a $35,000 White City investment. The mayor could see no reason why the venture would not turn out as well at the Head of the Lakes, with a direct population of at least 100,000 people to draw from, including Superior.

"It appears to me that this would be a splendid and perfectly legitimate investment," continued the city's chief executive. "I am satisfied the project can be floated for $50,000 and made to pay, and pay well. I am in favor of the business men of the city remaining in control of the resort, and not allowing a few individuals to get hold of all the stock. I do not believe that any one should be allowed more than, say $500 worth of stock in the company. If this limit were placed the venture would not be controlled by private interests."

Mr. Marshall spoke of the kind of attractions that are usually to be found at resorts of this sort, but said he had not investigated the White City proposition, and was not well enough posted to speak as an authority on the subject. He said that nice weather and first-class transportation facilities were necessary to the success of a venture of this kind. Without the best transportation facilities, the project would be sure to be a failure, he believed.

Mr. Warren, superintendent of the Duluth Street Railway company, said the concern he represents could better handle the people if the White City were built near Athletic park, for cars could be run there over two lines. He was not very strongly in favor of the Park Point location, although the mayor assured him that the Lake avenue viaduct would be in first-class condition for use by next summer.

Mr. Panton said the stock should sell at $10, or possibly $25, a share, and urged that it be scattered among as many people as possible. He said all the stock would very quickly be subscribed for on this basis.

Whitney Wall expressed himself as believing that the venture would surely meet with success if one or two men own a controling interest, for more activity would then be displayed in promoting the business.

He was afraid that scattering the stock in small blocks all over the city would result in injury to the movement, and that the proposition would not be so well managed if this were done. He advised against creating such an amount of enthusiasm over the project that the poorer class of people would be influenced to risk their all in the hope of getting rich returns.

THE STAGE

TONIGHT'S ATTRACTION.

METROPOLITAN — "THE PARISIAN Belle."

COMING ATTRACTIONS.

LYCEUM — SATURDAY AFTERNOON and evening, "The Show Girl."

THE SHOW GIRL.

"The Show Girl," which appears at the Lyceum Saturday afternoon and evening, is one of R. C. Whitney's attractions. Mr. Whitney is known throughout the theatrical field as being one of the best producers of the day. At the Majestic theater, New York city, he has another musical extravaganza entitled the "Isle of Spice," which he sent on the road, after a successful run of 150 nights at that theater, where it did a phenomenal business, and which caused no end of interest in the musical line, and Mr. Whitney has spared no amount of expense in making the "Show Girl" an attraction an equal of "The Isle of Spice" in splendor and scenic beauty. The company numbers sixty people, with a car-load of scenery and electrical effects.

Nothing to Fear.

Mothers need have no hesitancy in continuing to give Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to their little ones, as it contains absolutely nothing injurious, to give small children, but it is a medicine of great worth and merit. It has a world-wide reputation for its cures of coughs, colds and croup and can always be relied upon. For sale by all leading druggists.

MEMORIAL TO BARNARDO.

Homes Established By the Philanthropist to Be Continued.

London, Oct. 26.—There must be many thousands of men and women in the British empire who will rejoice to hear that it is proposed to continue "Dr. Barnardo's Homes" as a memorial to their founder. The decision has been formally communicated by Lord Brassey, president; Mr. William Baker, chairman of council; and Mr. Howard Williams, treasurer. It may be remembered that the message of condolence sent to the council on the death of Dr. Barnardo, spoke of "that great philanthropist whose existence was devoted to alleviating the sufferings of all poor and forsaken children," and she prayed "that his splendid life-long work may be kept up as an everlasting tribute to his memory." The council says they feel that in this suggestion her majesty expresses the feelings of all who have supported the institutions, and that the "most fitting recognition of Dr. Barnardo's unique services to the state and to humanity would be the establishment of his life-work upon a permanent basis."

In announcing this decision the council send a few details of the multitudinous work carried on at the homes on behalf of the institution. While during Dr. Barnardo's lifetime the income of the homes sufficed for maintenance, it was not enough for bricks and mortar. "Hence" (the council write) "has arisen a burden of mortgage, a banker's overdraft, and other financial liabilities which, in the best interests of the work, should be promptly extinguished." The liabilities now existing are summarized as follows: Mortgages, $502,500; special loans, $60,000; Canadian liabilities, $50,000; tradesmen's accounts, builders' contracts, bills payable, interest created on mortgages, $498,500; and overdraft at bank, $114,800—a total of $1,245,000.

Against this amount is placed as a set-off the value of the buildings, which, according to recent valuation, form an asset well in excess of the liabilities. It is to place the future of the homes in a position of security that the council ask for a national memorial fund of $2,500,000. They "earnestly commend this appeal not only to all who love little children, but to all who are concerned for the welfare of the empire and for the continuance of this great undertaking of organized rescue for the benefit of so many future citizens."

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

One Way Colonist Rates.

Tickets on sale up to and including Oct. 31st.

$34.50—San Francisco, Los Angeles, and main-line points in California.

$25.00 — Seattle, Vancouver, Tacoma, Portland and North Pacific Coast points.

$22.50 — Spokane, Nelson, Rossland, Fernie, B. C., Denver and Salt Lake.

$20.00—Great Falls, Helena, Butte, Anaconda, Kalispell, Mont.

Very low homeseekers' round trip rates, to points in Southwestern states, first and third Tuesdays of November and December.

Round-trip homeseekers' rates to Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota and Canadian Northwest, on every Tuesday until December 1st.

Round-trip homeseekers' rates to Montana, Idaho, Washington (east of Biggs, and Wenatchee inclusive) and British Columbia, on first and third Tuesdays until Nov. 21st.

For further information call at City Ticket Office, 402 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn.



THE LAXATIVE OF KNOWN QUALITY

There are two classes of remedies; those of known quality and which are permanently beneficial in effect, acting gently, in harmony with nature, when nature needs assistance; and another class, composed of preparations of unknown, uncertain and inferior character, acting temporarily, but injuriously, as a result of forcing the natural functions unnecessarily. One of the most exceptional of the remedies of known quality and excellence is the ever pleasant Syrup of Figs, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., which represents the active principles of plants, known to act most beneficially, in a pleasant syrup, in which the wholesome Californian blue figs are used to contribute their rich, yet delicate, fruity flavor. It is the remedy of all remedies to sweeten and refresh and cleanse the system gently and naturally, and to assist one in overcoming constipation and the many ills resulting therefrom. Its active principles and quality are known to physicians generally, and the remedy has therefore met with their approval, as well as with the favor of many millions of well informed persons who know of their own personal knowledge and from actual experience that it is a most excellent laxative remedy. We do not claim that it will cure all manner of ills, but recommend it for what it really represents, a laxative remedy of known quality and excellence, containing nothing of an objectionable or injurious character.

There are two classes of purchasers; those who are informed as to the quality of what they buy and the reasons for the excellence of articles of exceptional merit, and who do not lack courage to go elsewhere when a dealer offers an imitation of any well known article; but, unfortunately, there are some people who do not know, and who allow themselves to be imposed upon. They cannot expect its beneficial effects if they do not get the genuine remedy.

To the credit of the druggists of the United States be it said that nearly all of them value their reputation for professional integrity and the good will of their customers too highly to offer imitations of the

Genuine—Syrup of Figs

manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., and in order to buy the genuine article and to get its beneficial effects, one has only to note, when purchasing, the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—plainly printed on the front of every package. Price, 50c. per bottle. One size only.

EVIDENCE WEIGHS TON

Clerk of Court of Stearns County Faces Difficult Problem.

Subpoenaed to Bring 2,000 Pounds of Records to Duluth.

A trip from St. Cloud to Duluth in custody of 2,000 pounds, or an even ton, of transcripts, files and court records, is the unenviable job that is said to confront Hermann Mueller, clerk of district court in Stearns county, Minn.

Clerk Mueller has been subpoenaed to appear before district court here next week, with all the transcripts and records that are to be used as evidence in the trial of the suit of Theodore Bruener, trustee in bankruptcy for N. P. Clarke, against the McClure estate. The case is a very important one, in view of the large interests involved.

The litigation involves title to pine lands in St. Louis and Carlton counties, said to have a value of more than $500,000. The case was to have been heard next Monday, but arrangements have been made to have it go over until next Thursday.

How Clerk Mueller will furnish and care for such an immense quantity of the files of his office is no easy problem for that officer to solve. Not only will it necessitate an immense amount of research by his own clerical force, and a host of inconvenience in the way of getting the matter properly shipped, but even after he gets to Duluth he will not find any adequate facilities at the courthouse for taking care of his ton of transcripts and files. The St. Louis county authorities are themselves crowded for space to take care of the papers that are regularly filed with them, and valuable records are at the present time being stowed away in the basement room of the jail, in proximity of the heating plant, because the vault space in the courthouse was years ago filled to overflowing.

It has been facetiously suggested that Clerk of Court Hermann either bring with him, or rent, a tent, which he might set up on the courthouse square to shelter his records, while he stand guard over them.

Attaches of the courthouse declare that the records cannot all be taken up to the court room at the same time, anyway, that so great a weight would not be safe, because of the old age which has attacked the pinning and joist construction of the decrepit structure known as St. Louis county courthouse.

A VERY HARD PLACE TO FILL

Mr. Bradley's Death Leaves Aetna Without Duluth Representative.

"I want a man to represent the Aetna Life in Duluth," said J. E. Meyers, state agent for that company, this morning, "but I want the right kind of a man and can offer him a particularly attractive opening. In the death of the late Frank Bradley, the Duluth representative of the company, we lost an unusually good employe, and one whose place it will be hard to fill. He had been educated fully in the conservative methods of the Aetna, and was therefore just the sort of man we needed for the place.

"We should very much prefer a man from the regular business walks of life, and under no circumstances would we consent to take an insurance agent accustomed to the "high pressure" methods of some companies that have become so well known of late. We have been accustomed to getting our business on a conservative basis, because that is in harmony with the policy of the Aetna throughout.

"We have made our reputation with our policyholders on that basis, and that it has succeeded in Duluth is evident from the fact that we have as many policyholders here as we have in either St. Paul or Minneapolis.

"We want a man who can establish himself upon these lines. It is an excellent opening for a man of character and industry. Given a man with the proper qualifications, we shall take pleasure in supplying the training necessary. The best friends we have, and the best friends Mr. Bradley had, are among the policyholders of the Aetna. We want a man who can keep things going along the lines that have been successful not only in getting business but in making friends.

"This is an advertisement, pure and simple. I know there are men of the kind we want in Duluth, and I am taking this method of advertising our need in order that I may reach them."

Applications for position as district representative of the Aetna Life Insurance company should be addressed to J. E. Meyers, Guaranty Loan building, Minneapolis. All communications on this subject will be treated as strictly confidential.

Inflammatory Rheumatism Cured in Three Days.

Morton L. Hill, of Lebanon, Ind., says: "My wife had inflammatory Rheumatism in every muscle and joint; her suffering was terrible and her body and face were swollen almost beyond recognition; had been in bed for six weeks and had eight physicians, but received no benefit until she tried the Mystic Cure for Rheumatism. It gave immediate relief and she was able to walk about in three days. I am sure it saved her life." Sold by all druggists.

ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE ON FILING PETITION TO SELL LAND—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.—

In Probate Court, Special Term, October 11th, 1905.

In the Matter of the Estate of Elizabeth Bateman, Deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of W. G. Bonham, administrator of the above estate, setting forth the amount of personal estate that has come into his hands, the disposition thereof, and how much remains undisposed of; the amount of debts outstanding against said deceased, as far as the same can be ascertained; the legacies unpaid, and a description of all the real estate, excepting the homestead, of which said deceased died seized, and the condition and value of the respective portions or lots thereof, the persons interested in said estate, with their residences; and praying that license be to him granted to sell all of said real estate. And it appearing, by said petition, that there is not sufficient personal estate in the hands of said administrator to pay the expenses of administration, and that it is necessary for the payment of such expenses to sell all of said real estate, and that it will be for the best interests of said estate and of all persons interested therein to sell said real estate;

It Is Therefore Ordered, That all persons interested in said estate appear before this Court on the 6th day of November, 1905, at ten o'clock a. m., at the Court House in Duluth, in said County, then and there to show cause (if any there be) why license should not be granted to said administrator to sell all of the real estate of said deceased.

And It Is Further Ordered, That this Order shall be published once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said County.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., this 11th day of October, A. D. 1905.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal, Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald—Oct. 12-19-26.

BREVITY IS THE SOUL OF WIT!"
GOOD WIFE! YOU NEED

SAPOLIO

ORDER FOR HEARING PROOF OF FOREIGN WILL.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis, ss.—

In Probate Court, Special Term, October 11th, 1905.

In the Matter of the Estate of Simon J. Murphy, Deceased:

Whereas, Certain writings purporting to be duly authenticated copies of the Last Will and Testament of Simon J. Murphy, late of Detroit, Michigan, deceased, and the probate thereof in the Probate Court of the County of Wayne, State of Michigan, have been delivered to this Court;

And Whereas, William H. Murphy has filed therewith his petition, representing among other things that said Simon J. Murphy lately died in said County of Wayne, Michigan, testate, possessed of certain real estate, situated in said County of St. Louis, Minn., and that said petitioner is one of the executors named in said will, and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be to William H. Murphy, Selwy Eddy, and Elisha H. Flynn issued thereon;

It Is Ordered, That the proofs of said instrument and the said petition, be heard before this Court at the Probate Office in said County, on Monday, the 6th day of November, A. D. 1905, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when all persons interested may appear for or contest the probate of said instrument;

And It Is Further Ordered, That notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said County.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., this 11th day of October, A. D. 1905.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal, Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Oct. 12-19-26.

Don't fret—forget. This is easy if your nerves be right.

PALMO TABLETS

soothe the nerves and give you double brain and muscle capacity.

50 cents. Guaranteed. Book free.

For sale by Max Wirth, Druggist.



Old Remedy. New Form.
NEVER KNOWN TO FAIL.
Tarrant's Extract of Cubebs and Copaiba in
CAPSULES.
The quickest, quick and thorough cure for gonorrhoea, gleet, whites, etc. Easy to take, convenient to carry. Fifty years successful use. Price $1, at druggists, or by mail from The Tarrant Co., 44 Hudson St., New York.

MEN NERVE BEANS quickly cure Nervousness, all results of abuse, failing manhood, drains, losses. Married men and men intending to marry should take a box; astonishing results; small week parts and lost power restored. $2.00 at S. F. BOYCE, Druggist, 335 Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. Mention this paper Madison Square, PHILA., PA.



DEFECTIVE PAGE

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

A Symbol of Quality.

"SALADA"

Ceylon and India Tea is delicious and absolutely pure.

SOLD ONLY IN LEAD PACKETS. Black, Mixed, Green or Oolong. 60c and 70c per lb. BY ALL GROCERS.

HIGHEST AWARD ST. LOUIS, 1904.

GOOD COAL!

We Sell the Celebrated Lehigh Valley Coal.

It gives better satisfaction for the money than any other.

If you will give us a trial order we know you will be our customer.

ZENITH COAL CO.

Phones 492. 210 West Superior St.

DENOUNCES ATTITUDE

E. C. Kennedy Would Not Increase Mill and Elevator Taxes.

Only Two Favor it, Before Superior Board of Reviews.

Of three citizens of Superior who testified yesterday before the Board of Review, which is considering an increase in the valuation of the flour mills and elevators, only two of them urged an increase in the taxes of those institutions.

Former Mayor E. C. Kennedy of Superior was one of the principal speakers and he strongly denounced the move to boost the mill and elevator taxes at this time. He regarded it as suicidal to industrial Superior to adopt such tactics. He feared that the city's institutions would be driven out and new ones scared away from Superior if the taxes were increased.

"The present system of arriving at the value of property was advocated and recommended to me some years ago by the common council," said the former chief executive of Superior. "I believe the most complete assessment ever made in the city has been made this year, the first of its inauguration. While I do not wish to throw any bouquets, I am sincere when I say that Assessor Tiedeman is fully qualified for the duties he has performed and his long acquaintance with local affairs places him where his judgment should be looked upon with respect by this board.

"We have had many setbacks in recent years and should do what we can to secure new industries for our city, but remember, when seeking a location, the first thing the management of any institution will do is to look up the assessment of local property. We cannot induce them to join us when they find out that those who have been with us for years are objecting to our methods."

E. Schwedler was called to testify, by City Attorney Lyons, Mr. Schwedler testified as to the valuation of elevator properties and the value of the Globe, Belt Line and Terminal elevators in particular. He admitted he had culled his undisputed information from the Madison papers and street corner talks.

He declared that the value of the Globe, Belt Line and Terminal elevators was not less than $225,000 each and said that on the assessment rolls, the first mentioned was carried at $170,000 and the last two at $149,000 each.

Duluth grain men will recall Mr. Schwedler as the man who wanted to apply for membership in the Duluth Board of Trade a short time since, but who was unable to get two members to stand sponsor for him.

G. J. Emrish, an East Superior cooper, told the board how often the mills had been in operation in the last six years. His testimony was calculated to offset the claims of the milling companies that the valuation of their property had materially decreased during the past few years because the properties had not been running all the time.

The rest of the time at the hearing yesterday was taken up by the attorneys for the elevator and milling companies and the members of the board, all of whom discussed the different phases of the question to some length. Attorney Murphy for the elevator and mill interests, cited several instances where merchants have carried stocks worth from $75,000 to $100,0000 and have only been assessed for $10,000 or $12,000.

"We will pay what is fair," said Mr. Murphy.

The hearing will be resumed this afternoon when others of the several hundred who signed the petition favoring an increase in the elevator and mill valuations will be asked to state their reasons for such an attitude, before the board of reviews.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

At the very moment when a strike of more than 25,000 textile operatives employed in seventy-five mills in Fall River, Mass., seemed a certainty the situation was suddenly cleared by the action of the Manufacturers' association in asking for a conference and the outlook is brighter than at any time since the vague question has come to the front.

Young Erne of Philadelphia had a trifle the better of Young Corbett in their six round fight at the Washington Sporting club, Wednesday night. His advantage was so slight that some of the spectators were inclined to call it a draw. Both men put up a fast fight.

Chancellor E. Benjamin Andrews of Nebraska university, before the closing session of the National Prison association at Lincoln, Wednesday, favored making surgical and medical experiments upon condemned murderers, the subjects to receive their liberty if they recover. With this exception he favored the indeterminate sentence.

The arrival of about 1,500 delegates to the national convention of the Women's Christian Temperance Union which will convene Friday morning at Los Angeles, Cal., assures the largest attendance according to authoritative statement in the history of the women's temperance movement. All the grand officers of the union are already on the ground.

Ely

photographs the babies.

TO TAKE A CHANCE.

Prominent Chinaman to Marry Girl He Has Never Seen.

Indianapolis, Ind., Oct. 26.—E. Lung, one of the best known Chinese among his countrymen in the United States because of his position as grand master of Chinese Masons, is to be married on the eve of Oct. 30 to Soo See of Chicago.

E. Lung has never seen the young woman and he will not until the hour of the ceremony. This is according to the Chinese customs. Soo See is the daughter of H. S. Ling, one of the wealthiest Chinese in America.

The Lanpher Furs

(NORTH STAR BRAND)

When you buy a fur coat, buy a good one—one that is made right and guaranteed by a responsible house.

We make a large variety of fur coats and fur lined coats and in 29 years of manufacturing have won a reputation we are proud of. "Lanpher" means satisfaction in fur garments.

Lanpher, Skinner & Co.

St. Paul, Minnesota

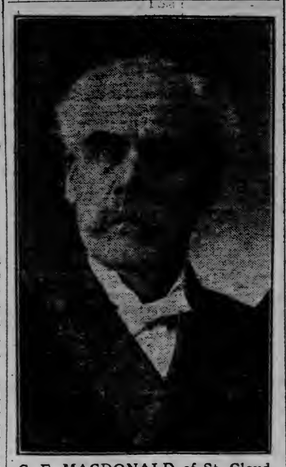
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INTERESTING G. A. R. CAMP FIRE IS HELD

Remarkable Incident Which Fell to Col. Graves In Sweden.

Department Commander C. F. Macdonald Addresses Gathering.

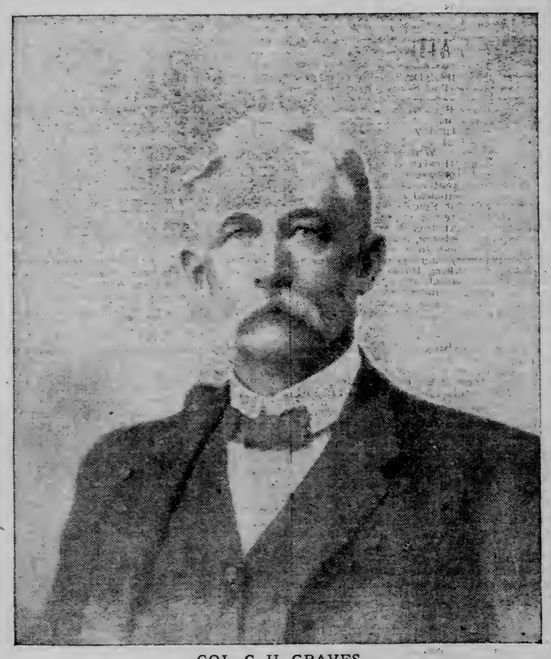


C. F. MACDONALD of St. Cloud, Department Commander of Minnesota G. A. R.

The campfire held last evening at Temple hall by J. B. Culver post of the G. A. R. was fairly well attended considering the bad weather of the evening, but those who stayed away missed a decidedly enjoyable program of talks, which was followed by a luncheon served by the W. R. C.

Commander W. G. Ten Brook presided and when the meeting first opened called upon Col. F. H. Barnard to read a letter received from C. H. Graves, United States minister to Sweden and Norway. This communication, which aroused the greatest interest and enthusiasm brought forth a vote of thanks heartily given to Col. Graves and of which he will be notified in his present far-off home in Stockholm. Col. Graves is a member of J. B. Culver post and his comrades were exceedingly gratified over his appointment as minister to Scandinavia and feel delighted that he remembers them well enough to send so interesting a letter as that of last evening. It is expected that it will prove but the first of a series.

Besides this letter the post listened



COL. C. H. GRAVES, Minister to Sweden, Whose Interesting Letter to Culver Post, G. A. R. Was Read Last Evening.

to Department Commander C. F. Macdonald of St. Cloud, Rev. M. S. Rice of the First Methodist church, and Judge S. F. White, adjutant of Gorman post. The letter received from Col. Graves follows:

"In the month of July, 1905, an old soldier of the war of 1861, who happened to be appointed United States Minister to Sweden and Norway, left Stockholm one Friday evening on a nice little steamer for a trip to the ancient city of Visby on the Island of Gotland.

"The steamer took its way for five hours through the network of islands, which cover the western coast of Sweden; islands by the score and by the hundreds. Fertile and well wooded islands sprinkled with pretty villas, and barren rocky islands with a few evergreen trees, like those which surround Isle Royale. The steamer would at times, skirt the island shores at biscuit-toss, and all about was scenery reminding one strongly of the north shore of Lake Superior.

"At six the next morning the ship was moored at the fine stone quay of Visby, half way across the Baltic ocean, toward the shores of Russia. And one stood quickly on the small round cobble stones which pave all the streets of one of the most ancient cities of Northern Europe, doubtless the best preserved of the strong walled cities of medieval times. The houses all built of stone and stucco with roofs of weather beaten tile. Gables pierced with little windows, stood on either side of streets that were but narrow alleys, in some cases too narrow for even a single cart, showing thus, how the inhabitants needed to huddle together to be all within the massive walls that gave protection from pirate ships and pirate kings in the twelfth and thirteenth centuries, when Visby was the most important mart of commerce and the most wealthy city of Northern Europe.

"It was in about the year 1250, before the way for ships around Africa or South America had been discovered, that the spices, silks and precious goods of India and China were brought up the rivers Volga and Dneiper down the Vina, and across Russia to the island of Gotland in the Baltic, and at Visby found rich merchants to purchase them or to make exchange for the cloths, weapons and tools of Flanders and England.

"Thus at Visby wealth accumulated, rich merchants and their guilds built warehouses and factories, luxurious halls in which to entertain their visitors from the Far East and from Western Europe; built seventeen massive stone churches with monasteries and cloister houses, and surrounded the city with a stone wall two and a half miles long; about ten feet thick and thirty feet high, and placed upon it at intervals of some three hundred feet, octagonal towers which rose twenty feet above the wall, and were loopholed for the crossbow archers who were the men of war in the middle ages.

"Today most of that wall, with its towers and the ruins of the churches, the narrow streets, and the houses either as originally built or but little changed, exist in such good condition as to give us an excellent reminder of the times when men of courage and enterprise, warriors and merchants too of strong right arms and intrepid daring, voyaged these seas, fought and lived and traded. Around and on these ramparts the sentinels paced with pike and halberd, and at the gates scrutinized all who asked admission to this favored city of wealth.

"Of course the wealth tempted robber kings and Visby was captured and sacked as was the good old custom of that time.

"Then the ships of Spain and the low countries found their way around the Cape of Good Hope and Visby became but a ruin and a relic of the past. Today it is the peaceful abode of a quiet people, who live among such monuments and memories of the past as may well entrance their imagination and delight their thoughts.

"In the midst of this scene, and among these monuments of the past, your comrade, the old soldier of America's great war, met a tall distinguished looking Swedish gentleman, who fortunately spoke English. It did not take long to make acquaintance, and then 'I too have been in America,' said the Swede, 'in 1862, 3 and 4. I was in your army, wounded at Bethesda church, captured, and a prisoner at Libby prison, and here is a useless shoulder and arm to remind me of those days.'

"You can imagine the interest of the meeting. Further inquiry brought out the fact that Major Axel Leatz was commissioned by Governor Horatio Seymour of New York, a lieutenant in the Fifth New York Volunteers, (Duryeas Zouaves,) was promoted, and served through most of the war; and best of all that he cherishes today a love for the Star Spangled Banner and an intense interest in that remarkable experience of his early days which does honor to his head and his heart.

"The major was a lieutenant in the Swedish army before taking leave of absence to join the Union army, and returned to that service after Appomattx. He is now retired from active service and with wife and daughter is living his well earned restful days in historic Visby.

"Later this pair of comrades adjourned to the major's pleasant home; there may have been some clinking of glasses over the interesting meeting; there certainly was a show of pride in that fine man's face, when he produced a large book in which were spread commissions from the governor of New York state, and from President Andrew Joanson, accompanied by letters of commendatory appreciation from colonels and generals under whom the young Swede had served; and and there was real enthusiasm when the guest was taken to the major's bedroom and shown the wall behind his bed, well covered by photographs of Grant and Sherman, Sheridan and Meade and the colonels of his regiment. And there was one of the steamboats which took released prisoners from Libby prison down the James river to liberty again, side by side with a photograph of the young Swedish lieutenant in the uniform of Uncle Sam of the year 1862. Then on the opposite wall hung pistols and sabres, Colts revolvers, a Sharps carbine of the sixties, and over them a little flag, the Stars and Stripes of our United States.

"It is pleasant to be able to tell you that when Major Leatz returned to Sweden after his arduous service in that war, the good king of Sweden and Norway bestowed upon him the highest military decoration for gallant conduct on the field of battle.

"This incident, comrades, has alone rebaldi an brother for the long trip from his native land to this far off country."

C. F. Macdonald of St. Cloud, elected department commander of the state at the last state encampment, was present and was called upon for a talk. Mr. Macdonald who came to the city for a purpose other than that of G. A. R. business, had been prevailed upon to attend this meeting and stayed over for that purpose. Last evening he explained this and said that anyhow the gathering should not expect a speech from him for the reason that his business is not that of speechmaking but of editing a paper. He said in part:

"These campfires are dear to the heart of the old soldier and serve to remind him of the days when he was younger and his heart was lighter. Our ranks are growing thin as the years pass and we should therefore cherish these gatherings more than were we younger men and more time was ahead of us, for as it is, each meeting may be the last for one or more of us. The campfires are always a great pleasure to me but they don't resemble the campfires of the old days of the '60's. They serve to recall those old days, however."

Mr. Macdonald then proceeded to recall the old days by telling some of the best war stories, most of them of a humorous turn and they seemed to delight the audience for they were liberally applauded.

Mr. Macdonald urged that the two posts of Duluth do all they possibly can to make their representation at the national encampment of the G. A. R. which will occur at Minneapolis next year, as large as possible for much of the prestige of Minnesota in G. A. R. circles will depend upon the showing made by Minnesota veterans. Mr. Macdonald said that in June of this year there were 5,497 members of the G. A. R. in Minnesota but that the census shows that there are 9,798 old soldiers in the state so that there are about 4,300 old soldiers in Minnesota who are not members of the G. A. R. Mr. Macdonald urged that in cases where old soldiers are known to be unable to pay dues, that they be allowed to remain on the rolls of the post anyway. Said he:

"I am surprised that there should be so many old soldiers in Minnesota who are not on the rolls of some post or other. To wear that little brass badge in his button-hole should be one of the prides of an old soldier's life. The Grand Army of the Republic is one of the grandest organizations the world has ever seen. There is nothing which causes such enthusiasm and feelings of patriotism as the grand parade at a national encampment, when the old veterans get in line and tramp past the reviewing stand.

"I wish to acknowledge here and now the noble work being done by the Women's Relief corps—and by the ladies of the G. A. R. as well—but particularly by the Women's Relief corps, who are planning to furnish a building at the Soldiers' Home, which will be for the wives, widows and mothers of old soldiers. I understand from Mrs. Starkweather, state president of the G. A. R., that pledges have been received for thirty rooms already, and that the W. R. C. is assured of having all of the rooms furnished. This work is second only to the work done by the women, forty to forty-four years ago."

After again urging the Duluth posts to do their best for the national encampment next year, Mr. Macdonald acknowledged the hearty reception given him, and sat down.

Mrs. John Williams, president of the local W. R. C., spoke of the work done by the Duluth W. R. C. in connection with the building mentioned by Commander Macdonald, and said that the Duluth W. R. C. will furnish a room in the building, which will cost about $50.

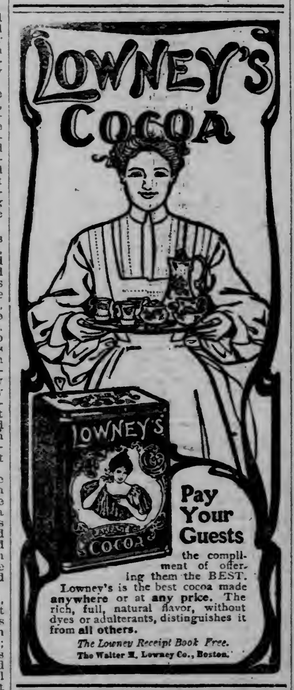
Rev. M. S. Rice followed and excused himself to the gathering for not being an old soldier, by explaining that he did not arrive in time. He said, however, that he was born in Kansas, when it took nerve to be born there, and that he arrived in Kansas at the same time the grasshoppers got in. He then wedged in a number of good stories which kept his audience in entire good humor. He spoke briefly but eloquently of the great work done by the old soldier at the time of the Rebellion, and went on to say that while he was purely of Southern blood, his parents came of anti-slavery stock, and were compelled to leave their native states of Tennessee and Virginia because of that sentiment.

Judge White followed with a brief talk on the war, and told of his first meeting with Gen. Grant.

After the speeches were over, luncheon was served.

HALLOCK MURDER CASE.

St. Paul, Oct. 26.—R. A. Stone will leave next week for Hallock, where he will represent the state in the trial of C. C. Reeves, who is charged with murder in the first degree. The crime was committed May 11. One of the neighbors came to Reeves to protest about his cattle roaming about and Reeves became enraged and killed him. It is expected that the plea of insanity will be set up. The attorney general's department was asked for aid in prosecuting this case.



Complete Assortment LOWNEY'S CANDIES

BOYCE'S Drug Store

5¢ 5¢

A NEW KIND OF CIGAR FOR YOUR NICKEL

The "Anna Held" quality, such as you expect only in a three-for-quarter cigar, is developed through skillful selection, curing, grading, fermenting and *blending* of the tobacco leaf *before it reaches the factory.*

"Anna Held" Cigar

The different varieties of leaf required to produce such a perfect, well-balanced smoke are packed and fermented together for two years in immense "stemmeries" erected especially for this purpose at a cost of over a million dollars. This exclusive preparatory system produces a *real* blend, combining the characteristic flavor and goodness of each grade, and insuring the rich, smooth, uniform flavor you'll find in the "Anna Held." One trial will prove it!

SOLD BY ALL DEALERS IN GOOD CIGARS

Manufactured by the AMERICAN CIGAR COMPANY

Trade supplied by GEO. R. NEWELL & CO. MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.



CANDIDATE WITHDRAWS

Flammer Advises All Republicans to Vote For Jerome.

New York, Oct. 26.—A. Flammer last night announced his resignation as Republican candidate for district attorney and appealed to the members of the party to support the candidacy of William Travers Jerome. Mr. Flammer's resignation was announced in a statement given out by Chairman William Halpin of the Republican county committee. Mr. Halpin was asked why Mr. Flammer had resigned.

"I don't know," replied the county chairman, "he came to me this afternoon and said he desired to retire. To this I made no objection and I believe that this retirement will be most helpful to Mr. Ivin's candidacy. It is too late now for the Republicans to nominate anyone to take Mr. Flammer's place."

"What effect will the resignation have upon Mr. Jerome's candidacy?" was asked.

"It will undoubtedly help Mr. Jerome."

"Will Mr. Flammer's name go on the official ballot?"

"Yes," said Mr. Halpin. "My understanding is that it will have to."

"Will the Republican organization come out and declare itself in favor of Mr. Jerome?" was asked.

"I cannot answer that question at the present time," said Mr. Halpin.

BOY IS RELEASED.

Officer Did Not Have Heart To Arrest Him After Hearing Story.

Pleading that his mother was in the hospital and his father in jail, Emil Johnson a little 9-year-old boy, yesterday told Officer Smollet such a pathetic tale that he was released.

The boy was caught at the corner of Third avenue west by the officer who had a description of him as being responsible for throwing a stone through a Fourth street car window. He broke down and confessed his guilt when threatened with a night in the cell, but after hearing his story the officer did not have the heart to arrest him. A crowd of about 100 men and boys had collected while the policeman was questioning the boy, and when he was finally released, one of the men in the crowd handed the boy several pieces of silver and told him to get back to the Children's Home where he has been staying.

Malta-Vita

"The Perfect Food"

Now 10c.

It is the only food for children and the best food for grown or growing people because it is only pure grain—has absolutely no foreign sweetening substance. It is made in the cleanest food factory in the world from the whole wheat and combines all the elements that make blood, brain, nerves, muscle and bone. Besides it's just the best you ever tasted. At all grocers. Always ready to eat.



Tomorrow, Friday,

The Entire Stock of

Women's Rain or Shine Coats!

Every one of this fall's production, ranging from $7.50 to $25.00, go at one-third less than their former prices.

$ 7.50	Cravenettes at	$ 5.00
$10.00	Cravenettes at	$ 6.67
$12.00	Cravenettes at	$ 8.00
$15.00	Cravenettes at	$10.00
$18.00	Cravenettes at	$12.00
$25.00	Cravenettes at	$16.66

Come early to obtain first choice.

ALBENBERG'S

DIVORCE CASES ARE NUMEROUS

November Term Calendar Has Twenty-Three Marital Misfit Cases.

The November calendar of district court, which was placed in the hands of the printers this morning, shows a total of 36 actions noted for trial. Of these 23 are cases continued over from the September term and 13 are new cases.

The notationn shows 29 cases for trial by the court, 6 cases for trial by jury and 23 divorce cases, which indicates that the divorce calendar will be as large as usual. Of the divorce cases 9 were continued from the September term and 14 are new actions.

INDICTMENTS AGAINST BAILEY ARE QUASHED.

Peoria, Ill., Oct. 26.—Judge Siemmons, in the county court today, sustained the motion to quash the indictment against C. J. Bailey, chairman of the finance committee of the school board, for malfeasance in office, in permitting N. C. Dougherty to carry on his alleged defalcations undisturbed. Counsel for Mr. Bailey moved his discharge from recognizance, which was allowed.

FREEDOM OF LONDON IS BESTOWED ON GEN. BOOTH

London, Oct. 26.—The freedom of the city of London, a distinction in which many statesmen and warriors have set great store, was today bestowed on Gen. Booth of the Salvation Army, who accepted it as a recognition of the world-wide work of the army. The presentation was made in the presence of a distinguished company. The address referred in glowing terms to the work of Gen. Booth and his army, not only in London, but throughout the world.

When in Superior Take Your Luncheon or Dinner at

The Hotel Superior Cafe

The best at reasonable cost.

J. T. LAWRENCE, Mngr.

RAILROADS

THE DOUBLE TRACK WORK

Thirty-Seven Mile Job On the Missabe Is Completed.

Machine Shop at Proctor Will Soon Be In Use.

The season's track work on the range roads is now nearing completion. On the Missabe, thirty-seven miles of double track have been constructed. Seven miles more of double tracking is now being done on the Hibbing branch.

It is expected that the grading for the double track between Payne and Wicks, a distance of about seventeen miles, will be finished this winter, and the rails laid, weather conditions permitting. This will make a continuous double track between the ore docks at Duluth and Hibbing.

The road has employed eight large gangs during the season, in addition to the twenty-seven section crews. The Iron Range people have also employed a number of extra men.

The work on the machine shops of the Missabe at Proctor is progressing satisfactorily. The shops should be completed by the middle of November. The contract for the foundation of the new car shops has been let.

LITTLE KANAWHA LANDS

Purchased By the Pittsburg & Lake Erie Railway Company.

Cincinnati, Oct. 26.—The Times-Star yesterday published the following: The Pittsburg & Lake Erie Railway company has purchased the Little Kanawha syndicate coal lands and railroads which are in litigation in the United States circuit court of appeals, in Cincinnati. The Times-Star has absolute authority on this point. The sale was made by Joseph Ramsey, Jr., former president of the Wabash system. Mr. Ramsey and George Gould did not differ on this proposition. They appeared together through counsel before Judge John K. Richards Wednesday morning, defending their interests to prevent Mr. John Jones of Chicago from interfering with the sale.

The Pittsburg & Lake Erie is a Vanderbilt line. It will come into the new coal field through Pittsburg. The several railroad lines which are integral parties of the Kanawaha will be used by the Vanderbilts to make a new line through Virginia to the Atlantic This is one of the greatest railroad deals of the time.

Judge Richards will decide Thursday morning at 11 o'clock the question of the right of Mr. Jones to stop the sale and have a receiver appointed for the Little Kanawha syndicate property.

In addition there are 50,000 acres of coal land, near Fairmont, and 35,000 acres in Gilmore, Braxton and Lewis counties. These lands are in the central part of the state. They are not near the coal lands thought to be reached by the Simmerman-Holland interests, through the Detroit, Toledo & Iron line, which is a Morgan interest. It is understood the Vanderbilts with their new property will co-operate directly with the Chesapeake & Ohio.

The Gould-Ramsey interests deny waste of property or extravagence of management.

Light Demand for Licenses.

Against a total of 2,126 hunting licenses issued in St. Louis county last season, yielding a net revenue of $2,041.10, after taking out the fees of the outside deputy auditors, there have been just 392 such licenses issued to date this season, by County Auditor Halden. This does not take into account the number issued by the nineteen deputies scattered throughout the county, but it is not supposed that the aggregate from all of these would reach 100. The expected rush for hunting licenses has not yet begun, but the prospects are getting better as the "big game" season draws closer.

ANOTHER BIG SUBSCRIPTION

Y. M. C. A. Building Fund Has Reached the $58,000 Mark.

Another subscription of $1,000 received this morning, raised the total amount subscribed to the Y. M. C. A. building fund to about the $58,000 mark.

A business man who had already subscribed $1,000, came into the office yesterday and voluntarily raised his subscription to $2,000, stating that he believed his subscription was not in proportion to what it should be.

The committee of 100 business men met yesterday afternoon, and outlined the work of the campaign. The committee was divided into sub-committees with the following sub-chairmen: Frank Crassweller, Henry Nolte, F. E. House, J. D. Stryker, W. S. Moore, G. W. Claypool, Z. D. Scott, J. H. Dight and Ward Ames.

As the campaign progresses, it is planned to keep the public constantly informed of the amount that has been raised. Large clocks will be placed in the windows of two or three centrally located buildings, and the hand of the clock will be regulated each hour to show exactly the amount that has been subscribed toward the fund. The face of the clock will be divided into 150 spaces, each one representing $1,000.

ALICE ROOSEVELT SICK.

Elmira, N. Y., Oct. 26.—The Harriman special left Elmira over the Erie railroad at 1 p. m. Miss Roosevelt did not appear during the stop here. Mr. Harriman announcing to the large crowd which had gathered at the station that she was ill.

People will move. You can have a new tenant move in the same day the old one moves out if you use our classified columns in time.



GREAT CLOSING-OUT SALE NOW IN FULL BLAST!



The store has been crowded every since Tuesday morning. We do just what we say in our ad. We have been in business for 15 years in Superior, Wis., St. Paul and Minneapolis, and we shall continue to do business in Duluth. We are after the shoe business of this city and we shall give the people good values; all goods must be as represented. We bought the entire stock of $15,000 worth of new and up-to-date Footwear from the Sommer Shoe Co. of Red Wing, Minn., which will be sold at about Half Price. We will replace every pair that goes wrong. Call and see our stock. No trouble to show goods.

2 Big Days.---Friday and Saturday!---2 Big Days.

Ladies' Footwear.

200 pairs of Queen Quality fine Shoes for ladies—closing out price **$2.19**

250 pairs Ladies' Fine Kid, French heel, 3 and 4 strap, regular $2.50 Slippers—closing out price.. **$1.69**

210 pairs Children's Fine Dongola; light and heavy sole; regular $1.75 value; to close..... **$1.19**

172 Children's Dongola Kid Shoes, to close out at..... **98c**

310 pairs $1.00 Kid Shoes—lace or button—5 to 8—to close out.. **49c**

213 pairs Children's Button and Lace Dongola Shoes—regular 75c—sizes 5 to 8—at..... **59c**

120 pairs Children's Shoes—sizes 2 to 5—to close at..... **39c**

400 pairs Children's Shoes—5 to 8—regular 85c and $1—at .. **69c**

All Infants' Soft Sole Shoes—50c to 60c shoes—to close at.... **29c**

Children's good Storm Rubbers—closing out price..... **25c**

Ladies' Footwear.

Kulture Fine Viei Kid, $3.50 and $4.00 Shoes for ladies—closing out price **$1.98**

160 pairs of Ladies' Fine Velour and Kid Shoes, on bargain counter of $1.50, $2.00 and $2.50 Shoes—closing out price..... **$1.39**

210 Ladies' Fine Strap—regular $1.25 and $1.50—closing out sale price **89c**

180 pairs of Misses' $2.50 button and lace Shoes—closing out sale price **$1.39**

200 pairs of Misses' Button Shoes in vici kid—regular $1.75—closing out at **98c**

350 pairs of Misses' Lace and Button Kangaroo Calf Shoes—regular $1.85—closing at..... **$1.19**

300 pairs of Men's Working Gloves—to close out, any pair.... **19c**

Gilt Edge and Black Beauty Shoe Polish at..... **11c**

Ladies' good Storm Rubbers—all sizes—at **42c**

Men's Footwear.

Florsheim $5.00 and $6.00 Fine Patent Leather—closing out sale price **$3.69**

300 pairs of Men's Fine Patent Leather, hand-sewed Blucher Shoes; new goods—closing price.. **$2.79**

Gents' Fine Velour Calf, welt sole, all solid $2.50 Shoes—closing out price **$1.69**

250 pairs of Men's fine hand-sewed $3 Shoes—closing out sale price **$1.98**

Men's Fine Box Calf $2.25 Shoes—closing out sale price **$1.48**

Men's Wool Sox—regular 50c: to close out **29c**

Youths' Shoes.

Youths' all solid $1.50 Kangaroo Calf Shoes—closing out sale price **98c**

Youths' $2.00 Box Calf Shoes—closing out price.... **$1.23**

Boys' good plain heavy Rubbers, at **48c**

Men's Footwear.

W. L. Douglas $3.50 and $4 Shoes, in all styles—closing out sale price **$2.69**

Men's Good Satin Calf, all solid $2.00 Shoes, on bargain counter; closing out price..... **$1.29**

Men's Fine Vici Kid and Box Calf, hand-sewed, regular $3.50 shoes—closing out price.... **$2.19**

Men's all solid Working Shoes, on sale at..... **$1.19**

160 pairs Men's fine tan and black Nullifiers—regular $1.25—closing out sale **98c**

Men's plain self-acting Rubbers at..... **63c**

Boys' Shoes.

Boys' Solid Calf $2 Shoes; closing out sale price..... **$1.29**

Boys' Fine Box Calf $2.50 Shoes—closing out price.... **$1.98**

Boys' $2.00 Calf and Vici Kid—closing out sale price.. **$1.48**



Don't fail to attend this sale Friday and Saturday. We shall have ten salesmen to wait on you; money refunded on all sales if so desired; no questions asked. Come and bring your friends.

TREADWELL SHOE CO

People's Big Retail Shoe House.

115 West Superior Street, Duluth.



PARRY AND FOLLOWERS

Refused Admittance to Interstate Commerce Law Convention.

Declined to Endorse Roosevelt and Holds "Rump" Convention.

Chicago, Oct. 26.—Preparations were made early today by the advocates of "free speech," to demand entrance to the interstate commerce law convention, which was scheduled to be called in Steinway hall at 10 a. m. Facing the possibility of being denied admittance, arrangements were made to hold a "rump" convention if necessary to protest against what the "free speech" partisans termed "gag" rule. Matters were apparently in chaos among the regulars early in the day. The opposition had developed such strength that the convention was late in assembling. It was said before the convention was called to order that the opposition, which is said by the convention managers, to represent the railroads would be denied admission.

The so-called "railroad" faction of the delegates to the interstate commerce law convention met in the green room of the Auditorium annex this morning, to prepare for an expected conflict with the "regulars" at convention hall. Prior to the meeting in the annex, coal dealers who are identified with the railroad element, met at the Great Northern hotel and after satisfying themselves that their credentials were satisfactory, proceeded in a body to the annex where D. M. Parry, president of the Manufacturers' association and other so-called "railroad" delegates were assembled. As soon as the coal delegates arrived, the question of the mode of procedure to be adopted was brought up. Mr. Parry mounted a chair and said: "We are advocates of free speech, and we demand the right to be heard. I understand that we are to be deprived of our right to be heard in the convention unless we sign a certain pledge, What is your pleasure?"

W. A. Meese of Michigan moved that the delegates go to the convention in a body, and if refused admittance, retire to Studebaker hall, where a second convention could be held. This motion met with some opposition and was tabled. A motion that the delegates go as individuals was made and carried. Badges were thereupon distributed which read as follows: "Interstate law convention. Supervision, not commercial revolution."

Wearing the badges conspicuously the delegates headed by D. M. Parry and Robert Lake, of Michigan, marched in a body to Steinway hall, where the so-called "Bacon" or "regular" delegates were assembled with doors guarded by uniformed police to prevent admission of alleged representatives of railroads.

No delegates had been admitted to the convention except those who subscribed to what the officers of the organization called "The creed and articles of faith" which endorsed President Roosevelt's message asking enabling legislation by congress enlarging the powers of the interstate commerce commission so that it may regulate freight rates subject to judicial review. In addition to police, half a dozen "regular" delegates guarded every door leading to the hall and all who had not signed the endorsement of President Roosevelt's message were denied admission. Among the first delegates to subscribe to the principles of the convention and gain admission was L. W. Noyes, representing the Illinois Manufacturers' Association. Mayor Dunn was also an early arrival and he hastened to congratulate the officers on their decision to bar delegates charged with being in sympathy with the railroads.

"I will see that you have all the policemen needed to hold your convention without interference from the railroad lobbyists," said Mayor Dunne, as he was greeted by S. H. Cowan, of Texas, one of the leaders in the convention. Among later arrivals were Governor Cummins, of Iowa, and former governor Laramie, of Wyoming. Judge S. H. Cowan received the following telegram from Washington just before the convention was called to order: "Judge S. H. Cowan, Steinway hall convention: I hope that the convention will resist to the utmost the admittance of any delegate who will not sign the proposed pledge. Let the railroads' hired men exhibit their free passes and go home. If they outnumber you by violence, go elsewhere and hold a Roosevelt convention.,

"W. E. Chandler, former United States senator from New Hampshire."

The first disturbance was created by F. J. Kiesel, Ogden, Utah, said to be a representative of the "railroad" fraction. He entered the ante room of the hall and demanded that the statement which delegates were asked to sign be read aloud. The clerk in charge of the registration declined and Delegate Kiesel shouted:

"All in favor of my suggestion say aye."

Three voices responded. Then somebody asked for those opposed, and there was a lusty shout of "no" from a score or more of delegates.

"I will never surrender my rights as an American citizen by putting my name in that book," shouted Delegate Kiesel, "I will not sign away my birthright."

Followed by several friends, the delegate then left the room. In the absence E. C. Bacon, chairman of the executive committee, who is ill, Judge S. H. Cowan of Texas called the convention to order.

"I know that the delegates who are here this morning will abide by the action of the executive committee, and endorse the railroad rate legislation, as advocated by our great president, Theodore Roosevelt," said Judge Cowan. "We might have had more delegates had we the means to bring them here. We paid our own expenses, and we have a thoroughly representative body present. I hope the convention will be successful, and that its delibcrations will result in much good."

The mention of President Roosevelt's name was greeted with long continued applause.

R. W. Higbee of New York was chosen chairman of the convention.

Meanwhile the "Parry" procession of delegates had approached from the Auditorium annex, a couple of squares distant, and had reached Steinway hall. The Buffalo delegation of the Parry element was headed by F. H. Mason, secretary of the chamber of commerce, and was the first to ask for admittance. As they neared the portals of Steinway hall, the doorkeeper offered the delegates the pledge, already prepared. After looking at the pledge, Delegate Mason said:

"I am a regularly accredited delegate and I ask to be admitted," offering his credentials at the same time.

"You must sign this to be admitted."

"I will not do so," returned Mason.

"E. C. Ellwood, chairman of the Buffalo delegation was the next to be refused admittance. The same ceremony of offering of the pledge and its refusal was gone through. Then one by one the other Parry delegates went to the door and were refused. When the last man had been refused admittance by the doorkeeper, the Parry party went in a body to Studebaker hall.

Nearly 200 delegates assembled in Studebaker hall for a so-called "rump" convention after they had been refused admission to the Steinway hall convention. F. J. Bradley of Haverhill, Mass., was elected as temporary secretary of the Studebaker hall convention. In accepting Mr. Bradley made a brief speech, advocating calm and dispassionate discussion of the matter under consideration.

"When I was elected a delegate I came here with an open mind and uninstructed, and I did not intend to bind myself to any view without a hearing of the matter. I think that the refusal to admit these members to the other meeting will act as a bar to the best interests of legislation on rates," he said.

T. B. Aldrich of Colorado was elected secretary. Delegate W. A. Meese in a short speech characterized the "Bacon" meeting at Steinway hall as a "meeting ruled by two policemen and one man."

"I was sent as a delegate with the rights of an American citizen of free speech and when I refused to bind myself by signing a pledge I was refused admittance. I refused to bind myself to any meeting or body without the right to be heard as to my views," he declared.

Some discussion was caused at the Studebaker hall convention by the appointment of a committee on credentials.

Objection was offered that the credentials of the delegates in the hall were only to the general convention, and that no credentials were given to the Studebaker hall meeting.

After the appointment of the credentials committee, the Studebaker hall meeting adjourned until 2 p. m.

At Steinway hall, meanwhile, Mayor Dunne, a Democrat, warmly welcomed delegates who signed the pledge.

E. T. Campbell replied to Mayor Dunne's address of welcome.

John W. Kern, a life long Democrat representing the Indianapolis Commercial club, explained that D. M. Parry is a member of the Indiana organization and that, after a sharp contest, Mr. Parry's efforts to instruct the delegates against the Roosevelt rate regulation plan were defeated by a vote of 10 to 1.

"We are here to endorse President Roosevelt's plan. No president of the United States since George Washington, has received the united loving support of the entire people as has Theodore Roosevelt."

Every mention of Roosevelt was greeted with cheers. At the conclusion of Mr. Kern's speech the delegates rose in their seats and gave three hearty cheers for the nation's chief executive.

Grand Scotch Concert AND DANCE At Armory, HALLOW E'EN, OCTOBER 31st

WINS SHOES.

William Stone Rewarded With Pair of Fine Shoes.

William Stone of 122 Palmetto street, Duluth Heights, is rejoicing in a handsome pair of Florsheim shoes, the gift of the Treadwell Shoe company. Mr. Stone was the first person to enter the store at the opening of the firm's big sale Tuesday morning. The Treadwell Shoe company has a chain of stores all over America, and the Duluth store has just made a purchase which speaks volumes for its enterprise. The entire stock of the Sommer Shoe company of Red Wing, Minn., was bought at 50 cents on the dollar and is being rapidly disposed of at about half price. See firm's ad. in today's Herald for itemized list of bargains.

BEVERIDGE LAUGHED.

Success Magazine: "The direction of my career was completely changed," said United States Senator Albert J. Beveridge to the writer, "by a careless laugh. When I was a youth in Illinois I heard that the congressman from our district intended to hold an examination to determine what young man he should appoint to West Point. I pitched in and studied hard for that examination, and found it easy when I came to take it. Most of the other fellows seemed to be still struggling with it when I had finished, and I was so confident that I had made few mistakes that I was in a pretty cheerful frame of mind. This is why I laughed when one of the strugglers asked a rather foolish question of the professor in charge. The latter evidently felt that the dignity of the occasion had been trifled with, for he scored 1 per cent against me. When the papers came to be corrected this loss caused me to fall one-fifth of 1 per cent below the boy who stood highest on the list. He is a captain in the army now, where I suppose I should be had it not been for that laugh. I believe in the power of cheerfulness. Looking back, I am rather glad that I laughed."

DEAF WOMEN'S CLUB.

A curious club has been formed by certain women of Berlin, says the New York Tribune. The chief qualification for membership is that the applicant must be deaf. A hundred members meet weekly in Wilhelm Strasse, where they drink tea as they converse in the sign language or with the aid of ear trumpets.

CAN'T MISS IT.

The Rev. Dr. Adams of Maine is noted for his sententiousness both in and out of the pulpit, says the Boston Herald. As he was coming down the street one day a man asked him: "Sir, can you tell me how to find the sheriff's office?"

"Yes, sir," was the reply. "Every time you earn $5 spend $10." Saying this, the doctor walked on, leaving his questioner gaping on the sidewalk.

EDISON PHONOGRAPHS and a complete line of Edison gold-moulded **RECORDS** at 209-1-2 Alworth Bldg.—headquarters for the wizard's products at the Head of the Lakes.

B. F. HATHAWAY.

SUPERIOR MILLS HELD IN CONTEMPT OF COURT

Judge Smith So Decides Because They Ignored Order.

Penalty Has Not Yet Been Fixed By the Court.

Wisconsin's legal powers that be gave the milling and elevator interests another slam, in the grain inspection fight, today, when Judge Charles Smith of the superior court decided that the mills were in contempt of court.

This was after arguments had been heard on both sides at the hearing, whereat a motion had been presented by the milling interests to set aside the restraining order which prohibited the mills from grinding wheat until the Wisconsin grain commission's fees for inspection on it had been paid. Because the order had not been set aside, and the mills reopened yesterday, they are held in contempt.

The restraining order was issued Tuesday by Court Commissioner Perkins, and it caused some furore, inasmuch as it came upon the heels of a few restraining orders which successfully tied up the grain cars in the railroad yards for a time.

Judge Smith had another case which took up his time as soon as he had made a decision in the grain litigation today and he did not fix the penalty the mills must pay for ignoring the restraining order. In the meantime, nothing is being done by the mills or the grain commission.

The millers protested that they started up again through a misunderstanding but the court held them in contempt just the same.

Attorney McCausland, for the millers, declared that he went to Chippewa Falls on a "wild goose chase," believing that it was Judge Vinje, who was at that place, who would decide whether the order was to be set aside or not.

He found, when he reached Chippewa Falls, however, that he should have appeared before Judge Smith in Superior. He came back as soon as possible.

The mills are running today and no new injunctions or other legal tanglements made an appearance from the camp of the Wisconsin grain commission. Save for the decision handed down by Judge Smith, the day was a very quiet one for Superior grain and milling circles.

The rebuke administered by Judge Vinje seems to have had the desired effect and the commissioners have not sought aid in writs since it was handed out.

Judge Smith will probably complete his disposition of the milling injunction case tomorrow. It is thought that he will name a penalty then and set aside the restraining order.

CITY BRIEFS

J. C. Merrill has begun suit in district court to clear title to lands in section 5-53-21. He asks that C. H. Warren and R. H. Conkey and all other persons be enjoined from claiming any right, title or lien on the property described.

Zenith Chapter No. 25, O. E. S. will NOT entertain at cards tomorrow, Friday night, as pre-arranged.

E. W. Savage, who gave his address as Minneapolis, was fined $10 and costs this morning by Judge Cutting in the municipal court, for beating his board bill at the McKay hotel. He left the hotel without notice, and registered under a different name at the Nicollet hotel on the Bowery.

The tug Mentor now belongs to Duluth, having been purchased by S. A. McElroy, T. D. Cortland and E. S. Cleveland for $950 from the Lake Superior Iron & Metal company, which had just purchased it from the Calumet & Hecla Mining company. Both bills of sale were filed with the port collector today.

Alfred L. Nelson of Duluth has filed a petition in bankruptcy setting forth that his debts amount to $1,174.50 and his assets $1,032 of which $1,000 is an insurance policy, $2 in cash on hand and $30 in open accounts.

Sale of Hand-Painted China
at Victor Huot's Tuesday, Oct. 31.

PERSONALS

Fur boas advertised by Fred W. Edwards, $1 down, $1 weekly.

W. J. Selleck left for Chicago today.

Mart Adson returned from Chicago today.

D. R. Weed left over the Omaha for Chicago today.

N. B. Oswald of Eveleth is at the St. Louis.

J. C. Kirkpatrick of Escanaba, Mich., is registered at the Spalding.

Julius Oestrich of 524 East Fifth street is reported to be critically ill. Mr. Oestrich has been suffering for some months with rheumatism and his condition has taken a turn for the worse.

G. W. Orchard is seriously ill at his home, 423 Eighth avenue west. He has suffered a stroke of paralysis.

W. B. Dixon of Minneapolis, northwestern passenger agent of the Milwaukee road, is in the city today.

E. E. Ober of Minneapolis, assistant general freight agent of the Omaha road, is in the city.

M. J. Forbes, president of the Consolidated Elevator company, is quite sick at his home on East Second street.

Mrs. Thomas Sexton and daughter have returned from an extended Eastern trip.

Eben Magoffin will start this week to the school of mines, at Rolla, Mo.

C. T. Foraker, for some time special agent for the United States general land office with headquarters in Duluth, left yesterday for Lincoln, Neb., on orders from Washington. The orders said that his station at Lincoln will be temporary, but how long that temporary station lasts is problematical.

RELINQUISHED BIG CONTRACT

Porter Bros. Turn Canal Construction Over to Power Company.

Porter Bros., who have been engaged for several months in excavating the power canal from Thomson to the forebay, above Fond du Lac, for the Great Northern Power company, have relinquished their contract and the power company will carry through the work itself.

The arrangement whereby the contract is relinquished to the power company was an amicable one in every way.

The contractors already have the canal construction well along. It is the expectation of the power company to continue the work without a break with its own crew of employes, and push it to as speedy completion as possible.

D. E. H., Oct. 26, 1905.

"A" GOES

to one of the custom tailors, is measured for a suit, is fitted several times, gets the garment after waiting a week or a month, pays $30 or $40 and feels partially satisfied.

"B" FOLLOWS

somebody's advice who has been reading the advertisements of Chicago Mail Order Houses, sends in his measurements, gets a cheap, ready-made suit, pays more than the same cheap article would cost in a local store, and does not feel dissatisfied until he has worn the suit for two or three weeks.

"C" COMES

here to the C. C. C. with $30 or $40, buys a $15 or $18 suit and an overcoat at the same price. Here he sees exactly how the garments look on him and how they are made and finished. He is fitted perfectly before he pays his money. He wears the clothes the same evening. He's thoroughly satisfied and "money in." The clothes are cut in the latest style and guaranteed to give the service he expects.

But such clothes-perfection is found only in ready-to-wear garments of the Columbia kind.

Suits $8.50 to $30.
Overcoats $8.50 to $45.

COLUMBIA CLOTHING CO.

Foot-Note: Wear the Columbia $3.50 Shoe.

KIMONA IS IGNITED

Iron River Girl Is Suffering From Painful Wound.

Alcohol Lamp Exploded As She Was Curling Her Hair.

The explosion of an alcohol lamp, which she was using while curling her hair, narrowly missed causing the death of Miss Catharine Day, a young woman who recently arrived in the city from Iron River, in a boarding house on Fifth avenue west, this morning.

The young lady, who is about twenty years of age, arrived in Duluth a day or two ago from her home at Iron River, Wis. She came to this city to find employment, and was planning to start work tomorrow morning.

While dressing this morning in her room at the residence of George Stratton, 221 North Fifth avenue west, she lighted a small alcohol lamp to heat a pair of curling tongs.

She was wearing only a loose kimona over her night clothing at the time.

In some manner the lamp exploded, and the blazing alcohol caught the soft, inflammable material in the kimona.

In an instant the young woman was enveloped in flames, but she managed to throw off the kimona and call for assistance.

The blazing garment was extinguished, but the young woman was found to be suffering from painful wounds.

The ambulance was summoned and she was removed to St. Mary's hospital, where her wounds were dressed.

Her condition was reported to be very serious, this afternoon. Her entire body, face and limbs are badly burned, and she is suffering intensely.

Her mother has been notified, and she is expected to arrive in the city this evening.

WIND WAS WEAK.

Mayor Stoy of Atlantic City was condemning those menhaden fishermen who dredge the Atlantic, at points illegally near the shore, for fish that is only used for fertilizer, says the Los Angeles Times. At the same time the Mayor pointed out the difficulty of catching and punishing these fishermen. He said:

"On account of the sinful waste of good fish that they cause, we would be only too glad to prosecute these men, but the means to detect and identify them are not often at hand. We have the will, but not the power, to punish. We are like the trumpeter in an Atlantic City band.

"This man, a native of Germany, was practicing one night a trumpet obligato, but he did not play anything like loud enough.

"'Louder, louder,' said the leader.

"And the trumpeter redoubled his efforts.

"'Louder, louder.,

"And he put on still more steam.

"'Louder, louder, louder!'

"The trumpeter banged down his trumpet, and glared at the leader with eyes that started from their sockets.

"'It's all ferry vell,' he spluttered, 'to say "Louder, louder," but vare iss de vind?'"

BIG ATTORNEYS' FEES.

American Lawyers Have Received Rewards Running Into Millions.

The cable reports that the largest fee ever paid to a Scottish barrister for one day's services was that received the other day by Thomas Shaw, K. C., M. P., of Edinburgh, of 600 guineas, or $2,625, for defending the two sons of Henry Phipps against the charge of shooting some of Lord Lovat's employes who were poaching on a salmon pool that Mr. Phipps had leased of Lord Lovat. Recalls the story of Boswell, the famous biographer of Dr. Johnson, says the New York Tribune. Boswell once remarked that his income as a Scottish barrister amounted to £10,000 a year, and some more or less sarcastic friend, who heard the story of Boswell's income, remarked that he wondered what all the other Scottish lawyers lived on.

Of course, it is scarcely probable that the correspondent who made the assertion that 600 guineas was the largest fee ever paid to a Scottish barrister for one day's services could have accurate information to absolutely support his statement. It is an indication, however, that large fees are not common in Scotland, and inasmuch as Boswell's friend suggested that if Boswell got $50,000 a year there would be nothing left for any of the other Scottish lawyers it seems to indicate that the same condition of affairs existed in Boswell's time that exists now.

In this country accounts are frequently heard of big fees, some of them well authenticated, and others brought out apparently by some "Lewis Jarvis," who took this method of impressing the public with his importance. There have been all kinds of stories printed at various times and many others circulated by word of mouth that never were put in type concerning the immense fee which a well-known New York lawyer received for organizing the original Standard Oil trust. While the trust was declared illegal by the courts as an attempted evasion of the corporation laws and as an unlawful combination, it undoubtedly was the forerunner of the big corporations which followed, and probably gave the name "trust" to all the big corporations which have since been organized.

Another story of a big fee received by a New York lawyer was that of James B. Dill, now a judge in New Jersey, for bringing about peace between Andrew Carnegie and Henry C. Frick, or at least compromising their difficulties. If reports are true, the matters were adjusted within a short period of time, and innumerable yarns are afloat concerning Mr. Dill's fee, it being stated on numerous occasions that he received $1,000,000 for his services in this case. If this is true, the fee of the Scottish barrister before referred to sinks into insignificance, as Judge Dill is credited with having brought about the compromise after a few days' work.

A more recent case of a large fee is that said to have been received by William Nelson Cromwell for bringing about the transfer of the interests of the French Panama Canal company to the United States government. Many accounts have been printed about the size of Mr. Cromwell's fee in this matter, some of them making it as high as $10,000,000. This fee was not earned in a day, however, but only after long and tiresome negotiations.

Since lawyers' fees have become the subject of contract between the lawyer and the client, and are no longer considered as a honorarium, as they were originally, many stories are frequently heard about disputes between lawyers and clients concerning fees. In a certain class of cases contingent fees appear to be the rule, while among the better class of attorneys a case is rarely ever taken on a contingent basis. With the advent of the electric railroads, the numerous accidents due to the changed conditions of public traffic opened the door to a thriving business for that class of lawyers commonly known as "ambulance chasers." As the clients in these cases are in nine cases out of ten probably irresponsible and unable to respond for the costs of the suit if they are defeated; the lawyers of the class mentioned take their cases and bring actions on the "gamble" that they will be able to squeeze something out of the railroad company. They figure that they have everything to gain and nothing to lose, and as their agreements with their clients usually provide that they have half of whatever is recovered they can afford to and do take long chances many times when they know that their clients were injured, if at all, by reason of their own negligence. The very minute an action is begun the defendant cannot settle with the plaintiff without being responsible for the lawyer's fees, and therefore the attorney has a strong inducement to bring these cases with little or no danger to himself in case of defeat.

It is said that Guiteau, the assassin of President Garfield, who at one time was a practicing attorney in New York city, once took a case on a contingent fee, the agreement being that he should have half of what he collected. He collected one-half of the original claim and informed his client of the fact, telling his client that the half he had already collected was his, the lawyer's half, and when he succeeded in collecting the other half he would turn it over to the client.

Of course, the value of a lawyer's services frequently depends on the effectiveness of his work rather than the time which he takes to do it, and when he accomplishes important results for his client, and does it within a day or two, or perhaps in an hour or two, it is hard to make the client believe that the services are worth as much as the lawyer thinks they ought to be.

A story is told of one of the most prominent lawyers in the city who had an important litigation pending, and it was agreed between his client and himself that if he could secure $50,000 the lawyer could have half that amount. The attorney finally, after some negotiations, secured a settlement by which the client was to receive $50,000, and called his client in to carry through the adjustment. The story goes that when the client discovered that the money was in sight he made a strenuous objection to the lawyer getting so large a fee, whereupon the attorney replied that the papers were not yet signed and could be immediately returned to the other party and the settlement could be declared off. The client then thought better of the matter and accepted the $25,000.

Lawyers in the country districts, like editors in small towns, are sometimes compelled to take the amounts due them in something besides legal tender currency. A case of this kind also happened to an attorney in the city, who related his experience to the writer only a short time ago. The attorney said:

"I received a call from a client for whom I had done a small amount of business, who told me that he was hard up, but he wanted me to do some work for him, and suggested that I take a small yacht which he owned in payment for my services. It was, of course, an unusual proposition, but I assented, and after I had done the work I went up to take possession of the yacht. My client went along and explained the workings of the machinery, it being fitted with a steam engine, the power of which was generated by a burner which first turned gasoline into gas and then burned it under an ordinary tube boiler. I hired an engineer to run the boat, spent several times the amount of my fee, and took two or three trips in the yacht. But the boiler and engine were of an antiquated pattern and were constantly getting out of order, and finally one day the whole machinery got on fire and we were compelled to jump into the water to escape with our lives. We were picked up by some men in rowboats. The yacht burned to the water's edge, and I suppose it sank. I have never seen or heard anything of it since, and I don't want to know anything about it. I made up my mind that thereafter I would accept only cash fees for my services."

Too Late to Classify

Hair Dressing, Shampooing, Scalp Treatments, Facial Massage, Manicuring and Children's Hair Cutting at Miss Horrigan's

Don't deny yourself delights conferred by Satin skin cream and Satin skin powder.

LOST—RUGS, MARKED MRS. ROSE, 1707 East Second. Reward if returned to Interstate Rug Co., 1701 West Michigan street.

ONE HUNDRED STATION MEN FOR Foley Bros., Larson & Co.; muskeg, 16 to 18 cents; rock $1.10 to $1.20 yard. E. Downie, Western Labor & Supply company.

I MAKE PHOTOGRAPHS FOR CATALogues or illustrated advertisements of any kind. Satisfaction guaranteed. H. C. Hubert, 601 Manhattan building.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Alfred Johnson and Agusta Erickson.
Thomas H. Kilby and Anna C. Hause.
Peter Myer and Bessie Erickson.
Arthur Clement Barthe and Belle S. Moer.
Robert F. Sebisky and Johanna Mergener.

BIRTHS.

PEARSON—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Pearson of 816 Lake avenue, Oct. 25.

DAHLMAN—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Dahlman of 4317 Regent street, Oct. 25.

LOUNSBERRY—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. George H. Lounsberry of 834 East Second street, Oct. 25.

LINDAHL—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. John Lindahl of 214 East Fifth street, Oct. 11.

CARD OF THANKS.

WE WISH TO EXTEND TO OUR RELatives and friends our heartfelt thanks for their assistance, comfort and help, shown us during the illness and death of our beloved wife and mother.
HANS GRONSETH AND CHILDREN

Teachers Wanted!

And other young women to join the special gym class at 4:45 to 5:30 Mondays and Fridays at the Y. W. C. A. $2.50 per term.

MEMORY'S TRICKS.

Curious Yet Common Habit of Experiencing Unreasonable Doubts.

Of all the strange lesser ills to which the human mind is heir, surely one of the commonest is that odd self-distrust known to medical science as folie de doute, says the London Spectator. One of the most ordinary manifestations of this peculiarity is the unreasonable uncertainty which is often felt on retiring to bed as to whether the lights below have been properly extinguished or the windows and doors securely fastened. This seems to be so general an experience that there are probably few persons responsible for such daily duties who have not been troubled with this doubt from time to time.

Anything connected with fire is a fruitful source of self-distrust. The mere thought that a sitting room fire may have been left at night dangerously alive, or that the ashes from a pipe may not have been safely disposed of, has sent multitudes on useless errands. The writer has heard of several instances where extreme care is habitually exercised in turning off the gas so that the person's fingers should not accidently strike the tap, and thus unwittingly turn it on again.

One careful old gentleman who lived in great fear of fire was accustomed to make assurance doubly sure by undertaking a tour of the house every night and pouring water on all the fires. This proved an excellent safeguard, but occasioned some little discontent in the kitchen.

How often have some of us been impelled to read over and over again a letter we have written so as to satisfy ourselves that we have not forgotten any important detail, or that we have not expressed ouselves in a manner likely to give offense or cause perplexity.

Others, again, suffer an intense dread lest a parcel or umbrella should be left in a train. This necessitates a constant looking back, as the owner leaves his seat, to make sure that nothing has been forgotten. The poor little curate in "The Private Secretary," who counted his "goods and chattels" several times before his mind was at ease, was a sufferer from a mild form of folie de doute.

A consumptive patient in one of the continental sanatoria acquired the habit of self-distrust in taking her temperature. Fearing she had not done it quite carefully, she repeated the process again and again, until the medical superintendent was obliged to take the thermometer away, and to forbid her to use one.

Like some other vices, this curious failing seems often to be merely an exaggeration of a virtue. It is very desirable that household lights and window and door fastenings should be properly attended to, that letters should be carefully and clearly written, and that we should not leave our belongings to swell the contents of the lost property office.

And yet it surely were better to make an occasional mistake or omission than to become a slave to this habit of unreasonable doubt. Accuracy is a great virtue, but if purchased at the expense of constant worry and uncertainty, it may be questioned whether the game is worth the candle.

One difficulty, therefore, in dealing with a fault of this kind, is the fear of routing up along with it the natural and desirable care with which a conscientious man performs his duties. If he resolves that he will just do what he has to do and then leave it, there is always the possibility that the thing may not have been satisfactorily done, and that a certain amount of looking back is found to be necessary.

For anyone, however, whose peace of mind is really seriously menaced, the best motto to be observed is, "Remember Lot's wife." Rather than look back, he will do well to brave the possibilities of inaccuracies and oversights, and thus will be amply repaid in the consequent restored balance of mind and freedom from worry.

Closely allied to folie de doute are the "touching" and "placing" habits, which are often far more serious. They consist of the strong impulse to touch different objects, or to place them in some particular position. Everyone has heard of Dr. Johnson's trick of touching the posts in Fleet street as he passed along, and of going back if he happened to miss one.

Most of us smile at the great man's little weakness and suppose it to be the eccentricity of genius. There is little doubt, however, that the "touching" and "placing" habits are not uncommon among all kinds of people. One of the most ordinary forms is that of placing the toe of one's boot where the flags join when walking along a pavement, or of treading in the middle of a paving stone, so that neither toe nor heel shall overlap on to the next stone.

In one case a man was in the habit of putting his slippers in a precise spot on the floor of his bedroom every night, the right hand one being always a little in advance of the left. When "chafed" by a friend for doing this his only excuse—an obviously lame one—was that if he had to get up suddenly he would know exactly where to find his shoes. Those who are subject to these peculiarities are not always conscious of the fact.

Two men were discussing the question, and one maintained that he was entirely free from any such weakness. On being pressed however, he was obliged to admit that he was careful when shaving always to place the top of his razor case exactly on the lower half, so that no part should overlap. The impulse to touch objects is perhaps less common and is probably more unreasonable. An eminent scientist once confessed that he was never able to leave a railway carriage without first tapping the window three times.

This habit is occasionally acquired in early life, and if noticed should be discouraged in every possible way. A certain child of 8 of the present writer's acquaintance is quite uneasy in her mind if she forgets to tap herself with her slipper twice on going to bed.

It is evident that if these habits are not kept well under control the most fantastic absurdities may arise. The most extraordinary instance which has come to the writer's knowledge is that of a man who became so possessed with the "touching" mania that he felt compelled to knock his dressing table at each end ninety times every morning, and was entirely unable to settle for the night until his bed had been touched thirty times.

As may be imagined, the habit grew to such an extent that at length a letter had to be tapped 500 times before it could be dispatched! When in such a case as this there be added the necessity—in the event of a miscount—to begin all over again, the condition becomes lamentable, indeed.

WOMEN AND MONEY.

Philadelphia Record: "The reason women rarely make a success as financiers is that they have absolutely no conception of money in bulk," said a well known broker of this city, in discussing the question recently. "We have examples of it every day. We have a few women patrons, but we dont' like them. I guess you'll find that chivalry dies out when it comes to a question of taking care of women's money for them.

"Men think of large sums of money in the abstract; women only in the concrete. If you tell a woman she will profit $10,000 or so she looks at you in childlike bewilderment. Her experience does not give her any clue to the possibilities of this sum of money. She does not realize how much tangible value it represents.

"'My! My! That seems an awful big sum of money,' said one particularly unsophisticated woman, who had made a successful deal through accident rather than design. "Could I live comfortably on that for the rest of my life? How much would my income be a year, say, without touching the principal?"

"A woman is afraid to deal with money in large sums, unless she happens to be trained to it. She can't, in her mind's eye, see how many houses or rents or school bills it will pay for. When she hears of a large sum of money she always wants to know how much it's going to buy her, how its going to look in some concrete form like houses, or dresses, or trips abroad. As a simple quantity to figure interest on she can't realize it."

The Sale of Rich and Beautiful Fur Lined Coats Keeps on Growing in Interest.

The savings are even more important than our present prices seem to indicate—for our present SALE PRICES are based upon our own Regular Prices—as, for instance, we offer several lines of coats at $39.50 that were marked $49.50—but that does not represent the real value of the garment as prices go today for grades of their equal. We are fully convinced and believe you will be, that our regular $49.50 coats are the equal of any fur lined coats sold in the Northwest at from $57.50 to $65.00. We placed our orders early last spring and saved on the fur linings, trimmings and cloths—we had them made up in the dull midsummer months and saved on labor—the manufacturer was satisfied to take a slice of his profits to get good sized orders—and here they are passed along to you at the same proportionate savings.

Warm and Comfortable
THINGS FOR COLD DAYS
UNDERWEAR—(Annex). For women and girls—including the celebrated "Lewis."
STOCKINGS—(Annex). For Women and Girls.
WARM TAMS FOR GIRLS—(Annex.)
WARM KIMONAS—AND HOUSEWRAPS—(Annex).
WARM GLOVES—(main store)—silk or wool lined.
WARM COATS FOR CHILDREN.
BEARSKIN COATS for little tots.

Our Splendid Business of the Last Few Days Shows That Discriminating Buyers Appreciate Such Values.

And they also appreciate the fact that any garment bearing the Gidding label can be bought with absolute safety. Especially is this true of fur-lined and fur-trimmed Coats, where so much deception could be practiced were the storekeeper inclined to do so!

We do not advertise the "cheap priced" and trashy fur-lined coats—because they do not give satisfaction.

Our $25 Fur Lined and Fur Collar Coats of fine Broadcloth with splendid Fur Linings are Low Priced enough for anybody---Yet they are absolutely reliable---

They are easily superior to any coat sold anywhere about the city at $35.00—all shades. The other Fur Lined Coats are as follows—and please don't get it into your mind that these prices will last! Tomorrow, Friday, will be a splendid day to pick your coat out.

$49.50 Fur Lined—Broadcloth Coats $39.50.
Deep Full Storm Collars of sable, squirrel, natural squirrel, Persian lamb and marten; lined with Siberian squirrel; full 50 inches long; colors navy, tan, brown, green and black.

$49.50 Fur Lined, Party, Street or Evening Coats $39.50.
Beautifully trimmed with braid and velvet, and effectively set off with hand-made French knots; of rich and elegant broadcloth; colors wine, green, tan. **These garments are equal to any offered by any house in the Northwest at $65.**

$110.00 Lynx Trimmed—Collar and Cuff—Fur Lined Coats $85.00
Of finest imported broadcloths—deep storm lynx collars and muff-cuffs; lined with selected gray Siberian squirrel; ornamented with large silk frogs; made full length; black only. **A coat equal to anything sold in the Northwest at $135.**

$59.50 Magnificent Fur Lined Coats $47.50.
Of fine imported broadcloths; lined throughout with selected squirrel, with deep fine storm collars of Eastern mink, Persian lamb, marten, sable squirrel and natural squirrel; full length coats; made roomy and generous in size; each coat made with button fly front and ornamented with five pairs of silk frogs.

$59.50 Handsome Fur Lined Street or Party Coats $47.50.
Of fine imported broadcloths, richly trimmed with velvet and silk braid; lined with black and white squirrel; full length; made generous and roomy; colors wine, red, blue, green, brown and black.
These garments are the equal of any offered in the Northwest at from $69.50 to $75.00.

$42.50 and $45 Fur Lined and Trimmed Broadcloth Coats $36.50.
Two lines on sale at this price; shawl fur collar or deep storm collar of Persian lamb, marten, sable squirrel or natural squirrel; colors tan, blue, green and black; the equal of any coats in the Northwest at $47.50 to $50.00.

The Store That Leads
Gidding's
Superior St. and 1st Ave. West.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

SUPERIOR MILLS HELD IN CONTEMPT OF COURT

Judge Smith So Decides Because They Ignored Order.

Penalty Has Not Yet Been Fixed By the Court.

Wisconsin's legal powers that be gave the milling and elevator interests another slam, in the grain inspection fight, today, when Judge Charles Smith of the superior court decided that the mills were in contempt of court.

This was after arguments had been heard on both sides at the hearing, whereat a motion had been presented by the milling interests to set aside the restraining order which prohibited the mills from grinding wheat until the Wisconsin grain commission's fees for inspection on it had been paid. Because the order had not been set aside, and the mills reopened yesterday, they are held in contempt.

The restraining order was issued Tuesday by Court Commissioner Perkins, and it caused some furore, inasmuch as it came upon the heels of a few restraining orders which successfully tied up the grain cars in the railroad yards for a time.

Judge Smith had another case which took up his time as soon as he had made a decision in the grain litigation today and he did not fix the penalty the mills must pay for ignoring the restraining order. In the meantime, nothing is being done by the mills or the grain commission.

The millers protested that they started up again through a misunnderstanding but the court held them in contempt just the same.

Attorney McCausland, for the millers, declared that he went to Chippewa Falls on a "wild goose chase," believing that it was Judge Vinje, who was at that place, who would decide whether the order was to be set aside or not.

He found, when he reached Chippewa Falls, however, that he should have appeared before Judge Smith in Superior. He came back as soon as possible.

The mills are running today and no new injunctions or other legal tangleiments made an appearance from the camp of the Wisconsin grain commission. Save for the decision handed down by Judge Smith, the day was a very quiet one for Superior grain and milling circles.

The rebuke administered by Judge Vinje seems to have had the desired effect and the commissioners have not sought aid in writs since it was handed out.

Judge Smith will probably complete his disposition of the milling injunction case tomorrow. It is thought that he will name a penalty then and set aside the restraining order.

CITY BRIEFS

J. C. Merrill has begun suit in district court to clear title to lands in section 6-50-21. He asks that G. H. Warren and R. H. Conkey and all other persons be enjoined from claiming any right, title or lien on the property described.

Zenith Chapter No. 25, O. E. S. will NOT entertain at cards tomorrow, Friday night, as pre-arranged.

E. W. Savage, who gave his address as Minneapolis, was fined $10 and costs this morning by Judge Cutting in the municipal court, for beating his board bill at the McKay hotel. He left the hotel without notice, and registered under a different name at the Nicollet hotel on the Bowery.

The tug Mentor now belongs to Duluth, having been purchased by S. A. McElroy, T. D. Cortland and E. S. Cleveland for $850 from the Lake Superior Iron & Metal company, which had just purchased it from the Calumet & Hecla Mining company. Both bills of sale were filed with the port collector today.

Alfred L. Nelson of Duluth has filed a petition in bankruptcy setting forth that his debts amount to $1,174.59 and his assets $1,032 of which $1,000 is an insurance policy, $2 in cash on hand and $30 in open accounts.

Sale of Hand-Painted China
at Victor Huot's Tuesday, Oct. 31.

PERSONALS

Fur boas advertised by Fred W. Edwards, $1 down, $1 weekly.

W. J. Selleck left for Chicago today.

Mart Adson returned from Chicago today.

D. R. Weed left over the Omaha for Chicago today.

N. B. Oswald of Eveleth is at the St. Louis.

J. C. Kirkpatrick of Escanaba, Mich., is registered at the Spalding.

Julius Oestrich of 624 East Fifth street is reported to be critically ill. Mr. Oestrich has been suffering for some months with rheumatism and his condition has taken a turn for the worse.

G. W. Orchard is seriously ill at his home, 423 Eighth avenue west. He has suffered a stroke of paralysis.

W. B. Dixon of Minneapolis, northwestern passenger agent of the Milwaukee road, is in the city today.

E. B. Ober of Minneapolis, assistant general freight agent of the Omaha road, is in the city.

M. J. Forbes, president of the Consolidated Elevator company, is quite sick at his home on East Second street.

Mrs. Thomas Sexton and daughter have returned from an extended Eastern trip.

Eben Magoffin will start this week to the school of mines, at Rolla, Mo.

C. T. Foraker, for some time special agent for the United States general land office with headquarters in Duluth, left yesterday for Lincoln, Neb., on orders from Washington. The orders said that his station at Lincoln will be temporary, but how long that temporary station lasts is problematical.

RELINQUISHED BIG CONTRACT

Porter Bros. Turn Canal Construction Over to Power Company.

Porter Bros., who have been engaged for several months in excavating the power canal from Thomson to the forebay, above Fond du Lac, for the Great Northern Power company, have relinquished their contract and the power company will carry through the work itself.

The arrangement whereby the contract is relinquished to the power company was an amicable one in every way.

The contractors already have the canal construction well along. It is the expectation of the power company to continue the work without a break with its own crew of employes, and push it to as speedy completion as possible.

D. E. H., Oct. 26, 1905.

"A" GOES

to one of the custom tailors, is measured for a suit, is fitted several times, gets the garment after waiting a week or a month, pays $30 or $40 and feels partially satisfied.

"B" FOLLOWS

somebody's advice who has been reading the advertisements of Chicago Mail Order Houses, sends in his measurements, gets a cheap, ready-made suit, pays more than the same cheap article would cost in a local store, and does not feel dissatisfied until he has worn the suit for two or three weeks.

"C" COMES

here to the C. C. C. with $30 or $40, buys a $15 or $18 suit and an overcoat at the same price. Here he sees exactly how the garments look on him and how they are made and finished. He is fitted perfectly before he pays his money. He wears the clothes the same evening. He's thoroughly satisfied and "money in." The clothes are cut in the latest style and guaranteed to give the service he expects.

But such clothes-perfection is found only in ready-to-wear garments of the Columbia kind.

Suits $8.50 to $30.
Overcoats $8.50 to $45.

COLUMBIA CLOTHING CO.

Foot-Note: Wear the Columbia $3.50 Shoe.

KIMONA IS IGNITED

Iron River Girl Is Suffering From Painful Wound.

Alcohol Lamp Exploded As She Was Curling Her Hair.

The explosion of an alcohol lamp, which she was using while curling her hair, narrowly missed causing the death of Miss Catharine Day, a young woman who recently arrived in the city from Iron River, in a boarding house on Fifth avenue west, this morning.

The young lady, who is about twenty years of age, arrived in Duluth a day or two age from her home at Iron River, Wis. She came to this city to find employment, and was planning to start work tomorrow morning.

While dressing this morning in her room at the residence of George Stratton, 221 North Fifth avenue west, she lighted a small alcohol lamp to heat a pair of curling tongs.

She was wearing only a loose kimona over her night clothing at the time.

In some manner the lamp exploded, and the blazing alcohol caught the soft, inflammable material in the kimona.

In an instant the young woman was enveloped in flames, but she managed to throw off the kimona and call for assistance.

The blazing garment was extinguished, but the young woman was found to be suffering from painful wounds.

The ambulance was summoned and she was removed to St. Mary's hospital, where her wounds were dressed.

Her condition was reported to be very serious, this afternoon. Her entire body, face and limbs are badly burned, and she is suffering intensely.

Her mother has been notified, and she is expected to arrive in the city this evening.

WIND WAS WEAK.

Mayor Stoy of Atlantic City was condemning those menhaden fishermen who dredge the Atlantic, at points illegally near the shore, for fish that is only used for fertilizer, says the Los Angeles Times. At the same time the Mayor pointed out the difficulty of catching and punishing these fishermen. He said:

"On account of the sinful waste of good fish that they cause, we would be only too glad to prosecute these men, but the means to detect and identify them are not often at hand. We have the will, but not the power, to punish. We are like the trumpeter in an Atlantic City band.

"This man, a native of Germany, was practicing one night a trumpet obligato, but he did not play anything like loud enough.

"'Louder, louder,' said the leader.

"And the trumpeter redoubled his efforts.

"'Louder, louder.,

"And he put on still more steam.

"'Louder, louder, louder!'

"The trumpeter banged down his trumpet, and glared at the leader with eyes that started from their sockets.

"'It's all ferry vell,' he spluttered, 'to say "Louder, louder," but vare iss de vind?'"

BIG ATTORNEYS' FEES.

American Lawyers Have Received Rewards Running Into Millions.

The cable reports that the largest fee ever paid to a Scottish barrister for one day's services was that received the other day by Thomas Shaw, K. C., M. P., of Edinburgh, of 500 guineas, or $2,625, for defending the two sons of Henry Phipps against the charge of shooting some of Lord Lovat's employes who were poaching on a salmon pool that Mr. Phipps had leased of Lord Lovat, recalls the story of Boswell, the famous biographer of Dr. Johnson, says the New York Tribune. Boswell once remarked that his income as a Scottish barrister amounted to $10,000 a year, and some more or less sarcastic friend, who heard the story of Boswell's income, remarked that he wondered what all the other Scottish lawyers lived on.

Of course, it is scarcely probable that the correspondent who made the assertion that 500 guineas was the largest fee ever paid to a Scottish barrister for one day's services could have accurate information to absolutely support his statement. It is an indication, however, that large fees are not common in Scotland, and inasmuch as Boswell's friend suggested that if Boswell got $50,000 a year there would be nothing left for any of the other Scottish lawyers it seems to indicate that the same condition of affairs existed in Boswell's time that exists now.

In this country accounts are frequently heard of big fees, some of them well authenticated and others brought out apparently by some "Lewis Jarvis," who took this method of impressing the public with his importance. There have been all kinds of stories printed at various times and many others circulated by word of mouth that never were put in type concerning the immense fee which a well-known New York lawyer received for organizing the original Standard Oil trust. While the trust was declared illegal by the courts as an attempted evasion of the corporation laws and as an unlawful combination, it undoubtedly was the forerunner of the big corporations which followed, and probably gave the name "trust" to all the big corporations which have since been organized.

Another story of a big fee received by a New York lawyer was that of James B. Dill, now a judge in New Jersey, for bringing about peace between Andrew Carnegie and Henry C. Frick, or at least compromising their difficulties. If reports are true, the matters were adjusted within a short period of time, and innumerable yarns are afloat concerning Mr. Dill's fee, it being stated on numerous occasions that he received $1,000,000 for his services in this case. If this is true, the fee of the Scottish barrister before referred to sinks into insignificance, as Judge Dill is credited with having brought about the compromise after a few days' work.

A more recent case of a large fee is that said to have been received by William Nelson Cromwell for bringing about the transfer of the interests of the French Panama Canal company to the United States government. Many accounts have been printed about the size of Mr. Cromwell's fee in this matter, some of them making it as high as $10,000,000. This fee was not earned in a day, however, but only after long and tiresome negotiations.

Since lawyers' fees have become the subject of contract between the lawyer and the client, and are no longer considered as a honorarium, as they were originally, many stories are frequently heard about disputes between lawyers and clients concerning fees. In a certain class of cases contingent fees appear to be the rule, while among the better class of attorneys a case is rarely ever taken on a contingent basis. With the advent of the electric railroads, the numerous accidents due to the changed conditions of public traffic opened the door to a thriving business for that class of lawyers commonly known as "ambulance chasers." As the clients in these cases are in nine cases out of ten probably irresponsible and unable to respond for the costs of the suit if they are defeated, the lawyers of the class mentioned take their cases and bring actions on the "gamble" that they will be able to squeeze something out of the railroad company. They figure that they have everything to gain and nothing to lose, and as their agreements with their clients usually provide that they have half of whatever is recovered they can afford to and do take long chances many times when they know that their clients were injured, if at all, by reason of their own negligence. The very minute an action is begun the defendant cannot settle with the plaintiff without being responsible for the lawyer's fees, and therefore the attorney has a strong inducement to bring these cases with little or no danger to himself in case of defeat.

It is said that Guiteau, the assassin of President Garfield, who at one time was a practicing attorney in New York city, once took a case on a contingent fee, the agreement being that he should have half of what he collected. He collected one-half of the original claim and informed his client of the fact, telling his client that the half he had already collected was his, the lawyer's half, and when he succeeded in collecting the other half he would turn it over to the client.

Of course, the value of a lawyer's services frequently depends on the effectiveness of his work rather than the time which he takes to do it, and when he accomplishes important results for his client, and does it within a day or two, or perhaps in an hour or two, it is hard to make the client believe that the services are worth as much as the lawyer thinks they ought to be.

A story is told of one of the most prominent lawyers in the city who had an important litigation pending, and it was agreed between his client and himself that if he could secure $50,000 the lawyer could have half that amount. The attorney finally, after some negotiations, secured a settlement by which the client was to receive $50,000, and called his client in to carry through the adjustment. The story goes that when the client discovered that the money was in sight he made a strenuous objection to the lawyer getting so large a fee, whereupon the attorney replied that the papers were not yet signed and could be immediately returned to the other party and the settlement could be declared off. The client then thought better of the matter and accepted the $25,000.

Lawyers in the country districts, like editors in small towns, are sometimes compelled to take the amounts due them in something besides legal tender currency. A case of this kind also happened to an attorney in the city, who related his experience to the writer only a short time ago. The attorney said:

"I received a call from a client for whom I had done a small amount of business, who told me that he was hard up, but he wanted me to do some work for him, and suggested that I take a small yacht which he owned in payment for my services. It was, of course, an unusual proposition, but I assented, and after I had done the work I went up to take possession of the yacht. My client went along and explained the workings of the machinery. It being fitted with a steam engine, the power of which was generated by a burner which first turned gasoline into gas and then burned it under an ordinary tube boiler. I hired an engineer to run the boat, spent several times the amount of my fee, and took two or three trips in the yacht. But the boiler and engine were of an antiquated pattern and were constantly getting out of order, and finally one day the whole machinery got on fire and we were compelled to jump into the water to escape with our lives. We were picked up by some men in rowboats. The yacht burned to the water's edge, and I suppose it sank. I have never seen or heard anything of it since, and I don't want to know anything about it. I made up my mind that thereafter I would accept only cash fees for my services."

Too Late to Classify

Hair Dressing, Shampooing, Scalp Treatments, Facial Massage, Manicuring and Children's Hair Cutting at Miss Horrigan's

Don't deny yourself delights conferred by Satin skin cream and Satin skin powder.

LOST—RUGS, MARKED MRS. ROSE, 1707 East Second. Reward if returned to Interstate Rug Co., 1701 West Michigan street.

ONE HUNDRED STATION MEN FOR Foley Bros., Larson & Co.; muskeg, 16 to 18 cents; rock $1.10 to $1.30 yard. E. Downie, Western Labor & Supply company.

I MAKE PHOTOGRAPHS FOR CATALogues or illustrated advertisements of any kind. Satisfaction guaranteed. H. C. Hubert, 601 Manhattan building.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Alfred Johnson and Agusta Erickson.
Thomas H. Kilby and Anna C. Hause.
Peter Myer and Bessie Erickson.
Arthur Clement Barthe and Belle S. Moer.
Robert F. Sebisky and Johanna Mergener.

BIRTHS.

PEARSON—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Pearson of 816 Lake avenue, Oct. 25.

DAHLMAN—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Dahlman of 4317 Regent street, Oct. 25.

LOUNSBERRY—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. George H. Lounsberry of 834 East Second street, Oct. 25.

LINDAHL—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. John Lindahl of 214 East Fifth street, Oct. 11.

CARD OF THANKS.

WE WISH TO EXTEND TO OUR RELatives and friends our heartfelt thanks for their assistance, comfort and help, shown us during the illness and death of our beloved wife and mother.
HANS GRONSETH AND CHILDREN

The Sale of Rich and Beautiful Fur Lined Coats Keeps on Growing in Interest.

The savings are even more important than our present prices seem to indicate—for our present SALE PRICES are based upon our own Regular Prices—as, for instance, we offer several lines of coats at $39.50 that were marked $49.50—but that does not represent the real value of the garment as prices go today for grades of their equal. We are fully convinced and believe you will be, that our regular $49.50 coats are the equal of any fur lined coats sold in the Northwest at from $57.50 to $65.00. We placed our orders early last spring and saved on the fur linings, trimmings and cloths—we had them made up in the dull midsummer months and saved on labor—the manufacturer was satisfied to take a slice of his profits to get good sized orders—and here they are passed along to you at the same proportionate savings.

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$59.50 Handsome Fur Lined Street or Party Coats $47.50.
Of fine imported broadcloths, richly trimmed with velvet and silk braid; lined with black and white squirrel; full length; made generous and roomy; colors wine, red, blue, green, brown and black.
These garments are the equal of any offered in the Northwest at from $69.50 to $75.00.

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The Store That Leads

Giddings

Superior St. and 1st Ave. West.

Teachers Wanted!

And other young women to join the special gym class at 4:45 to 5:30 Mondays and Fridays at the Y. W. C. A. $2.50 per term.

MEMORY'S TRICKS.

Curious Yet Common Habit of Experiencing Unreasonable Doubts.

Of all the strange lesser ills to which the human mind is heir, surely one of the commonest is that odd self-distrust known to medical science as folie de doute, says the London Spectator. One of the most ordinary manifestations of this peculiarity is the unreasonable uncertainty which is often felt on retiring to bed as to whether the lights below have been properly extinguished or the windows and doors securely fastened. This seems to be so general an experience that there are probably few persons responsible for such daily duties who have not been troubled with this doubt from time to time.

Anything connected with fire is a fruitful source of self-distrust. The mere thought that a sitting room fire may have been left at night dangerously alive, or that the ashes from a pipe may not have been safely disposed of, has sent multitudes on useless errands. The writer has heard of several instances where extreme care is habitually exercised in turning off the gas so that the person's fingers should not accidently strike the tap, and thus unwittingly turn it on again.

One careful old gentleman who lived in great fear of fire was accustomed to make assurance doubly sure by undertaking a tour of the house every night and pouring water on all the fires. This proved an excellent safeguard, but occasioned some little discontent in the kitchen.

How often have some of us been impelled to read over and over again a letter we have written so as to satisfy ourselves that we have not forgotten any important detail, or that we have not expressed ourselves in a manner likely to give offense or cause perplexity.

Others, again, suffer an intense dread lest a parcel or umbrella should be left in a train. This necessitates a constant looking back, as the owner leaves his seat, to make sure that nothing has been forgotten. The poor little curate in "The Private Secretary," who counted his "goods and chattels" several times before his mind was at ease, was a sufferer from a mild form of folie de doute.

A consumptive patient in one of the continental sanatoria acquired the habit of self-distrust in taking her temperature. Fearing she had not done it quite carefully, she repeated the process again and again, until the medical superintendent was obliged to take the thermometer away, and to forbid her to use one.

Like some other vices, this curious failing seems often to be merely an exaggeration of a virtue. It is very desirable that household lights and window and door fastenings should be properly attended to, that letters should be carefully and clearly written, and that we should not leave our belongings to swell the contents of the lost property office.

And yet it surely were better to make an occasional mistake or omission than to become a slave to this habit of unreasonable doubt. Accuracy is a great virtue, but if purchased at the expense of constant worry and uncertainty, it may be questioned whether the game is worth the candle.

One difficulty, therefore, in dealing with a fault of this kind, is the fear of rooting up along with it the natural and desirable care with which a conscientious man performs his duties. If he resolves that he will just do what he has to do and then leave it, there is always the possibility that the thing may not have been satisfactorily done, and that a certain amount of looking back is found to be necessary.

For anyone, however, whose peace of mind is really seriously menaced, the best motto to be observed is, "Remember Lot's wife" Rather than look back, he will do well to brave the possibilities of inaccuracies and oversights, and thus will be amply repaid in the consequent restored balance of mind and freedom from worry.

Closely allied to folie de doute are the "touching" and "placing" habits, which are often far more serious. They consist of the strong impulse to touch different objects, or to place them in some particular position. Everyone has heard of Dr. Johnson's trick of touching the posts in Fleet street as he passed along, and of going back if he happened to miss one.

Most of us smile at the great man's little weakness and suppose it to be the eccentricity of genius. There is little doubt, however, that the "touching" and "placing" habits are not uncommon among all kinds of people. One of the most ordinary forms is that of placing the toe of one's boot where the flags join when walking along a pavement, or of treading in the middle of a paving stone, so that neither toe nor heel shall overlap on to the next stone.

In one case a man was in the habit of putting his slippers in a precise spot on the floor of his bedroom every night, the right hand one being always a little in advance of the left. When "chafed" by a friend for doing this his only excuse—an obviously lame one—was that if he had to get up suddenly he would know exactly where to find his shoes. Those who are subject to these peculiarities are not always conscious of the fact.

Two men were discussing the question, and one maintained that he was entirely free from any such weakness. On being pressed however, he was obliged to admit that he was careful when shaving always to place the top of his razor case exactly on the lower half, so that no part should overlap. The impulse to touch objects is perhaps less common and is probably more unreasonable. An eminent scientist once confessed that he was never able to leave a railway carriage without first tapping the window three times.

This habit is occasionally acquired in early life, and if noticed should be discouraged in every possible way. A certain child of 8 of the present writer's acquaintance is quite uneasy in her mind if she forgets to tap herself with her slipper twice on going to bed.

It is evident that if these habits are not kept well under control the most fantastic absurdities may arise. The most extraordinary instance which has come to the writer's knowledge is that of a man who became so possessed with the "touching" mania that he felt compelled to knock his dressing table at each end ninety times every morning, and was entirely unable to settle for the night until his bed had been touched thirty times.

As may be imagined, the habit grew to such an extent that at length a letter had to be tapped 500 times before it could be dispatched! When in such a case as this there be added the necessity—in the event of a miscount—to begin all over again, the condition becomes lamentable, indeed.

WOMEN AND MONEY.

Philadelphia Record: "The reason women rarely make a success as financiers is that they have absolutely no conception of money in bulk," said a well known broker of this city, in discussing the question recently. "We have examples of it every day. We have a few women patrons, but we dont' like them. I guess you'll find that chivalry dies out when it comes to a question of taking care of women's money for them.

"Men think of large sums of money in the abstract; women only in the concrete. If you tell a woman she will profit $10,000 or so she looks at you in childlike bewilderment. Her experience does not give her any clue to the possibilities of this sum of money. She does not realize how much tangible value it represents.

"'My! My! That seems an awful big sum of money,' said one particularly unsophisticated woman, who had made a successful deal through accident rather than design. "Could I live comfortably on that for the rest of my life? How much would my income be a year, say, without touching the principal?"

"A woman is afraid to deal with money in large sums, unless she happens to be trained to it. She can't, in her mind's eye, see how many houses or rents or school bills it will pay for. When she hears of a large sum of money she always wants to know how much it's going to buy her, how its going to look in some concrete form like houses, or dresses, or trips abroad. As a simple quantity to figure interest on she can't realize it."

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

THE RUSSIAN SITUATION STIRS WHEAT MARKET

Big Advance Made, Prices Bulging Steadily During Session.

Export Demand Grows In Strength--Flax Shows Little Change.

Duluth Board of Trade, Oct. 26.—The Russian news set the wheat pit on fire today and there was a heavy buying and a very active market. The Liverpool market closed with an advance of ⅞ to 1d and this tended to confirm the fears of the effect of the Russian troubles. The London market closed unchanged on wheat futures, but exporters got advanced bids from there for Manitoba wheat. A Toronto exporter wired that he had sold wheat this morning at the highest price on the crop. The mills are all reporting excellent demand and the export demand for flour is very heavy. The weather is generally good and the forecast for the Northwest is for generally good weather. The Berlin market closed ⅛c higher, Budapest ½c higher, and Antwerp ⅝@1¼c higher. The news from Argentina is more encouraging, rains having fallen there. Shipments of wheat for this week are estimated at 1,000,000 bus, and corn at the same amount.

The December option in wheat closed 2⅜c higher at Duluth and New York, 1¾c higher in Chicago, 2⅝c in Minneapolis, 1⅝c in Kansas City, and 1⅝-⅝c in St. Louis. The May option was much stronger in Chicago, and closed 1⅝-⅝c higher, and Kansas City 2⅜c higher, but in Northwestern markets and New York, May had about the same advance as December.

December corn in the Chicago market closed ⅝c higher, and in Liverpool ¼ to ⅜d lower. December oats in the Chicago market closed ⅜c higher.

Car receipts at Duluth were 323, against 132 last year, and at Minneapolis 389, against 476 last year, making a total for the Northwest of 712, against 540 last year. Chicago receipts were 82, against 88 last year.

Primary receipts of wheat were 1,245,000 bus., last year 815,000 bus. Shipments 653,000 bus., last year 461,000 bus.

Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 292,000 bus.

Primary receipts of corn were 479,000 bus., last year 197,000 bus. Shipments 226,000 bus., last year 279,000 bus. Clearances were 90,000 bus.

Trading in wheat in the Duluth market was fairly active and prices followed the Chicago advance. The December option opened ⅜c higher at 83¾, and advanced to 84c at 12:04, fell off to 83⅝c at 12:06, and then bulged to 85¼c at the close. It closed there, a gain of 2⅜c. May opened 1c higher at 87½c and advanced to 89⅝c, closing at 88⅝c, a gain of 2¼c.

Cash wheat held at about 2½c over December for No. 1 northern and at the close was at 2⅜c over. Durum wheat lost some of its strength and today was up another cent a bushel.

Flax was dull and firm early, but lost its gain at the close. October opened ⅛c higher at 97⅜c, fell to 96⅞c, and closed at 97c, a loss of 1c. November and December closed unchanged at 97⅛c, and the former sold as high as 97⅝c, and the latter to 98c. May opened ⅜c higher at $1.02¼, advanced to $1.02⅝, fell to $1.01⅝, and closed at $1.01¾, a loss of 1c.

Oats advanced ⅝c. The export demand continues excellent. This is true also of barley and prices have advanced about 2c on that grain.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat, No. 1 northern, 88c; No. 2 northern, 86c. On track, No. 1 northern, 88c; No. 2 northern, 86c. Durum, No. 1, 85c; No. 2, 77c. October, 88c; December, 85¾c; May, 89¼c. Flax, to arrive, 97⅛c; on track, 97⅛c; October, 97c; November, 97⅛c; December, 97½c; May, $1.01⅝. Oats, to arrive, 29⅝c; on track, 29⅝c. Rye, 65c. Barley, 35@46c.

Cars inspected: Wheat, 323; last year, 132; oats, 36; barley, 3; rye, 64; flax, 147; last year, 45.

Receipts: Wheat, 366,753; oats, 74,619; barley, 109,68; rye, 1,626; flax, 189,628.

Shipments: Wheat, 199,849; barley, 250; rye, 15,158; flax, 100,170.

Cash Sales Thursday.

No. 1 hard wheat, 1 car.....$0.87½
No. 1 northern, 1 car wheat, 8 cars.....87½
No. 1 northern, 4 cars.....87¼
No. 1 northern, 7 cars.....87
No. 1 northern, 3,000 bus.....86¾
No. 1 northern, 8,500 bus.....87⅛
No. 1 northern, 3,000 bus.....87½
No. 1 northern, 12,000 bus.....87½
No. 1 northern, 10,000 bus.....87⅝
No. 1 northern, 5,500 bus.....87⅝
No. 1 northern, 3,000 bus.....87¾
No. 1 northern, 4,400 bus.....87¾
No. 1 northern, 1,400 bus.....87
No. 1 northern wheat, 5 cars.....87½
No. 2 northern, 2 cars.....87¼
No. 2 northern, 7 cars.....87
No. 2 northern, 5,000 bus.....86¾
No. 2 northern, 1,300 bus.....86¾
No. 2 northern, 5,000 bus.....86⅝
No. 2 northern, 1,600 bus.....87½
No. 2 northern, 1,600 bus.....87
No. 3 wheat, 2 cars.....86
No. 3 wheat, 1 car.....85½
No. 3 wheat, 1 car.....85¼
No. 3 wheat, 1 car.....85
No. 3 wheat, 1 car.....84¾
No. 3 wheat, 1 car.....84½
No. 3 wheat, 1 car.....84
No. 3 wheat, 1 car.....83½
Rejected wheat, 1 car.....82½
Rejected wheat, 2 cars.....82
Rejected wheat, 1 car.....80
Rejected wheat, 2 cars.....82½
No. 4 wheat, 1 car.....84
No. 4 wheat, 2 cars.....82
No. 4 wheat, 1 car.....81½
No. 4 wheat, 2 cars.....82½
No. 4 wheat, 1 car.....80½
Durum wheat, 3 cars No. 1.....78
Durum, 3 cars No. 1.....77½
Durum, 5,000 bus No. 1.....77½
Durum, 3 cars No. 2.....76½
Durum, 1,600 bus No. 2.....76½
Durum, 4 cars No. 2.....76
Durum, 2,000 bus No. 2.....77
Durum, 1 car No. 3.....74½
Flax, 12 cars.....97½
Flax, 4 cars.....97¼
Flax, 2 cars.....97⅝
Flax, 1 car.....97¾
Flax, 15,000 bus.....97¼
Flax, 1,600 bus.....97¼
Flax, part car.....97½
Flax, 1,600 bus.....97⅜
Flax, 1,100 bus.....97
Flax, 1 car.....97
Flax, 2 cars.....97¼
Rye, 1 car.....65½
Oats, 1 car No. 3 white.....29½
Oats, 1 car No. 2 white.....30
Oats, 2 cars No. 3 white.....29⅝
Barley, 1 car.....38
Barley, 1 car.....39
Barley, 2 cars.....40
Barley, 3 cars.....41
Barley, 2 cars.....42
Barley, 1 car.....43
Barley, 1 car.....44
Barley, 1 car.....45
Barley, part car.....39

We Are Headquarters for
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Brokers
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Curbs a Specialty
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R. B. HIGBEE,
The Mining Broker.
410-411 Germania Life Building,
ST. PAUL, MINN.

Bonanza Circle Coppers
AND OTHER UNLISTED SECURITIES.

Noon Quotations, Oct. 26th.

Coppers.	Bid.	Ask.	Miscellaneous.	Ask.
N. Butte	56	57	Ala. Cen. pfd.	$5.75
C. & A.	112	115	Ariz. & E.	.25
C. & P.	36½	37½	Black Rock	.25
L. S. & P.	29	29½	Crooked River	.45
P. & D.	24½	25½	LaLuz Mexico	$4.00
Junction	29	29½	Little Cracker	.05
Mtn.	7½	8½	Mercur (Ad.)	.300
Black Mt.	8	9	N. Queen Bee	.10
D.-Ariz.	13½	15	Ophir Tunnel	.30
W. D. Co.	12	13	Parry Sound	.15
Utah	11	12	Shakespeare	.10
Shattuck	33	35	Stan. L. & Z.	.25

Money seed will produce fruit if well planted and let alone.

H. E. SMITH & CO.,
WILLIAM KAISER, Manager.
Main Floor, Palladio Building.
Phones—Zenith, 696; Duluth, 82.

Oats advanced ⅝c. The export demand continues excellent. This is true also of barley and prices have advanced about 2c on that grain.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat, No. 1 northern, 88c; No. 2 northern, 86c. On track, No. 1 northern, 88c; No. 2 northern, 86c. Durum, No. 1, 85c; No. 2, 77c. October, 88c; December, 85¾c; May, 89¼c. Flax, to arrive, 97⅛c; on track, 97⅛c; October, 97c; November, 97⅛c; December, 97½c; May, $1.01⅝. Oats, to arrive, 29⅝c; on track, 29⅝c. Rye, 65c. Barley, 35@46c.

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Barley, 2 cars.....40
Barley, 3 cars.....41
Barley, 2 cars.....42
Barley, 1 car.....43
Barley, 1 car.....44
Barley, 1 car.....45
Barley, part car.....39

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Railroad Strike In Russia Gives Wheat Exceptional Strength.

Chicago, Oct. 26.—The railroad strike in Russia was the cause today of an exceedingly strong market for wheat here. Trading was extremely active, and the volume of business was large. An advance of 1d a bus in the price of wheat at Liverpool was taken here as an indication of the seriousness of the situation in Russia. Demand was general with shorts heavy purchasers. The December option opened 1½@2c higher at 83¼@83⅝c, sold up to 88⅝c and then reacted to 85¾c on profit-taking. May opened 2c to 1⅛@1¼c higher at 89¼@90¼c and far a time held within the opening range, becoming comparatively steady around 89¾@7⅞c. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported 794 cars of contract grade, against 382 cars last week and 576 cars a year ago.

Notwithstanding liberal profit-taking the market held strong the entire session. Within the last half hour prices made another spurt upward, the May option advancing to 91⅝c and the December delivery to 89½c. The market closed extremely strong with prices practically at the highest point of the day. Final quotations on May showed a gain of 2¾@2⅞c at 91¼@91⅝c. December was up 1⅝c at 89¼c.

A strong tone prevailed in corn. Small local receipts and large export and shipping sales were dominating influences. December opened ½@⅝c up at 46@46¼c, but eased off a trifle on realizing, the price touching 45⅞c. Local receipts were 100 cars with 26 of contract grade.

After touching 45¾c, December advanced to 46⅝c. The close was strong with December up ⅝c at 46⅜c.

In sympathy with other grain sentiment, the oats market was bullish. December opened ⅛c higher at 30c and advanced to 30¾@⅞c. Local receipts were 201 cars.

January pork was up 5c at $12.42½. Lard was up 2½@5c at $6.80. Ribs were a shade higher at $6.50.

Close: Wheat—December, 88¼c; May, 91¼@⅝c; July, 85⅝c. Corn—October, 52¼c; December, 46⅜c; old, 47¼c; January, 44½c; July, 46¼c; May, 40⅝c. Oats—December, 29⅝c; May, 32@32¼c; July 31⅝c; October, 30⅝c. Pork—October, $16; January, $12.10@12.12½. Lard—October, $7.05; November, $7.07½; December, $6.80; January, $6.80; May, $6.92½. Ribs—October, $7.37½; January, $6.50; May, $6.70. Rye—Cash, 61c; December, 71½c; May, 73½c. Flax—Cash, Northwestern, 98c; Southwestern, 92c. Timothy—March, $3.40. Clover—Cash, $12.50. Barley—Cash, 39@46c. Cash Grain—Wheat—No. 2 red, 89½@90c; No. 3 red, 88½@89½c; No. 2 hard, 87@88¼c; No. 3 hard, 84½@87c; No. 1 northern, 89@90½c; No. 2 northern, 66@69c; No. 3 spring, 82@88c. Corn—No. 2, 45½c; No. 3, 45¼@45¾c. Oats—No. 2, 29⅜c; No. 3, 29½@29¾c.

American Wheat Markets.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago	New York.
December—				
Open	83⅝	84	88½-⅝	94½
High	85¼	85⅝	89½	96¼
Low	83⅜	83¾	88	94⅜
Close	85¼	85⅜-¾	89½	96¼
Close 25th	82⅝	83⅛-¼	87¾	93¾
May—				
Open	87¾	87¾-⅞	89½	.....
High	89⅜	89½	91⅝	95⅝
Low	87½	87½	89½-⅝	93¼
Close	89¼	89½	91⅛-⅜	95¼A
Close 25th	86¾	86¾	88⅞	92⅝
St. Louis—	Close 26th.		Close 25th.	
December	86-⅛		84⅝	
May	90⅛		87¾-⅞	
Kansas City—				
December	80		78⅜	
May	82¾		80⅜	

Chicago Oats, Corn and Pork.

	Oats. Dec.	Corn. Dec.	Pork. Jan.
Open	30	47	$12.42
High	30⅜	47¼	12.42
Low	30	46⅞	12.40-42
Close	30⅜	47¼	12.40-42

New York Grain.

New York, Oct. 26.—Close: Wheat—December, 96¾c; May, 93½c. Corn—December, 58¼c; January, 55⅝c; May, 52c.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Oct. 26.—Close: Wheat—December, 85¾@7⅝c; May, 89½c; No. 1 northern, 88c; No. 2 northern, 85⅝c; No. 1 hard, 86⅝c.

Liverpool Grain.

Liverpool, Oct. 26.—Wheat, spot steady; No. 2 red western winter, 6s 6d; futures quiet; December 7s 7¾d. Corn, spot firm; American mixed, 5s 2½d; futures quiet.

Duluth Car Inspection.

Wheat: No. 1 hard, 8; No. 1 northern, 78; No. 2 northern, 65; No. 3 spring, 55; No. 4 spring, 4; rejected, 8; no grade, 1; Western red, 3; No. 1 durum, 24; No. 2 durum, 56; No. 3 durum, 17; No. 4 and no grade durum, 1; total durum, 98. Mixed wheat, 3. Total of wheat, 323; cars last year, 132.

Flax: No. 1 northwestern, 33; No. 1, 112; No. 2, 2; total, 147; last year, 46.

Oats, 36; rye, 3; barley, 61.

Total of all cars, 570; cars last year 265.

Grain Gossip.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago—Wheat: The market looked a good deal like old times today. Around the opening a great many outside longs took profits and as December did not get lower than eighty-eight cents, most of the local bulls took back their lines. The outside buying orders are mostly for the May option; that is the reason the spread is widening. Receipts were large today, but traders seem to pay little attention to local news. The Russian situation is the main factor at present and we think the bull side is still the one to scalp on.

Corn—Corn and oats practically under the same influence; that is, the export houses are the best buyers and as long as this export business keeps up and at present it looks as if it would last a good while, think both May corn and may oats should be bought on every reaction.

Provisions—Dull and neglected again today. Think it only a question of a short time before the bulls will have an inning in this product. Packers selling ribs today and there was a good outside demand for cash lard. Volume of business was light.

* * *

Edwards, Wood & Co.: There was a rampant bull market almost from the tap of the gong. There was considerable selling against privileges and for half an hour the market declined slowly. Then came a rush of bullish news from Southern Russia, coupled with higher Liverpool markets and prices began to climb again. Prices shot up as though they never intended to go down any more. The volume of business for the first time this fall was enormous, and clearly shows that the public is at last in the market. Domestic news was not regarded and was generally of a bearish tenor. The strength came solely from abroad, but was held after the first upward push had been given by the historical scrambling of late sorts to cover. The advance has been wider than we anticipated, but for a week we have predicted a broader market, although it may be that the basis of the market has not been radically changed, and that this advance is only the first of the broader swings we looked for. Wheat has had a very sharp rise, and it would be only natural to expect some reaction from this level. The Russian news, which shot up the Liverpool market, was very bullish. All of the wheat carriers of that vast country are tied up tight by the strike and offerings of Danube and South Russian wheat are completely tied up as a result.

* * *

Cincinnati Price Current: Dry weather retarding new wheat crop in portions of Kansas and Oklahoma. Some relief from rains. More soon would cause sowing setbacks. Elsewhere the situation is maintained. Grain movement restricted by car shortage. Corn huskings not materially changing yield estimates. Feeding quality unusually high.

* * *

Pringle, Fitch & Rankin, Chicago: Everybody is around making excuses for the advance in grain this morning. It won't be explained away and purchases should be made on any weak spots.

* * *

Chicago Inter Ocean: "Wheat prices keep firm and are tending upward, because crops in Hungaria, Roumania and Russia are bad," says a Budapest cable. "Prices in some of the Hungarian provinces are equal to 95½c for wheat and 92½c for corn. Middle maize bad. Russian grains can hardly reach ports on account of the political troubles."

* * *

Chicago Inter Ocean: "I am looking for 95c wheat," said Milliken of Armour & Co., who was here yesterday. "I think our crop has been overestimated, and the yield is not over 650,000,000 bushels. We are getting very little wheat from farmers; our stocks of No. 2 red decreased 16,000 bushels yesterday, and are only 800,000 bushels, and of No. 2 red and No. 2 hard 400,000 bushels. The latter is deliverable at 3 cents discount. All the 500,000 bushels of red Oregon wheat which had a mixture of 50 per cent of native wheat has been bought by millers and moved out. Omaha is bidding equal at 85c in St. Louis for hard winter in the country, which, if delivered on St. Louis contracts, would have to be 3c at the present price. I am looking for a big foreign demand. There is no manipulation in wheat at Chicago when December in New York is selling at 6 cents over, as at present."

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 328 West Superior street:

	Bid	Asked
Amalgamated	83	83⅛
Americal Dev. Co	—	24
Atlantic	26½	27
Arcadian	4	4½
Adventure	—	8
Allouez	45¼	45⅝
Bingham	21	21¾
Black Mountain	8¼	—
Copper Range	74⅜	74½
Calumet & Hecla	680	685
Calumet & Arizon	114	116
Calumet & Pittsburg	36⅛	37½
Centennial	32	32½
Denn-Arizona	—	11
Daly West	14	14½
Franklin	18	18¼
Granby	8¼	9
Greene Cons	26¼	26¾
Junction	—	39
Mass. Sup. & Ptts	14	15
Michigan	1¼	1¾
Mayflower	11½	12¼
Mass	10¾	10⅞
Mohawk	58	59
Mercur Cons	60c	62c
North Butte	56½	56¾
National	—	14
Old Colony	2¼	2¾
Osceola	112	113½
Phoenix	1⅝	1⅝
Parrott	26¾	27
Pittsburg & Duluth	—	2½
Quincy	106	107
Rhode Island	1⅝	1¾
Santa Fe	2⅛	2¼
Shannon	8¾	8⅞
Tecumseh	14¾	14⅞
Tamarack	125	128
Trinity	9¼	9⅝
U. S. Mining	35	35½
Utah	46⅞	47
Union Land	3½	4
Victoria	6⅝	7
Wyandot	2¾	2½
Wolverine	123	125
Winona	10½	11
Warren	—	12

The total sales were 865,100 shares.

Stock Gossip.

Logan & Bryan to Paine, Webber & Co.: The overdue break has at last materialized, started mainly by the overbought condition of the market and the attempted liquidation by cliques and pools. The advance in foreign exchange and the fear of an outbreak in Russia also contributed to the uneasy feeling and the passing of the dividend on Illde and Leather preferred dampened enthusiasm on the industrial list. It is reported, but not confirmed, that the new Russian loan is off, and if this be true one disturbing feature in the money situation is eliminated. The market closed irregular. It is not at all unlikely that the break will extend further. We continue to favor purchases on the declines.

* * *

Dick Bros. to Paine, Webber & Co.: Market showed further extreme irregularity this morning and was at one time surprisingly strong. In the afternoon, however, the whole list weakened again and new low prices for the reaction were made at the close. Liquidation was again in evidence, but during the greate part of the day it was off-set more or less by support and bullish operations. The only disturbing news came from Europe, where all markets were depressed, and money rates strong, because of the critical situation in Russia. It was rumored that the Russian loan may have to be postponed. Further strength in our own sterling market led to serious discussion of early gold exports. All of the leading railroads were distinctly heavy late in the day and such stocks as Union Pacific, Southern Pacific, St. Paul, Reading, Pennsylvania, etc., closed at bottom prices. Further urgent selling was seen in Metropolitan shares. Rock Island issues were firmer. Rather surprising heaviness was shown by United States Steel stocks. The whole tone at the close was weak.

* * *

Walkers Brothers to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market at the opening was steady and some of the high-priced investment stocks developed strength. Locomotive was heavily bought and advanced. During the middle of the day the market became dull, but later began to sag off and soon there was some heavy selling by traders. Prices broke sharply and some stops were caught. There was no rally before the close and prices were at about the lowest. On any further break the market should be in good shape for a rally.

New York Money.

New York, Oct. 26.—Money on call, 3¼ @4 per cent; closing bid, 3½ per cent; offered at 3⅝ per cent. Time money, easy; sixty and ninety days, 4¾@5 per cent; six months, 4½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 5@6 per cent. Sterling exchange, strong, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.86.95@97, and at $4.83.30@35 for sixty days; posted rates, $4.83½@4.84 and $4.87@5; commercial bills, $4.82¾@4. Bar silver, 67¾c. Mexican dollars, 48c. Government bonds, steady; railroad bonds, irregular.

Treasury Balances.

Washington, Oct. 26.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption shows: Available cash balance, $131,554,809; gold, $75,783,602; gold certificates, $42,845,420.

The Cotton Market.

New York, Oct. 26.—The cotton market opened easy at unchanged prices to a decline of 15 point, and shortly afterwards showed a net loss of about 16 points on the active months under heavy realizing, and a renewal of bear pressure, encouraged by omewhat larger receipts than estimated, disappointing cables, reports of unsettled conditions in Russia and expectations of a further reaction following the rapid advance of yesterday. At the decline the market received fine support, and during the middle of the morning ruled very active with the tone nervous and fluctuations, but generally up from the lowest, and about 6 to 10 points net lower.

Cotton, spot, closed quiet; middling uplands, 10.65; middling gulf, 10.80; sales, 200 bales. Futures closed: Dec., 10.33; Jan., 10.45; March, 10.64; April, 10.69; May, 10.75.

WEAKNESS IN STOCKS

Market Was Strong Early, But Had a Sharp Reaction.

Surprising Heaviness Is Shown By United States Steel Shares.

New York, Oct. 26.—The stock market opened active with sharp fractional losses in Union Pacific, Southern Pacific, Metropolitan Street Railway, Louisville & Nashville and Baltimore & Ohio. Canadian Pacific declined 1¼ and Northern Pacific 1½. Reading was a conspicuous exception, advancing a point and Delaware & Hudson was rushed up nearly 3. The market readily improved after the first few minutes of trading, Locomotive coming into heavy demand rising to 71¼.

Initial losses were recovered and a little leeway obtained before the market weakened again. As on yesterday the coalers were the main points of interest. Delaware & Hudson was largely dealt in at an advance of 5 points and Central of Jersey rose 11½. Reading failed to eclipse yesterday's record figure, but reached 127¾. Northwestern, Smelting and Distillers' securities gained a point. Pressure against the local traction stocks brought out considerable long stock and the general market relapsed to about the opening level. Metropolitan Street Railway fell 2⅜. Pressed Steel Car and Third Avenue 1¾ and Metropolitan securities, American Woolen and Denver & Rio Grande 1@1⅜.

Trading became dull and hesitating and only special stocks moved conspicuously. Smelting, Distillers securities and Havana Electric preferred got up 2 and Northwestern 4. Brooklyn Rapid Transit, Great Northern preferred, Paper preferred and Pacific Mail lost 1, Tennessee Coal, 1¾, General Electric 1¾ and Federal Mining preferred 2. Bonds were steady at noon.

All the snap died out of the market and prices gradually settled back to a lower basis. The actions were restricted to the amount of previous advances and there were some recoveries where there had been losses. Hide and Leather preferred was bid up a point to 32, but suddenly broke 2½ on the report that the dividend had been passed. Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha hardened 1½, Union Pacific and Lead 1, Consolidated Gas and Federal Mining yielded 2 and Pullman 1½.

Selling was resumed after a protracted period of dullness during which prices were little changed. Business increased largely when prices commenced to decline again, and the low prices of the day were quite generally made. The rise in Reading was cancelled and Delaware & Hudson reacted 2¾. Illinois Central, American Car, International Paper, Sugar and North American lost 1. Locomotive regained to a broad fraction below last night.

The downward drift brought the lowest prices of the day in the final hour. In Union Pacific, St. Paul, Missouri Pacific, Erie, Norfolk & Western, Central of Jersey, New York, New Haven & Hartford, Atchison preferred, Locomotive, Amalgamated copper, United States Steel, Sloss-Sheffield Steel, Smelting preferred, United States Pipe preferred and some less prominent stocks, losses ran from 1 to 1½. Allis-Chalmers preferred and Westinghouse Electric 2, and Wells-Fargo 5. Cleveland, C. C. C. & St. Louis gained 1. The close was active and weak.

Quotations furnished by Edwards-Wood Co., Room A, Torrey building:

Stocks—	High	Low	Close
Atchison, pfd	104⅞	104	104
do com	88⅞	88	88
Smelter, com	132⅝	129	131
American Woolen	42¼	41¾	42
Am. Copper	84⅝	82	83¾
B. and O. Ry	112¼	112¼	112⅝
B. R. T.	77	75¾	77
Can. Pac. Ry	171⅝	170½	170½
C. and O.	57	56½	56⅞
C. F. I.	45⅝	44⅝	45¼
C. C. C. & St. L. com	103	102	102
Erie 1st, pfd	81½	81	81¼
Erie, com	45	48	48
Ills. Cent.	180¼	178½	178½
Cent. Leather	46	45½	45½
L. and N.	153¼	151⅞	151⅞
Mex. Cent.	23¼	23⅝	24
Met. Ry.	123¼	120¾	121½
Mo. Pac.	104¼	103	103
Manhattan	163½	163½	163½
Norf. and West.	87¾	86⅞	87
N. Y. C.	153	151	151
O. and W.	50½	50½	50½
People's Gas	104⅞	104	104⅛
Pacific Mail	50⅜	49¼	49⅜
Penn. Ry.	145⅝	144⅝	144⅝
Rock Island, com	30¼	29⅝	29⅝
Rock Island, pfd	73⅝	72½	73⅝
Reading, com	127⅜	125⅞	125⅞
R. I. & S., pfd	96	95¾	95¾
R. I. & S. com	26¼	25⅞	25⅞
Rubber, com	54	53	53⅜
St. Paul	181⅜	180¼	180¾
Sugar	143	141½	141⅜
Southern Railway, com	36⅞	36¼	36¼
Southern Pacific	71⅛	70⅝	70⅝
Tenn. Coal & Iron	88	87⅛	88
Texas Pacific	34½	34½	34½
U. S. Steel, pfd	105	104½	104½
U. S. Steel, com	38⅜	37¾	37⅝
Union Pacific, com	134⅝	132⅝	132⅞
Wisconsin Central, pfd	62¼	61⅝	62¼
Western Union	93	93	93
Wabash, com	21⅜	21⅝	21⅝
Wabash, pfd	41¼	41⅜	41⅜
Northern Pacific	204¼	201	202¼
Erie, 2nd pfd	72⅝	72¼	72½

Swollen face, throbbing nerves, ugly teeth—the result of experimenting. The other fellow stuck to
SOZODONT
3 Forms: Liquid, Powder & Paste
ASK YOUR DENTIST

Midway Horse Market.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman's report: Horses sell well; larger attendance of buyers stimulates activity in general trade; liberal orders from local dealers clear expressers and drivers at an even market; outside demand for the heavier classes and for good quality; receipts large and of usual quality, still running to the larger classes, which easily clear at the decline of the past two weeks; favorable weather conditions stimulate trade. Quotations remain stationary at the following prices:

Drafters, extra	$180@200
Drafters, choice	160@180
Drafters, common to good	140@160
Expressers, extra	145@165
Expressers, choice	130@145
Expressers, common to good	110@120
Drivers, extra	170@205
Drivers, choice	140@170
Drivers, common to good	115@140
Farm mares, extra	140@170
Farm mares, common to choice	115@140
Mules	100@225

St. Paul Live Stock.

St. Paul, Oct. 26.—Cattle: Receipts, 1,800; generally strong; cows and heifers, $2.75@4.25; steers, $3.75@5.50; natives and Westerns, $3.00@4.25; grass fed cows and heifers, $2.25@5.25; calves, $1.75@3.00; milch cows and springers, $25@45. Sheep: Receipts, 10,000; 10c up; sheep, $4.50@5.35; lambs, $4.00@6.90; feeding lambs, $5.00@5.50. Hogs: Receipts, 23,000; tomorrow, 20,000; 5@10c lower; mixed and butchers, $4.80@5.25; good heavy, $5.05@5.25; rough heavy, $4.60@4.80; light, $4.75@5.25; pigs, $4.60@5.20; bulk of sales, $4.90@5.15. Sheep: Receipts, 25,000, steady; sheep, $1.00@5.30; lambs, $4.75@7.75.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

Duluth.

Following are the current quotations for goods which change hands in lots on the open market:

BUTTER.	
Creamery, prints	23
Creamery, in tubs	22
Dairies, fancy	19
Renovated	21
Packing stock	14½
EGGS.	
Fresh	19 @ 20
CHEESE.	
Wisconsin flats	12¾
Block and wheel Swiss	14 @ 15
Brick cheese, 30s, 15s	14½
Limberger full cream cheese	13
Primost	7
HONEY.	
New fancy white clover	15
Fancy white clover in jars, strained, per lb	12½@ 13
Goldenrod	14
Dark honey	11
Buckwheat, dark	11
MAPLE SUGAR.	
Vermont, per lb	15
Maple syrup, 10-lb cans	1 35
NUTS.	
Filberts, per lb	13
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	15
Cocoanuts, per doz	60
Brazils, per lb	12
Pecans, per lb	13
Almonds	16
Mixed nuts	12
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7½@ 8
FRUITS.	
Apples, Ben Davis, per box	4 00
Illinois Jonathans	5 00
Kings	4 50
Pippins	4 00
Tatman Sweets	4 00
Cal. Bellefleur, per box	5 00
Wisconsin Longfields	2 25
Bananas, per bunch	1 75 @ 2 75
Dates, Fard, 12-lb box	1 10
Dates, sugar walnut, 10-lb box	1 00
Figs, Smyrna, 10-lb box	1 25
Grapes, Concords, basket	21 @ 22
Tokay grapes, per crate	1 75
Grapes, Delawares	20
Lemons, Cal., per box	5 50
Oranges	4 25 @ 4 75
Peaches, per box	1 25
Pears, per box	3 00
York State pears, per bbl	4 00 @ 5 00
GREEN VEGETABLES.	
Beans, wax, per bus	1 50
Beets, per cwt	1 00
Cucumbers, Dill	10 @ 20
Cabbage, per crt	1 50
Cauliflower, per box	2

For Sale Real Estate

THE REAL BARGAINS. READ EVERY AD CAREFULLY. SOMETHING HERE TO SUIT.

BUILDING LOANS

WE LOAN MONEY for the construction of substantial buildings and dwellings.

TELL US WHAT YOU NEED. Reasonable terms, prompt service.

We loan for insurance and trust companies.

O. C. HARTMAN & CO.
209-210-211 EXCHANGE BUILDING.

We Lend Money!

Lowest rates, easy terms. We make all kinds of building loans, as you need the money. We issue BONDS and write FIRE INSURANCE.

Cooley & Underhill,
208 EXCHANGE BUILDING.

Three Houses

On upper side of Fifth street, between Third and Fourth avenues west; modern conveniences and in excellent condition.

Rented at $528.00 a year.

For sale at the very low price of $4,200.00.

This is a genuine snap.

R. B. KNOX & CO.,
1 Exchange Building.

LANDS—HOUSES—LOTS.

$400 Lot 25x140, on East Sixth street.
$1000 Corner lot, 50x140, on East Superior street.
$700 Two lots, 25x140 each, Twenty-ninth avenue west and Third street.
30 acres of garden and dairy land, within two miles of city.
11½ acres of garden and dairy land, within two miles of city.

A. H. W. Eckstein & Co
401 Exchange Bldg. Zen. 'phone, 335. Fire Insurance, Real Estate and Loans.

4½% 5%
Money to Loan
With On or Before Clause.
John A. Stephenson
WOLVIN BUILDING.

A Bargain!

Dwelling near Lincoln Park, Lot 25x140.

$1500

5% and 6% Money to Loan—no Delay. Insurance Written in First-class Companies.

G. G. Dickerman & Co.
Phone 201. No. 5 Alworth Bldg.

$1800 New house, containing seven rooms and suitable for one or two families. Corner lot, 50x140 feet in size; on Seventh avenue east; in Norton's division.

For sale exclusively by

W. M. Prindle & Co
First Floor, Lonsdale Bldg.

$1450 Double house, five rooms each—water and sewer. Streets improved; in good condition—central at WEST END. Easy terms.
$400 50-foot lot, Grand avenue, near Thirty-seventh avenue west. EASY TERMS.
$300 Lot on Seventh street, near Fourth avenue east.
$2800 Flat building of fifteen rooms—water, sewer, bath, stone foundation; in tip-top condition. Very central at West end ON STREET CAR LINE.
$2000 Six rooms, stone foundation—water, sewer, bath—fronting Lincoln Park.

T. G. VAUGHAN,
400 Lonsdale Bldg.

$3700 buys seven-room house, on corner lot—full stone basement, hot water heat, electric light; fine home.
$6000 will buy an elegant modern house in center of city. All improvements in. Terms easy.
$1550 for a beautiful, 50-foot lot, on upper side of London road, near Fifteenth avenue east. This is a snap.
$19000 for an apartment house proposition on First street. Gross rentals over $3,100. All modern.

Eaton & Wharton,
Lonsdale Bldg. Both Phones.

$1600 Eight-room house at Lakeside, on street car line—50-foot lot. Great big snap.
$700 Cheapest lot on East Fifth street. Want offer.
$3500 Seven-room house, strictly modern; lot 37½x140, on East Second street.
$2000 Seven-room house—water, sewer, bath. West Second street. Central.
$1700 Six-room house—city water—near Franklin school.
$550 25 feet—Sixth street, near Fourth avenue east.

EBY & GRIDLEY
Bell 'phone 1190-L. 510 Palladio Bldg. Real Estate, Loans, Insurance.

$6500 Takes a fine eight-room house, all modern conveniences, on corner, 100x70 feet. This is a splendid value.
$9500 For a ten-room house in best residence part of city, hot water heat, all modern conveniences. Lot 50x140 feet.

We have a few choice lots left in the "Knob Hill" district which we can sell you at a very reasonable price. No trouble to show you what we have at any time.

C. H. Graves & Co.,
Real, Estate, Mortgage Loans, Insurance. First Floor, Torrey Building.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO
$1500 Five-room house and lot, 50 by 100 feet, on Fifth street, near Fifth avenue west.
$2300 Nine-room house and barn, with fine well, full size lot, on Seventh street, near Fifth avenue east. Suitable for two families.
$2500 Ten-room dwelling and barn, with good well, lot 50 by 140 feet, on Fourth street, near Sixteenth avenue east.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO
220 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

FOR SALE

Eight-room house on Fifth street, near Lincoln Park. Hardwood floors, bath and electric light. Built in 1903.

$2750

$1,000 cash. Balance to suit purchaser.

Pulford, How & Co.,
309 Exchange Bldg.

$60 Cash

And $15 per month will buy a cozy five-room cottage, just completed Lot 33x150 feet, level, free from rock, and enclosed with picket fence.

A chance to own your own home and pay for it with the money you are now paying for rent. DO NOT MISS this opportunity.

5%—Money to Loan—5%

Julius D. Howard & Co
Real Estate, Loans, Insurance.
276 West Superior St.

TIMBER LANDS.

In 40, 80 and 160-acre tracts, within driving distance of Duluth, with tamarack, cedar, spruce and hardwood enough on same to pay for lands; for sale on easy monthly or yearly payments. No red clay; good markets; perfect title. No trouble to show lands.

Boston & Duluth Farm Land Co.
18 Fifth Avenue West, Duluth, Minn.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES

NORTHWESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. †Ex. Sunday	Arrive Duluth
*8:40 a.m	..St. Paul, Minneapolis..	*3:25 p.m
*4:00 p.m	....Twilight Limited....	*9:45 p.m
*5:30 p.m	...Chicago, Milwaukee...	*11:10 a.m
*5:30 p.m	.....Appleton	*11:10 a.m
*5:30 p.m	..Oshkosh, Fond du Lac..	*11:10 a.m
*5:30 p.m	.....FAST MAIL.....	*11:10 a.m

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY

Leave		Arrive
* 4:00 p.m	....Ashland and East....	*11:15 a.m
† 8:00 a.m	....Ashland and East....	† 7:10 p.m
† 7:30 p.m	Minn. and Dakota Express	† 7:55 a.m
* 8:30 a.m	..North Coast Limited...	* 6:25 p.m

Leave		Arrive
† 9:00 a.m	"Duluth Short Line."	* 6:30 a.m
* 1:55 p.m	ST. PAUL	† 2:10 p.m
*11:10 p.m	MINNEAPOLIS	* 7:00 p.m

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.
Union Depot and 418 West Superior Street.

THE GREAT NORTHERN.

Leave		Arrive
† 6:20 a.m	ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS	† 9:25 p.m
* 3:45 p.m		* 2:00 p.m
*11:15 p.m		* 6:10 a.m
* 9:30 a.m	Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana and Coast.	* 6:30 p.m
* 8:15 p.m		* 7:10 a.m
† 2:20 p.m	Swan River, Hibbing, Virginia.	†12:20 p.m
† 6:20 a.m	St. Cloud, Wilmar and Sioux City	† 9:25 p.m

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.
Twin City sleepers ready at 9 p.m. Office 398 Spalding Hotel

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.

City Ticket Office, 435 Spalding Hotel Block. Bell 'Phone 44
All trains arrive and depart from Union Depot.

*6:20 p.m. Lv. North Country Mail. Ar. *8:55 a.m
All points East.
†7:45 a.m. Lv. LOCAL Ar. †8:40 p.m
Marquette and Copper Country.

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A.M	P.M.	STATIONS	M.	P.M
7:30	3:15	Lv. Duluth Ar	12:00	7:25
11:25	7:05	Ar. Virginia Lv	8:10	3:10
12:30	7:10	Ar. Eveleth Lv	8:00	3:30
11:55	7:45	Ar. Ely Lv	7:30	3:00
A.M.	P.M.	Daily, except Sundays.	A.M.	P.M

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY

P.M.	A.M.	STATIONS	A.M.	P.M.
3:50	7:40	Lv. Duluth Ar	10:30	3:40
4:05	8:55	Lv. 57th Av. W. Lv	10:15	3:25
4:20	8:15	Lv. Proctor Lv	10:00	3:10
6:15	10:12	Ar. Ir'n J'nct'n Lv	8:01	1:13
----	10:40	Ar. M't'n Iron. Lv	----	12:20
7:10	10:37	Ar. Virginia Lv	6:55	12:50
6:33	10:29	Ar. Eveleth Lv	7:42	12:57
----	10:56	Ar. Sparta Lv	----	12:34
----	11:20	Ar. Biwabik Lv	----	12:12
6:56	10:56	Ar. Hibbing Lv	7:15	12:27

Daily except Sunday.
Morning train from Duluth makes direct connection at Rainy Junction with D. V. & R. L. Ry. for Ashawa and points north of Virginia.

HOTEL LENOX
Most thoroughly equipped in the Northwest. Sanitation perfect.
European, $1.00 and up. American, $2.00 and up.

Hotel Superior,
Superior, Wis.
Largest and finest Hotel of the City. Bus meets all trains.
American Plan, $2.00 and $3.50.
European Plan, $1.00 up.

New Building. New Equipment.
RATES—$2.00 AND $2.50.
HOTEL McKAY
Cor. First Street and Fifth Avenue West, Duluth.

The Miller
222-224 W. Superior St.
American and European Plan
Fifty Homelike Rooms.
JOHN W. MILLER, Prop.

THE ALVERADO
Formerly known as Cook's Hotel. Most reasonable rates in the city. Steam heat, baths. Best of service. John McLeod proprietor and manager. 210-212 West Superior Street.

METROPOLE HOTEL
101-3-5 Lake Avenue South.
Modern conveniences. Special rates for rooms for the winter.
CARGILL & KENNY, PROPS.

There are people reading our "To Let" columns today who would make desirable tenants for that vacant house of yours. There will be tomorrow, too; and there's time enough for you to get your ad in these columns for tomorrow. It should have been in today.

ADDITIONAL WANTS

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement Less Than 15 Cents.

LADIES' TAILORING.

LADIES' SUITS, COATS, SKIRTS, shirt waists, etc., made in the latest New York and Paris styles by skilled workmen. We carry complete line of all the latest shades in woolens, etc. Frank East, 605 Manhattan Building. Will soon be at our new quarters over the Duluth Music company.

BUSINESS MEN'S LUNCHES.

CLUB RESTAURANT, 217 WEST SUPERIOR street, upstairs, is a good place to eat. Try our Business Men's lunch, 25c.

Advertisement for Less Than 15c. Advertisement Less Than 15 Cents.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A LARGE YELLOW ANGORA cat from 1523 First street. Any one finding same please apply old 'phone 1011.

LOST—ABOUT $37 IN BILLS, REWARD if returned to 328 Third avenue west.

LOST — TUESDAY, HEAVY GRAY shawl. Finder return to Herald office for reward.

FOUND—TWO SPOTTED CALVES. Owner can have same by proving property and paying for this ad. Call 114 East Tenth street.

LOST—BLACK HOLSTEIN COW MONday. Reward if returned to Nineteenth avenue east and Sixteenth street.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk factory, 220 W. Superior St.

MILLINERY.

MISS FITZPATRICK, 502 E. 4. Old 'phone

M. A. COX, 330 EAST FOURTH ST.

WATCH REPAIRING.

WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING done promptly and in a thorough manner. J. Gruesen, 129 West Superior St.

A. GINGOLD

Has removed his Umbrella Shop from 209 W. Sup. street to 135 E. Sup. street.

STRIKES AT OLD SHACKS

New Building Ordinance Prohibits of Frame Structure.

Should Greatly Aid In Cleaning Up the Bowery.

Under the new building ordinance, the repairing of old frame shacks within the fire limits, against which some of the members of the council have taken such a decided stand, will be impossible.

The new ordinance provides that all repairs made to buildings already constructed within the fire limits, shall be of fireproof material the same as is called for in the original construction of new buildings.

The cost of such fire proof repairs would be so high that it would be ridiculous to attempt to repair the old frame shacks along Superior street in that manner. The clause was aimed at such frame buildings, and it was the intention of those who drew up the law, that the owners of such shacks should be compelled to tear them down and erect modern, fireproof buildings as soon as they became unfit for occupation.

There are scores of such buildings along both sides of Superior street, which are paying a big rental, considering the value of the building, and as long as they continue to do so it will be hard to induce the owners to tear them down. But if repairs to them are forbidden or the cost of such repairs placed at such a high figure that they are out of the question, then the building inspector and the council figure that the owners will be forced to tear down such old shacks and erect modern, fireproof buildings.

Under the present ordinance, the building inspector has no right to refuse a permit for repairing any kind of a building, provided that no additions to it are made, and until the new ordinance is passed the owners of the old frame shacks can continue to patch them up from year to year, until the repairs practically constitute a new frame building. In the case under discussion by the council at present, the owners of a frame shack on Sixth avenue west, valued at about $300, are planning to expend about $2,000 in repairs.

Under the present ordinance, the permit cannot be refused, but if action can be postponed until after the new ordinance is passed, the building inspector can compel the owners of the shack to make all the repairs of fireproof material, which would be out of the question in the present instance.

Rates to Pacific Coast Cut $15.00.

Commencing September 15th, the Minneapolis & St. Louis will have on sale daily one way tickets to San Francisco, Los Angeles, Portland and other points in the West and Northwest. Rates $15.00 below ordinary fare. Through tourist cars to California twice a week.

Call on agents for full particulars, or address A. B. Cutts, G. P. & T. A., Minneapolis, Minn.

Workingmen and Others.

We are prepared to move you cheaper and better than any one else. Covered vans or open drays, same price. Come and be satisfied.

'Phones 492. 210 West Superior St.

DULUTH VAN & STORAGE CO.

FREE BOOK TO MEN!

MEN—If you are small, weak or undeveloped, have lost strength, our Acme Vacuum Developer will restore you, without drugs or electricity. Urethral Obstruction and Varicocele permanently cured in 1 to 4 weeks. 75,000 in use; not one failure; not one returned. Write for free book, sent sealed in plain envelope.

ACME MFG. CO., 509 Barclay Blk., Denver, Colo.

LATE DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Postmaster Forced to Make Good Loss Caused By Railroad.

Escanaba—Forced to make good a deficit caused by an accident at another station, after the money had left his hands intact, Joseph Deloria, postmaster at Garden, Delta county, has covered into the United States treasury out of his own pocket the sum of $102.

The case is decidedly peculiar. On Feb. 11, 1904, Deloria mailed his money order receipts to the division headquarters at Minneapolis. At Cook's station, however, while the mail bag was being picked up by the train, it fell under the wheels and was destroyed, the money contents, amounting to $102, being scattered. Investigation developed that $90 had come into the possession of a young man, and this amount was recovered.

No trace was found of the other $102, and the Garden postmaster being held responsible through no fault of his own, he was compelled to make the loss good.

L'Anse—While on a few days' hunting trip near town, W. L. Mason discovered what appears to be an extensive bed of graphite, much used in the manufacture of paint. The mineral is of a superior quality. It is probable a mine will be opened.

Marquette—Falling trees have killed three persons in upper Michigan in a week. The victims are Melvin Low of Hessel, Chippewa county; Mrs. E. G. Bartlett of Devils Creek, Menominee county, and John Schriber of Harbor Beach, lower Michigan, killed in Luce county.

Moses Yell, a prominent farmer of Sands township, is under arrest here, charged with having threatened to kill his wife by bruising her with an axe, bloodshed presumably being prevented by the timely flight of the woman. Yell's sons are adverse to his release on peace bonds, believing that their father would carry out his threat at the first opportunity.

Manistique—A reward of $200 has been offered by the county for the arrest of Hans Handberg, wanted on the charge of assaulting Agnes Floyd with intent to murder.

The crime occurred more than a month ago. It is alleged that Handberg mistook Miss Floyd for another woman with whom he had trouble, and kicked her down the stairs at their boarding place. The young woman was unconscious for thirty hours, and in the meantime her assailant had left town. Handberg claimed to be a grist miller from Minneapolis.

Newberry—The 5-year-old daughter of William Ackley of Germtask was the victim of a shocking accident that will leave her a cripple for life.

One of the members of the family, returning from a hunt, stood his gun up in a corner without removing a shell which had become stuck in the barrel. He intended to do this in the morning, but forgot to do so, and one of the younger children, getting hold of the weapon, it was discharged. The shot tore away the greater portion of the right foot of the little girl.

Menominee—The damage caused by the recent great storm along the shores of the Door peninsula opposite this city is estimated at $50,000. The schooners Una and Iver Lawson, the latter valued at $5,000, the tug Welcome and a large number of sailboats, gasolene launches and other craft were wrecked and a large number of docks and warehouses besides one sawmill, were washed away. Stock awaiting shipment were drowned and the boats, shanties and nets of the fishermen were totally destroyed with one lone exception.

The "swapping instinct" is no longer a peculiarly Yankee one—it has become an American trait of character. You may want to buy many things—you may want to sell a few. Try our columns.

WEST DULUTH

MATTER OF PRECINCTS

In Eighth Ward Will Be Discussed By Commercial Club.

Changes Proposed Will Cut Out Two of Present Number.

The West Duluth Commercial club will hold a meeting tomorrow evening to discuss a number of affairs but the principal matter of business will be to talk over the proposed changes in the precincts of the Eighth ward. This matter was brought up last spring in the city council with a view to saving the city expense in the way of fees of clerks and judges of election, by combining a number of the precincts wherever it could be conveniently done in various parts of the city. The matter was referred to a committee of the city council and that committee will soon be ready to report.

The Seventh ward will not be reduced in this way for the reason that it is heavily populated and each precinct as it stands has a heavy vote. The council committee desired to get an expression of the West Duluth Commercial club regarding the proposed changes in the Eighth ward and therefore will submit the plan to the club at its meeting tomorrow night.

It is understood that the committee proposes to run the First precinct down as far as Gosnold street, annexing part of the Fourth precinct; then consolidating the Second and Third precincts and attaching the remainder of the Fourth precinct to the Fifth, thus cutting out two precincts in the ward.

The precinct at Spirit Lake, New Duluth and Fond du Lac will remain undisturbed because of the magnificent distances which separate them, rendering consolidation impracticable.

WAS EDWARD REINSTORF.

Man Who Committed Suicide Six Miles Out on Thomson Road.

It has turned out that the man who was found on the Thomson road yesterday, shot and dead, as noted in yesterday's Herald, was Edward Reinstorf, aged 73 years, who boarded at the home of Ernest Kirchenbecker, 101 North Sixty-third avenue west. He was a tailor and has been out of work for some little time, but was not broke, $10 being found on the body.

The suicide took place on the farm of Henry Dorsse, about six miles from the end of the West Duluth car line, and is believed to have been caused by despondency. The inquest developed that suicide by shooting in the right temple was the cause of death. The body is in Filiatrault's morgue, and will be buried by the county.

West Duluth Briefs.

An 8-pound boy has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Peter Meaher of 420 South Fifty-fourth avenue west. Mr. Meaher is no prouder than Dr. S. C. Confers, whose first grand-child the boy is.

The funeral of Hilda Mason, who died at the Duluth hospital, West Duluth, Sunday, will be held next Sunday afternoon from Filiatrault's undertaking rooms. Interment will be in Hermantown cemetery.

An entertainment will be given for the Y. M. C. A. lot fund, Friday evening, at Great Eastern hall.

The directors of the curling club met last evening and started plans for getting the rink in shape for the season.

First-class range for sale, cheap. Mrs. Kreidler, over Nygren's drug store.

H. C. Carmon has returned from a week's visit in the Twin Cities.

The Sunday school of the Third Swedish Baptist church will give a concert at the church this evening, corner of Fifty-ninth avenue west and Ramsey street. The program is a very fine one.

J. P. Morris, formerly of West Duluth, and now of Cripple Creek, Colo., is visiting with H. T. McDonald, Fifty-ninth avenue west. He went to Colorado from West Duluth in 1894.

FORMER ACTOR SUED.

Young Wisconsin Woman Files Charge of Breach of Promise.

Sheboygan, Wis., Oct. 26.—Sheriff Zurheide has served summons on Lew Silvers in a suit for alleged breach of promise, brought by Miss Margaret Kraft, a well known young society lady of this city.

Mr. Silvers, who has just retired from the stage, owns a half interest in a new restaurant and cafe here. For eight years Mr. Silvers managed a summer theater in this city, playing leading parts.

Miss Kraft is an orphan and a reputed heiress, about 24 years old. She was elected carnival queen at the Lake View fete last summer. The amount of damages to be asked is not yet known.

CANDIDATES NOT LACKING.

Wisconsin's Political Battle For the Governorship Opens Early.

Madison, Wis., Oct. 26.—A complicated political battle is opening in Wisconsin, in advance by a full year of the state primary election. Already two La Follette republicans have formally announced their candidacy for the governorship and two others are practically to enter the race. Senator J. J. McGillray of Black River Falls was the first to make the bid, and Speaker I. L. Lenroot of Superior, twice presiding officer of the legislative assembly, has made his announcement. W. D. Connor of Marshfield, chairman of the La Follette republican state central committee, is known to aspire, and Lieutenant Governor Davidson has repeatedly told his friends that he will announce himself as soon as the newness is worn off Lenroot's announcement.

Lenroot seems to be the choice of Governor La Follette, but the administration republicans are by no means unanimous. There is reason here for the statement that Davidson did not know that the Lenroot announcement was to be issued when it appeared, and the acting governor was surprised by it. If three or four La Follette leaders enter the race for the gubernatorial nomination, the Spooner or stalwart republicans may unite upon Senator A. L. Kreutzer of Wausau, who, with the united support of that fraction, would have a promising outlook in the primary election a year hence, according to the political wiseacres.

Should it simmer down to a race between Linroot and Davidson, the stalwarts might support Davidson.

Entertainment

For the Y. M. C. A. lot fund will be held at the Great Eastern Hall, Friday, Oct. 27, at 8 o'clock. Tickets 25c.

GET BUSY!

Order some of that fine "NON-EXCELLED" BUTTER. Better than the rest, as good as the best, and yet it costs less. MURRAY BROS., Makers.

CHANGE IN TELEPHONES.

Our Telephone Nos. Now Are—
DAY—Both Phones 207
NIGHT { L. B. MANLEY ..... 200-L Duluth
W. L. McLENNAN, 1048-L Duluth

Use these numbers when you want fire insurance or fidelity and surety bonds.

YOU WANT THE BEST, WE FURNISH IT.

Manley-McLennan Agency,
TORREY BUILDING. FIRST FLOOR

HANNA'S MAGGIE A KITCHEN QUEEN

Cook Whose Hash Has Become Famous Rules In Hotel.

New York, Oct. 26.—"Hanna's Maggie," the concoctor of that historic hash with which the Ohio senator regaled distinguished breakfast guests, is at the Hotel Gotham.

She is there in her professional capacity as cook, but the guests of the house, with a single exception, are barred from the gastronomic delights created by her skill.

Maggie cooks only for Mrs. Mark Hanna, the senator's widow, who has established herself permanently at the Gotham. The only private hotel kitchen on record has been constructed for her exclusive use and under her personal supervision. It is entirely apart from the main kitchen of the hotel and every utensil in its equipment was selected personally by "Hanna's Maggie."

There is no record of this favored cook's full name—as far as can be learned. Through all the years of her service with the Ohio senator she was known only as Maggie and as the fame of her dishes spread, the title was lengthened to "Hanna's Maggie."

President Roosevelt has partaken of Maggie's hash, time and time again, and has found it good. Many other distinguished men in public life have done the same with the same result.

The feast at the marriage of Ruth Hanna was prepared by Maggie's own hands and on that occasion Maj. Gen. Corbin offered a toast in her honor.

Hanna's Maggie owns a snug little Ohio farm and money enough to keep her the rest of her days in solid comfort. Senator Hanna attended to that in his will.

HAPPENINGS IN THE DAKOTAS

Carpio Boy Arrested On Charge of Assaulting His Employer.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Minot—Joseph Huff, Jr., a 19-year-old boy, was brought to this city from Carpio, charged with assault with a deadly weapon. He was given a hearing before Judge E. B. Goss, and as the victim of the assault is not expected to live, he was put under $10,000 bonds and placed in the county jail. Theodore Brunning was the man injured, and the trouble occurred at his farm, nine miles east of Carpio, while a crew was doing his threshing. Huff and Brunning had trouble over a team of horses, and Brunning slapped the boy. The latter is reported as being rather foolish, and several of the crew took advantage of this and urged him to get even. He said he would, and Saturday noon, as he finished unloading, he took his pitchfork and went looking for Brunning. He was found lifting a bushel of wheat, and the boy came up behind, striking him over the head with the fork handle. The man dropped, and the boy tried to hit him again. He was prevented by one of the crew, who took the fork away from him.

Fargo—Employes of the Northern Pacific found Salvatore Rodin, an Italian laborer, dead in the yards here. He had been subject to heart failure and apoplectic attacks.

The United States officials arrested an Indian, named Leo Shield Necklace, on the charge of taking liquor on the Standing Rock reservation. He could not raise the $300 bonds under which he was held to the grand jury and was placed in jail at Bismarck.

Harwood—Mr. and Mrs. Silas Daggett celebrated their golden wedding anniversary at this place, where they have resided almost a quarter of a century. They received many appropriate gifts from friends in this vicinity.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Aberdeen—Owing to a dispute with the local manager, seven employes of the United States Express company at Aberdeen, walked out and the manager was compelled to work all night in order to keep up with the business. The trouble arose over the discharge of one employe for disobeying an order which the men regarded as unreasonable. The trouble was finally adjusted and the employes returned to work.

The preliminary trial of Peter Burns, charged with stabbing Charles Lancert, resulted in the defendant being held to the circuit court. Lancert was taken to the court in a carriage and was attended by a physician. His bond is placed at $1,000.

Spearfish—Hassel Graham, the 13-year-old son of Charles Graham of the fish hatchery, was accidentally killed here. With a companion, Ray Edgerton, he was playing soldier up Spearfish canyon. While crawling through the brush, the gun he was carrying caught on some brush and exploded. The ball entered the boy's neck and penetrated the brain.

Sisseton—C. C. Knappen, editor of the Sisseton Standard, was arrested, charged with criminal libel against three of the present officials of this county. The preliminary hearing was continued until next Monday, and the defendant admitted to bail.

Sioux Falls—The action of the United States supreme court in dissmissing the appeal of a private water company in a case involving the right of the city of Sioux Falls to operate a municipal system of waterworks, caused general rejoicing here. It is regarded as an overwhelming victory for the city, which gained every point for which it contended in litigation lasting several years.

Lead—Two miners were killed yesterday in the Homestake mine. Waldo Pasco and Torin Hansen were employed on the 200-foot level and were supposed to have been killed by a premature explosion caused by reloading holes that were still hot. Both bodies were horribly mutilated and were filled with small rocks.

Mrs. Phobe Hearst's annual gift to the churches of this vicinity has just been received and the different organizations of Lead, Central and Terraville have each received $200, making in all a total of $3,200. Mrs. Hearst gives this amount annually to these churches.

Vermillion—H. C. Edmunds, convicted of manslaughter in the third degree, has been refused a new trial by the supreme court. He is said to have killed Willie Williams at Meckling in July a year ago, in a quarrel over wages. The penalty is from four years to life in the penitentiary.

Milbank—The board of county commissioners for Grant county passed a resolution to reduce the assessment on merchandise 34½ per cent on individual applications. The state board of equalization had raised the assessment to 80 per cent of the actual value. The merchants tried to get the state board to lower the assessment, but without result. Merchants claim Grand county was the only one in the state so raised.

Deadwood—The Mining Men's association has elected the following officers for the ensuing year: W. J. Thornby, president; J. V. N. Dorr of Lead, first vice president; Walter Mackay of Lead, second vice president; Otto P. Grants, third vice president; D. A. McPherson of Deadwood, treasurer, and Jesse Simmons of Deadwood, secretary.

Groton—The body of August Abraham was found in a cornfield in Riverside township, north of Groton. It is thought he died suddenly from heart trouble.

Use the Telephone.

Ring up 'phone 324, either Duluth or Zenith, and telephone your want advertisements. Each advertisement will receive prompt and careful attention.

Many people keep boarders "who don't have to." You can secure boarders quickly and quietly through our classified columns.

How Many Birthdays?

You must have had 60 at least! What? Only 40? Then it must be your gray hair. Ayer's Hair Vigor stops these frequent birthdays. It gives all the early, deep, rich color to gray hair, checks falling hair, and keeps the scalp healthy. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

For Rent--Rooms--Houses--

The most representative lists are in The Herald
If you desire a change of residence, watch 'em

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

SHOPPING BY TELEPHONE.

	Old Phone.	New. Phone.
MEAT MARKETS—		
B. J. Toben	92	92
Meek Bros	677-M	189
LAUNDRIES—		
Yale Laundry	479	479
Lautes Laundry	447	447
Excelsior Steam Laundry	1093-M	1390
DRUGGISTS—		
Boyce	163	163
COAL AND FUEL—		
Ohio Fuel Co.	76	76
Finch Fuel Co.	1299	1299
Upham Coal Co.	256	485
FLORISTS—		
Seekins & Le Borious	1356	3626
BAKERIES—		
The Bon Ton		1166
ELECTRICAL CONTRACTING—		
Mutual Electric Co.	496	496
RUBBER STAMP WORKS—		
Con. Stamp & Printing Co.	702-K	755
FRENCH CLEANING—		
La Rose Dye Works	1201-R	1192
PLUMBING AND HEATING—		
McGurrin Plumbing and Heating Co.	825	
STOVE REPAIR WORKS—		
C. F. Wiggerts & Son	1154-K	554
GOLD AND SILVER PLATING—		
Duluth Plating Works	780	780

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

WOMAN WANTS WASHING, IRONING, house cleaning or any kind of work by the day; is a good worker. Address 204 West First street, room 5.

WANTED—POSITION IN OFFICE OR store clerking, or as cashier by experienced young lady; can do book work. E 32, Herald.

WANTED — CIRCULARS TO MAIL; work done by contract. E 36, Herald.

WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY, DRESSmaking in homes of shop. E 33, Herald.

WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY, POSition in office or store clerking. E 35, Herald.

WANTED—PLACES TO GO OUT cleaning by the day. Mrs. Hassler, 21 East Sixth street.

WANTED — TO TAKE HOME, DRESSmaking and children's sewing at a reasonable price; neat work done at 329 West Fifth street, upstairs.

YOUNG LADY WITH SOME KNOWledge of shorthand would like position in office. Address F. J. A. 1762 Piedmont avenue.

YOUNG LADY WISHES POSITION AS stenographer. Wages no object. B. 26, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS TO DO COOKING IN small camp. Address I 35, Herald.

WANTED — HOUSEWORK IN SMALL family where there is no washing. E. 28, Herald.

WANTED —PLACE AS NURSE GIRL for one or two children. E 30, Herald.

WANTED—A POSITION BY YOUNG lady in dental or physician office, or any clerical work. Q 8s, Herald.

SITUATIONS WANTED— MALE.

STATIONARY ENGINEER OF EIGHT years' experience wishes position. Address R. 16, Herald.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN WISHES EMployment. Good recommendations. Address V. 1, Herald.

POSITION WANTED AS SALESMAN in gent's furnishing dept.; can give best of references. Address E 27, Herald.

WANTED—BY EXPERIENCED BOOKkeeper, office work of any kind. Address E 39, Herald.

WANTED — BY MAN AND WIFE, SITuation in small camp; woman is good cook, and man is good at all around work; good recommendations. E 31, Herald.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT — NICE EIGHT-ROOM dwelling, Mr. Barnside, 701 Fifty-sixth avenue west.

FOR RENT—A NEW HOUSE — FIVE rooms and bath, hardwood floors, on Fifth street, between Second and Third avenue east. Inquire Mellin & Co., 310 West First street.

FOR RENT—EIGHT-ROOM HOUSE—Sixth avenue east; modern conveniences, including water, $25 month. Call 616 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT — A NICE SIX-ROOM cottage, water and sewer; rent reasonable. Inquire at No. 1207 Jefferson st.

FOR RENT—COMPLETELY FURNISHed modern house; rent nominal to right party. Address I 45, Herald.

FOR RENT — NINE-ROOM HOUSE, first-class; water and steam heat furnished; cheapest rent in the city. Myers Bros, 205 Lyceum.

BOARD OFFERED.

TWO GENTLEMEN CAN SECURE board with widow lady. Terms reasonable. 6402½ Garfield avenue.

ROOM AND BOARD—STEAM HEAT, bath, gas and 'phone. Rates reasonable. 301 East Third street.

BOARD AND NICELY FURNISHED room for two in private family; steam heat; every convenience; at $22.50 each per month. E 40, Herald.

ONE LARGE ROOM, DESIRABLE, FOR two ladies; central. E 27, Herald.

FOR RENT—LARGE MODERN ROOMS, with board, for man and wife or family of adults. 5014 London road.

BUSINESS MEN SAVE VALUABLE time, eating at Mrs. Gruesen's; quick service, home cooking, prices right. 329 West First street.

ROOM WITH BOARD. INQUIRE AT 432 East Second street.

BOARD AND PLEASANT, WARM rooms; modern house, private family. 226 East Third street.

BOARD AND ROOM, 211 WEST SECond street.

BOARD AND ROOM, 517 WEST FIRST street.

ROOM AND BOARD, 218 WEST THIRD street.

ROOM AND BOARD, 202 WEST THIRD street.

ROOM WITH BOARD FOR TWO young ladies. Very desirable. Just like home. Call at 224 Ninth avenue east, upstairs.

BOARD AND NICELY FURNISHED rooms, 122 East First street.

BOARD AND ROOM, 305 E. THIRD ST.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKERS, 16 SECOND AVENUE WEST

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

REAL ESTATE, FIRE INSURANCE AND RENTAL AGENCIES.

Wm. Prindle Co., Lonsdale building.
N. J. Upham Co., Burrows building.
John A. Stephenson, Wolvin building.
William C. Sargent & Co., Providence.
Chas. P. Craig & Co., 220 W. Sup. St.
L. A. Larsen & Co., 102 Providence.
'Phones 253.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT — TWO NICE FIVE-ROOM flats on First street and Twenty-fourth avenue west; city water and sewer; newly painted and papered.

A GOOD SEVEN-ROOM FLAT ON EAST Third street; bath, electric light, etc., $27.

EIGHT - ROOM HOUSE. CENTRAL; furnace, bath, electric light.

5705 LONDON ROAD, NINE ROOMS and bath, $20.

THREE GOOD STORES ON WEST SUperior street.

STRYKER, MANLEY & BUCK.

FOR RENT — TWO OR THREE UNfurnished rooms; all modern conveniences. 421 First avenue west.

MODERN, LIGHT, PLEASANT, FURnished room; two gentlemen preferred. 329 West Third street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS with steam heat and bath, with or without board, by day, week or month. Tremont hotel.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM. 125 East Superior street, opposite city hall.

FOR RENT — NEWLY FURNISHED rooms, all conveniences; private family; gentleman preferred. 206 East First street.

FOUR ROOMS FOR RENT. 452 MEsaba avenue.

PLEASANT FRONT ROOM WITH board for gentleman and wife, or two ladies. West Third street near Second avenue. Address E. 38, Herald.

FOR RENT—THREE ROOMS IN REAR of lot. Inquire 616 West Third street.

FOR RENT — A WELL-FURNISHED room with all conveniences; newly papered. 511 East Third street.

FOR RENT—FOUR UNFURNISHED rooms, 903 East Fourth street. $10.00 per month.

FOR RENT—CITY HOTEL. FURnished. Pine River, Minn. Good location.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM—furnace heat. $5.00 per month. 323 Eighth avenue west.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM FOR two; electric light and heat; rent reasonable. 204 East Third street.

FOR RENT — NOV. 1, FURNISHED front room, cheap, at 303 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—TWO ROOMS, FURNISHED or unfurnished, for light housekeeping. 823 East Third street.

FOR RENT — ONE LARGE FURnished front room for light housekeeping. 220 West Fourth street, upstairs.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM, private family. 925 East Second street.

FOR RENT—MODERN, LARGE CORner front room. Gas, bath, heat and 'phone. 229 Fourth avenue west.

MODERN, NICELY FURNISHED, large front room, with alcove. 1532 East First street.

FOR RENT — TWO ROOMS FOR housekeeping. 426 First avenue west.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED FRONT room, all modern conveniences, suitable for one or two gentlemen. 207 West Third street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM. 315 West Second street.

FOR RENT — LARGE FRONT ROOM steamheated, use of telephone and bath; centrally located. 523 West Second St.

MODERN FURNISHED ROOM TO rent. 114 South Fourteenth avenue east.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, 114 East Fourth and 410 Ninth avenue east. All conveniences. Old 'phone, 1010-M.

FOR RENT—MODERN FURNISHED rooms, with board, at 2827 West Third street. O. Miller.

FOR RENT—MODERN FURNISHED rooms, with board, at 2827 West Third street. O. Miller.

FOR RENT—A LARGE, PLEASANT nicely furnished room. 122 Third avenue west.

FOR RENT—TWO OR THREE UNFURnished rooms for light housekeeping. 420 Sixth avenue west.

FOR RENT—FRONT ROOM WITH alcove, furnished or unfurnished, and small furnished room. House modern. Zenith, 1495-A. No. 329 East Third St.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS, double or single, heated, ground floor. 219 Fifth avenue west.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT — FOUR-ROOM FLAT, ALL modern improvements. Inquire 421 Ninth avenue east.

FOR RENT—SIX-ROOM FLAT, BATH, electric light and cellar. 2802 West Third street.

FIVE-ROOM FLAT FOR RENT. 519 East Fifth street.

FOR RENT—THREE-ROOM FLAT, 212 East Third street.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM FLAT NEAR center of town, cheap. Sherwood, Torrey building, Sherwood & Co.

SEVEN-ROOM FLAT, ALL MODERN conveniences except heat. Apply A. H. W. Eckstein & Co., 401 Exchange building.

FOR RENT—FLAT, 923 EAST SUPERIor street.

FOR RENT — THREE-ROOM STEAMheated flat; furnished complete for housekeeping; gas and hot water. 315 West Fourth street.

TWO STEAM-HEATED FLATS AT NO. 124 East First street. Inquire of Richardson, Day & Co., Exchange building.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE—A MAGNIFICENT BUILDing and beautiful grounds, suitable for either hotel, sanitarium or private hospital purposes; original cost of building, exclusive of ground, $68,700. The grounds are steadily increasing in value and property located in city of 8,000 people; price less than one-third of original cost. Terms upon application. Apply A. H. W. Eckstein, 401 Exchange building, Duluth.

DRESSMAKING.

DRESSMAKING AND PLAIN SEWING, upstairs 209 West Third.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

L. A. LARSEN,
The Reliable Real Estate Man (formerly with George H. Crosby), sells modern homes and choice building lots in all parts of the city. Land, factory sites and fire insurance. Confidential buyer for corporations and others.
Providence Building.
Both 'phones, 253.

FOR SALE — THREE-ROOM HOUSE and household goods, cheap; owner leaving city. 4402 Oneota street.

FOR SALE—TWO CORNER LOTS, 50 by 140, Eighth avenue east and Second street. Inquire 731 East Second street.

FOR SALE—SEATTLE REAL ESTATE; Washington timber land in large or small tracts. 412 and 413 Hinckley block, Seattle. P. H. Casey.

LOAN OFFICES.

WE LOAN MONEY ON WATCHES, diamonds and all articles of value. Established the longest. The most reliable, up-to-date place in the city. All business strictly confidential. Fire and burglar-proof safes. Crescent Brokers, 413½ West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY LOANED ON FURNIture, Pianos, Cattle, Horses, Wagons, and all kinds of personal property; also to salaried people on their own notes. Easy payments. Confidential treatment.
WESTERN LOAN COMPANY,
521 Manhattan Building.
New 'phone, 1096. Old 'phone, 759-R.

MONEY IS KING.
You can borrow it from us on your plain note, at low rates and easy terms.
We also make furniture loans.
DULUTH FINANCE COMPANY,
301 Palladio Building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds and all articles of value from $1 to $1,000. Keystone Loan company, 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, Pianos, horses or other personal property without delay. No publicity. Established twenty years. Minnesota Loan company, 205 Palladio.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

UNION LOAN CO.—Makes loans, buys notes and mortgages. 210 Palladio.

MONEY SUPLIED TO SALARIED people and others upon their own names, without security; easy payments. Offices in 51 cities. Tolmon, 609 Palladio building.

FOR SALE—HORSES.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,
Midway Horse Market, St. Paul, have the largest assortment of horses in the entire Northwest. Auction every Wednesday at 2 o'clock. Private sales daily. Part time given.

HAVE ONLY A FEW LEFT—CHEAP—Another load in Thursday morning, with some extra good ones. Seventh avenue east and Superior street. C. H. Dibbell.

FOR SALE — CARLOAD OF HEAVY horses at H. C. Kendall's livery.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS, WELLbred driving mare, weight about 1,250 pounds; safe and speedy. S. Morterud, 1931 West Superior street. Zenith 'phone 317.

WE HAVE ON HAND THE LARGEST assortment of big draft horses of any concern in the city. Come and see us before you buy. Satisfaction guaranteed. We try to please everybody. Sales stable, two blocks east of store on Fifth avenue. Stone-Ordean-Wells company.,

L. HAMMEL & CO., 300-308 FIRST street, have a carload of fine horses and ponies for sale.

LEADING MUSIC STORE.



Music and musical merchandise of every description. Edison phonographs. Band and orchestra instruments, pianos and organs. INGVALD WESTGAARD, 7 and 9 First Avenue West.

PALMIST.

Mme. De Vernon's Last Month in Duluth.

Learn your future. One dollar reader, 50 cents.
This will be your last chance to consult a recognized authority on the science of palmistry. When she is gone you will regret that you did not avail yourself of her wonderful knowledge and advice. She has read for such noted people as President Roosevelt, McKinley and other famous celebrities. Tells you for what business you are best adapted, family and love affairs. Lost or stolen articles traced. Over Bijou theater, 10 East Superior street. Hours, 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Readings Sundays.

MASSAGE PARLORS.

MRS. C. R. KILEY, at Knauf Sisters.

MEDICAL.

FOR WOMEN ONLY—DR. RAYMOND'S Pills for delayed periods absolutely reliable, perfectly safe; no danger; no pain, no interference with work. Relief brought to thousands after everything else failed. By mail $2.00. Dr. R. G. Raymond Remedy Co., room 27, 31 Adams street, Chicago, Ill.

LADIES—Dr. LaFranco's Compound; safe speedy regulator, 25c; druggists or mail. Booklet free. Dr. LaFranco, Phila., Pa.

CHIMNEY SWEEP.

Also furnace cleaning—No dust made in house. Eastman Bros. Zenith, 1589.

HARDWARE, SPORTING GOODS.

FOR BEST QUALITY AND LOWEST prices see Joseph E. Fox, 628 West Superior street. New 'phone, 602.

COD LIVER OIL.

1905 IMPORT COD LIVER OIL. Alfred Swedberg, 2015 West Superior street.

ALL KINDS FURS REPAIRED.

By an exepert furrier, 35 years' experience Charley Keller, 401 East Superior street.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

Other Wants on Page 15.

FOR SALE— MISCELLANEOUS.

REMEMBER "F. F. F."
"F"INCH "F" OR "F"UEL.
BOTH 'PHONES.
109 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

FOR SALE—A GOOD PAYING WHOLEsale and retail candy factory; good location and cheap rent. Parties retiring from business. Address J. B. 270 Herald.

AT JUST HALF PRICE.
World's Work...$3.00
Review of Reviews 3.00
House Beautiful 2.00
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Our Price for all $4.50
Order Now.
Everything in Magazines.
ZENITH SUBSCRIPTION AGENCY,
Old 'phone, 987-L. 417 Burrows Bldg.

FERNS—CLEAN UP SALE OF LOVELY ferns, 15 cents to $1.50. Cut chrysanthemums at wholesale prices. Lindsay's greenhouses, Lester Park.

FOR SALE CHEAP—RESTAURANT and confectionery store, must leave city, account sickness, good paying proposition. 327 Central avenue, West Duluth.

FOR SALE—LARGE SIX-HOLE STEEL range. Inquire 323 West First street, basement.

FURNITURE FOR SALE — FIVE rooms. Call at 1229 East Fourth.

FOR SALE CHEAP — TWO GOOD counters and one show case. Oppel Grocery Co., opp. City hall.

FOR SALE, CHEAP—ONE GOOD COAL stove, two good bedroom suites. 239 Mesaba avenue.

FOR SALE—JOHNSON'S RESTAURANT. Business getting better every day. Have made $12,000 in five years. 2532 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—ONE ENGLISH SETTER pup. Thoroughbred. Call at 2416 West Fifth street.

FOR SALE—BARBER CHAIR, PORCElain bath tub, 130-gal. tank, and other barber outfits; cheap if taken at once. E 41, Herald.

FOR SALE — FURNITURE AND stoves. Duluth Van and Storage, Fifth avenue east and Superior street.

FOR SALE—PUNCHING BAG PLATform. Call for Johnson, Fire headquarters.

FOR SALE—COOK STOVE. BURNS wood or coal. 708½ East Second street.

FOR SALE STOCK—500 OPHAR TUNnel. E 44, Herald.

FOR SALE — SMALL SECOND-HAND baseburner. 906 East Eighth street.

FOR SALE — HOUSEHOLD FURNIture. Apply People's Moving & Storage company.

$1,500 BUYS FIRST-CLASS BAKERY and confectionery business; good stand; best town in state; Hubbard oven; No. 17; money maker from start; no opposition; best reasons for selling. Apply Box 76, Langdon, N. D.

FOR SALE — CIGAR CASE AND counter, 7 feet 6 inches long; mahogany. E 42, Herald.

FOR SALE—STEWART COOK STOVE; burns wood only; cheap. 629 Second avenue east.

MOTHERS, ATTENTION! DO YOU know that you can save from 20 to 50 per cent on your fall and winter purchases in children's and men's clothing, shoes, hats, caps, underwear, gents' furnishings, children's furnishings, and in fact everything that you might need in wearables for men and boys. Special—We have a few sample children's suits that we must close out at once; the suits range in sizes from 5 to 15; they will go at one-third less than wholesale cost, at the Lyceum Clothing and Sale House, 423 West Superior street, in Lyceum building.

THE GOPHER SHOE REPAIR WORKS does it while you wait.

FOR SALE—COWS.

FOR SALE—THREE GOOD COWS, two fresh. Apply 526 Twelfth and one-half avenue east.

O. ANDERSON WILL ARRIVE WITH a carload of fresh milch cows Tuesday, Oct. 24, at Twenty-first and Twenty-third avenues west, Coffin's addition.

JOHN E. JOHNSON, HAS ARRIVED with a carload of fresh milch cows. 701 South Twenty-third avenue east.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

ANDERSON'S DETECTIVE AGENCY—B. F. Anderson, Mgr., 527 Manhattan building, Duluth. Zenith 'phone, 999; residence, 1213.

HALL FOR RENT.

Steinway Hall, for private parties and concerts. Bradbury School of Music.

FARM LANDS.

FARM OF 130 ACRES; 60 ACRES TILLable; highly improved; balance in timber; fine dwelling and outbuildings; located near a good business town; price $2,800. C. M. Hammond, real estate broker, Milford, Del.

DELAWARE FARM—THIRTY-THREE acres; nicely located along public road; small dwellings and out-buildings, 300 peach trees; big bargain; price $1,250. C. M. Hammond, real estate broker, Milford, Del.

A LARGE NUMBER OF SELECT DELaware farms for sale, beautifully located. Write for free catalogue. C. M. Hammond, real estate broker, Milford, Del.

IMPROVED FARM LANDS OF 40 TO 160 acres in St. Louis, Carlton and Douglas counties for sale at low prices and on easy terms. Guaranty Farm Land company, 416 Lyceum building.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

PRINTERS—KEEP AWAY FROM DUluth. The eight-hour strike is on. Offices are now closed. Duluth Typographical union.

WANTED—100 MEN, BOYS AND WOMen to dig up any old gold jewelry you can find, for which we will pay highest cash price. We need gold in our factory. Harris & Esterly, Jewelers, 428 West Superior street, Spalding Hotel.

NON-UNION PRINTERS WANTED — Compositors willing to work in open shop wanted; wages $18 per week of 54 hours work. Permanent positions guaranteed to competent men or women. Address P. O. Box 139, Duluth.

IF YOUR WATCH IS NOT SATISFACtory leave it at Harris & Esterly's watch hospital and have it made good as new at a small cost. Spalding hotel.

ENERGETIC AND AMBITIOUS MEN, who are willing to work and desirous of bettering their financial condition, can secure pleasant and profitable employment securing members for the Modern Samaritans. Full and complete instructions given. No previous experience necessary. Apply 702 Palladio building, Duluth.

WANTED—HUSTLERS TO HANDLE the greatest money-maker on the market; a household necessity and a winner. Apply between 7 and 8 p. m., 624 Manhattan building.

WANTED—TWO SOLICITORS AND traveling men, must be able to furnish bonds. Straight salary. Address E 34, Herald.

WANTED — THREE COATMAKERS Parker.

ARE YOU capable of earning a good salary? We need high grade Salesmen, Executive, Clerical and Technical men to fill positions paying $1,000-$5,000. Write for Booklet and state position desired. HAPGOODS, 311 Nicollet avenue, Minneapolis, Minn.

I CAN GIVE TWO OR THREE YOUNG men or women work that will net them $5 per day. It's no snap, but just good pay for earnest, hard workers. The work is highly respectable; approved and encouraged by every business man in the city. Call at Hotel Lenox forenoons and evenings.

WANTED—CAPABLE OFFICE MAN—none other need apply. Steady employment; chance for advancement. Address V 2, Herald.

SALESMEN OR ANY ACTIVE MAN please note this. A very responsible Duluth firm wants you at once if you have relatives or friends in the range towns or in any community in Minnesota or Dakota who can introduce you there. Please investigate this at once and call up Herald office for our name. B. 95.

PRINTER—EXCELLENT OPPORTUnity for young man with some experience to complete printing trade. Address Peachey & Lounsberry, Providence building, Duluth.

WANTED—A PLASTERER AND PAPER hanger. Call at 223 Sixth avenue west, city.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED SHOE clerk; steady work; good salary. Address D. B. H., care of Herald.

WANTED — PAINTERS; ALL WINter's work. Apply 203 Providence Bldg

WANTED—FIVE EXPERIENCED shoe salesmen. Apply at once, Treadwell Shoe company.

MEN WANTED TO COME TO US IF you are suffering from any disease peculiar to your sex. We cure Varicocele, Syphilis, Stricture, Gonorrhoea, Bladder and Kidney diseases, Lost Vitality and all pelvic troubles. Established in Duluth. We cure to stay cured, and you can take our opinion as final. If your case is curable, we will cure you. Progressive Medical association, No. 1 West Superior St., upstairs.

FIVE HUNDRED RAILROAD LABORers for Minnesota, Wisconsin and Nebraska; day or station work; 200 woodsmen for the best companies in Minnesota and Wisconsin; farm hands, city labor, cooks, cookees, sawmill labor. New orders daily. Established 1882. National Employment Co., 431 West Michigan street, also Minneapolis and Chicago.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED HOTEL clerk. Apply in own handwriting, stating experience and salary wanted. X. Y. Z.

WANTED—A SOBER MAN TO DO chores. Good for all winter. Apply to J. S. Sutherland, Central hotel, Virginia.

WANTED — GOOD, STEADY MAN, about 18 years of age, to work on dairy; must be good milker. Apply O. M. Anderson, Oakland addition, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED — ONE COATMAKER, steady work all the year around. Hirsh, 201 Manhattan.

WANTED—MEN TO BUY THOR RYE, high grade; six quarts and a suit case for $5.85. We pay express charges. Send money with order and this advertisement. O'Donnell & Co., 4 South Third street, Minneapolis.

MEN TO LEARN BARBER TRADE. Splendid opportunity. Write for Illust. Cat. Moler Barber Co., Minneapolis.

WANTED FOR THE UNITED STATES marine corps. Unmarried men between the ages of 21 and 35, able-bodied, of good character and temperate habits, citizens of the United States, or who legally declare their intention to become such; must speak, read and write English; marines serve at sea, on men-of-war, in all parts of the world, on land in our island possessions and at navy yards in the United States. Recruits desiring service in the Philippine islands may be enlisted accordingly. Apply at 5 South Fifth avenue west, Duluth.

PERSONAL.



PURE, SAFE AND SURE!
Dr. Roger's Tansy, Pennyroyal and Cotton Root Pills. A test of forty years in France has proved them to *positively* cure SUPPRESSION OF THE MENSES. Special Price reduced to $1.00 per box. Mailed in plain wrapper. Imported direct from Paris, France, by W. A. ABBETT, Druggist, Duluth, Minn., 201 West Superior street.

NOTICE—I WILL NOT BE RESPONSIble for any bills contracted by my wife, Mrs. Edward Guith. Signed Edward Guith.

WANTED—COMPANION BY WIDOW lady, prefer elderly lady who wishes good home for winter, must have references. 431 West Third street.

"D"—SUPERIOR LETTERS RECEIVED. My address, Thomson. Mail for you at Superior. "Secretary."

SAFE, SURE, GUARANTEED FEMALE Pens—quickly relieve suppression from any cause, $2. French Remedy company, Box 367, Duluth, Minn.

FOR RENT—BARN AT EAST END. George McGurrin, Torrey building.

ARCHITECTS.

FRANK L. YOUNG & CO., 201 Pal. Bldg.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED—EVERY WOMAN TO TRY Dr. Le Gran's female regulator. Guaranteed. Kugler, Your Druggist, 108 West Superior street.

WANTED — TWO FIRST-CLASS MILlinery saleladies and three makers at once. Miss A. M. Seigne, Superior, Wis.

WANTED — GIRL; NO WASHING; NO ironing; no children. 1407 East Third street.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS WAIST makers. La Ferte, 24 West Superior St.

WANTED — WORKING HOUSEKEEPer at once. Apply Mrs. D. O'Leary, Tremont hotel.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 909 East Fourth.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED GIRLS ON factory sewing. Schulze Bros. Co. 304 West Michigan street.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 1016 East Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; small family; best wages. Apply 1426 East First street.

WANTED—SECOND COOK, 627 WEST Superior street.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR CLEANING and repairing clothes. One that can handle the iron for pressing. 113 West First street.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 1627 East Third street.

WANTED GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Call 315 Third avenue west.

WANTED—A DININGROOM GIRL AND dishwasher. Apply at Tremont Hotel.

WANTED—KITCHEN GIRL AT 503 West First street.

WANTED — NURSE GIRL AT 414 East Third street.

WANTED — OFFICE GIRL IN DENTAL office; must understand shorthand and typewriter and be willing to work. Hours, 8 a. m. to 6 p. m. Wages, $6. If you are not a stenographer don't apply. Address E 43, Herald.

GIRLS WANTED TO TRIM CIGAR boxes. No. 30 First avenue west.

COOK, DISHWASHERS, WAITRESSES, laundresses, general housework and nurse girl. Somer's Emp., 17 2nd Ave. E.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED TO BUY—GOOD SIZED, young full-blooded water spaniel or Newfoundland dog. Price must be reasonable. Address G. J., Herald.

SMALL AND LARGE TRACTS OF CUTover lands. North Realty Co., Duluth.

WANTED—RIPE PINE NORWAY AND tamarack piling from 20 to 45 feet long; 12 to 14-inch butts; 8 to 10-inch tops; on cars, any station. A. J. McDonald, box 144, Superior.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED TO RENT—ONE OR TWO empty rooms in steam heated building, business part of city. Moderate prices. Address W. L. S., Herald, giving location and price.

WANTED—ROOM. A YOUNG MAN with references desires a comfortable room for the winter with private family. Address B. 97, Evening Herald.

WANTED TO RENT — ROOMS Between Eighth avenue and Third avenue west, on First street. 1322 West Superior street.

LADIES' AND GENTS' CLOTHES.

G. Shapiro, 721 W. Superior St., pays the highest price for old clothes. Zen. 1582-X.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

Mrs. Banks, midwife, 320 St. Croix ave. Private hospital. 'Phones, old, 749-L; new, 956.

MRS. H. OLSON, GRADUATE MIDwife, 329 North Fifty-eighth avenue, West Duluth. Zenith 3524-X.

DYE WORKS.

DULUTH DYE WORKS, 3 W. SUP. ST. 2023 W. Sup. St. Old, 1341-L; Zenith, 1334.

ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS, LARGest and most reliable dye works in Duluth. First-class work guaranteed. Work called for and delivered. Both 'phones, 6 East Superior street.

EXCURSION TO CUBA.

WE WILL HAVE A LAND SEEKERS' excursion to Cuba the first part of November, come with us and see our fine fruit lands we have for sale near Havana. F. AM. LAND CO., 209 Torrey building.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSON, GRADUATE MIDWIFE female complaints, 413 Seventh avenue east. Old 'phone, 549; Zenith, 1225.

STENOGRAPHY.

GRACE BARNETT, 207 FIRST NAtional Bank building.

IF YOU WILL BRING

Suit to 19 Fourth avenue west, we press it for 50c; pants, 15c. J. Oreckovsky.

CHEMIST AND ASSAYER.

C. F. JOYCE, ANALYTICAL CHEMIST and assayer, successor to H. E. James, 631 Manhattan building. Old 'phone 1614.

EXPERT OPTICIAN.

DR. C. C. STAACKE, 306 NEW JERSEY building, 106 West Superior street.

IMPROVED FARM LANDS.

GREAT BARGAINS IN IMPROVED farms. We have fine improved farms for sale in Minnesota, Michigan, Washington and Oregon. Our list of Oregon farms are great bargains. Prices run from $800 and up per farm and on easy payments. Come in and see our list. F. AM. LAND CO., 209 Torrey bldg.

FIRE INSURANCE.

WRITTEN IN BEST COMPANIES. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

IT'S ESSENTIAL TO KNOW.

THAT THE RIGHT PLACE TO BUY your watches and jewelry is at Harris & Esterly's, where you can rely on a square deal. Spalding hotel.

CIVIL ENGINEER.

DULUTH ENGINEERING CO.—W. R. Patton, Mgr., 613 Palladio bldg. Specifications prepared and construction superintendent for waterworks, sewers, etc.

STOVE REPAIRS.

DULUTH STOVE REPAIR WORKS, 217 East Superior street. Both 'phones.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting, first and third Monday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Nov. 6, 1905. Work—Second degree. Guy A. Eaton, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, Oct. 26, 1905. Work—First degree, William D. Underhill, W. M.; H. S. Newell, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M. —Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, Oct. 25, 1905. Work—M.M.P.M.M.E.M. and Royal Arch degree. William A. McGonagle, H. P.; W. T. TenBrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T. —Stated conclave, first Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p. m. Special conclave Oct. 27, 4:00. Dinner, 6:30. Order of the Red Cross and Temple. Masonic Temple, Lake avenue and Second street. C. W. Wilson, Em. Com.; Alfred Le Richeaux, recorder.

SCOTTISH RITE.
Regular meetings every Thursday evening of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, Oct. 26, 1905. Work—General business. Jerome E. Cooley, secretary.

EUCLID LODGE, NO. 198, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings first and third Wednesday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, Nov. 1. Work—Third degree. G. E. Budd, W. M.; A. Dunleavy, secretary.

K. O. T. M.

DULUTH TENT, NO. 1, MEETS EVERY Wednesday in K. O. T. M. hall, 224 West First street. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. J. P. Peterson, commander; Charles J. Hector, finance keeper, 22 West First street. J. B. Gelineau, record keeper, office in hall. For rent of hall apply at record keeper's office. Hours, 10 a. m. to 1:30 p. m. and Saturday evening.

MODERN SAMARITANS.
ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1 meets at Elks' hall every Thursday evening at 8 p. m. Next meeting Oct. 26. Samaritan degree. F. A. Noble, G. S.; Effie Johnson, L. G. S.; Wallace P. Wellbanks, scribe; T. A. Gall, financial scribe.

A. O. U. W.
105 meets at new Maccabee hall, 224 West First street, every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Lee Warner, M. W.; W. W. Fenstermacher, recorder; O. J. Murvoid, financier, 217 East Fifth street.

A. O. U. W.
DULUTH LODGE, NO. 20, meets in Odd Fellows' hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. George J. Sherman, M. W.; J. W. Shepherdson, financier; A. E. Blake, recorder. Sick benefit meets 7:30 o'clock.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
NORTH STAR LODGE, E. of P., No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock sharp at 118 West Superior street, Tuesday, Oct. 24. Social session and dance. G. E. Storms, C. C.; H. B. Young, R. S. All visiting knights invited.

I. O. F.
COURT COMMERCE, NO. 3283, Independent Order of Foresters, meets first and third Friday evenings, at 8 o'clock, at Rowley's hall, No. 112 West First street. Next meeting Nov. 3rd, 1905. R. J. Pickard, C. R.; W. W. Hoopes, R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.
DULUTH AERIE, NO. 79, MEETS every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock p. m., at Eagle hall, Folz building, 116 West Superior street. W. E. Brown, W. P.; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary, 11 First avenue east. Apply to W. E. Brown, 417 West Superior street, for rental of hall.

M. W. A.
IMPERIAL CAMP, NO. 8306, meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, first and third Mondays. Visiting members always welcome. T. B. Beaupre, V. C.; N. F. Turnbladt, banker; R. Rankin, clerk.

CLAN STEWART, NO. 50, O. S. C.—Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at 8 p. m., in Folz hall, West Superior street. John G. Ross, chief; Malcolm MacDonald, secretary; John Burnett, financial secretary, 10 Mason flats. Next meeting, Wednesday, Nov. 1. Remember Hallowe'en entertainment in Armory Tuesday evening, Oct. 31.

ROYAL LEAGUE.
ZENITH COUNCIL, NO. 161, Royal league, meets in Elks' hall; second and fourth Monday evenings, at 8 o'clock. J. P. Heffernan, archon; L. P. Murray, scribe, 1815 East Fifth street.

KNIGHTS OF THE LOYAL Guard—Subordinate division, No. 132, meets first and third Wednesday evenings each month, Hall A, Kalamazoo block. E. F. Heller, captain general; H. V. Holmes, paymaster, 415 Fifteenth avenue east; Mrs. Mary P. Foster, recorder, 720 Third avenue east.

MODERN MACCABEES — Zenith City Tent, No. 1035, meets every first and third Thursday of the month at Rowley's hall,